

# A general Overview of Aerosols in CMAQ

Francis S. Binkowski

Institute for the Environment  
The University of North Carolina at  
Chapel Hill



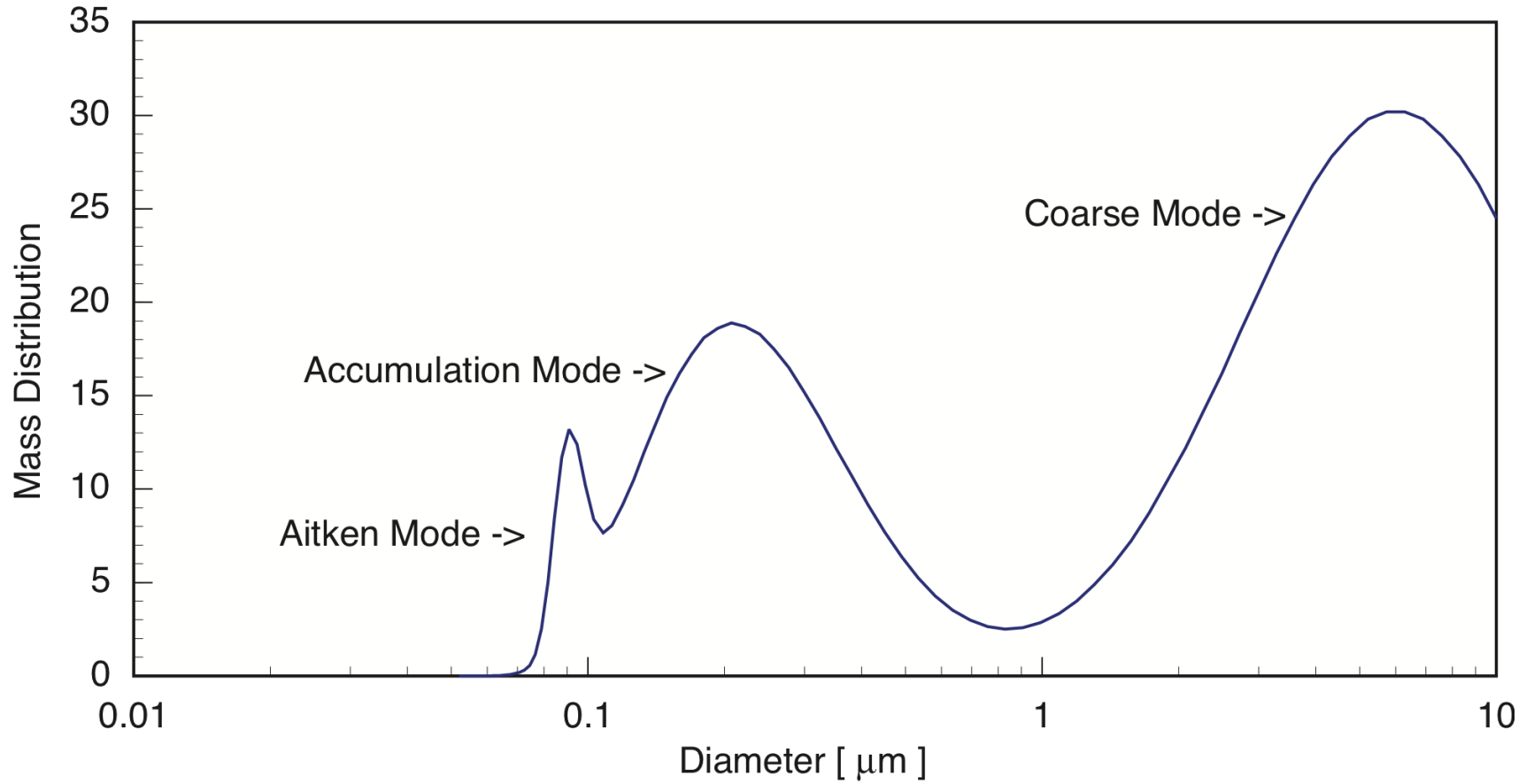
# Modal Approach

- CMAQ currently models the size distribution of aerosols using three lognormal sub-distributions called modes (Kenneth Whitby)

## References:

1995 Binkowski - Shankar – RPM  
1998 Ackermann et al. - MADE  
2001 Schell et al. MADE-SORGAM  
2003 Binkowski - Roselle – CMAQ  
2005 Mathur et al. MAQSIP  
2010 Kelly et al. Sea Salt

CMAQ Tri-Modal Representation of Mass



- Within each mode the History Variables are:
  - 1. Modal mass by species
  - 2. Modal number
  - 3. Modal surface area

These three History Variable are sufficient to  
diagnose the:

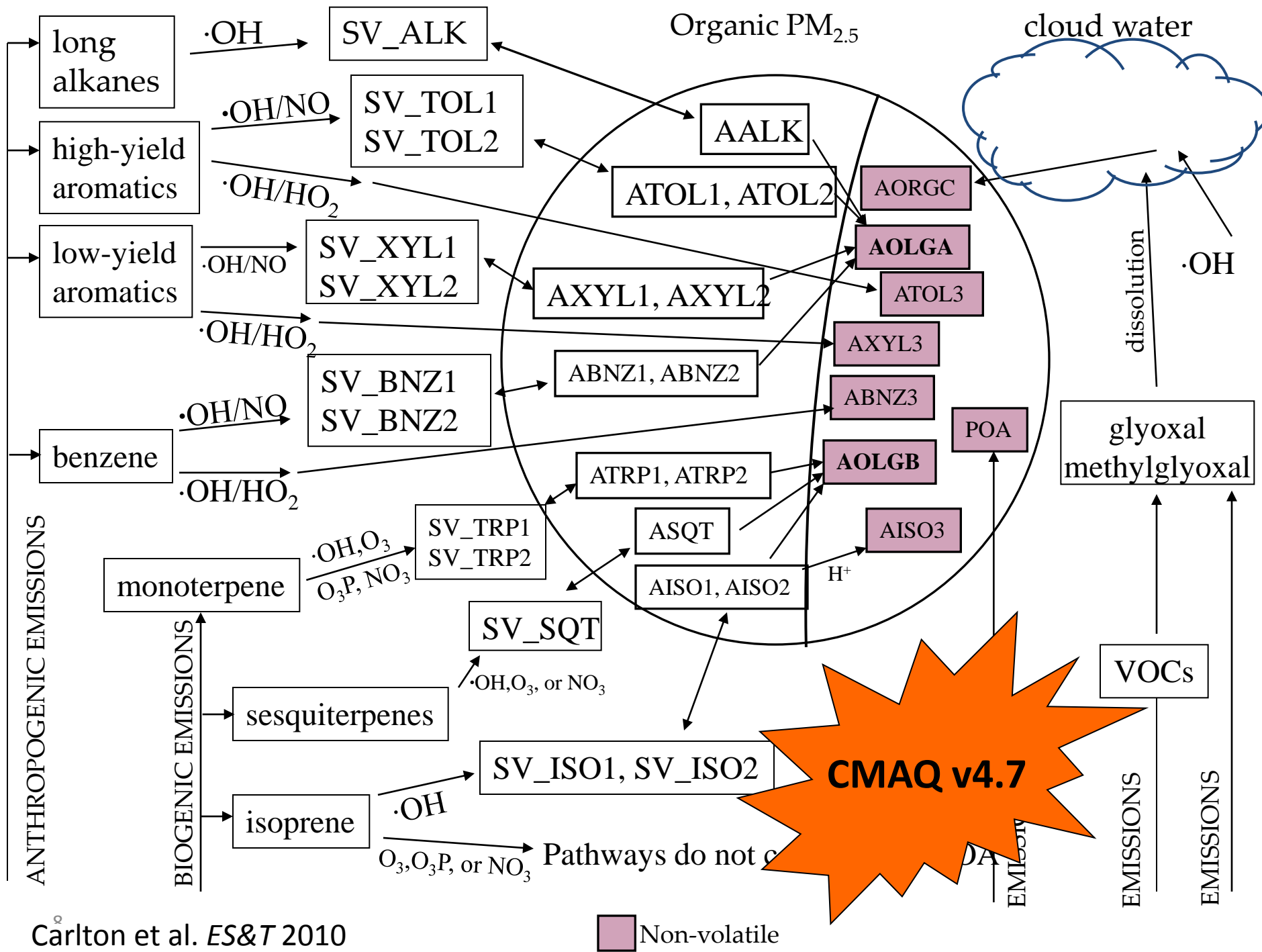
Modal Geometric Mean Diameter for the  
Number distribution

Modal Geometric Standard Deviation

- A system of three analytical differential equations ( number, surface area, mass) calculates Intra-modal and Inter-modal Coagulation for Condensational Growth for each Mode.

# Modal Species

- Aitken Mode: sulfate, nitrate, ammonium, elemental carbon, water,
- organics (Primary only)
  
- Accumulation Mode: sulfate, nitrate, ammonium, elemental carbon, water, organics (Primary and Secondary), sodium, chloride.
  
- Coarse Mode: sulfate, nitrate, ammonium, sodium, chloride, water





- Thank You.
- Any questions.



UNC  
INSTITUTE FOR  
THE ENVIRONMENT