

Vision for the NIH and the Role of the SMRB

Francis Collins, MD, PhD
NIH Director
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My first 94 days as NIH Director.....



NIH: Steward of Medical and Behavioral Research for the Nation



"Science in pursuit of fundamental knowledge about the nature and behavior of living systems... and the application of that knowledge to extend healthy life and reduce the burdens of illness and disability."



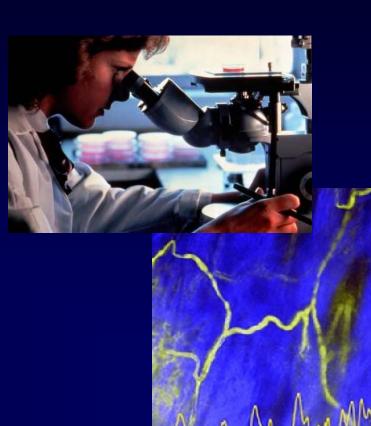


Investigator-Initiated Research:

The Foundation of Biomedical Advances

"... the hope of major advances lies in sustaining broad and free-ranging inquiry into all aspects of the phenomena of life, limited only by the criteria of excellence, the scientific importance, and the seriousness and competence of the investigator."

James A. Shannon, M.D.
 8th Director of NIH



Opportunity #1:

Applying unprecedented opportunities in genomics and other high throughput technologies to understand fundamental biology, and to uncover the causes of specific diseases



- NextGen DNA sequencing and beyond
- Nanotechnology
- Small molecule screening
- New imaging modalities
- Emphasis on comprehensive approaches
- Computational biology is critical
- Examples that are ripe for expanded effort
 - Cancer
 - Autism
 - Microbiome
 - Many more....

Opportunity #2:

Translating basic science discoveries into new and better treatments

Moving from...



• To...



Stage set for NIH to play an expanded role in translation

- New discoveries about the fundamental basis of disease
- Resources empowering academic investigators to develop lead compounds and "de-risk" projects
- Opportunity for public-private partnerships

Small molecules

- Roadmap provides HTS capabilities that now exceed that of most pharmaceutical companies
- Many ICs are ramping up investments
- Therapeutics for Rare and Neglected Diseases (TRND) program now explicitly tackles the Valley of Death
- Common diseases are increasingly seen as a collection of rare diseases, so they fit this model too

Stem cells (including hESC and iPSC)

- Explosion of new information likely with new NIH policy
- Therapeutic uses uncertain but urgent to pursue

Opportunity #3:
 Putting science to
 work for the benefit of
 health care reform



- Comparative effectiveness research
- Prevention and personalized medicine
 - Behavioral research
- Health disparities research
- Pharmacogenomics
- Large scale prospective studies
 - National Children's Study
 - Study of adult onset diseases?
- Health IT
- Health research economics
 - Going beyond clinical trials to studying health care delivery in the real world?
 - What payment incentives actually work to reduce costs and improve outcomes?

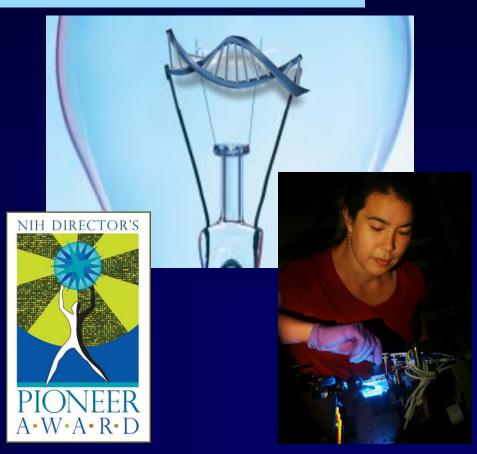
Opportunity #4:
 Encouraging a greater focus on global health



- Emphasis on global health fits with U.S. emphasis on "soft power"
- Scientific advances make an attack on infectious diseases more feasible than ever
 - RNAi
 - Small molecule screening
 - Genomics
 - Vaccine development
- Push beyond AIDS, malaria, TB to long list of neglected tropical diseases (NTDs) affecting hundreds of millions of people worldwide
- Include chronic noncommunicable diseases and injuries, responsible for more 50% of deaths in developing world



Opportunity #5:
 Reinvigorating and empowering the biomedical research community



- Strive to avoid the post-ARRA cliff
- Emphasis on innovation
 - Pioneer awards
 - New Innovator awards
 - Transformative RO1s
- Assessing results of current innovations in peer review
- Reinvigorating the Common Fund
- Training programs
 - Seek to reduce age at first grant award
 - Underrepresented minority programs
 - Work force analysis what's the right answer?

Advisory Committees

- Four key external committees advise the NIH director:
 - Advisory Committee to the NIH Director (NIH Director co-Chairs)
 - Council of Councils
 - Council of Public Representatives
 (NIH Director co-Chairs)
 - Scientific Management Review Board (NIH Director is ex officio)

"A committee is a cul-de-sac down which ideas are lured and then quietly strangled."

Sir Barnett Cocks (1907 -1989)

"It is better to give than to receive – especially advice."

Mark Twain
American Author and Lecturer
(1835 – 1910)

Advisory Committee to the NIH Director

Focus:

- Program development
- Resource allocation
- NIH administrative regulation and policy
- Other aspects of NIH policy



Specific Activity:

Advises on grant applications and cooperative agreements for research and training

Council of Councils

Focus:

Policies and activities of the Division of Program
 Coordination, Planning, and Strategic Initiatives

Specific Activities:

- Advise on research responsive to emerging scientific opportunities, public health challenges, and knowledge gaps
- Advise the IC Directors during review process for trans-NIH initiatives

Council of Public Representatives

Focus:

- Public participation in NIH activities
- Outreach and public communication efforts
- Other matters of public interest



Specific Function:

 Provides a formal mechanism for public input into the research decision-making and priority-setting process

Scientific Management Review Board

Focus:

 Ensuring the optimal organizational structure and function for the fulfillment of NIH mission



 Recommendations are provided to NIH, HHS, and Congress

Unique Role of the SMRB

- Statutorily-mandated committee to advise on the effective alignment of the Agency structure and function to achieve its goals
- SMRB recommendations will be relevant to the work of the other advisory committees
 - Periodic updates both to and from the ACD, CoC, and COPR
 - SMRB member also serves as ACD member

Key Considerations for the SMRB

- NIH as the "crown jewel" of the Federal government
- Any proposed changes require thorough evaluation and cautious consideration
- Principal driver of change:
 - NIH mission and the Agency's ability to support the best science and address public health needs

Specific Requests to the SMRB

Working groups:

 Deliberating Organizational Change and Effectiveness

Develop framework for assessing the need for change and develop principles for implementing recommended change

NIH Intramural Research Program

Consider changes enabling the IRP to maximize human health and patient well being

 Substance Use, Abuse, and Addiction Research

Evaluate current organization in light of science and public health

Looking Forward

- SMRB recommendations that enhance NIH's ability to:
 - Maximize scientific discovery and innovation using new research technologies
 - Translate research into new diagnostics and therapeutics
 - Provide a scientific foundation for health care reform
 - Encourage a focus on global health
 - Reinvigorate and empower the research community

Not failure, but low aim, is a crime.

— James Russell Lowell