DO NOT PRINT THIS PAGE

Maro Reef

Approximately 1200 km WNW of Kaua'i and 1000 km ESE of Midway lies Maro Reef at longitude 170 degrees 35 minutes W and latitude 25 degrees 22 minutes N. Maro Reef is a shallowwater reef ecosystem approximately 50 km long and 30 km wide and covering an estimated 1,856 sq. km It is one of the most ecologically rich locales in the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. Only one small rock outcrop of this former island reportedly extends above the ocean surface, and then only at very low tide.

Much of the reef habitat at Maro Reef is composed of a series of intricate reticulated (forming a network) reef crests and surrounding lagoons. Many areas of Maro Reef appear quite similar to Pearl and Hermes, including a few small micro atolls. This reef may have the most coral cover in the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. The shallow reef areas consist of numerous patch reefs, submerged pinnacles and elongate reticulate reef complexes. Channels of deep water with highly irregular bottom topography lie between the shallow reef structures.

Maro Reef is essentially an open atoll that lacks the typical protective outer ring of islands and ocean reefs that enclose a typical atoll lagoon. The outermost reefs of Maro Reef function as a broken fore reef-reef crest complex, and absorb the energy of ocean swells that travel toward the inner "lagoon" region. The innermost area of the reef complex lies within boundaries of reticulated reefs and aggregated patch reefs and has all the characteristics of a true lagoon, with little or no influence from large ocean swell.

In 1928, a mapping survey was conducted at Maro Reef. That survey described the placement of a tower on an emergent shallow-water coral reef platform. A survey in 2001 failed to locate the 1928 tower, but it did find the possible remnants. Coral at Maro Reef could grow fast enough to disguise a human-made feature.

Due to its size, four map tiles are required to depict the 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry and aggregated habitat cover maps. Nine map tiles are required to depict the 1:40,000 scale detailed benthic habitats of Maro Reef. Two 1:175,000 scale map tiles are included to depict the extensive shallow-water bank area around Maro Reef. A one-square-kilometer grid is included with all maps of Maro Reef.

> The area in square kilometers of aggregated benthic habitat cover types found at Maro Reef, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

Total Habitat Area Classiff ^{ed}	Unconsolidated with >10% macroalgae or seagrass	Unconsolidated with 10% or less macroalgae or seagrass	Hardbottom with indeterminate cover	Hardbottom with >10% macroalgae	Hardbottom (uncolonized)	Hardbottom with >10% crustose coralline algae	Hardbottom with >10% live coral
518.7	19.6	295.7	180.1	0.4	6.8	1.3	14.8

Reef crest (3020) Deep water (3010) Volcanic Rock, uncolonize Volcanic Rock with live co Volcanic Rock with dense Volcanic Rock (2900) Pavement, uncolonized with Pavement with live coral (Pavement with sparse (10-Aggregated Patch Reef wit Aggregated Patch Reef (25) Aggregated Coral Heads v Linear Reef with crustose Hardbottom with crustose Hardbottom with sparse Unconsolidated Rubble w Sand with dense (>50% cov Sand with patchy (10–50% Sand with macroalgae (11. Unconsolidated (1000, refe Reef, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. Total Habitat Area Classiff Unclassified (3300) Cloud, Shadow, Surf, and Dredged channel (3030) Pavement with sand chan Pavement with sand chani Pavement with sand chanr Pavement with crustose co Pavement, uncolonized (27 Pavement with dense (>50 Pavement (2700) Scattered Coral/Rock in Sa Patch Reef, uncolonized w Patch Reef, uncolonized (24 Patch Reef with live coral Spur and Groove (2300) Linear Reef, uncolonized Hardbottom, uncolonized Groove (1500) Sand and Rubble (1400) Sand (1100) The area in square **TOTAL** Area in **IKONOS** i Land (3100) Pavement with live coral (Patch Reef with crustose cc Patch Reef (2400) Linear Reef, uncolonized v Linear Reef with live coral Linear Reef (2100) Hardbottom with live cora Hardbottom (2000) Unconsolidated Rubble wi Unconsolidated Rubble (13

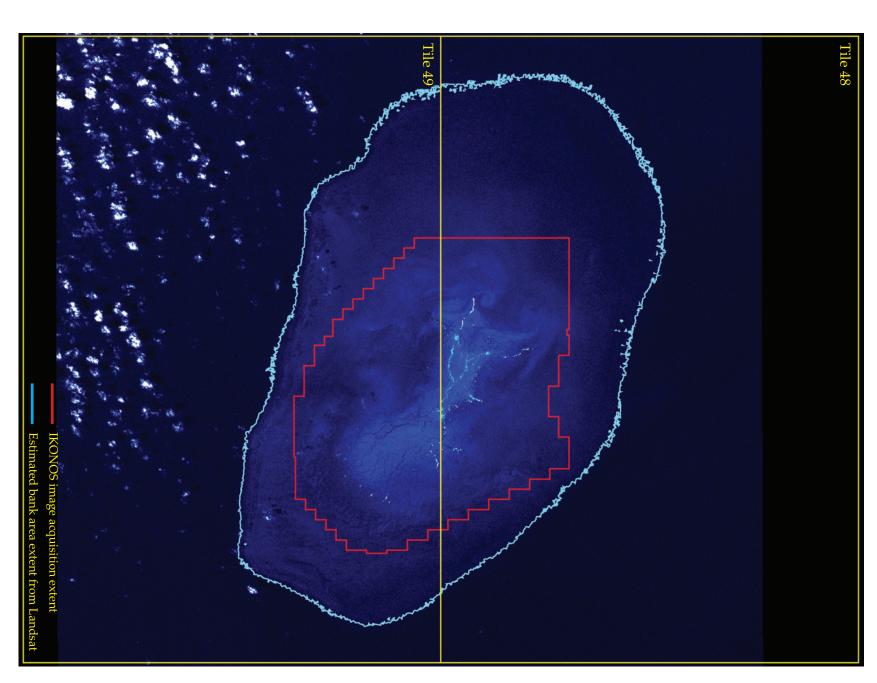
kilometers of benthic habitats found at Maro Hawaiian Islands.

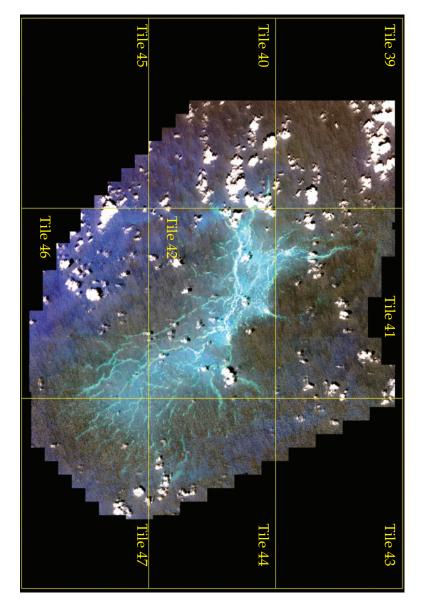
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	oralline algae (>10% cover) (2730)
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I	(>10% cover) (2710)
I	0% cover) algae (2702)
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	and with live coral (>10% cover) (2610)
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Index maps indicating the locations of map tiles for the 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat maps, the 1:80,000 scale aggregated cover and estimated bathymetry, and the 1:175,000 scale bank of Maro Reef, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

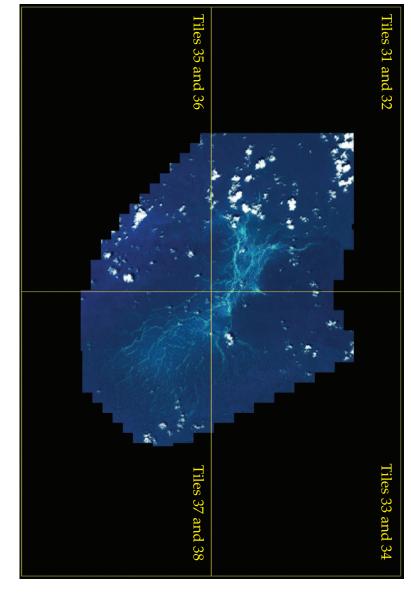
Index of 1:175,000 tiles

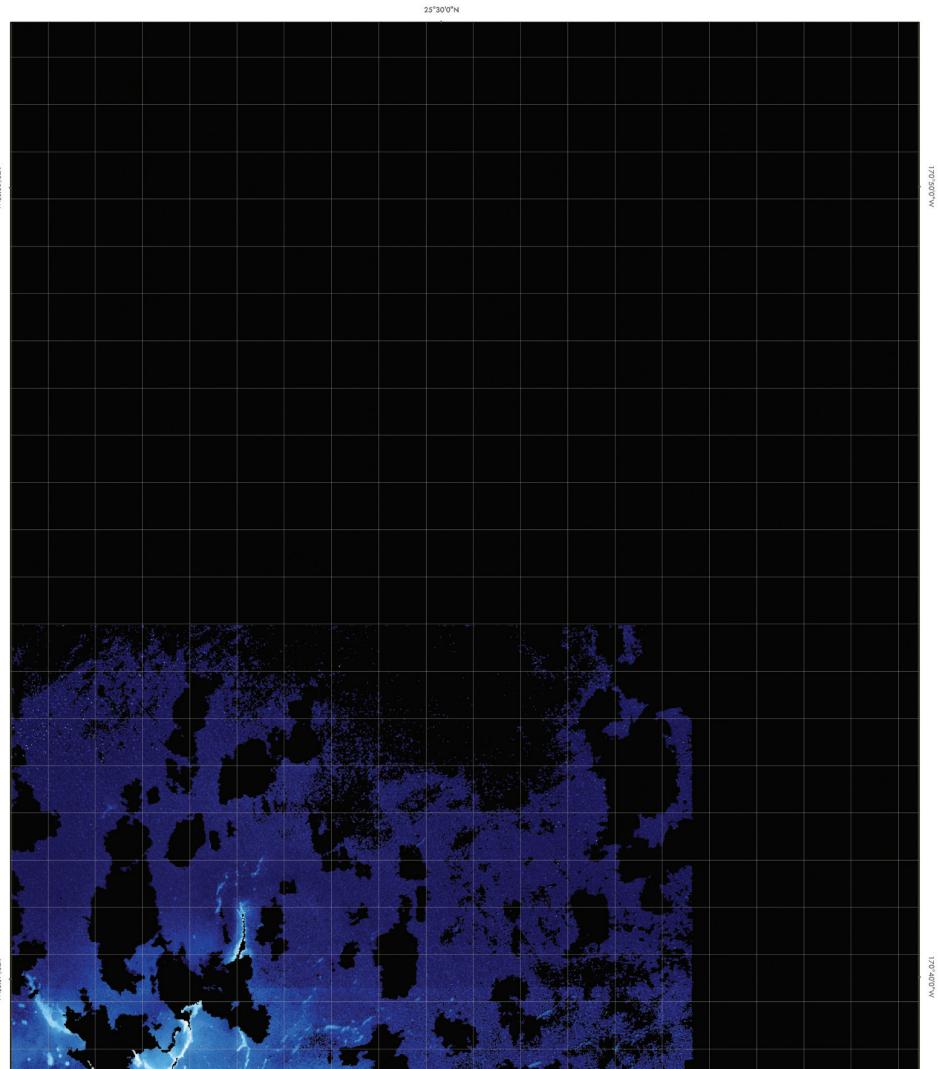
Index of 1:40,000 tiles



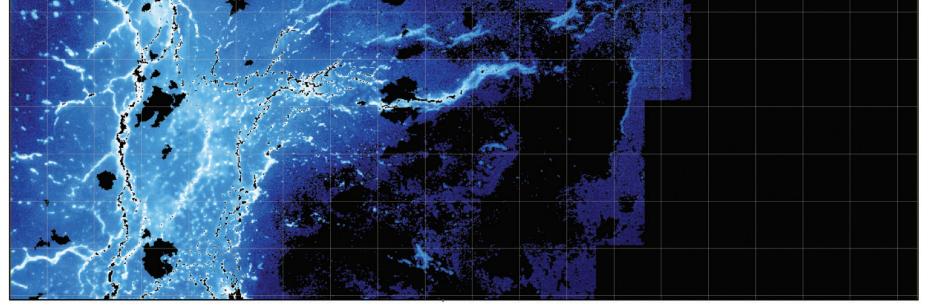


Index of 1:80,000 tiles





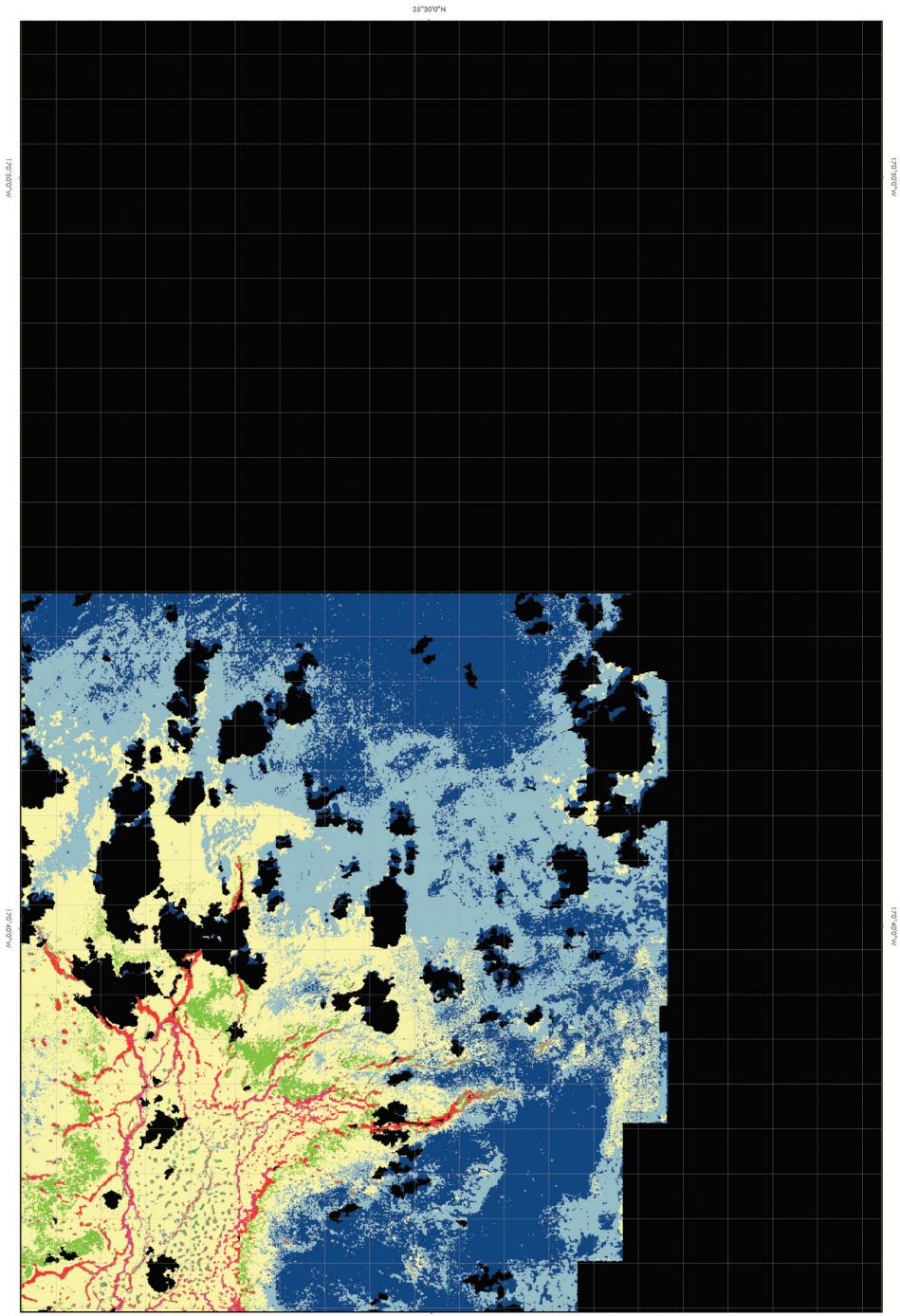
170°40'0"W



78

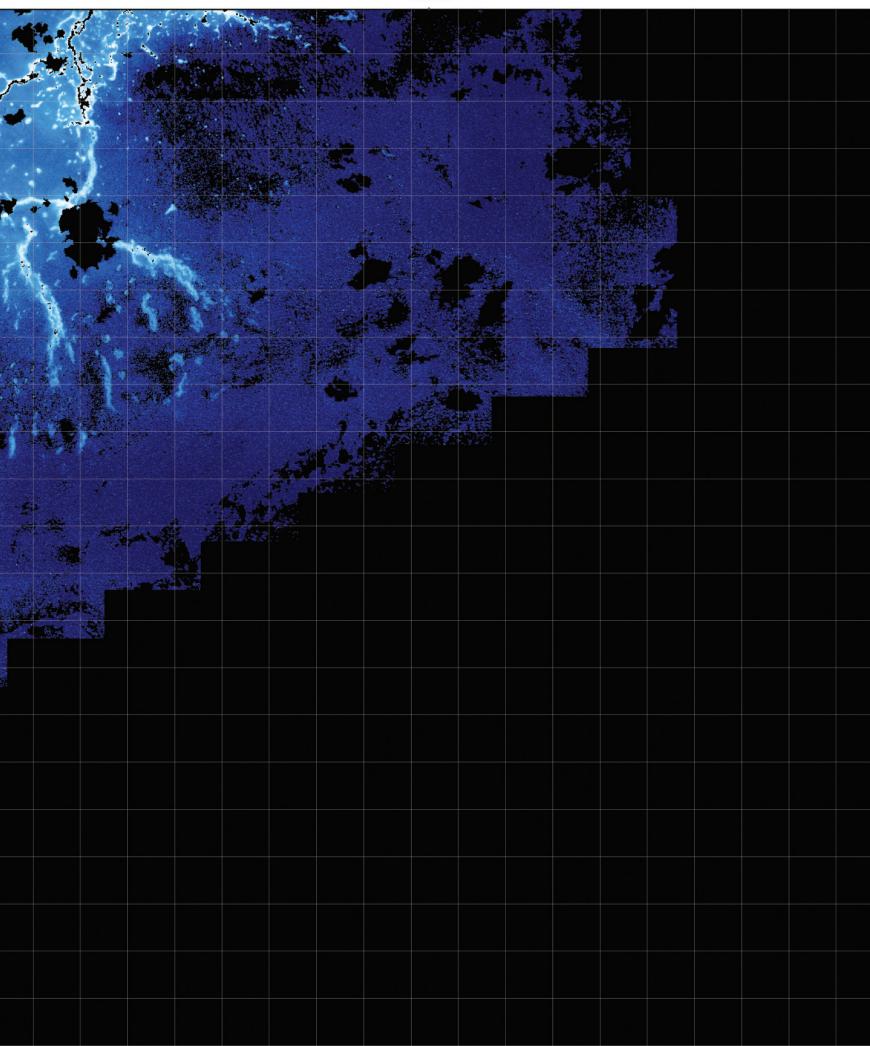
25°30'0"N





170°40'0"W

25°30'0"N



Tile 33. A 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry map of the northeast portion of Maro Reef, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

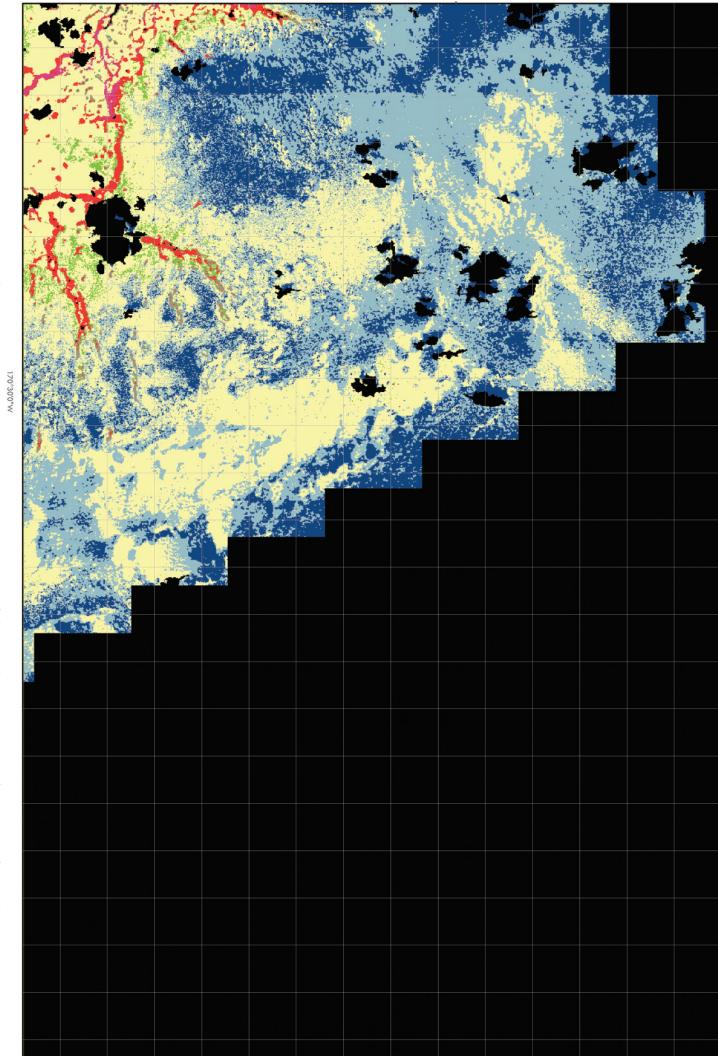
170°30'0"W

170°20'0"W

80

170°20'0"W

25°30'0"N



170°30'0"W

170°20'0"W

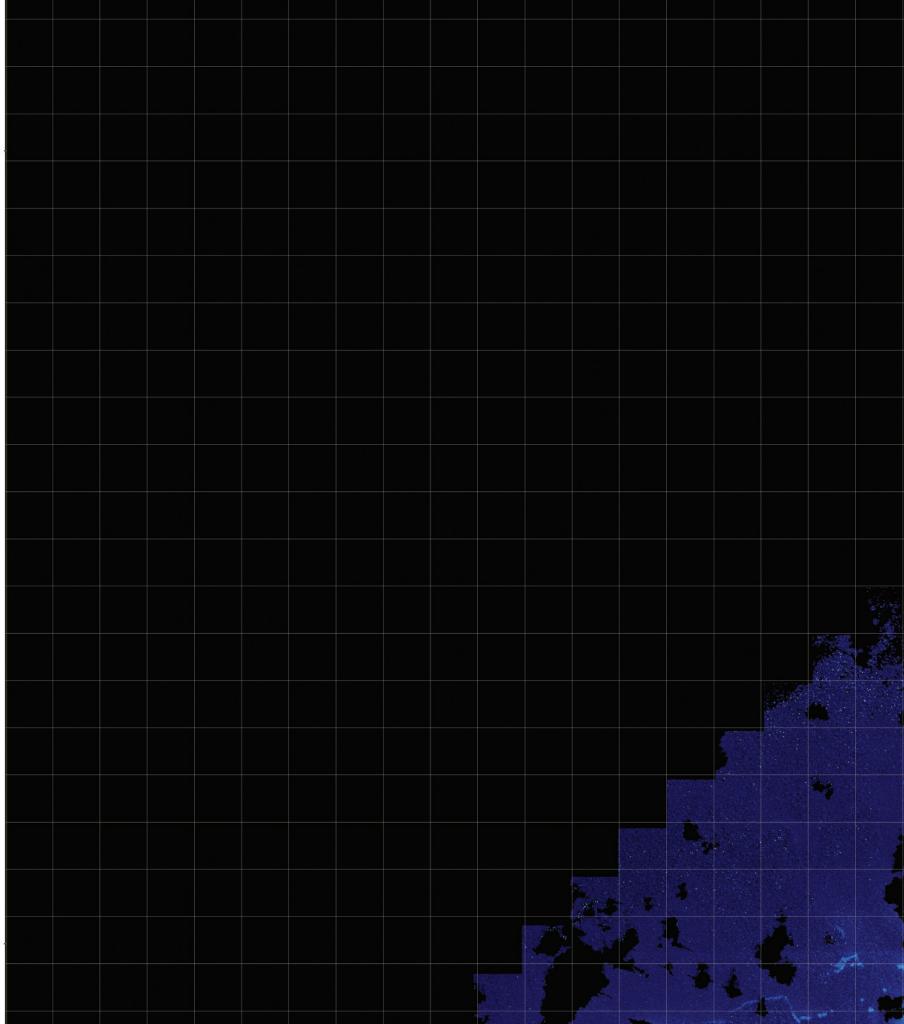
25°30'0"N

25°30'0"N

170°20'0"W



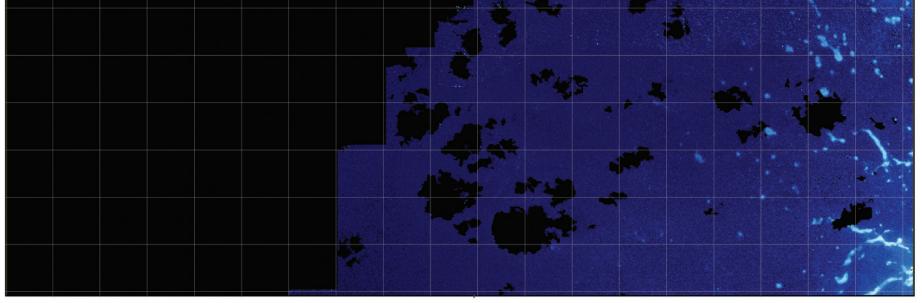
170°50'0"W



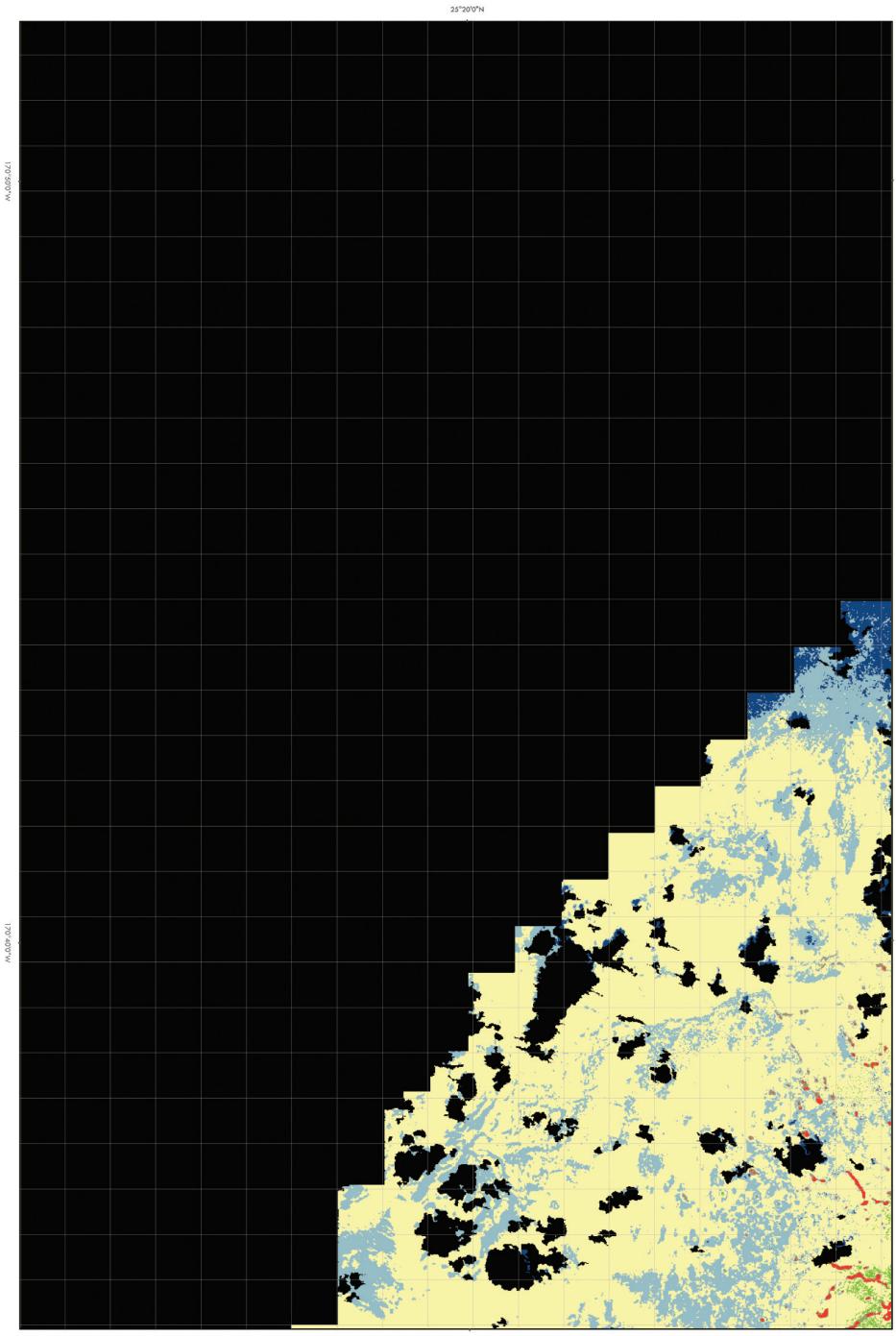
25°20'0"N

170°40'0"W

170°40'0"W

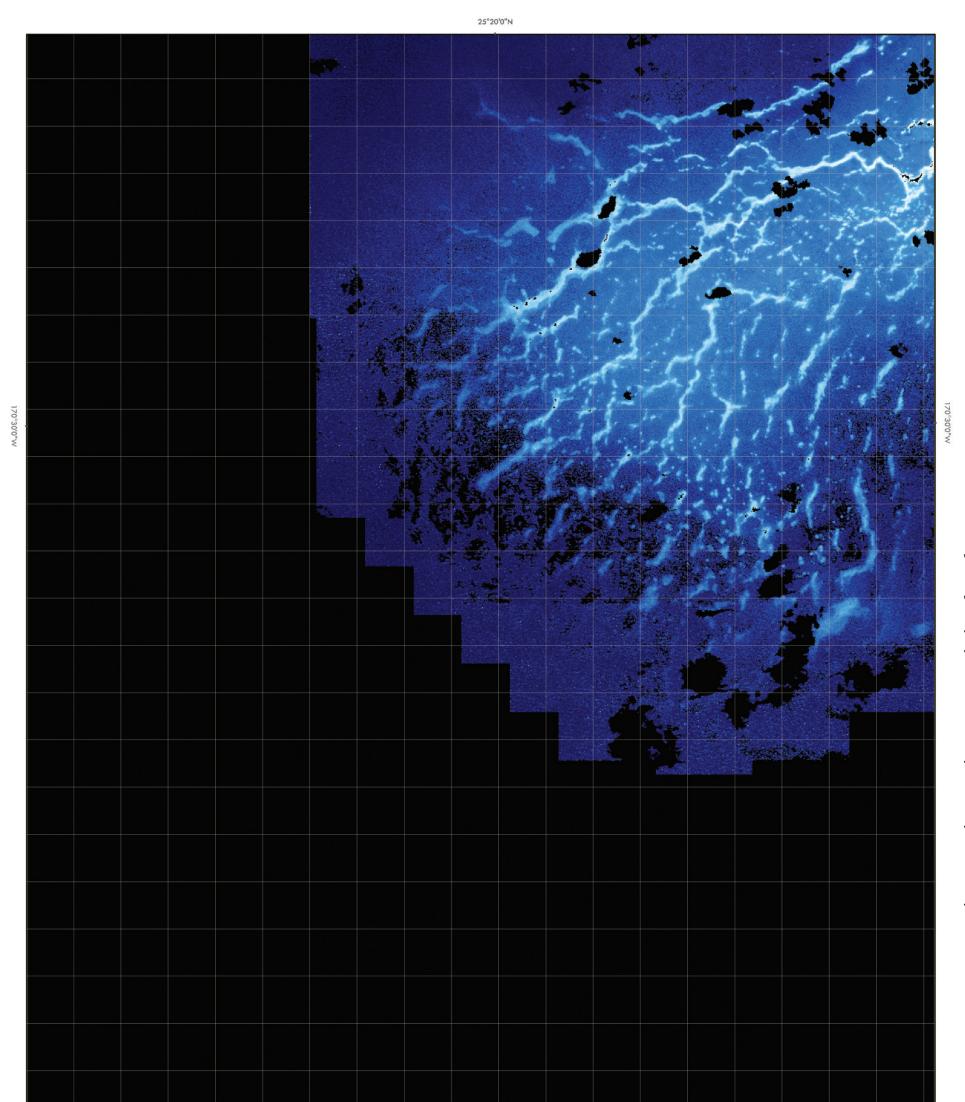


Tile 36. A 1:80,000 scale aggregated cover map of the southwest portion of Maro Reef, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. 170°40'0"W



170°50'0"W

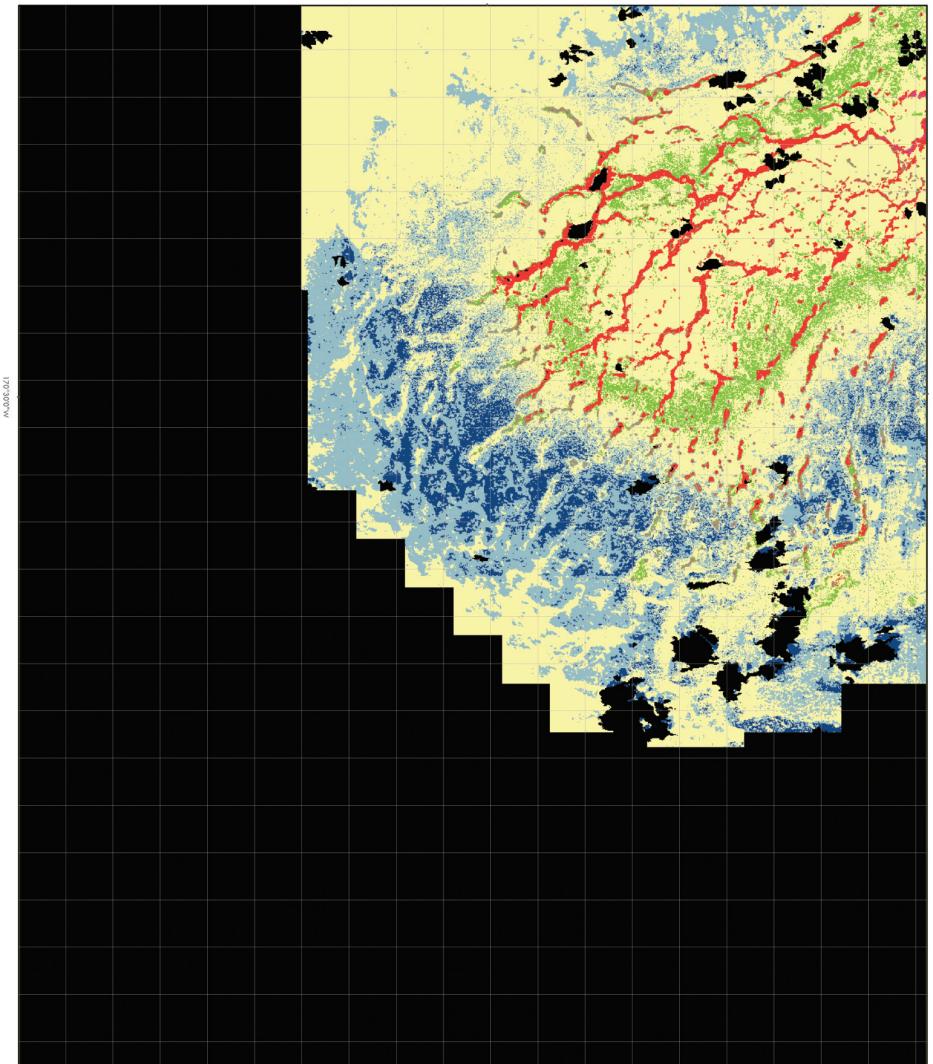
170°40'0"W



170°20'0"W

84

170°20'0"W

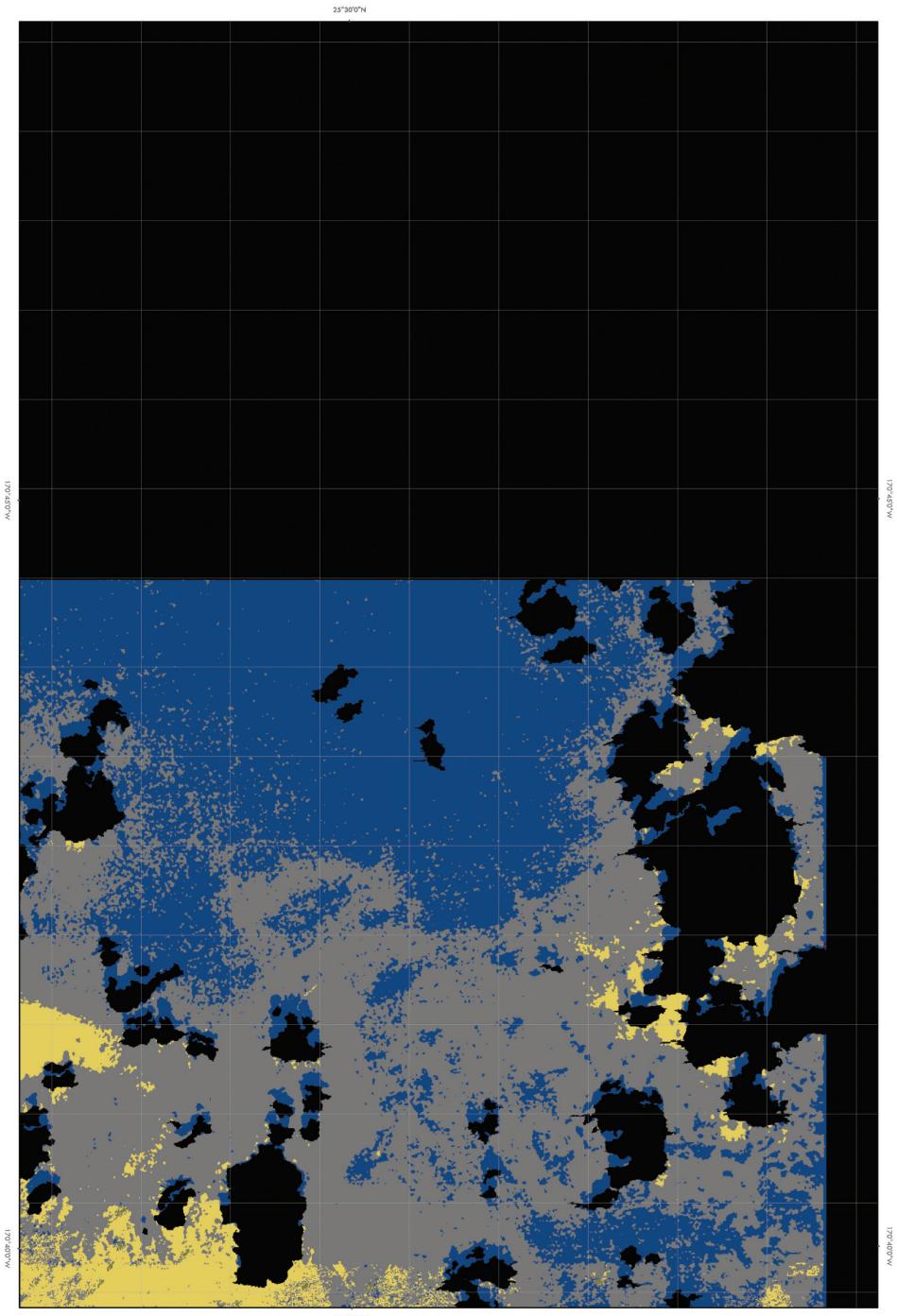


25°20'0"N

170°30'0"W

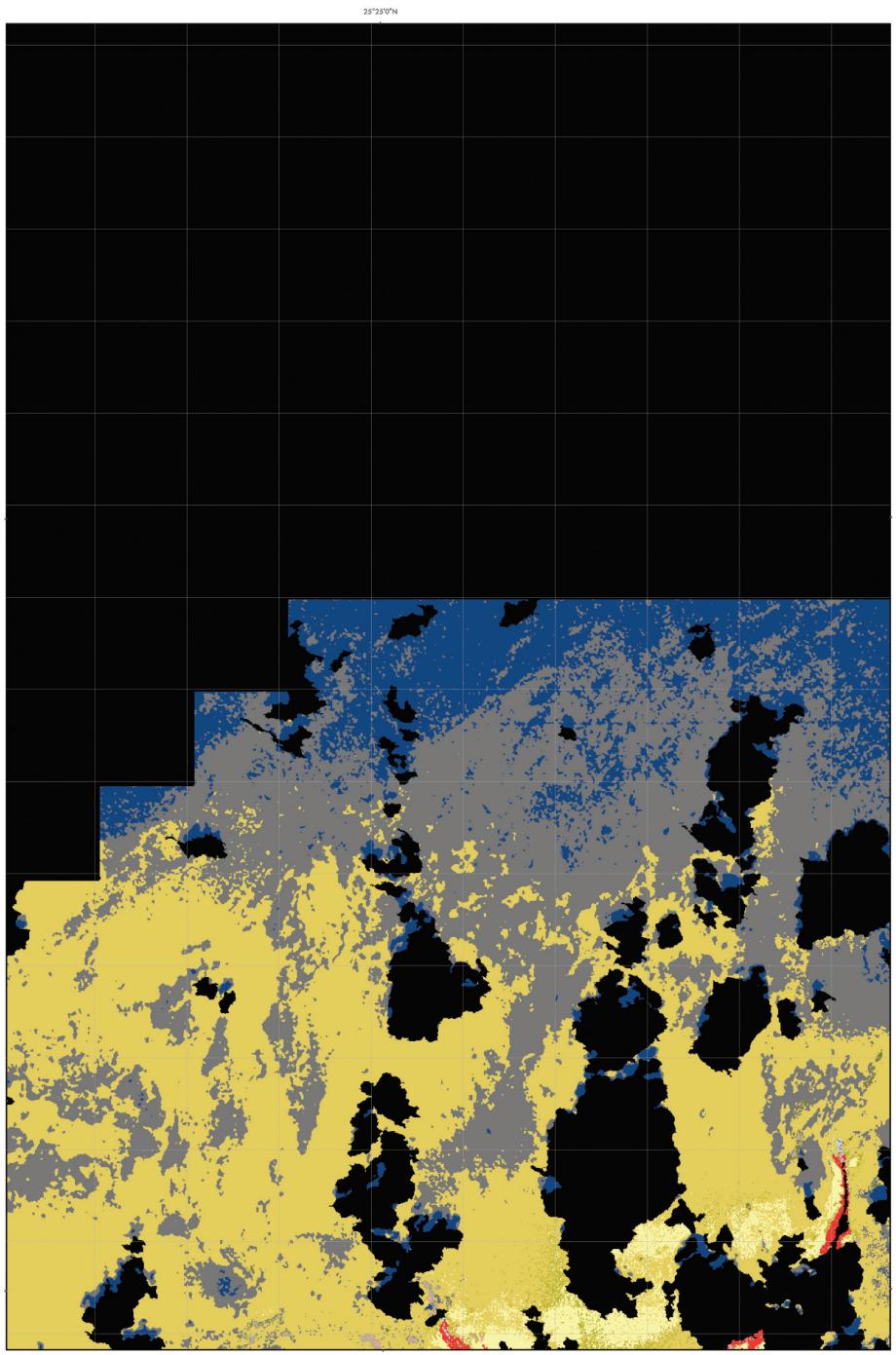
170°20'0"W

170°20'0"W



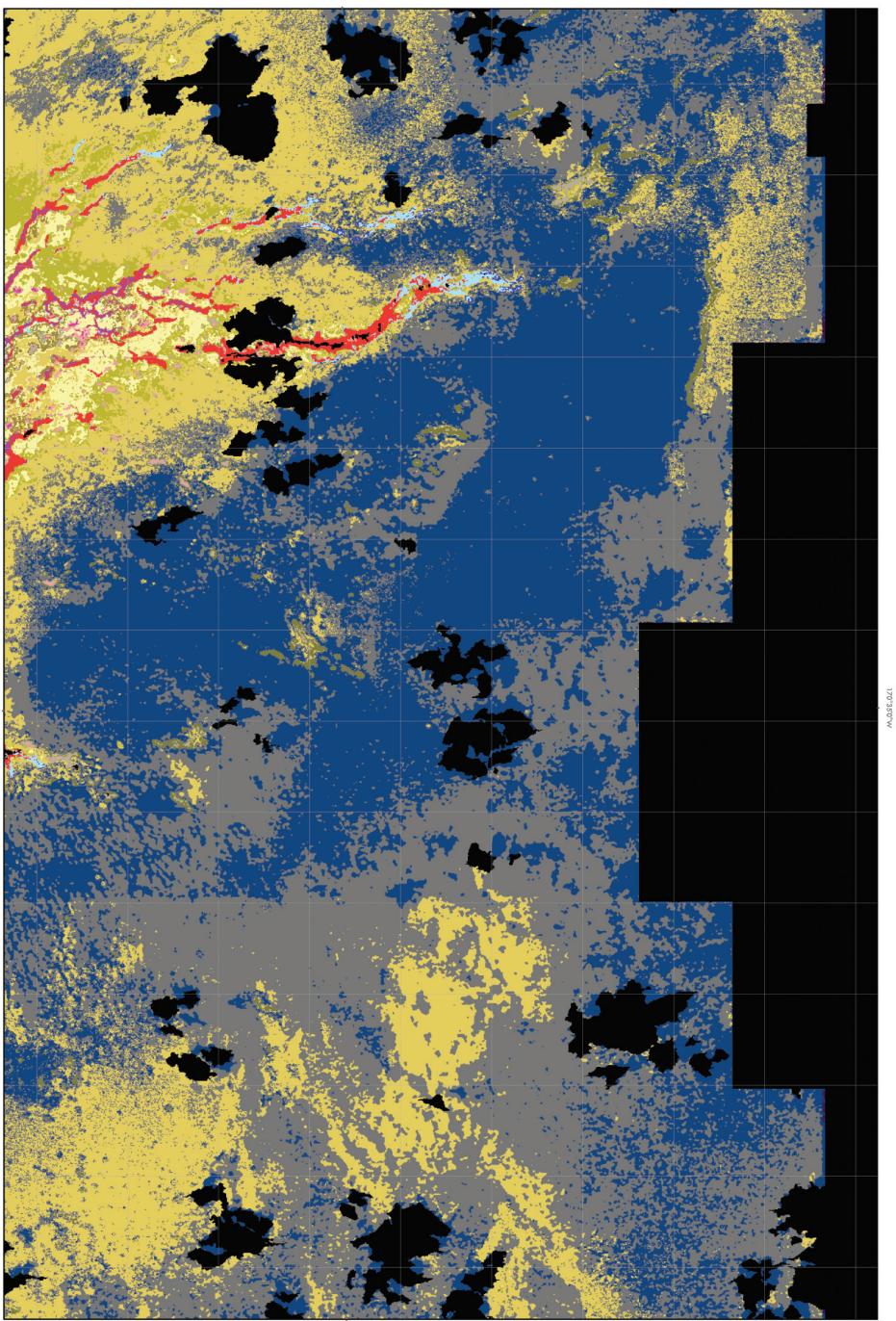
25°30'0"N

Tile 40. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of the west central portion of Maro Reef, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. 170°45'0"W



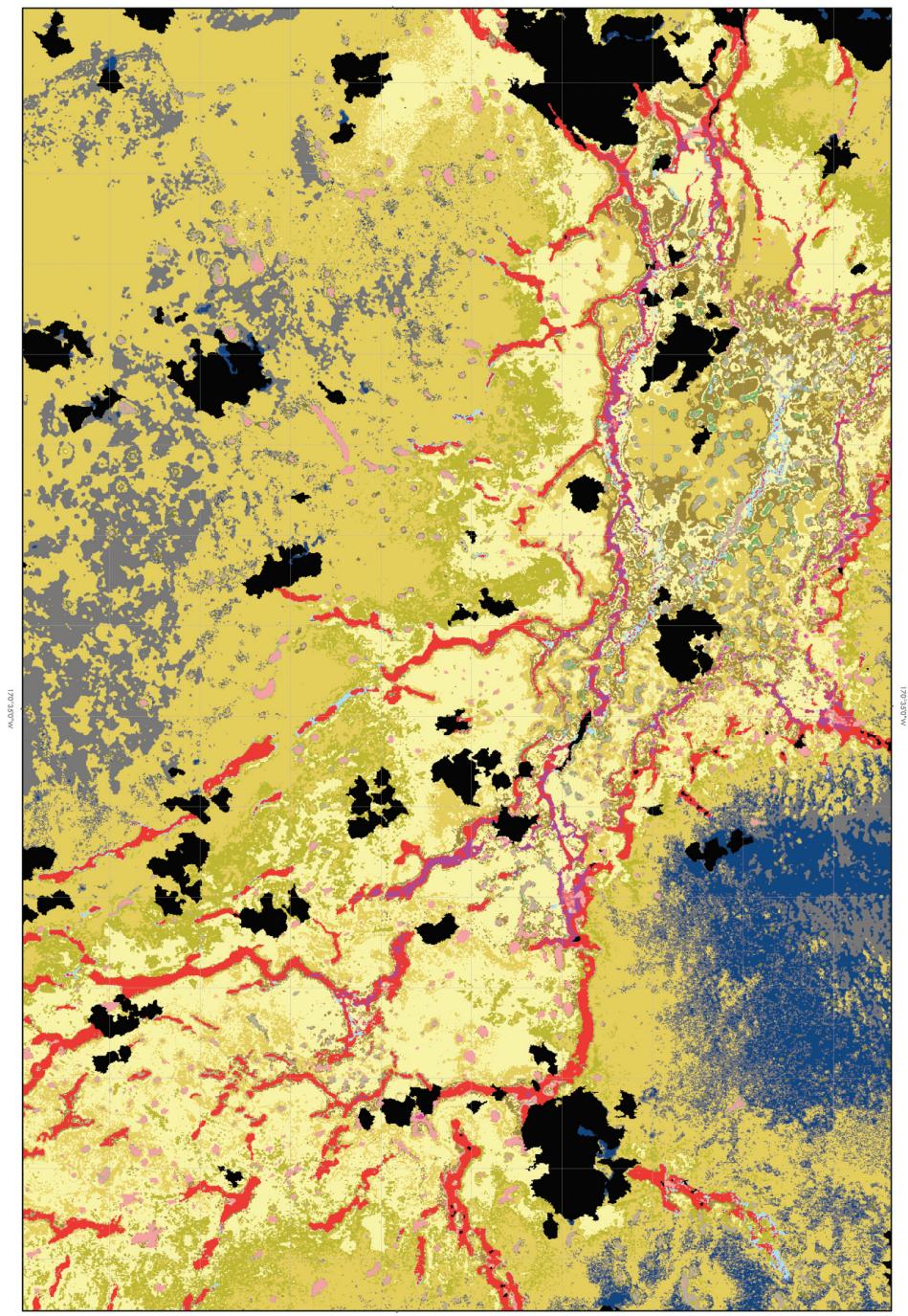
170°40'0"

25°25'0"N

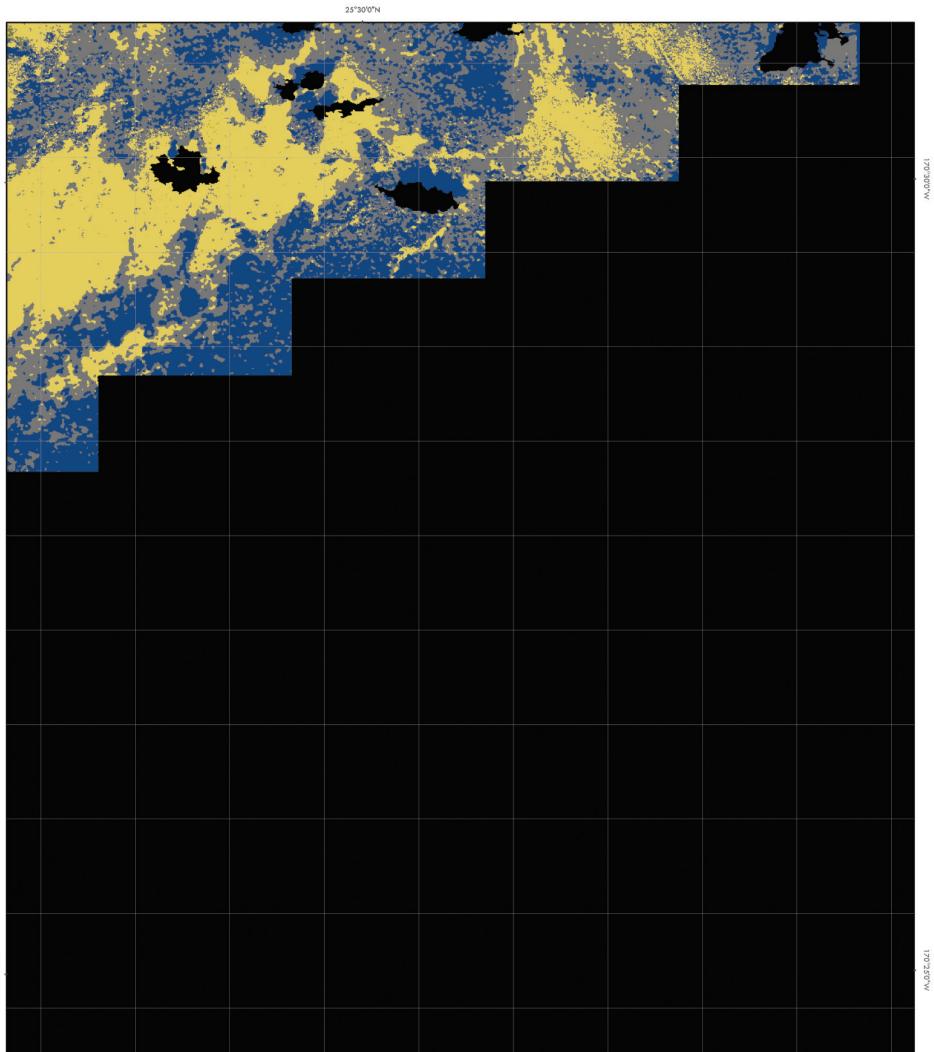


25°30'0"N

170°35'0"W

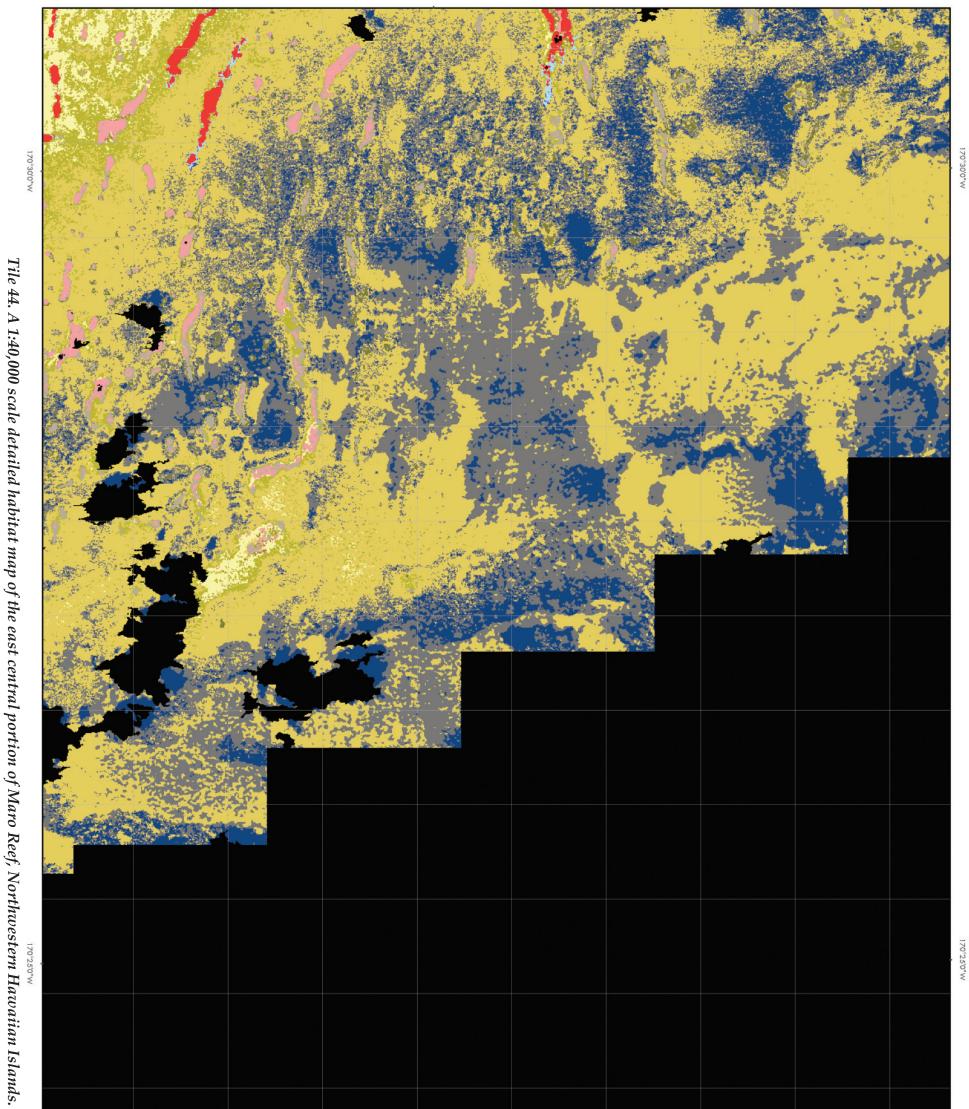


25°25'0"N



170°25'0"W

25°30'0"N

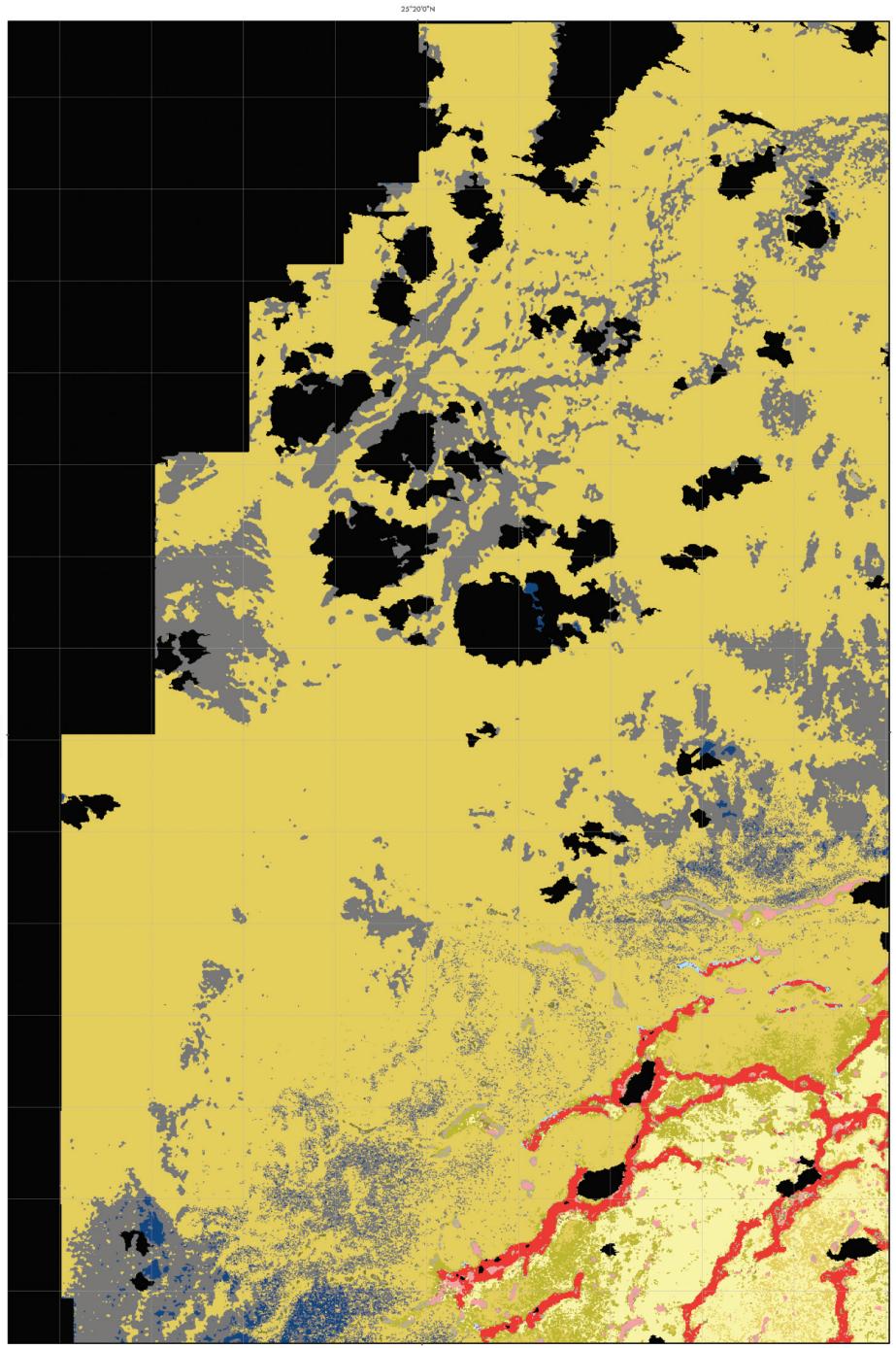


25°25'0"N

			25°20'0'	η.			
170°2							170°4
170°45'0"W							170°45'0"W

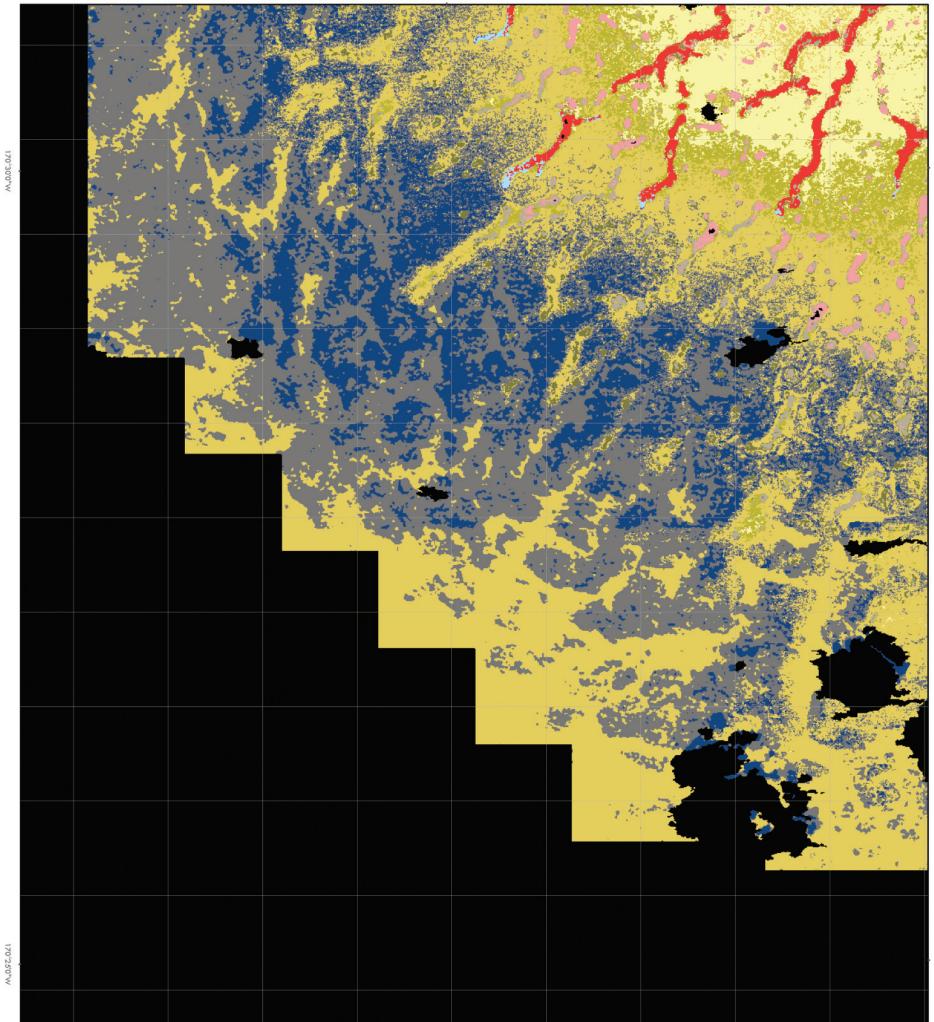
Tile 45. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of the south central portion of Maro Reef, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.





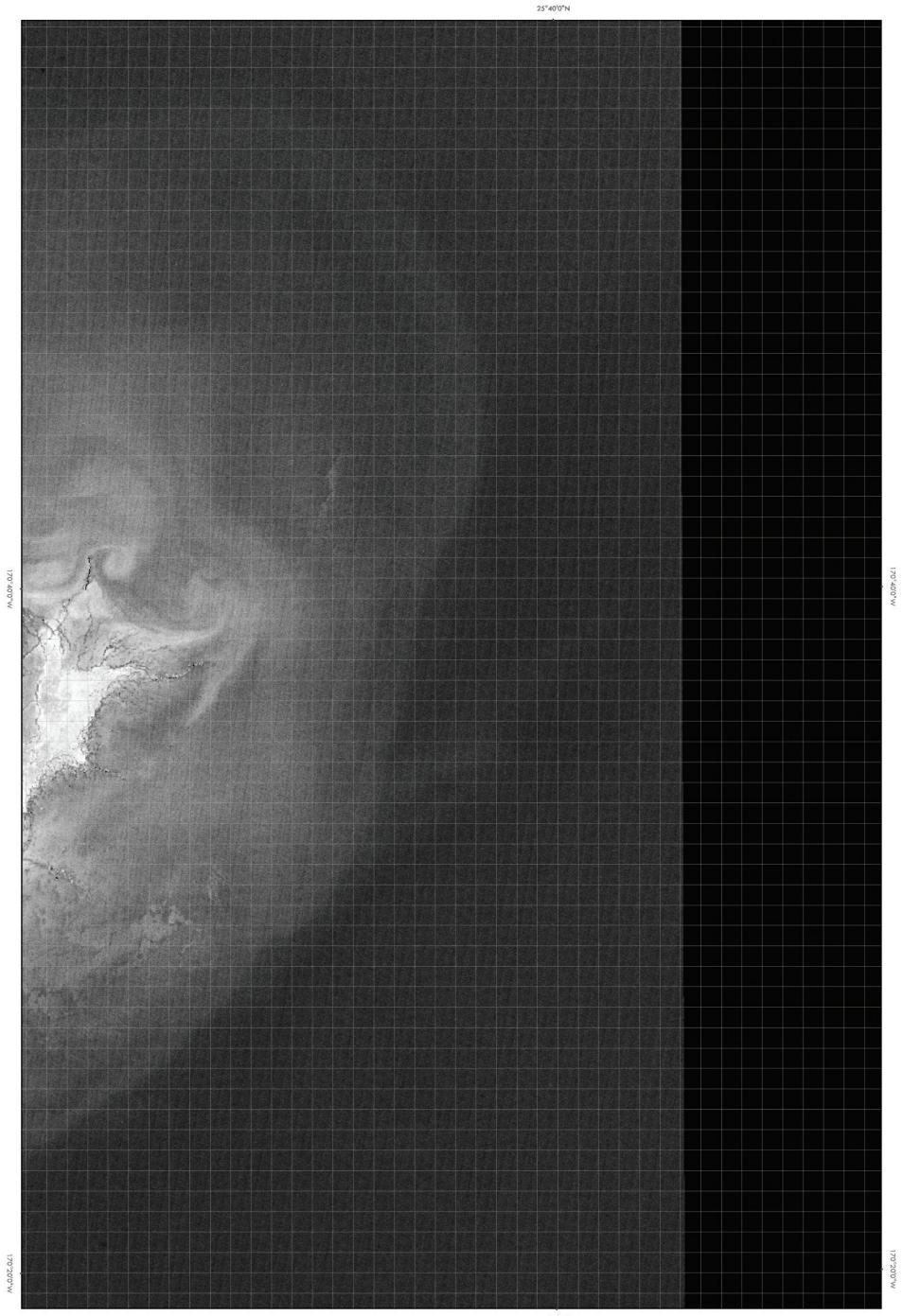
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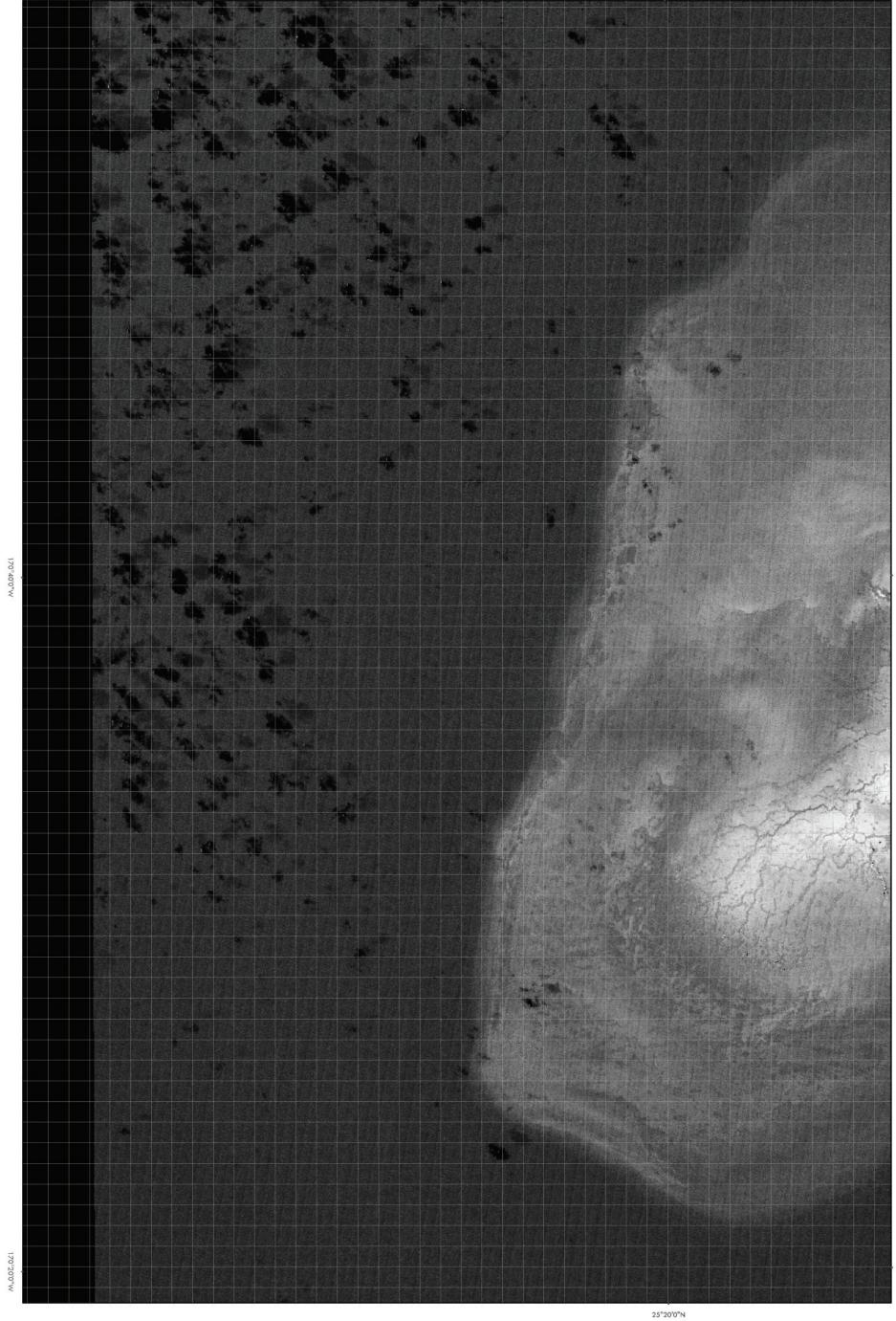


25°20'0"N

		ļ		



25°40'0"N



97

170°40'0"W

170°20'0"W

Gardner Pinnacles

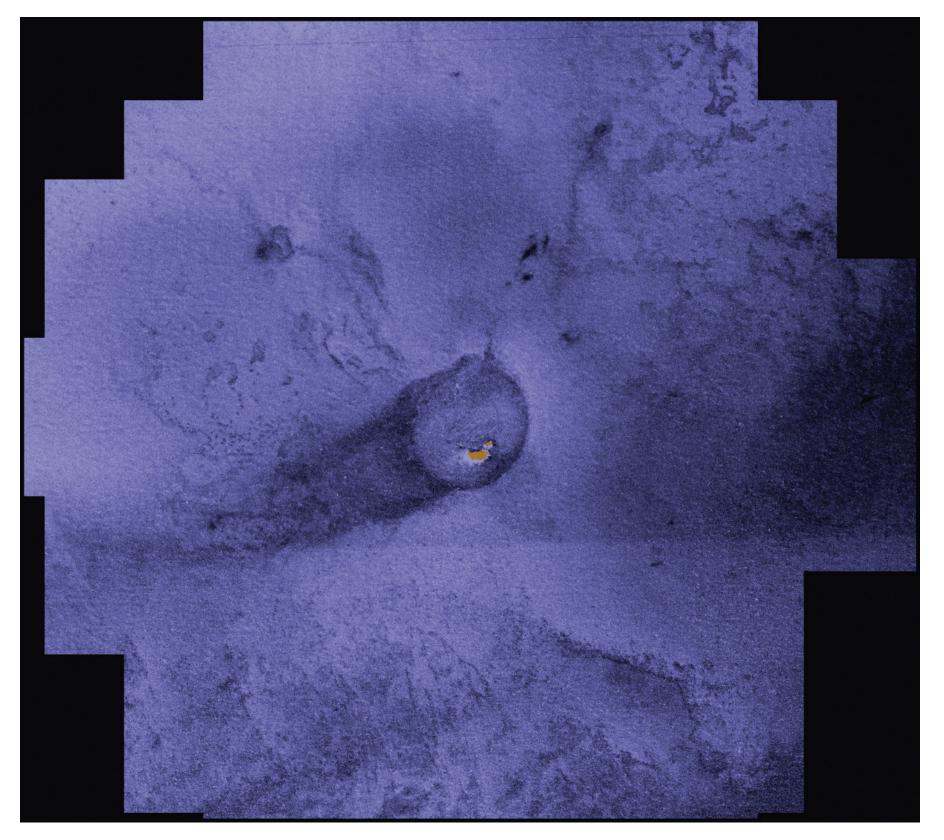
NW of the larger pinnacle. 180 m in diameter. The smaller pinnacle is located about 100 m 207 sq. km in size. The larger pinnacle is 55 m high and about remnant emergent portions of a large, 14 million-year-old shield Pinnacles is composed of two volcanic islets. These islets are the 05 minutes W and latitude 25 degrees 02 minutes N. Gardner Located approximately 1300 km ESE of Midway and 900 km volcano that has been eroded to produce an extensive shelf over WNW of Kaua'i is Gardner Pinnacles at longitude 168 degrees

which is about 90 km long and from 10 km wide at the south end Gardner Pinnacles lie near the NE side of the extensive shelf, to 35 km wide at the north end.

very flat and almost featureless for great distances. lies in water between 18 meters and 45 meters deep. The shelf is m below the water surface. From the base of the walls, the shelf The sheer basalt walls of the pinnacles extend down to about 12

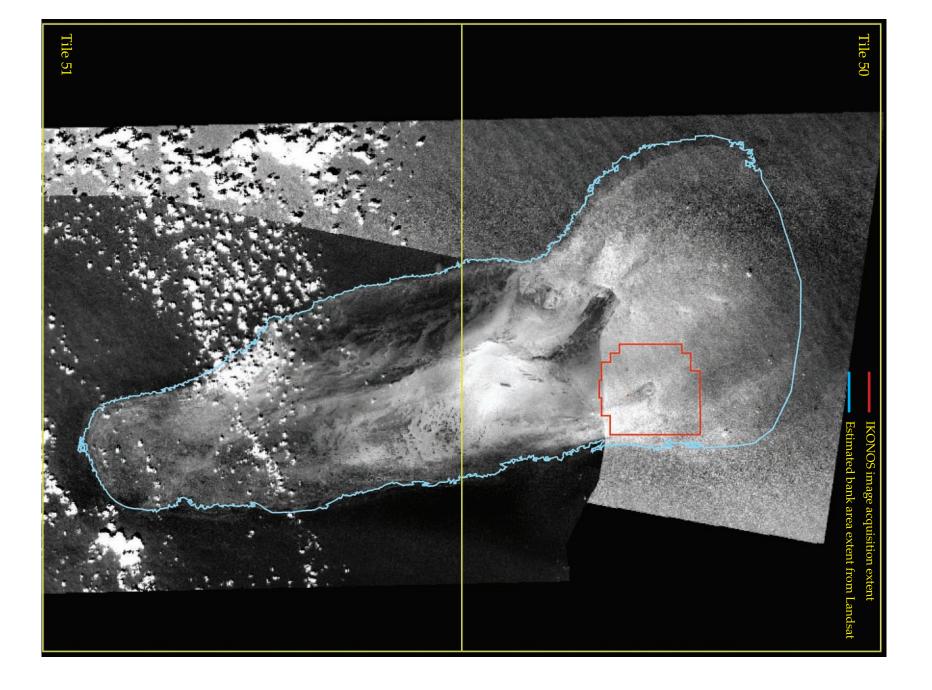
nacles was possible. little characterization of the benthic habitats of Gardner Pin-Due to the depth of water surrounding Gardner Pinnacles, very

sive shallow-water bank area around Gardner Pinnacles. Two 1:200,000 scale map tiles are included to depict the extensand and dark hardbottom areas (1:40,000 scale) is provided. water reflectance of the IKONOS satellite image depicting bright satellite imagery for Gardner Pinnacles. An enhancement of the No 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat maps were generated from



dark hardbottom areas of Gardner Pinnacles, Northwestern A 1:40,000 scale IKONOS satellite image depicting bright sand and





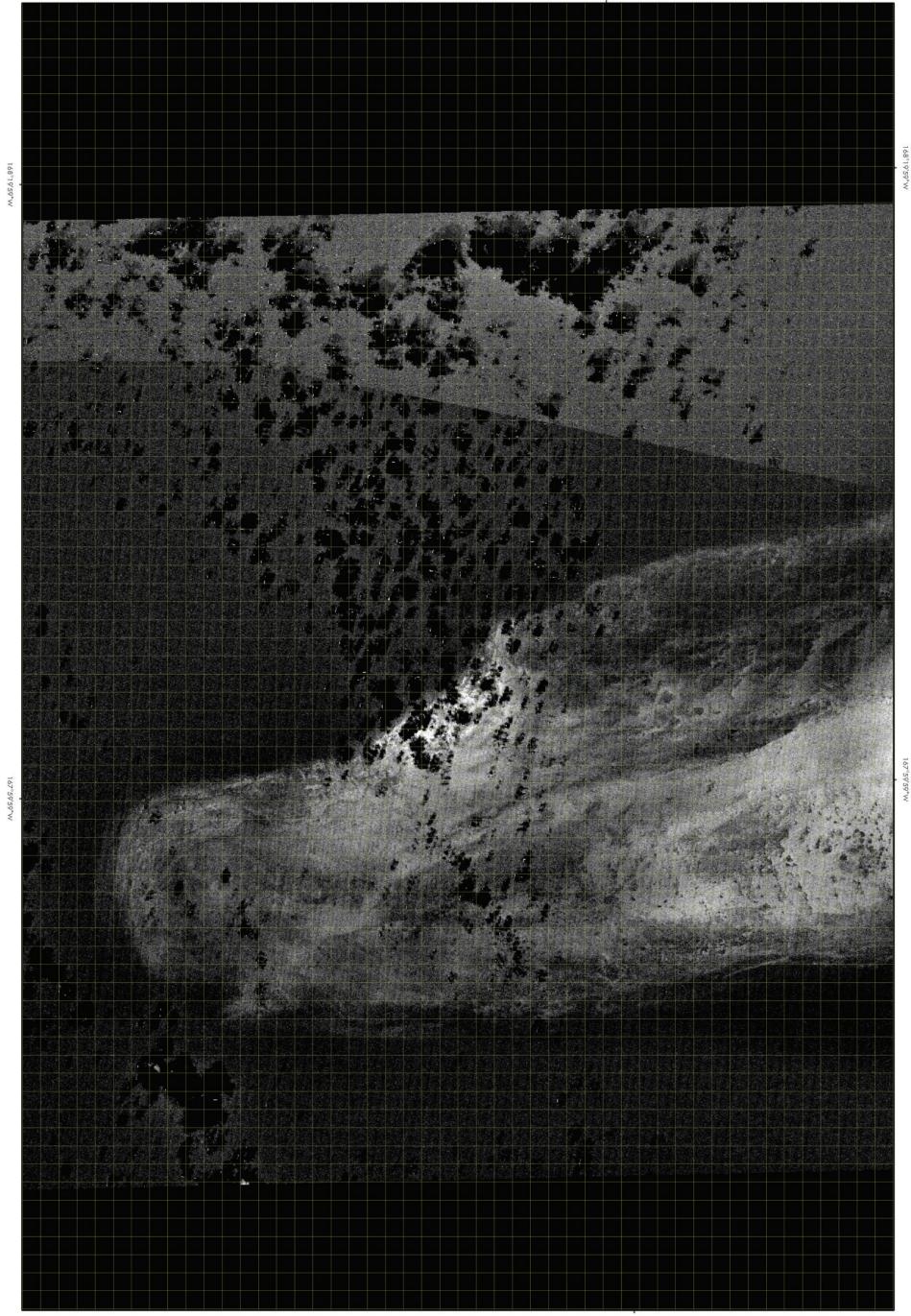


168°19'59"W

167°59'59"W

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25°0'8"N



24°40'8"N

24°40'8"N

French Frigate Shoals

Approximately 1500 km ESE of Midway Atoll and 700 km WNW of Kaua'i lies French Frigate Shoals at longitude 166 degrees 10 minutes W and latitude 23 degrees 45 minutes N. French Frigate Shoals was formed approximately 13.8 million years ago as the Pacific Plate crossed over a "hotspot" in the earth's mantle. The Pacific Plate continues to move WNW at about 9 cm each year.

French Frigate Shoals appears to be the remnant portion of an approximately 27 km-long crescent-shaped atoll. This atoll protects a 727 sq.-km shallow lagoon that is from two and 10 km wide. La Perouse Pinnacle, located at the southwest corner of the lagoon, is the major visual landmark in the area at French Frigate Shoals. La Perouse Pinnacle is the dense rock remnant of the central lava tube that formed the volcano. Everything else surrounding this central tube has been eroded. Numerous sand islets dot the lagoon area of French Frigate Shoals. Waves and currents constantly change the size and shape of these sandy islets.

French Frigate Shoals is the most important breeding and nesting area for the Hawaiian green sea turtle in the entire Hawaiian archipelago. As much as 80 percent of all green sea turtles in the entire Hawaiian archipelago return to French Frigate Shoals to nest and breed. The numerous shoals and sand bars offer perfect habitat in which these ancient creatures can reproduce. French Frigate Shoals also is home to millions of birds. On Tern Island alone, an estimated 1.5 million Sooty Terns nest and breed.

French Frigate Shoals presents a contrast in seabed habitats. Vast areas of many square kilometers are devoid of reef coral development, while other areas are among the richest reefs observed in the Hawaiian archepelago. Sand, rubble, uncolonized hardbottom and crustose coralline algae dominate the lagoon and the windward reef. It appears that severe North Pacific Swells and NW Trade Wind Swells suppress reef coral development in major areas of the atoll. Large amounts of sand constantly move with shifting wave patterns and currents along the lagoon floor, periodically burying and uncovering large areas. As a result, the sand islands constantly change size and shape. In addition, the NE trade winds prevail throughout the year and drive lagoon circulation. The average wind velocity is 12 knots.

Due to its size, four map tiles are required to depict the 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry and aggregated habitat cover maps. Twelve map tiles are required to depict the 1:40,000 scale detailed benthic habitats of French Frigate Shoals. Two 1:100,000 scale map tiles are included to depict the extensive shallow-water bank area around French Frigate Shoals. A one-square-kilometer grid is included with all maps of French Frigate Shoals.

The area in square kilometers of aggregated benthic habitat cover types found at French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Ha-waiian Islands.

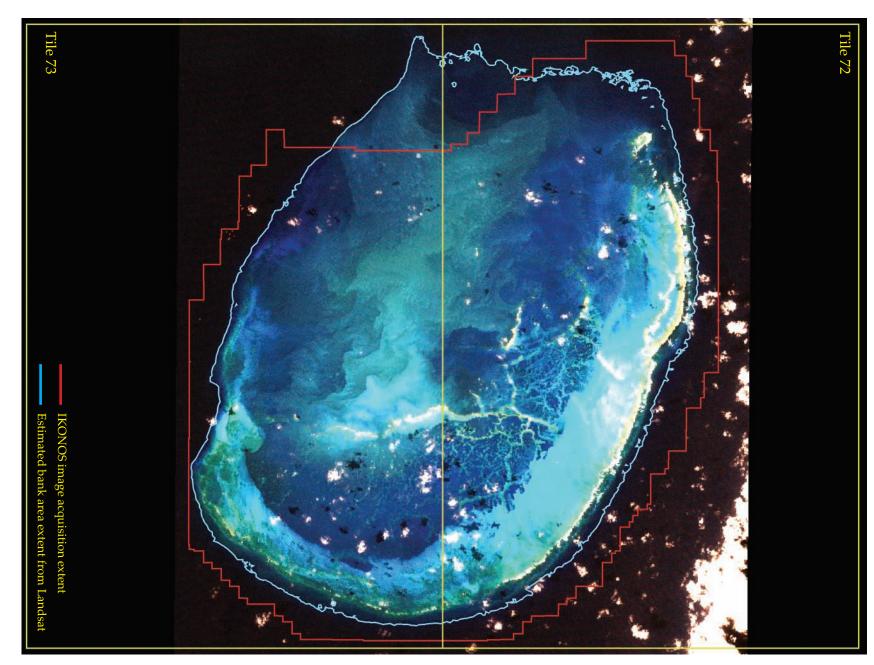
Deep water (3010) Aggregated Patch Reef wit Reef crest (3020) Volcanic Rock, uncolonized Volcanic Rock (2900) Pavement with sand chann Pavement, uncolonized with Pavement, uncolonized (27 Pavement with live coral (Pavement with sparse (10-Pavement (2700) Aggregated Patch Reef (25) Linear Reef, uncolonized (Hardbottom with crustose Sand with dense (>50% cov Sand with patchy (10–50%) Total Habitat Area Classiff Unclassified (3300) Dredged channel (3030) Volcanic Rock with live cor Volcanic Rock with dense Pavement with sand chann Pavement with sand chann Pavement with crustose co Pavement with dense (>50% Scattered Coral/Rock in Sa Patch Reef with crustose cc Patch Reef, uncolonized w Patch Reef, uncolonized (24 Patch Reef with live coral Spur and Groove (2300) Aggregated Coral Heads w Linear Reef with crustose Linear Reef, uncolonized v Hardbottom with sparse (1 Hardbottom (2000) Groove (1500) Sand with macroalgae (112 Sand (1100) Unconsolidated (1000, refe The area in square TOTAL Area in IKONOS i Cloud, Shadow, Surf, and Land (3100) Pavement with live coral (> Patch Reef (2400) Linear Reef with live coral Linear Reef (2100) Hardbottom, uncolonized Hardbottom with live cora Sand and Rubble (1400) Unconsolidated Rubble wi Unconsolidated Rubble wi **Unconsolidated Rubble (13**

The area in square kilometers of benthic habitats found at French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

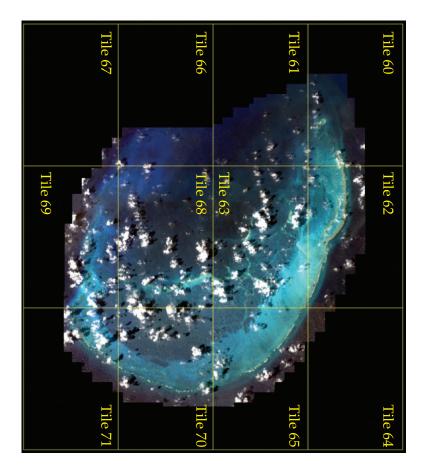
er to classification scheme for habitat description)	1
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20) 6 cover) (1121)	- 22.3
vver) macroalgae (1122)	1.0
rith sparse (10–50% cover) algae (1301)	I Č
ith dense (>50% cover) algae (1302)	- 142.8
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al (>10% cover) (2010) (2020)	1 1
e coralline algae (>10% cover) (2030)	1 1
1 (>10% cover) (2110)	3.9
(2120)	ວ 5 ຊີ
coralline algae (>10% cover) (2130)	0.4 1.3
with live coral (>10% cover) (2210)	1.6
	8.5 I
(>10% cover) (2410) 2/200	
vith sparse (10–50% cover) algae (2421)	I
oralline algae (>10% cover) (2430) 500)	0.3
th live coral (>10% cover) (2510)	1
and with live coral (>10% cover) (2610)	2.0
–50% cover) algae (2701)	-
)% cover) algae (2702)	0.3
(>10% cover) (2/10) (>10% cover) with dense (>50% cover) algae (2712)	
	44.5
oralline algae (>10% cover) algae (2/22)	3.1
nels (2800)	12.4
nels and live coral (>10% cover) (2810) nels, uncolonized (2820)	16.9 -
	I
(>50% cover) algae (2902) aral (>10% cover) (2910)	1 1
ed (2920)	I
	196.7
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age	±17.0 818.3

Index maps indicating the locations of map tiles for the 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat maps, the 1:80,000 scale aggregated cover and estimated bathymetry, and the 1:100,000 scale bank of French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

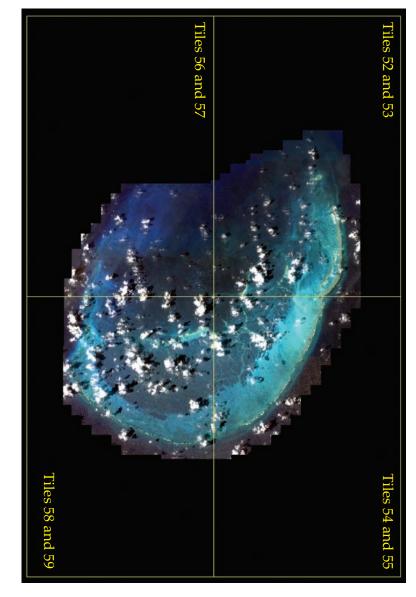
Index of 1:100,000 tiles

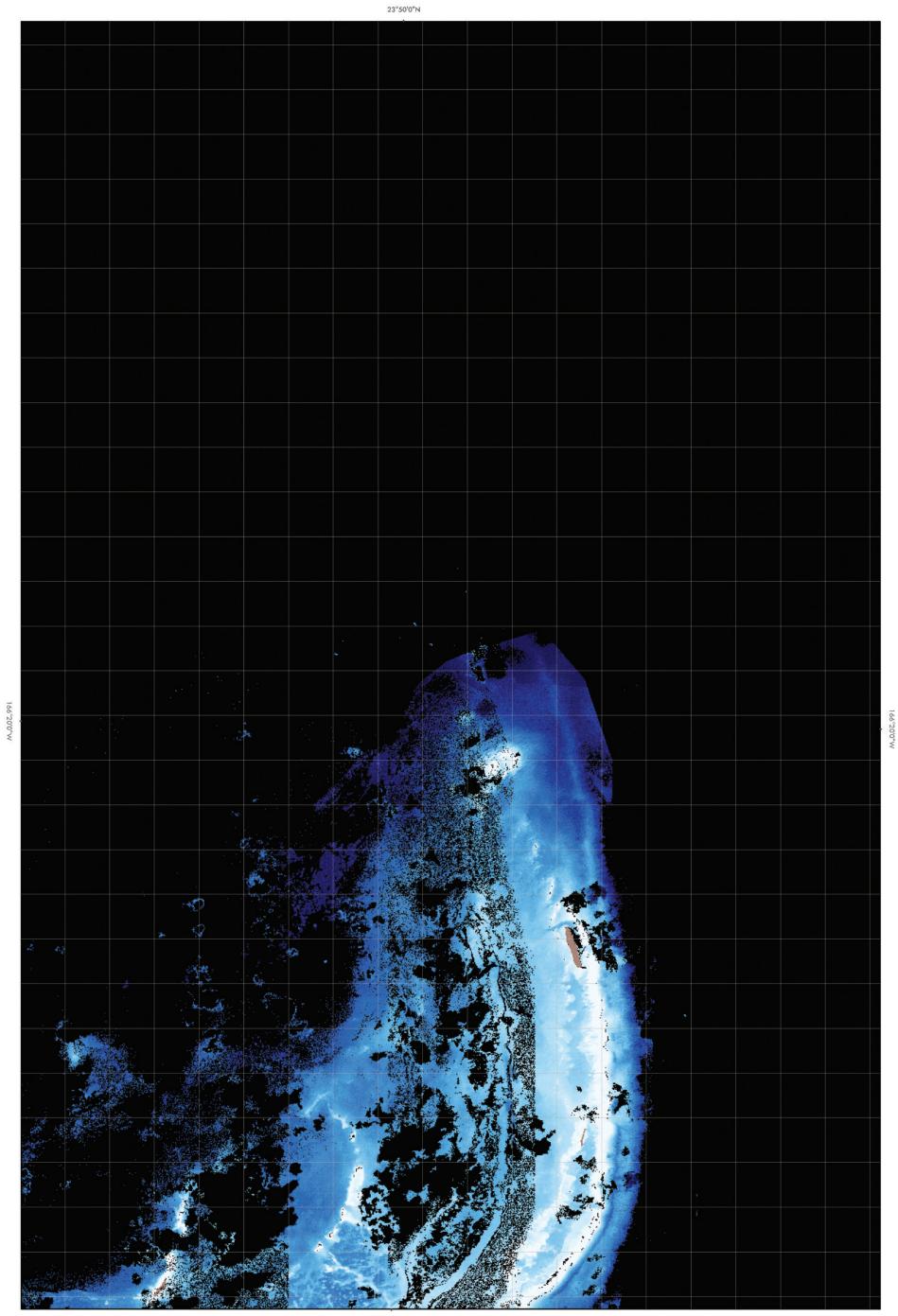


Index of 1:40,000 tiles



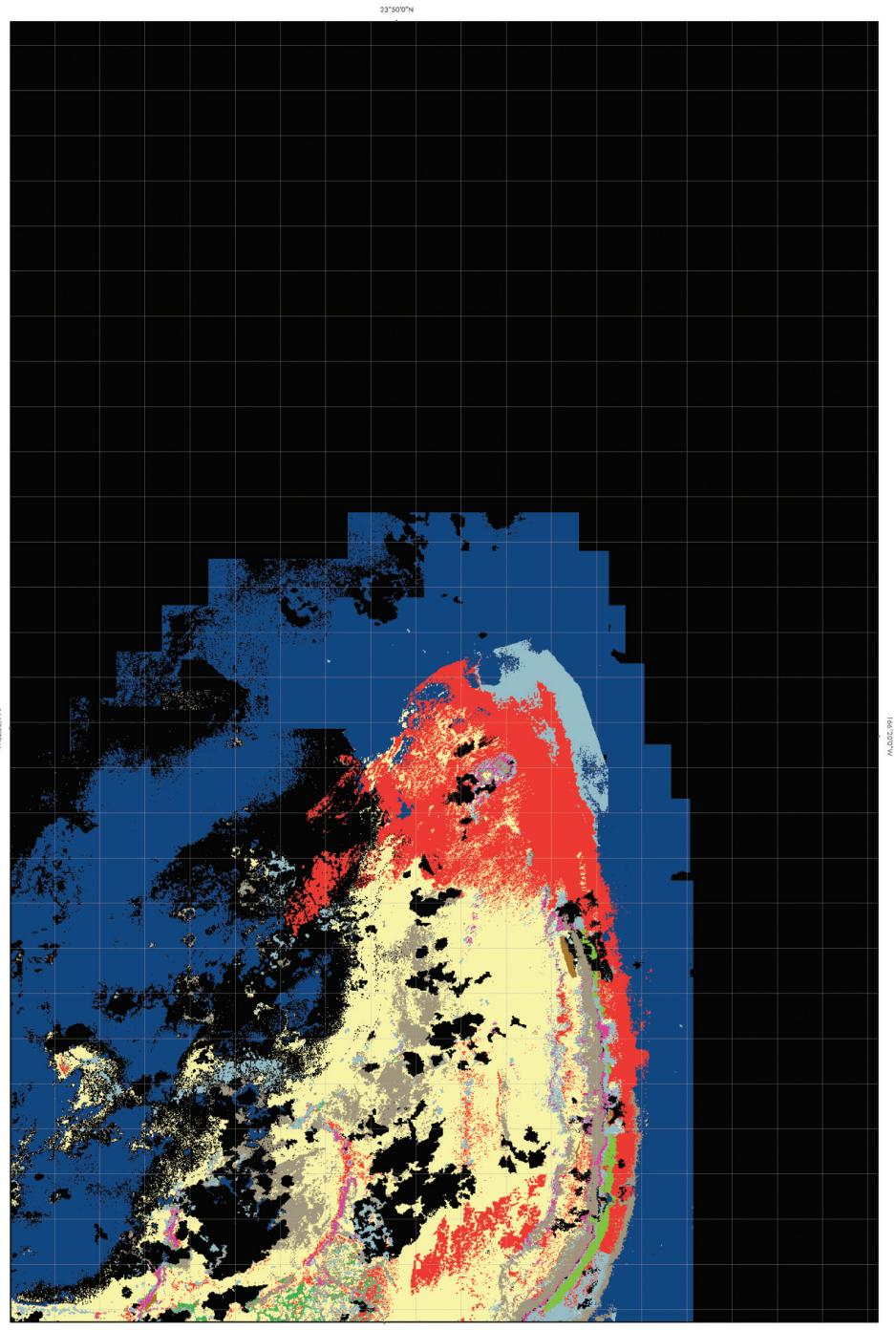
Index of 1:80,000 tiles

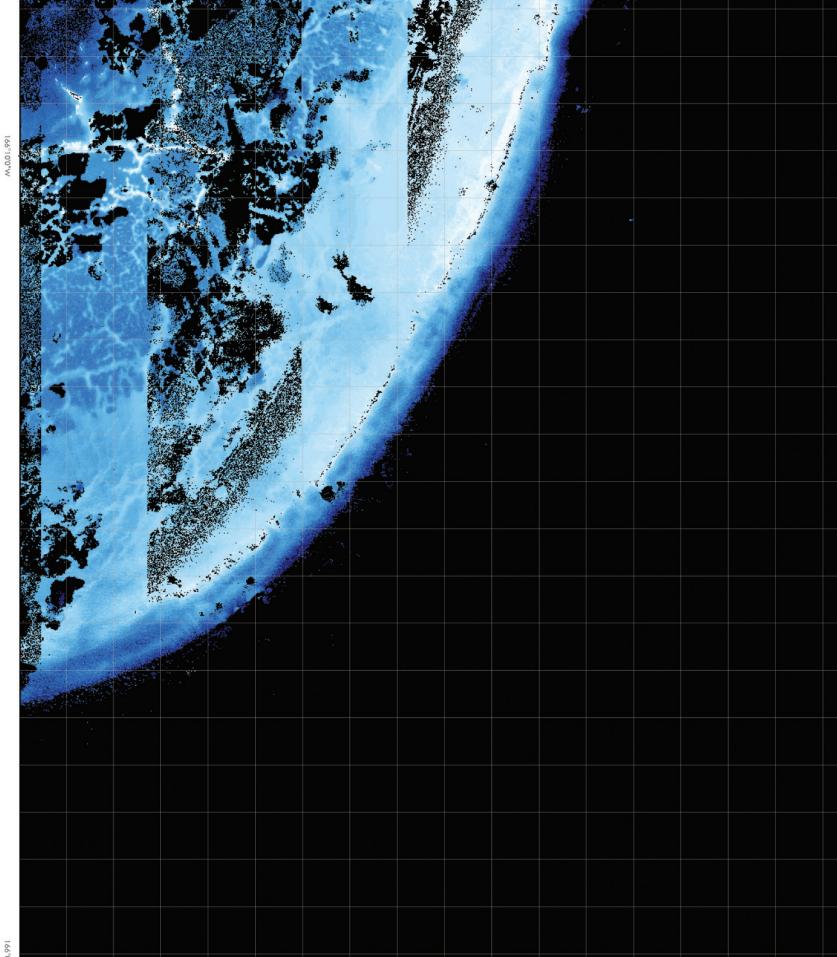




Tile 52. A 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry map of the northwest portion of French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.







23°50'0"N

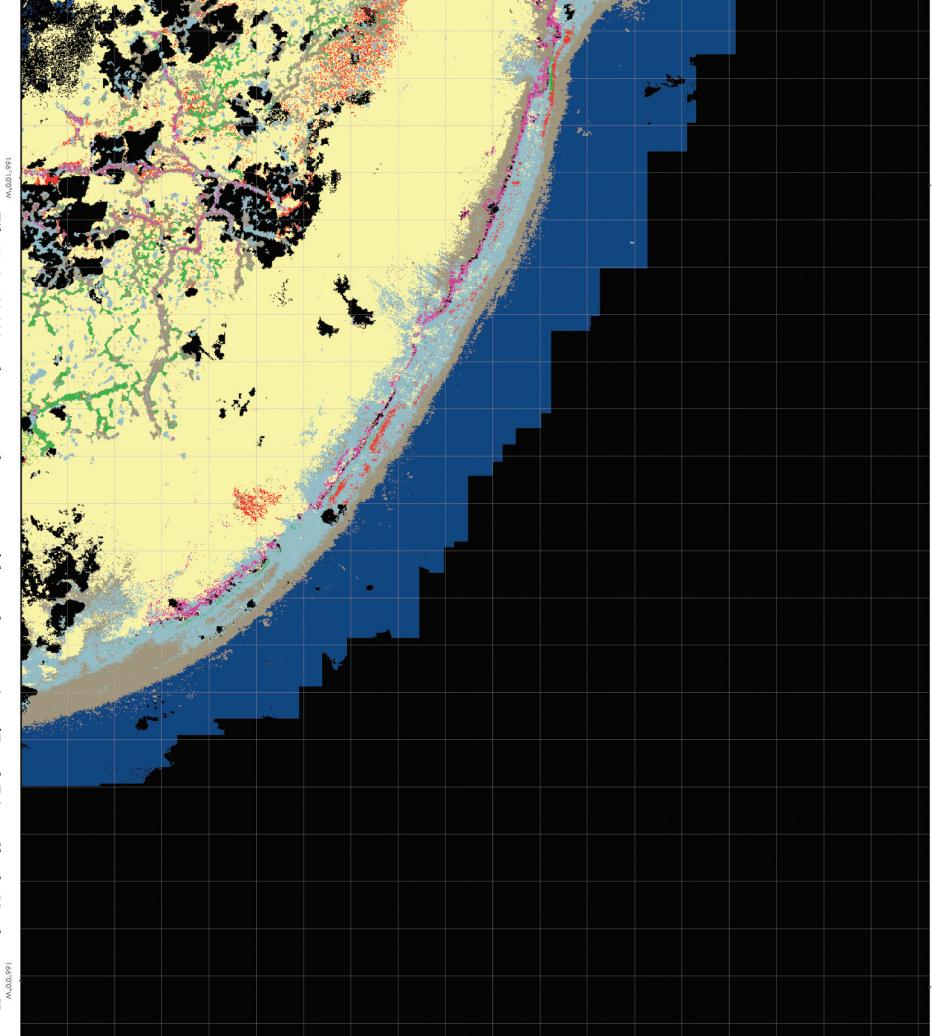
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166°0'0"W

Tile 54. A 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry map of the northeast portion of French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

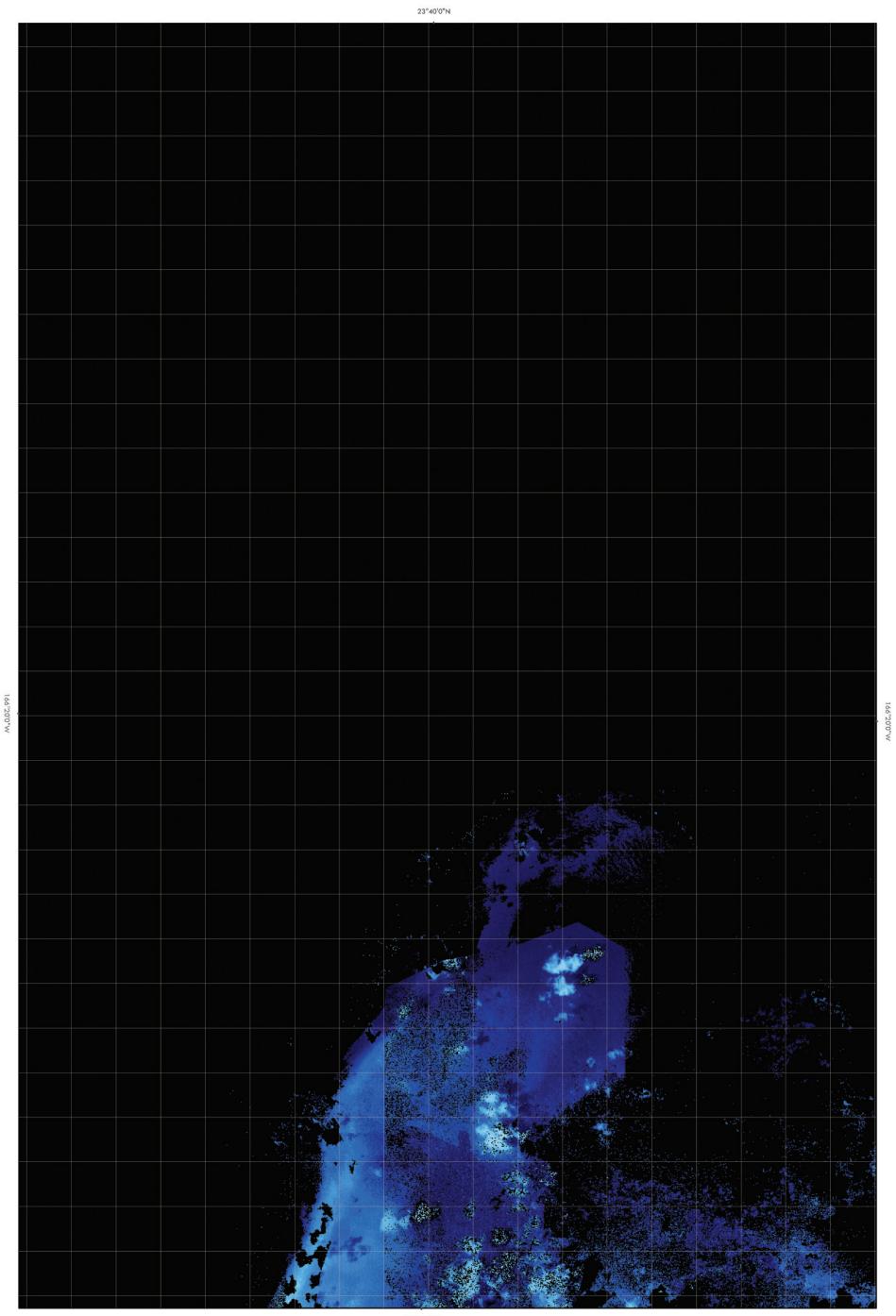
166°10'0"W

166°0'0"W



23°50'0"N

166°10'0"W

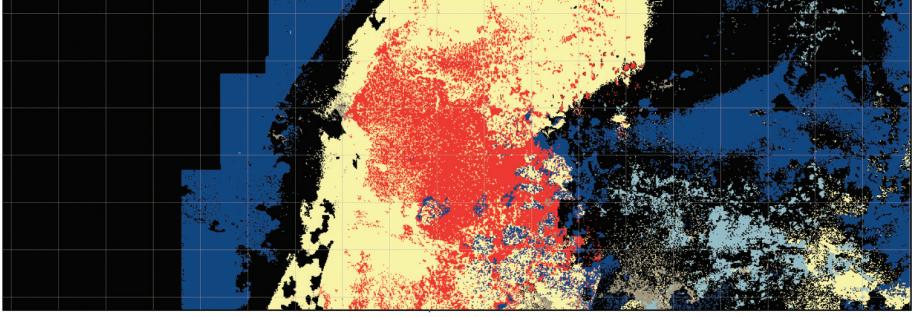


Tile 56. A 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry map of the southwest portion of French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

23°40'0"N



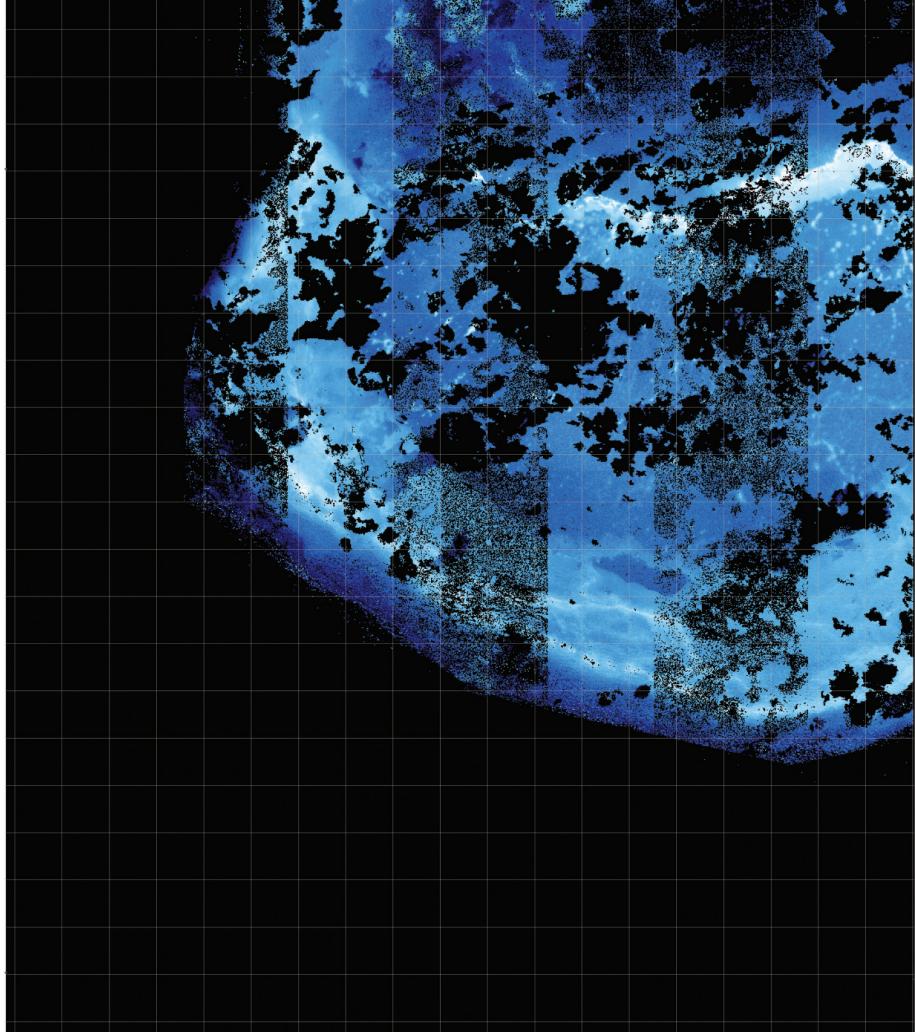
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23°40'0"N



166°10'0"W



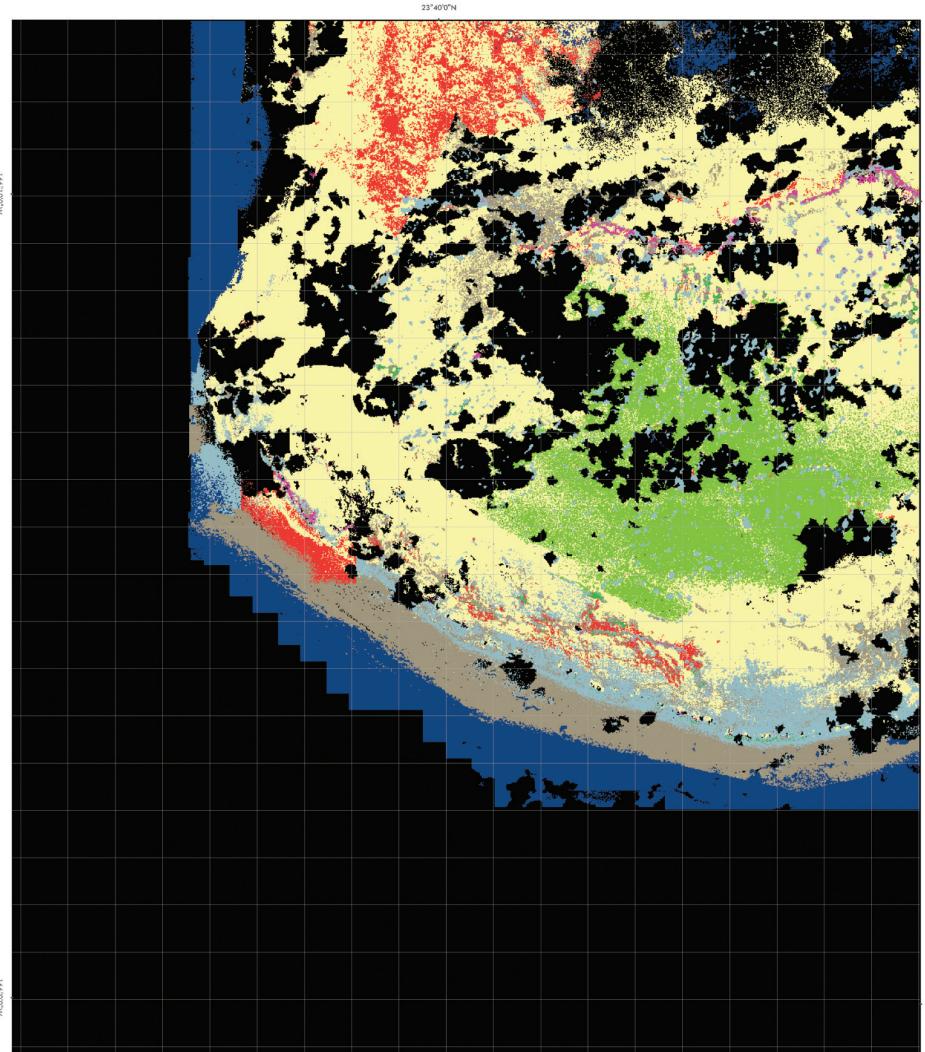
23°40'0"N

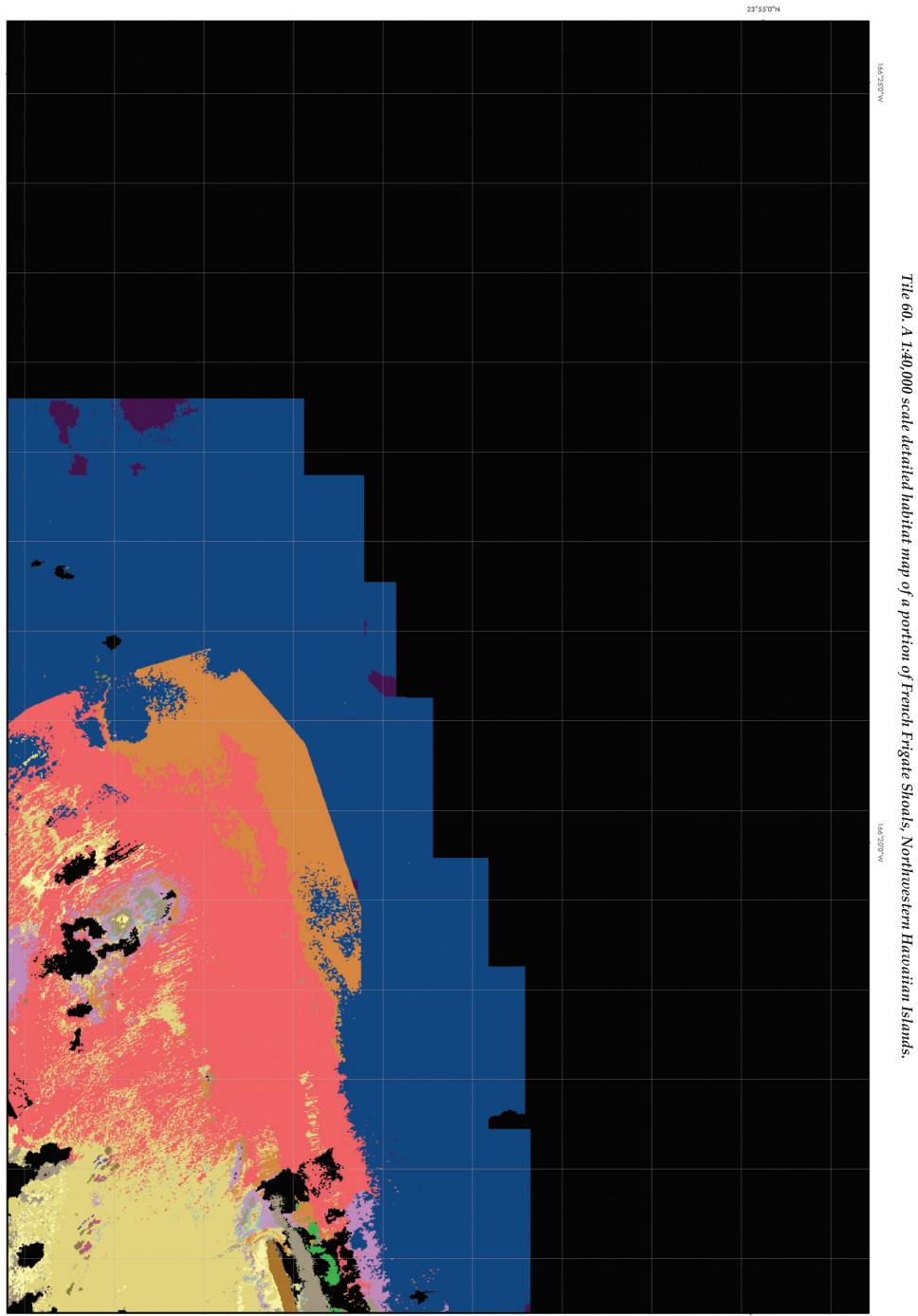
166°0'0"W

166°0'0"W

23°40'0"N



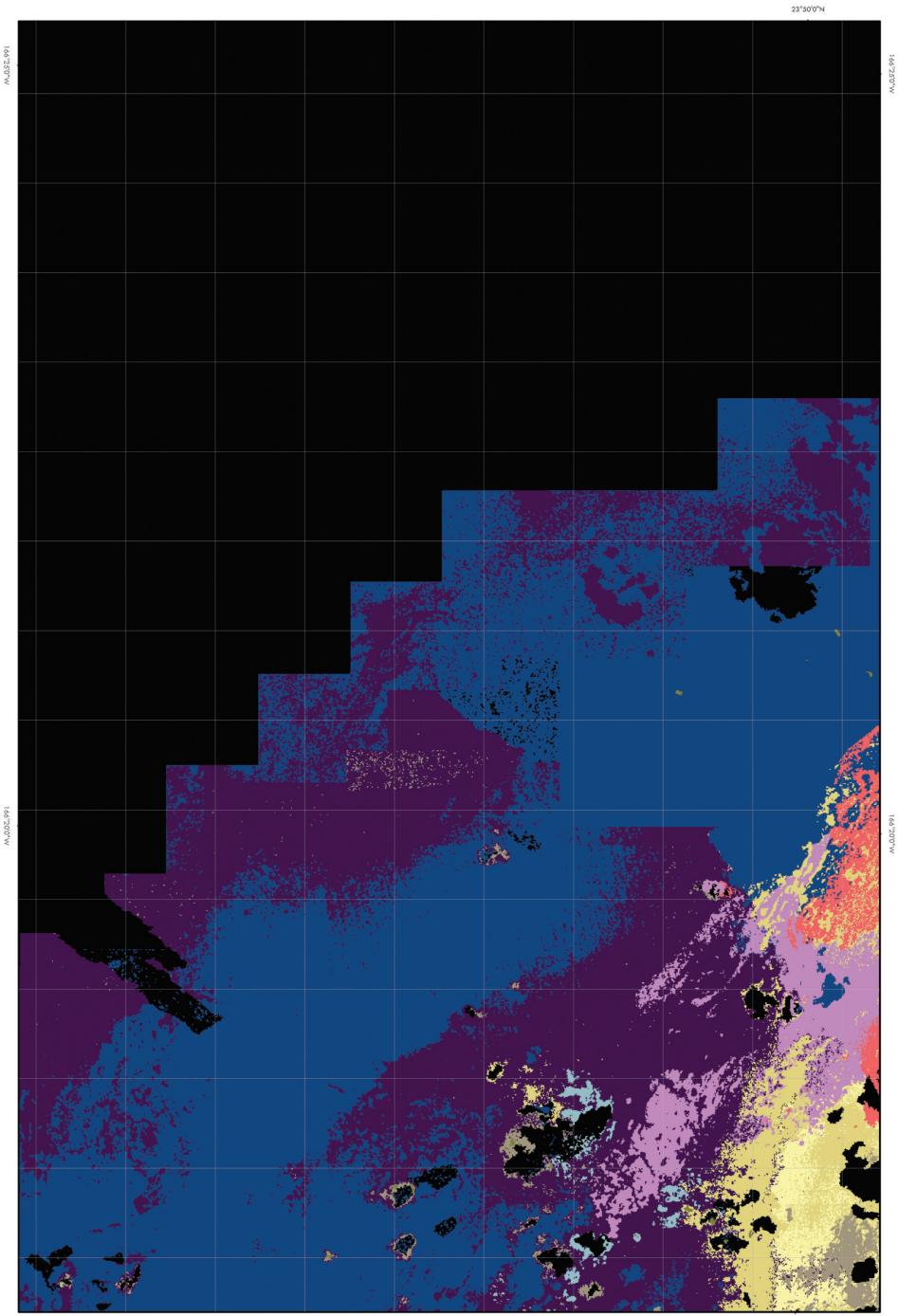




166°25'0"W

166°20'0"W

23°55'0"N

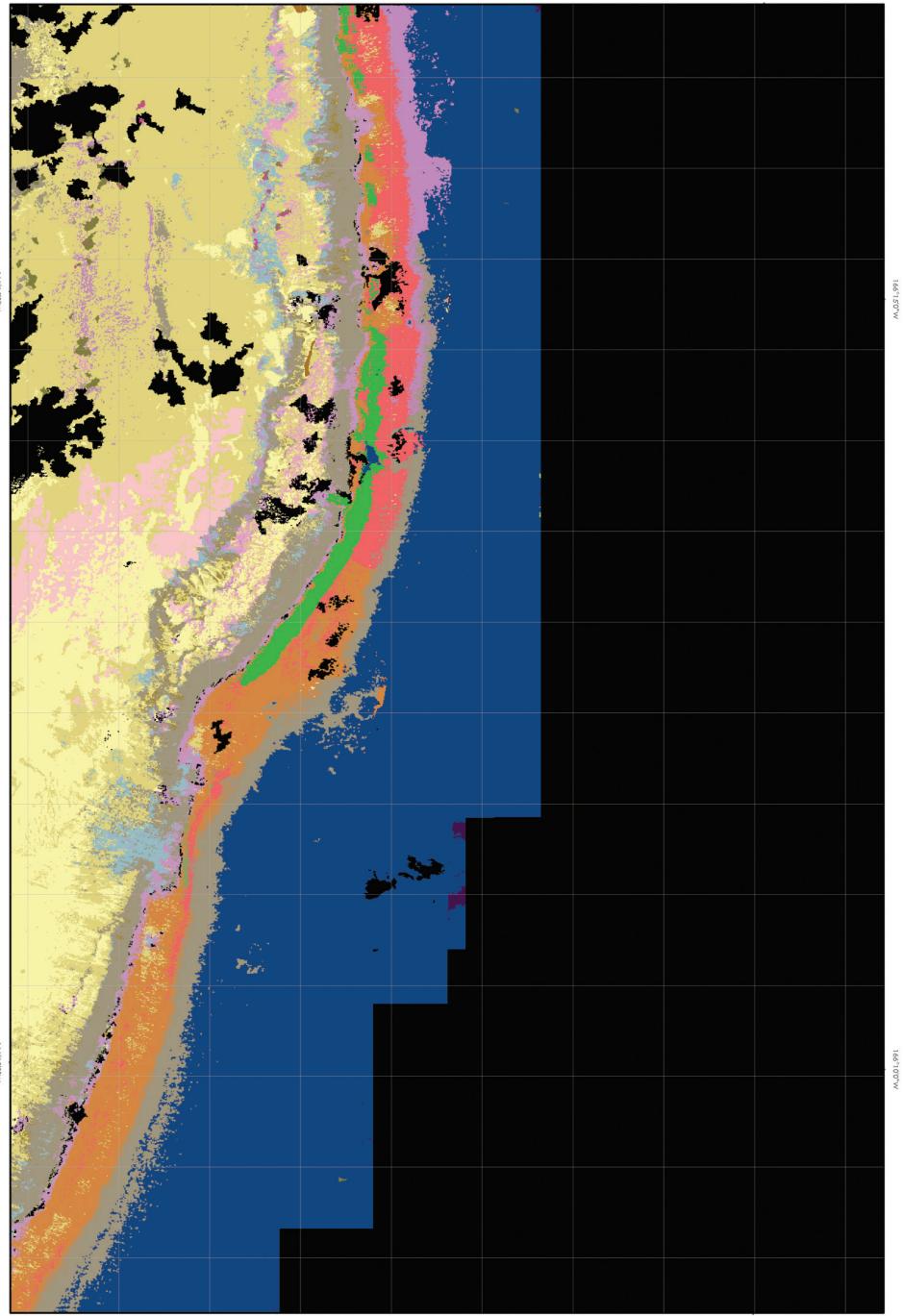


use2000w Tile 61. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of a portion of French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

166°20'0"W

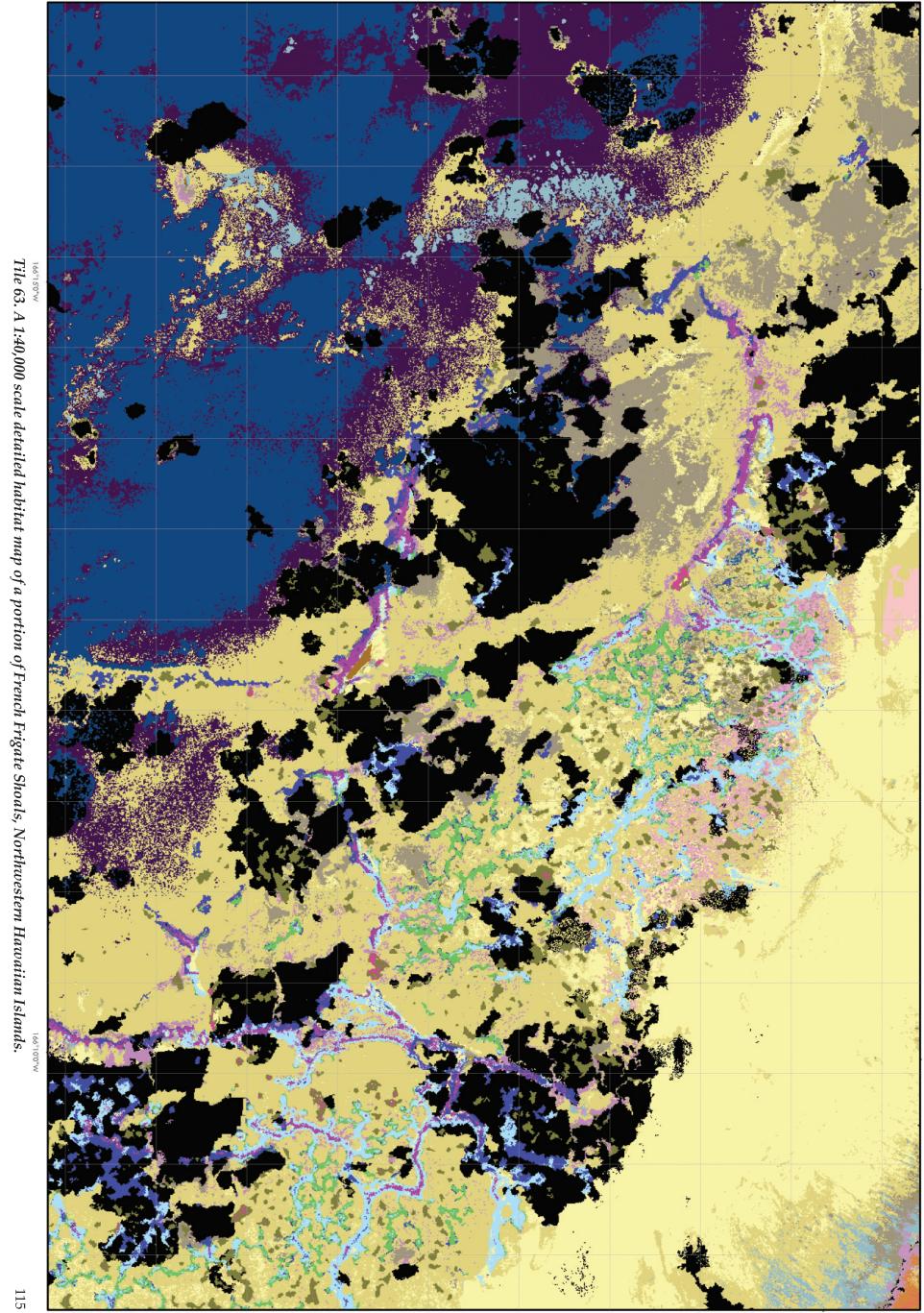
23°50'0"N

Tile 62. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of a portion of French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.



23°55'0"N

23°55'0"N



166°10'0"W

23°50'0"N

23°50'0"N

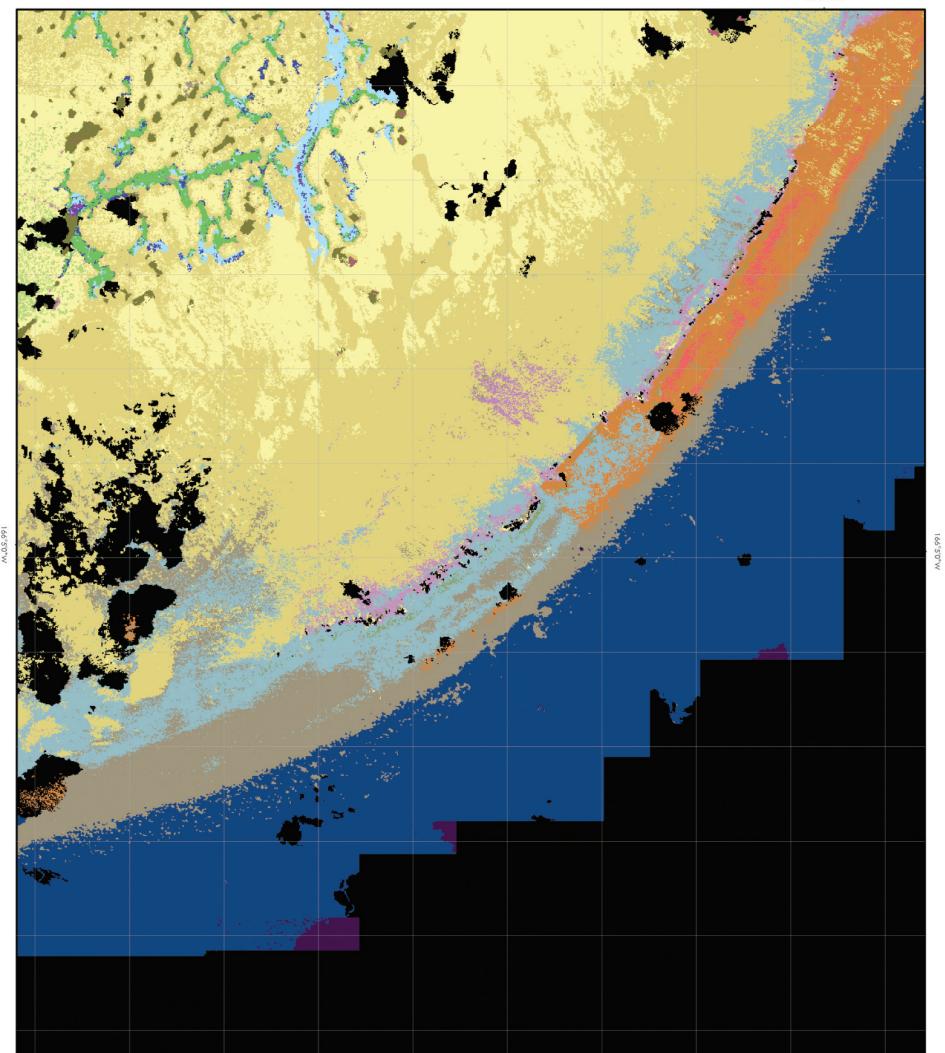
	Tile 64. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of a portion of
166°5'0"₩	tailed habitat map of a p
	portion of French Frigat
	f French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Isla
	ern Hawaiian Isla

				23°5	5'0"N	
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166°5'0"W

										166°0'0'

23°55'0"N



23°50'0"N

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23°50'0"N

166°0'0"W

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Tile 66. A 1:40,000 scale
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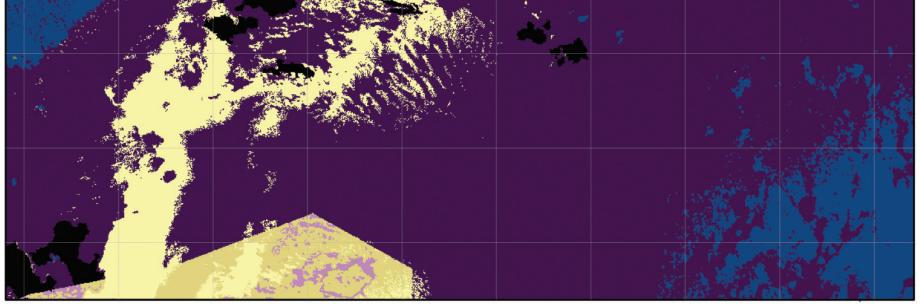
166°20'0"W

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166°20'0"W

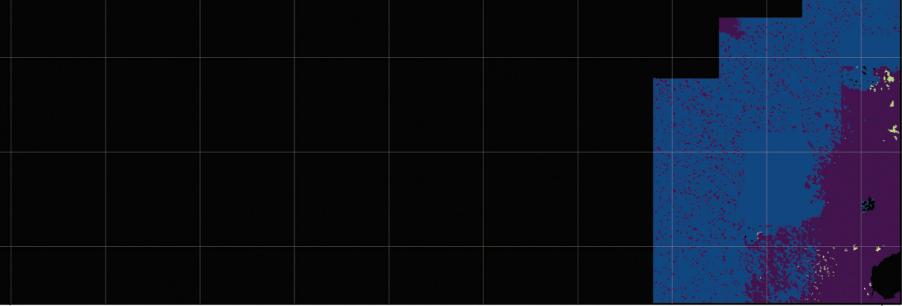
23°45'0"N

166°25'0"W

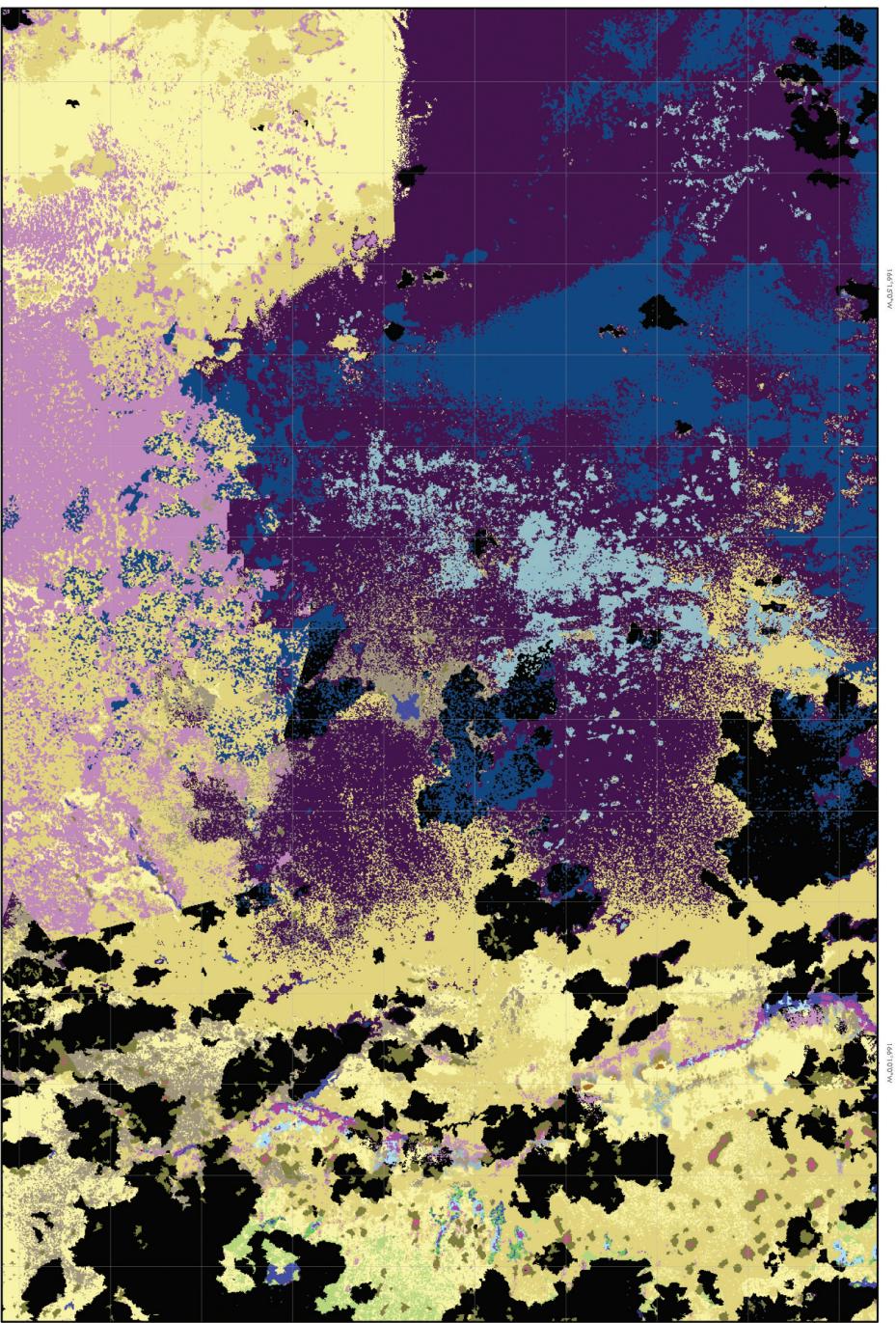


23°45'0"N

	23°35'0"N					23°40'0"N
166°25'0"W						166°25'0"W
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166°20'0"W						6
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23°35'0"N

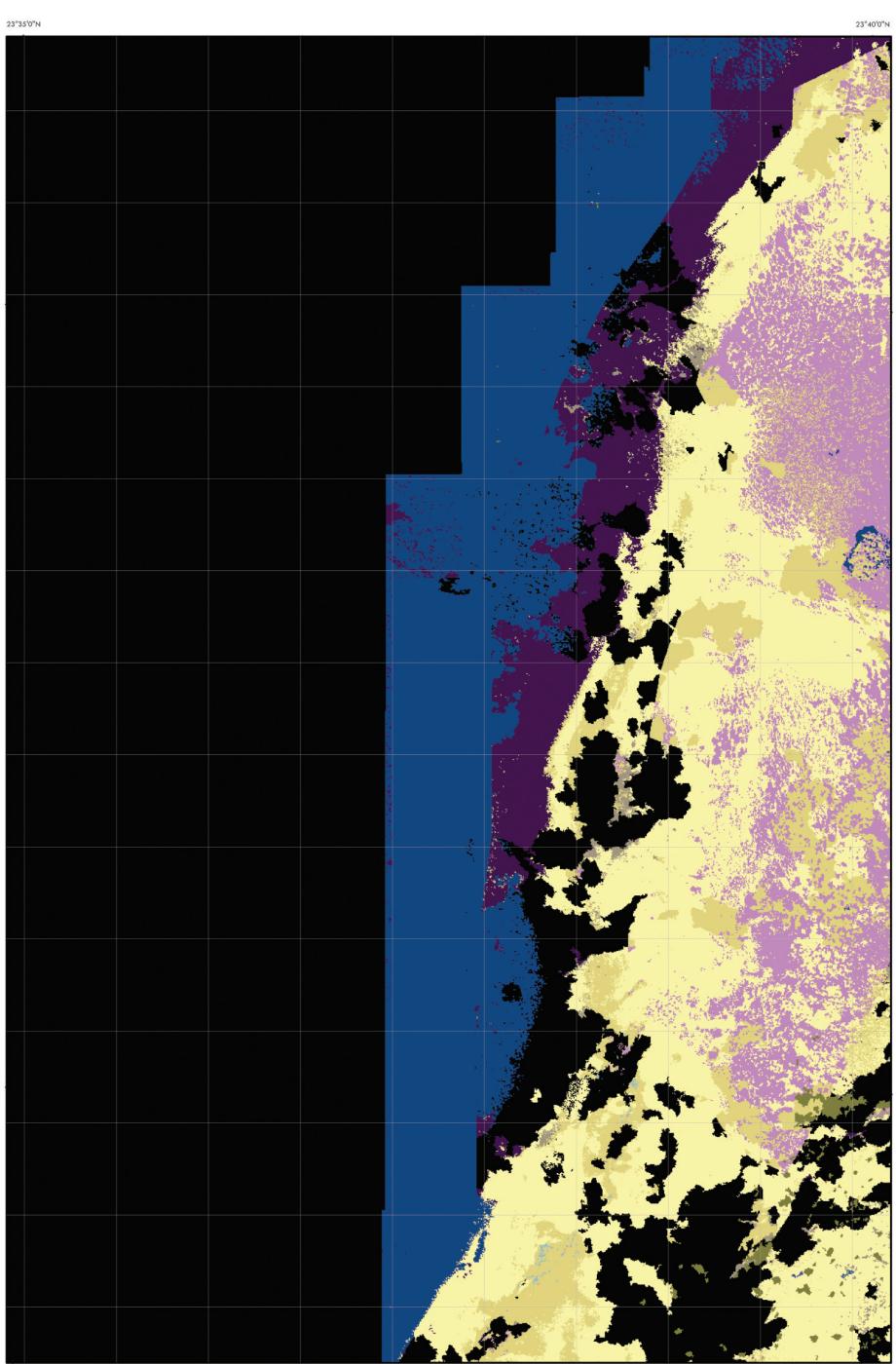


23°45'0"N

Tile 68. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of a portion of French Frigate Shoals, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

23°45'0"N



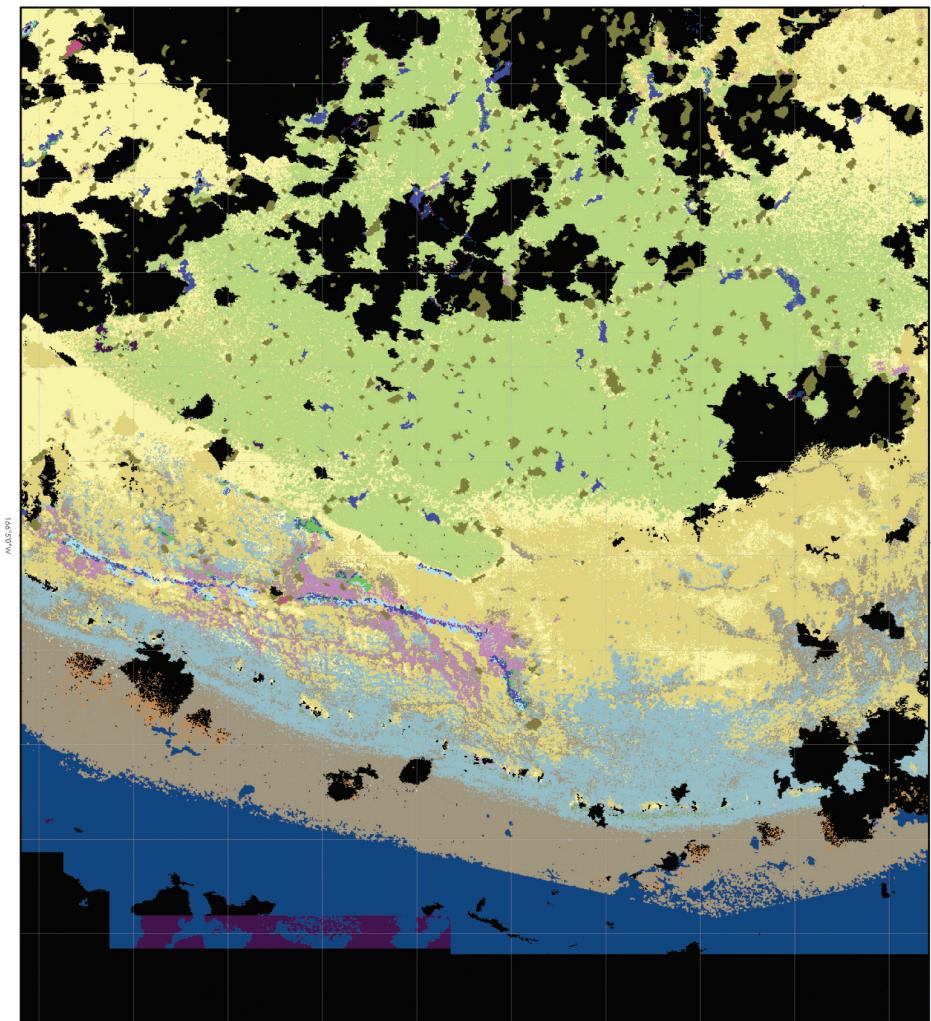




23°35'0"N

23°40'0"N

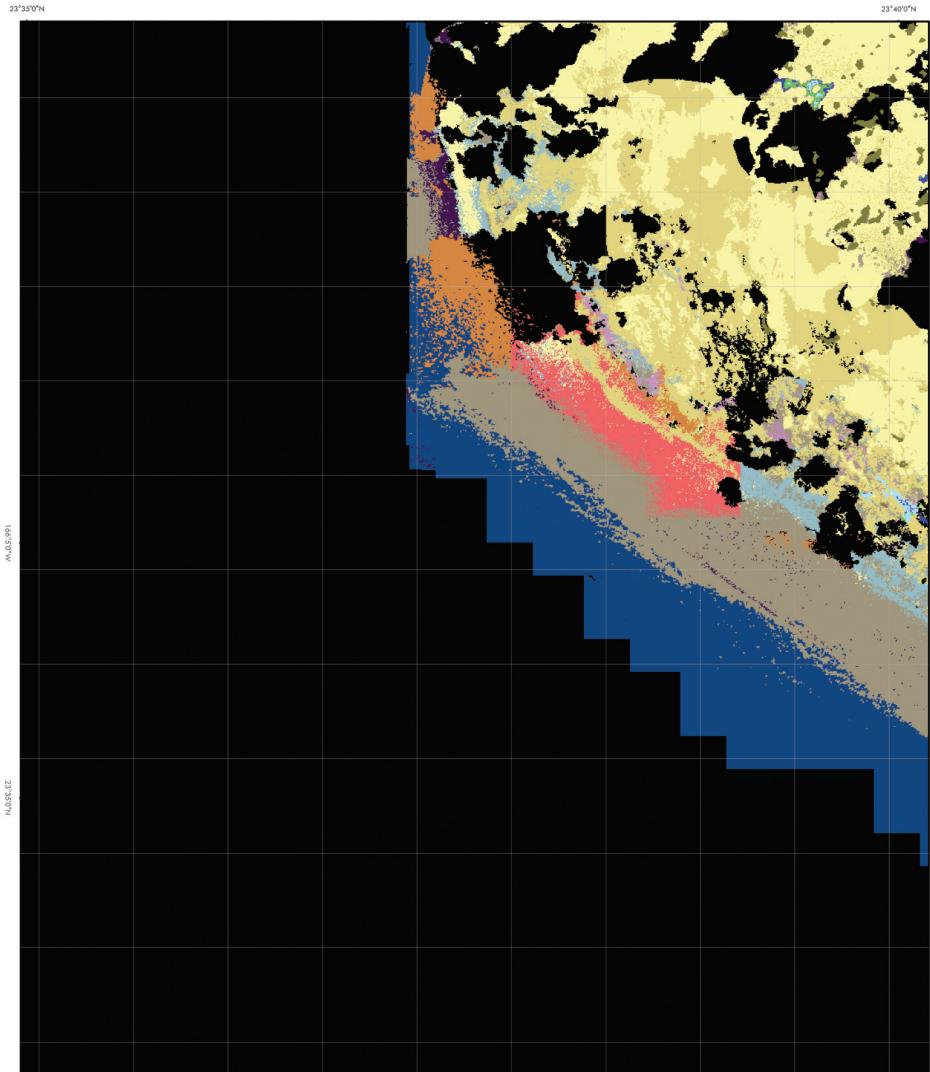
0'010'0"W



166°5'0*W

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23°45'0"N

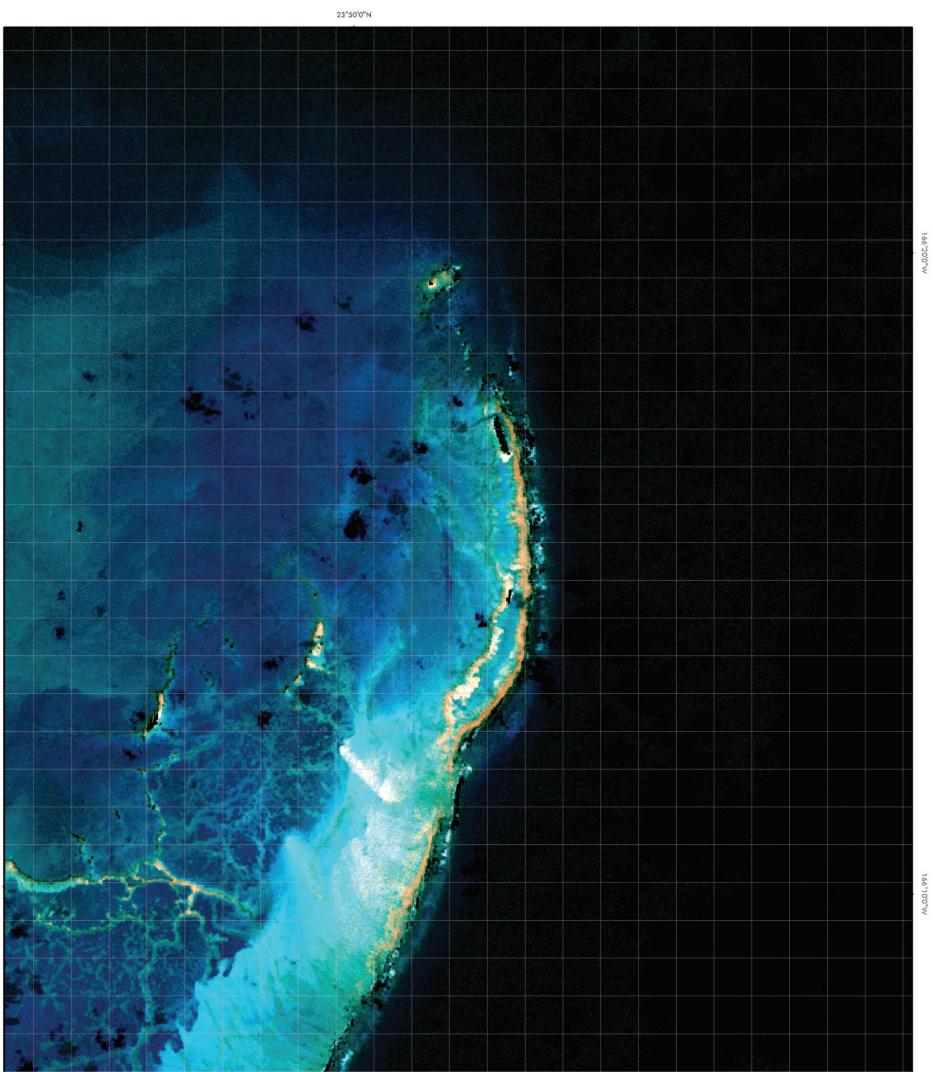


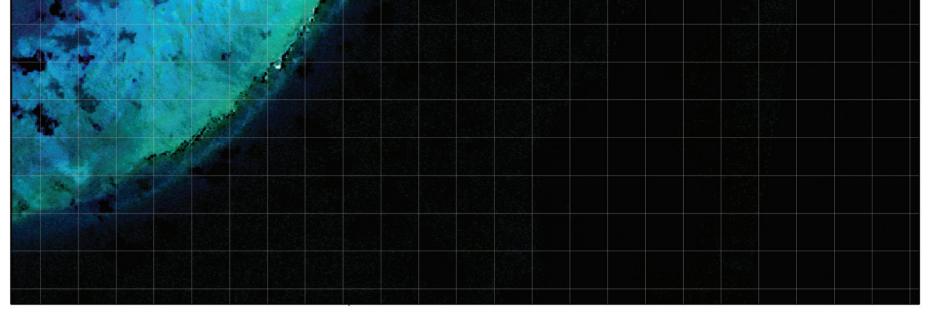
66°5'0"W

					166°0'0"W
					×



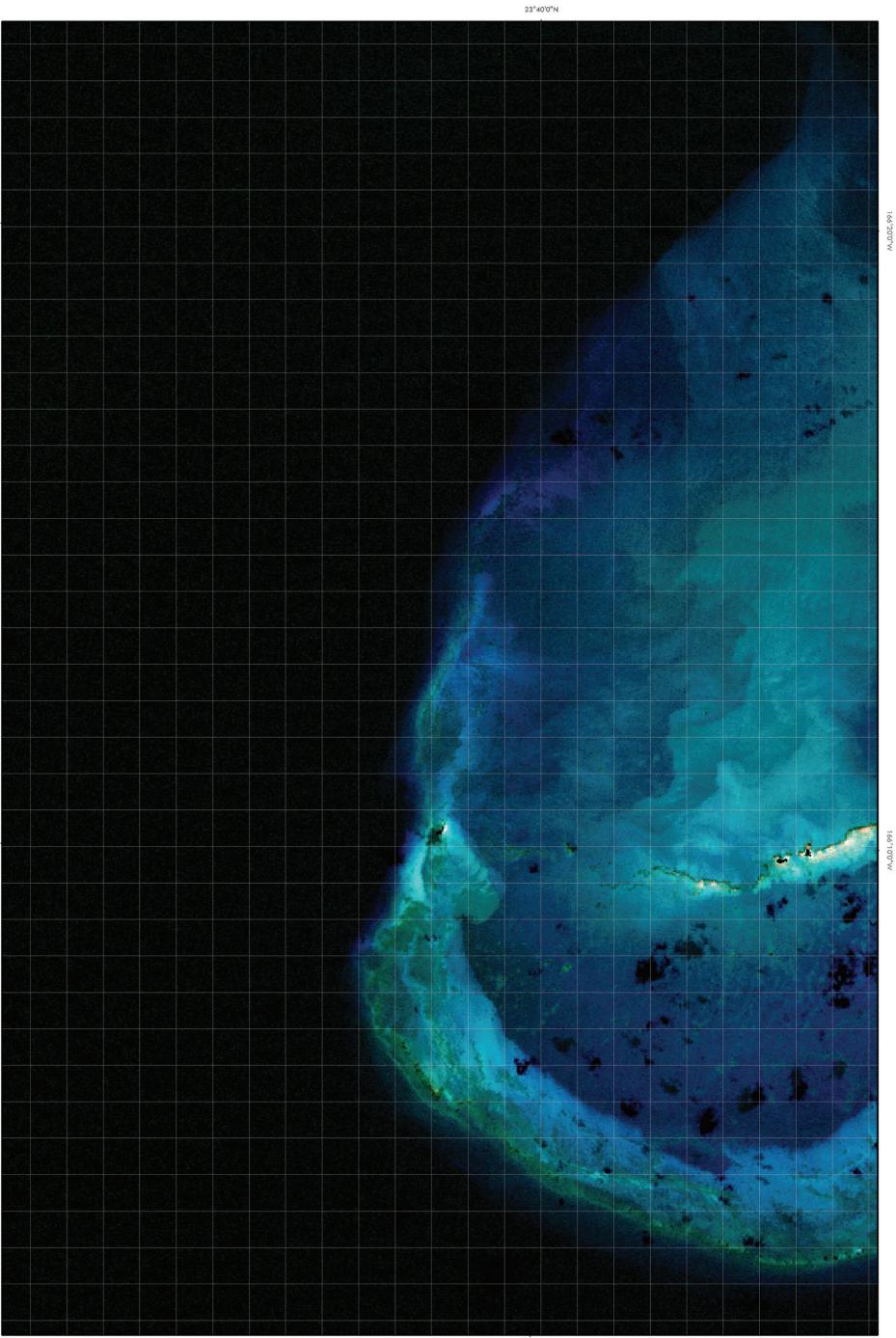






23°50'0"N





166°20'0"W

Necker Island (Moku Manamana)

Necker Island is all that remains of an estimated 10 millionyear-old shield volcano. Geologists believe that the portion of the volcano above water was once as large as the current size of the island of O'ahu. Now, the highest point on Necker is about 112 m above sea level. Wave erosion has reduced the volcano to a submerged shelf about 65 km long in a NW-SE direction and about 24 km wide. Necker Island itself (164°45′W and 23°18′N) is about 1.1 km long and less than 0.3 km wide, with steep sea cliff on all sides.

Necker Island is surrounded by a shallow (< 50 m) shelf, which covers an estimated 1,314 sq. km This shallow shelf is subjected to severe wave action throughout the year, which directly impacts the bottom and continually moves sand across the shelf areas. Abrasion and burial inhibit shallow-water coral reef development, so coral coverage is low. In deeper water, the shelf generally shows low relief and low slope. Sand covers the underlying volcanic basalt in many areas.

At least 52 archaeological sites have been identified on Necker Island. Many of these sites are Tahitian. Artifacts from some of these archeological sites are on display at the Bishop Museum in Honolulu. The spine of the island is dotted with 33 religious shrines, marae or ahu, unusually built with upright stones of thin basalt. The location and design of the shrines suggest that the island was visited in ancient times primarily for spiritual purposes. Various theories suggest that the shrines were built for rituals focused on birds, similar to the birdman cult of Rapa Nui (Easter Island). They also may be solar shrines focused on the travel of the sun because the island lies on the Tropic of Cancer. Similarly constructed shrines once existed at other remote, extreme locations in Hawai`i including Haleakala on Maui, and Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea on the Big Island.

Necker Island was "rediscovered" and named in 1786 by Jean Francois de Galaup. He reported that, due to the terrain and the strong waves and currents, landing was not possible on the island. Necker is essentially a barren island and supports only six known species of plants. Despite this, at least 60,000 birds of 16 species rest and nest there each year.

Due to its size, two map tiles are required to depict the 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry and aggregated habitat cover maps. Six map tiles are required to depict the 1:40,000 scale detailed benthic habitats of Necker Island. Two 1:175,000 scale map tiles are included to depict the extensive shallow-water bank area around Necker Island. A one-square-kilometer grid is included with all maps of Necker Island.

The area in square kilometers of aggregated benthic habitat cover types found at Necker Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

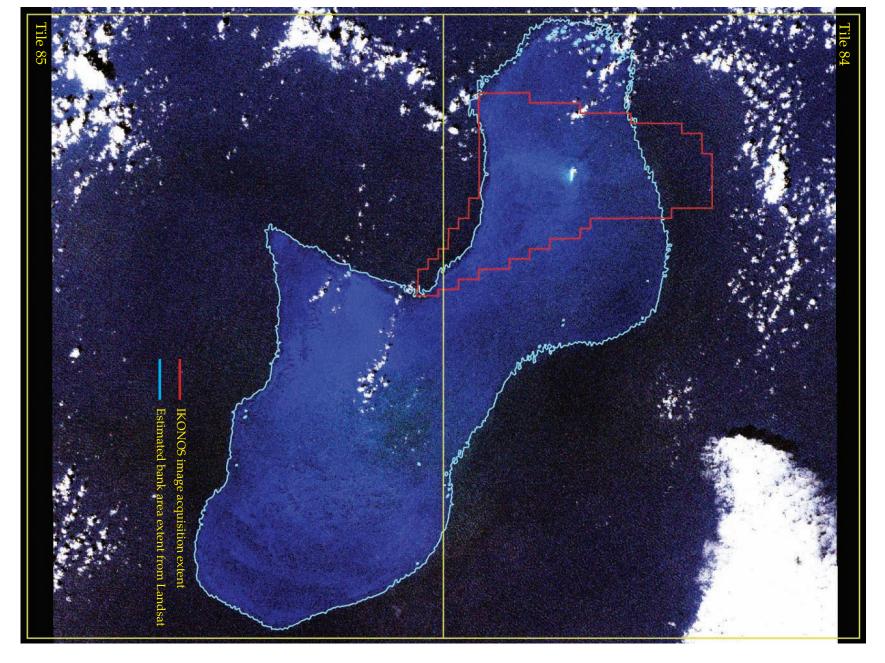
Total Habitat Area Classiff ^{ed}	Unconsolidated with >10% macroalgae or seagrass	Unconsolidated with 10% or less macroalgae or seagrass	Hardbottom with indeterminate cover	Hardbottom with >10% macroalgae	Hardbottom (uncolonized)	Hardbottom with >10% crustose coralline algae	Hardbottom with >10% live coral	
227.6	I	19.5	208.1	I	I	I	I	

Dredged channel (3030) Reef crest (3020) Deep water (3010) Volcanic Rock, uncolonize Volcanic Rock with live co Volcanic Rock with dense Pavement, uncolonized with Pavement with live coral (Pavement with sparse (10-Pavement (2700) Aggregated Patch Reef wi Aggregated Patch Reef (25 Linear Reef, uncolonized Hardbottom with crustose Total Habitat Area Classifi Unclassified (3300) Volcanic Rock (2900) Pavement with sand chan Pavement with sand chan Pavement with sand chani Pavement with crustose co Pavement, uncolonized (2) Pavement with dense (>50 Scattered Coral/Rock in Sa Patch Reef with crustose c Patch Reef with live coral Spur and Groove (2300) Aggregated Coral Heads Linear Reef with crustose Linear Reef with live cora Hardbottom, uncolonized Hardbottom with sparse Hardbottom (2000) Groove (1500) Unconsolidated Rubble w Sand with dense (>50% co Sand with patchy (10–50% Sand with macroalgae (11. Sand (1100) Unconsolidated (1000, refe The area in square **TOTAL** Area in IKONOS Cloud, Shadow, Surf, and Land (3100) Pavement with live coral (Patch Reef, uncolonized w Patch Reef, uncolonized (2 Patch Reef (2400) Linear Reef, uncolonized Linear Reef (2100) Hardbottom with live cora Sand and Rubble (1400) Unconsolidated Rubble w **Unconsolidated Rubble (1**

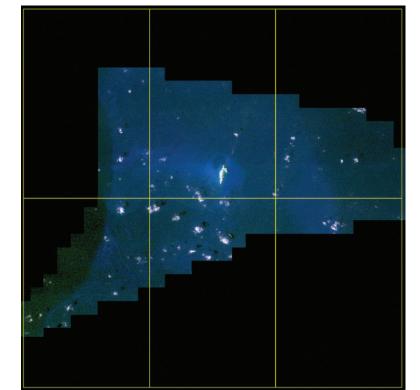
The area in square kilometers of benthic habitats found at Necker Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

Index maps indicating the locations of map tiles for the 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat maps, the 1:80,000 scale aggregated cover and estimated bathymetry, and the 1:175,000 scale bank of Necker Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

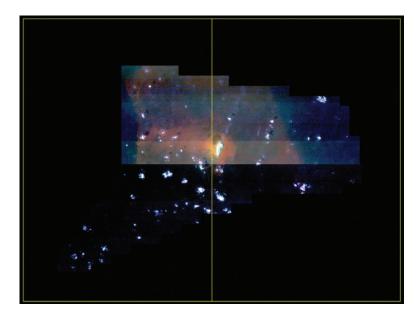
Index of 1:175,000 tiles



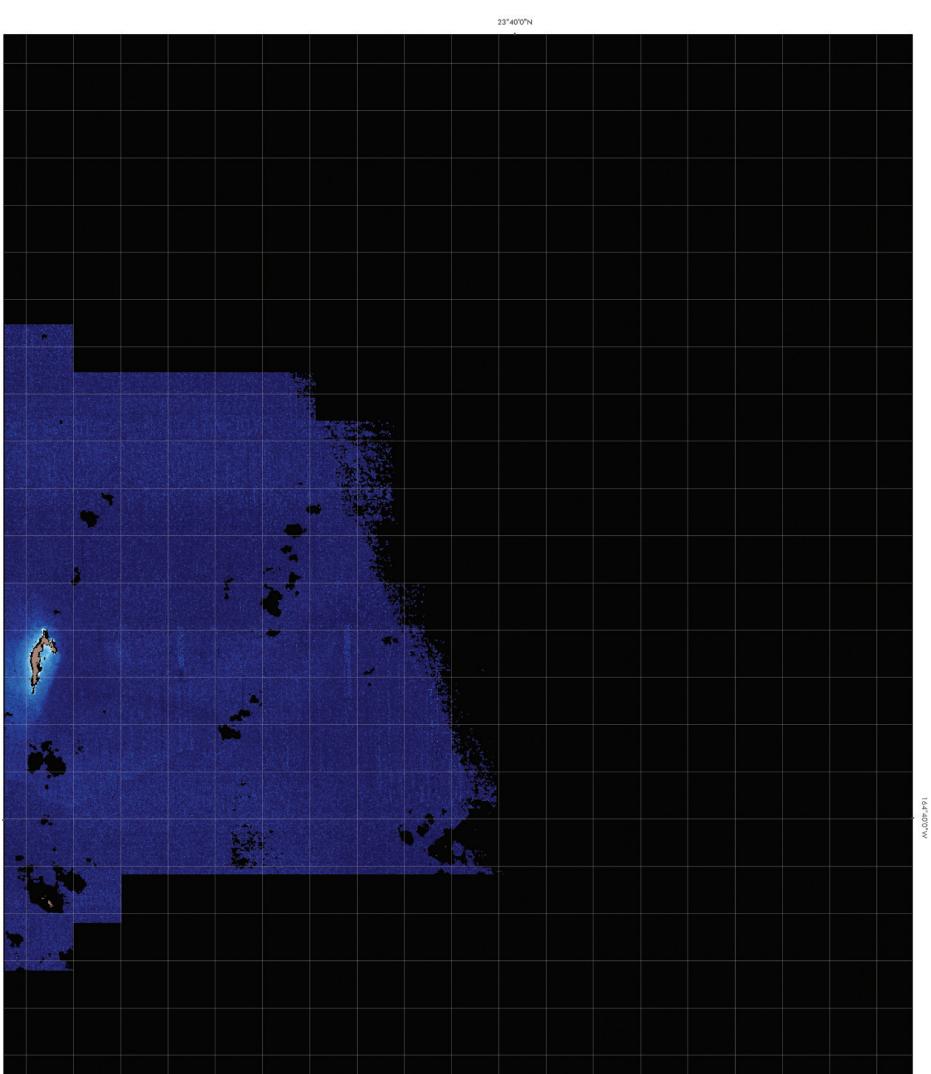
Index of 1:40,000 tiles



Index of 1:80,000 tiles

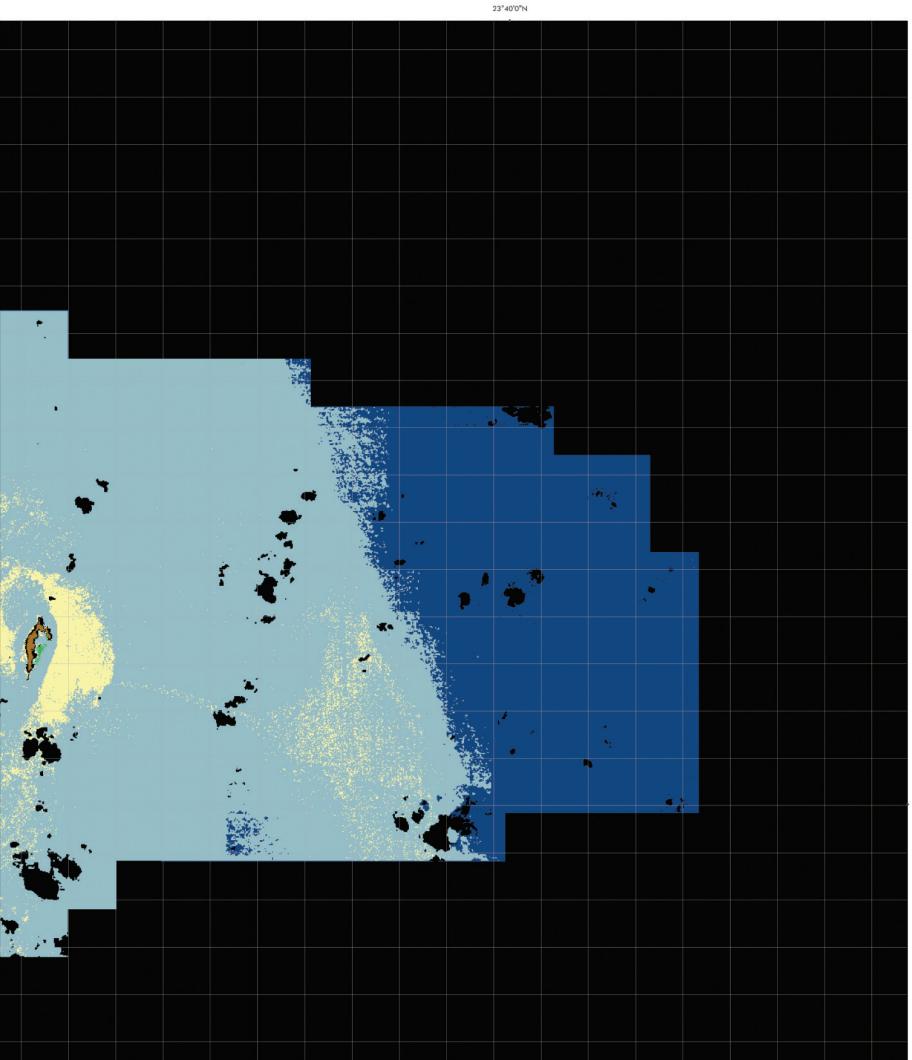




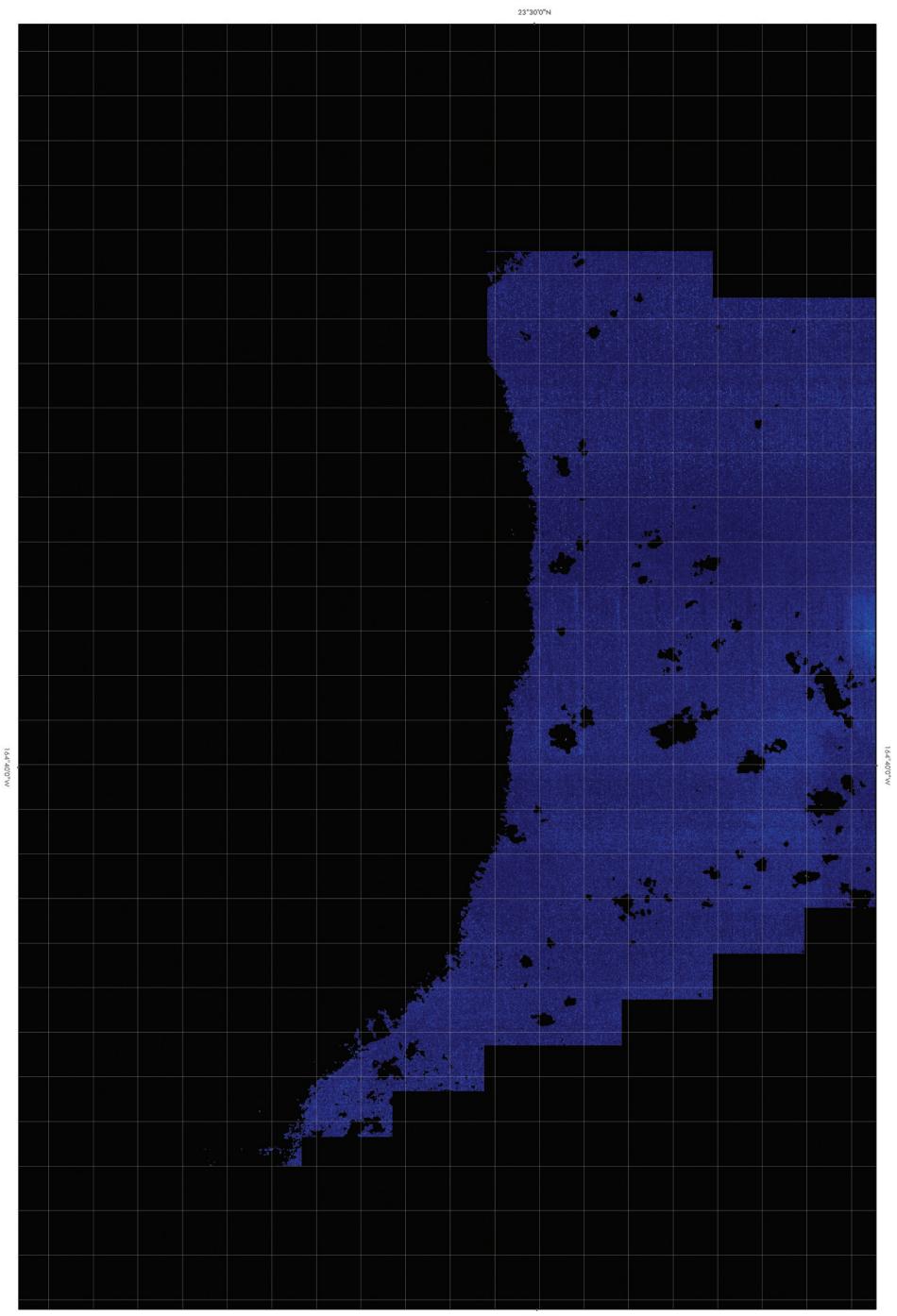


Tile 74. A 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry map of the northern portion of Necker Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.





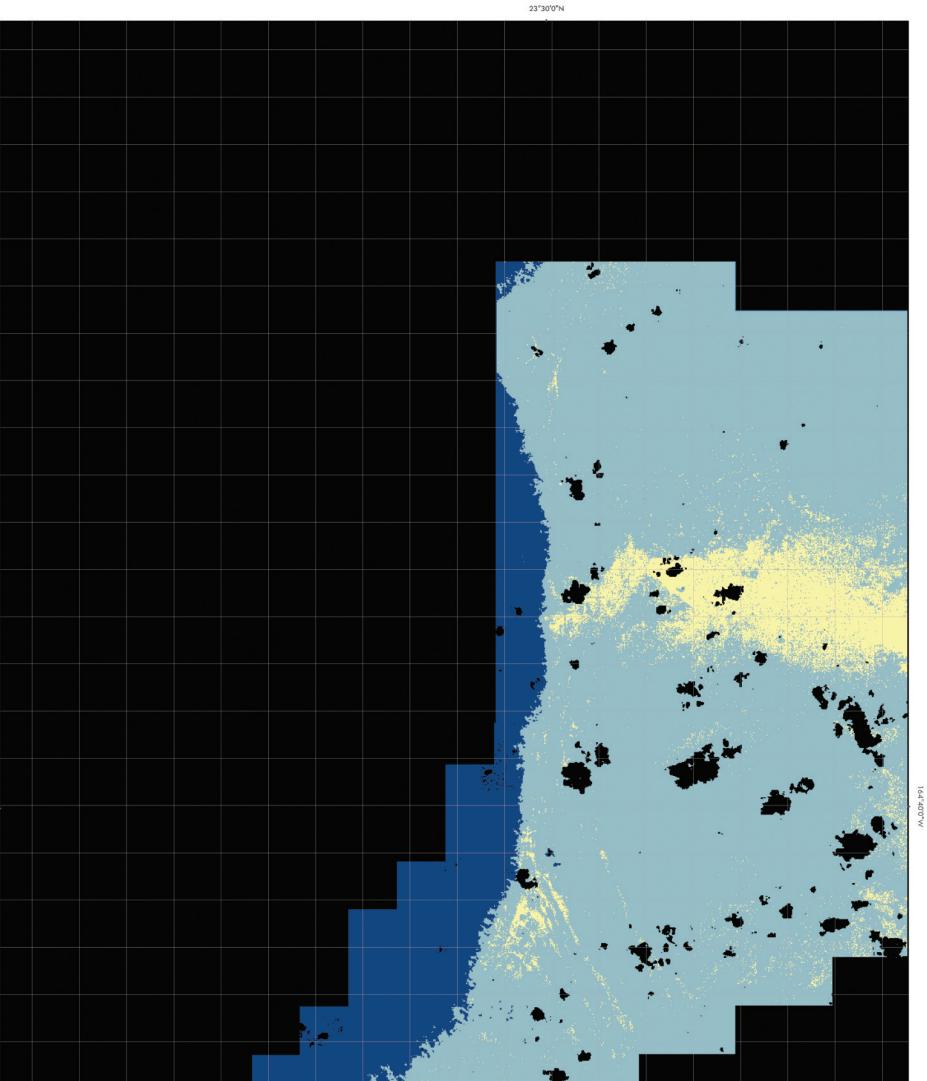
164°40'0"W



Tile 76. A 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry map of the southern portion of Necker Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

23°30'0"N

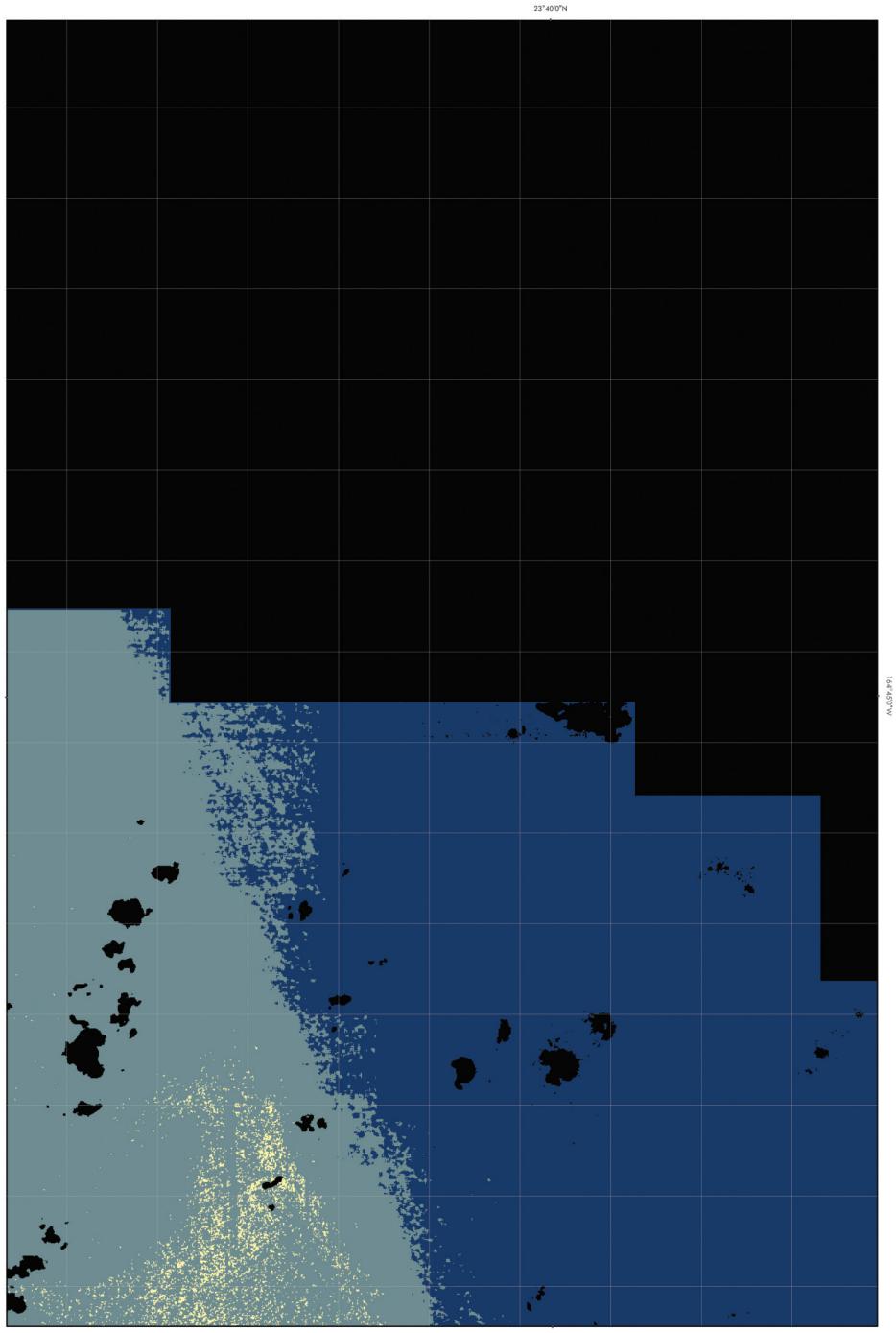






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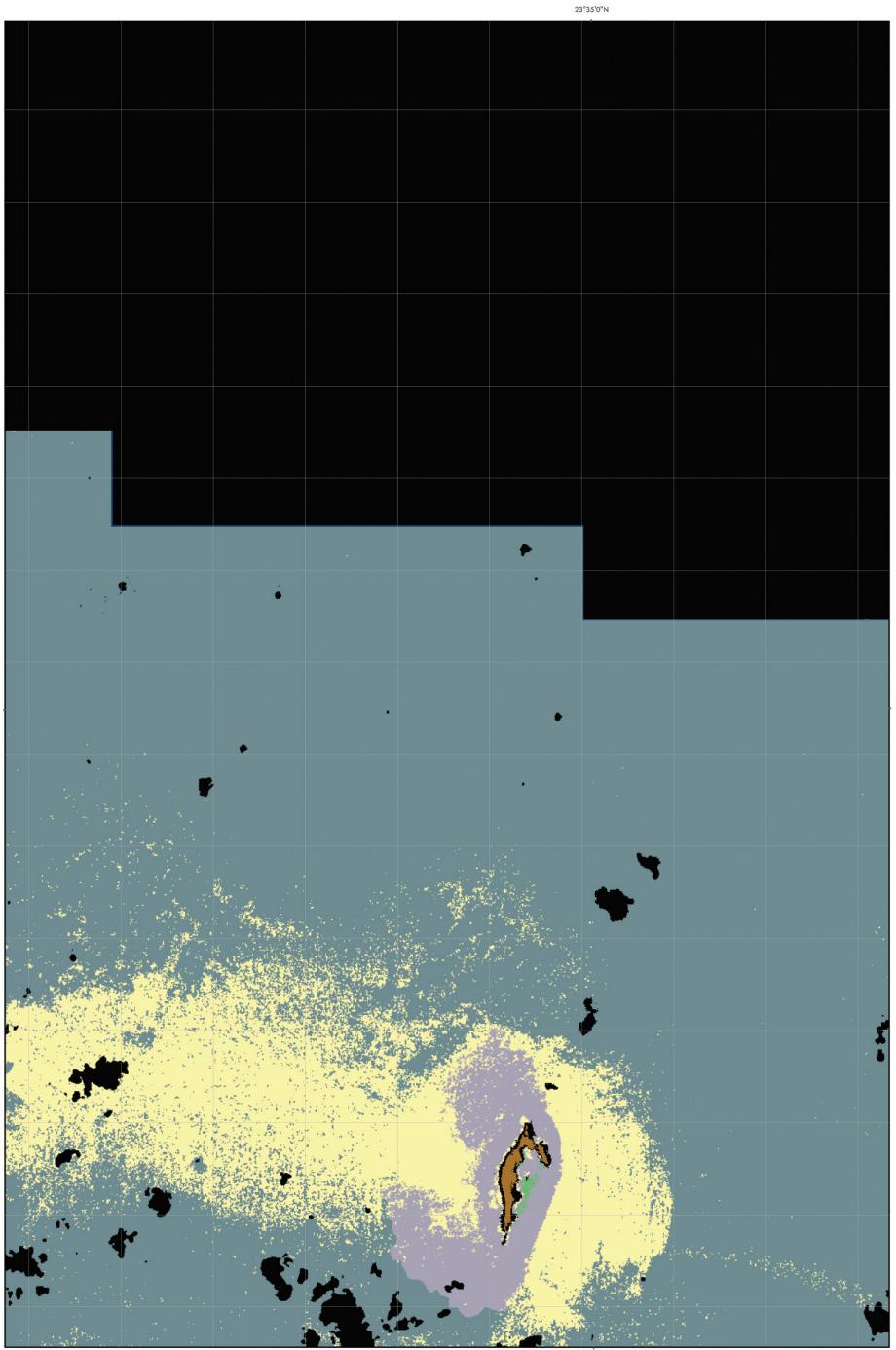
23°30'0"N



23°40'0"N

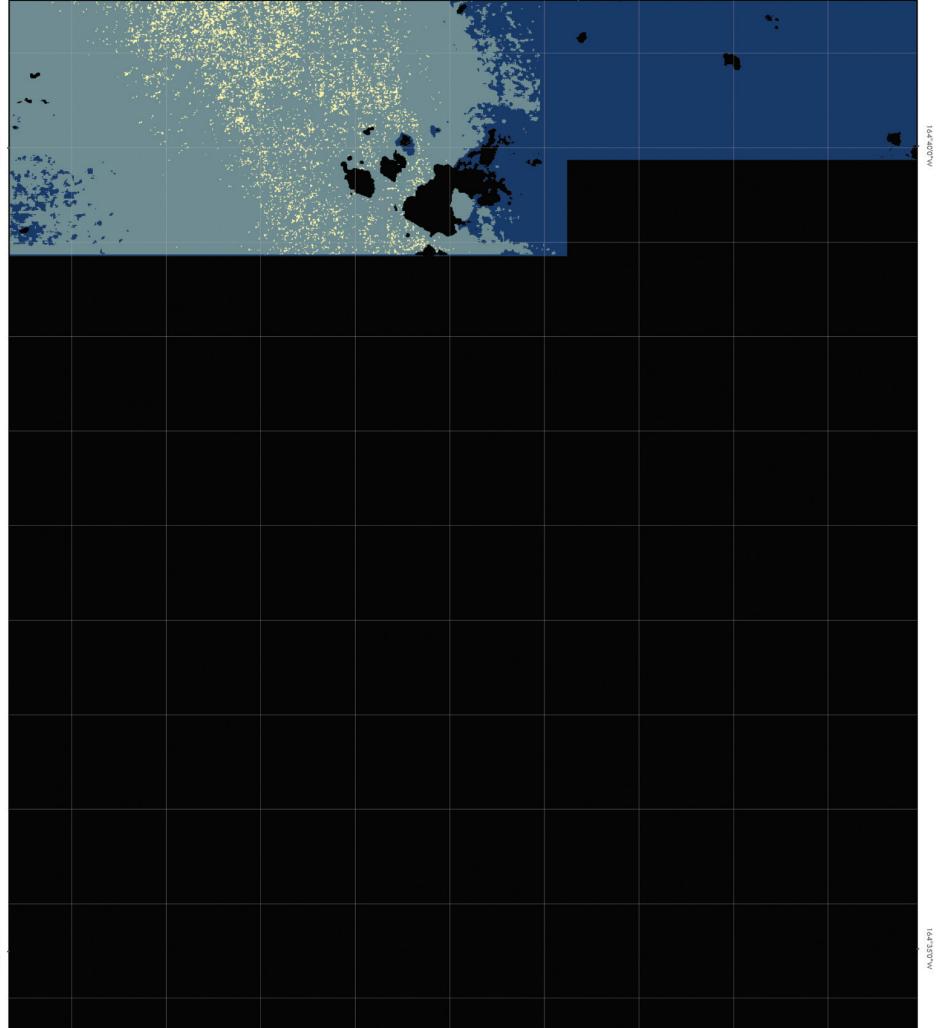
164°45'0"W

Tile 79. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of the west central portion of Necker Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. 164°45'0"W



164°45'0"W

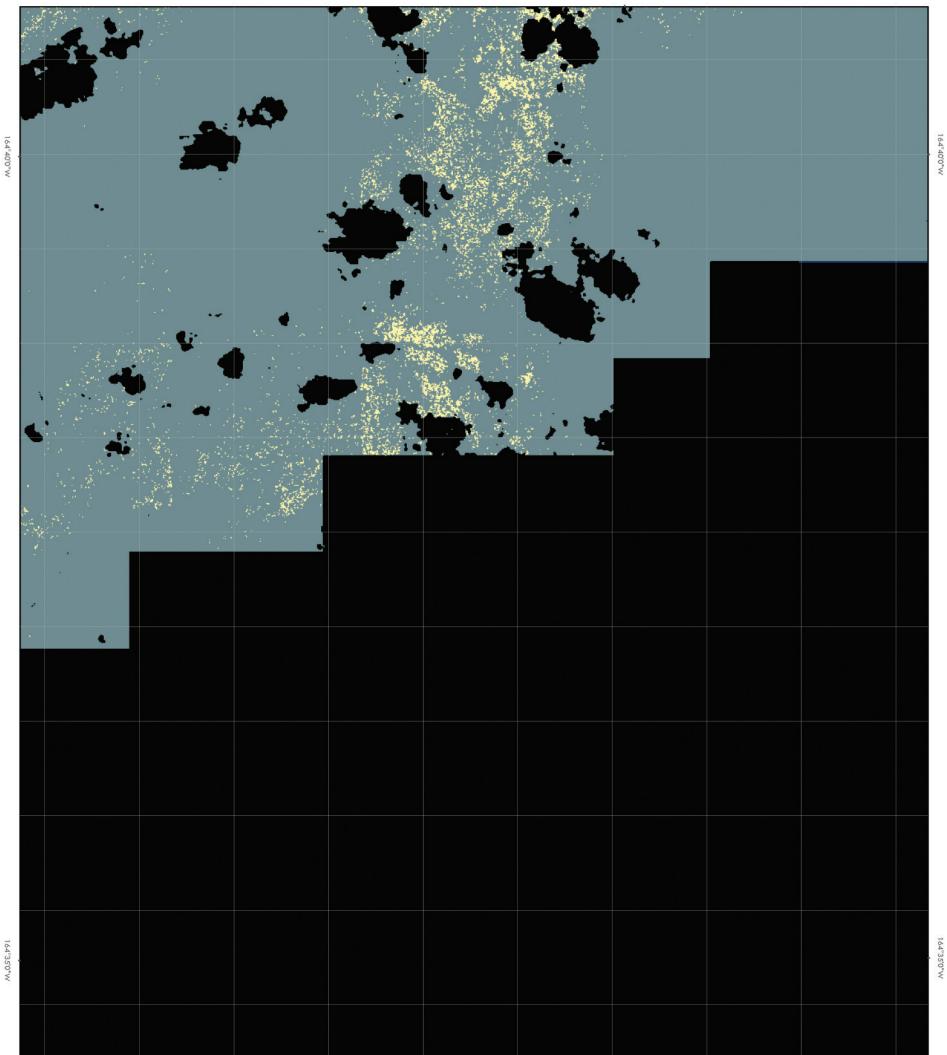
23°35'0"N



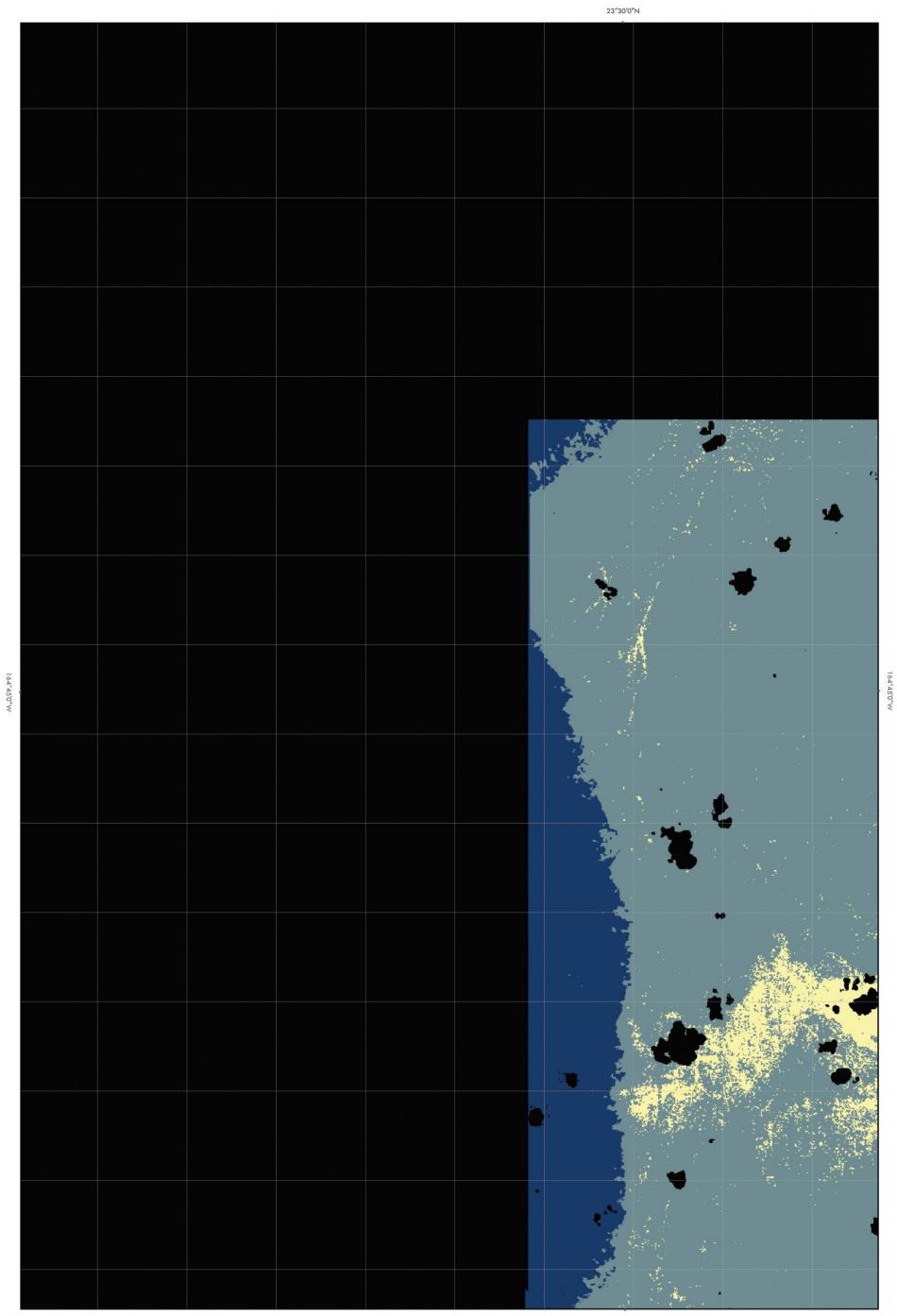
23°40'0"N

164°35'0"W



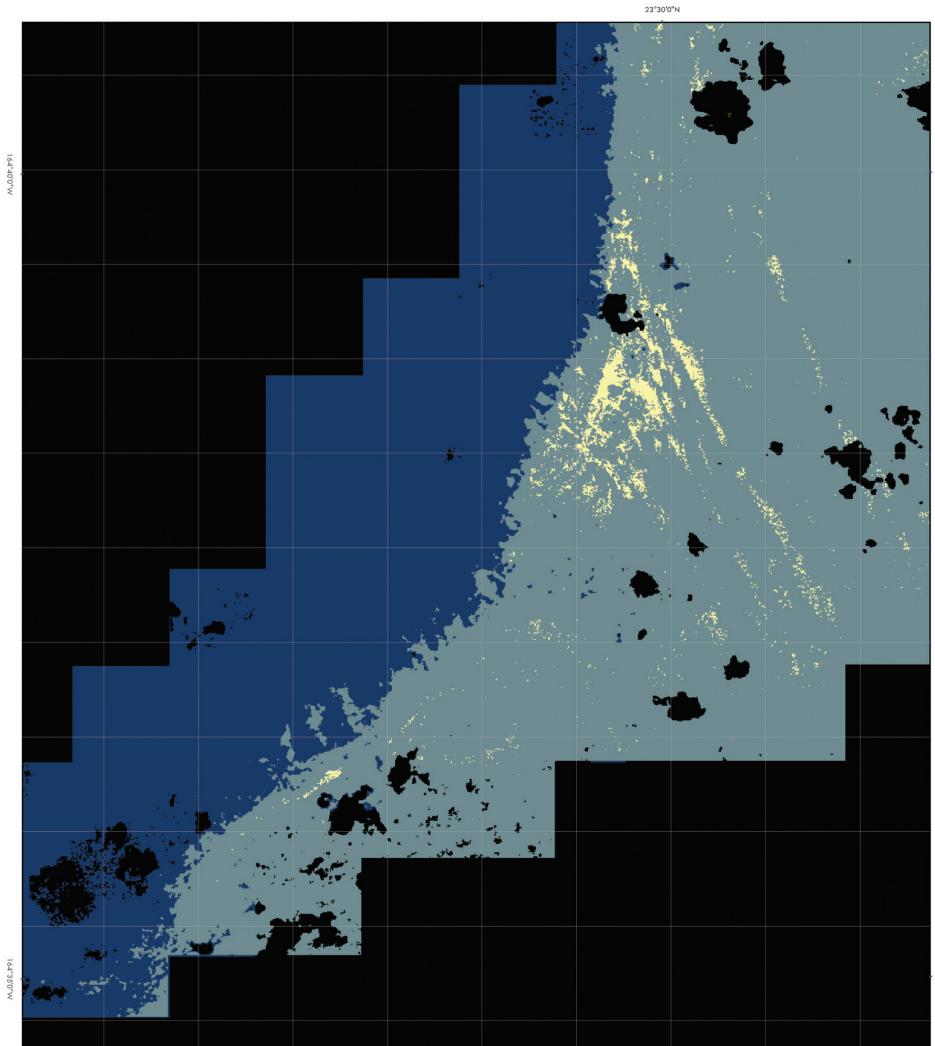


23°35'0"N

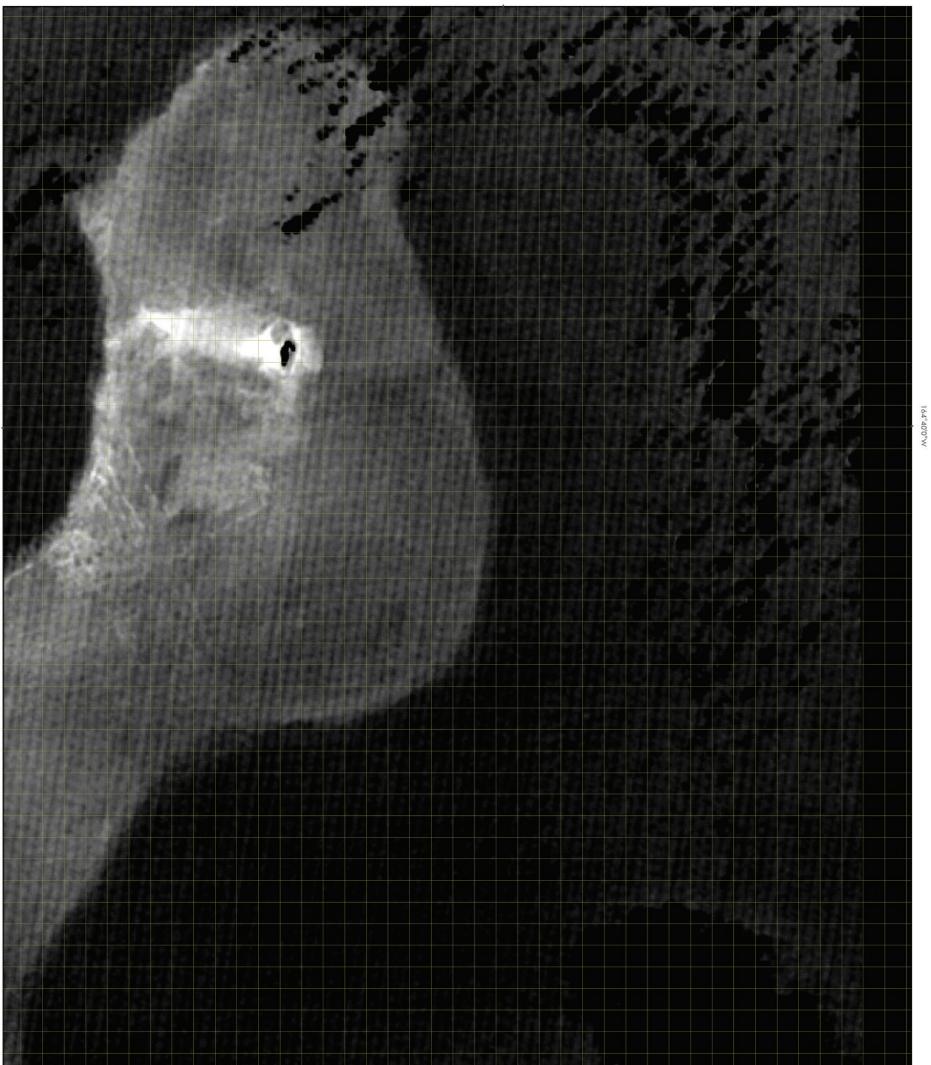


23°30'0"N





23°30'0"N

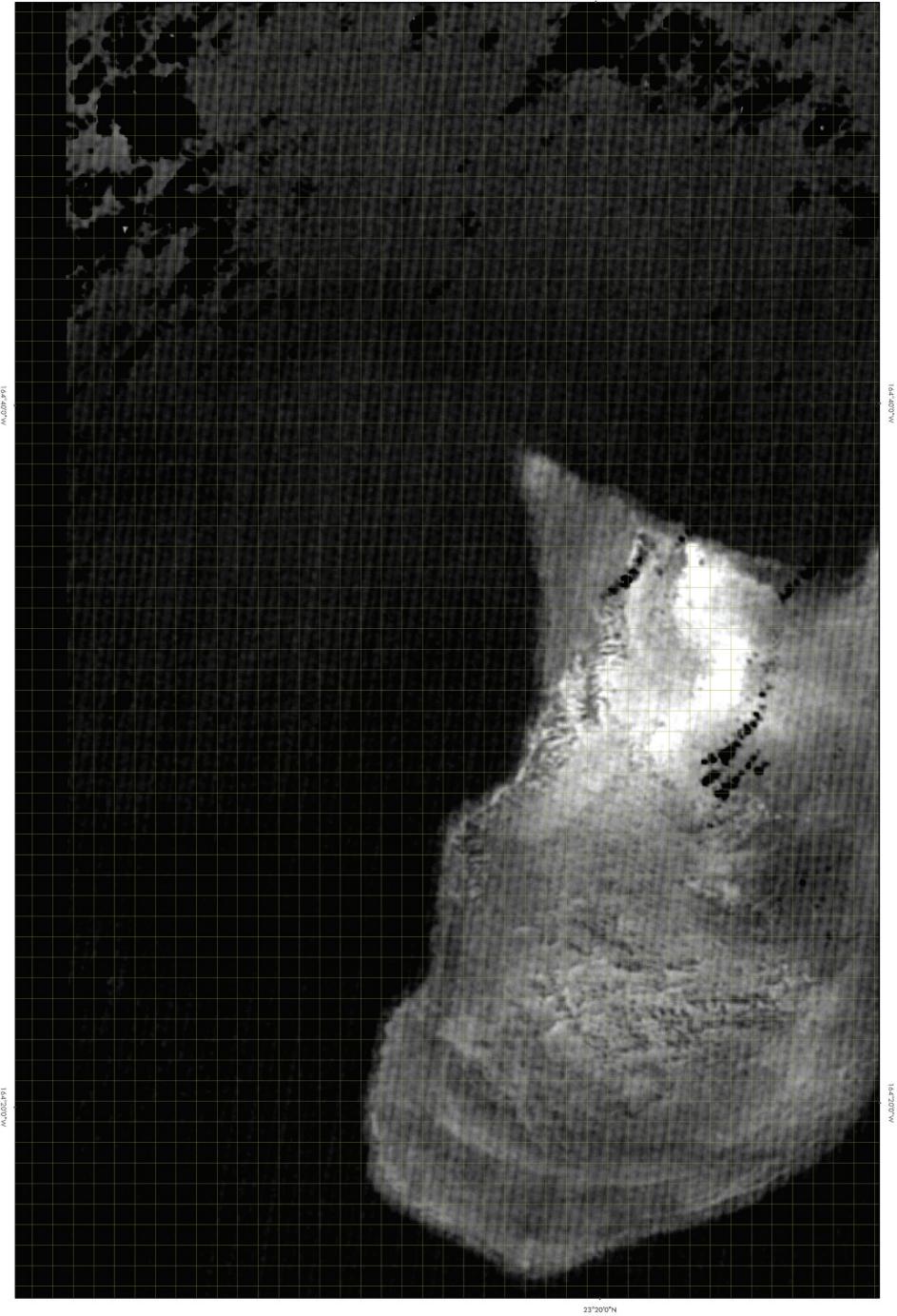


164°20'0"W

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164°40'0"W

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23°20'0"N



Nihoa Island

Approximately 250 km WNW of Kaua'i and 1975 km ESE of Midway lies Nihoa Island at longitude 161 degrees 56 minutes W and latitude 23 degrees 03 minutes N. Nihoa is estimated to be 7.2 million years old. Erosion has left only about 0.6 sq. km of what was once a large island. The sheer cliffs of the island jut up to as high as 215 m.

Nihoa Island is the emergent portion of a large basaltic shelf that measures about 29 km long in a NE-SW direction 16 km wide. The depth of the shelf is typically between 34 and 66 m. In total, the shallow water shelf surrounding Nihoa covers an estimated 487 sq. km.

Nihoa is considered to be the best example of a nearly undisturbed coastal ecosystem in the entire Hawaiian archipelago. An estimated 500,000 birds of 17 species regularly breed on the island. The Nihoa Finch and the Nihoa Millerbird are found nowhere else on earth.

Sheila Conant, an ornithologist at the University of Hawai'i, began studies of the Nihoa Finch and the Laysan Finch in 1980. Her research revealed that food type and availability has inf¹⁻ enced the evolution of the size and shape of the beaks of these birds. Dr. Conant's findings confirm that these birds can adapt rapidly (produce offspring with more appropriate beaks) to changes in food type and availability. For many years, similar research was conducted on the Galapagos Islands by Peter and Rosemary Grant of Princeton University.

The shallow-water coral reef communities found at Nihoa are the result of constant wave action. Throughout the year, Nihoa is constantly awash in powerful oceanic waves. Northeasterly Trade Wind-generated waves occur throughout the year with major impact from North Pacific swell during the winter. As a result, sand shifting on the shelf tends to inhibit coral settlement and growth.

Nihoa has a rich cultural heritage. The island has 88 Polynesian archaeological sites. Polynesians inhabited the island between 1000 and 1700 A.D. House sites, sweet potato terraces and religious sites still remain from these early settlers who had vanished from the island by the time Western ships arrived.

Due to its size, two map tiles are required to depict the 1:40,000 scale detailed benthic habitats. Maps of 1:80,000 estimated ba-thymetry, 1:80,000 scale aggregated habitat cover, and 1:80,000 scale banks are provided for Nihoa Island. A one-square-kilometer grid is included with all maps of Nihoa Island.

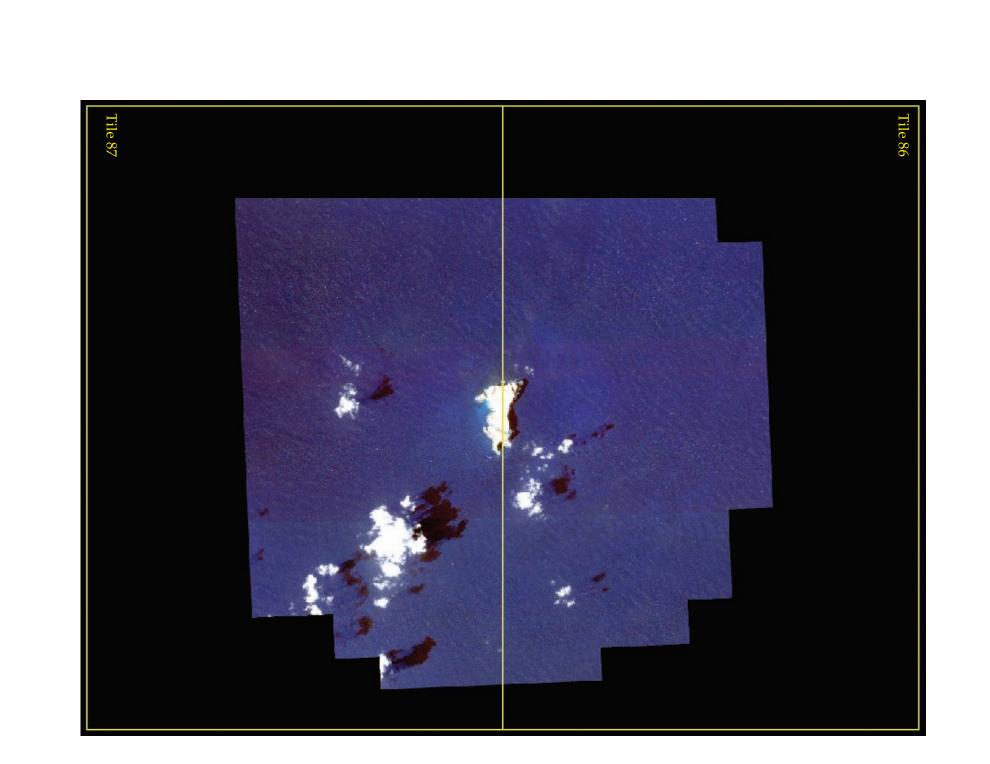
The area in square kilometers of aggregated benthic habitat cover types found at Nihoa Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

Hardbottom with >10% live coral	<0.1
Hardbottom with >10% crustose coralline algae	I
Hardbottom (uncolonized)	0.7
Hardbottom with >10% macroalgae	4.5
Hardbottom with indeterminate cover	58.9
Unconsolidated with 10% or less macroalgae or seagrass	10.0
Unconsolidated with >10% macroalgae or seagrass	I
Total Habitat Area Classif ^{ed}	74.1

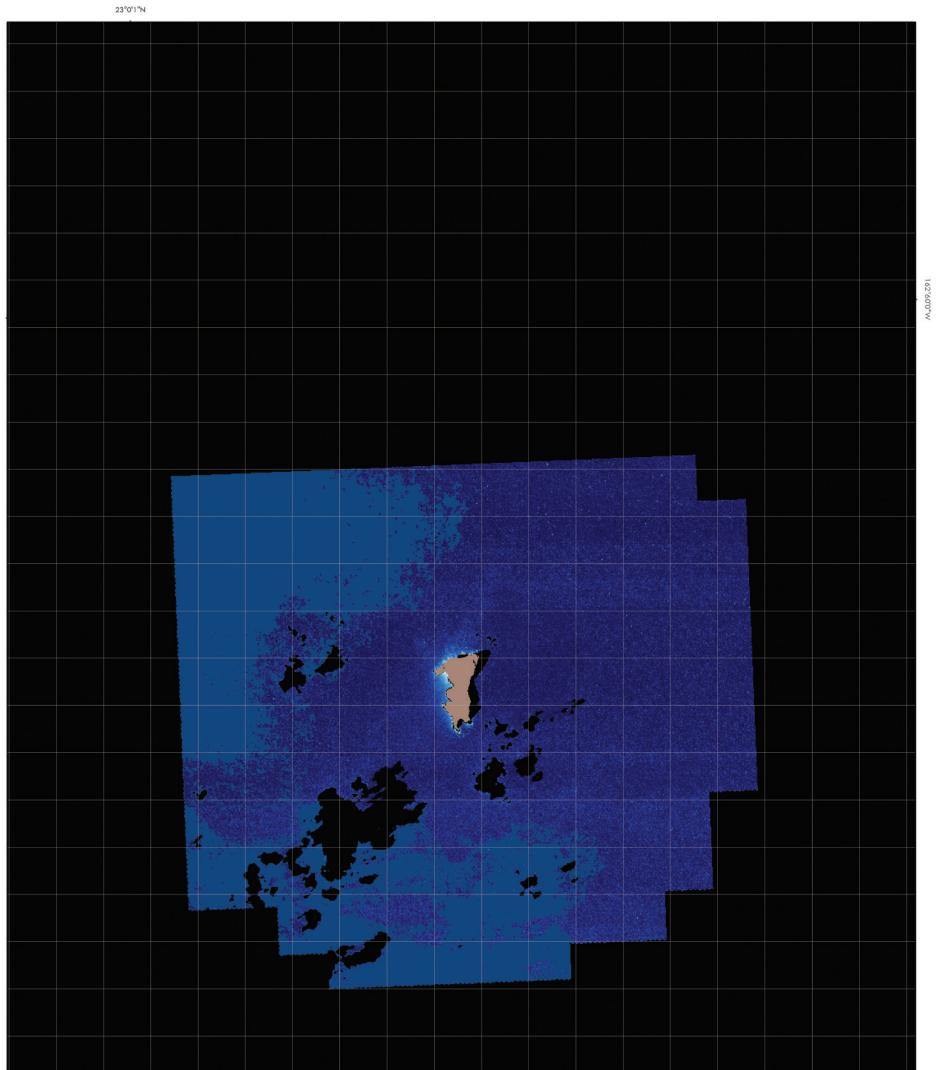
Sand and Rubble (1400) Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. Aggregated Patch Reef (25) Groove (1500) Unclassified (3300) Cloud, Shadow, Surf, and Dredged channel (3030) Deep water (3010) Pavement with sand chan Pavement with sand chann Pavement, uncolonized wi Pavement, uncolonized (27 Pavement with live coral (> Pavement with dense (>50 Pavement with sparse (10-Pavement (2700) Scattered Coral/Rock in Sa Aggregated Patch Reef wit Patch Reef with crustose co Spur and Groove (2300) Aggregated Coral Heads v Linear Reef, uncolonized Linear Reef, uncolonized Hardbottom with crustose Hardbottom with sparse Unconsolidated Rubble wi Sand with dense (>50% cov Sand with patchy (10–50%) Sand with macroalgae (11) Sand (1100) The area in square TOTAL Area in IKONOS i Reef crest (3020) Volcanic Rock, uncolonize Volcanic Rock with live co Volcanic Rock with dense Volcanic Rock (2900) Pavement with sand chan Pavement with crustose co Pavement with live coral (Patch Reef, uncolonized wi Patch Reef, uncolonized (24 Patch Reef with live coral Patch Reef (2400) Linear Reef with crustose Linear Reef (2100) Hardbottom, uncolonized Hardbottom with live cora Hardbottom (2000) Unconsolidated Rubble wi Unconsolidated (1000, refe Iotal Habitat Area Classiff _and (3100) Linear Reef with live cora Unconsolidated Rubble (13

kilometers of benthic habitats found at Nihoa rn Hawaiian Islands.

escription)	7.2
d (>10% cover) (2110) (2120) with sparse (10–50% cover) algae (2121) coralline algae (>10% cover) (2130) with live coral (>10% cover) (2210)	1 1 1 1 1 1
(>10% cover) (2410) 2420) vith sparse (10–50% cover) algae (2421) coralline algae (>10% cover) (2430) 500) ith live coral (>10% cover) (2510) and with live coral (>10% cover) (2610)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
–50% cover) algae (2701) 0% cover) algae (2702) (>10% cover) (2710) (>10% cover) with dense (>50% cover) algae (2712)	1 1 1 1 5
rith dense (>50% cover) algae (2722) oralline algae (>10% cover) (2730) mels (2800) mels and live coral (>10% cover) (2810) mels, uncolonized (2820)	4.5 3.1 12.4 16.9 -
(>50% cover) algae (2902) oral (>10% cover) (2910) ed (2920)	<0.1 0.7 39.1 -
No image data (3210, 3220, 3230, and 4000) 1: 9d 1: image 1:	6.3 113.3 74.1 120.2

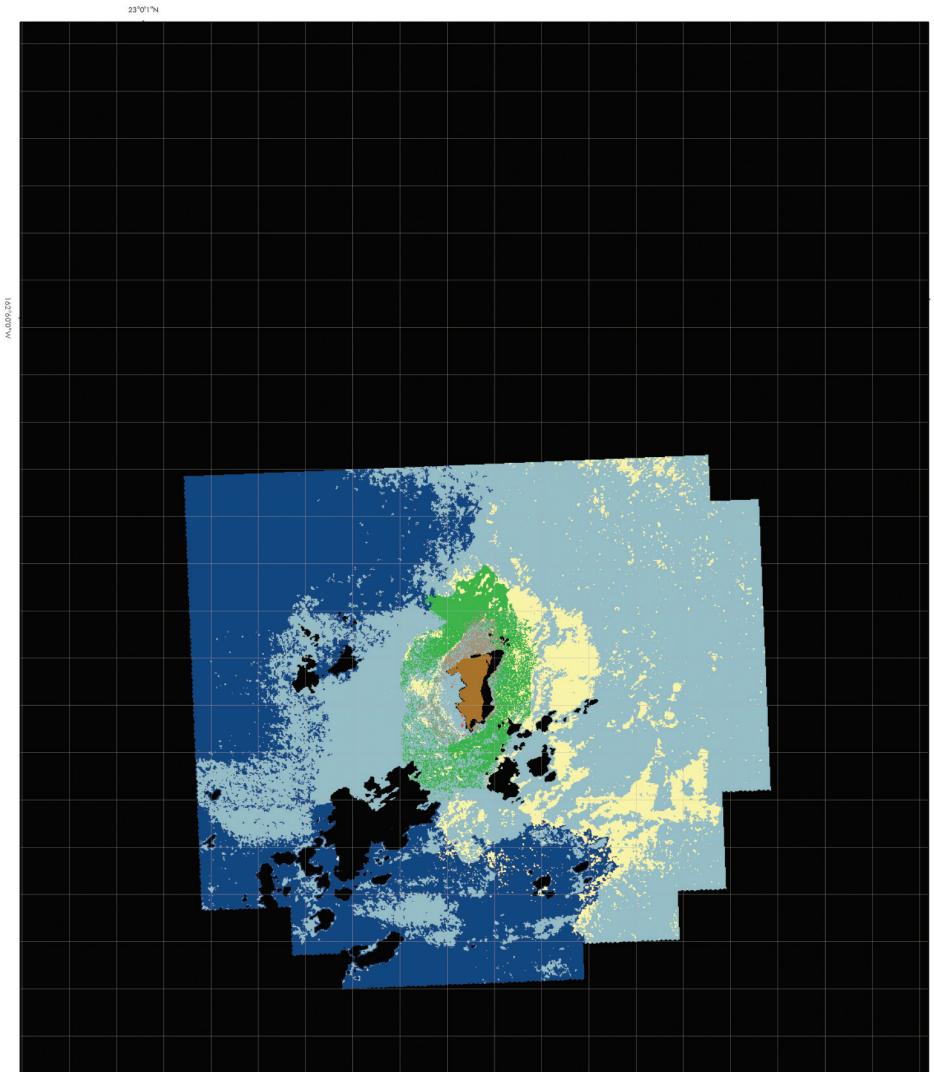


Index map indicating the locations of map tiles for the 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat maps of Nihoa Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.



A 1:80,000 scale estimated bathymetry map of Nihoa Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

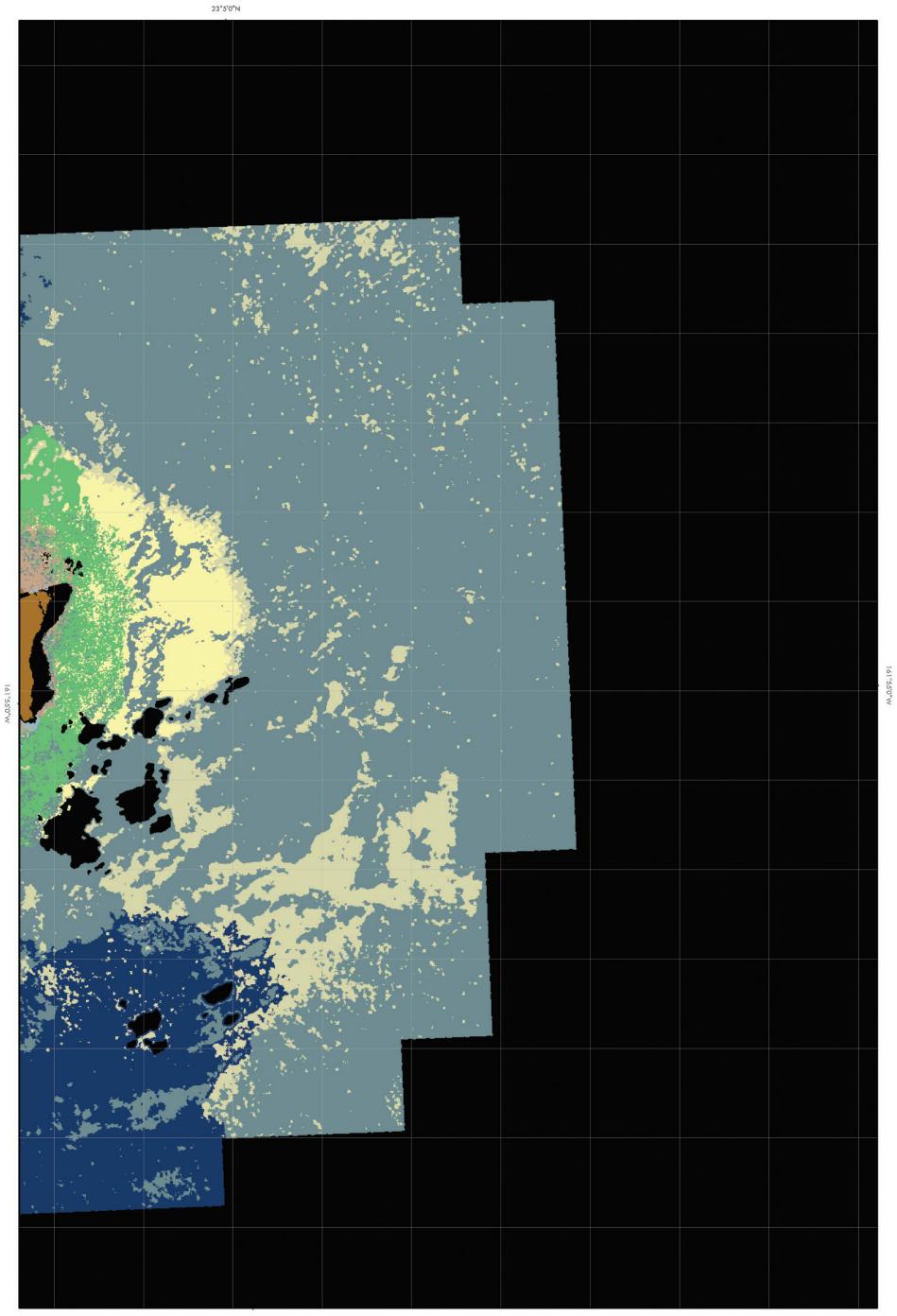
23°0'1"N



A 1:80,000 scale aggregated cover map of Nihoa Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

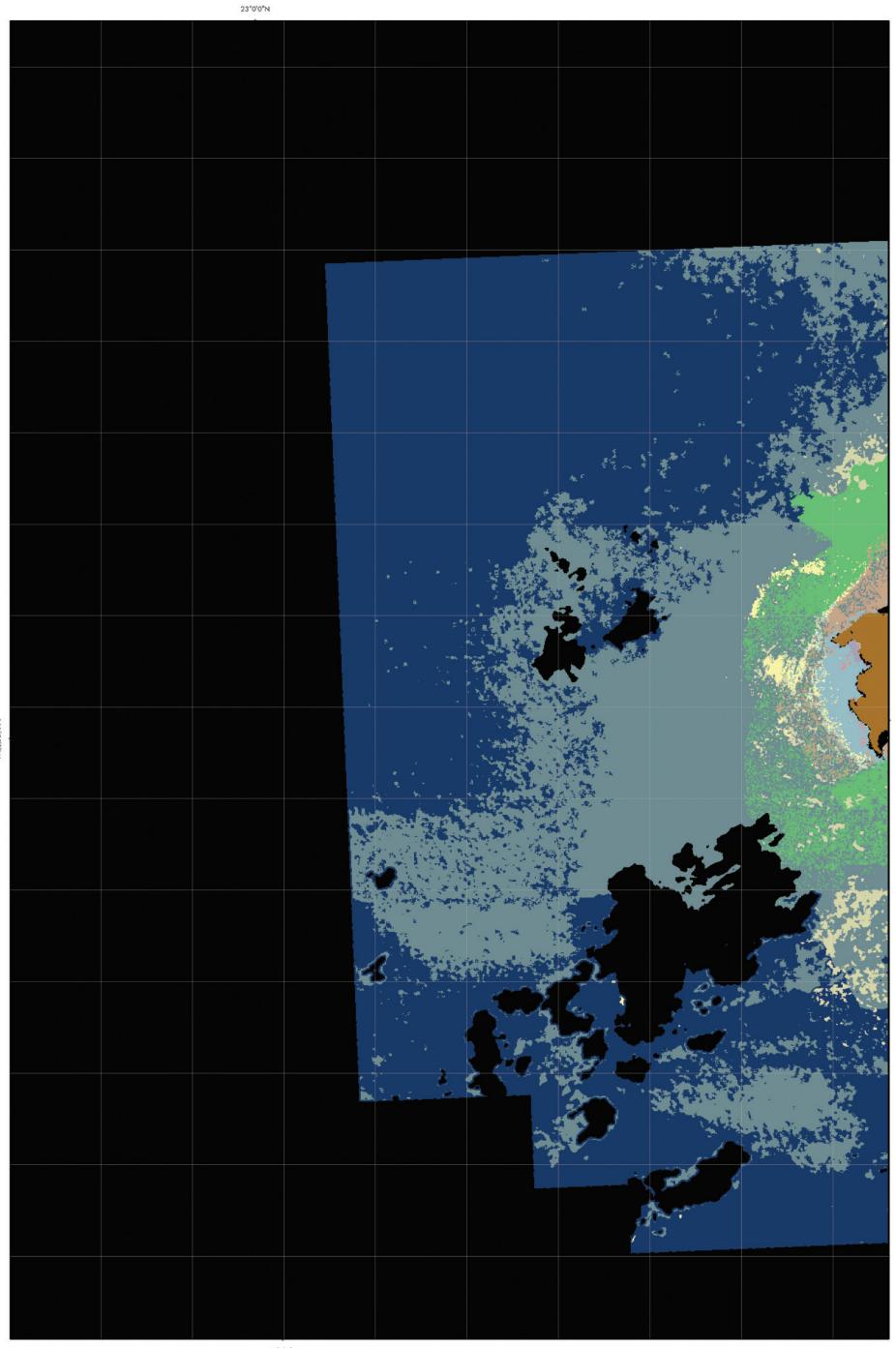
162°60'0"W

23°0'1"N



Tile 86. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of the northern portion of Nihoa Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

23°5'0"N

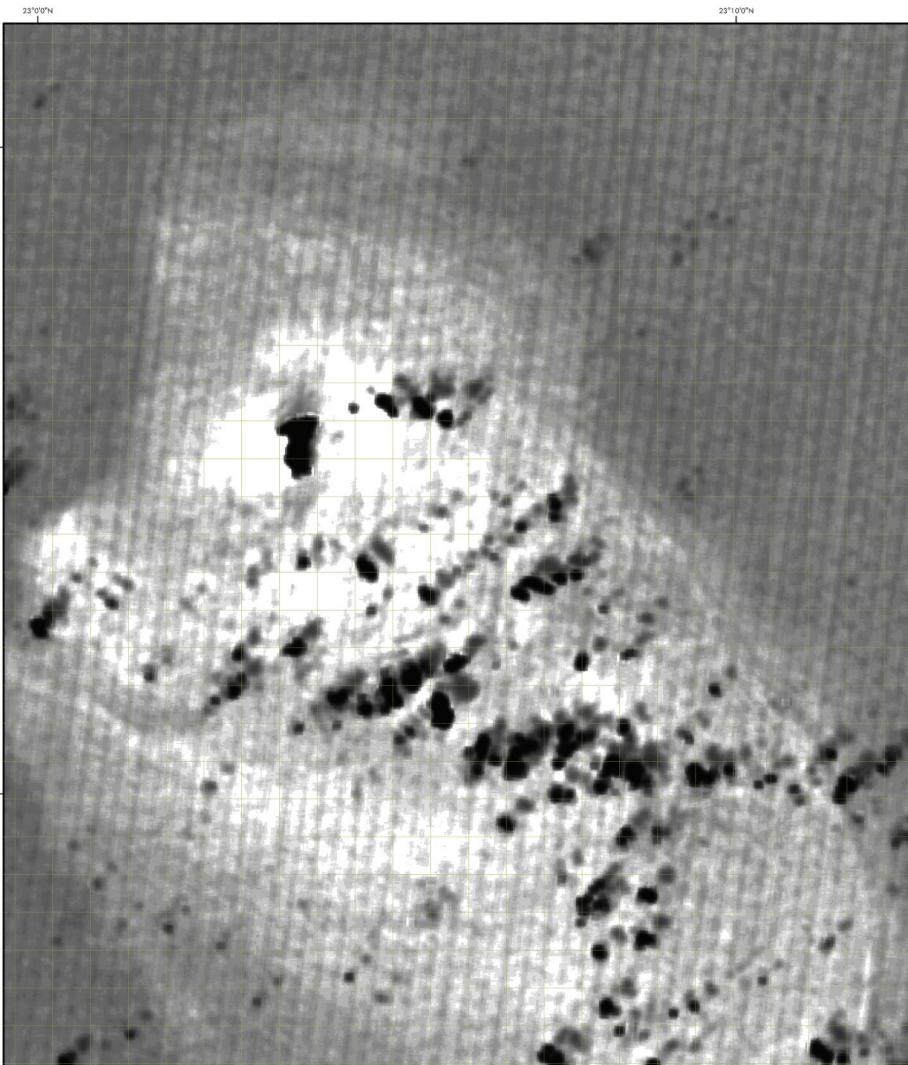


Tile 87. A 1:40,000 scale detailed habitat map of the southern portion of Nihoa Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands. 161°55'0"W

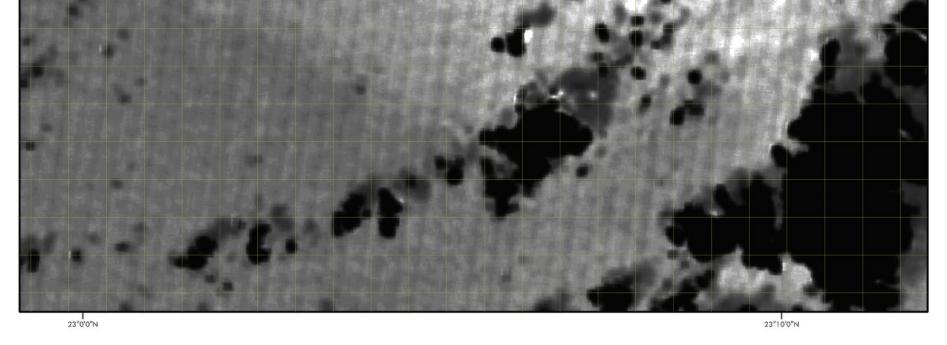
161°55'0"W

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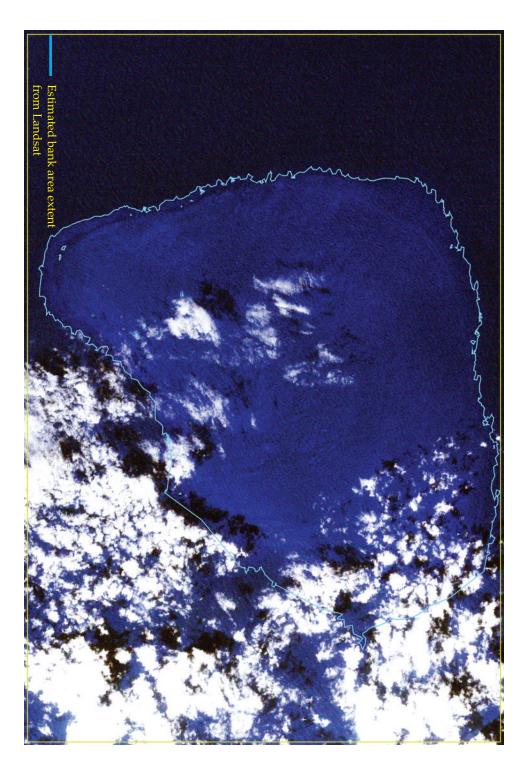
161°50'0"W

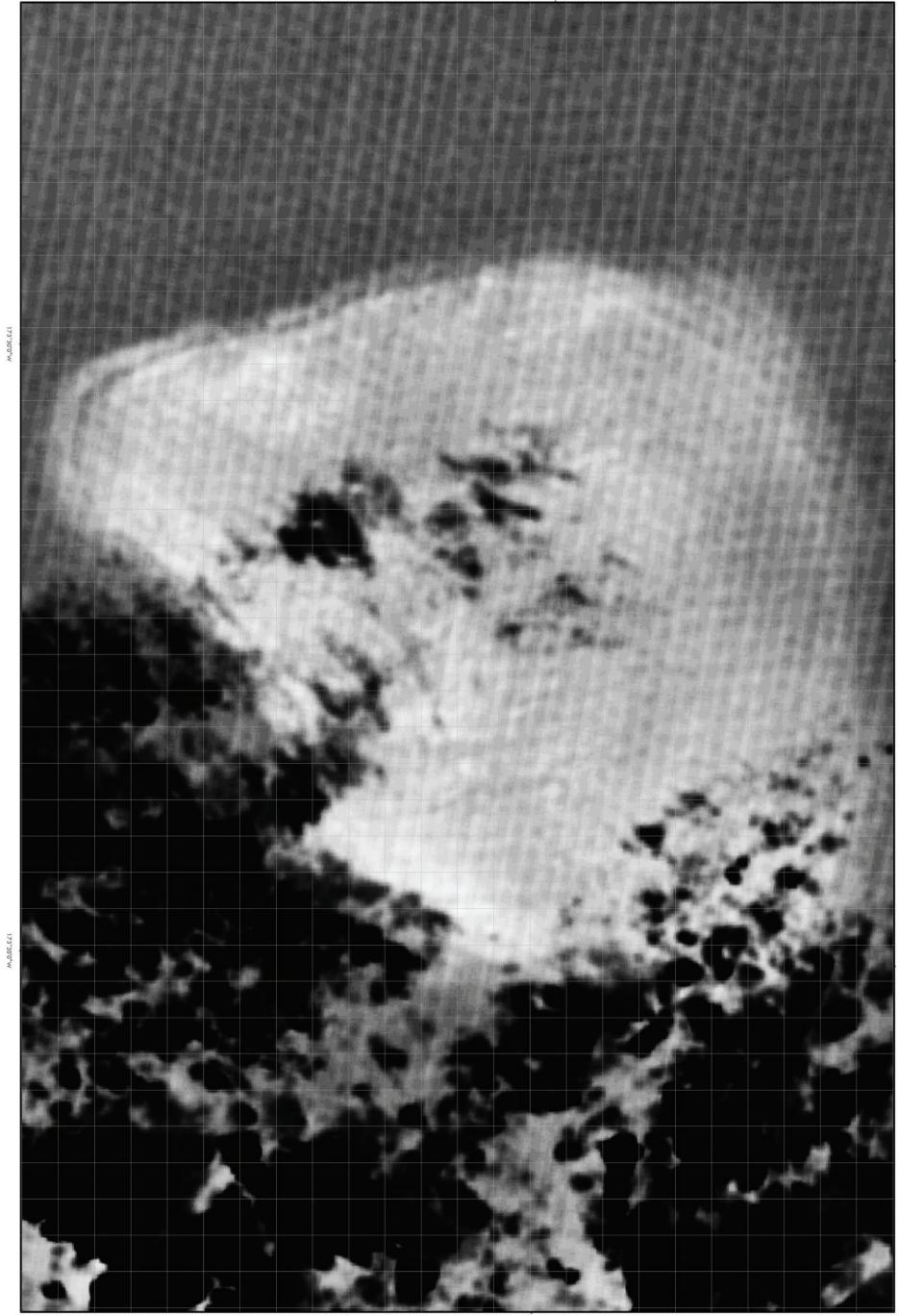


Pioneer Bank

An enhancement of the Landsat satellite's blue channel was used to generate the bank map of Pioneer Bank (173°25′ W and 26°0′ N). Due to the depth of the water at Pioneer Bank, no characterization of the benthic habitats from satellite imagery was possible.

A 1:100,000 scale map is included to depict the shallow-water bank area around Pioneer Bank.





26°0'0"N

173°30'0"W

26°0'0"N

A 1:100,000 scale map of Pioneer Bank, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

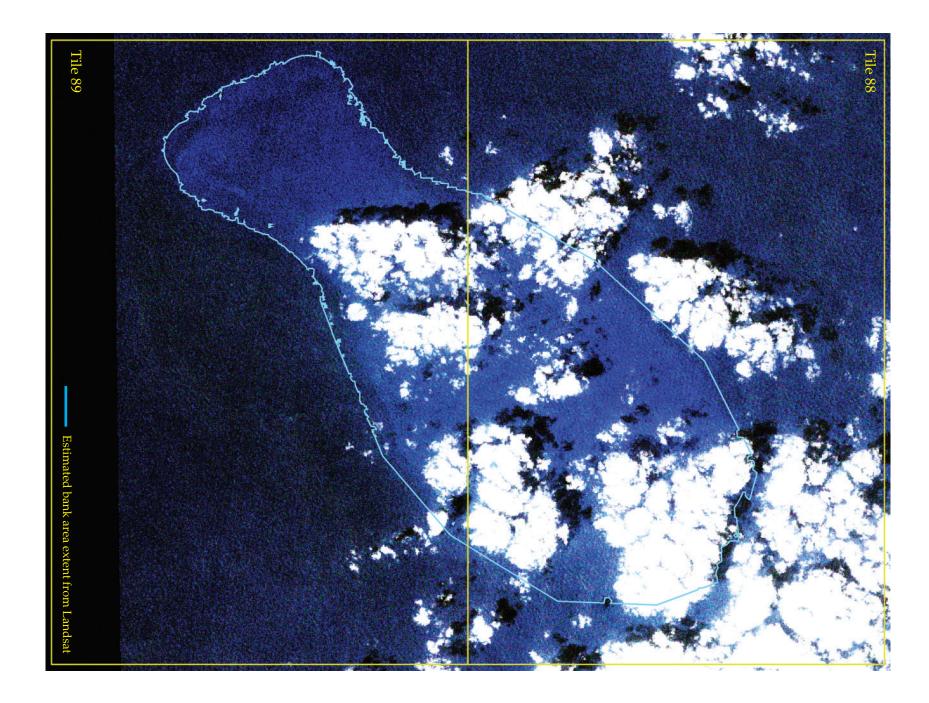
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150

Raita Bank

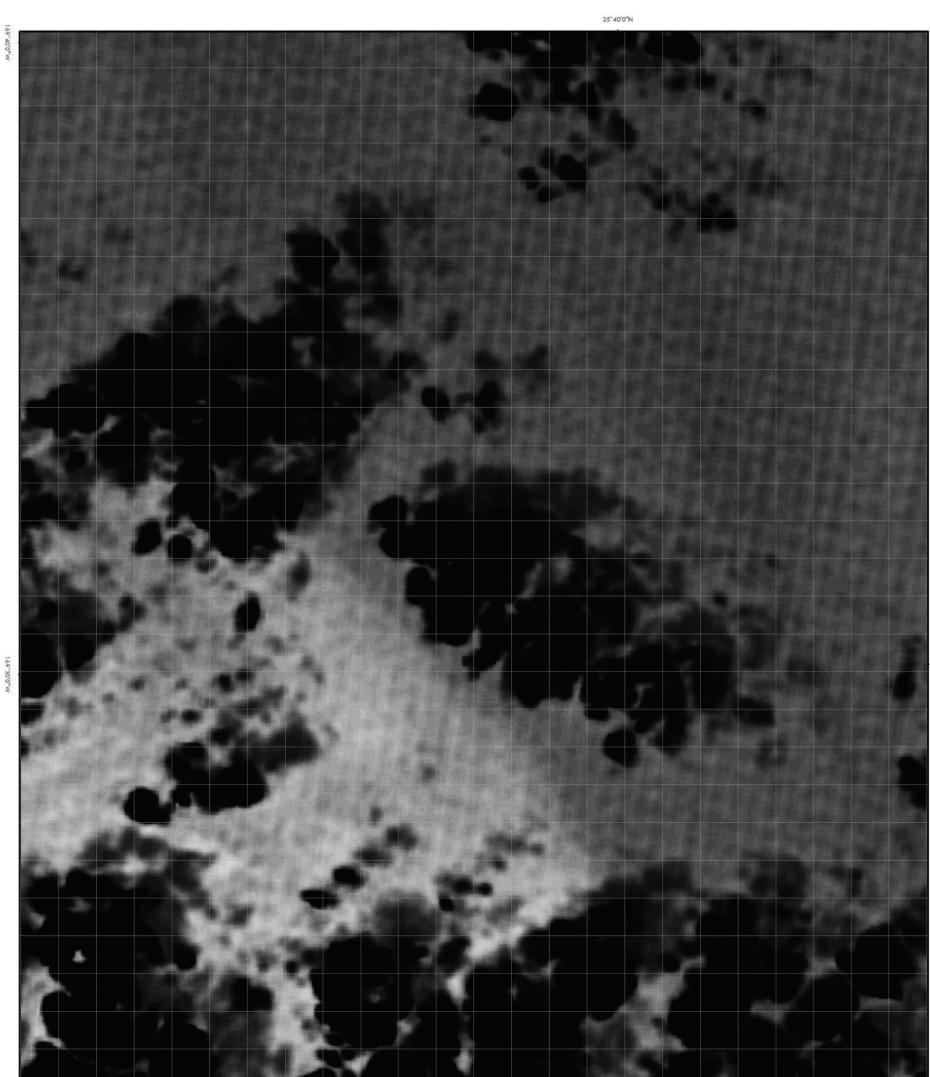
An enhancement of the Landsat satellite's blue channel was used to generate the bank map of Raita Bank (169°30′ W and 25°30′ N). Due to the depth of the water at Raita Bank, no characterization of the benthic habitats from satellite imagery was possible.

Two 1:100,000 scale map tiles are included to depict the shallow-water bank area around Pioneer Bank.



Index map indicating the locations of map tiles for the 1:100,000 scale bank of Raita Bank, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.



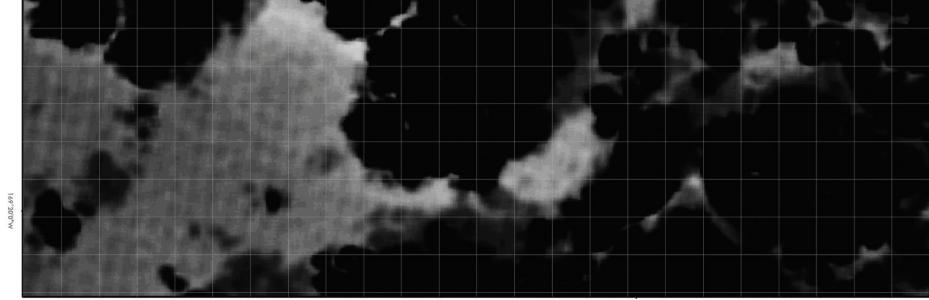


169°40'0"W

Tile 88. A 1:100,000 scale map of the northern portion of Raita Bank, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.

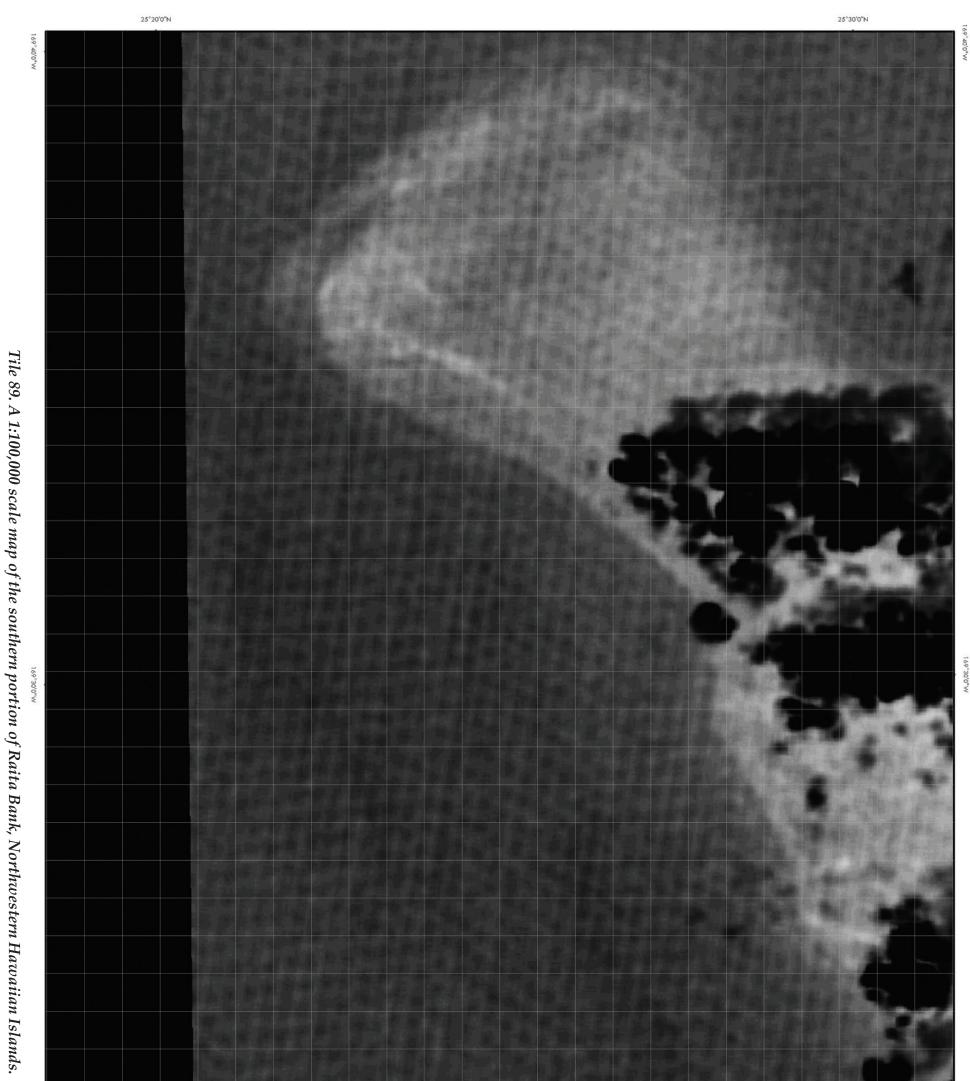
169°30'0"W

169°20'0"W

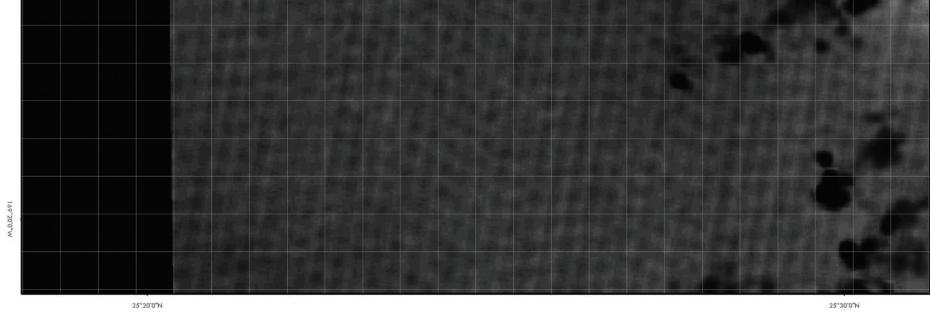


25°40'0"N

152



169°30'0"W



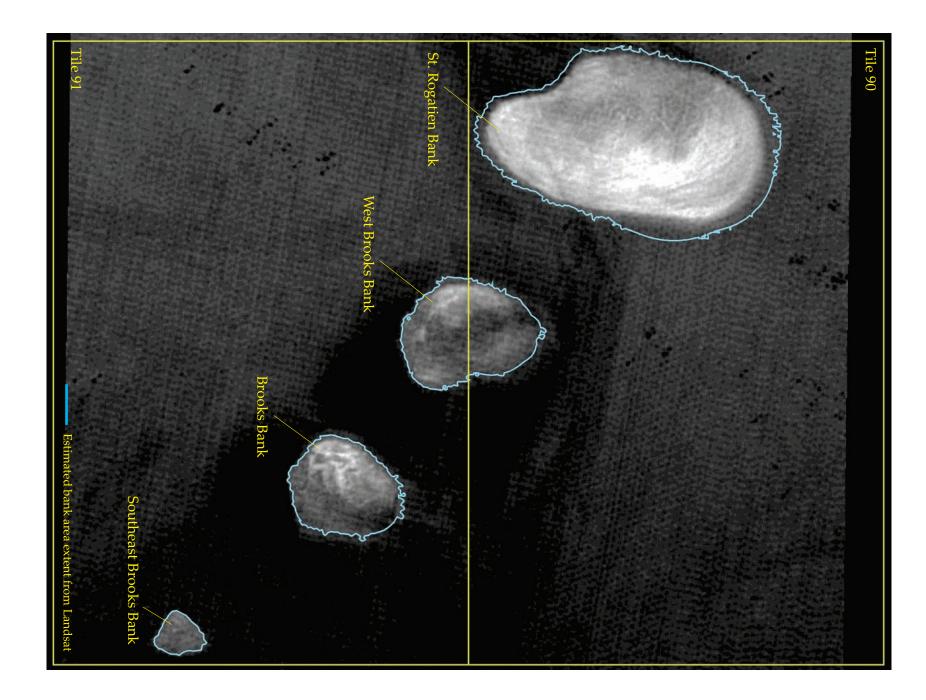
169°20'0"W

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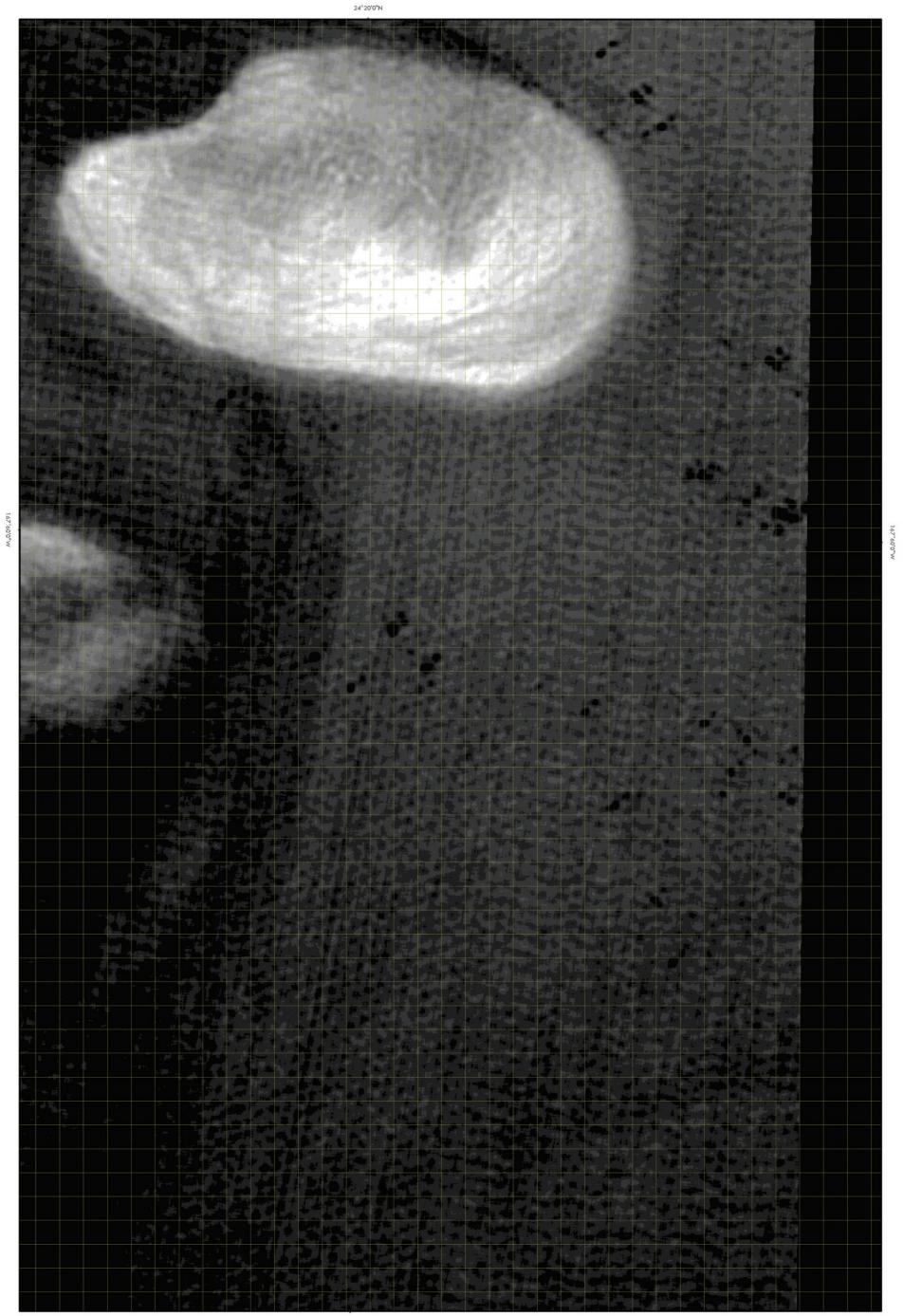
Bank West Brooks Bank, and St. Rogatien Southeast Brooks Bank, Brooks Bank,

 $24^{\circ}40^{\prime}$ N). Due to the depth of the water at these banks, no characterization of the benthic habitats from satellite imagery An enhancement of the Landsat satellite's blue channel was used to generate the bank map of Southeast Brooks Bank, Brooks was possible. Bank, West Brooks Bank, and St. Rogatien Bank (approximate center of line drawn through chain of banks: 167°52′ W and

Two 1:150,000 scale map tiles are included to depict the extensive shallow-water bank area around Southeast Brooks Bank, Brooks Bank, West Brooks Bank, and St. Rogatien Bank.

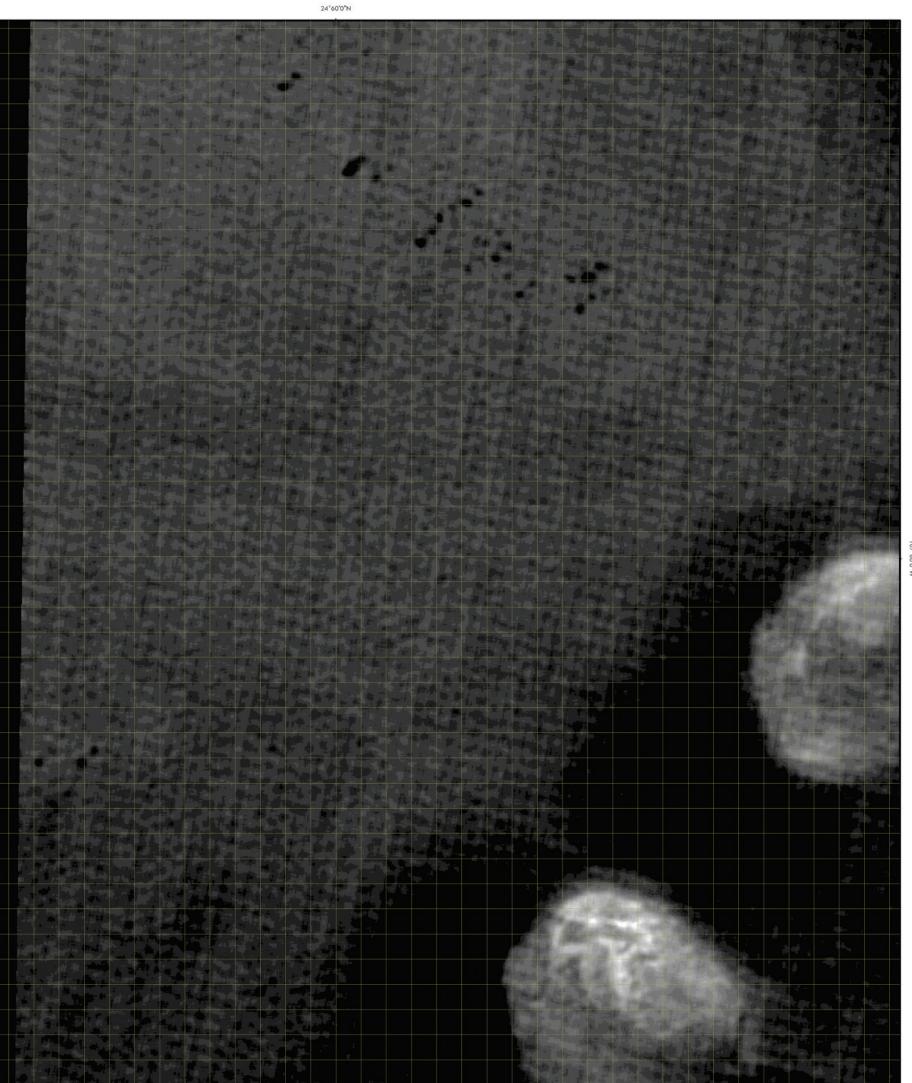


Index map indicating the locations of map tiles for the 1:150,000 scale bank of Southeast Brooks Bank, Brooks Bank, West Brooks Bank, and St. Rogatien Bank, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.



24°20'0"N





157

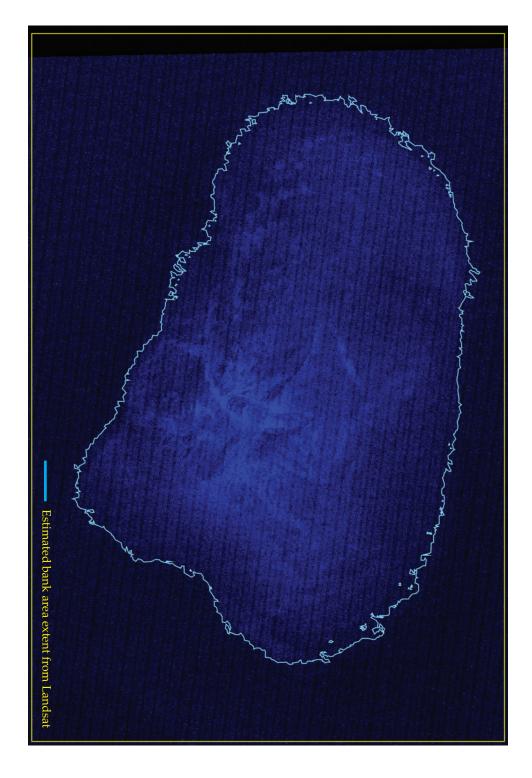
A Devis		
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		1 454 - 536
		3 Ph

24°60'0"N

Bank West of Nihoa Island

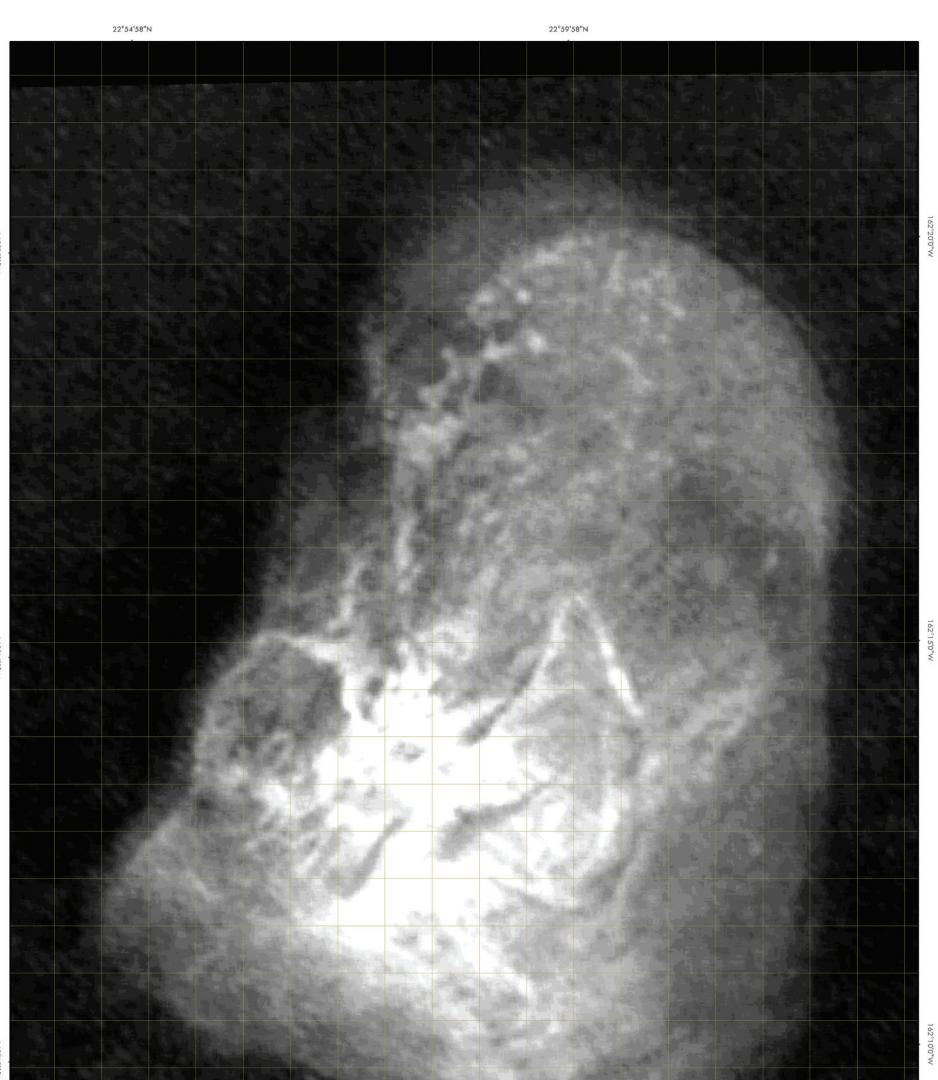
the benthic habitats from satellite imagery was possible. The Bank West of Nihoa Island lies at longitude 162 degrees 14 minutes W and 22 degrees 57 minutes N. An enhancement of the Landsat satellite's blue channel was used to generate the bank map of the Bank West of Nihoa Island. Due to the depth of the water at these banks, no characterization of

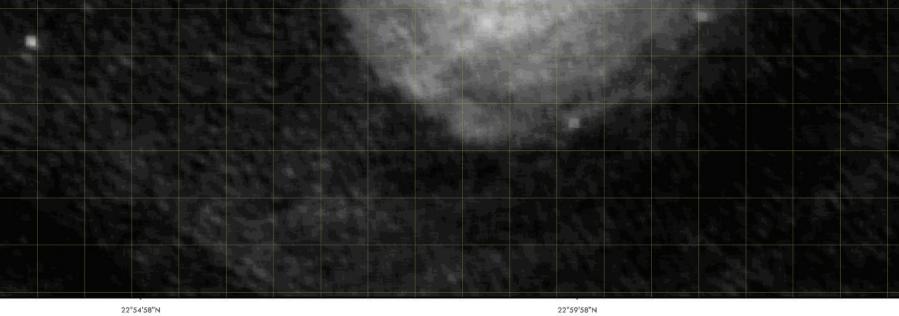
bank area around the Bank West of Nihoa Island. A 1:80,000 scale map is included to depict the shallow-water



Index map for the 1:80,000 scale bank of Bank West of Nihoa Island and Bank East of Nihoa Island, Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.







22°59'58"N