### PEAK FLOW FORECASTS

#### FLOW EXTREMES, NOT SUPPLY

Peak flow forecasts are fundamentally different than water supply volume forecasts. Although the watershed snowpack is a principal component in both analyses, peak flows are not a supply question at all. Rather, peak flows characterize runoff extremes by predicting maximum mean daily flow at a single point during the spring snowmelt season. This extreme is related to the water supply volume, but the relationship is not direct or constant from year to year. As such, peak flow forecasts contain much more uncertainty than water supply volume forecasts.

### REGULATED VS. NATURAL FLOWS

An even more fundamental limitation is that peak forecasts describe regulated (actual or observed) in-stream flow well into the future, something difficult to do considering the quantity and changing nature of diversions in the Colorado River and Great Basin watersheds. (Note: supply forecasts deal with hypothetical "natural" flow - that which would have resulted in the absence of regulation). The Colorado Basin River Forecast Center routinely forecasts regulated streamflow, but only for several days into the future. Further into the future the ability to forecast reservoir regulation becomes more limited.

#### DIFFERENT USES AND USERS

Peak flow forecasts are used for different purposes than water supply volume forecasts. Users of these forecasts would include river recreationists, flood control agencies, emergency service directors, wildlife managers and anyone interested in the combined effect of watershed yield and human regulation on the actual (observed) in-stream maximum mean daily flows at a site.

#### FLOOD FLOWS

The National Weather Service defines flood flow as the flow at which damage to structures begins to occur. Over-bank flow may occur but still be below the defined flood flow. Flood flows contained in this document change from year to year due to such channel processes as deposition and scouring. Therefore, the flood flows that follow should only be applied to the current runoff season. It should also be noted that they are instantaneous flows and not maximum mean daily flows. Forecast mean daily flows above the instantaneous flood flow will be highlighted in red.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

Please note that the following peak flow forecasts will be updated during the first week in May. The updated forecasts can be accessed through the CBRFC homepage (http://www.cbrfc.noaa.gov) or by calling the appropriate Service Hydrologist (see page 8 and 9).

### **INTERPRETIVE NOTES**

#### PEAK FLOW DEFINED

The peak flow forecast represents the maximum mean daily flow (the highest average flow for an entire day during the runoff season) at a point during the April through July period, unless otherwise noted. It does not represent the instantaneous peak (the maximum flow at a single moment). In the case of smooth snowmelt regimes (hydrographs), it may be acceptable to approximate one with the other. In Arizona, the normal snowmelt period is from February to May. Occasionally, heavy rainfall events can produce higher peak flows than the snowmelt peak flows. For verification and calibration purposes, the maximum mean daily flow during the February through May period was used regardless of the runoff source. The Average Peak and Normal Time of Peak (defined as the average date of peak plus/minus one standard deviation which should include approximately 70% of the peaks) for a given gage are all derived from 1971 through 2000 data whereas the Historic Peak is derived from the period of record, including the most recent years, after reservoir regulation began.

#### **FORECAST PROBABILITIES**

Peak flow forecasts are presented in terms of probabilities or, more specifically, exceedance probabilities. The forecast labeled "most probable" is actually the 50% exceedance level meaning there are equal chances of being below the value or above the value (i.e., 50 chances out of 100 of being exceeded). The other exceedance probabilities associate the likelihood of exceeding other levels. In general, a close bunching of the exceedance forecasts indicates low variability and that the user can have a high degree of confidence in the forecast information. Conversely, a large spread in the exceedance forecasts indicates high variability.

#### **MODELLING TECHNIQUES**

The peak flow forecasts that follow have been derived using a combination of (1) physically-based conceptual models and (2) statistical regression models. The conceptual model is the National Weather Service River Forecasting System in the Ensemble Stream flow Prediction (ESP) mode. Since the conceptual model requires reservoir operation plans for up to five months into the future, ESP application is limited to basins where regulation is minimal (mostly in the headwater areas).

The farther downstream a forecast point is, the more likely it is that a statistical regression was used between natural snowmelt runoff volume and the observed maximum mean daily flow to generate the forecast. Such an approach performs better when the correlation between regulated and unregulated flow is strong and is constant from year to year.

# **UPPER COLORADO PEAK FLOW FORECASTS**

Mean daily flows in cubic feet per second (cfs)

STATION NAME		Historic		Flood*	2005	2005	2006 Forecast Exceedance Probability						Normal time
		Peak	Peak	Flow	Peak	Date		90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	of peak
	-						1						
COLORADO - KREMMLING, NR		12,700	3,900	10,100	2,510	6/25		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5/15 - 6/27
EAGLE - GYPSUM, BLO		6,580	3,600	6,600	3,400	5/23		3,500	4,000	5,000	6,000	6,500	6/1 - 6/21
ROARING FORK - GLENWOOD SPRINGS		11,200	6,150	16,800	5,720	6/24		4,000	5,300	6,500	7,700	9,000	6/3 - 6/18
COLORADO - CAMEO, NR		38,000	17,500	23,500	16,800	5/25		13,000	17,000	21,000	25,000	30,000	5/29 - 6/18
PLATEAU CK - CAMEO, NR		4,100	1,460	3,260	2,310	5/24		300	700	1,000	1,400	2,000	5/9 - 6/11
EAST - ALMONT, NR		5,000	2,080	3,100	2,070	5/25		1,500	1,800	2,100	2,500	3,000	5/28 - 6/17
NF GUNNISON - SOMERSET, NR		7,080	3,310	12,400	4,730	5/21		1,900	2,200	2,900	3,700	4,600	5/11 - 6/2
SURFACE CK - CEDAREDGE		640	210	1,400	685	5/24		90	130	170	250	300	5/3 - 6/8
UNCOMPAHGRE - COLONA		1,900	1,390	3,100	1,130	6/25		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5/20 - 6/27
COLORADO - CO-UT STATELINE, NR		68,300	26,150	47,800	30,300	5/25		20,000	25,000	29,000	33,000	38,000	5/22 - 6/16
DOLORES - DOLORES		6,950	2,980	8,700	4,890	5/23		1,200	1,500	2,000	2,500	3,200	5/9 - 6/4
SAN MIGUEL - PLACERVILLE, NR		2,740	1,310	2,650	1,380	5/23		500	750	1,000	1,300	1,500	5/26 - 6/23
DOLORES - CISCO, NR (see note1 below)		12,900	6,050	N/A	9,030	5/26		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4/26 - 6/5
COLORADO - CISCO, NR		69,500	28,800	61,300	39,500	5/25		22,000	27,000	31,000	35,000	40,000	5/20 - 6/15
GREEN - DANIEL, NR, WARREN BRIDGE, AT		5,620	2,975	N/A	2,850	6/25		2,250	2,450	2,900	3,100	3,400	5/30 - 6/30
NEW FORK - BIG PINEY, NR		9,110	5,285	N/A	5,330	6/23		3,500	4,450	5,600	6,200	7,000	5/31 - 6/24
GREEN - LABARGE, NR		18,800	9,270	14,600	8,590	6/25		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5/30 - 6/24
BIG SANDY - FARSON, NR		1,690	820	1,300	926	6/22		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5/28 - 6/23
GREEN - GREEN RVR WY, NR		15,400	7,110	15,500	6,510	6/03		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5/23 - 7/11
HAMS FORK - FRONTIER, NR, POLE CK, BLO		2,000	825	1,600	1,030	6/21		850	1,000	1,150	1,300	1,400	5/10 - 6/9
BLACKS FORK - LITTLE AMERICA, NR		6,970	2,440	5,500	5,500	5/19		2,350	2,550	3,650	4,950	6,250	5/2 - 6/27

N/A - NOT AVAILABLE (NOT A FLOOD FORECAST POINT OR NO FORECAST PROCEDURE EXISTS)

note1 - for releases below McPhee Reservoir call 970-565-7562

<sup>\*</sup> Flood flow is for current year only and is an instantaneous value

## UPPER COLORADO PEAK FLOW FORECASTS (continued)

Mean daily flows in cubic feet per second (cfs)

STATION NAME	Historic	Average	Flood*	2005	2005	2006 Forecast Exceedance Probability					Normal time
	Peak	Peak	Flow	Peak	Date	90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	of peak
YAMPA - STEAMBOAT SPRINGS	5,870	3,240	4,500	3,000	6/23	3,000	3,500	3,950	4,500	4,950	5/19 - 6/12
YAMPA - MAYBELL, NR	24,400	10,475	26,900	12,500	5/24	9,100	10,300	12,500	13,400	14,900	5/13 - 6/10
LITTLE SNAKE - LILY, NR	13,400	4,745	19,400	3,830	5/24	3,650	4,600	5,900	7,100	8,100	5/5 - 6/12
YAMPA - DEERLODGE PARK	32,300	13,955	17,500	15,200	5/24	12,900	14,700	17,000	18,800	22,300	5/11 - 6/6
GREEN - JENSEN, NR (see note1 below)	38,500	17,600	23,600	19,500	5/26	16,300	17,000	18,600	21,600	23,000	5/14 - 6/11
ROCK CK - UPR STILLWATER RES	2,080	1,350	N/A	1,325	5/26	1,000	1,300	1,600	1,800	1,950	5/25 - 6/20
DUCHESNE - TABIONA, NR	2,320	765	4,040	1,900	5/26	900	1,300	1,400	1,550	1,750	5/15 - 6/15
DUCHESNE - RANDLETT, NR	11,500	2,755	7,400	3,350	5/26	2,220	3,000	4,250	5,500	6,700	4/27 - 7/5
WHITE - MEEKER, NR	6,320	3,200	6,500	2,890	5/24	2,200	2,650	3,000	3,700	4,600	5/21 - 6/14
GREEN - GREEN RIVER, UT (see note1 below)	47,200	22,560	48,500	34,900	5/29	14,500	22,000	29,000	34,500	40,000	5/18 - 6/16
SAN RAFAEL - GREEN RIVER, NR	3,600	910	N/A	2,010	6/05	650	800	1,150	1,400	2,300	5/17 - 7/16
MUDDY CK - EMERY, NR	515	205	N/A	456	6/03	110	200	285	310	365	5/19 - 6/18
DIRTY DEVIL - HANKSVILLE, NR, POISON SPGS **	1,310	445	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3/12 - 5/31
ESCALANTE - ESCALANTE, NR ***	227	72	N/A	N/A	N/A	30	55	75	85	145	3/24 - 6/2
CATARACT CANYON (estimated)	116,700	51,350	N/A	69,900	5/26	37,000	49,000	60,000	70,000	80,000	5/20 - 6/16
SAN JUAN - PAGOSA SPRINGS	4,640	2,485	6,760	4,420	5/23	1,300	1,600	1,950	2,250	2,600	5/15 - 6/12
ANIMAS - DURANGO	10,700	4,675	10,300	8,070	5/25	2,450	2,925	3,650	5,120	5,700	5/28 - 6/14
SAN JUAN - BLUFF, NR (see note2 below)	15,600	7,340	40,700	12,100	5/28	6,000	7,100	8,700	10,500	12,350	5/21 - 7/4

N/A - NOT AVAILABLE (NOT A FLOOD FORECAST POINT OR NO FORECAST PROCEDURE EXISTS)

NOTE2 - Peak flow forecasts on the San Juan below Navajo Reservoir are based on USBR planned regulation.

NOTE1 - Peak flow forecasts on the Green River below Flaming Gorge Reservoir are based on USBR planned regulation.

<sup>\*</sup>Flood flow is for current year only and is an instantaneous value \*\*Runoff period March - June

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Runoff Period March - June does not include contribution from Boulder Creek

# LOWER COLORADO PEAK FLOW FORECASTS

Mean daily flows in cubic feet per second (cfs)

STATION NAME	Historic	Average	Flood*	2005	2005		2006 Fore	cast Exc	eedance l	Probabili	ty	Normal time
	Peak	Peak	Flow	Peak	Date		90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	of peak
VIRGIN - LITTLEFIELD, NR	17,000	1,915	20,855	2,510	5/22	Ħ			1,000	1,100	1,600	3/15 - 5/6
VIRGIN - HURRICANE, NR	9,620	1,520	5,295	2,270	5/22				1,000	1,100	1,300	3/14 - 5/9
SANTA CLARA - PINE VALLEY, NR	393	65	N/A	184	5/24			22	25	31	47	4/25 - 5/25
STATION NAME	Historic Peak	Average Peak	Flood* Flow									Normal time of peak
SALT - ROOSEVELT, NR	77,200	9,610	142,295	30,700	2/12				670	739	808	3/6 - 4/9
TONTO CK - ROOSEVELT, NR, GUN CK, ABV	32,200	4,090	53,100	19,100	2/12			Peak	32 on 3/2	23/6		3/3 - 4/4
OAK CREEK - SEDONA, NR	8,600	1,550	14,050	5,750	2/12			Peak	39 on 3/3	80/6		3/6 - 4/9
VERDE - HORSESHOE DAM, ABV, TANGLE CK	65,100	8,530	129,230	Gage Pr	oblems			Peak 1	194 on 3/	22/6		3/6 - 4/9
AGUA FRIA - ROCK SPRINGS, NR	23,600	2,565	10,895	17,300	2/12			Peak	s 9 on 3/1	4/6		2/28 - 4/3

N/A - NOT AVAILABLE (NOT A FLOOD FORECAST POINT OR NO FORECAST PROCEDURE EXISTS)

<sup>\*</sup> Flood flow is for current year only and is an instantaneous value

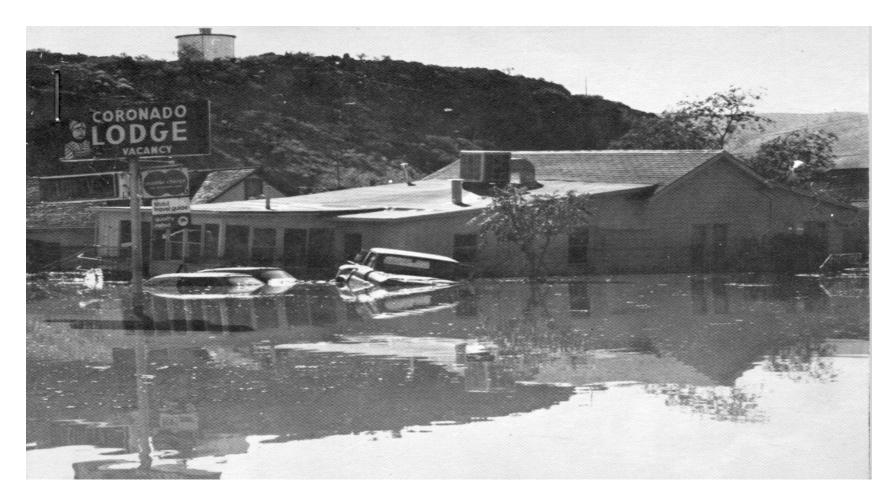
# GREAT BASIN PEAK FLOW FORECASTS

Mean daily flows in cubic feet per second (cfs)

STATION NAME	Historic Average Flood* 2005 2005 2006 Forecast Exceedance Probabili							ty	Normal time			
	Peak	Peak	Flow	Peak	Date		90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	of peak
						_						
BEAR - UTAH-WYOMING STATELINE, NR	2,680	1,610	4,400	1,820	5/04		1,500	1,700	1,900	2,200	2,400	5/22 - 6/14
LOGAN - LOGAN, NR, STATE DAM, ABV	1,870	985	1,360	1,230	5/25		1,000	1,200	1,400	1,570	1,700	5/18 - 6/10
BLACKSMITH FORK - HYRUM, NR, UP&L DAM	1,530	490	850	980	4/28		600	700	850	950	1,100	4/24 - 5/20
WEBER - OAKLEY, NR	4,170	1,625	2,400	1,620	6/18		1,500	1,700	2,000	2,400	2,600	5/24 - 6/16
CHALK CK - COALVILLE	1,420	600	1,900	720	5/21		500	700	900	1,100	1,400	5/5 - 5/31
PROVO - WOODLAND, NR	2,530	1,685	3,150	1,750	6/01		1,400	1,600	1,800	2,000	2,300	5/11 - 6/6
LITTLE COTTONWOOD CK - SALT LAKE CITY, NR	762	470	800	451	6/24		500	580	650	700	760	5/23 - 6/20
BIG COTTONWOOD CK - SALT LAKE CITY, NR	980	430	800	607	6/22		450	540	610	680	740	5/18 - 6/9
MILL CK - SALT LAKE CITY, NR	153	65	180	80	5/21		40	60	80	100	115	5/18 - 6/10
PARLEYS CK - SALT LAKE CITY, NR	605	180	350	187	5/21		90	170	220	350	430	4/23 - 5/22
EMIGRATION CK - SALT LAKE CITY, NR	164	55	135	42	5/18		35	50	70	90	120	4/11 - 5/19
CITY CK - SALT LAKE CITY, NR	322	90	200	120	5/24		150	190	240	290	360	5/12 - 6/1
SEVIER - HATCH	1,740	495	1,200	1,740	6/03		200	400	600	730	900	5/6 - 6/2

N/A - NOT AVAILABLE (NOT A FLOOD FORECAST POINT OR NO FORECAST PROCEDURE EXISTS)

<sup>\*</sup> Flood flow is for current year only and is an instantaneous value



FLOOD POTENTIAL INFORMATION

## **SERVICE HYDROLOGISTS**

The graphic on the following page depicts the areas of responsibility of the various Service Hydrologists or Hydro Focal Points. The following list links these individuals and their corresponding areas of responsibility. A Service Hydrologist/Hydro Focal Point is the National Weather Service hydrologic coordinator and spokesperson for a given hydrologic service area and is the person to contact for current flood potential, streamflows, snowpack information and updates to peak flow forecasts. Following their phone number is a URL to their homepage.

1) Albuquerque, NM	Ed Polasko	505-244-9147x228	http://www.srh.noaa.gov/abq/
2) Cheyenne, WY	Melissa Goering	307-772-2468x493	http://www.crh.noaa.gov/cys/
3) Boulder, CO	Treste Huse	303-494-3210x493	http://www.crh.noaa.gov/den/
4) El Paso, TX	Tim Brice	505-589-4088x308	http://www.srh.noaa.gov/elp/
5) Flagstaff, AZ	Tom Clemmons	928-556-9161x229	http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/fgz/
6) Grand Junction, CO	Brian Avery	970-243-7007x493	http://www.crh.noaa.gov/gjt/
7) Las Vegas, NV	Barry Pierce	702-263-9750	http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/vef/
8) Phoenix, AZ	Tom Zickus	602-275-8881x228	http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/psr/
9) Pocatello, ID	Sherrie Hebert	208-233-0834	http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/pih/
10) Pueblo, CO	Larry Walrod	719-948-3838	http://www.crh.noaa.gov/pub/
11) Riverton, WY	Jim Fahey	307-857-3898x493	http://www.crh.noaa.gov/riw
12) Salt Lake City, UT	Brian McInerney	801-524-5142x228	http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/slc/
13) Tucson, AZ	Mike Schaffner	520-670-5156x228	http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/twc/

### NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE HYDROLOGIC SERVICE AREAS

IN THE CBRFC AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY

