



# **Innovative Molecular Analysis Technologies (IMAT) Program Overview**

*Office of Technology and Industrial Relations  
and  
Office of Biorepositories and Biospecimen Research  
National Cancer Institute*

# IMAT Mission and Goals



## Program Mission:

To support the development, maturation, and dissemination of new technologies and knowledge that significantly impact and transform the abilities of researchers to identify molecular and cellular changes that distinguish pre-cancerous and cancerous cells from normal cells.

## Program Goals:

- To focus innovative technology development on cancer
- To solicit highly innovative technology development projects from the scientific and medical communities
- To accelerate the maturation of meritorious technologies from feasibility to development
- To support the development of a diverse, qualified workforce to accomplish the above goals and mission

## Why The IMAT Program Was Established

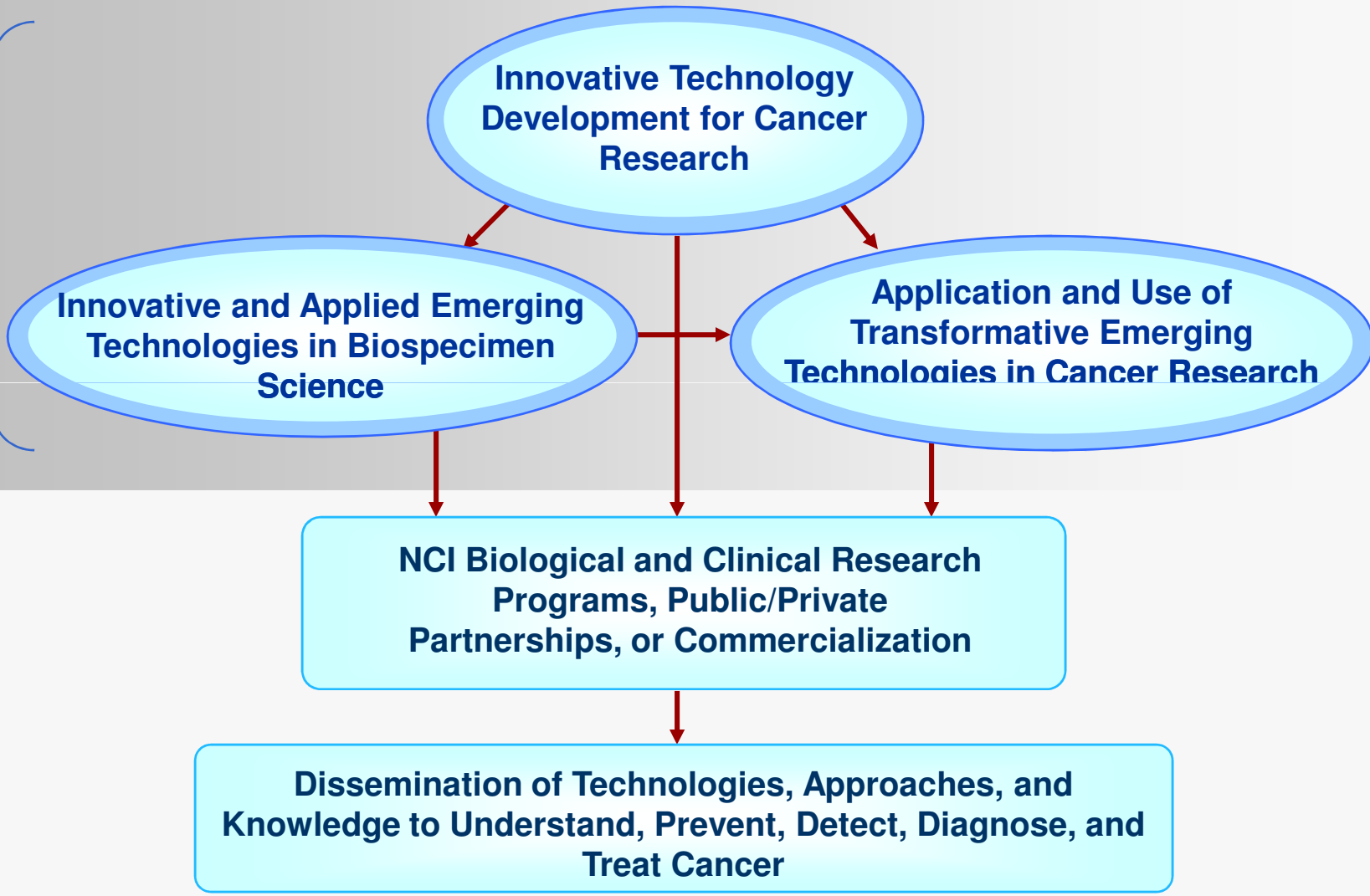


- **Established to encourage highly innovative cancer technology development projects that:**
  - Address the complexity of cancer, including myriad molecular and cellular processes
  - Understand relevant genes and roles of nucleic acids, proteins, and other cellular factors and modifications
  - Interrogate the cell at multiple levels (genomic, epigenomic, proteomic, metabolomic, kinomic)
- **Provides novel mechanisms, program, and review structures to:**
  - Support innovative cancer-relevant technology from inception
  - Support development of novel applications for those technologies that uniquely enable research by R01 investigators
  - Support and promote the dissemination of innovative and emerging devices, instruments, platforms, tools, and strategies to empower researchers in the fields of cancer detection, treatment, and diagnosis
- **Ensures that resulting technologies are robust and appropriate for intended applications in basic, preclinical, and clinical settings**

# IMAT Development Pathway



IMAT RFAS



# Life Cycle of an IMAT Technology Development Project



## Separate Application Process

### R21/Phase I

#### Mechanism:

Exploratory/pilot phase; requires innovative technology/approach; no preliminary data required

#### Requirements:

- Description of study
- Relevance to cancer
- Quantitative milestones
- Novel research tool, new detection methodology, or treatment technology
- Improvement over state-of-the-art

### R33/Phase II

#### Mechanism:

Developmental phase; requires feasibility data

#### Requirements:

- Plan for developing the technology
- Description of potential impact
- Description of completed milestones or evidence of technical feasibility

### Technology Dissemination via:

- NCI Programs and Initiatives
- Collaboration
- Publication
- Licensing
- Commercialization

### Technology Tools for Researchers:

- Gene expression arrays
- Clinical specimen preservation
- Ultra-high-throughput molecular detection
- Multi-dimensional protein identification
- Photo-stable labels

# Unique Attributes of IMAT



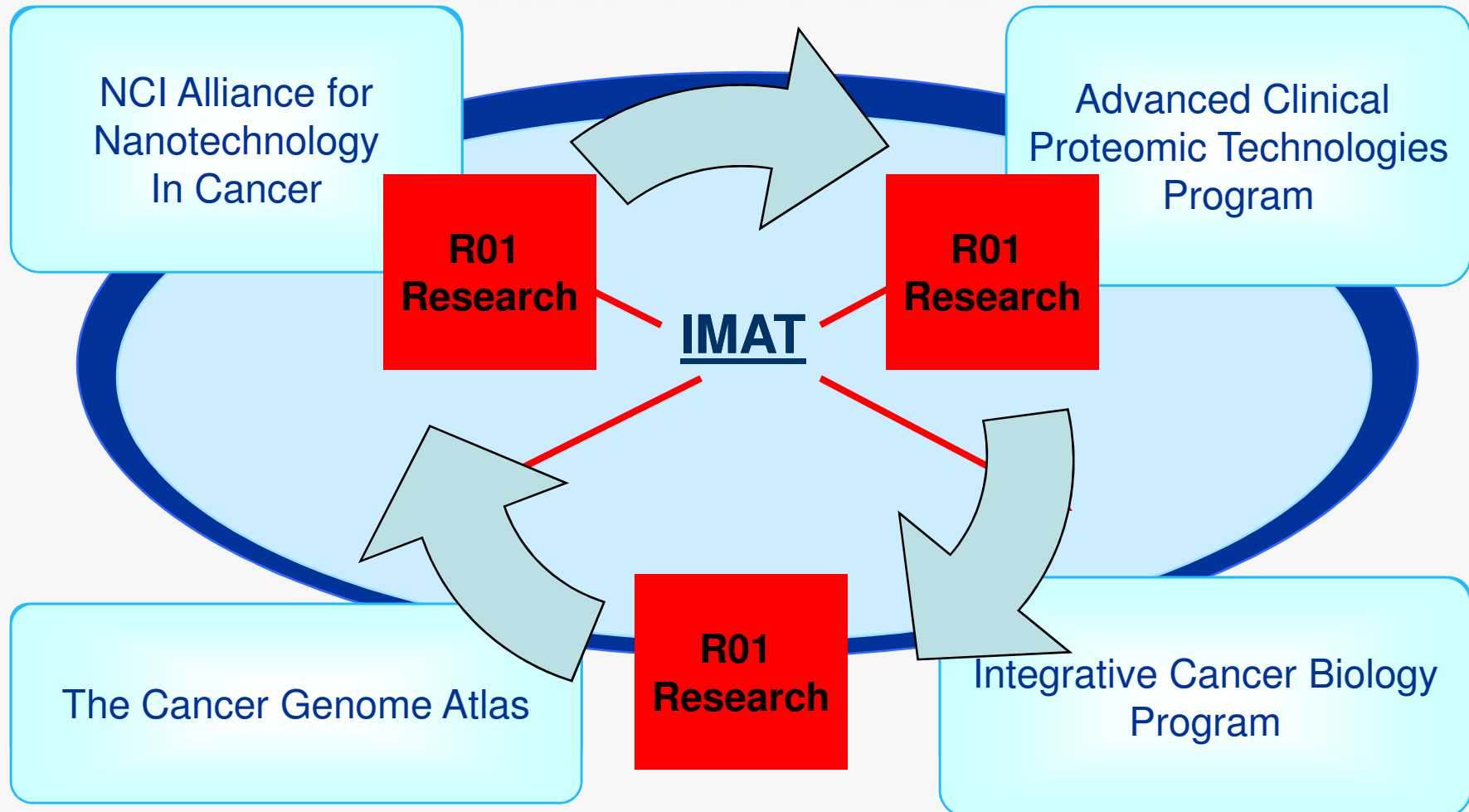
- **Emphasis on high-risk, high-impact, but also potentially high-payoff technology**
- **Emphasis on technology development vs. hypothesis-driven research**
- **Milestone-based, with performance milestones that *quantitatively* address measures such as specificity, sensitivity, speed, and similar performance parameters**
- **Staged process requiring quantitative evidence of progress or feasibility before advancement to the next stage**
- **Review process focused on milestone review and improvements and whether technology represents an improvement over state of the art**
- **Solicited and funded technologies are multidisciplinary**

# IMAT Review Process: Another Unique Feature



- Focus on technology development vs. hypothesis-driven research
- Milestones reviewed; improvements recommended
- Use of **Special Emphasis Panels** to ensure appropriate focus, control, and adequate representation of multiple fields and technologies
- Reviewers represent multiple educational backgrounds and fields of expertise
- Focus on whether technology represents an improvement over state-of-the-art and the potential impact of the technology on cancer
- Provides for consistency and continuity of review by using both previous IMAT reviewers and successful grantees in addition to new reviewers and experts
- All applications screened prior to review to ensure responsiveness and fit to IMAT RFAs and programmatic objectives, thus ensuring accountability

# IMAT Feeds Into Other Strategic Initiatives and Provides Tools that Empower R01 Research







**More Information at:**  
**<http://innovation.cancer.gov>**