

Weak Lensing - PSF Calibrations

Steve Kent Jan 5, 2005

- **Motivation for studies:**
 - 1. Finish off requirements for DES corrector
 - 2. Evaluate advantage, disadvantage of ADC (atmospheric dispersion corrector) for DES corrector for weak lensing
 - 3. Compare DES corrector with proposed VISTA, LSST designs.
 - 4. Evaluate ground vs. space performance for SNAP.

Weak Lensing Equation

Apparent Image

Intrinsic Image

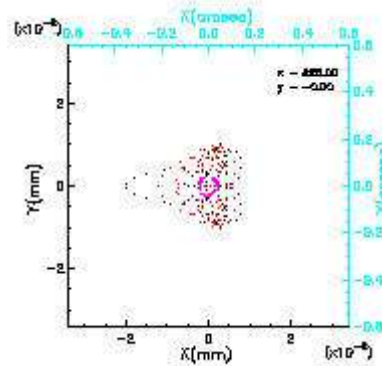
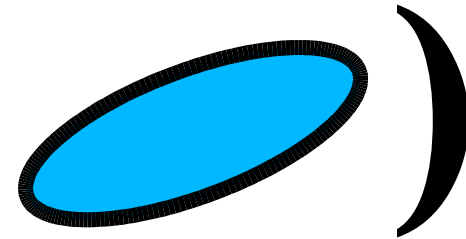
Gravitational shear



=



x



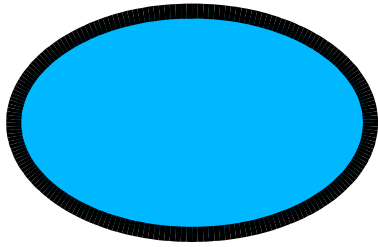
Point Spread Function

PSF is measured from bright stars near a sample galaxy

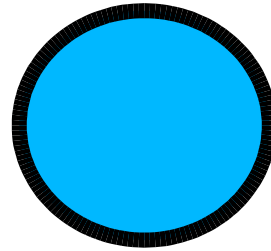
Metrics for weak lensing

- Accurate knowledge of PSF is required to extract gravitational shear signal
- Shear signal: $(1 - b/a) \sim 1\%$
- Require systematic errors to be "small" compared to statistical errors
 - ==> error in PSF shear $\sim 0.1\%$ for 0.6 arcsec FWHM seeing. *(i.e., my top-level requirement is the accuracy for measuring ellipticity of an intrinsically round image of a specified FWHM).*

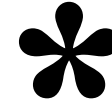
Model of a PSF



Elliptical PSF



Circular PSF



"Whisker"

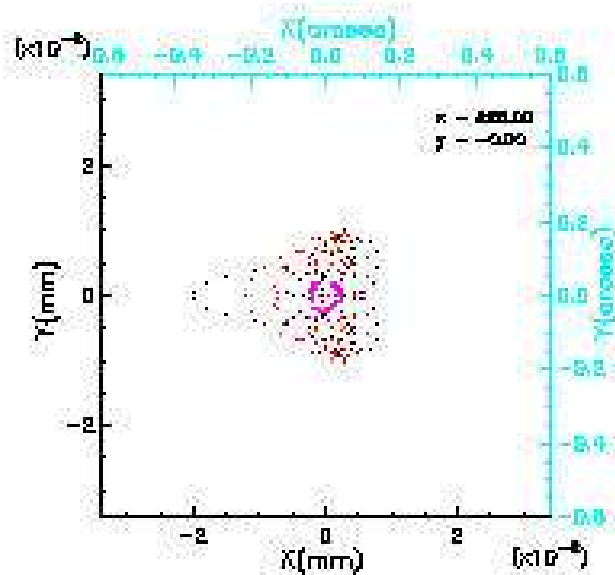
**Circular PSF has contributions from intrinsic PSF & seeing
Whisker PSF has contributions from intrinsic PSF & tracking errors.**

I will use the amplitude of a "whisker" from the intrinsic PSF as my metric for weak lensing calibration, since this mimics the gravitational shear signal and is easy to calculate.

For convolution, FWHM's add in quadrature.

A 0.1% error in shear for 0.6" FWHM seeing => 0.03" FWHM error in the equivalent PSF "whisker".

Example



Design: may11

Location: Edge of field (225 mm radius)

Filter: r' (0.56 and 0.69 microns)

FWHM: 0.2"

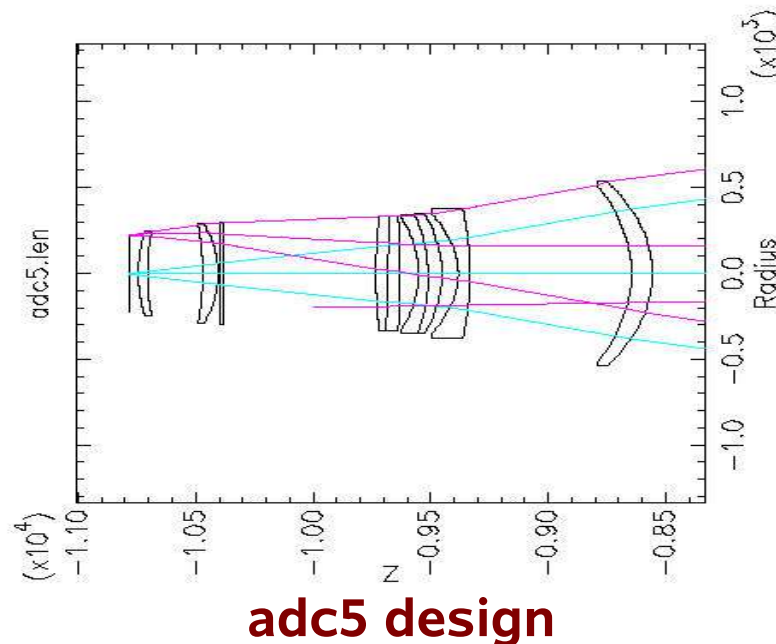
Whisker length: 0.1"

Whisker orientation: 90°

(Note: shear patterns are *tensors*: $\langle x^2 \rangle$, $\langle xy \rangle$, $\langle y^2 \rangle$)

Telescope/corrector designs:

- DES: may11
- Revised DES: may11a
- adc5: Existing may11 design plus ADC
- VISTA (Proposed DarkCam corrector for VISTA 4 m telescope)



Effect of ADC - Whisker length vs. zenith angle

Filt	zen	may11		may11a		adc5		vista	
		FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff
g	0	0.27	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.28	0.00
g	35	0.39	0.44	0.39	0.43	0.25	0.12	0.29	0.14
g	55	0.82	0.84	0.82	0.84	0.25	0.15	0.31	0.24
r	0	0.15	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.15	0.00
r	35	0.18	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.18	0.10	0.15	0.06
r	55	0.36	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.20	0.16	0.18	0.13
i	0	0.22	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.23	0.00
i	35	0.23	0.09	0.20	0.09	0.16	0.09	0.22	0.10
i	55	0.26	0.20	0.21	0.20	0.18	0.14	0.22	0.13
z	0	0.27	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.27	0.00
z	35	0.27	0.05	0.22	0.05	0.10	0.07	0.26	0.11
z	55	0.28	0.11	0.23	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.25	0.16

ADC:

-----NO-----

-----NO-----

-----YES-----

-----YES-----

Whisker length variation across focal plane (3' spacing)

Filt zen		may11		may11a		adc5		vista	
		FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff
g	0	0.17	0.07	0.18	0.07	0.23	0.09	0.20	0.06
r	0	0.13	0.06	0.14	0.06	0.20	0.08	0.13	0.05
i	0	0.11	0.05	0.11	0.05	0.17	0.06	0.11	0.05
z	0	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.07	0.04	0.09	0.05

Whisker length vs. +/- 25 micron defocus

	Filt	zen	may11		vista	
			FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff
g		0	0.18	0.07	0.21	0.11
r		0	0.11	0.10	0.14	0.09
i		0	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.09
z		0	0.12	0.14	0.12	0.09

Whisker length vs. primary mirror decenter

	Filt zen	0.5 mm		1 mm	
		FWHM	diff	FWHM	diff
g	0	0.25	0.21	0.31	0.33
r	0	0.23	0.22	0.31	0.32
i	0	0.22	0.22	0.32	0.32
z	0	0.22	0.22	0.33	0.32

Conclusions

- ADC helps in g' , r' bands but is of little or no use (or even a detriment) in i' , z'
- VISTA has better performance in g' , r' but comparable or slightly worse in i' , z'
- Many effects, such as refraction, defocus, intrinsic focal plane variation, primary mirror decenter, affect PSF at levels larger than the desired PSF accuracy.