RESOURCES

Violence prevention and response resources

CIVIL

(301) 402-4845 http://hr.od.nih.gov/hrguidance/civil

A team of experts which helps prevent workplace violence through policy development, education, assessment and response to violent or potentially violent incidents when they occur

Police Branch, Division of Public Safety

911 for emergencies non-emergencies: (301) 496-5685 http://www.ors.od.nih.gov/ser/dp

National Domestic Violence Hotline

(800) 799-SAFE TDD (800) 787-8224 Victim assistance and referral service Additional NIH related resources

Employee Assistance Program

(301) 496-3164

http://www.ors.od.nih.gov/sr/dohs/EAP

Confidential consultation services to help address difficult situations that may affect an employee

Center for Cooperative Resolution

(301) 594-7231

http://ombudsman.nih.gov/

Confidential and informal assistance in resolving work-related conflicts or concerns

Occupational Medical Service

(301) 496-4411

http://www.ors.od.nih.gov/sr/dohs/ OccupationalMedical

Medical services for occupational injuries, illnesses, and health promotion

Human Resource Development Division

(301) 496-6211

http://trainingcenter.nih.gov/

Training in conflict management, communication skills and courses related to violence prevention

In addition, consider internal resources including your administrative, supervisory, and managerial staff, Human Resources professionals, and unions.





NIH's program to promote civil behavior in the workplace and prevent workplace violence.









AWARENESS

Violence in the workplace can include

- · Verbal abuse (including offensive language)
- Threats (direct or indirect)
- Physical assault, on oneself or to others
- Shaking fists, kicking, pounding on desks, walls, etc.
- Throwing or striking objects
- Damaging or destroying property (sabotage, computer viruses)
- · Harassing or stalking
- · Concealing or using a weapon.

Violence against employees occurs in a variety of circumstances including: in conjunction with robberies and other crimes; by frustrated or dissatisfied clients, patients, students or customers; by disgruntled or former coworkers; or when domestic violence spills over into the workplace.

PREVENTION

How to help prevent violence at work

- Create a CIVIL work environment based on respect and dignity for everyone.
- Learn how to effectively identify and handle stress and conflicts. Many problems can be diffused before violent behaviors develop.
- · Avoid saying or doing things in anger.
- Follow security procedures. Safeguard identification badges; take building access control seriously.
- Promptly report malfunctioning doors, locks, or any suspicious incidents.
- Take all threats seriously: be safe, not sorry!
- Report threatening behavior to supervisors.
- Notify your supervisor about any domestic violence concerns that could affect the workplace.

RESPONSE

If, despite prevention efforts, violence strikes

- Take immediate action to protect yourself.
- Don't take chances or try to be a hero.
- Notify the police (911).
- · Notify a supervisor.
- Provide a description of the violent or threatening individual, the exact location, and as many details as possible.
- Be compassionate to those who have been victims.
- Seek assistance after a violent incident to help deal with your feelings. Talk with others about what happened.