# FINAL Hydraulics Report

Bunker Road and Mitchell Road GOGA 104(1) & 105(2) Contract No. DTFH68-10-D-00001 Task No. T-10-007

Prepared for:



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# I. INTRODUCTION

The scope of work is to perform environmental, engineering, hydraulic, geotechnical, right-of-way, surveying, mapping, and project management services towards delivery of a 95% plan set for the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Central Federal Lands Highway Division (CFLHD) for proposed improvements to Golden Gate National Recreation Area (GGNRA), Alexander Avenue, Mitchell Road, and Bunker Road.

The purpose of this project is to rehabilitate the roadways, construct minor roadway widening, improve drainage and safety, extend the left turn lane on Alexander Avenue at Danes Drive, and construct two new parking areas.

The purpose of this FINAL Hydraulics Report is to provide a summary of the final hydraulic recommendations for Bunker Road and Mitchell Road and Alexander Avenue to a 95% plan set. The preliminary hydrologic and hydraulic analysis performed under this task used recommendations from the CFLHD *Trip Report*, CFLHD CADD notes, a field review in November 2010 and April 2011, PBS&J's *Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report*, PBS&J's *Rodeo Lagoon Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations*.

# **II. PROJECT BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION**

This project will be funded through the Federal Lands Highway Program. The National Park Service (NPS) completed an environmental impact statement for the Marin Headlands and Fort Baker areas. The Record of Decision (ROD) was signed on August 11, 2009.

Specific hydrologic and hydraulic components for this project will include developing the applicable criteria memorandum, identifying and evaluating the existing and proposed drainage facilities, supporting the design activities with water quality recommendations, developing a technical memorandum to document preliminary hydraulic recommendations, and preparing a draft and final hydraulics report for delivery of a 95% plan set. A scope of work to develop the remainder of the project to the 100% plan set level will be developed in the future.

#### HIGHWAY DESIGN IMPROVEMENTS

The general scope of roadway improvements is the rehabilitation of approximately 3.24 miles of roadway. Minor improvements will be made on Bunker Road "East." Guardrails, sign panels, and sign supports will also be upgraded to meet current standards.

Bunker Road consists of three segments:

- Segment 1: 0.20 miles on Old Bunker Road beginning at the intersection of Mitchell Road and Bunker Road "West" and continues northwest past the Marine Mammal Center.
- Segment 2: 2.53 miles on Bunker Road "West" beginning at the intersection of Mitchell Road and Old Bunker Road and proceeds east to the Baker-Barry Tunnel.
- Segment 3: 0.56 miles on Bunker Road "East" begins at Murray Circle and proceeds northwest to the Baker-Barry Tunnel. Only minor improvements to correct deficiencies (replace guardrail, restripe, and replace missing centerline raised reflectors) will be included in this project.

This project also includes 0.50 mile of work on Mitchell Road, which begins just west of Rodeo Beach and extends to the intersection of Bunker Road and Old Bunker Road. Work on Mitchell Road will be limited to approximately 2,700 feet of roadway from the intersection to the unpaved overflow parking area on Rodeo Beach.

A new parking lot will be constructed adjacent to Bunker Road "West" and Smith Road and a second parking lot is proposed along Old Bunker Road near the Marine Mammal Center. These parking lots will have a paved drive, accessible parking spaces, and gravel or permeable parking areas.

The left-turn lane on Alexander Avenue to Danes Drive will be extended to meet American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) design standards. This will require a rock cut on Alexander Avenue to widen the roadway and accommodate the extended turn lane. Danes Drive will be realigned at the intersection of Alexander Avenue to form a T-intersection.

GGNRA is the maintaining agency for this project, except on Alexander Avenue, which is maintained by Caltrans and the Golden Gate Bridge, Highway, and Transportation District (GGBHTD).

Table 1 includes a summary of the project segments and Figure 1 shows the project location.

Road	Functional Classification	Terrain	Туре	Structures on Segment
Old Bunker Road: Segment 1	Class II: Connector Park Road	Rolling	4R	None
Bunker Road "West": Segment 2	Class I: Principal Park	Flat to Rolling	4R	Rodeo Lagoon Bridge
Bunker Road "East": Segment 3	Class I: Principal Park	Rolling	3R	None
Mitchell Road	Class II: Connector Park Road	Flat (until intersection with Bunker Road "West")	3R	None <sup>1</sup>
Alexander Avenue	Urban Arterial Streets	Flat to Rolling	4R	None

Table 1Project Segment Summary

<sup>1</sup> Two existing minor culverts, located along Mitchell Road, are immediately adjacent to proposed wetland restoration areas. Only the surfer parking lot restoration is included with this project.

Figure 1 Project Segment Location



#### **BRIDGE IMPROVEMENTS**

The Rodeo Lagoon Bridge will receive rehabilitation work in the form of riprap repair of areas showing erosion and embankment replacement at the northwest wingwall.

#### HYDRAULIC IMPROVEMENTS

Within the roadway improvements, deteriorated culverts and drop inlets will be replaced and upsized as needed. All solid inlet covers will be replaced with slotted grate inlet covers for maintenance.

Although there is not an identified "drainage problem" in the area of the proposed parking lot at Bunker Road "West" and Smith Road, an attempt will be made to improve/restore the natural sheet flow draining northward from Bunker Road to Smith Road. The parking lot is will be designed to restore/maintain drainage into the riparian area.

# WETLAND IMPROVEMENTS

The existing surfer parking lot off of Mitchell Road near Rodeo Beach will be graded to accommodate proposed wetland restoration. The existing culvert at the proposed wetland restoration does not provide adequate conveyance and the culvert and grate inlet will be replaced.

Preliminary designs for this project also investigated the replacement of an existing culvert crossing approximately 0.3 mile east of the surfer parking lot on Mitchell Road. The preliminary design included a four culvert system to accommodate future wetland restoration. However, due to funding and scheduling of the wetland restoration, accommodation of the future wetland restoration is not being incorporated with the Mitchell Road improvements associated with this project.

# III. DRAINAGE CRITERIA

The drainage criteria memorandum, Hydrologic and Hydraulic Criteria and Computational Methods Technical Memorandum for Bunker Road and Mitchell Road FHWA Project: GOGA 104(1) & 105(2) was completed September 28, 2010, based on design standards outlined in Federal Lands Highway *Project Development and Design Manual* (PDDM) (2008) and Caltrans *Highway Design Manual* (2006). A copy of the criteria memorandum is included in Appendix A.

All segments of Mitchell Road and Bunker Road utilize CFLHD's criteria. To accommodate proposed wetland restoration projects adjacent to Mitchell Road, additional reference was provided by the following previous reports:

- Wetland Processes and Opportunities for Restoration in the Rodeo Lagoon Watershed, May 2006
- Wetland Habitat Changes in the Rodeo Lagoon Watershed, Marin County, CA, October 2004
- Hydrologic Regime, Vegetation, Impact Analysis, and Restoration Concepts for the Rodeo Beach Wetland complex: Golden Gate National Recreational Area, California, September 2008

#### IV. DATA COLLECTION AND SITE INVESTIGATION

A site inspection occurred in November 2010 and April 2011. These field reviews specifically addressed: verification of drainage patterns, determination if existing storm systems exist at the Marine Mammal Center and riding stables, the need to replace inlets at intersection of Old Bunker Road and Bunker Road "West," existing inlet clogging issues, whether the restored ditches should be paved or vegetated, outfalls that were not identified on the survey, and the need for additional inlets. Results of the November 2010 visit are documented in PBS&J's *Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report*. Hydraulic results and discussions of the April 2011 visit are documented in this report.

# V. HYDROLOGY

Hydrologic analysis for Bunker Road and Mitchell Road was determined using the Rational Method; the analysis for Rodeo Lagoon Bridge used StreamStat and regression equations because the bridge has a drainage area greater than 200 acres. The hydrologic analysis for Rodeo Lagoon Bridge does not include flow attenuation or detention effects of Rodeo Pond upstream of Rodeo Lagoon Bridge. Design rainfall used for this analysis is based on criteria obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and rainfall depth-duration-frequency data obtained from California Department of Water Resources from the Marin City Station (station number E20 5342 35). Design Point Rainfall values for the site is shown in Table 2. These curves are used with the Rational Method for the hydrologic comparative analysis performed as part of the drainage calculations and are in Appendix B.

Return Period	<b>1-hour</b> (inches)	<b>6-hour</b> (inches)	<b>24-hour</b> (inches)
2-year	0.64	1.26	1.92
5-year	0.91	1.77	2.69
10-year	1.08	2.11	3.22
50-year	1.46	2.86	4.34
100-year	1.62	3.16	4.81

Table 2 Design Point Rainfall

Watershed basins were delineated using surveyed topography and U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Quad maps where basins extended beyond the surveyed topography. Table 3 summarizes basins along the project. Basins shown in Table 3 and on the basin map focus on hydraulic recommendations presented in the *Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report*. Areas not delineated typically drain to existing ditches, inlets or storm drains and are not expected to need improvements. A basin map is in Appendix B.

Basin ID	Area (acres)	<b>Q10</b> (cfs)	<b>Q25</b> (cfs)	<b>Q50</b> (cfs)	<b>Q100</b> (cfs)		
A1	2.96	1.65	2.19	2.67	3.10		
A2	0.55	0.40	0.54	0.66	0.76		
A3	7.95	6.07	8.05	9.83	11.39		
B1	1.17	0.75	1.00	1.22	1.42		
C1	9.49	4.03	5.35	6.53	7.58		
D1	69.94	23.06	30.61	37.31	43.23		
D2	3.25	1.17	1.55	1.89	2.19		
E1	4.32	1.65	2.19	2.67	3.10		
F1	1.26	1.74	2.30	2.82	3.27		
F2	0.53	0.68	0.90	1.10	1.28		
F3	0.99	0.98	1.30	1.60	1.85		
G1	21.99	7.03	9.33	11.37	13.17		
H1	40.67	15.30	20.33	24.73	28.68		
l1	1.61	2.49	3.30	3.69	4.11		
H1 + J1	48.34	18.08	24.03	29.23	33.92		
J1	7.67	2.74	3.64	4.43	5.14		
K1	6.85	7.57	10.00	12.27	14.19		
L1	1.00	1.62	2.14	2.62	3.03		
M1	7.39	3.73	4.94	6.05	7.01		
N1	4.83	2.87	3.79	4.66	5.40		
EX1	169.08	45.84	60.70	74.36	85.95		
EX2	98.50	36.87	48.92	59.71	69.14		
EX3	2266	447	561	674	751		
cfs - cubic for	- (						

Table 3Proposed Drainage Basins and Peak Discharges

cfs = cubic feet per second

# VI. FINAL HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

The 95% design hydraulic analysis is based on the PBS&J *Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report* and PBS&J *Rodeo Lagoon Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report* and subsequent coordination with CFLHD. Approximately 70 hydraulic structures have been identified along the corridor. The scope of this project includes the evaluation of seven to eleven basins and the hydraulic structures included in each. In general, solid inlet covers will be replaced with slotted drop inlets, standard drop inlets will be added, culverts in poor condition or undersized will be replaced with appropriate sizes based on the criteria outlined for the project, and paved ditches will be re-established. Additional culverts on Mitchell Road are required to accommodate proposed wetland restoration. Bunker Road "West" follows design criteria for low standard roads.

Ditch and inlet improvements were evaluated using FHWA's Hydraulic Toolbox version 2.1. Ditch capacity was designed based on the 10-year design storm. Proposed ditch geometry consists of vegetated V-ditch with 1:4 (V:H) sideslopes and paved waterways with 1:6 (V:H) front slope and varied back slopes. Proposed drop inlet improvements to cross culverts were designed based on the 25-year design storm using FHWA's Hydraulic Toolbox.

Cross culverts were designed based on the 25-year design storm using FHWA's HY-8 version 7.2. Cross culverts to be replaced will use end treatments to increase efficiency, embankment stability, aesthetics and safety for vehicles.

### **CULVERTS**

During the April 2011 field review, NPS requested that culverts discharging into the lagoon have a pipe culvert dissipator as the outlet end treatment. Cross culverts and driveway culverts along the project are summarized in Table 4. All proposed cross culverts are located on Bunker Road and will have culvert protection by means of a flared end sections with placed riprap at the culvert end section or a culvert dissipator.

Roadway Station	Basin ID	<b>Diameter</b> (inches)	Velocity (fps)	Design HW/D*	Comment
39+82	A1	24	5.53	0.35	Replace with HDPE, inlet, culvert dissipator
43+07	B1	24	2.98	0.23	Replace with HDPE, inlet, culvert dissipator
45+36	C1	24	4.93	0.58	Replace with HDPE, inlet, culvert dissipator
46+59	D1	36	7.83	0.91	Replace with HDPE, headwall, culvert dissipator
88+82	1	24	3.90	0.38	Replace with HDPE and FES
92+27	H1	24	6.46	1.18	Driveway: Replace with HDPE and FES

	Table 4	
Final C	ulvert Ana	alysis

HW/D= Headwater/Depth Fps = feet per second HDPE = high density polyethylene FES = flared end sections \*Maximum HW/D = 1.5 In several locations the CFLHD *Trip Report* has recommended adding concrete walls to existing culverts to convert to a standard drop inlet. Some locations have sealed inlet covers and need to be replaced with a grate inlet. The survey has identified most of the existing culverts as 16-inch reinforced concrete pipe (RCP). The minimum pipe size for cross culverts is 24 inches (or equivalent) and 18 inches (or equivalent) for driveway culverts. Because of the proposed roadway widening, some culverts will need to be replaced or extended; therefore, these culverts are recommended to be replaced in addition to adding grate inlets.

Existing culverts at approximate stations 39+82, 43+07, and 45+36 will need to be extended due to the proposed roadway widening; therefore it is recommended to replace with 24-inch high density polyethylene (HDPE) and add drop inlets. Pipe culvert dissipator with a rolled erosion control product will be placed at the culvert outlet.

It is recommended to replace the existing 36-inch RCP at approximate station 46+59 due to the proposed widening. It is recommended to replace with 36-inch HDPE and add a headwall to the entrance and pipe culvert dissipator with a rolled erosion control product at the exit.

The driveway culvert located at approximate station 88+82 and 92+27 will be replaced with a 24-inch HDPE, flared end sections, and placed riprap at the exit. This culvert carries offsite drainage to the roadway.

Based on the April 2011, the existing culverts at approximate station 119+78, 152+21, and 158+50 will not require replacement as previously recommended. At these locations, the culvert functions and will remain in place. There was no indication of scouring, culvert weathering, or high sedimentation.

Along the corridor a standard drop inlet will be added to cross culverts as discussed above and at some locations sealed inlet covers will be replaced with grate inlets. The analysis was based on the 25-year design storm and results are shown in Table 5. Caltrans Standard Detail D73, Type G1 for median inlets is recommended at these locations.

Location	Roadway Station	Basin ID	Depth at Inlet (feet)	Spread at Inlet (feet)	Comments
Old Bunker	310+25	A3	0.33	2.66	Remain as is
Road	310+70	A2	0.15	1.28	Restore
	39+82	A1	0.26	2.04	Remove & replace
	43+07	B1	0.28	2.12	Remove & replace
	45+36	C1	0.26	2.02	Remove & replace
	63+97	E1	0.60	3.61	Recondition
	70+13	F1	0.61	3.68	Recondition
	73+14	F2	0.48	2.36	Recondition
	75+13	F3	0.47	2.36	Recondition
	78+79	G1	0.75	3.77	Remain as is
Bunker	111+26		Not Analyzed	Recondition	
Road	114+03		Not Analyzed	Recondition	
	119+78	K1	0.95	4.76	Recondition
	123+29		Not Analyzed	Recondition	
	126+92	L1	0.42	3.29	Add drop inlet
	136+54		Not Analyzed	t	Remove & replace
	137+24		Not Analyzed	t	Remove & replace
	152+21	M1	0.54	3.25	Recondition
	158+50	N1	0.49	2.95	Recondition
	161+62		Not Analyzed	b	Add drop inlet

Table 5 Final Inlet Analysis

On Old Bunker Road, at station 310+25 and 310+70, there are inlets that have been paved over. The inlet at station 310+25 discharges into a gathering area. To prevent flooding to this gathering area, the inlet has been paved over and is to remain as is. The inlet at station 310+70 is to be restored through reconditioning of the structure and adding a metal grate top.

Because of roadway widening and improvements, existing inlets and culverts will be removed and replaced at stations 39+82, 43+07, and 45+36.

Existing inlets at station 63+97, 70+13, 73+14, 75+13, 111+26, 114+03, 119+78, 123+29, 152+21, and 158+50 have sealed inlet covers that need to be removed and replaced with grates. In the plans, this is denoted with text that reads, "Recondition drainage structure, Install inlet, metal grate." The existing size of the inlets has been provided in the construction plan set.

The drop inlet at station 78+79 will remain in place and as is.

A drop inlet will be added to the existing culvert at station 126+92 and 161+62.

Curb inlets at station 136+54 and 137+24 are to be replaced because of the widening and replacement of curb and gutter.

All grates will be bicycle safe grates.

#### PAVEMENT DRAINAGE

The plan set shows proposed curb and gutter along Old Bunker Road, but no additional drainage recommendations have been made for this segment.

#### **DITCHES**

The final ditch analysis recommends ditch reconditioning in vegetated areas and replacing paved ditches along Old Bunker Road as shown in Table 6. The proposed geometry consists of a vegetated V-ditch with 1:4 (V: H) side slopes with a minimum depth of 0.50 foot, a paved V-ditch with 1:6 (V: H) front and 1:3 (V: H) back slopes with a minimum depth of 0.50 foot, and a paved waterway with 1:10 (V: H) to the curb with a minimum depth of 0.30 foot.

Location	Roadway Station	Basin ID	Design Depth (feet)	Minimum Constructed Depth (feet)	Front & Back S:S (V:H)	<b>Velocity</b> (fps)	Lining
	304+52 to 310+25	A3	0.45	0.50	1:6 & 1:3	7.60	Paved
Old Bunker Road	310+25 to 310+70	A2	0.15	0.50	1:6 & 1:3	4.21	Paved
	310+70 to 313+95	A1	0.26	0.50	1:6 & 1:3	6.30	Paved
	313+95 to 39+81	A1	0.26	0.50	1:6 & 1:3	6.30	Paved
	39+84 to 43+05	B1	0.28	0.30	1:10 & 1:2	1.85	Paved waterway
	43+07 to 45+36	C1	0.60	0.50	1:4 & 1:4	2.76	Vegetated
	45+36 to 46+59	D1	0.37	0.50	1:4 & 1:4	2.03	Vegetated
	63+97 to 68+53	E1	0.60	0.75	1:4 & 1:2	1.51	Vegetated
	68+53 to 70+13	F1	0.50	0.65	1:4 & 1:2	1.51	Vegetated
	70+13 to 73+14			0.05			
Bunker	73+14 to 75+13	F2	0.43	0.80	1:4 & 1:2	1.21	Vegetated
Road	75+13 to 78+79	F3	0.47	0.80	1:4 & 1:2	1.77	Vegetated
	78+79 to 85+09	G1	0.76	0.66	1:4 & 1:2	5.34	Vegetated
	85+09 to 92+00	H1	Do not disturb existing bioswale				
	92+95 to 98+00	J1	0.49	0.77	1:4 & 1:4	3.78	Vegetated
	119+78 to 123+29	K1	0.95	1.00	1:4 & 1:4	3.39	Vegetated
	126+92 to 131+00	L1	0.41	0.75	1:4 & 1:4	2.39	Vegetated
	152+21 to 158+50	M1	0.54	0.75	1:4 & 1:4	4.23	Vegetated
	158+50 to 161+62	N1	0.49	0.50	1:4 & 1:4	3.96	Vegetated

#### Table 6 Final Ditch Analysis

Fps = feet per second

The existing paved ditch on Old Bunker Road from station 304+52 to 313+95 will be replaced by a paved V-ditch with 1:6 (V: H) side slopes with a minimum depth of 0.50 feet. Two inlets located within the proposed station range and will remain in place.

The ditch from Old Bunker Road station 304+52 to 313+95 will tie into the Bunker Road ditch at stations 39+81 to 46+59. There are three relief culverts within this station range.

At approximate station 44+75 the existing driveway culvert will be removed and replaced with the proposed ditch to extend to the proposed drop inlet at station 45+36.

Ditch reconditioning is recommended at station 63+97 to 85+09. There are five relief culverts within this range.

There is a bio-swale located between stations 85+09 to 92+00 that should not be disturbed.

Ditch reconditioning is recommended at stations 92+95 to 98+00, 119+78 to 123+29, 126+92 to 131+00, and 152+21 to 161+62.

#### SURFER PARKING CULVERT

The existing culvert located at Mitchell Road Station 12+05 consists of two 24-inch CMP. The existing upstream condition includes a grate inlet located north of Mitchell Road, between the surfer parking lot and Fort Cronkhite parking lot. The downstream condition includes the two 24-inch CMPs projecting from fill with a spill height of approximately 3 to 4 feet.

Wetland restoration of the existing surfer parking lot proposes to excavate the parking surface and establish wetland vegetation. NPS has expressed concerns that a concentrated culvert crossing may produce headcutting through the wetland.

Table 7 provides a summary of the hydraulic analysis for the existing and proposed culverts.

Diameter (inches)	Basin ID	<b>Velocity</b> (fps)	Design HW/D*	Comment
2-24" CMP	EX1	9.75	2.62	Existing, CMP
1-42" HDPE	EX1	12.18	1.18	Proposed HDPE, grate inlet upstream, pipe mitered to slope downstream

 Table 7

 Final Surfer Parking Culvert Analysis at Station 12+05

HW/D= Headwater/Depth Fps = feet per second HDPE = high density polyethylene FES = flared end sections \*Maximum HW/D = 1.5

The recommended culvert crossing includes one 42-inch HDPE with two, FHWA Catch Basin, Type 1 inlets at the upstream end. The grate inlet will help control potential head cutting within the wetland restoration area. The outlet of the culvert will be pipe mitered to slope with a rock riprap outlet pad and slope protection. The invert of the outlet will be above the lagoon high water elevation and above the estimated dune elevation to reduce the risk of future dune migration blocking the outlet of the culvert. The proposed rock rip rap at the outlet has been sized to protect the outfall area from the effects of the culvert discharge. The placement of the culvert outlet riprap has not designed for tidal protection of the roadway embankment. This location is on the lagoon side of Rodeo Beach and does not experience significant wave or tidal action. Rock has previously been placed at the culvert discharge and significant movement or disturbance has not been observed, even though the existing rock is somewhat rounded and smaller than the proposed Class 3 riprap.

Additional hydraulic structures could be added to enhance the wetland restoration. To provide a wider distribution of flow from the wetlands through Mitchell Road, a longer grate inlet complex would be constructed. The proposed two, FHWA Catch Basin, Type 1 inlets was designed to accommodate the Q25 peak discharge without overtopping the existing Mitchell Road. Another alternative to provide a wider distribution of flow would be construction of a porous rock road prism in Mitchell Road; however, rock road prism installation would require excavation and reconstruction of the existing roadway embankment. Sediment clogging of the rock road prism may also require significant maintenance for the porous rock road prism to function. The rock road prism would also require rock riprap along the entire length of the prism along the beachside roadway embankment. Due to the potential cost and maintenance concerns, a rock road prism is not recommended.

### MITCHELL ROAD CULVERT AT STATION 30+16

The existing culvert located at Mitchell Road Station 30+16, formerly known as the "Wetland Delta Culvert" consists of a single 24-inch by 32-inch CMP. The existing upstream condition includes a concrete headwall structure. The downstream condition could not be observed due to existing lagoon vegetation but is assumed to be CMP projecting from fill.

The original intention for this culvert was to restore the wetlands by dispersing the flow distribution from the single existing culvert to four culverts separated by approximately 100 feet. To accommodate the lowered surface proposed by the wetland restoration, the proposed culverts would be below the high water elevation of Rodeo Lagoon and could be submerged during portions of the year. The lowered culverts would also require significant downstream excavation to provide positive drainage to Rodeo Lagoon. Input gathered during the site inspection (November, 2010) included recommendation to provide an open-bottom culvert.

Funds for the wetland restoration project would be secured through a different project. In the interim, the four culverts were considered as "place holders" for the anticipation of the wetland restoration project to minimize impacts to Mitchell Road. However, to do this would require major grading and utility relocation efforts. During the April 2011 field discussion occurred in regards to the construction scheduling. Based on available funds, it was determined that the wetland restoration cannot be accomplished with the reconstruction of Mitchell Road and that interim design considerations would not be developed. As a result, the culvert at this location will not function as a wetland restoration culvert, but as a stormwater conveyance culvert.

Table 8 provides a summary of the hydraulic analysis for the existing and proposed culverts.

Diameter (inches)	Basin ID	Velocity (fps)	Design HW/D*	Comment
32"x24" CMP	EX2	7.38	2.32	Existing, CMP
2-30" HDPE	EX2	7.18	1.07	Proposed HDPE, Safety End Sections upstream and downstream

Table 8Mitchell Road Culvert at Station 30+16

HW/D= Headwater/Depth Fps = feet per second

HDPE = high density polyethylene

FES = flared end sections \*Maximum HW/D = 1.5

#### **RODEO LAGOON BRIDGE**

Hydraulic and scour analysis of the existing bridge has been conducted to size rock riprap rehabilitation. The existing Rodeo Lagoon Bridge is subject to contraction and abutment scour. The abutments are partially protected by the existing rock riprap; however, the coverage and extent of the riprap is not sufficient to comply with the recommendations of FHWA guidance document HEC-23, "Bridge Scour and Stream Instability Countermeasures." Additionally, the Bridge Inspection Report dated July 2006 recommends additional riprap on the downstream side of the bridge. Class 3 riprap is proposed to fill voids observed in the existing riprap. Additionally, Class 3 riprap and geotextile filter is proposed behind the existing sheet pile wall to provide additional scour and erosion protection.

Previous recommendations of placing additional riprap within the lagoon were deemed unnecessary by CFLHD staff. Other than minor voids observed in the existing riprap, no significant scouring of the bridge has been observed. The placement of riprap within the lagoon was also thought to be an unnecessary fill activity and unwanted impact to potential 404 permitting.

#### VII. SUMMARY

Table 9 summarizes final recommendations for this project to a 95% design. V-ditch geometry will be 1:4 (V:H) side slopes with a minimum depth of 0.75 feet. Grate inlets will use Caltrans Standard Detail D77A, Type 24-9 for median inlets. Proposed pipe material is HDPE. These final recommendations are consistent with the initial recommendations from the PBS&J *Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report*, PBS&J *Rodeo Lagoon Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report* and PBS&J *Bunker and Mitchell Roads Preliminary Hydraulics Report*.

Roadway Station	Location	Final Recommendations
15+00 to 18+00	Mitchell	Proposed pavement drains towards existing vegetated buffer
12+05	Mitchell	Replace existing culverts (2-30" HDPE) with 1-42" HDPE, grate inlet, riprap as agreed by wetland designers
30+16	Mitchell	Install culvert (2-30" HDPE), Safety End Sections, riprap
304+52 to 310+25	Old Bunker	Paved ditch
310+25 to 310+70	Old Bunker	Paved ditch
310+70	Old Bunker	Recondition existing inlet
310+70 to 313+95	Old Bunker	Paved ditch
313+95 to 39+81	Old Bunker to Bunker	Paved ditch
39+82	Bunker	Replace existing culvert (24" HDPE), grate inlet, pipe culvert dissipator
39+84 to 43+05	Bunker	Paved waterway
43+07	Bunker	Replace existing culvert (24" HDPE), grate inlet, pipe culvert dissipator
43+07 to 45+36	Bunker	Recondition ditch
44+75	Bunker	Remove 12" driveway culvert
45+36	Bunker	Replace existing culvert (24" HDPE), grate inlet, pipe culvert dissipator
45+36 to 46+59	Bunker	Recondition ditch
46+59	Bunker	Replace existing culvert (36" HDPE), headwall, pipe culvert dissipator
52+40	Rodeo Lagoon Bridge	Install additional riprap
63+97	Bunker	Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
63+97 to 70+13	Bunker	Recondition ditch
70+13	Bunker	Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
70+13 to 73+14	Bunker	Recondition ditch
73+14	Bunker	Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
73+14 to 75+13	Bunker	Recondition ditch
75+13	Bunker	Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
75+13 to 85+09	Bunker	Recondition ditch
83+00	Smith Parking Lot	Smith Parking drains to vegetated area between Smith Road and Bunker Road prior to discharging to Rodeo Pond
85+09 to 92+00	Bunker	Do not disturb existing bioswale
88+82	Bunker	**Replace existing culvert, FES, riprap
92+27	Bunker	Install 24" HDPE, FES, riprap

Table 9Summary of Recommended Design

Roadway Station	Location	Final Recommendations
92+95	Bunker	Clean existing culvert
92+95 to 98+00	Bunker	Recondition ditch
102+95	Bunker	Do not disturb existing culvert
106+26, 108+18	Bunker	Clean existing culvert
111+26, 114+03	Bunker	Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
119+78	Bunker	**Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
119+78 to 123+29	Bunker	Recondition ditch
123+29	Bunker	Recondition existing inlet, metal grate, clean existing culvert
126+92	Bunker	**Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
126+92 to 131+00	Bunker	Recondition ditch
136+54, 137+24	Bunker	*Reset curb inlets due to curb and gutter modifications.
138+61, 138+78	Bunker	Do not disturb existing culverts
147+33	Bunker	Do not disturb existing culvert and headwall
152+21	Bunker	**Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
152+21 to 158+50	Bunker	Recondition ditch
158+50	Bunker	**Recondition existing inlet, metal grate
158+50 to 161+62	Bunker	Recondition ditch
161+62	Bunker	**Recondition existing inlet, metal grate

# Table 9Summary of Recommended Design

FES = flared end sections

\*Differs from Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report

\*\*Differs from Preliminary Hydraulics Report

The analysis of the existing structures along Bunker Road "West," Segment 2 was evaluated based on the drainage criteria memorandum, Hydrologic and Hydraulic Criteria and Computational Methods Technical Memorandum for Bunker Road and Mitchell Road FHWA Project: GOGA 104(1) & 105(2), September 28, 2010. Recommendations for existing hydraulic structures were previously made for deficient structures identified in a CFLHD *Trip Report*, CFLHD CADD notes, field reviews in November 2010 and April 2011, PBS&J *Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report*, and PBS&J *Rodeo Lagoon Preliminary Hydraulics Recommendations Report*.

The recommended culvert crossing to accommodate proposed wetland restoration at the Surfer Parking lot and wetland delta area have been provided to a 95% design level based on provided information.

#### VIII. DRAINAGE CRITERIA REFERENCES

California Department of Water Resources, *Rainfall Depth-Duration-Frequency Data for Marin City*, 2005.

Caltrans, Highway Design Manual, September 2006.

CA PRA GOGA 104(1) & 105(2) Rehab Bunker Road and Mitchell Road Scoping Field Review, May 7<sup>th</sup>, 2008.

Federal Lands Highway, Project Development and Design Manual, March 2008.

FHWA, HY-8, 2009.

FHWA, Hydraulic Design Series No. 2, October 2002.

FHWA, HEC No. 14, Hydraulic Design of Energy Dissipators for Culverts and Channels, July 2006.

FHWA, HEC No. 15, Design of Roadside Channels with Flexible Linings, September 2005.

FHWA, HDS No. 5, Hydraulic Design of Highway Culverts, September 1985.

FHWA, HEC No. 23, Bridge Scour and Stream Instability Countermeasures, September 2009

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Atlas 2, Volume XI-California, Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the Western United States, 1973.

NRCS Version 4, Web Soil Survey, Marin County, California, September 2010.

S. David Shaw, University of California, Berkeley, Center for Environmental Design Research, *Wetland Process and Opportunities for Restoration in the Rodeo Lagoon Watershed*, May 2006

Striplen, C., R. Grossinger, and J. Collins, Wetland Habitat Changes in the Rodeo Lagoon Watershed, Marin County, CA., October 2004

FHWA, Bridge Inspection Report, Rodeo Lagoon Bridge, Bunker Road Over Rodeo Lagoon, Golden Gate National Recreational Area, July 2006

Cooper, Wolf, Hydrologic regime, Vegetation Impact Analysis, and Restoration Concepts for the Rodeo Beach Wetland complex: Golden Gate National Recreation Area, California, September 2008



# **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

TO:	Nate Allen, CFLHD Project Manager Matt Wessell, P.E., PBS&J Project Manager
FROM:	Josh Hollon, PBS&J Water Resources Engineer Tammy Kirkbride, PBS&J Water Resources Engineer
DATE:	September 28, 2010
SUBJECT:	Hydrologic and Hydraulic Criteria and Computational Methods Technical Memorandum for Bunker and Mitchell Roads

FHWA Project: GOGA 104(1) & 105(2)

# 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Scope of Work is to perform environmental, engineering, hydraulic, geotechnical, right-of-way, surveying, mapping, and project management services towards delivery of a 70% plan set for the Federal Highway Administration, Central Federal Lands Highway Division (CFLHD) for proposed improvements to Gold Gate National Recreation Area (GGNRA), Alexander Avenue, Mitchell and Bunker Roads.

The purpose of this project is to rehabilitate the roadways, construct minor roadway widening, improve drainage and safety, extend the left turn lane on Alexander Avenue at Danes Drive, and construct a new parking area.

The purpose of this Hydrologic and Hydraulic Criteria and Computation Methods Technical Memorandum is to provide a brief summary of the applicable criteria that will be applied to the design activities for proposed improvements for Bunker and Mitchell Roads. An additional technical memorandum, Rodeo Lagoon Technical Memorandum will be provided for the Rodeo Lagoon Bridge and two Mitchell Road culverts that will service proposed wetland, environmental, and wetland restoration. The additional memo will provide any other specific design criteria developed through coordination with NPS and environmental personnel for those three drainage structures.

# 2.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION

This project will be funded through the Federal Lands Highway Program. The National Park Service (NPS) completed an Environmental Impact Statement for the Marin Headlands and Fort Baker areas. The Record of Decision (ROD) was signed on August 11, 2009.

Specific hydrologic and hydraulic components for this project will include developing the applicable criteria memorandum, identifying and evaluating the existing and proposed drainage facilities, supporting the design activities with water quality recommendations, developing a technical memorandum to document preliminary hydraulic recommendations, and preparing a draft and final hydraulics report for

delivery of a 70% plan set. A Scope of Work to develop the remainder of the project to the 100% plan set level will be developed in the future.

#### 2.1 HIGHWAY DESIGN IMPROVEMENTS

The general scope of roadway improvements is rehabilitation of approximately 3.24 miles of roadway. Minor improvements will be made Bunker Road "East." Guardrails, sign panels, and sigh supports will also be upgraded to meet current standards.

Bunker Road consists of three segments.

- Segment 1: 0.20 miles on Old Bunker Road begins at the intersection of Mitchell Road and Bunker Road "west" and continues northwest past the Marine Mammal Center
- Segment 2: 2.53 miles on Bunker Road "West" begins at the intersection of Mitchell Road and Old Bunker Road and proceeds east to the Baker-Barry Tunnel.
- Segment 3: 0.56 miles on Bunker Road "East" begins at Murray Circle and proceeds northwest to the Fort Baker Tunnel. Only minor improvements to correct deficiencies (replace guardrail, restripe, and replace missing centerline raised reflectors will be included in this project.

This project also includes 0.50 miles of work on Mitchell Road, which begins just west of Rodeo Beach and extends to the intersection of Bunker Road and Old Bunker Road Work on Mitchell Road will be limited to approximately 2,700 ft of roadway from the intersection to the unpaved overflow parking area on Rodeo Beach.

A new parking lot will be constructed adjacent to Bunker Road "West" and Smith Road. This parking lot will have a paved drive, accessible parking spaces and gravel or permeable parking areas.

The left turn lane on Alexander Avenue to Danes Drive will be extended to meet AASHTO design standards. This will require a rock cut on Alexander Avenue to widened the roadway and accommodate the extended turn lane. Danes Drive will be realigned at the intersection Alexander Avenue to form a "T"-intersection.

GGNRA is the maintaining agency for this project, except on Alexander Avenue to which Caltrans and Golden Gate Bridge, Highway, and Transportation District (GGBHTD) are the maintaining agency.

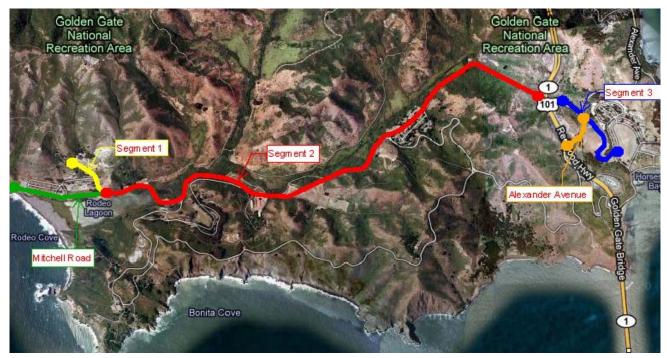
Table 1 shows the project location and Figure 1 includes a summary of the project segments.

Road	Functional Classification	Terrain	Туре	Structures on Segment
Old Bunker Road: Segment 1	Class II: Connector Park Road	Rolling	3R+	None
Bunker Road "West": Segment 2	Class I: Principal Park	Flat to Rolling	3R+	Rodeo Lagoon Bridge
Bunker Road "East": Segment 3	Class I: Principal Park	Rolling	3R	None
Mitchell Road	Class II: Connector Park Road	Flat (until intersection with Bunker Road "West")	3R	None <sup>1</sup>
Alexander Avenue	Urban Arterial Streets	Flat to Rolling	3R+	None

Table 1Project Segment Summary

<sup>1</sup> Two existing minor culverts located along Mitchell Road will be utilized for future wetland restoration and may be improved to structures based on coordination with NPS and environmental personnel

#### Figure 2 Project Segment Location



#### 2.2 BRIDGE IMPROVEMENTS

The Rodeo Lagoon Bridge will receive rehabilitation work in the form of riprap repair of areas showing erosion and embankment replacement at the northwest wingwall.

#### 2.3 HYDRUALIC IMPROVEMENTS

Within the roadway improvements, deteriorated culverts and drop inlets will be replaced and upsized as needed. All solid inlet covers will be replaced with slotted grate inlet covers for maintenance. Although there is not an identified "drainage problem" in the area of the proposed parking lot at Bunker Road "West" and Smith Road, an attempt will be made to improve/restore the natural sheet flow draining northward from Bunker Road to Smith Road. The parking lot will be shifted east if possible to restore/maintain drainage into the riparian area. Drainage will also be improved in the parking lot west of the stables.

In addition, restoration of channel flow at the overflow parking lot off of Mitchell Road near Rodeo Beach will be included in this project.

This project will also restore the hydraulic connection with proposed wetland restoration at Rodeo Lagoon approximately 0.3 miles east of the surfer parking lot on Mitchell Road.

# 3.0 DRAINAGE CRITERIA REFERENCES

Drainage analysis and design work associated with the proposed improvements will be in accordance with the methods, guidelines, and criteria set forth by NPS, CFLHD, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), and Caltrans highway design standards. Of these agencies, Federal Lands Highway (CFLHD) and Caltrans have developed drainage criteria manuals establishing guidance or references to aid in the design process and or specific design standards:

- Federal Lands Highway *Project Development and Design Manual* (PDDM) (2008)
- Caltrans Highway Design Manual (2006)

A design matrix was developed with criteria from both agencies. All the segments of Bunker Road will utilize CFLHD's criteria. However, a portion of Alexander Avenue lies in Caltrans right-of-way. A decision will need to be made as to which criteria to use, Caltrans or CFLHD's criteria.

# 4.0 HYDROLOGY

Hydrologic analysis for the Bunker and Mitchell Roads will be determined using the Rational Method. Design rainfall used for this analysis is based on criteria obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and rainfall depth-duration-frequency data obtained from California Department of Water Resources from the Marin City Station (station number E20 5342 35). Design Point Rainfall values for the site is shown in Table 3. These curves will be used with the Rational Method for the hydrologic comparative analysis performed as part of the drainage calculations.

Return Period	1-hour (inches)	6-hour (inches)	24-hour (inches)
2-year	0.64	1.26	1.92
5-year	0.91	1.77	2.69
10-year	1.08	2.11	3.22
50-year	1.46	2.86	4.34
100-year	1.62	3.16	4.81

Table 3 Design Point Rainfall

Watershed basin delineations will be prepared using available U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Quad maps and surveyed topography.

Soil survey data and maps were obtained from the National Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). Based on the NRCS soil survey of the project area, the soils in the vicinity of Bunker Road are part of the Tamalpais-Barnabe Variant, Cronkhite-Barnabe Complex and Xerorthents-Urban Land Complex. All of the soils are classified as a Type "C" hydrologic soil group. These soils have a "slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission" (NRCS, 2010).

Additional soil types along Bunker Road include Humaquepts and Rodeo Clay Loam. These soils are classified as Type "D" hydrologic soil group. These soils have a "very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consists chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and the soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material" (NRCS, 2010).

Near the vicinity of Mitchell Road and in some areas of Bunker Road, there were areas were NRCS did not identify soils. Instead a fill material, Xerorthents was delineated that does not have a NRCS soil rating.

The project limits does not lie within a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) mapped flood zone and can be found within Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel numbered 06041C0510D and 06041C0528D. The majority of the project lies within a National Recreation Area or Military Reservation and is unmapped by FEMA.

# 5.0 ROADWAY HYDRAULICS

The design of roadway hydraulic structures is based on CFLHD's roadway classification. There are two roadway classifications used in this project depending on the segment.

High Standard: if any of the following conditions apply to the section of the project:

- Design speed > 45 mph
- Design Average Daily Traffic (ADT) > 1500
- Designated as a critical access road

#### Low Standard: All other roads

Table 3 provides a summary of the roadway classification.

Road	Speed (mph)	ADT	Critical Access	Roadway Classification
Bunker Road: Segment 1	25-35	400	No	Low Standard
Bunker Road: Segment 2	25-35	1100	No	Low Standard
Bunker Road: Segment 3	25	4600	No	High Standard
Mitchell Road	25	1000	No	Low Standard
Alexander Avenue	40	7600	Yes	High Standard

Table 3
FHWA Roadway Classification Summary

#### 5.1 CULVERTS

Existing culverts will be evaluated for the 10-, 25-, 50- and 100-year events for potential encroachments to determine water surface elevations and determine whether they meet current criteria. Culverts will be analyzed using HY8 Culvert Analysis software.

Caltrans preference for pipe material is reinforced concrete pipe, but alternative materials are also considered. CFLHD prefers to use corrugated metal pipe to maintain historic properties throughout the park. Based upon recent drainage improvements in the vicinity of this study which used RCP or plastic pipe these types will also serve as the primary material selection for this project. Existing culverts will be evaluated and if they do not meet current criteria, alternatives will be recommended. Existing hydraulic conditions will be evaluated and documented. For proposed conditions, culverts will be evaluated and designed based on the lowest headwater elevation based on the criteria shown in Table 4. It is recommended that culverts have end treatments to increase efficiency, embankment stability, aesthetics and safety for vehicles.

Table 4 summarizes the culvert requirements per Federal Lands Highway's PDDM unless otherwise noted.

Table 4 Culverts

Design Criteria	Standards
Storm Event:	100-year for proposed cross culverts (Caltrans) 50-year for proposed cross culverts (High Standard Road) 25-year for proposed cross culverts (Low Standard Road) 10-year for culverts conveying roadside ditches
Headwater Elevation (HW)	<ul> <li>Existing: HW shall not be greater than the shoulder hinge point at the local roadway low point and not allowed to spread onto roadway shoulder</li> <li>New: HW shall not be greater than the bottom of the aggregate base layer for the roadway pavement structure at the local roadway low point</li> </ul>
HW/D Ratio	<ul><li>1.5 for culverts less than or equal to 48 inches</li><li>1.2 for culverts greater than 48 inches</li></ul>
Minimum Pipe Size	Cross Culverts : 24 inches or equivalent Parallel Culverts in ditches : 18 inches or equivalent
Slope	Minimum: 0.5% All Materials Desirable: Greater than or equal to 2% Maximum: 25% Metal, 10% Concrete
Cover	Flexible Pavements: 2 feet (Caltrans) Rigid Pavements: 1.2 feet (Caltrans)
Anchors	Metal: Slopes 25% or greater
Materials	Reinforced Concrete Pipe (Caltrans) or plastic as alternative Corrugated Metal Pipe
Maximum Culvert Skew	45 degrees with roadway centerline
End Treatments	<ul> <li>For new structures:</li> <li>Pipe diameters less than or equal to 48 inches, use flared end sections</li> <li>Pipe diameters greater than 48 inches or multiple pipes, use headwalls with beveled edges</li> </ul>
Outlet Protection	<ul> <li>No scour potential or expected scour can be tolerated: no protection required</li> <li>Standard outlet treatment: simple riprap outlet protection, Standard Detail CFL C255-50</li> <li>Minimal Outlet Protection: bedding, filter material, geotextile</li> <li>Energy Dissipater for velocities greater than 18 feet per second (fps) (Caltrans)</li> </ul>

#### 5.2 STORM DRAINS

Roadway drainage criteria for storm drains is based on FHWA roadway classification, high standard and low standard roadway, and Caltrans roadway classification of a major urban arterial route with posted speeds 45 mph and under. Table 5 summarizes design criteria and standards for inlets, and Table 6 summarizes criteria for storm drain pipe design per Federal Lands Highway's PDDM unless otherwise noted.

Design Criteria	Standards
Storm Event	On-grade: 10-year Sumps: 50-year
Spread	<ul> <li>High Standard: Shall not exceed 3 feet of one travel lane</li> <li>Low Standard: Shall not spread to half of one travel lane</li> </ul>
Depth	<ul> <li>On-grade: Depth not to exceed the curb height or allowable spread</li> <li>Sumps: Depth not to exceed 6 inches</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Parking areas: Inlets adjacent to curbs, the flow depth shall not exceed the curb height; for sags the depth of flow at the gutter flowline shall not exceed 6 inches</li> </ul>
Inlet Clogging Factor	On-grade: no clogging factor, unless it has previously been a problem, if clogging is considered minimum is 70%
	Sumps:
	Grate Inlets: 50%
	<ul> <li>Curb Inlets: no clogging factor, unless it has previously been a problem</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Rehabilitation Projects: no clogging factor, unless it has previously been a problem.</li> </ul>
	If clogging is considered minimum is 50%
Inlet Types	<ul> <li>Curb Inlet Type OS or OL with Type A or B curbs (Caltrans)</li> <li>Grate Inlet Type G1 or G2 (Caltrans)</li> </ul>

Table 5Inlets (Pavement Drainage)

Table 6Storm Drains

Design Criteria	Standards
Storm Event Capacity Design	On-grade: 10-year Sumps: 50-year No pressure flow
Minimum size	<ul> <li>Trunk Line: 18 inches (Caltrans)</li> <li>Trunk Laterals: 15 inches (18 inches if wholly or partly under the roadbed) (Caltrans)</li> <li>Inlet Laterals: 15 inches (18 inches if wholly or partly under the roadbed) (Caltrans)</li> </ul>
Minimum Slope	3 fps to insure self cleansing 0.5% as a minimum for constructability
Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL)	<ul> <li>Needs to be calculated over the full length of storm drains with four or more inlets connected in a series</li> <li>If the design flood creates pressure flow, the HGL must remain below ground elevation</li> <li>Energy gradient should not rise above the lip of the intake</li> </ul>
Spacing between structures	15 to 24-inches: 300-feet 27 to 36-inches: 400-feet 42 to 54-inches: 600-feet 60-inches and up: 1000-feet If self cleansing velocity of 3 fps is unobtainable, spacing of 300- feet should be used
Overside Drains	<ul> <li>Location based on roadway drainage criteria</li> <li>Sideslopes 4:1 or steeper</li> <li>Minimum pipe diameter: 8-inches</li> </ul>

#### 5.3 DITCHES/OPEN CHANNELS

Roadside ditches will be analyzed using Bentley's FlowMaster. Table 7 summarizes the ditch requirements per Federal Lands Highway's PDDM unless otherwise noted.

Table 7 Ditches

Design Criteria	Standards
Storm Event	10-year design storm event
Depth	Existing Ditches: no greater than the shoulder hinge point
	<ul> <li>New Ditches: no greater than the bottom of the aggregate sub- base layer of the roadway pavement</li> </ul>
Slope	Desired Minimum: 1.0%
	Allowable Minimum: 0.5%
Cross Section Shape	Vee, trapezoidal
Stability	<ul> <li>10-year design storm event</li> <li>Permissible velocities are 3.5 fps for intermittent flow and 3.5 fps for sustained flows in vegetated ditches based on the project area soil type (Caltrans)</li> <li>Temporary lining should be stable for the 2-year storm event</li> </ul>
Erosion Protection	Lined with rock, stone, concrete

# 5.4 END TREATMENTS

Where possible, all proposed outlets will be designed to include some degree of scour protection. The proposed treatments include either flared end sections or headwalls for the entrances of culverts and pipe rundowns for the outlets. Table 4 includes criteria for end treatments and outlet protection. Typical outlet protection will use CFLHD Detail C-255-50. If additional protection is required the design methods in Hydraulic Engineering Circular (HEC) 11 and 14 will be applied.

Where practical, outlet protection is recommended for the existing culverts that are exhibiting erosion. Outlet protection will be provided when feasible for each new cross culvert and will be sized using the design storm event for the proposed culvert. Culvert outlet protection will consist of paved rundowns or placed riprap aprons per the FHWA standards.

### 5.5 BRIDGES

The Rodeo Lagoon Bridge will receive rehabilitation work in the form of riprap repair of areas showing erosion and embankment replacement at the northwest wingwall. HEC 11 and 23 will be used to size and place riprap at this location. Specific design criteria developed through coordination with NPS and environmental personnel during this project that impacts the Rodeo Lagoon Bridge will be documented in a separate Criteria Memo.

### 5.6 CONSTRUCTION SITE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Erosion control measures will be used to protect the existing system and outfalls from sediment transport during construction. An erosion control plan should be prepared during project implementation phases based on FHWA Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control as well as Caltrans *Storm Water Quality Handbooks: Project Planning and Design Guide*. The following erosion control practices should be used, but not be limited to:

- Inlet protection
- Silt fence
- Erosion control logs
- Vehicle tracking control

Permanent (post-construction) erosion control measures will include revegetation, riprap aprons, and pipe rundowns.

# 6.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HYDRAULICS

# 6.1 STREAM RESTORATION AND REHABILITATION

The selected design will be reasonable in terms of satisfying social, environmental, and economic constraints. In the process of restoration and rehabilitation of streams, the goal is not a static, immovable channel. Rather, to restore the stream to reasonable stable, naturalistic system that exhibits a state of dynamic equilibrium.

An attempt will be made to replicate the historical plan form and channel geometries. Where historical geometries are unknown, the appropriate dominant discharge (2- to 10-year discharge) and regime theory to establish appropriate plan form and channel geometries will be used. Specific design criteria developed during this project that impacts the proposed Mitchell Road culverts or Rodeo Lagoon Bridge will be documented in a separate Criteria Memo.

# 6.2 WETLANDS

Wetland design and analysis is a highly interdisciplinary task requiring close coordination with CFHLD's Environmental Office, resource agencies, and the partner agencies. As detailed in Federal Lands Highway's PDDM, the primary role of the hydraulics engineer is for support and review of deliverables from specialty contractors, as requested. Specific design criteria developed during this project that impacts the proposed Mitchell Road culverts or Rodeo Lagoon Bridge will be documented in a separate Criteria Memo.

# 7.0 COASTAL HYDRAULICS

Although the roadway improvements ultimately discharge into coastal waters, the scope of work was based mostly on upland conditions. For the minor culverts and ditches that may be impacted by tidal elevations, review of the tidal elevations (provided by NPS) will be performed and appropriate backwater conditions established for hydraulic calculations.

# 8.0 SUMMARY

The information contained in this memorandum is only a summary of the applicable criteria. Criteria from both CFLHD and Caltrans have been outlined throughout this memorandum. All segments will use CFLHD's criteria, except along Alexander Ave. Further development of criteria along Alexander Avenue should include determination which criteria (CFLHD or Caltrans) will become the governing criteria for that segment of the project.

It is anticipated that an additional technical memorandum, Rodeo Lagoon Technical Memorandum will be provided for the Rodeo Lagoon Bridge and two Mitchell Road culverts that will service proposed wetland and environmental and wetland restoration. The additional memo will provide any other specific design criteria developed through coordination with NPS and environmental personnel for those three drainage structures.

During the design process all criteria will be adhered to by the project engineer. The review process will check adherence to this criteria during the quality assurance/quality control process. Any changes to the design criteria during the design process will be noted in future memorandums. Drainage analysis and design work associated with the proposed improvements will be in accordance with the methods, guidelines, and criteria set forth in the Federal Lands Highway PDDM, FHWA HEC and Hydraulic Design Series publications, and Caltrans *Highway Design Manual* (2006).

#### 9.0 DRAINAGE CRITERIA REFERENCES

AASHTO, Model Drainage Manual, 2006.

California Department of Water Resources, *Rainfall Depth-Duration-Frequency Data for Marin City*, 2005.

Caltrans, Storm Water Quality Handbooks, March 2003.

Caltrans, Highway Design Manual, September 2006.

FEMA, Flood Insurance Rate Map, Marin County, California, May 4, 2009.

Federal Lands Highway, Project Development and Design Manual, March 2008.

NRCS Version 4, Web Soil Survey, Marin County, California, September 2010.

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Atlas 2, Volume XI-California, Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the Western United States, 1973.

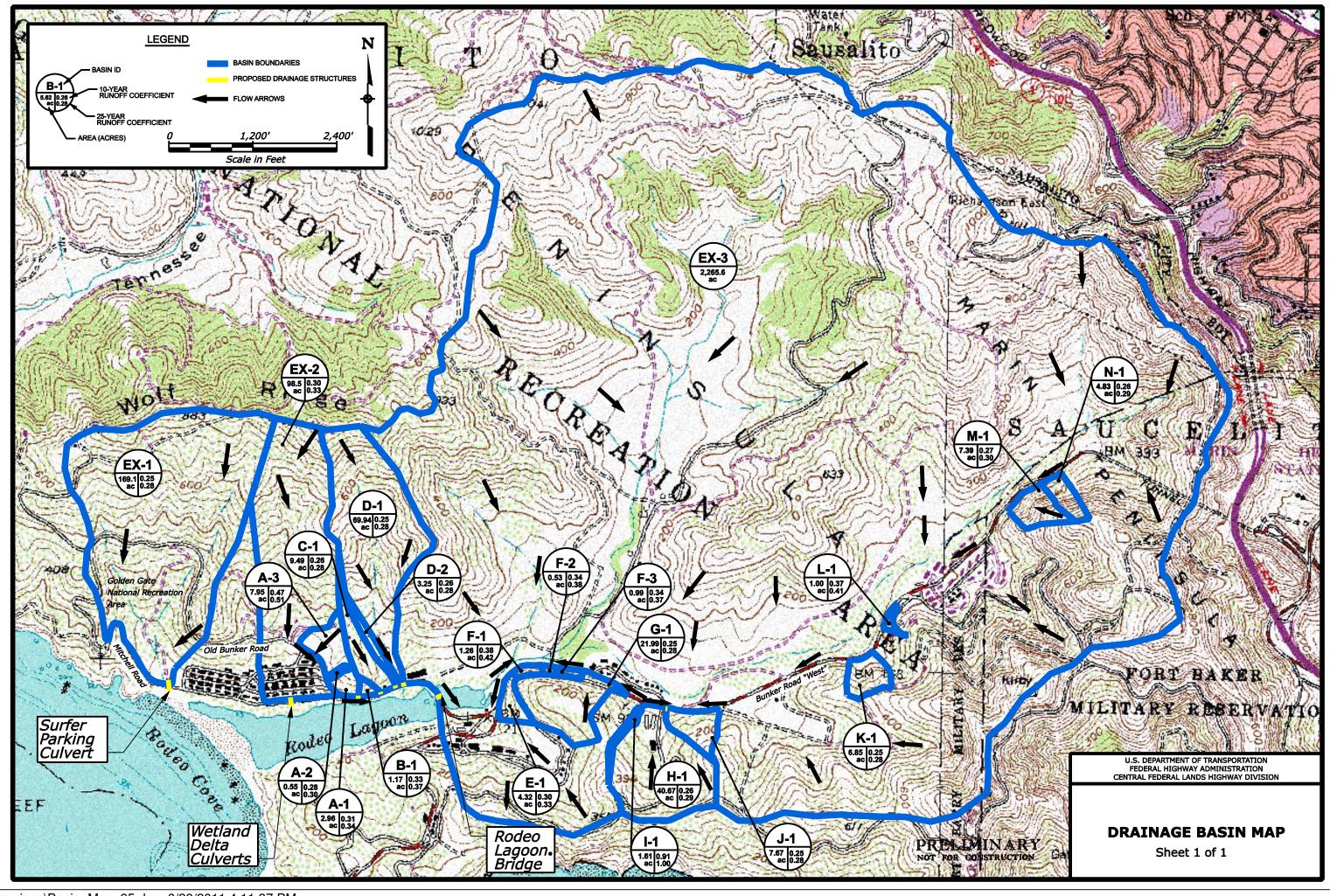
FHWA, HY-8, 2009.

FHWA, Hydraulic Design Series No. 2, October 2002.

FHWA, HEC No. 14, Hydraulic Design of Energy Dissipators for Culverts and Channels, July 2006.

FHWA, HEC No. 15, Design of Roadside Channels with Flexible Linings, April 1988.

FHWA, HDS No. 5, Hydraulic Design of Highway Culverts, September 1985.



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Project Name :	Bunker Road
Job No. :	100017371
Date	06.13.11
By :	TYK
Checked By :	AJF

# **ATKINS**

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Pagin Charateristics		Hallon	ai metho	od Calculatio		
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	A1	1				
Total Basin Area (A) =	2.96	acres acres	(see basin m % land use 8.78%	ap) C (HEC 22) 0.950	]	
Area Unpaved (median) = Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) = Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) = Suburban = Parks = Other = Weighted C =	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.70 0.00	acres acres acres acres acres	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 91.22% 0.00%	0.320 0.350 0.150 0.400 0.250 0.900 0.311		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undeve	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				the following equation	and channel travel time calculated using :
	where : n = L= P =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup> P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup> roughness coeffici length of overland 2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slop	flow in feet (500' i infall depth	naximum)	L =	L 60V Travel Time (min) flow length (ft) velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	d/Channel
n = Length = Elev <sub>1</sub> = Elev <sub>2</sub> = Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> = Slope = P = t <sub>i</sub> =	0.4 300.00 220.00 111.95 108.05 36.02 1.92 21.01	%	v	Section Length = Elev <sub>1</sub> = Elev <sub>2</sub> = Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> = Slope = Velocity= Vatercourse Type = t <sub>t</sub> =	12.73 7.25 Paved	ft % fps
			<b>T</b> = (	$t_{i} = t_{t} = t_{c} = T_{c} = t_{i}+t_{t} = T_{c} (check) = constants$	1.45 22.45 N/A	<mark>min.</mark> min. min.
			IC (USED for	calculation) =	22.45	min.
<b>Runoff Coefficient ( C ):</b> c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite The product of $C_t$ times C shall not excee	d 1.0					
		noff Coefficie	11			
Frequency		C	C,*C	Carter	This Proiect (C)	
Frequency 2-year	C <sub>f</sub>	C 0.311	C <sub>f</sub> *C 0.311	Cother	This Project (C) 0.311	
Frequency 2-year 5-year	Cf			C <sub>other</sub>		
2-year	C <sub>f</sub> 1.000	0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311	C <sub>other</sub>	0.311	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year	C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343	C <sub>other</sub>	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year	C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374	C <sub>other</sub>	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year	C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343	C <sub>other</sub>	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year	C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389		0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year	C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389 <b>Calculated</b>	l Flow	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year Intensity (1): Source :	C <sub>t</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389 <b>Calculated</b>	<b>1 Flow</b> eak Flow	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year Intensity (1): Source : Frequency	C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389 Calculated	<b>1 Flow</b> sak Flow (cfs)	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year Intensity (1): Source : Frequency 2-year	Ct 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 1.06	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389 <b>Calculatec</b> Pe	<mark>I Flow</mark> eak Flow (cfs) cfs	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year Intensity (1): Source : Frequency 2-year 5-year	Ct 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 1.06 1.50	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389 Calculatec Pe 0.98 1.38	<mark>f Flow</mark> eak Flow (cfs) cfs cfs cfs	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year Intensity (1): Source : Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year	C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 1.06 1.50 1.79	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389 Calculated Pa 0.98 1.38 1.65	I Flow eak Flow (cfs) cfs cfs cfs cfs	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389	
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year Intensity (1): Source : Frequency 2-year 5-year	Ct 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 1.06 1.50	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311 0.311	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389 Calculatec Pe 0.98 1.38	I Flow eak Flow (cfs) cfs cfs cfs cfs cfs	0.311 0.311 0.311 0.343 0.374 0.389	

Project Name :	Bunker Road
Job No. :	100017371
Date	06.13.11
By :	TYK
Checked By :	AJF

# **ATKINS**

Rational Method CalculationsBasin Description (ID) = A2Total Basin Area (A) = 0.55 acres(see basin map)Near Payed = 0.002 acresArea Payed = 0.002 acresArea Payed = 0.002 acres0.003 acres0.003 acres0.003 acres0.003 acresOutpace (molar) = 0.003 acresSuburban - 0.003 acresOutpace (molar) = 0.003 acresOutpace (molar) = 0.003 acresOutpace (molar) = 0.003 acresWeighted C =Outpace (molar) = 0.003 acresOutpace (molar) =		
Basin Description (10) = $\frac{1}{2}$ Total Basin Area (A) = $\frac{1}{0.55}$ acres Area Paved = $\frac{1}{0.000}$ bcres Area Paved (median) = $\frac{1}{0.000}$ bcres Area Residential (-, 2 - 2 are 10s) = $\frac{1}{0.000}$ bcres Building area Paris = $\frac{1}{0.000}$ bcres Doby = $\frac{1}{0.000}$ b		
Total Basin Area (A) = 0.55 acres (see basin map) Area Paved (media) = 0.000 acres (0.00% 0.280 Area Residential (- 5, -2 acre lots) = 0.000 acres (0.00% 0.280 Area Residential (- 2 acre lots) = 0.000 acres (0.00% 0.280 0.00% 0.400 Parks = 0.000 acres (0.00% 0.280 0.00% 0.400 Parks = 0.000 acres (0.00% 0.250 0.00% 0.200 Parks = 0.000 acres (0.00% 0.200 Parks = 0.000 acres (0.00% 0.280 0.00% 0.400 95.36% 0.2250 0.00% 0.200 0.00% 0.400 95.36% 0.2250 0.00% 0.900 0.275 General Basin Description (undeveloped or urbanized): undeveloped Time of Concentration: The of Concentration: The of Concentration: The (ritial) calculated using the totowing SCS TR-55 equation: $t_{i} = 0.42 tr24 tr24 p10 tg14 the following equation: t_{i} = 0.42 tr24 tr24 where : the strated the following equation: t_{i} = 0.42 tr24 tr24 where : the strated trate of the following equation: t_{i} = 0.42 tr24 tr24 Weight edual trate the following equation: t_{i} = 0.42 tr24 tr24 Weight for the following equation: t_{i} = 0.42 tr24 tr24 Weight edual trate the following equation: t_{i} = 0.42 tr24 trate where : the strated trate trate the following equation: t_{i} = 0.06 trate follow in feet (500' maximum) the two trates follow trates $		
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Area Paved =0.002 acres0.00% 0.00%0.550 0.00%Area Residential (>.5 2 acres0.00% 0.00%0.500 0.00%Area Residential (>.5 2 acres0.00% 0.00%0.500 0.00%Area Residential (>.2 acres biolog)0.00% 0.00%0.00% 0.00%0.00% 0.0275General Basin Description (undeveloped or urbanized) :ImdevelopedTime of Concentration:The of Concentration:Shallow concentrated and channel travel time cali the following SCS TR-55 equation :the of Concentration:the of contration form inter(form: the rest main: the following scott main: the rest m		
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Area Residential } (-5.2 \text{ are tots}) = 0.00 \text{ areas} \\ \text{Area Residential } (-5.2 \text{ are tots}) = 0.00 \text{ areas} \\ 0.00\% & 0.350 \\ 0.00\% & 0.400 \\ 0.00\% & 0.400 \\ 0.00\% & 0.900 \\ 0.00\% & 0.00\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.900 \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\ 0.00\% & 0.90\% \\$		
Area Residential (> 5 < 2 are lots) = 0.00 acres 0.00% 0.150 0.00% 0.150 0.00% 0.400 96.36% 0.250 0.00% 0.275 0.00% 0.00% 0.275 0.00% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.00\% 0.0		
Area Residential (> 2 acre tots) = 0.00 Suburban = 0.00 Parks = 0.53 Weighted C = 0.00% 0.400 96.36% 0.250 0.00% 0.900 0.275 General Basin Description (undeveloped or urbanized) : undeveloped Time of Concentration: The (ritial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation : $t_{c} = 0.42 n^{25} c^{24}$ where : $t_{c} = \frac{t}{0.07}$ where : $t_{c} = ravel Time (min)$ $L = long transform (transform)$ $P = 2year, 24 hour rainfal depth P = 2year, 24 hour rainfal depth P = 2year, 24 hour rainfal depth P = \frac{111197}{11197} (transform) U = 100 \text{ vertand} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.42}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.43}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.45}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.43}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.43}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.43}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.43}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.45}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.45}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.42}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.45}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.45}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.46}{11197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.46}{111197} Elev_{r} = \frac{10.46}{111197} Elev_{r} = 1$		
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Weighted C =0.275General Basin Description (undeveloped or urbanized) :undevelopedTime (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation :Shallow concentrated and channel travel time call the following equation :tree (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation : $t_{\pm} = \frac{0.42 n^3 L^3}{p^3 S^{3.4}}$ tree (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation : $t_{\pm} = \frac{0.42 n^3 L^3}{p^3 S^{3.4}}$ tree (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation : $t_{\pm} = \frac{1}{60V}$ where : $n = roughness coefficient:where :Length of overland flow in feet (500° maximum)L = fravel Time (min)P = 2year, 24-hour rainfail depthS = average basin slope in percentS = average basin slope in percentV = velocity (tps)Shallow Concentrated/ChannelLength =111.97Elev_1 =202.23Elev_1 =12.34Elev_2 =21.23Elev_2 =115.65 ftSlope =18.96 %Slope =11.97 fpst_{\pm} =0.46 min.t_{\pm} =0.46 min.t_{\pm} =0.46 min.t_{\pm} =0.46 min.t_{\pm} =0.46 min.t_{\pm} =12.81 min.To (used for calculation) =To (used for calculation) =To (used for calculation) =$		
General Basin Description (undeveloped or urbanized) :       undeveloped         Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation :       Shallow concentrated and channel travel time call the following equation : $t_{i} = \frac{0.42 n^{0.8} L^{0.0}}{p^{0.5} g^{0.4}}$ $t_{i} = \frac{1}{60V}$ where : $n = roughness coefficient:         L length of overland flow in feet (500° maximum)       L = travel Time (min)         P = 2year, 24-hour rainfal depth       V = velocity (tps)         Shallow Concentrated/Channel       V = velocity (tps)         Vertrand       Section       1         Length = \frac{0.4}{202.23}       Elev, -Elev_2 =       115.66 ft         Elev_1 = 12.34 min.       Elev_1.Elev_2 =       11.87 %         P = \frac{1.926}{1.92}       V elocity =       11.97 %         t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.         t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.         t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.         t_i = 0.42 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.         t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.         t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.         t_i = 0.46 min.       t_i = 0.46 min.       $		
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Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation : $\begin{aligned} t_c &= \frac{0.42 n^{\circ 0} t^{\circ 0}}{p^3 S^{\circ 4}} & t_e &= \frac{1}{60V} \\ & t_e &= \frac{1}{60V} $		
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-55 equation : $t_{e} = \frac{0.42 n^{6} L^{60}}{p^{25} S^{64}} \qquad t_{e} = \frac{1}{60V}$ where : n = roughness coefficient: L = length of overland flow in feet (500 maximum) P = 2year, 24-hour rainfall depth S = average basin slope in percent V = velocity (fps) <b>Shallow concentrated and channel travel time call the following equation</b> : t_{e} = $\frac{1}{60V}$ where : n = roughness coefficient: L = length of overland flow in feet (500 maximum) P = 2year, 24-hour rainfall depth S = average basin slope in percent V = velocity (fps) <b>Shallow Concentrated/Channel</b> <b>Coverland</b> <b>Shallow Concentrated/Channel</b> <b>Shallow Concentrated/Channel</b> <b>Coverland</b> <b>Shallow Concentrated/Channel</b> <b>Shallow Concentrated/C</b>		
the fundal calculated using the following SCS TH-SS equation : $t_{c} = \frac{0.42 n^{10} L^{03}}{p^{10} S^{54}} \qquad t_{c} = \frac{1}{60V}$ $t_{c} = \frac{1}{60V}$ $t_{c} = \frac{1}{100V}$ $t_{$	ulated using	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0	
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$ \begin{array}{c} n = noughness coefficient: \\ L = lergth of overland flow in feet (500' maximum) \\ L = flow length (ft) \\ P = 2;year, 24 + hour rainfall depth \\ S = average basin slope in percent \\ V = velocity (fps) \\ \hline \\ Length = \underbrace{111.97}_{1111.97}_{1111.97}_{111.97}_{111.97}_{1111.97}_{111.97}_{1111.97}_$		
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{L} = \mbox{length of overland flow in feet (500' maximum)} & \mbox{L} = \mbox{low length (ft)} \\ \mbox{P} = 2 \mbox{-} 2 \mbox{-} 4 \mbox{-} hour rainfall depth} \\ \mbox{S} = \mbox{average basin slope in percent} & \mbox{V} = \mbox{velocity (fps)} \\ \end{array} $		
$P = 2year, 24-hour rainfall depth S = average basin slope in percent V = velocity (tps) P = 2year, 24-hour rainfall depth S = average basin slope in percent V = velocity (tps) P = \frac{11197}{11197} ft = \frac{11197}{1$		
$S = average basin stope in percent V = velot (the)$ $S = average basin stope in percent V = velot (the)$ $P = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Length = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Length = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Length = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_2 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_2 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_2 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_2 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Elev_1 = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Stope = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Stope = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Section & 1 \\ Velocity = \underbrace{Overland}_{left underbrush} & Sect$		
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$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Length} = & 111.97 \\ \mbox{Elev}_1 = & 202.23 \\ \mbox{Elev}_2 = & 181.00 \\ \mbox{Elev}_2 = & 181.00 \\ \mbox{Elev}_2 = & 115.65 \ tt \\ \mbox{Slope} = & 18.96 \ \% \\ \mbox{P} = & 1.92 \\ \mbox{Velocity} = & 11.97 \ fps \\ \mbox{Velocity} = & 12.34 \ min. \\ \mbox{Velocity} = & 0.46 \ min. \\ \mbox{T}_c = & 12.34 \ min. \\ \mbox{T}_c = & t_1 t_1 = & 12.81 \ min. \\ \mbox{T}_c & (check) = & N/A \ min. \\ \mbox{T}_c & (sed \ for \ calculation) = & 12.81 \ min. \\ \end{array} $		
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$\begin{array}{c} Elev_2 = & 181.00 \\ Elev_1 - Elev_2 = & 21.23 \\ Slope = & 18.96 \ \% \\ P = & 1.92 \\ t_i = & 12.34 \ \text{min.} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} Elev_1 - Elev_2 = & 115.65 \ \text{ft} \\ Slope = & 34.75 \ \% \\ Velocity = & 11.97 \ \text{fps} \\ Velocity = & 11.97 \ \text{fps} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \ \text{min.} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \ \text{min.} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \ \text{min.} \\ T_c = t_i t_i = & 12.34 \ \text{min.} \\ T_c \ (check) = & N/A \ \text{min.} \\ Tc \ (used \ \text{for calculation}) = & 12.81 \ \text{min.} \end{array}$		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
$\begin{array}{c c} P = & 1.92 & Velocity= & 11.97 \mbox{ fps} \\ t_i = & 12.34 \mbox{ min.} & Watercourse \ Type = & Paved \\ t_i = & 0.46 \mbox{ min.} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \mbox{ min.} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \mbox{ min.} \\ T_c = t_i + t_i = & 12.81 \mbox{ min.} \\ T_c \ (check) = & N/A \mbox{ min.} \\ Tc \ (used \mbox{ for calculation}) = & 12.81 \mbox{ min.} \end{array}$		
$ \begin{array}{c c} t_i = & 12.34 \text{ min.} & \text{Watercourse Type} = & \hline \textbf{Paved} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \text{ min.} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \text{ min.} \\ t_i = & 0.46 \text{ min.} \\ T_c = t_i + t_i = & 12.81 \text{ min.} \\ T_c = t_i + t_i = & 12.81 \text{ min.} \\ T_c (check) = & N/A \text{ min.} \\ \hline \textbf{Tc} (used for calculation) = & 12.81 \text{ min.} \end{array} $		
$t_{i} = 0.46 \text{ min.}$ $t_{i} = 12.34 \text{ min.}$ $t_{i} = 0.46 \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} = t_{i} + t_{i} = 12.81 \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} (check) = N/A \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} (check) = 12.81 \text{ min.}$		
$\begin{array}{cccc} t_{i} = & 12.34 \text{ min.} \\ t_{i} = & 0.46 \text{ min.} \\ T_{c} = t_{i} + t_{i} = & 12.81 \text{ min.} \\ T_{c} (check) = & N/A \text{ min.} \\ T_{c} (used \text{ for calculation}) = & 12.81 \text{ min.} \end{array}$		
$t_{r} = 0.46 \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} = t_{i}+t_{r} = 12.81 \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} (check) = N/A \text{ min.}$ $Tc (used for calculation) = 12.81 \text{ min.}$		
$t_{r} = 0.46 \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} = t_{i}+t_{r} = 12.81 \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} (check) = N/A \text{ min.}$ $Tc (used for calculation) = 12.81 \text{ min.}$		
$T_{c} = t_{i}+t_{i} = 12.81 \text{ min.}$ $T_{c} (check) = N/A \text{ min.}$ $Tc (used for calculation) = 12.81 \text{ min.}$		
T <sub>c</sub> (check) =     N/A min.       Tc (used for calculation) =     12.81 min.		
Tc (used for calculation) = 12.81 min.		
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):		
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Criteria, 819.2 (1) The product of C <sub>1</sub> times C shall not exceed 1.0		
Runoff Coefficient		
Frequency C <sub>f</sub> C C <sub>f</sub> *C C <sub>other</sub> This Project (C)		
2-year 1.000 0.275 0.275 0.275		
5-year 1.000 0.275 0.275 0.275		
10-year 1.000 0.275 0.275 0.275		
25-year 1.100 0.275 0.303 0.303		
50-year 1.200 0.275 0.331 0.331		
100-year 1.250 0.275 0.344 0.344		
Intensity ( 1 ): Calculated Flow Comments Source :		
Source : Intensity Peak Flow		
Frequency (inches/hour) (cfs)		
2-year <b>1.58 0.24</b> cfs		
5-year 2.25 0.34 cfs		
10-year 2.67 0.40 cfs		
25-year 3.21 0.54 cfs		
50-year 3.61 0.66 cfs		
100-year 4.02 0.76 cfs		

Project Name :	Bunker Road
Job No. :	100017371
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By :	TYK
Checked By :	AJF

		Potion	ol Motho	d Coloulati	000	
Basic Observations		nation	a metho	d Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics	42					
Basin Description (ID) = Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m	20)		
Total Basili Alea (A) =	7.55	acres	% land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	2.45	acres	30.82%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =		acres	69.18%	0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900	_	
Weighted C =				0.466	J	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:					<b>0</b> 1 11	
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				Shallow concentrated the following equation	and channel travel time calculated using :
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>	_		t <sub>t</sub> =	L
		P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-			60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffic				Travel Time (min)
		-	I flow in feet (500' r	naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =	0.4	light underbrush		Section		
Length =	237.23	ft		Length =	628.7582	ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	178.65			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	141.00	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	141.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	69	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	37.65			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	72.00	ft
Slope =		%		Slope =		
P =				Velocity=		
t <sub>i</sub> =			Watercourse Type = Paved			
				t <sub>t</sub> =		
				t <sub>i</sub> =		
				t <sub>t</sub> =	1.53	min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$	25.69	min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =	N/A	min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	25.69	min.
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite	əria, 819.2 (1)					
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	noff Coefficie C	nt C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)	
	-		-	Vother		
2-year	1.000	0.466	0.466		0.466	
5-year	1.000	0.466	0.466		0.466	
10-year	1.000	0.466	0.466		0.466	
25-year	1.100	0.466	0.512		0.512	
50-year	1.200	0.466	0.559		0.559	
100-year	1.250	0.466	0.582		0.582	l
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	f Flow	Comments	
Source :						
Frequency	Intensity (inches/hour)		Pe	eak Flow		
	(Incnes/nour) 0.98		2 60	(cfs)	4	
2-year 5-year	1.37		3.62 5.08			
10-year	1.64		5.08 6.07		1	
25-year	1.98		8.05		1	
50-year	2.21		9.83		1	
	2.46		11.39			
100-year	2.4n					

Project Name :	Bunker Road
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Checked By :	AJF

		Ration	al Metho	d Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics						
Basin Description (ID) = Total Basin Area (A) =	B1	acres	(see basin ma	20)		
Total Dasili Alea (A) =	1.17	acres	% land use	C (HEC 22)	7	
Area Paved =	0.14	acres	11.97%	0.950	-	
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban = Parks =	0.00	00100	0.00%	0.400		
Other =		acres acres	88.03% 0.00%	0.250 0.900		
Weighted C =	0.00	40103	0.0078	0.334		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	-55 equation :				Shallow concentrated	and channel travel time calculated using
	oo cquation .				the following equation	ı:
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			t <sub>t</sub> =	L
	2	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-		*	 60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffic				Travel Time (min)
			I flow in feet (500' r	naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section		10
Length =	300.00	ft		Length =	311	
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	190.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	35.14	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	35.14			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	25.93	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =				Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		
Slope =		%		Slope =		
P =	1.92			Velocity=		
t <sub>i</sub> =	18.19	min.	v	/atercourse Type =		
				t <sub>t</sub> =	1.40	min.
				t, =	18.19	min.
				t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		
			0 1 1			min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	19.67	
Runoff Coefficient (C): c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite	eria 8192(1)					
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
		noff Coefficie		<u> </u>	This Project (C)	4
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother		4
2-year	1.000	0.334	0.334		0.334	
5-year	1.000	0.334	0.334		0.334	
10-year	1.000	0.334	0.334		0.334	
25-year 50-year	1.100 1.200	0.334 0.334	0.367 0.401		0.367 0.401	
100-year	1.250	0.334	0.407 0.417		0.407	
÷						
Intensity (1):			Calculated	Flow	Comments	
Source :	Intensity		Pe	ak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)		
2-year	1.15		0.45		1	
5-year	1.63		0.64			
10-year	1.93		0.75			
25-year	2.33		1.00		1	
50-year	2.61 2.91		1.22 1.42		4	
100-year						

Project Name :	Bunker Road							
lob No. :	<u>100017371</u> 06.13.11		•					NS
Date By :	06.13.11 TYK		•					
by . Checked By :	AJF		•					
flecked by .			•					
	Ration	al Meth	nod Cal	culations				
Basin Charcteristics								
Basin Description								
Total Basin Ar	rea (A) = 9.49	acres	(see basin r					
		- J	% land use	C (HEC 22)				
		acres	0.84%	0.950				
Area Unpaved (m		acres	0.00%	0.020				
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acr	/	acres	0.00%	0.350				
Area Residential (> 2 acr	/	acres	0.00%	0.150				
Sui	burban = 0.00 Parks = 9.41	acres	0.00% 99.16%	0.400 0.250				
		acres	0.00%	0.200				
Weig	hted C =	acres	0.0078	0.256				
eneral Basin Description (und	eveloped or urbanized) :	under	veloped	1				
	eveloped of dibanized).	under	veloped					
Time of Concentration:					Shallow concentrat	ed and chan	nel travel	
Time (initial) calculated using the followin	ig SUS TR-55 equation :				time calculated usin			
		- 0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> l <sup>0.8</sup>				t		
	t <sub>c</sub> =	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>				t <sub>t</sub> = L 60V		
	where :	г 9			where :	60V		
		roughness co	nefficient:			tt = Travel Time	(min)	
		-		t (500' maximum)		L = flow length (		
			our rainfall depth			5- (		
		-	in slope in perce		,	V = velocity (fps)	)	
	Overland				Shallow Concentr	ated/Channe		
	Overland n = 0.4	light underbru	ush	Section	Shallow Concentr	ated/Channe	3	4
,	Length = 300.00			Length =	466.879	314.679	991.4968	
	Elev <sub>1</sub> = 450.00	1		Elev <sub>1</sub> =	350.00	184	174	28.39
	Elev <sub>2</sub> = 350.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	184	174	28.39	19.5
Flov	$v_1$ -Elev <sub>2</sub> = 100.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	166.00	10.00	145.61	8.89 ft
Liev	Slope = 33.33				35.56	3.18	14.69	3.14 %
	P = 1.92			Slope = Velocity=	8.94			12.10644 fps
		' min.	\W/a	tercourse Type =	GW	Paved	GW	Paved
	q= 21.07		**a	$t_t =$	0.87	0.43	1.85	0.39 mii
				4-	0.07	0.10	1.00	0.00 1111
				t, =	21.67	min.		
				$t_1 = t_1$	3.54	min.		
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$	25.21	min.		
				$T_c = t_i + t_i = T_c$ (check) =	N/A			
			Tc (used fo	or calculation) =		min. 21 min.		
			10 (0000 10		20.			
	sign Criteria 819.2 (1)							
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De	not exceed 1.0					_		
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De- The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall r	not exceed 1.0	ff Coefficie		6	This Project (C)			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De The product of C <sub>i</sub> times C shall r Frequency	not exceed 1.0 Runo C <sub>f</sub>	С	C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De The product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year	not exceed 1.0	C 0.256	C <sub>f</sub> *C 0.256	C <sub>other</sub>	0.256			
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: The product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year	not exceed 1.0  Runo  C <sub>1</sub> 1.000  1.000	C 0.256 0.256	C <sub>f</sub> *C 0.256 0.256	C <sub>other</sub>	0.256 0.256			
2-year 5-year 10-year	not exceed 1.0 C <sub>t</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000	C 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>f</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>other</sub>	0.256 0.256 0.256			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: 'he product of C <sub>i</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year	not exceed 1.0 C <sub>t</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.100	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>f</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281	C <sub>other</sub>	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: 'he product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year	not exceed 1.0	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307	Cother	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: 'he product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year	not exceed 1.0 C <sub>t</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.100	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>f</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281	C <sub>other</sub>	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: 'he product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year <b>Intensity (1):</b>	not exceed 1.0	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307		0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307			
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: The product of C <sub>i</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year	not exceed 1.0 C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320 Calculate	ed Flow	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: "he product of C <sub>i</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year 100-year <b>Intensity (1):</b> Source :	not exceed 1.0 Runo C <sub>f</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.250 Intensity	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320 Calculate	e <b>d Flow</b> ak Flow	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: The product of C <sub>i</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year 100-year <b>Intensity (1):</b> Source : Frequency	not exceed 1.0 Runo C <sub>r</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour)	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>t</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320 Calculate	e <b>d Flow</b> ak Flow (cfs)	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: The product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year <b>Intensity (1):</b> Source : Frequency 2-year	not exceed 1.0 Runo C <sub>t</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 0.99	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320 Calculate Pe 2.40	e <b>d Flow</b> ak Flow (cfs) cfs	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: The product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year <b>Intensity (1):</b> Source : Frequency 2-year 5-year	not exceed 1.0 Runo C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 0.99 1.39	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320 Calculate Pe 2.40 3.38	ed Flow ak Flow (cfs) cfs cfs	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: "he product of C <sub>i</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year <b>Intensity (1):</b> Source : Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year	not exceed 1.0 Runo C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 0.99 1.39 1.66	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320 Calculate Pe 2.40 3.38 4.03	ed Flow tak Flow (cfs) cfs cfs cfs	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320			
(f) from Caltrans Hydrology De: The product of C <sub>t</sub> times C shall r Frequency 2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year 50-year 100-year <b>Intensity (1):</b> Source : Frequency 2-year 5-year	not exceed 1.0 Runo C <sub>1</sub> 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.100 1.200 1.250 Intensity (inches/hour) 0.99 1.39	C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.256	C <sub>1</sub> *C 0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320 Calculate Pe 2.40 3.38	ed Flow ak Flow (cfs) cfs cfs cfs cfs cfs	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.281 0.307 0.320			

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Checked By :	AJF

		Pation	al Motho	d Calculatio	one	
Regin Charatavistics		nation	armetho	u Calculatio	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	D1					
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin ma	an)		
		40.00	% land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	0.06	acres	0.09%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =	69.88		99.91%	0.250		
Other = Weighted C =		acres	0.00%	0.900 0.251	-	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	-	undow	eloped	0.201	J	
	or urbanized) .	undevi	eloped			
Time of Concentration:					Shallow accounter to d	and abannal traval time estevilated with
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				the following equation	and channel travel time calculated using
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			t <sub>t</sub> =	L
		P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-			60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffic				Travel Time (min)
		-	flow in feet (500' r	naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n = Length =	0.4	light underbrush		Section	1 3672	4
•		it ii		Length = Elev <sub>1</sub> =		
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	790.00				750.00	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	750.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =		1
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =				Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		
Slope =		%		Slope =		
P =	1.92			Velocity=		
t, =	31.26	min.	v	/atercourse Type =		
				t <sub>t</sub> =	9.12	min.
					31.26	
				t, =		
				t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		
			<b>T</b> = ( = d f =	T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			I c (used for	calculation) =	40.38	min.
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite	eria, 819.2 (1)					
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee		off Coefficie				1
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)	1
	-		+ +	Vother		4
2-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
5-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
10-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
25-year	1.100	0.251	0.276		0.276	
50-year	1.200 1.250	0.251 0.251	0.301 0.313		0.301	
100-year	1.200	0.201	0.313		0.313	1
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	Flow	Comments	
Source :			Juicanatou			
	Intensity		Pe	ak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)		
2-year	0.78		13.74			
5-year	1.10		19.27			
10-year	1.32		23.06			
25-year	1.59		30.61			
50-year	1.77		37.31		1	
100-year	1.97		43.23	cts		

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Job No. :	100017371
Date	06.13.11
By :	TYK
Checked By :	AJF

		Pation	al Matha	d Calculati	000	
Realin Charateristics		Ration	ai metho	Galculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	D2	1				
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m	ap)		
.,		_	% land use	C (HEC 22)	]	
Area Paved =		acres	1.23%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> $.5 < 2$ acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) = Suburban =	-	acres	0.00% 0.00%	0.150 0.400		
Suburbari = Parks =		acres	98.77%	0.400		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900		
Weighted C =				0.259	]	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	d or urbanized) :	undeve	eloped	[		
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR	-55 equation :					and channel travel time calculated using
Three (minual) calculated using the following COC The	oo equation .				the following equation	1:
	t. =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			t. =	
	ч <sub>с</sub> –	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-		ų –	60V
	where :	-			where :	
		roughness coeffici	ient:			Travel Time (min)
		length of overland		maximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slop			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section		_
Length =	300.00	ft		Length =	1320.3198	ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	228.68			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	184.59	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	184.59			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	13.77	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	44.09	•		Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	170.82	ft
Slope =	14.70	%		Slope =	12.94	%
P =	1.92			Velocity=		fps
t <sub>i</sub> =	30.07	min.	Watercourse Type = GW			
				t <sub>t</sub> =	4.08	min.
				t, =		
				t,=		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_i =$		
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			rc (used for	calculation) =	34.15	min.
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
The product of of times of shall not exceed		noff Coefficie	nt			1
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	С	C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)	1
2-year	1.000	0.259	0.259		0.259	]
5-year	1.000	0.259	0.259		0.259	
10-year	1.000	0.259	0.259		0.259	
25-year	1.100	0.259	0.284		0.284	
50-year	1.200	0.259	0.310		0.310	
100-year	1.250	0.259	0.323		0.323	J
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	d Flow	Comments	
Source :						
	Intensity		P	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)	1	
2-year	0.83		0.70			
5-year	1.16		0.97		-	
10-year	1.39		1.17		-	
25-year 50-year	1.68 1.87		1.55 1.89		-	
100-year	2.09		2.19		-	
100-364	2.03		2.13	010		

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Checked By :	AJF

		Potion	ol Mothe	d Coloulati	200	
Regin Charataristics		Ration	armetho	od Calculatio		
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	E1	ĺ				
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m	ap)		
	-		% land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =		acres	6.48%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
= Suburban Parks	0.00	acres	0.00% 93.52%	0.400 0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.200		
Weighted C =		40100	0.0070	0.295		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undeve	eloped	Ι		
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :					and channel travel time calculated using
					the following equation	1:
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			t <sub>t</sub> =	L
	5	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>			ч <b>ь</b>	60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffici				Travel Time (min)
		length of overland		maximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slop			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland	I			Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section	323.7333	14
Length =	294.67	it.		Length =		
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	130.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	111.30	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	111.30			Elev <sub>2</sub> =		4
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	18.70			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		
Slope =	6.35			Slope =		
P =	1.92		Velocity= 7.72 fps			
t <sub>i</sub> =	41.47	min.	v	Vatercourse Type =	GW	-
				t <sub>t</sub> =	0.70	min.
				t, =	41.47	min.
				t, =		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	42.17	min.
Runoff Coefficient (C): c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite	eria 819.2 (1)					
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
_		noff Coefficie		2	This Drainst (C)	•
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)	4
2-year	1.000	0.295	0.295		0.295	
5-year	1.000	0.295	0.295		0.295	
10-year	1.000	0.295	0.295		0.295	
25-year	1.100	0.295	0.325		0.325	
50-year 100-year	1.200 1.250	0.295 0.295	0.354 0.369		0.354 0.369	
100-yeai	1.200	0.290	0.309	I	0.303	J
Intensity (1):			Calculated	d Flow	Comments	
Source :	Intensity		P	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)		
2-year	0.77		0.98		1	
5-year	1.08		1.38		1	
10-year	1.29		1.65		1	
25-year	1.56		2.19		]	
50-year	1.75		2.67		1	
100-year	1.94		3.10	cfs		

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		Pation	al Matha	d Calculati	000	
Paoin Charataristics		Ration	ai metho	d Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	F1	1				
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m	ap)		
		_	% land use	C (HEC 22)	]	
Area Paved =		acres	18.25%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> $.5 < 2$ acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) = Suburban =	0.00	acres	0.00% 0.00%	0.150 0.400		
Parks =		acres	81.75%	0.400		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900		
Weighted C =		•		0.378	]	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undev	eloped	[		
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				Shallow concentrated	and channel travel time calculated using
	oo equation :				the following equation	1:
	+ -	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			t	
	t <sub>c</sub> =	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-		ų =	60V
	where :	-			where :	
		roughness coeffic	ient:			Travel Time (min)
		length of overland		maximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland	_			Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section		1.
Length =	104.62			Length =	284	ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	112.73			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	25.27	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	25.27			Elev <sub>2</sub> =		
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	87.46			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		
Slope =	83.60			Slope =		
P =	1.92		Velocity= 3.10 fps			
t <sub>i</sub> =	6.46	min.	v	Vatercourse Type =	Paved	
				t <sub>t</sub> =	1.53	min.
				t, =	6.46	min.
				-, - t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =		min.
Runoff Coefficient (C): c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite	eria 819.2 (1)					
The product of $C_f$ times C shall not exceed						
_		noff Coefficie			This Dusis et (O)	
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)	
2-year	1.000	0.378	0.378		0.378	
5-year	1.000	0.378	0.378		0.378	
10-year	1.000	0.378	0.378		0.378	
25-year	1.100	0.378	0.416		0.416	
50-year 100-year	1.200 1.250	0.378 0.378	0.453 0.472		0.453 0.472	
100-year	1.200	0.070	0.472		0.772	1
Intensity (1):			Calculated	l Flow	Comments	
Source : Intensity			- D.	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)		Pe	cfs)		
2-year	(incries/nour) 2.18		1.04		1	
5-year	3.07		1.46		1	
10-year	3.66		1.74		1	
25-year	4.40		2.30		1	
50-year	4.94		2.82			
100-year	5.49		3.27	cfs		

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		Potion	ol Motho	d Coloulati	000	
Basin Okensteristiss		Ration	ar metho	d Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	F2					
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m	an)		
Total Dasin Alea (A) =	0.00	20103	% land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	0.07	acres	13.21%	0.950	-	
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =		acres	86.79%	0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900		
Weighted C =				0.342		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	l or urbanized) :	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	-55 equation :				Shallow concentrated the following equation	and channel travel time calculated using
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>	_		t <sub>t</sub> =	L
		P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-			60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffic				Travel Time (min)
		•	I flow in feet (500' r	naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section		A.
Length =	91.47	π		Length =	185.9397	
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	80.52			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	26.33	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =				Elev <sub>2</sub> =	21	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	54.19			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	5.33	ft
Slope =	59.24	%		Slope =	2.87	%
P =	1.92			Velocity=	3.44	fps
t <sub>i</sub> =	6.66	min.	v	/atercourse Type =	Paved	
				t <sub>t</sub> =	0.90	min.
				t <sub>i</sub> =		min.
				t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
	Tc (used for	calculation) =	7.56	min.		
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite						
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						1
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	noff Coefficie C	nt C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	1
	1.000	0.342	0.342	- other	0.342	1
2-year						
5-year	1.000	0.342	0.342		0.342	
10-year	1.000	0.342	0.342		0.342	
25-year	1.100	0.342	0.377		0.377	
50-year	1.200	0.342	0.411		0.411	
100-year	1.250	0.342	0.428		0.428	1
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	I Flow	Comments	
Source :	late a site					
Fragueney	Intensity (inches/hour)		Pe	eak Flow		
Frequency			0.44	(cfs)	-	
2-year	2.23		0.41 0.57			
5-year	3.15 3.75		0.57			
10-year 25-year	4.51		0.68			
50-year	5.06		1.10			
			1.10			
100-year	5.62					

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		Potion	ol Motho	d Coloulati	000	
Deale Observations		Hallon	ai metho	d Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	F3					
Total Basin Area (A) =	-	acres	(see basin m	an)		
Total Dasin Area (A) =	0.55	40103	% land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	0.12	acres	12.12%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =		acres	87.88%	0.250		
Other = Weighted C =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.900 0.335		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undev	eloped	0.000	1	
	or urbanized) .	undevi	eloped			
Time of Concentration:					Shallow concentrated	and channel travel time calculated using
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				the following equation	
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>	_		t <sub>t</sub> =	L
		P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-			60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffic				Travel Time (min)
		-	I flow in feet (500' r	naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section		1.
Length =	109.12	ft		Length =	309.1159	
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	67.83			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	35.69	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	35.69			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	20.83	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	32.13			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	14.86	ft
Slope =	29.45	%		Slope =	4.81	%
P =	1.92			Velocity=	4.45	fps
t <sub>i</sub> =	10.14	min.	v	/atercourse Type =	Paved	
				t <sub>t</sub> =	1.16	min.
				t, =		
				t,=		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
	I c (used for	calculation) =	11.30	min.		
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite						
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee		off Coefficie	nt			l
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	1
2-year	1.000	0.335	0.335		0.335	1
5-year	1.000	0.335	0.335		0.335	
10-year	1.000	0.335	0.335		0.335	
25-year	1.100	0.335	0.355		0.368	
50-year	1.200	0.335	0.402		0.402	
100-year	1.250	0.335	0.419		0.419	J
Intensity ( I ): Source :			Calculated	TIOW	Comments	
	Intensity		Pe	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)	J	
2-year	1.76		0.58		]	
5-year	2.48		0.82			
10-year	2.97		0.98			
25-year	3.57		1.30		1	
50-year	4.01		1.60 1.85		1	
100-year	4.46					

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Checked By .	AJF		-			
		Ration	al Metho	od Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics		nation			0113	
Basin Description (ID) =	G1					
Total Basin Area (A) =	21.99	acres	(see basin m	lan)		
Total Basili Alea (A) =	21.99	acres	% land use	C (HEC 22)	٦	
Area Paved =	0.02	acres	0.09%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00	40103	0.00%	0.400		
Parks =	21.97	acres	99.91%	0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900		
Weighted C =	0.00	40103	0.0078	0.300	-	
				0.201	1	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undeve	eloped			
Time of Concentration:					Challow concentrated	and shownal travel time coloulated using
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				the following equation	and channel travel time calculated using
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>	_		$t_t =$	L
		P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-			60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffici				Travel Time (min)
		length of overland		maximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour rai				
	S =	average basin slop	be in percent		V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =	0.4	light underbrush		Section	1 <u>1</u>	_
Length =	300.00	ft		Length =	1177.5648	ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	230.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	210.00	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	210.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	35.93	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	20.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		4
		~				
Slope =	6.67	%		Slope =		
P =	1.92		,	Velocity=		
t <sub>i</sub> =	41.25	min.	```	Vatercourse Type =		
				t <sub>t</sub> =	2.51	min.
				t <sub>i</sub> =	41.25	min.
				t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			To (used for	calculation) =	43.76	
			10 (0300 10)		45.70	
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
The product of Oftimes C shail hot excee		noff Coefficier	nt			]
Frequency	Cf	С	C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)	1
2-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
5-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
10-year 25-year						
25-year 50-year	1.100 1.200	0.251 0.251	0.276 0.301		0.276 0.301	
100-year	1.250	0.251	0.307		0.313	
				·		
Intensity ( I ):			Calculate	d Flow	Comments	
Source :	Intensity		Р	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)		· ·	(cfs)		
2-year	0.76		4.18		1	
5-year	1.07		5.88			
10-year	1.27		7.03			
25-year	1.54		9.33			
50-year	1.72		11.37			
i uu-yeai	100-year 1.91 13.17 cfs					

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Checked By :	AJF

		Potion	ol Motho	d Coloulati	200	
Besin Obersteristic		Hallor	iar metho	d Calculation		
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	1					
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin ma	an)		
Total Basin Alea (A) =	1.01	20103	% land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	1.52	acres	94.41%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =		acres	5.59%	0.250		
Other = Weighted C =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.900 0.911	-	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) ·	undev	eloped	0.511	1	
	or urbanized) .	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:					Shallow concentrated	and channel travel time calculated using
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				the following equation	-
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>	_		t <sub>t</sub> =	L
		P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-			60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffic				Travel Time (min)
			d flow in feet (500' r	naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section		1.
Length =	300.00	ft		Length =	948	
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	394.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	300.00	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	300.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	83.84	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	94.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	216.16	ft
Slope =	31.33	%		Slope =	22.80	%
P =	1.92		Velocity= 7.16 fps			fps
t <sub>i</sub> =	22.21	min.	v	/atercourse Type =	GW	
				t <sub>t</sub> =	2.21	min.
					00.04	
				t, =		
				t,=		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
	I c (used for	calculation) =	24.42	min.		
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite						
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee		off Coefficie	ent			1
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	1
2-year	1.000	0.911	0.911	Janos	0.911	1
5-year	1.000	0.911	0.911		0.911	
	1.000	0.911	0.911		0.911	
10-year 25-year	1.100	0.911	1.000		1.000	
50-year	1.200	0.911	1.000		1.000	
100-year	1.250	0.911	1.000		1.000	
						-
Intensity (1): Source :			Calculated	I Flow	Comments	
	Intensity		Pe	ak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)	]	
2-year	1.01		1.48			
5-year	1.42		2.09			
10-year	1.70		2.49			
25-year	2.05		3.30			
				oto		
50-year 100-year	2.29 2.55		3.69 4.11			

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		Ration	al Metho	d Calculati	ons	
Pagin Charateristics		nation	aimetho	u Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	H1					
Total Basin Area (A) =	40.67	acres	(see basin ma	(ae		
			% land use	C (HEC 22)	7	
Area Paved =	0.09	acres	0.22%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	11.02%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks = Other =	36.10	acres	88.76% 0.00%	0.250 0.900		
Weighted C =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.900		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undeve	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				Shallow concentrated	and channel travel time calculated using
					the following equation	1:
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			t <sub>t</sub> =	L
		P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-			60V
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffici				Travel Time (min)
		length of overland		naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slop			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =	0.4	light underbrush		Section		2
Length =	300.00	ft		Length =	1356.7479	88.949 ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	340.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	280.00	74.1572
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	280.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	74.1572	73.26
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	60.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	205.84	0.90 ft
Slope =	20.00	%		Slope =	15.17	1.01 %
P =	1.92			Velocity=		
t, =	26.58	min.	V	atercourse Type =	GW	Paved
				t <sub>t</sub> =	3.87	0.19 min.
				• -	06 59	min
			t <sub>i</sub> = 26.58 min. t <sub>i</sub> = 4.06 min.			
				$T_c = t_i + t_i =$		
			To (used for	T <sub>c</sub> (check) = calculation) =	= N/A 30.64	min.
			rc (used for	calculation) =	30.04	
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
•		noff Coefficier	nt			]
Frequency	Cf	С	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	
2-year	1.000	0.263	0.263		0.263	
5-year	1.000	0.263	0.263		0.263	
10-year	1.000	0.263	0.263		0.263	
25-year	1.100	0.263	0.289		0.289	
50-year	1.200	0.263	0.315		0.315	
100-year	1.250	0.263	0.328		0.328	J
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	I Flow	Comments	
Source :	1.1		_			
Frequency	Intensity (inches/hour)		Pe	eak Flow (cfs)		
2-year	(inches/fiour) 0.86		9.13			
5-year	0.86 1.19		9.13 cfs 12.75 cfs			
10-year	1.43		15.30			
25-year	1.73		20.33			
50-year	1.93		24.73			
100-year	2.15		28.68			

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		Pation	al Mothe	od Calculati	one	
Basin Charcteristics		nation	armetric	Galculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	H1 + J1					
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m	ap)		
Area Paved = Area Unpaved (median) = Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =	0.13 0.00 4.48	acres acres acres	% land use 0.27% 0.00% 9.27%	C (HEC 22) 0.950 0.020 0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) = Suburban = Parks = Other =	0.00 43.73 0.00	acres acres acres	0.00% 0.00% 90.46% 0.00%	0.150 0.400 0.250 0.900		
Weighted C =				0.261		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	l or urbanized) :	undeve	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR	-55 equation :				the following equation	and channel travel time calculated using
	where : n =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup> P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup> roughness coeffici				L 60V Travel Time (min)
	P =	length of overland 2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slop	infall depth	maximum)		flow length (ft) velocity (fps)
	Overland	average basin SIO			Shallow Concentrate	
n = Length =	0.4	light underbrush		Section Length =		2 88.949 ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	340.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =		
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	1			Elev <sub>2</sub> =		73.26
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =				Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		0.90 ft
Slope =				Slope =		
P =			Velocity= 5.84 7.91 fps			
t, =	26.58	min.	v	Vatercourse Type =	GW	Paved
				t <sub>t</sub> =	3.87	0.19 min.
				t, =	26.58	min.
			t <sub>t</sub> = 4.06 min.			min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$	30.64	min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =	• N/A	min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	30.64	min.
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						_
-		noff Coefficier		0	This Project (C)	
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother		4
2-year	1.000	0.261	0.261		0.261	
5-year	1.000	0.261	0.261		0.261	
10-year	1.000	0.261	0.261		0.261	
25-year 50-year	1.100 1.200	0.261 0.261	0.287 0.313		0.287 0.313	
100-year	1.250	0.261	0.313		0.373	
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	d Flow	Comments	
Source :					Common to	
Frequency	Intensity (inches/hour)		P(	eak Flow (cfs)		
2-year	0.86		10.80		]	
5-year	1.19		15.07		]	
10-year	1.43		18.08		1	
25-year	1.73		24.03		1	
50-year 100-year	1.93		29.23		4	
	2.15		33.90	CIS		

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		Duti				
		Ration	al Metho	d Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics	<u> </u>					
Basin Description (ID) =						
Total Basin Area (A) =	7.07	acres	(see basin ma % land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	0.04	acres	0.52%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =		acres	99.48%	0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900	-	
Weighted C =			l	0.254		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	-55 equation :					and channel travel time calculated using
					the following equation	1:
	to =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			t =	1
	че —	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-		ų –	60V
	where :	-			where :	
		roughness coeffic	eient:			Travel Time (min)
			flow in feet (500' n	naximum)	L =	flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =		light underbrush		Section		2
Length =	300.00	ft		Length =	542.67	<b>284.41</b> ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	360.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	320.00	87.79
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	320.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	87.79	69.68
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	40.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	232.21	18.11 ft
Slope =		%		Slope =		
P =				Velocity=		13.28 fps
t <sub>i</sub> =	31.26	min.	W	atercourse Type =	GW	Paved
				t <sub>t</sub> =	0.92	0.36 min.
				t <sub>i</sub> =	31.26	min.
				t <sub>t</sub> =	1.28	min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$	32.54	min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	32.54	min.
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite						
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee		off Confficient	nt			1
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	noff Coefficie C	nt C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	1
2-year	1.000	0.254	0.254	- otner	0.254	1
5-year	1.000	0.254	0.254		0.254	
10-year	1.000	0.254 0.254	0.254 0.279		0.254 0.279	
25-year 50-year	1.100 1.200	0.254 0.254	0.279 0.304		0.279 0.304	
100-year	1.250	0.254	0.317		0.317	
						·
Intensity ( I ):			Calculateo	Flow	Comments	
Source : Intensity			Pe	ak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)		
2-year	0.84		1.64 cfs		1	
5-year	1.18		2.29		]	
10-year	1.41		2.74			
25-year	1.70		3.64			
50-year	1.90		4.43			
100-year	100-year 2.11			cfs		

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Checked By :	TYK

		Ration	al Metho	d Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics	K.					
Basin Description (ID) =				)		
Total Basin Area (A) =	0.00	acres	(see basin m % land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	0.02	acres	0.29%	0.950	-	
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =		acres	99.71%	0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900		
Weighted C =				0.252	]	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	or urbanized) :	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	-55 equation :					and channel travel time calculated using
					the following equation	:
	+ -	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			+ _	
	u <sub>C</sub> ≡	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-		t <sub>t</sub> =	60V
	where :	. 0			where :	55 V
		roughness coeffic	ient:			Travel Time (min)
		-	flow in feet (500' i	naximum)		flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra				
	S =	average basin slo	pe in percent		V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	d/Channel
n =	0.011			Section		
Length =	300.00	ft		Length =	664.6757	ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	400.00		Elev <sub>1</sub> = 240.00			
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	240.00		Elev <sub>2</sub> = 166.01			
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	160.00		$Elev_1$ - $Elev_2 = 73.99$ ft			
Slope =		%	Slope = 11.13 %			
P =	1.92	,0	Velocity= 6.77 fps			
t <sub>i</sub> =		min.	Watercourse Type = Paved			
			$t_t = 1.64 \text{ min.}$			
				·		
				t <sub>i</sub> =	1.01	min.
				t <sub>t</sub> =	1.64	min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_i = 2.65 \text{ min.}$		
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =	min.	
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	6.00	
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):	aria 010 0 (1)					
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
		noff Coefficie				
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	С	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	
2-year	1.000	0.252	0.252		0.252	
5-year	1.000	0.252	0.252		0.252	
10-year	1.000	0.252	0.252		0.252	
25-year	1.100	0.252	0.277		0.277	
50-year	1.200	0.252	0.302		0.302	
100-year	1.250	0.252	0.315		0.315	
Interesity (1);			Coloulate	Elow	Commonte	
Intensity (1): Source :			Calculated	THOW	Comments	
	Intensity		P,	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)		
2-year	2.62		4.53		1	
5-year	3.71		4.53 cfs 6.41 cfs		1	
10-year	4.38		7.57		1	
25-year	5.26		10.00		1	
50-year	5.92		12.27		1	
100-year	6.58		14.19		1	
·						

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		Ration	al Metho	d Calculation	ons	
Basin Charcteristics	1 14					
Basin Description (ID) = <b>Total Basin Area (A) =</b>		acres	(see basin m	20)		
Total Basili Alea (A) =	- 1.00	acres	% land use	C (HEC 22)	1	
Area Paved =	0.17	acres	17.00%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =		acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	-		0.00%	0.400		
Parks = Other =		acres acres	83.00% 0.00%	0.250 0.900		
Weighted C =		40103	0.0078	0.369		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	d or urbanized) :	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR	-55 equation :					and channel travel time calculated using
The (mildi) calculated using the following CCC Th	i oo cquation .				the following equation	1:
		0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>				
	ι <sub>c</sub> =	P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup>	-		L <sub>t</sub> =	L 60V
	where :				where :	00 V
		roughness coeffic	ient:			Travel Time (min)
			flow in feet (500' i	maximum)		flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra				
		average basin slo	pe in percent			velocity (fps)
	Overland	ı .		Castion	Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n = Length =	-			Section Length =	314.7	ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =				Elev <sub>1</sub> =	180.00	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =				Elev <sub>2</sub> =	169.5	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		1		Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		1 #
Slope =		%		Slope =		
P =			Velocity= 3.71 fps			
t <sub>i</sub> =		min.	v	Vatercourse Type =	Paved	
				t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				t <sub>i</sub> =	1.08	min.
				t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$		min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	6.00	min.
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crit						
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not exce		noff Coefficie	nt			1
Frequency	Cf	С	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	1
2-year	1.000	0.369	0.369		0.369	1
5-year	1.000	0.369	0.369		0.369	
10-year	1.000	0.369	0.369		0.369	
25-year	1.100	0.369	0.406		0.406	
50-year	1.200	0.369	0.443		0.443	
100-year	1.250	0.369	0.461		0.461	J
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	l Flow	Comments	
Source :						
	Intensity		Pe	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)		
2-year	2.62		0.97			
5-year	3.71		1.37			
10-year	4.38		1.62 cfs 2.14 cfs			
25-year	5.26 5.92		2.14 2.62			
5()-vear			2.02	010		
50-year 100-year	6.58		3.03			

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Checked By :	ТҮК

		Detion	ol Mothe			
		Ration	al Metho	od Calculati	ons	
Basin Charcteristics	M1	1				
Basin Description (ID) = Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m	an)		
Area Paved = Area Unpaved (median) = Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) = Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) Suburban = Parks =	0.24 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	acres acres acres acres	% land use 3.25% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 96.75%	C (HEC 22) 0.950 0.020 0.350 0.150 0.400 0.250		
Other = Weighted C =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.230 0.900 0.273		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	l or urbanized) :	undeve	eloped	I		
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	-55 equation :				Shallow concentrated the following equation	and channel travel time calculated using :
	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup> P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup> roughness coeffici length of overland 2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slop	flow in feet (500' infall depth	maximum)	L =	L 60V Travel Time (min) flow length (ft) velocity (fps)	
	Overland	_			Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n = Length Elev <sub>1</sub> Elev <sub>2</sub> Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> Slope = P = t <sub>i</sub> =	v	Section Length = Elev <sub>1</sub> = Elev <sub>2</sub> = Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> = Slope = Velocity= Vatercourse Type = t, =	1042.7 560.00 256.07 303.93 29.15 8.09 GW	ft % fps		
			Tc (used for	$t_{i} = t_{t} = t_{t} = T_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} = T_{c} \text{ (check)} = calculation) = t_{i}$	2.15 21.09	min. min. min.
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite	eria, 819.2 (1)					
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
		noff Coefficie		-	•	
Frequency	Cf	С	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	
2-year	1.000	0.273	0.273		0.273	
5-year	1.000	0.273	0.273		0.273	
10-year	1.000	0.273	0.273		0.273	
25-year	1.100	0.273	0.300		0.300	
50-year	1.200	0.273	0.327		0.327	
100-year	1.250	0.273	0.341		0.341	l
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated		Comments	
Source :			Jaiourale		comments	
	Intensity (inches/hour)		P	eak Flow (cfs)		
2-year	Frequency (inches/hour) 2-year 1.10			cfs	1	
5-year	1.56		3.14		1	
10-year	1.85		3.73		1	
25-year	2.23		4.94		1	
50-year	2.50		6.05		]	
100-year	2.78		7.01	cfs		

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Date	09.22.10
By :	AJF
Checked By :	TYK

		Detion				
		Ration	ai Metho	d Calculation	ons	
Basin Charcteristics Basin Description (ID) =	N1					
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin m		1	
Area Paved = Area Unpaved (median) = Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) = Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) = Suburban = Parks = Other = Weighted C = General Basin Description (undeveloped	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.77 0.00	acres acres acres acres acres acres acres	% land use           1.24%           0.00%           0.00%           0.00%           0.00%           98.76%           0.00%	C (HEC 22) 0.950 0.020 0.350 0.150 0.400 0.250 0.900 0.259		
				·		
Time of Concentration:					Shallow concentrated	and channel travel time calculated using
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR-	55 equation :				the following equation	-
	where : n = L= P =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup> P <sup>0.5</sup> S <sup>0.4</sup> roughness coeffic length of overland 2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo	l flow in feet (500' i ainfall depth	naximum)	L =	L 60V Travel Time (min) flow length (tt) velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{c c} n = & 0.4 \\ \text{Length} = & 300.00 \\ \text{Elev}_1 = & 845.00 \\ \text{Elev}_2 = & 560.00 \\ \text{Elev}_1 - \text{Elev}_2 = & 285.00 \\ \text{Slope} = & 95.00 \\ \text{Slope} = & 95.00 \\ \text{P} = & 1.92 \\ t_i = & 14.25 \ \text{min.} \end{array}$			v	Section Length = Elev <sub>1</sub> = Elev <sub>2</sub> = Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> = Slope = Velocity = Vatercourse Type = t <sub>1</sub> =	782.8412 560.00 287.54 272.46 34.80 8.84 GW	ft % fps
				t <sub>i</sub> = t <sub>t</sub> =		min. min.
			$T_c = t_i + t_i = 15.73 \text{ min.}$			
			$T_{c} (check) = N/A min.$ Tc (used for calculation) = 15.73 min.			
			•	-		
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
		noff Coefficie	nt			]
Frequency	Cf	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	
2-year	1.000	0.259	0.259		0.259	
5-year	1.000	0.259	0.259		0.259	
10-year	1.000	0.259	0.259		0.259	
25-year	1.100	0.259	0.285		0.285	
50-year	1.200	0.259	0.310		0.310	
100-year	1.250	0.259	0.323		0.323	l
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	f Flow	Comments	
Source :						
	Intensity		Pe	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)		
2-year	1.36		1.70			
5-year	1.94		2.43			
10-year	2.29		2.87			
25-year	2.76		3.79			
50-year	3.11		4.66			
100-year	3.46		5.40	615		

Project Name :	Bunker Road
Job No. :	100017371
Date	09.13.10
By :	CD
Checked By :	JMH

			_			
		Ratior	nal Metho	d Calculation	ons	
Basin Charcteristics						
Basin Description (ID) =						
Total Basin Area (A) =	169.08	acres	(see basin m		1	
Aver Devel	0.05	l	% land use	C (HEC 22)	-	
= Area Paved = Area Unpaved (median)		acres acres	0.15% 0.00%	0.950 0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =		acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00	40.00	0.00%	0.400		
Parks =	168.83	acres	99.85%	0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900		
Weighted C =				0.251		
General Basin Description (undeveloped	l or urbanized) :	undev	veloped	[		
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR	-55 equation :					and channel travel time calculated using
. ,					the following equation	1:
		0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>			*	
	ι <sub>c</sub> =	p0.5 c0.4	_		t <sub>t</sub> =	60V
	where :	1 3			where :	υυv
		roughness coeffic	cient:			Travel Time (min)
		-	d flow in feet (500' i	maximum)		flow length (ft)
		2-year, 24-hour ra				
		average basin slo			V =	velocity (fps)
	Overland				Shallow Concentrate	ed/Channel
n =	0.4	light underbrush		Section		
Length =	766.00	ft		Length =	3467	ft
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	740.00			Elev <sub>1</sub> =	640.00	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	640.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	23	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =	-			Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		ft
Slope =		o/_		Slope =		
P =		,0		Velocity=	6.32	
t, =		min.	v	Vatercourse Type =	GW	
4-				t <sub>t</sub> =		min.
				t, =	66.73	min.
				t <sub>t</sub> =	9.14	min.
				$T_c = t_i + t_t =$	75.87	min.
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		min.
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	75.87	min.
Run off Oppefficient ( O )						
Runoff Coefficient (C): c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite	eria, 819.2 (1)					
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee						
	-	noff Coefficie			This Preiset (C)	
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	C <sub>other</sub>	This Project (C)	
2-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
5-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
10-year	1.000	0.251	0.251		0.251	
25-year	1.100	0.251	0.276		0.276	
50-year	1.200	0.251	0.301		0.301	
100-year	1.250	0.251	0.314		0.314	l
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated	d Flow	Comments	
Source :						
	Intensity		Pe	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)			(cfs)	1	
2-year	0.64		27.16			
5-year	0.91		38.62			
10-year	1.08		45.84			
25-year	1.30		60.70			
50				10105		
50-year 100-year	1.46 1.62		74.36 85.95			

Project Name :	Bunker Road
Job No. :	100017371
Date	6/28/2011
By :	CD
Checked By :	JMH

Checked By !	UNIT 1		_			
		Ration	al Metho	d Calculatio	ons	
Basin Charcteristics						
Basin Description (ID) =	EX2					
Total Basin Area (A) =		acres	(see basin ma	ap)		
			% land use	C (HEC 22)	]	
Area Paved =	7.21	acres	7.32%	0.950		
Area Unpaved (median) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.020		
Area Residential (> .5 < 2 acre lots) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.350		
Area Residential (> 2 acre lots) =	0.00	acres	0.00%	0.150		
Suburban =	0.00		0.00%	0.400		
Parks =		acres	92.26%	0.250		
Other =		acres	0.00%	0.900		
Weighted C =				0.300	J	
General Basin Description (undeveloped	d or urbanized) :	undev	eloped			
Time of Concentration:						
Time (initial) calculated using the following SCS TR	-55 equation :				Shallow concentrated and channel travel time calc	ulated using
	oo oqualion .				the following equation :	
		0.40-0.8.08				
	t <sub>c</sub> =	0.42 n <sup>0.8</sup> L <sup>0.8</sup>	-		t <sub>t</sub> =	
		P3 S*			60V	
	where :				where :	
		roughness coeffic		·····	$t_t = Travel Time (min)$	
		-	I flow in feet (500' r	naximum)	L = flow length (ft)	
		2-year, 24-hour ra average basin slo			V = velocity (fps)	
	5 =	average basin sio	pe in percent			
	Overland				Shallow Concentrated/Channel	
n =		light underbrush		Section	1	
Length =	588.00	ft		Length =	3578 ft	
Elev <sub>1</sub> =	880.00			$Elev_1 =$	680.00	
Elev <sub>2</sub> =	680.00			Elev <sub>2</sub> =	20	
Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =				Elev <sub>1</sub> -Elev <sub>2</sub> =		
Slope =		0/		Slope =		
P =		70				
		and an	14	Velocity=	GW	
t <sub>i</sub> =	36.82	min.	v	/atercourse Type =		
				t <sub>t</sub> =	9.26 min.	
				t <sub>i</sub> =	36.82 min.	
				t <sub>t</sub> =		
				$T_c = t_i + t_i =$		
				T <sub>c</sub> (check) =		
			Tc (used for	calculation) =	46.08 min.	
			10 (0000 101	calculation) =	40.00 mm.	
Runoff Coefficient ( C ):						
c(f) from Caltrans Hydrology Design Crite						
The product of C <sub>f</sub> times C shall not excee		anti Caattiala				
Frequency	C <sub>f</sub>	noff Coefficie C	C <sub>f</sub> *C	Cother	This Project (C)	
				Cother		
2-year	1.000	0.300	0.300		0.300	
5-year	1.000	0.300	0.300		0.300	
10-year	1.000	0.300	0.300		0.300	
25-year	1.100	0.300	0.330		0.330	
50-year	1.200	0.300	0.360		0.360	
100-year	1.250	0.300	0.375		0.375	
Intensity ( I ):			Calculated		Comments	
Source :			Jaiouraleu		Commento	
	Intensity		Pe	eak Flow		
Frequency	(inches/hour)		1	(cfs)		
	0.74		21.94		1	
			30.89			
2-year	1.04					
2-year 5-year	1.04 1.25			cfs		
2-year 5-year 10-year	1.25		36.87			
2-year 5-year 10-year 25-year	1.25 1.50		36.87 48.92	cfs		
2-year 5-year 10-year	1.25		36.87	cfs cfs		

#### Bunker.nss.txt

National Streamflow Statistics Program Version 4.0 Based on Techniques and Methods Book 4-A6 Equations from database C:\Program Files\NSS\NSS\_v4\_2009-07-20.mdb Updated by TKoenig 5/7/2009 at 2:02:34 PM Further clarify PROB\_nDAY definitions. Equations for California developed using English units

Site: Bunker Raod, California User: 24335 Date: Tuesday, November 16, 2010 04:35 PM

Rural Estimate: Rural 1 Basin Drainage Area: 3.54 square miles 1 Region Region: North\_Coast\_Region Drainage\_Area = 3.54 square miles Mean\_Annual\_Precipitation = 30 inches Altitude\_Index = 1 thousand feet Crippen & Bue Region 17

Results for: Rural 1

Equations used: PK2 = 3.52 (DRNAREA)^0.9 (PRECIP)^0.89 (ALTIND)^-0.47 PK5 = 5.04 (DRNAREA)^0.89 (PRECIP)^0.91 (ALTIND)^-0.35 PK10 = 6.21 (DRNAREA)^0.88 (PRECIP)^0.93 (ALTIND)^-0.27 PK25 = 7.64 (DRNAREA)^0.87 (PRECIP)^0.94 (ALTIND)^-0.17 PK50 = 8.57 (DRNAREA)^0.87 (PRECIP)^0.96 (ALTIND)^-0.08 PK100 = 9.23 (DRNAREA)^0.87 (PRECIP)^0.97 PK500 = <extrapolated>

	Value, Sta	Indard
Statistic	cfs Er	ror, %
PK2	227	66
PK5	343	60
PK10	447	60
PK25	561	60
PK50	674	63
PK100	751	66
PK500	1020*	

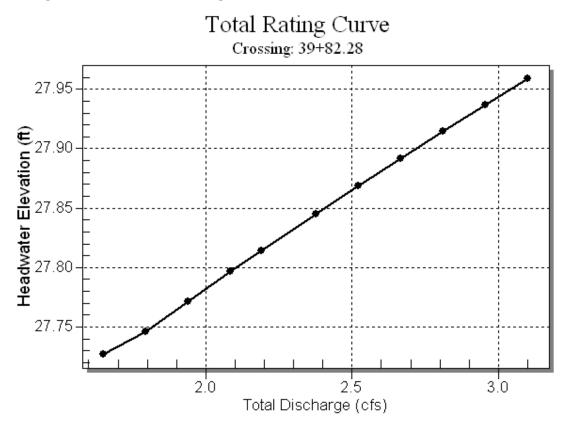
\*Extrapolated value maximum: 17500 (for C&B region 17) HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

**Bunker Road Culverts** 

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	A1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
27.73	1.65	1.65	0.00	1
27.75	1.79	1.79	0.00	1
27.77	1.94	1.94	0.00	1
27.80	2.09	2.09	0.00	1
27.81	2.19	2.19	0.00	1
27.85	2.38	2.38	0.00	1
27.87	2.52	2.52	0.00	1
27.89	2.67	2.67	0.00	1
27.91	2.81	2.81	0.00	1
27.94	2.96	2.96	0.00	1
27.96	3.10	3.10	0.00	1
34.88	39.63	39.63	0.00	Overtopping

### Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: 39+82.28

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: 39+82.28



Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
1.65	1.65	27.73	0.607	0.0*	1-S2n	0.304	0.438	0.328	0.000	4.778	0.000
1.79	1.79	27.75	0.626	0.0*	1-S2n	0.319	0.456	0.330	0.000	5.157	0.000
1.94	1.94	27.77	0.652	0.0*	1-S2n	0.334	0.474	0.334	0.000	5.485	0.000
2.09	2.09	27.80	0.677	0.0*	1-S2n	0.348	0.492	0.356	0.000	5.418	0.000
2.19	2.19	27.81	0.694	0.0*	1-S2n	0.359	0.505	0.364	0.000	5.528	0.000
2.38	2.38	27.85	0.725	0.0*	1-S2n	0.378	0.528	0.382	0.000	5.630	0.000
2.52	2.52	27.87	0.749	0.0*	1-S2n	0.392	0.546	0.395	0.000	5.728	0.000
2.67	2.67	27.89	0.772	0.0*	1-S2n	0.404	0.564	0.405	0.000	5.870	0.000
2.81	2.81	27.91	0.795	0.0*	1-S2n	0.413	0.582	0.421	0.000	5.895	0.000
2.96	2.96	27.94	0.817	0.0*	1-S2n	0.422	0.600	0.429	0.000	6.056	0.000
3.10	3.10	27.96	0.839	0.0*	1-S2n	0.431	0.613	0.433	0.000	6.275	0.000

Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: A1

\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

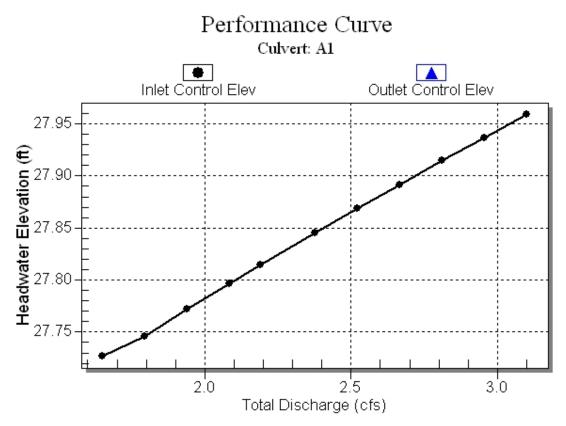
\*\*\*\*\*

Inlet Elevation (invert): 27.12 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 26.42 ft

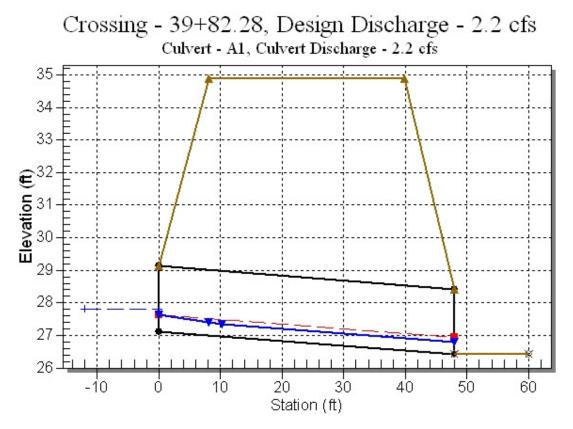
Culvert Length: 48.01 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0146

\*\*\*\*\*

**Culvert Performance Curve Plot: A1** 



### Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: A1



### Site Data - A1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 27.12 ft Outlet Station: 48.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 26.42 ft Number of Barrels: 1

### **Culvert Data Summary - A1**

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.00 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

### Table 3 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: 39+82.28)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
1.65	26.42	0.00
1.79	26.42	0.00
1.94	26.42	0.00
2.09	26.42	0.00
2.19	26.42	0.00
2.38	26.42	0.00
2.52	26.42	0.00
2.67	26.42	0.00
2.81	26.42	0.00
2.96	26.42	0.00
3.10	26.42	0.00

### Tailwater Channel Data - 39+82.28

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 26.42 ft

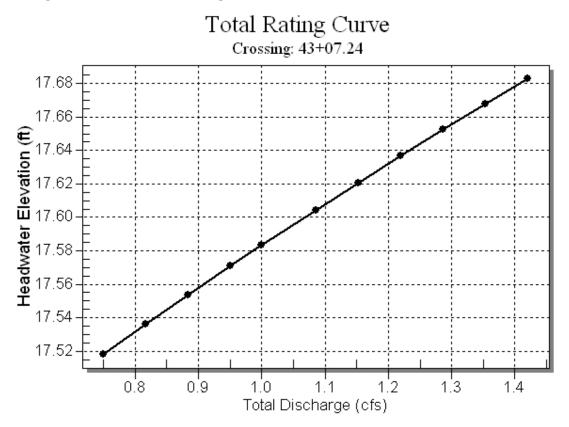
### Roadway Data for Crossing: 39+82.28

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 10.00 ft Crest Elevation: 34.88 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 31.60 ft

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	B1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
17.52	0.75	0.75	0.00	1
17.54	0.82	0.82	0.00	1
17.55	0.88	0.88	0.00	1
17.57	0.95	0.95	0.00	1
17.58	1.00	1.00	0.00	1
17.60	1.09	1.09	0.00	1
17.62	1.15	1.15	0.00	1
17.64	1.22	1.22	0.00	1
17.65	1.29	1.29	0.00	1
17.67	1.35	1.35	0.00	1
17.68	1.42	1.42	0.00	1
26.90	45.11	45.11	0.00	Overtopping

### Table 4 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: 43+07.24

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: 43+07.24



Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
0.75	0.75	17.52	0.397	0.0*	1-S2n	0.266	0.282	0.272	0.000	2.830	0.000
0.82	0.82	17.54	0.416	0.0*	1-S2n	0.277	0.295	0.285	0.000	2.876	0.000
0.88	0.88	17.55	0.433	0.0*	1-S2n	0.289	0.308	0.298	0.000	2.917	0.000
0.95	0.95	17.57	0.450	0.0*	1-S2n	0.300	0.322	0.312	0.000	2.953	0.000
1.00	1.00	17.58	0.463	0.0*	1-S2n	0.308	0.332	0.322	0.000	2.976	0.000
1.09	1.09	17.60	0.484	0.0*	1-S2n	0.323	0.349	0.339	0.000	3.013	0.000
1.15	1.15	17.62	0.500	0.0*	1-S2n	0.334	0.362	0.352	0.000	3.038	0.000
1.22	1.22	17.64	0.516	0.0*	1-S2n	0.346	0.375	0.354	0.000	3.186	0.000
1.29	1.29	17.65	0.532	0.0*	1-S2n	0.357	0.389	0.359	0.000	3.307	0.000
1.35	1.35	17.67	0.547	0.0*	1-S2n	0.369	0.401	0.370	0.000	3.339	0.000
1.42	1.42	17.68	0.562	0.0*	1-S2n	0.380	0.410	0.384	0.000	3.348	0.000

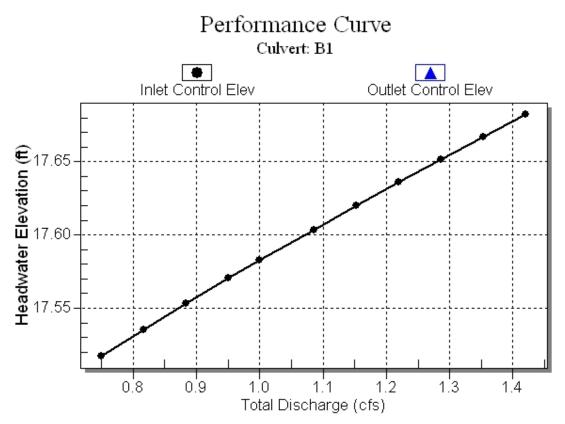
Table 5 - Culvert Summary Table: B1

\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

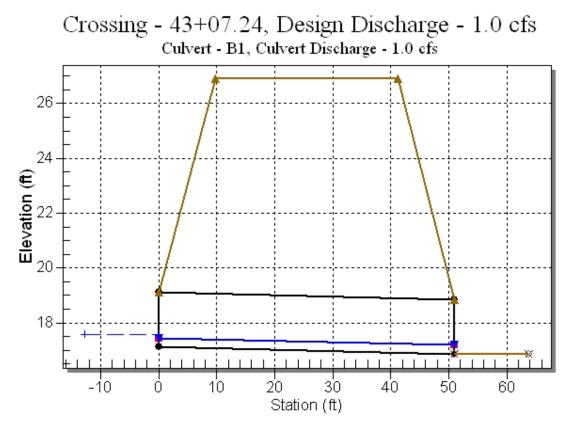
\*\*\*\*\*

Inlet Elevation (invert): 17.12 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 16.86 ft Culvert Length: 51.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0051

**Culvert Performance Curve Plot: B1** 



### Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: B1



### Site Data - B1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 17.12 ft Outlet Station: 51.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 16.86 ft Number of Barrels: 1

### **Culvert Data Summary - B1**

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.00 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

### Table 6 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: 43+07.24)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
0.75	16.86	0.00
0.82	16.86	0.00
0.88	16.86	0.00
0.95	16.86	0.00
1.00	16.86	0.00
1.09	16.86	0.00
1.15	16.86	0.00
1.22	16.86	0.00
1.29	16.86	0.00
1.35	16.86	0.00
1.42	16.86	0.00

### Tailwater Channel Data - 43+07.24

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 16.86 ft

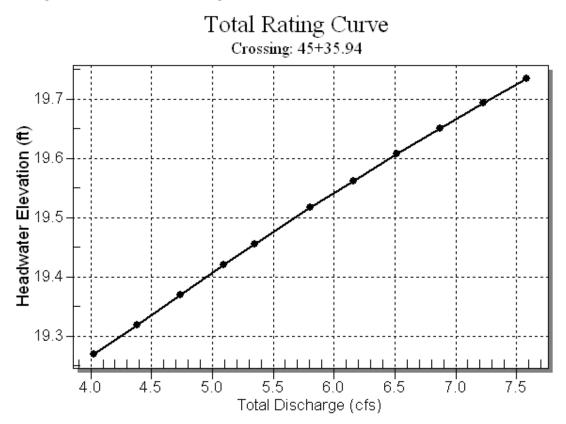
### Roadway Data for Crossing: 43+07.24

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 10.00 ft Crest Elevation: 26.90 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 31.60 ft

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	C1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
19.27	4.03	4.03	0.00	1
19.32	4.38	4.38	0.00	1
19.37	4.74	4.74	0.00	1
19.42	5.10	5.10	0.00	1
19.46	5.35	5.35	0.00	1
19.52	5.80	5.80	0.00	1
19.56	6.16	6.16	0.00	1
19.61	6.52	6.52	0.00	1
19.65	6.87	6.87	0.00	1
19.69	7.22	7.22	0.00	1
19.73	7.58	7.58	0.00	1
23.47	30.89	30.89	0.00	Overtopping

### Table 7 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: 45+35.94

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: 45+35.94



Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
4.03	4.03	19.27	0.970	0.0*	1-S2n	0.646	0.698	0.650	0.000	4.588	0.000
4.38	4.38	19.32	1.018	0.0*	1-S2n	0.674	0.730	0.679	0.000	4.649	0.000
4.74	4.74	19.37	1.070	0.0*	1-S2n	0.703	0.762	0.711	0.000	4.718	0.000
5.10	5.10	19.42	1.121	0.0*	1-S2n	0.731	0.795	0.734	0.000	4.865	0.000
5.35	5.35	19.46	1.156	0.0*	1-S2n	0.752	0.814	0.753	0.000	4.932	0.000
5.80	5.80	19.52	1.217	0.0*	1-S2n	0.788	0.847	0.790	0.000	5.030	0.000
6.16	6.16	19.56	1.262	0.0*	1-S2n	0.814	0.873	0.815	0.000	5.122	0.000
6.52	6.52	19.61	1.307	0.0*	1-S2n	0.839	0.899	0.839	0.000	5.220	0.000
6.87	6.87	19.65	1.350	0.0*	1-S2n	0.864	0.925	0.864	0.000	5.282	0.000
7.22	7.22	19.69	1.393	0.0*	1-S2n	0.888	0.951	0.890	0.000	5.344	0.000
7.58	7.58	19.73	1.434	0.0*	1-S2n	0.913	0.977	0.916	0.000	5.401	0.000

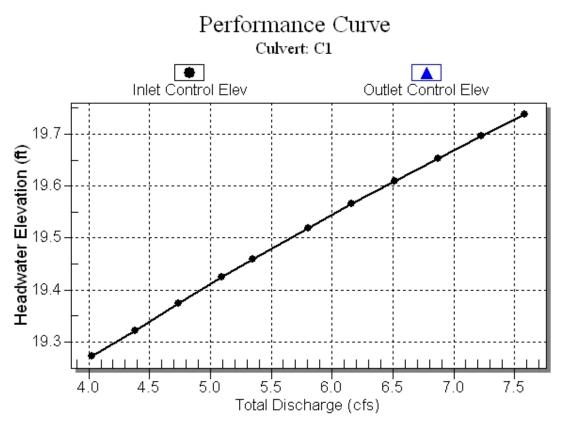
Table 8 - Culvert Summary Table: C1

\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

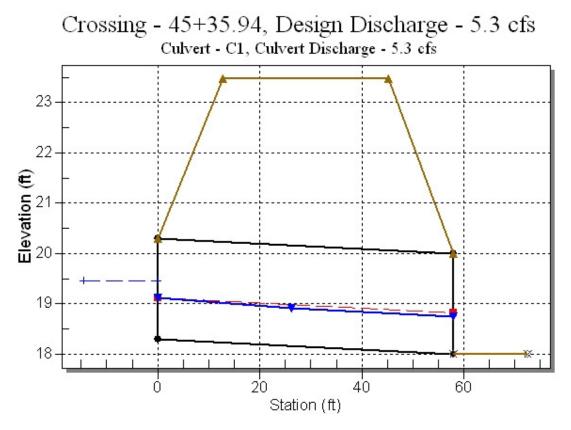
\*\*\*\*\*

Inlet Elevation (invert): 18.30 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 18.00 ft Culvert Length: 58.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0052

**Culvert Performance Curve Plot: C1** 



# Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: C1



# Site Data - C1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 18.30 ft Outlet Station: 58.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 18.00 ft Number of Barrels: 1

# Culvert Data Summary - C1

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.00 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

# Table 9 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: 45+35.94)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
4.03	18.00	0.00
4.38	18.00	0.00
4.74	18.00	0.00
5.10	18.00	0.00
5.35	18.00	0.00
5.80	18.00	0.00
6.16	18.00	0.00
6.52	18.00	0.00
6.87	18.00	0.00
7.22	18.00	0.00
7.58	18.00	0.00

# Tailwater Channel Data - 45+35.94

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 18.00 ft

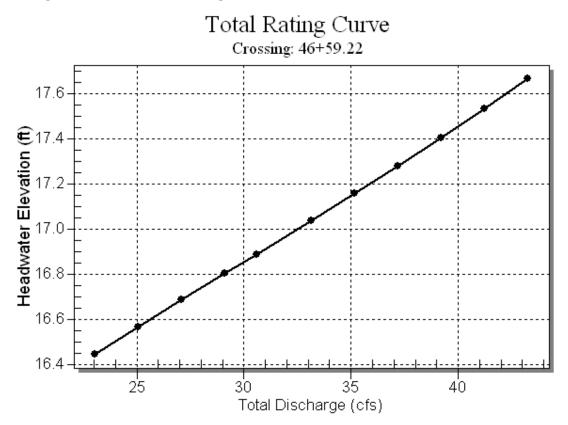
# Roadway Data for Crossing: 45+35.94

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 10.00 ft Crest Elevation: 23.47 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 32.55 ft

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	D1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
16.45	23.06	23.06	0.00	1
16.57	25.08	25.08	0.00	1
16.68	27.09	27.09	0.00	1
16.80	29.11	29.11	0.00	1
16.89	30.61	30.61	0.00	1
17.04	33.14	33.14	0.00	1
17.16	35.16	35.16	0.00	1
17.28	37.18	37.18	0.00	1
17.40	39.20	39.20	0.00	1
17.53	41.21	41.21	0.00	1
17.67	43.23	43.23	0.00	1
30.00	129.74	129.74	0.00	Overtopping

# Table 10 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: 46+59.22

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: 46+59.22



Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
23.06	23.06	16.45	2.285	0.0*	1-S2n	1.367	1.543	1.375	0.000	7.295	0.000
25.08	25.08	16.57	2.406	0.0*	1-S2n	1.436	1.609	1.442	0.000	7.460	0.000
27.09	27.09	16.68	2.524	0.0*	1-S2n	1.505	1.676	1.508	0.000	7.617	0.000
29.11	29.11	16.80	2.641	0.0*	1-S2n	1.570	1.743	1.576	0.000	7.742	0.000
30.61	30.61	16.89	2.728	0.0*	1-S2n	1.619	1.792	1.625	0.000	7.834	0.000
33.14	33.14	17.04	2.876	0.0*	1-S2n	1.701	1.864	1.707	0.000	7.986	0.000
35.16	35.16	17.16	2.996	0.0*	1-S2n	1.766	1.921	1.770	0.000	8.106	0.000
37.18	37.18	17.28	3.118	0.0*	5-S2n	1.833	1.977	1.833	0.000	8.214	0.000
39.20	39.20	17.40	3.243	0.0*	5-S2n	1.901	2.033	1.902	0.000	8.303	0.000
41.21	41.21	17.53	3.372	0.0*	5-S2n	1.969	2.090	1.969	0.000	8.393	0.000
43.23	43.23	17.67	3.506	0.0*	5-S2n	2.037	2.138	2.037	0.000	8.469	0.000

Table 11 - Culvert Summary Table: D1

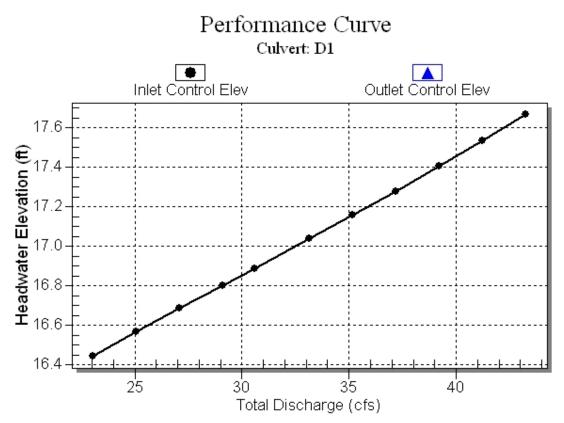
\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

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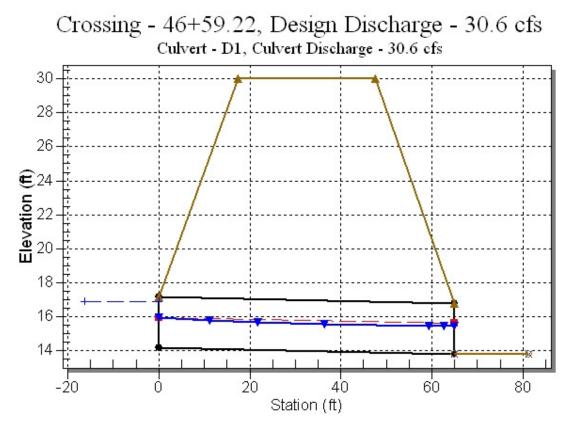
Inlet Elevation (invert): 14.16 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 13.80 ft Culvert Length: 65.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0055

\*\*\*\*\*

**Culvert Performance Curve Plot: D1** 



### Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: D1



# Site Data - D1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 14.16 ft Outlet Station: 65.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 13.80 ft Number of Barrels: 1

# Culvert Data Summary - D1

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 3.00 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

# Table 12 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: 46+59.22)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
23.06	13.80	0.00
25.08	13.80	0.00
27.09	13.80	0.00
29.11	13.80	0.00
30.61	13.80	0.00
33.14	13.80	0.00
35.16	13.80	0.00
37.18	13.80	0.00
39.20	13.80	0.00
41.21	13.80	0.00
43.23	13.80	0.00

# Tailwater Channel Data - 46+59.22

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 13.80 ft

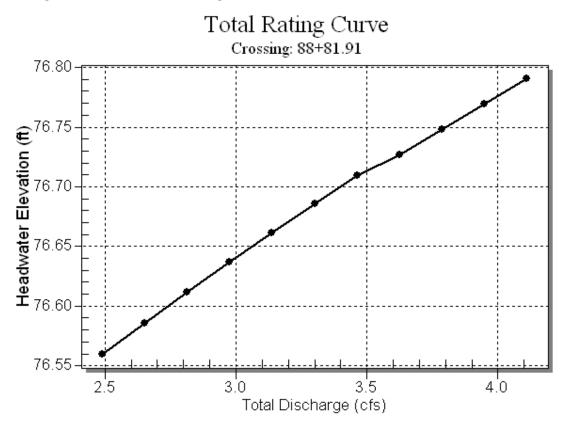
# Roadway Data for Crossing: 46+59.22

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 10.00 ft Crest Elevation: 30.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 30.00 ft

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	l1: Driveway Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
76.56	2.49	2.49	0.00	1
76.59	2.65	2.65	0.00	1
76.61	2.81	2.81	0.00	1
76.64	2.98	2.98	0.00	1
76.66	3.14	3.14	0.00	1
76.69	3.30	3.30	0.00	1
76.71	3.46	3.46	0.00	1
76.73	3.62	3.62	0.00	1
76.75	3.79	3.79	0.00	1
76.77	3.95	3.95	0.00	1
76.79	4.11	4.11	0.00	1
80.23	27.75	27.75	0.00	Overtopping

# Table 13 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: 88+81.91

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: 88+81.91



Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
2.49	2.49	76.56	0.750	0.0*	1-S2n	0.503	0.542	0.511	0.264	3.896	1.876
2.65	2.65	76.59	0.776	0.0*	1-S2n	0.520	0.562	0.522	0.273	4.029	1.923
2.81	2.81	76.61	0.801	0.0*	1-S2n	0.538	0.582	0.541	0.284	4.072	1.958
2.98	2.98	76.64	0.827	0.0*	1-S2n	0.555	0.602	0.561	0.293	4.106	1.998
3.14	3.14	76.66	0.851	0.0*	1-S2n	0.572	0.616	0.575	0.302	4.183	2.036
3.30	3.30	76.69	0.875	0.001	1-S2n	0.589	0.631	0.590	0.311	4.254	2.070
3.46	3.46	76.71	0.899	0.009	1-S2n	0.605	0.646	0.606	0.319	4.313	2.110
3.62	3.62	76.73	0.917	0.019	1-S2n	0.618	0.661	0.620	0.329	4.384	2.139
3.79	3.79	76.75	0.938	0.027	1-S2n	0.631	0.675	0.634	0.337	4.443	2.174
3.95	3.95	76.77	0.959	0.036	1-S2n	0.645	0.690	0.649	0.346	4.498	2.199
4.11	4.11	76.79	0.980	0.044	1-S2n	0.658	0.705	0.664	0.354	4.494	2.230

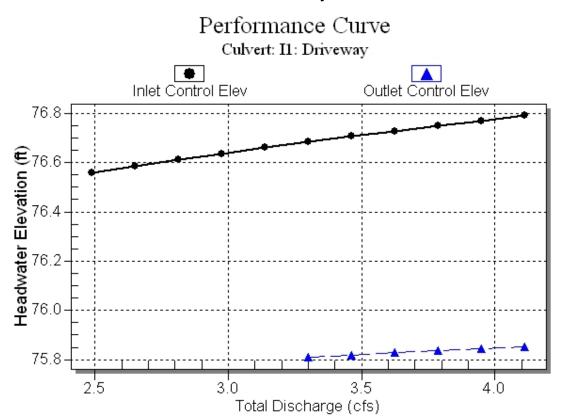
Table 14 - Culvert Summary Table: I1: Driveway

\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

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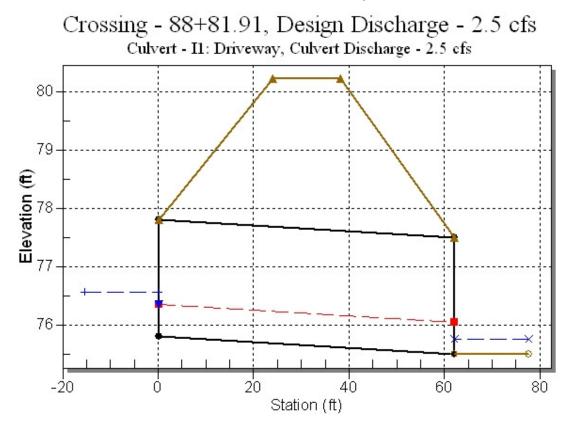
Inlet Elevation (invert): 75.81 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 75.50 ft

Culvert Length: 62.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0050



# **Culvert Performance Curve Plot: 11: Driveway**





Site Data - I1: Driveway

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 75.81 ft Outlet Station: 62.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 75.50 ft Number of Barrels: 1

# **Culvert Data Summary - I1: Driveway**

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.00 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
2.49	75.76	0.26	1.88	0.16	0.68
2.65	75.77	0.27	1.92	0.17	0.68
2.81	75.78	0.28	1.96	0.18	0.68
2.98	75.79	0.29	2.00	0.18	0.69
3.14	75.80	0.30	2.04	0.19	0.69
3.30	75.81	0.31	2.07	0.19	0.69
3.46	75.82	0.32	2.11	0.20	0.70
3.62	75.83	0.33	2.14	0.21	0.70
3.79	75.84	0.34	2.17	0.21	0.70
3.95	75.85	0.35	2.20	0.22	0.70
4.11	75.85	0.35	2.23	0.22	0.70

# Table 15 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: 88+81.91)

# Tailwater Channel Data - 88+81.91

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel Bottom Width: 4.50 ft Side Slope (H:V): 2.00 (\_:1) Channel Slope: 0.0100 Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Channel Invert Elevation: 75.50 ft

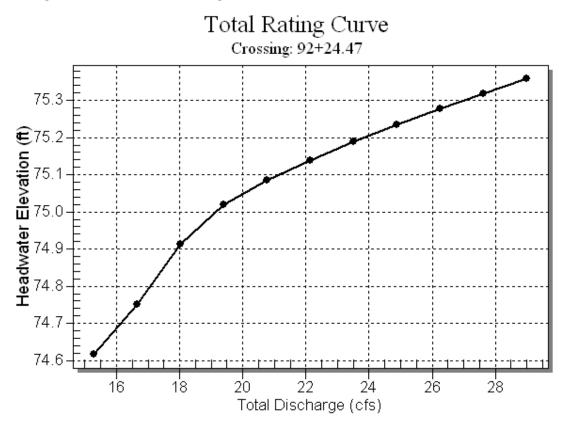
# Roadway Data for Crossing: 88+81.91

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 10.00 ft Crest Elevation: 80.23 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 14.00 ft

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	H1: Driveway Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
74.61	15.30	15.30	0.00	1
74.75	16.67	16.67	0.00	1
74.91	18.04	18.04	0.00	1
75.01	19.40	18.78	0.60	8
75.08	20.77	19.21	1.54	6
75.13	22.14	19.57	2.54	5
75.18	23.51	19.90	3.57	4
75.23	24.88	20.19	4.66	4
75.27	26.24	20.46	5.76	4
75.31	27.61	20.72	6.88	4
75.35	28.98	20.95	8.02	4
74.94	18.26	18.26	0.00	Overtopping

# Table 16 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: 92+24.47

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: 92+24.47



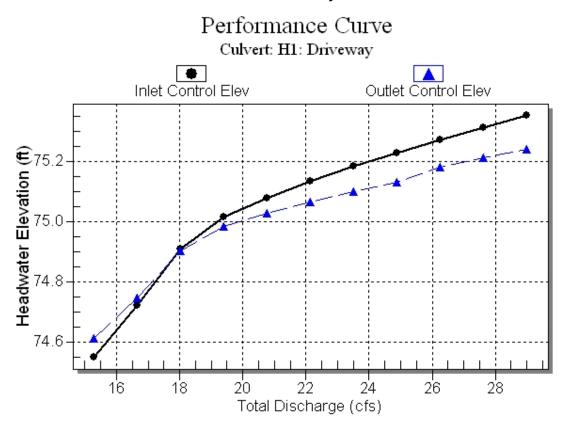
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
15.30	15.30	74.61	2.291	2.352	2-M2c	1.600	1.409	1.410	0.000	6.464	0.000
16.67	16.67	74.75	2.463	2.488	2-M2c	1.798	1.466	1.472	0.000	6.726	0.000
18.04	18.04	74.91	2.648	2.643	2-M2c	2.000	1.524	1.530	0.000	7.009	0.000
19.40	18.78	75.01	2.755	2.723	2-M2c	2.000	1.555	1.560	0.000	7.155	0.000
20.77	19.21	75.08	2.819	2.769	2-M2c	2.000	1.574	1.577	0.000	7.239	0.000
22.14	19.57	75.13	2.874	2.808	2-M2c	2.000	1.589	1.591	0.000	7.310	0.000
23.51	19.90	75.18	2.923	2.841	2-M2c	2.000	1.602	1.603	0.000	7.373	0.000
24.88	20.19	75.23	2.970	2.871	2-M2c	2.000	1.610	1.613	0.000	7.431	0.000
26.24	20.46	75.27	3.013	2.921	2-M2c	2.000	1.618	1.623	0.000	7.484	0.000
27.61	20.72	75.31	3.054	2.953	2-M2c	2.000	1.626	1.632	0.000	7.534	0.000
28.98	20.95	75.35	3.093	2.983	2-M2c	2.000	1.633	1.640	0.000	7.581	0.000

Table 17 - Culvert Summary Table: H1: Driveway

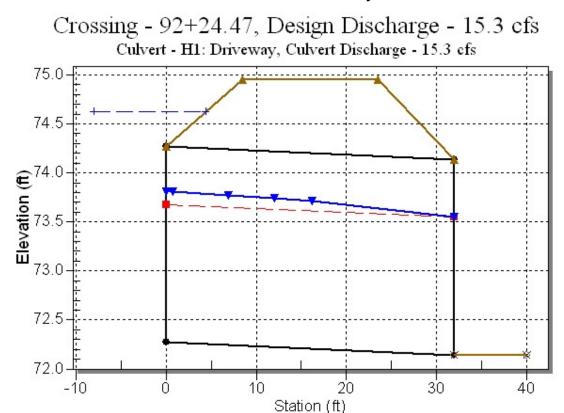
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Inlet Elevation (invert): 72.26 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 72.13 ft

Culvert Length: 32.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0041



Culvert Performance Curve Plot: H1: Driveway



### Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: H1: Driveway

### Site Data - H1: Driveway

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 72.26 ft Outlet Station: 32.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 72.13 ft Number of Barrels: 1

# **Culvert Data Summary - H1: Driveway**

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.00 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
15.30	72.13	0.00
16.67	72.13	0.00
18.04	72.13	0.00
19.40	72.13	0.00
20.77	72.13	0.00
22.14	72.13	0.00
23.51	72.13	0.00
24.88	72.13	0.00
26.24	72.13	0.00
27.61	72.13	0.00
28.98	72.13	0.00

# Table 18 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: 92+24.47)

# Tailwater Channel Data - 92+24.47

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 72.13 ft

# Roadway Data for Crossing: 92+24.47

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 10.00 ft Crest Elevation: 74.94 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 15.00 ft

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

### Project Data

Project Title:95% Bunker RoadDesigner:Project Date:Tuesday, February 15, 2011Project Units:U.S. Customary UnitsNotes:

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: A3: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: A3: Historic Ditch

#### **Channel Analysis: A3: Historic Ditch**

Notes:

#### Input Parameters

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 6.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0520 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0160 Flow: 6.0700 (cfs)

### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4469 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.7989 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.7177 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2149 (ft) Average Velocity: 7.5981 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.5752 (ft) Froude Number: 2.8326 Critical Depth: 0.3796 (ft) Critical Velocity: 2.4721 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.1242 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 3.0366 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.4501 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.6973 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Computing the required channel block (berm) height Percent Clogging: 0.0000 Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Perimeter: 10.5800 (ft) Effective Perimeter: 10.5800 (ft) Area: 2.2191 (ft^2) Effective Area: 2.2191 (ft^2) Depth at Center of Grate: 0.3319 (ft) Computed Top Width at Center of Grate: 2.6555 (ft) Flow Type: Weir Flow Computed Velocity Head of Approach Flow: 0.8965 (ft/s) Computed Depth at Block: 0.4185 (ft) Computed Specific Energy: 1.3434 (ft) Minimum Block Height: 1.3434 (ft) Recommend 0.5 ft (0.15 m) Freeboard be added to Minimum Block Height Efficiency: 1.0000

#### Channel Analysis: A3: Historic Ditch Notes:

NULES.

# **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 6.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0520 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0160 Flow: 6.0700 (cfs)

### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4469 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.7989 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.7177 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2149 (ft) Average Velocity: 7.5981 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.5752 (ft) Froude Number: 2.8326 Critical Depth: 0.3796 (ft) Critical Velocity: 2.4721 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.1242 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 3.0366 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.4501 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.6973 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: A2: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: A2: Historic Paved Ditch

#### Channel Analysis: A2: Historic Paved Ditch

Notes:

# **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 6.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0660 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0160 Flow: 0.4000 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.1541 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.0950 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 1.2821 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.0741 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.2097 (ft/s) Top Width: 1.2330 (ft) Froude Number: 2.6724 Critical Depth: 0.0004 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.0825 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 3022425548595.1646 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0034 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.6347 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.3052 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 0.4000 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.7278

# Channel Analysis: A2: Historic Paved Ditch Notes:

# **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 6.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0660 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0160 Flow: 0.4000 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.1541 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.0950 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 1.2821 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.0741 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.2097 (ft/s) Top Width: 1.2330 (ft) Froude Number: 2.6724 Critical Depth: 0.0004 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.0825 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 3022425548595.1646 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0034 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.6347 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.3052 (lb/ft^2)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: A1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: A1: Historic Paved Ditch

#### Channel Analysis: A1: Historic Paved Ditch

Notes:

# **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 6.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0660 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0150 Flow: 1.6500 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.2559 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.2620 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 2.1292 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.1231 (ft) Average Velocity: 6.2969 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.0476 (ft) Froude Number: 3.1020 Critical Depth: 0.0146 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.4852 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 281509.7007 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.1170 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.0541 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.5068 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 1.6500 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.4651

#### Channel Analysis: A1: Historic Paved Ditch Notes:

### **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 6.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0660 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0150 Flow: 1.6500 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.2559 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.2620 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 2.1292 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.1231 (ft) Average Velocity: 6.2969 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.0476 (ft) Froude Number: 3.1020 Critical Depth: 0.0146 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.4852 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 281509.7007 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.1170 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.0541 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.5068 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Curb and Gutter Analysis: A1: Curbed Ditch Notes:

#### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0660 (ft/ft) Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 (ft/ft) Depressed Gutter Geometry Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.1000 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0160 Gutter Width: 3.0000 (ft) Width of Spread: 2.2329 (ft)

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Design Flow: 1.6500 (cfs) Gutter Depression: 2.8800 (in) Area of Flow: 0.4099 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 1.0000 Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.4159 (in)

#### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade Inlet Type: Grate Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft) Local Depression: 0.0000 (in)

#### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 1.1320 (cfs) Bypass Flow: 0.5180 (cfs) Approach Velocity: 4.0258 (ft/s) Splash-over Velocity: 6.6245 (ft/s) Efficiency: 0.6861 Curb and Gutter Analysis: B1: Curbed Ditch Notes:

#### **Gutter Input Parameters**

Longitudinal Slope of Road: 0.0180 (ft/ft) Cross-Slope of Pavement: 0.0200 (ft/ft) Depressed Gutter Geometry Cross-Slope of Gutter: 0.1000 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0160 Gutter Width: 3.0000 (ft) Width of Spread: 2.1196 (ft)

### **Gutter Result Parameters**

Design Flow: 0.7500 (cfs) Gutter Depression: 2.8800 (in) Area of Flow: 0.4049 (ft^2) Eo (Gutter Flow to Total Flow): 1.0000 Gutter Depth at Curb: 3.3887 (in)

#### **Inlet Input Parameters**

Inlet Location: Inlet on Grade Inlet Type: Grate Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft) Local Depression: 0.0000 (in)

#### **Inlet Result Parameters**

Intercepted Flow: 0.5832 (cfs) Bypass Flow: 0.1668 (cfs) Approach Velocity: 1.8522 (ft/s) Splash-over Velocity: 6.6245 (ft/s) Efficiency: 0.7775

### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: C1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: C1: Vegetated Channel

#### **Channel Analysis: C1: Vegetated Channel**

Notes:

### **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0160 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 4.0300 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.6038 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.4584 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 4.9792 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2929 (ft) Average Velocity: 2.7633 (ft/s) Top Width: 4.8305 (ft) Froude Number: 0.8863 Critical Depth: 0.1363 (ft) Critical Velocity: 1.4815 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 44.7889 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 1.0906 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.6029 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.2924 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Computing the required channel block (berm) height Percent Clogging: 0.0000 Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Perimeter: 10.5800 (ft) Effective Perimeter: 10.5800 (ft) Area: 2.2191 (ft^2) Effective Area: 2.2191 (ft^2) Depth at Center of Grate: 0.2526 (ft) Computed Top Width at Center of Grate: 2.0209 (ft) Flow Type: Weir Flow Computed Velocity Head of Approach Flow: 0.1186 (ft/s) Computed Depth at Block: 0.2793 (ft) Computed Specific Energy: 0.7224 (ft) Minimum Block Height: 0.7224 (ft) Recommend 0.5 ft (0.15 m) Freeboard be added to Minimum Block Height Efficiency: 1.0000

#### Channel Analysis: C1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

# **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0160 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 4.0300 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.6038 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.4584 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 4.9792 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2929 (ft) Average Velocity: 2.7633 (ft/s) Top Width: 4.8305 (ft) Froude Number: 0.8863 Critical Depth: 0.1363 (ft) Critical Velocity: 1.4815 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 44.7889 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 1.0906 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.6029 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.2924 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: D2: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: D2: Vegetated Ditch

### Channel Analysis: D2: Vegetated Ditch

Notes:

### **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0160 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.1700 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.3797 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.5768 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.1314 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.1842 (ft) Average Velocity: 2.0284 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.0379 (ft) Froude Number: 0.8203 Critical Depth: 0.0062 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.3157 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 54767283.2861 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0495 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.3791 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1839 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 1.1700 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0345

#### **Channel Analysis: D2: Vegetated Ditch** Notes:

# **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0160 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.1700 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.3797 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.5768 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 3.1314 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.1842 (ft) Average Velocity: 2.0284 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.0379 (ft) Froude Number: 0.8203 Critical Depth: 0.0062 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.3157 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 54767283.2861 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0495 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.3791 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1839 (lb/ft^2)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: E1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: E1: Vegetated Channel

### **Channel Analysis: E1: Vegetated Channel**

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.6500 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.6026 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.0895 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.8323 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2843 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.5144 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.6159 (ft) Froude Number: 0.4862 Critical Depth: 0.0300 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.6952 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 44321.7804 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.1801 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1880 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.0887 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 1.6500 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0047

#### Channel Analysis: E1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

### **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.6500 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.6026 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.0895 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 3.8323 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2843 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.5144 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.6159 (ft) Froude Number: 0.4862 Critical Depth: 0.0300 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.6952 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 44321.7804 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.1801 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1880 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.0887 (lb/ft^2)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: F1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: F1: Vegetated Channel

#### Channel Analysis: F1: Vegetated Channel

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.7400 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.6148 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.1338 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.9094 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2900 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.5346 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.6886 (ft) Froude Number: 0.4878 Critical Depth: 0.0343 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.7429 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 24277.8609 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.2057 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1918 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.0905 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 1.7400 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0036

#### Channel Analysis: F1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

#### **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.7400 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.6148 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.1338 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.9094 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2900 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.5346 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.6886 (ft) Froude Number: 0.4878 Critical Depth: 0.0343 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.7429 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 24277.8609 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.2057 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1918 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.0905 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: F2: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: F2: Vegetated Channel

#### Channel Analysis: F2: Vegetated Channel

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 0.6800 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4322 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.5604 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 2.7485 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2039 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.2134 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.5933 (ft) Froude Number: 0.4600 Critical Depth: 0.0033 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.2296 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 1022509977.8315 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0196 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1349 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.0636 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 0.6800 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0197

#### Channel Analysis: F2: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 0.6800 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4322 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.5604 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 2.7485 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2039 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.2134 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.5933 (ft) Froude Number: 0.4600 Critical Depth: 0.0033 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.2296 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 1022509977.8315 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0196 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.1349 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.0636 (lb/ft^2)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: F3: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: F3: Vegetated Channel

#### **Channel Analysis: F3: Vegetated Channel**

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 1.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0100 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 0.9800 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4712 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.5552 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 2.6094 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2128 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.7653 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.3562 (ft) Froude Number: 0.6409 Critical Depth: 0.0129 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.4553 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 2182356.7677 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0644 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.2940 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1328 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 0.9800 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0408

#### Channel Analysis: F3: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 1.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0100 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 0.9800 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4712 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.5552 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 2.6094 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2128 (ft) Average Velocity: 1.7653 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.3562 (ft) Froude Number: 0.6409 Critical Depth: 0.0129 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.4553 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 2182356.7677 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.0644 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.2940 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1328 (lb/ft^2)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: G1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: G1: Vegetated Channel

## Channel Analysis: G1: Vegetated Channel

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 1.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0420 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 7.0300 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.7538 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.4207 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 4.1742 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.3403 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.9484 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.7692 (ft) Froude Number: 1.4204 Critical Depth: 1.7742 (ft) Critical Velocity: 5.3446 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.0004 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 8.8712 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.9756 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.8920 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 7.0300 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0118

# Channel Analysis: G1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 1.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0420 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 7.0300 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.7538 (ft) Area of Flow: 1.4207 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 4.1742 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.3403 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.9484 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.7692 (ft) Froude Number: 1.4204 Critical Depth: 1.7742 (ft) Critical Slope: 0.0004 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.0004 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 8.8712 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.9756 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.8920 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: H1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: H1: Vegetated Channel

## **Channel Analysis: H1: Vegetated Channel**

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0160 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 15.3000 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 1.1170 (ft) Area of Flow: 3.7430 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 7.1031 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.5270 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.0876 (ft/s) Top Width: 6.7019 (ft) Froude Number: 0.9639 Critical Depth: 7.8595 (ft) Critical Velocity: 11.2489 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.0000 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 47.1573 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.1152 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.5261 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 13.6304 (cfs) Bypass flow: 1.6696 (cfs) Efficiency: 0.8909

# Channel Analysis: H1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0160 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 15.3000 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 1.1170 (ft) Area of Flow: 3.7430 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 7.1031 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.5270 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.0876 (ft/s) Top Width: 6.7019 (ft) Froude Number: 0.9639 Critical Depth: 7.8595 (ft) Critical Velocity: 11.2489 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.0000 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 47.1573 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.1152 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.5261 (lb/ft^2)

#### Channel Analysis: J1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0410 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 2.7400 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4913 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.7240 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.1241 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2318 (ft) Average Velocity: 3.7843 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.9476 (ft) Froude Number: 1.3456 Critical Depth: 0.1067 (ft) Critical Velocity: 1.3105 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 141.3391 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.6400 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.2569 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.5929 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: K1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: K1: Vegetated Channel

## **Channel Analysis: K1: Vegetated Channel**

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 1.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0140 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 7.5700 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.9523 (ft) Area of Flow: 2.2673 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 5.2734 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.4300 (ft) Average Velocity: 3.3387 (ft/s) Top Width: 4.7617 (ft) Froude Number: 0.8527 Critical Depth: 2.1348 (ft) Critical Velocity: 5.8626 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.0002 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 10.6741 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.8320 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.3756 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 7.3410 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.2290 (cfs) Efficiency: 0.9698

#### Channel Analysis: K1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 1.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0140 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 7.5700 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.9523 (ft) Area of Flow: 2.2673 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 5.2734 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.4300 (ft) Average Velocity: 3.3387 (ft/s) Top Width: 4.7617 (ft) Froude Number: 0.8527 Critical Depth: 2.1348 (ft) Critical Velocity: 5.8626 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 0.0002 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 10.6741 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.8320 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.3756 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: L1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: L1: Vegetated Channel

## Channel Analysis: L1: Vegetated Channel

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0200 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.6200 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4114 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.6772 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.3929 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.1996 (ft) Average Velocity: 2.3924 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.2916 (ft) Froude Number: 0.9295 Critical Depth: 0.0140 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.4742 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 1370221.5705 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.1117 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.5135 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.2491 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 1.6200 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0293

#### Channel Analysis: L1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0200 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 1.6200 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4114 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.6772 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 3.3929 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.1996 (ft) Average Velocity: 2.3924 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.2916 (ft) Froude Number: 0.9295 Critical Depth: 0.0140 (ft) Critical Velocity: 0.4742 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 1370221.5705 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.1117 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.5135 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.2491 (lb/ft^2)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: M1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: M1: Vegetated Channel

## **Channel Analysis: M1: Vegetated Channel**

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0450 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 3.7300 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.5420 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.8812 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.4465 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2557 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.2329 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.2518 (ft) Froude Number: 1.4330 Critical Depth: 0.2306 (ft) Critical Velocity: 1.9270 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 4.2862 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 1.3839 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.5219 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.7179 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 3.7300 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0566

#### Channel Analysis: M1: Vegetated Channel Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0450 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 3.7300 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.5420 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.8812 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.4465 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2557 (ft) Average Velocity: 4.2329 (ft/s) Top Width: 3.2518 (ft) Froude Number: 1.4330 Critical Depth: 0.2306 (ft) Critical Velocity: 1.9270 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 4.2862 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 1.3839 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.5219 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.7179 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: N1: Ditch Inlet

Notes:

Using the following channel: N1: Vegetated Channel

#### **Channel Analysis: N1: Vegetated Channel**

Notes:

#### **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0450 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 2.8700 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

Depth: 0.4912 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.7239 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.1239 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2317 (ft) Average Velocity: 3.9644 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.9474 (ft) Froude Number: 1.4097 Critical Depth: 0.1198 (ft) Critical Velocity: 1.3887 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 83.5809 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.7187 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.3794 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.6507 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

#### Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet on grade Grate Type: 30 degree tilt-bar Grate Width: 1.9600 (ft) Grate Length: 3.3300 (ft)

#### **Computed Data:**

Intercepted flow: 2.8700 (cfs) Bypass flow: 0.0000 (cfs) Efficiency: 1.0833

## Channel Analysis: N1: Vegetated Channel

Notes:

#### **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Triangular Side Slope 1 (Z1): 4.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 2.0000 (ft/ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0450 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.0300 Flow: 2.8700 (cfs)

#### **Result Parameters**

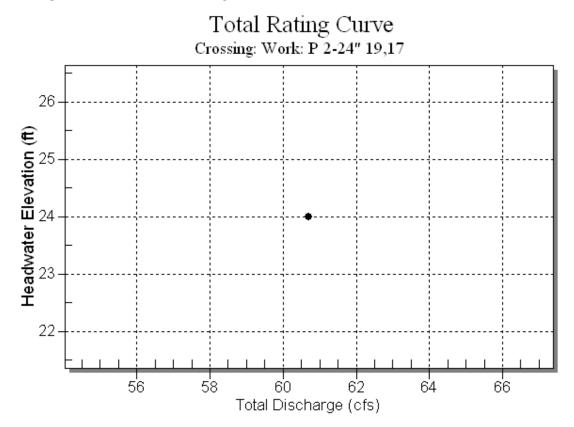
Depth: 0.4912 (ft) Area of Flow: 0.7239 (ft<sup>2</sup>) Wetted Perimeter: 3.1239 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 0.2317 (ft) Average Velocity: 3.9644 (ft/s) Top Width: 2.9474 (ft) Froude Number: 1.4097 Critical Depth: 0.1198 (ft) Critical Velocity: 1.3887 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 83.5809 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 0.7187 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.3794 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.6507 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>) HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Surfer Parking Lot Culvert

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert 1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
24.00	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
25.00	68.30	68.30	0.00	Overtopping

## Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Work: P 2-24" 19,17

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: Work: P 2-24" 19,17



Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000
60.70	60.70	24.00	5.004	0.0*	5-S2n	1.172	1.910	1.320	0.000	13.818	0.000

Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: Culvert 1

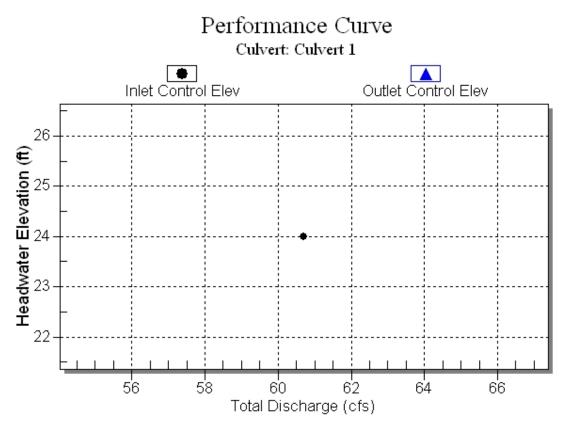
\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

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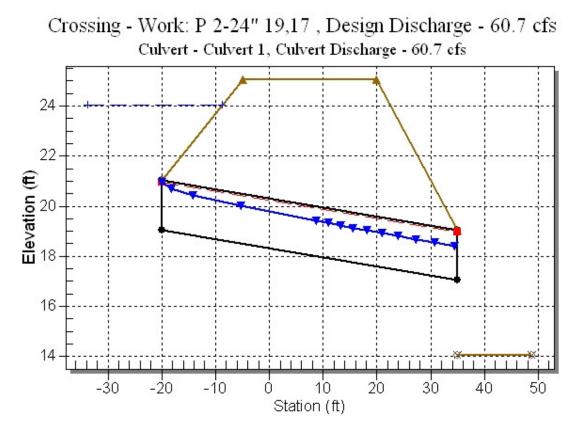
Inlet Elevation (invert): 19.00 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 17.00 ft Culvert Length: 55.04 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0364

\*\*\*\*\*

## **Culvert Performance Curve Plot: Culvert 1**



#### Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1



Site Data - Culvert 1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: -20.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 19.00 ft Outlet Station: 35.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 17.00 ft Number of Barrels: 2

## **Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1**

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.00 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

## Table 3 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Work: P 2-24" 19,17)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00
60.70	14.00	0.00

## Tailwater Channel Data - Work: P 2-24" 19,17

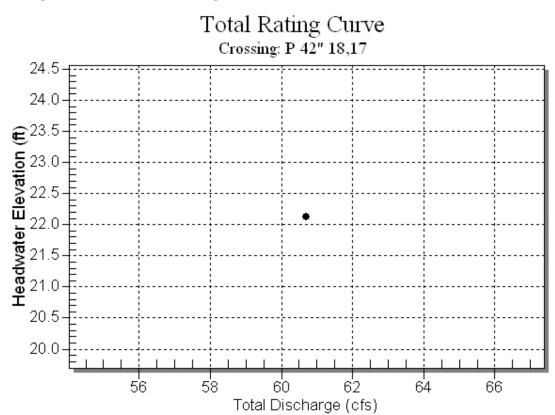
Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 14.00 ft

## Roadway Data for Crossing: Work: P 2-24" 19,17

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 200.00 ft Crest Elevation: 25.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 25.00 ft

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert 1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
22.13	60.70	60.70	0.00	1
25.00	94.23	94.23	0.00	Overtopping

## Table 4 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: P 42" 18,17



Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: P 42" 18,17

Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000
60.70	60.70	22.13	4.132	0.0*	5-S2n	1.533	2.441	1.800	0.000	12.182	0.000

Table 5 - Culvert Summary Table: Culvert 1

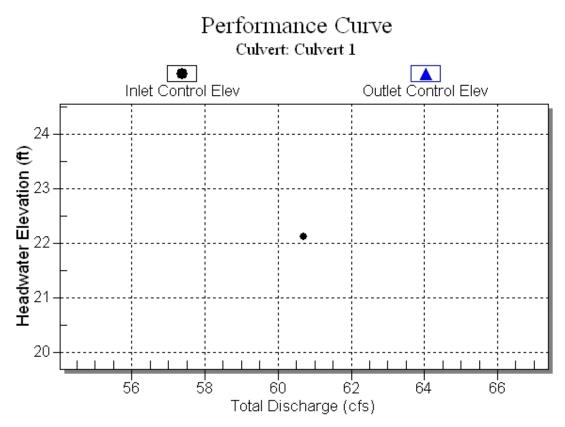
\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

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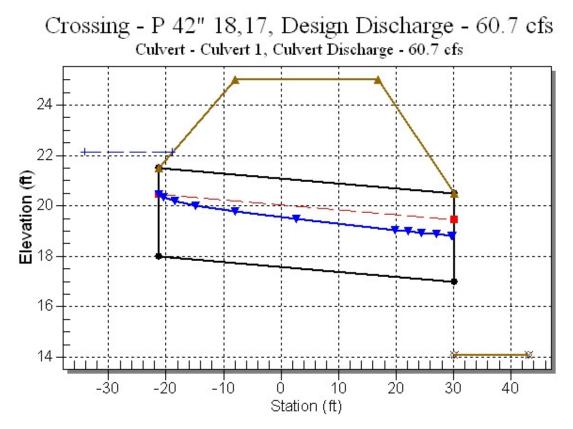
Inlet Elevation (invert): 18.00 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 17.00 ft

Culvert Length: 51.51 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0194

## **Culvert Performance Curve Plot: Culvert 1**



## Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1



Site Data - Culvert 1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: -21.50 ft Inlet Elevation: 18.00 ft Outlet Station: 30.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 17.00 ft Number of Barrels: 1

## **Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1**

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 3.50 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Mitered to Conform to Slope Inlet Depression: None

## Table 6 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: P 42" 18,17)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00
60.70	14.08	0.00

## Tailwater Channel Data - P 42" 18,17

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 14.08 ft

## Roadway Data for Crossing: P 42" 18,17

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 200.00 ft Crest Elevation: 25.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 25.00 ft

# Hydraulic Analysis Report: Surfer Parking Lot

## **Project Data**

Project Title: Project - Surfer Parking Culvert Designer: Project Date: Tuesday, February 22, 2011 Project Units: U.S. Customary Units Notes:

## Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis: Median/Ditch Drop-Inlet Analysis

Notes:

Using Local Channel

## **Channel Analysis: Channel Analysis**

Notes:

## **Input Parameters**

Channel Type: Trapezoidal Side Slope 1 (Z1): 10.0000 (ft/ft) Side Slope 2 (Z2): 10.0000 (ft/ft) Channel Width: 20.0000 (ft) Longitudinal Slope: 0.0050 (ft/ft) Manning's n: 0.2867 Lining Type: Vegetative - Class A Permissible Shear Stress: 3.7000 (lb/ft^2) Flow: 60.7000 (cfs)

## **Result Parameters**

Depth: 2.5875 (ft) Area of Flow: 118.7005 (ft^2) Wetted Perimeter: 72.0078 (ft) Hydraulic Radius: 1.6484 (ft) Average Velocity: 0.5114 (ft/s) Top Width: 71.7497 (ft) Froude Number: 0.0701 Critical Depth: 0.5936 (ft) Critical Velocity: 3.9429 (ft/s) Critical Slope: 1.5304 (ft/ft) Critical Top Width: 31.8715 (ft) Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.8073 (lb/ft^2) Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.5143 (lb/ft^2) Stability Factor: 4.5832

## Inlet Data:

Not computing the channel block (berm) height Inlet Location: Inlet in sag Percent Clogging: 50.0000 Grate Type: P - 1-7/8 - 4 Grate Width: 8.0000 (ft) Grate Length: 3.0000 (ft)

## Computed Data:

Perimeter: 22.0000 (ft) Effective Perimeter: 11.0000 (ft) Area: 19.2000 (ft^2) Effective Area: 9.6000 (ft^2) Depth at Center of Grate: 1.5012 (ft) Computed Top Width at Sag: 50.0248 (ft) Flow Type: Weir Flow Efficiency: 1.0000

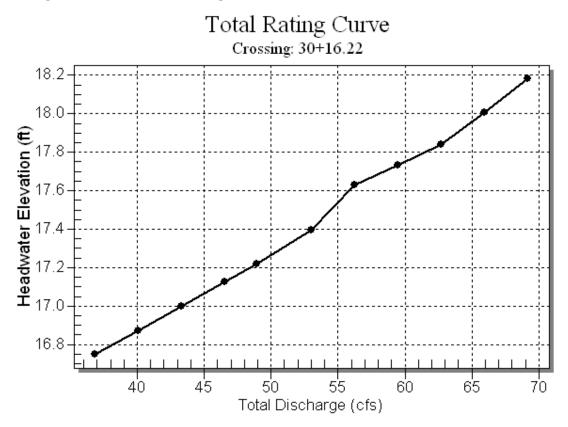
# HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Mitchell Road Culvert at Station 30+16

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	EX2 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
16.75	36.87	36.87	0.00	1
16.87	40.10	40.10	0.00	1
17.00	43.32	43.32	0.00	1
17.13	46.55	46.55	0.00	1
17.22	48.92	48.92	0.00	1
17.39	53.00	53.00	0.00	1
17.63	56.23	56.23	0.00	1
17.73	59.46	59.46	0.00	1
17.84	62.69	62.69	0.00	1
18.01	65.91	65.91	0.00	1
18.18	69.14	69.14	0.00	1
19.00	82.46	82.46	0.00	Overtopping

 Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: 30+16.22

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: 30+16.22



Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
36.87	36.87	16.75	2.200	0.0*	1-S2n	1.360	1.451	1.365	0.000	6.730	0.000
40.10	40.10	16.87	2.323	0.0*	1-S2n	1.433	1.518	1.437	0.000	6.868	0.000
43.32	43.32	17.00	2.448	0.0*	1-S2n	1.506	1.577	1.506	0.000	7.007	0.000
46.55	46.55	17.13	2.575	0.0*	5-S2n	1.583	1.637	1.586	0.000	7.098	0.000
48.92	48.92	17.22	2.671	0.0*	5-S2n	1.638	1.680	1.639	0.000	7.180	0.000
53.00	53.00	17.39	2.843	0.0*	5-S2n	1.735	1.754	1.736	0.000	7.286	0.000
56.23	56.23	17.63	2.985	3.079	2-M2c	1.822	1.803	1.808	0.000	7.397	0.000
59.46	59.46	17.73	3.135	3.185	2-M2c	1.912	1.852	1.859	0.000	7.596	0.000
62.69	62.69	17.84	3.292	3.290	2-M2c	2.002	1.900	1.907	0.000	7.816	0.000
65.91	65.91	18.01	3.458	3.416	2-M2c	2.145	1.949	1.954	0.000	8.018	0.000
69.14	69.14	18.18	3.632	3.537	2-M2c	2.500	1.997	1.998	0.000	8.219	0.000

Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: EX2

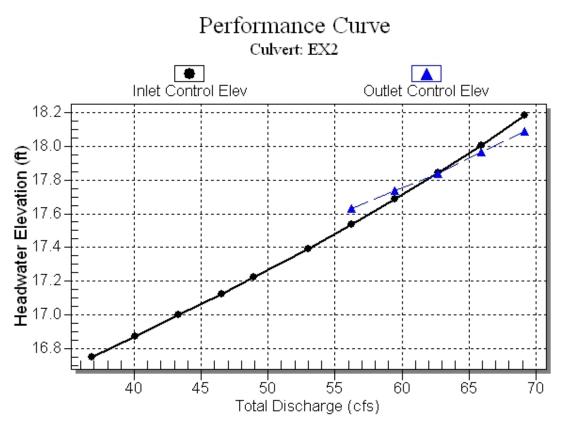
\* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

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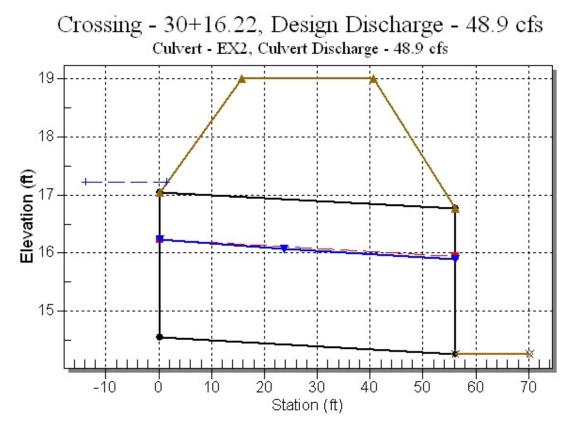
Inlet Elevation (invert): 14.55 ft,  $\$  Outlet Elevation (invert): 14.26 ft

Culvert Length: 56.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0052

**Culvert Performance Curve Plot: EX2** 



## Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: EX2



## Site Data - EX2

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 14.55 ft Outlet Station: 56.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 14.26 ft Number of Barrels: 2

## **Culvert Data Summary - EX2**

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 2.50 ft Barrel Material: Smooth HDPE Embedment: 0.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 Inlet Type: Conventional Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

## Table 3 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: 30+16.22)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
36.87	14.26	0.00
40.10	14.26	0.00
43.32	14.26	0.00
46.55	14.26	0.00
48.92	14.26	0.00
53.00	14.26	0.00
56.23	14.26	0.00
59.46	14.26	0.00
62.69	14.26	0.00
65.91	14.26	0.00
69.14	14.26	0.00

## Tailwater Channel Data - 30+16.22

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 14.26 ft

## Roadway Data for Crossing: 30+16.22

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 200.00 ft Crest Elevation: 19.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 25.00 ft