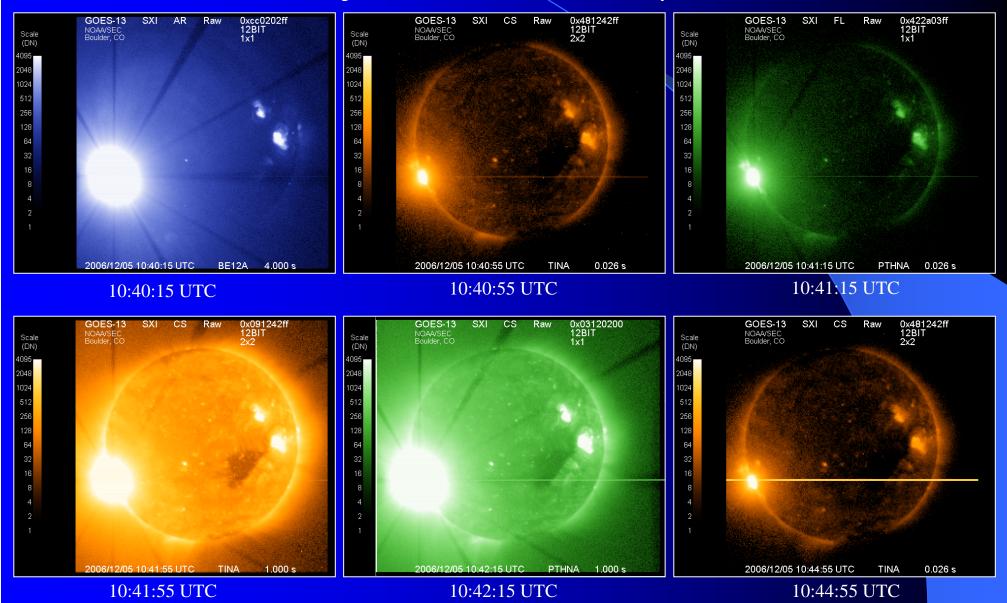
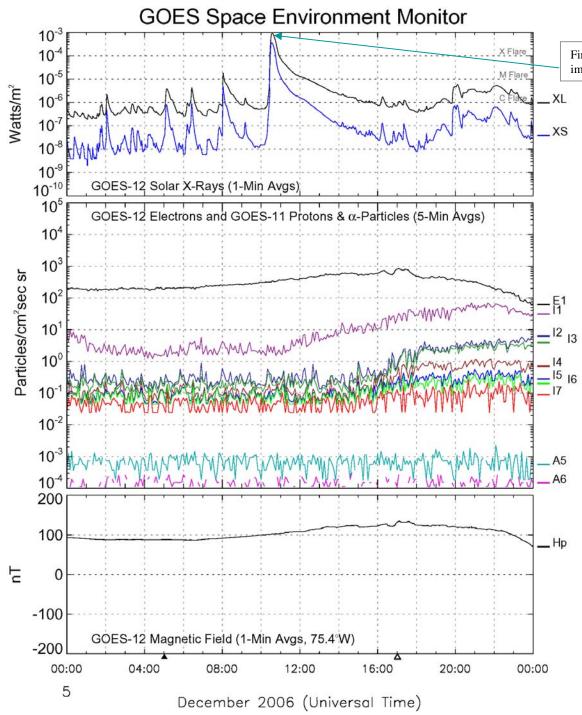
GOES-13 SXI CCD Anomaly

GOES-13 SXI experienced a CCD anomaly during the X9 solar x-ray event on December 5th 2006.

A preliminary flare report based on GOES-12 XRS data indicates that the flare in question began at 10:18 UT, peaked at 10:35 UT, and ended at 10:45 UT.

The first GOES-13 image to show a faint indication of the anomaly was taken at 10:40:15.







	XL 1 - 8 Å X-rays (Watts/m ²)
	XS 0.5 - 3 Å X-rays, or 0.5 - 4 Å prior to GOES-8 (Watts/m ²)
	E1 > 2 MeV (Electrons/cm ² sec sr)
	11 > 1 MeV (Protons/cm ² sec sr)
16	$I2 > 5 \text{ MeV} (Protons/cm^2 \sec sr)$
1.1	I3 $> 10 \text{ MeV} (\text{Protons/cm}^2 \text{ sec sr})$
	I4 $> 30 \text{ MeV} (\text{Protons/cm}^2 \text{ sec sr})$
	IS $> 50 \text{ MeV} (\text{Protons/cm}^2 \text{ sec sr})$
	$16 > 60 \text{ MeV} (\text{Protons/cm}^2 \text{ sec sr})$
	$I7 > 100 \text{ MeV} (Protons/cm^2 \text{ sec sr})$
	A5 150-250 MeV, 160-260 prior to GOES-8 (α-particles/cm ² sec sr MeV)
	A6 300-500 MeV, 330-500 prior to GOES-8 (α-particles/cm ² sec sr MeV)
	H _P Perpendicular to orbital plane (nanotesla)
	H _E Earthward (nanotesla)
	H_N Normal to H_P and H_E ,
Δ	Satellite Local Noon
	Satellite Local Midnight