2.3.8 2035 Residential Energy End-Use Expenditure Splits, by Fuel Type (\$2010 Billion) (1)									
	Natural	Petroleum							
	<u>Gas</u>	Distil.	LPG	<u>Kerosene</u>	Total	<u>Coal</u>	Electricity	<u>Total</u>	Percent
Space Heating (2)	44.3	10.3	7.7	0.6	18.6	0.0	16.0	79.0	27.4%
Space Cooling (3)	0.0						40.6	40.6	14.1%
Water Heating	17.6	1.2	1.2		2.3		17.7	37.6	13.0%
Lighting							15.5	15.5	5.4%
Refrigeration (4)							17.0	17.0	5.9%
Electronics (5)							14.2	14.2	4.9%
Wet Cleaning (6)	0.9						10.4	11.3	3.9%
Cooking	3.2		8.0		0.8		4.8	8.9	3.1%
Computers							8.7	8.7	3.0%
Other (7)	0.0		7.7		7.7		47.9	55.7	19.3%
Total	66.0	11.5	17.5	0.6	29.6	0.0	193.0	288.6	100%

Note(s): 1) Expenditures include coal and exclude wood. 2) Includes furnace fans (\$4.8 billion). 3) Fan energy use included. 4) Includes refrigerators (\$14.1 billion) and freezers (\$2.9 billion). 5) Includes color televisions (\$14.2 billion). 6) Includes clothes washers (\$0.8 billion), natural gas clothes dryers (\$0.9 billion), electric clothes dryers (\$6.0 billion), and dishwashers (\$3.6 billion). 7) Includes small electric devices, heating elements, motors, swimming pool heaters, hot tub heaters, outdoor grills, and natural gas outdoor lighting.

Source(s): EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2012 Early Release, Jan. 2012, Table A4-A5, p. 9-10 for energy consumption, Table A3, p. 6-8 for prices