2.3.7 2025 Residential Energy End-Use Expenditure Splits, by Fuel Type (\$2010 Billion) (1)									
	Natural		Petroleum						
	<u>Gas</u>	Distil.	LPG	Kerosene	Total	<u>Coal</u>	Electricity	Total	Percent
Space Heating (2)	39.7	11.5	7.8	0.6	19.9	0.0	15.0	74.5	28.6%
Space Cooling (3)	0.0						36.2	36.2	13.9%
Water Heating	16.0	1.4	1.3		2.7		17.1	35.9	13.8%
Lighting							15.2	15.2	5.8%
Refrigeration (4)							15.5	15.5	6.0%
Electronics (5)							12.0	12.0	4.6%
Wet Cleaning (6)	0.8						9.8	10.5	4.1%
Cooking	2.7		0.8		0.8		4.3	7.8	3.0%
Computers							7.7	7.7	2.9%
Other (7)	0.0		6.4		6.4		38.7	45.0	17.3%
Total	59.1	12.9	16.3	0.6	29.8	0.0	171.3	260.3	100%

Note(s): 1) Expenditures include coal and exclude wood. 2) Includes furnace fans (\$4.7 billion). 3) Fan energy use included. 4) Includes refrigerators (\$12.7 billion) and freezers (\$2.8 billion). 5) Includes color televisions (\$12 billion). 6) Includes clothes washers (\$0.8 billion), natural gas clothes dryers (\$0.8 billion), electric clothes dryers (\$5.8 billion), and dishwashers (\$3.2 billion). 7) Includes small electric devices, heating elements, motors, swimming pool heaters, hot tub heaters, outdoor grills, and natural gas outdoor lighting.

Source(s): EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2012 Early Release, Jan. 2012, Table A4-A5, p. 9-10 for energy consumption, Table A3, p. 6-8 for prices