# Retrieving Cloud Properties and TOA Radiative Fluxes over Snow and Ice Surfaces During PIC3 

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## Objectives

- Support PIC3 flights, operations, and scientific goals
- Assess and improve satellite retrievals of Arctic cloud properties


## Approach

- Provide time satellite imagery and analyses on web site
- near-real time from GOES
- 2-hour delay from MODIS, CALIPSO, AVHRR
- several day delay from CERES \& CloudSat
- Perform retrievals using various sets of channels on operational \& research satellite imagers
- Daytime, SZA < 80 ${ }^{\circ}$, use both emitted \& reflected spectral radiances
- Night: use only emitted spectral radiances: 3.8, 6.7, 7.1, 8.5, 11, 12, 13.3
- Compare retrievals with PIC3 aircraft \& surface observations


## Web Support

- Near-real time imagery \& properties from GOES (every 15 - 30 min )
- limited spectral information
- flight mission planning \& execution
- Aqua \& Terra
- MODIS 2 hours after overpass:

YK: 5 overpasses each/day

- Jan: twilight/night
- Mar: 2-3 day, 2-3 night

BW: 9 overpasses each/day

- Jan: night
- 4 day, 5 night
- CERES several days, same sampling as MODIS
- CALIPSO/CLoudSat \& other satellite overpass predictor
- flight planning for matching
- Flight track matching of radiances \& products
- plots \& ASCII files of satellite results


## GOES

- 24/7 analyses of North America: Barrow, VZA ~ 80․ Yknife, VZA ~ 75 ${ }^{\circ}$
- tendency to overestimate COD over snow during daytime, night ??

1915 UTC, Jan 31, 2011



## GOES

## - AVHRR retrievals similar to GOES: limited channels

## 1915 UTC, March 28, 2011





MODIS

- Nighttime cloud retrievals use 3.8, 11, and $12 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
- highly dependent on background radiances
- Possibility to use $8.5,6.7,7.1 \& 13.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

- Measurements of underlying temperatures, radiances would aid the retrievals
- Knowing what is being measured will also help
- perform comparisons with theory
- CERES SW \& LW fluxes will also be available for TOA closure
- Current Re not good



## MODIS

Daytime uses 1.24 for COD, $3.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ for Re , can also use 1.6 \& $2.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ for Re

- mixed phase from 1.6/2.1?
RGB COD Phase Re(ice) $\operatorname{Re}(l i q)$



## Field Support Web Site Example, FRAM-S Ground Site



Current Location of A-Train Satellites (updated every 30 sec )


A-Train
Calipso
CloudSat


## Field Support Web Site Example, SPARTICUS Flights

- Matching on every GOES image
- Matching with MODIS
- Variety of tools available

Field Support, Matching CALIPSO w/ SPARTICUS Flights


## Summary

- Day-night retrieval capabilities vastly different
- most ice fog at night? Hard to detect?
- need measurements at night to know what we are supposed to be detecting
- mixed phase in daytime tough, though Lubin's approach may work
- multispectral (1.2, 1.6, 2.1, $3.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ ) will be available
- mixed phase at night? :
- we have a strong interest in improving nighttime retrievals
- add 6.7, 7.1, 8.5, $13.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ channels
- Can provide support for PIC-3
- website will be made available for entire period
- on-site support for flight missions?
- feedback from proposal team?
- Plan to perform comparisons with in situ \& sfc obs

