



Servei Meteorològic
de Catalunya

CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS OF LAPS INGEST PROCESSES AT METEOCAT

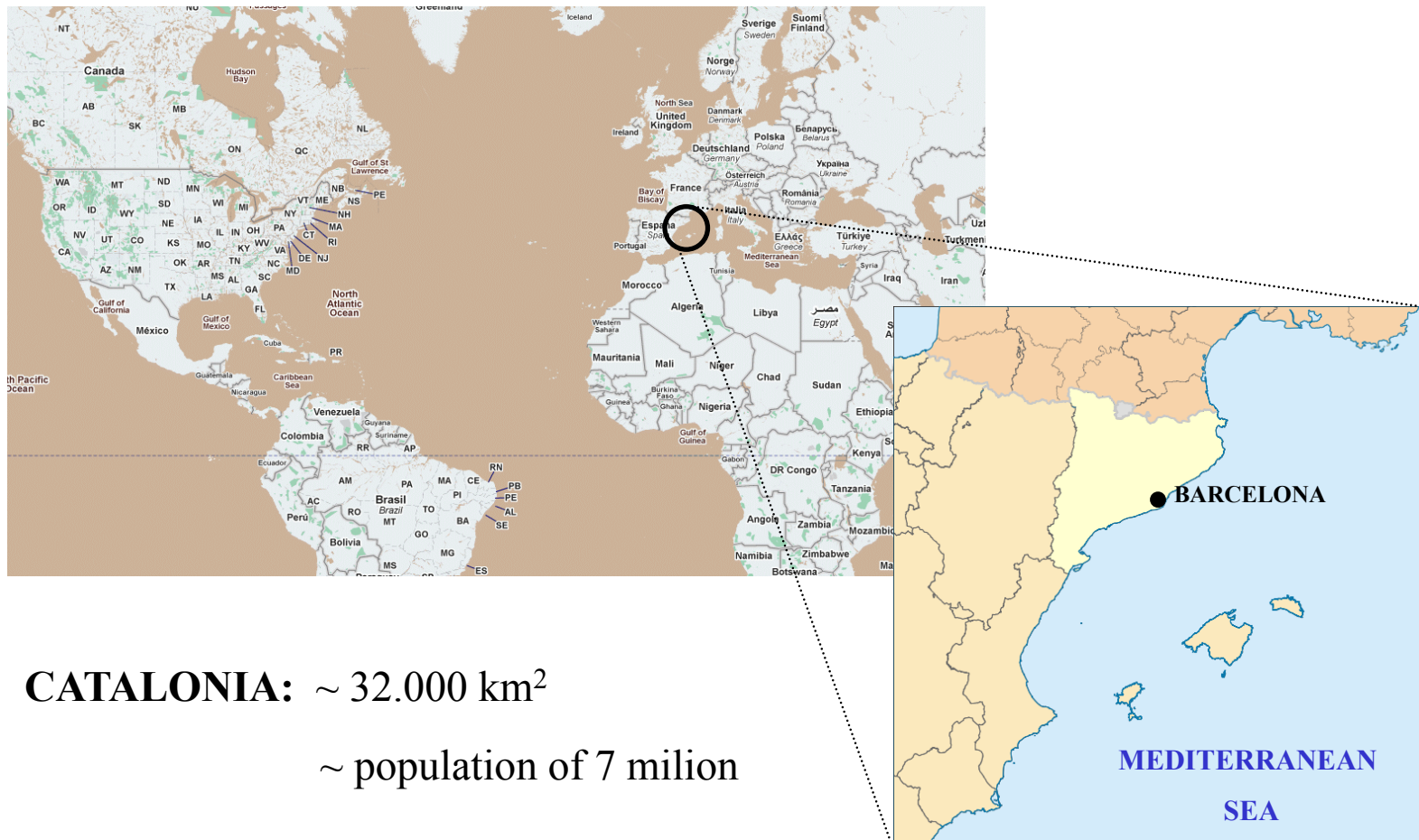
Area of Applied Research and Modelling – SMC

Jordi More & Abdel Sairouni



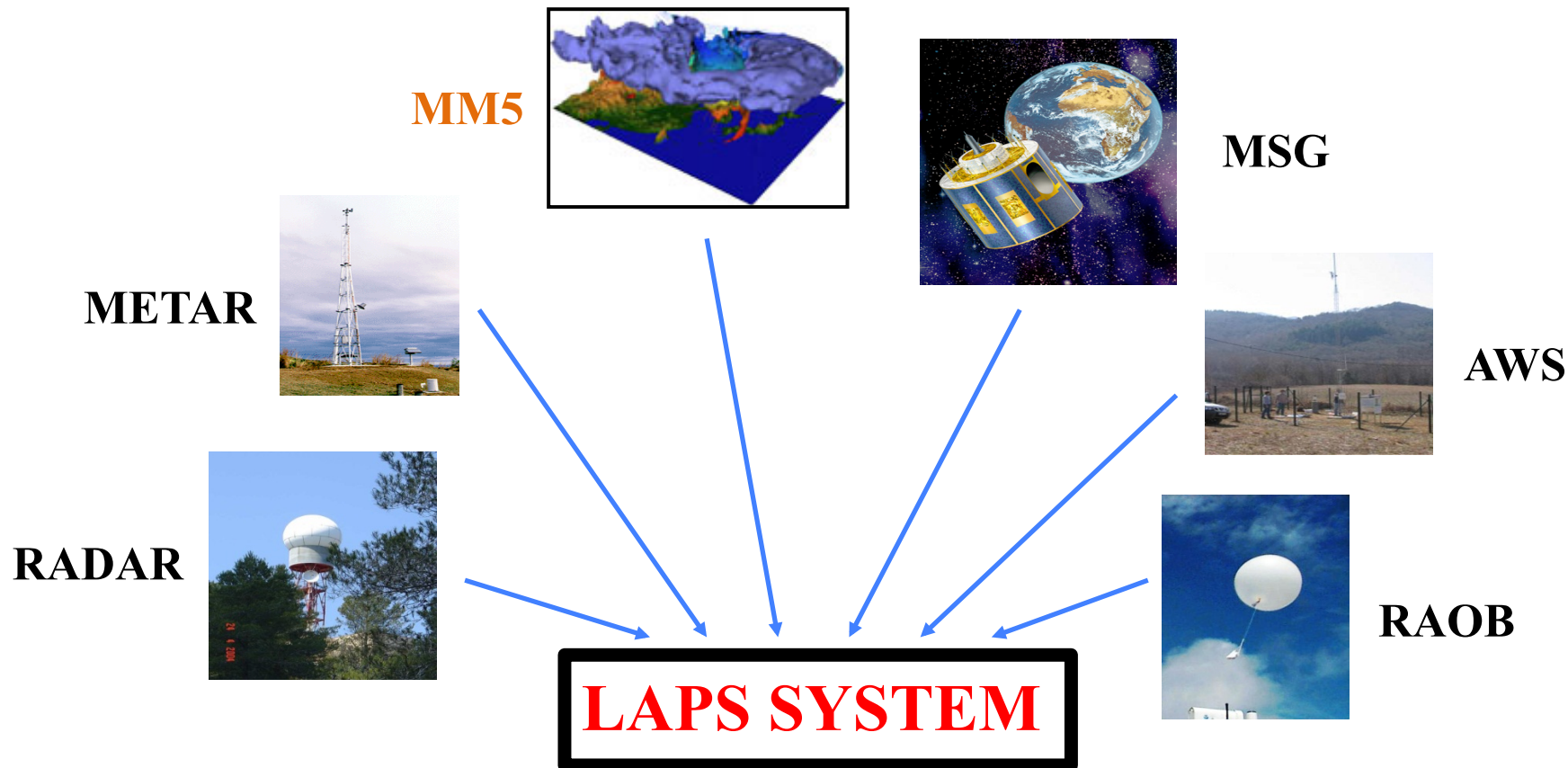
Generalitat de Catalunya
**Departament de Medi Ambient
i Habitatge**

METEOCAT: METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE OF CATALONIA



LAPS CONFIGURATION

Ingested data:



LAPS CONFIGURATION

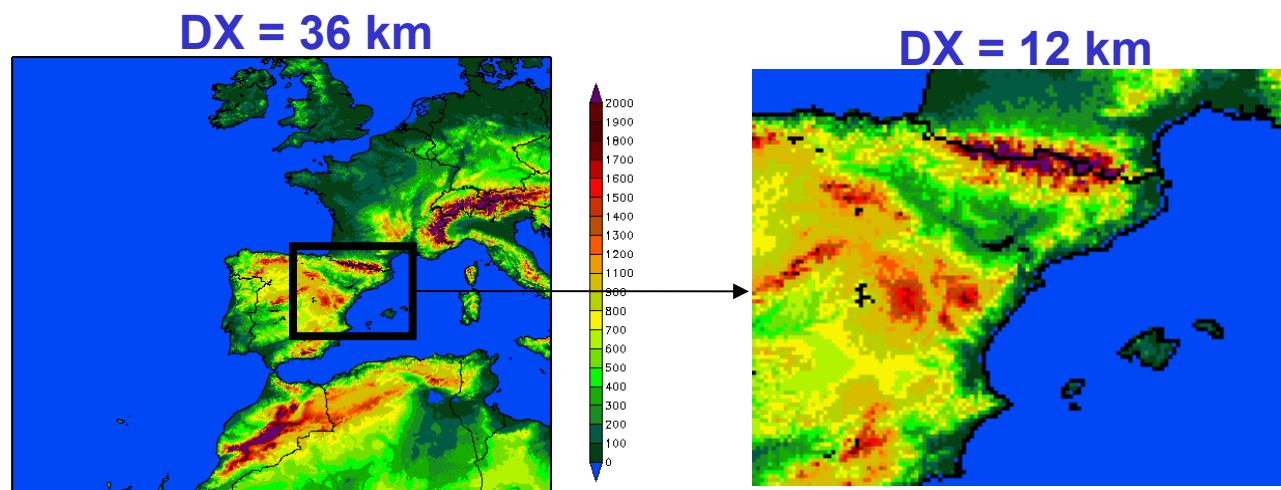
LAPS SYSTEM:

- *Version:* LAPS-0-39-4 (with some modifications)
- *Domains:* 36 km & 12 km (22 levels)

Platform: SGI Altix 350 with 24 processors, **IFORT** compiler

Background:

- MM5 coarse (36 km, 26 levels)
- MM5 nested (12 km, 30 levels)



LAPS MODIFICATIONS: INGEST

Background model (LFMPOST.EXE):

Modified interface for MM5 assimilation. Changes in the MSLP calculation using routines of MM5 (not included in LAPS versions).

Surface (METARS, AWS) and Upper air data (RAOB):

New routines to process observational data and write **LSO** and **SND** files.

Radar data (IRIS FORMAT):

New interface for **IRIS** Doppler radar assimilation (**reflectivity** and **radial velocity**) using **RSL** (NASA TRMM).

Data from 4 Radar (*C band*) available:



LAPS MODIFICATIONS: INGEST

SATELITE DATA (MSG 9):

LAPS was conceived to use satellite data: [GOES12](#)

MSG (Meteosat Second Generation) requires major changes because:

- Different channels in both satellites.
- Different resolution at sub-satellite point and the zenith angle.

Satellite data obtained from MSG (five channels are obtained):

Visible, IR(12 micron), IR(3.9 micron), IR(10.8 micron) and Water Vapour(6.2 micron)

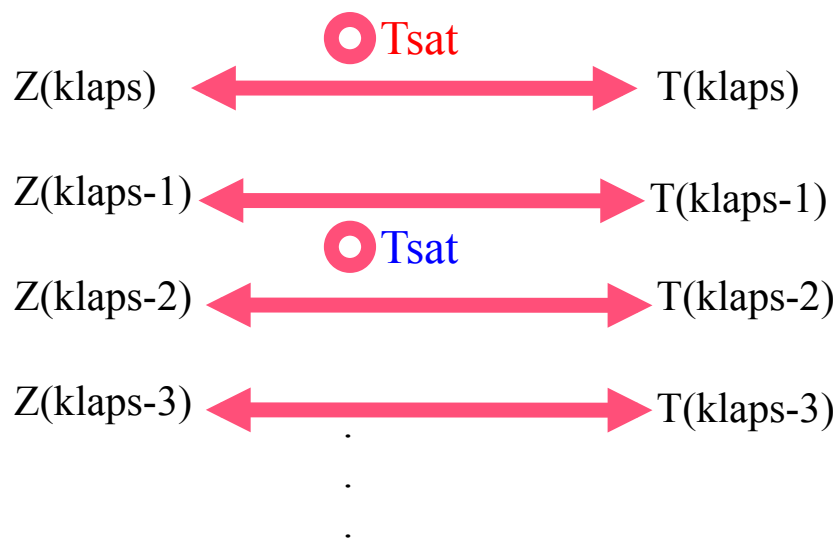
LAPS MODIFICATIONS: CLOUD

CLOUD ANALYSIS:

Modification routines to process satellite and radar: [Cloud top](#)

Original LAPS 0-36-7

Modified LAPS



What if $T_{sat} < T(klaps)$?

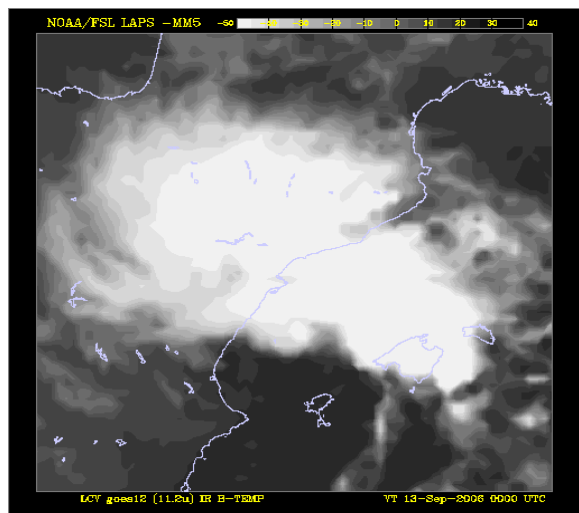
$$frac = T(klaps) - T(klaps-1) / T_{sat} - T(klaps)$$

$$arg = H(klaps-1) + frac * (H(klaps) - H(klaps-1))$$

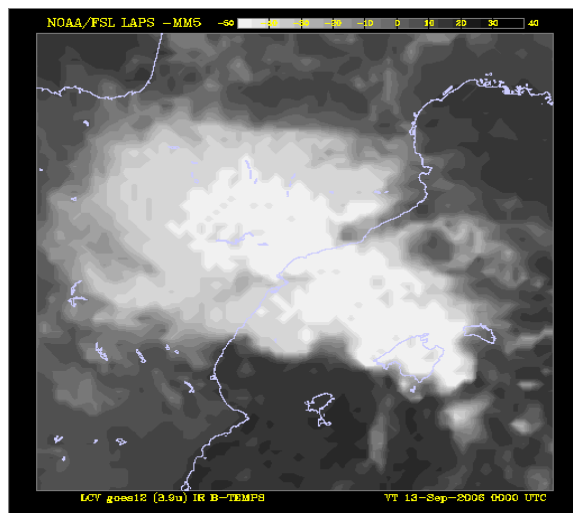


CLOUD ANALYSIS: 09/13/2006 (00UT)

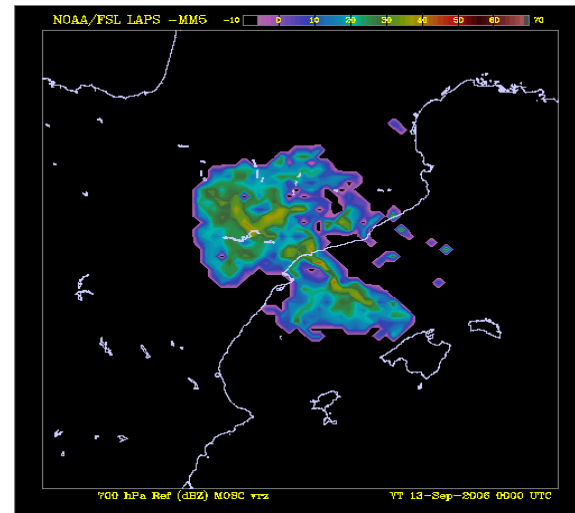
OBS.



Meteosat IR (10.8u)

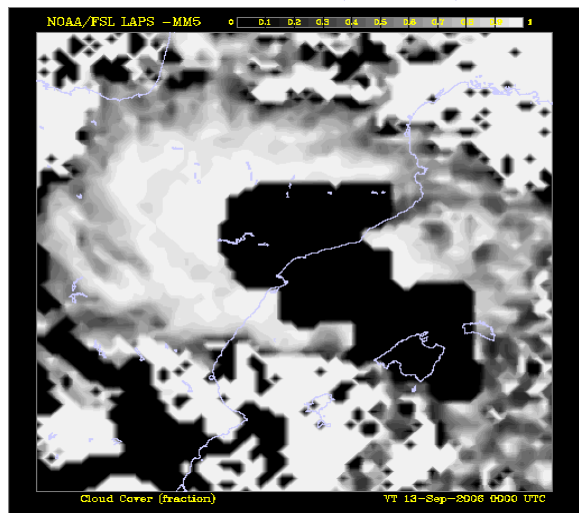


Meteosat IR (3.9u)

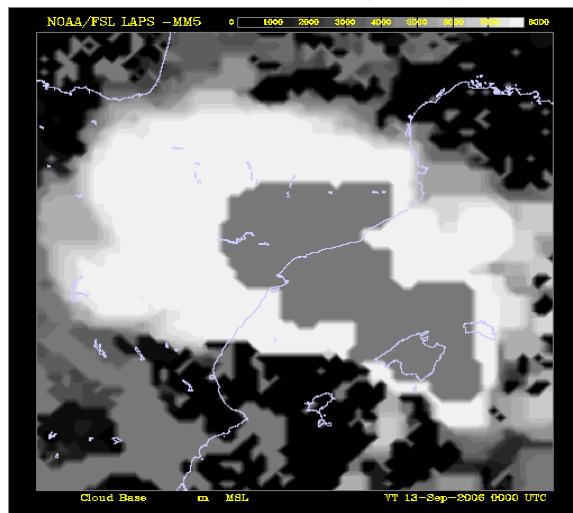


Radar Ref. (700 hPa)

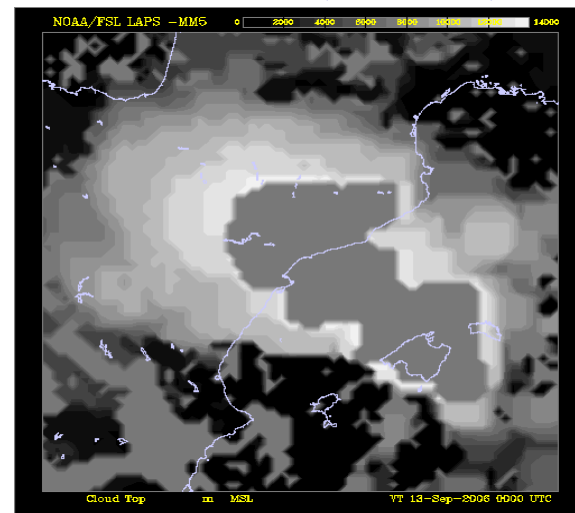
LAPS 0-36-7



CLOUD COVER



CLOUD BASE

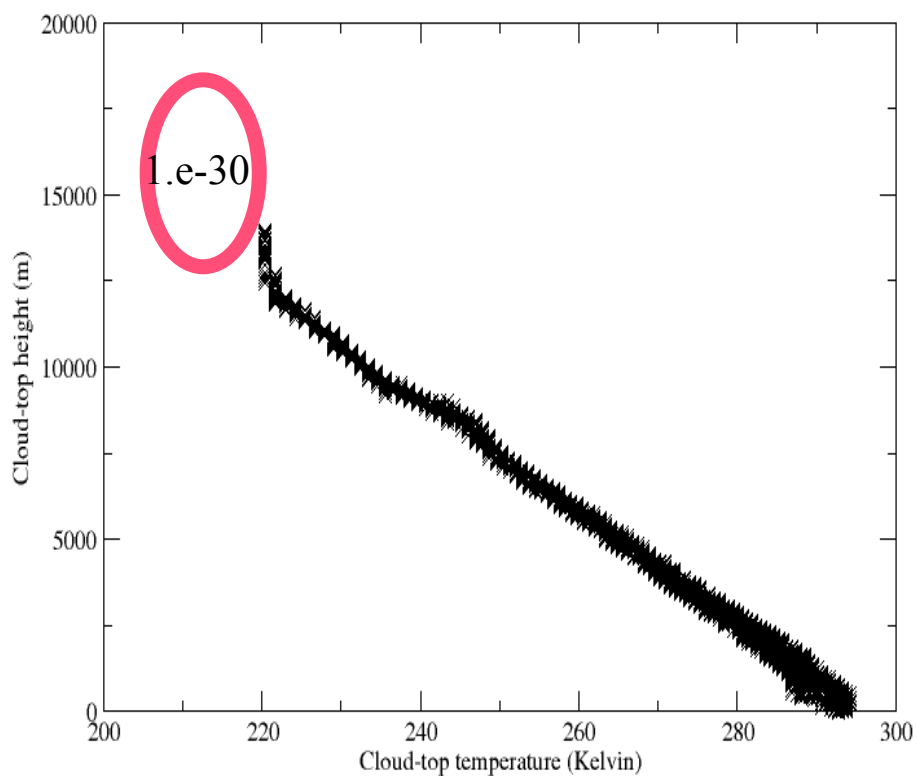


CLOUD TOP

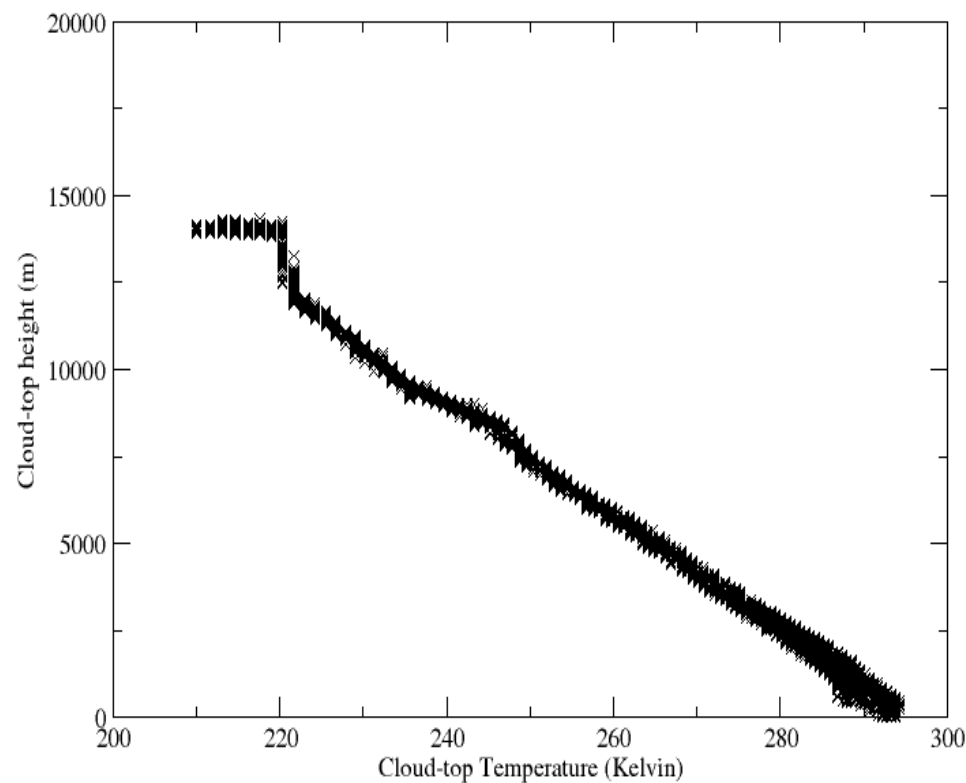
LAPS MODIFICATIONS: CLOUD

CLOUD ANALYSIS EXAMPLE: Cloud top

Original LAPS 0-36-7

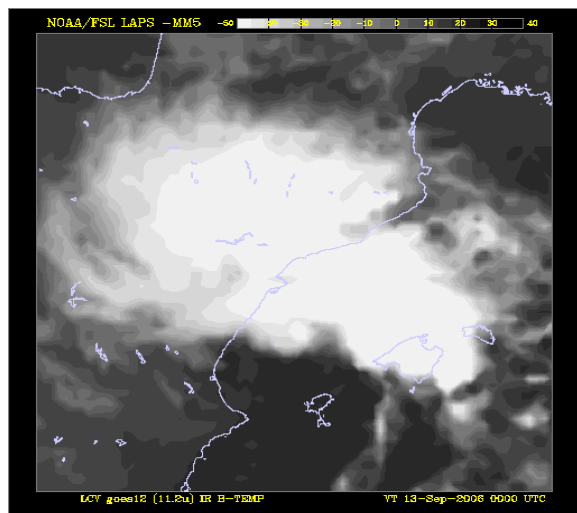


Modified LAPS

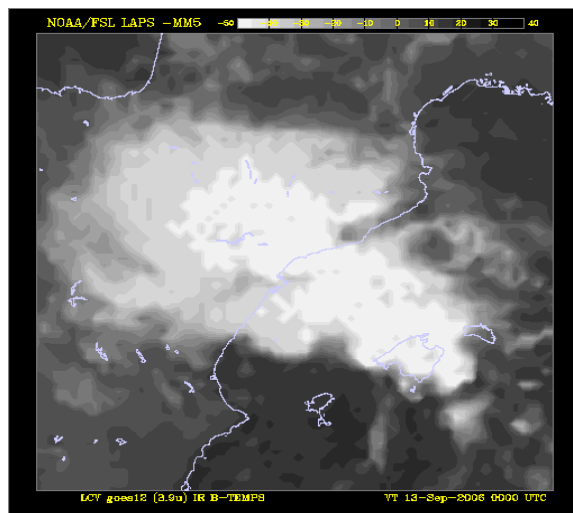


CLOUD ANALYSIS: 09/13/2006 (00UT)

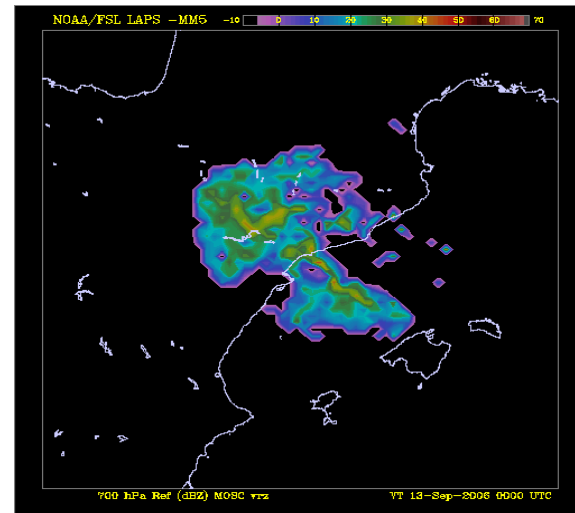
OBS.



Meteosat IR (10.8u)

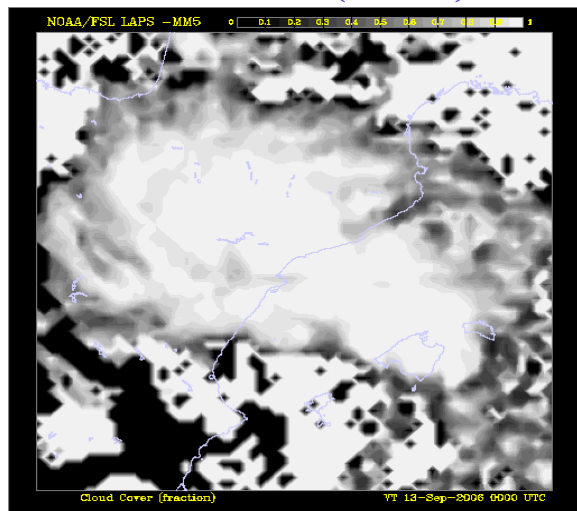


Meteosat IR (3.9u)

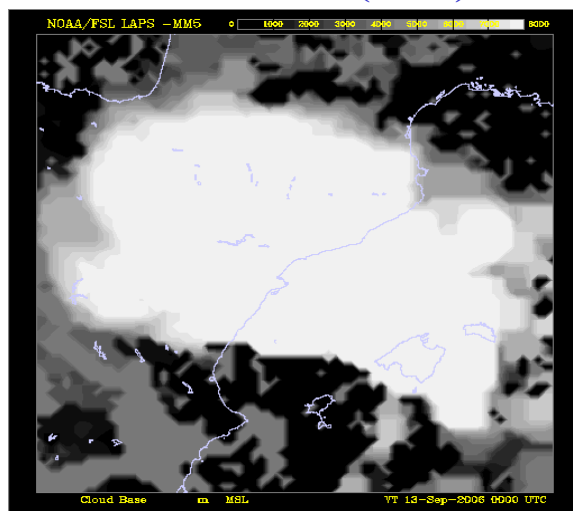


Radar Ref. (700 hPa)

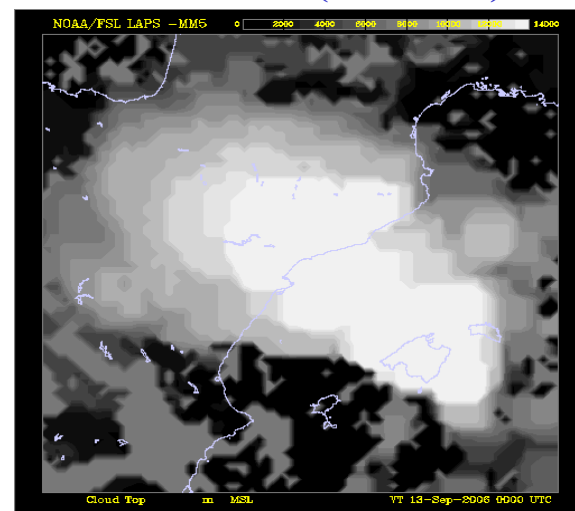
MOD. C.T.



CLOUD COVER



CLOUD BASE



CLOUD TOP

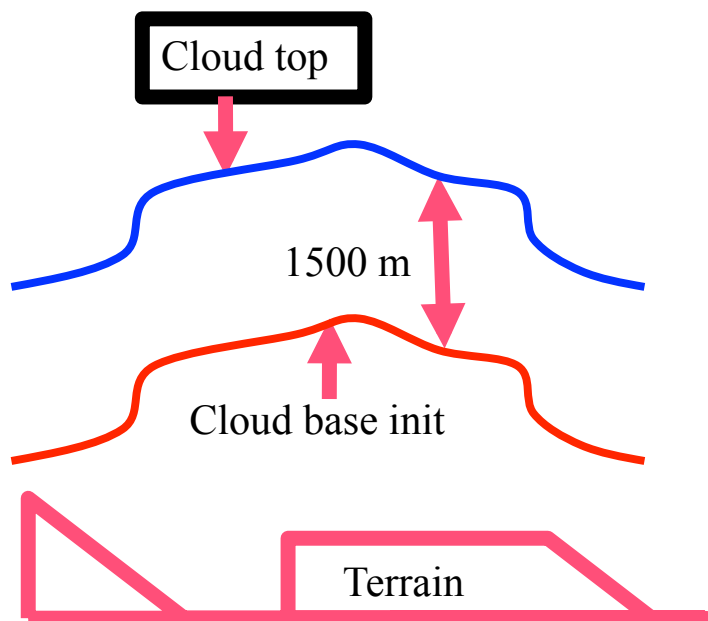
LAPS MODIFICATIONS: CLOUD

CLOUD ANALYSIS:

Modification routines to process satellite and radar: [Cloud base](#)

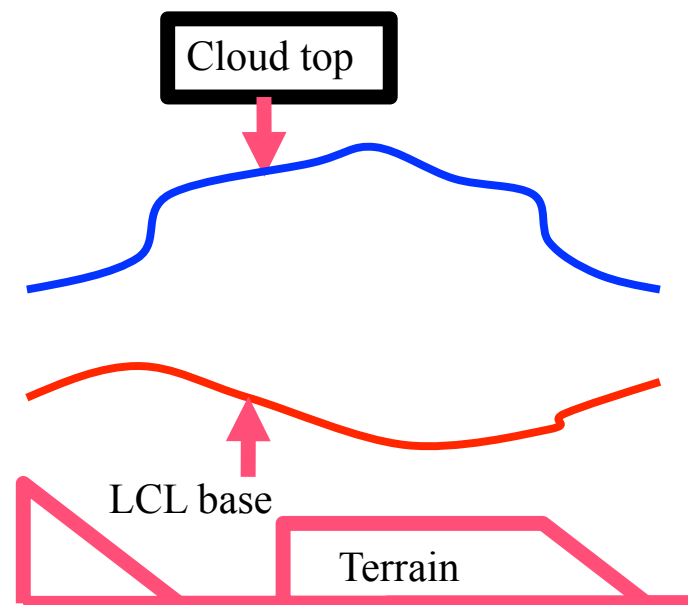
Original LAPS 0-36-7

Cloud base_init = cloud_top - 1500m



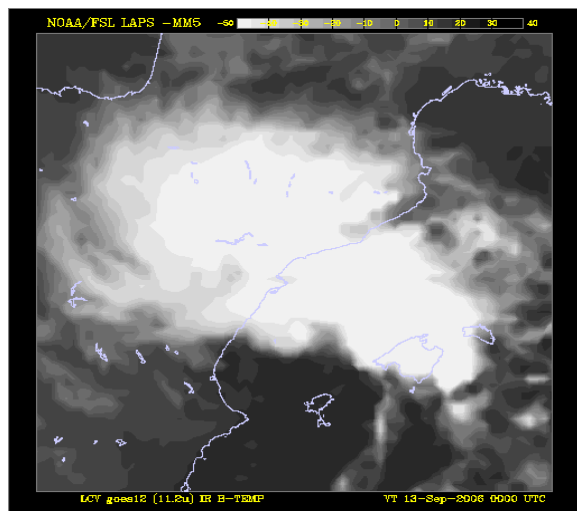
Modified LAPS

Cloud base_init = f(cloud top, LCL)

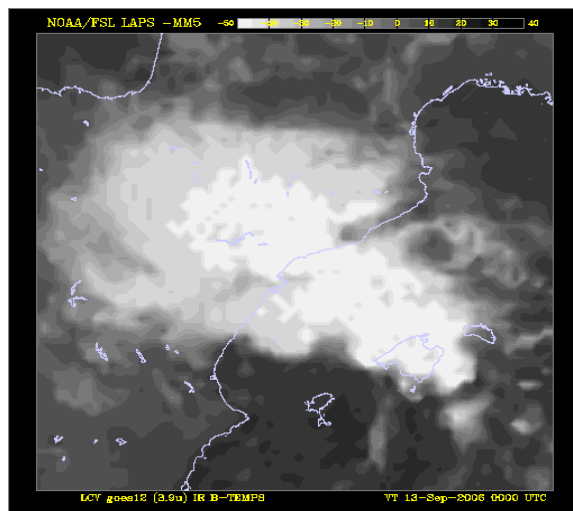


CLOUD ANALYSIS: 09/13/2006 (00UT)

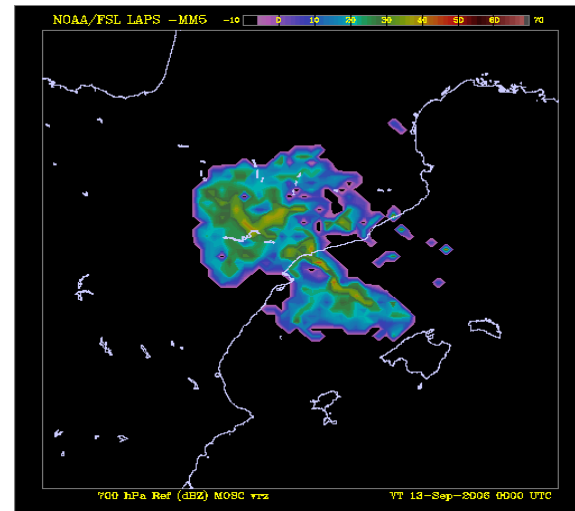
OBS.



Meteosat IR (10.8u)

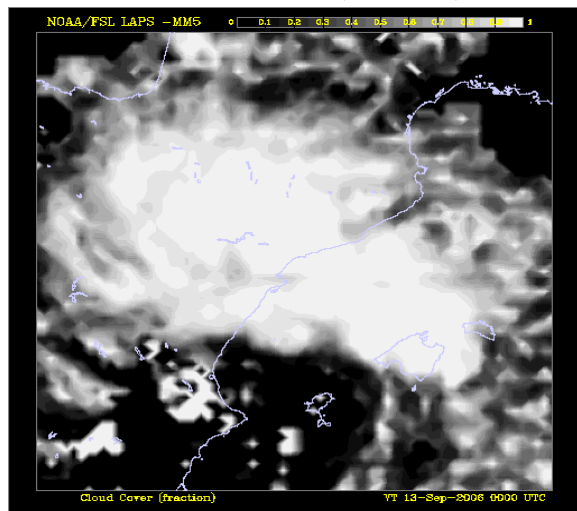


Meteosat IR (3.9u)

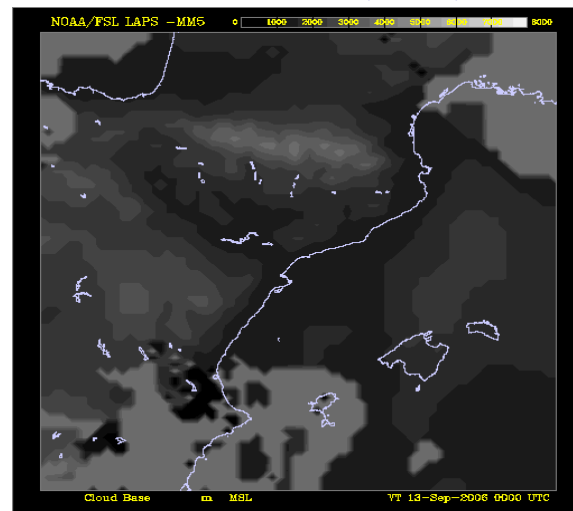


Radar Ref. (700 hPa)

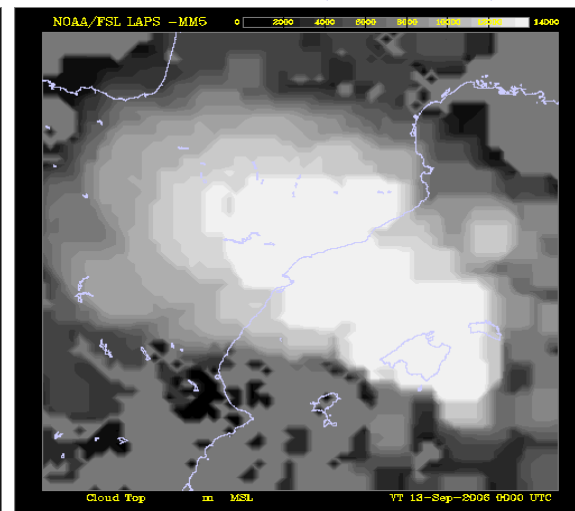
MOD. C.T. & C.B.



CLOUD COVER



CLOUD BASE



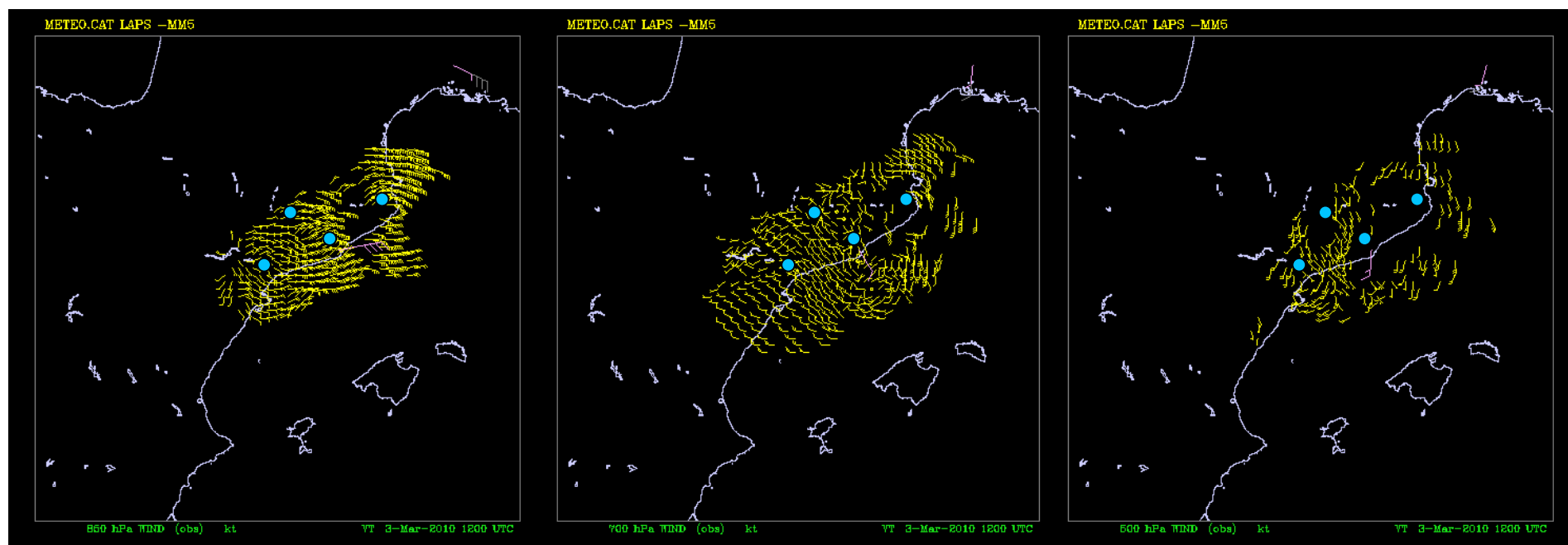
CLOUD TOP

LAPS MODIFICATIONS: WIND

WIND ANALYSIS:

Minor modification in `multiwind_noZ.f` for radar wind computation (only when multi-radar n=4)

RADAR WIND OBSERVATIONS



850 hPa

700 hPa

500 hPa

● RADAR POSITION

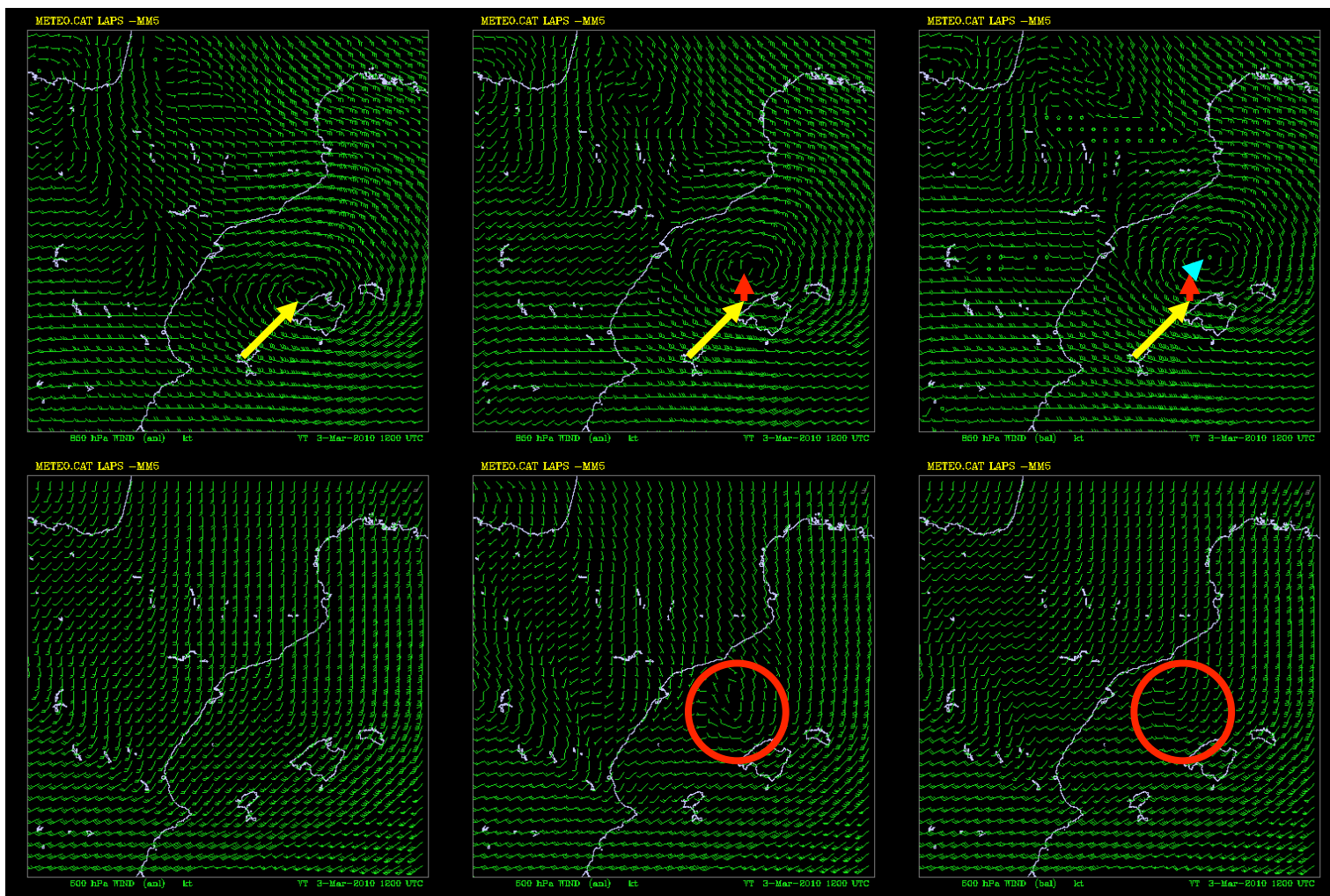
WIND ANALYSIS: 03/03/2010 (12UT)

CONV. OBS.

+ RAD. WIND

+ BALANCE

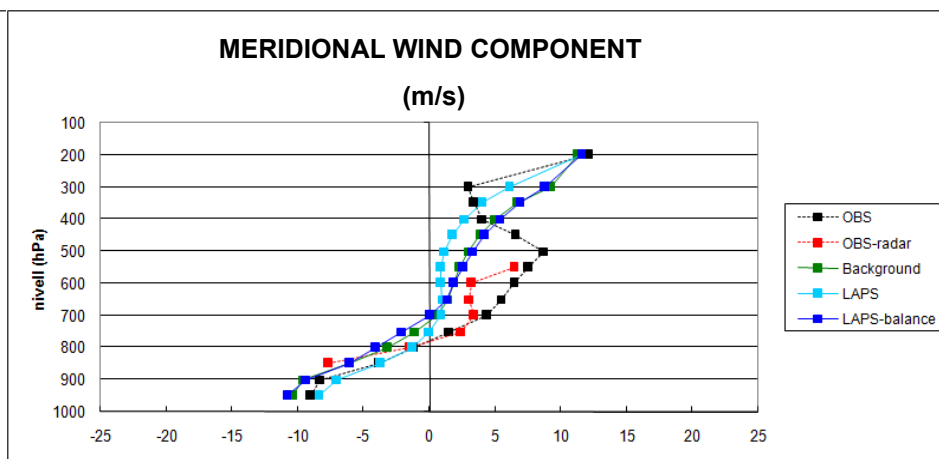
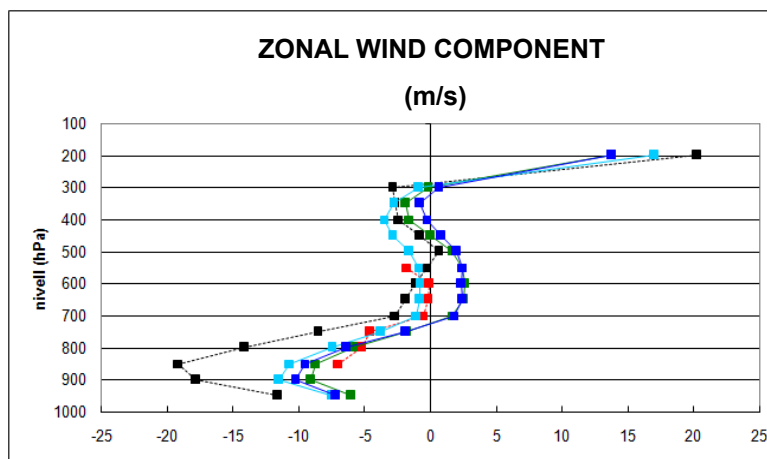
850 hPa



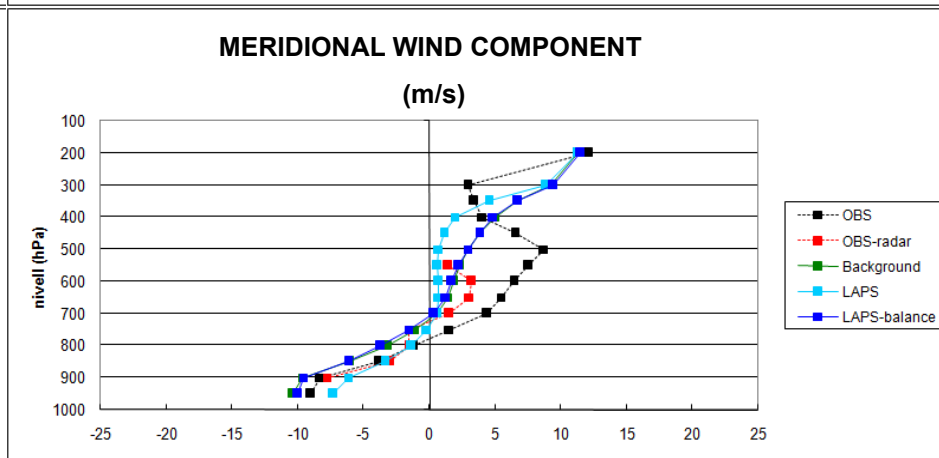
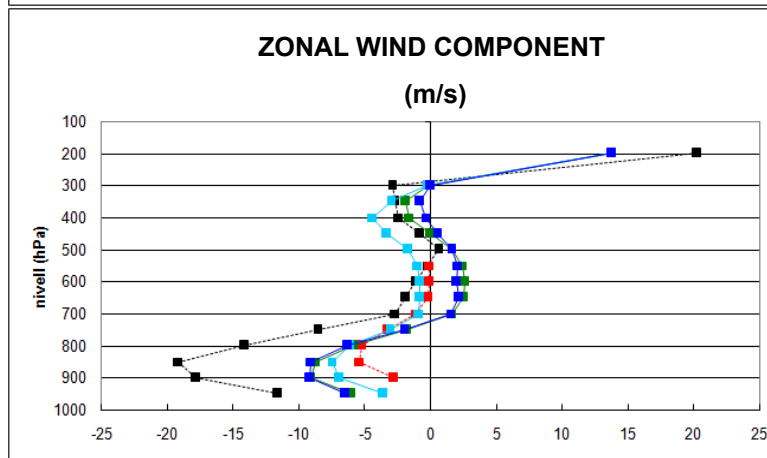
500 hPa

VERIFICATION: BCN SOUNDING

WITH BCN SOUND



WITHOUT



OPERATIONAL LAPS

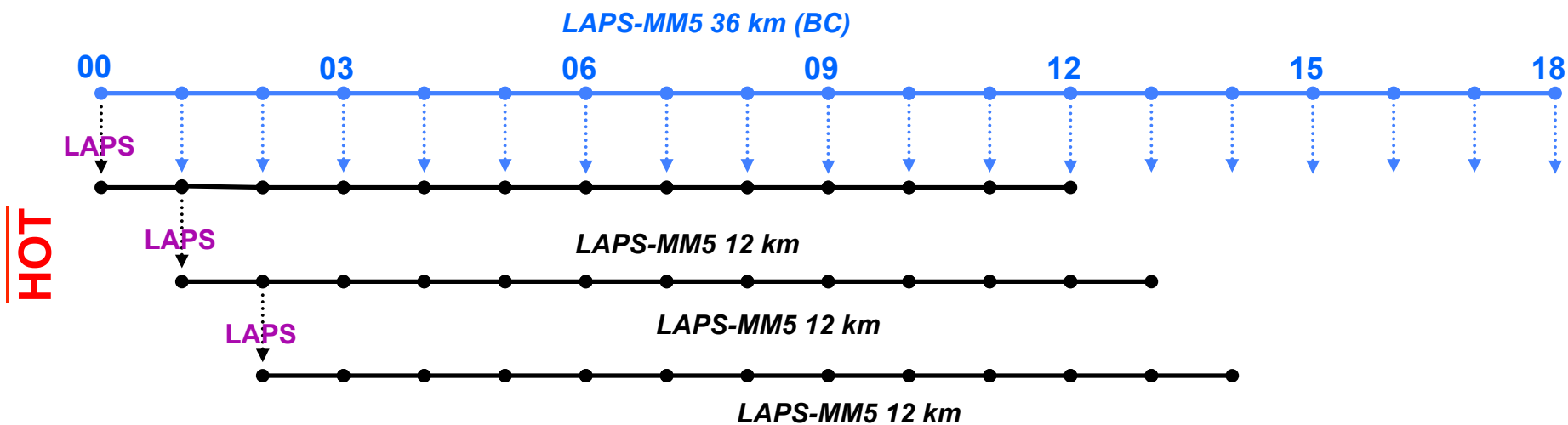
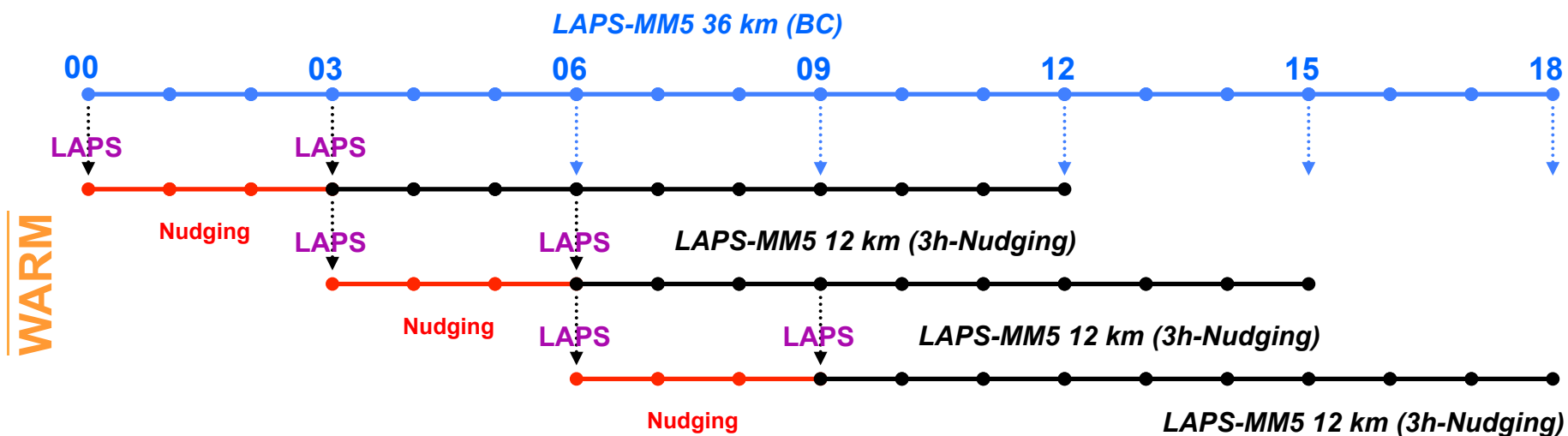
Observational data operationally assimilated:

	<u>LAPS 12 km</u>	<u>LAPS 36 km</u>	<u>LAPS intermediate files</u>
	# obs	# obs	
- MSG	(1)	(1)	lvd
- RADAR	(4)	(4)	vrz, v01, v02, v03, v04
- METAR	(~35)	(~400)	lso
- RAOB	(~5)	(~50)	snd
- AWS	(~200)		lso
<hr/>			
- NWP	MM5-12km	MM5-36km	lga, lgb

Coupling LAPS with MM5 procedures:

- **WARM**: update every 3 hours (nudging)
- **HOT**: update every 1 hour

OPERATIONAL LAPS

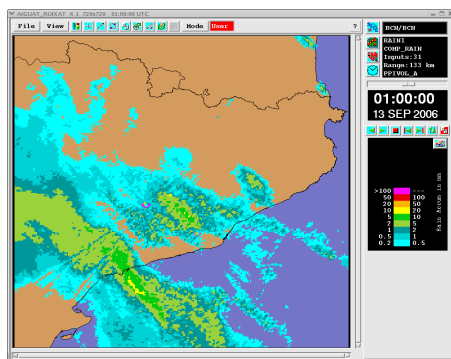


OPERATIONAL LAPS

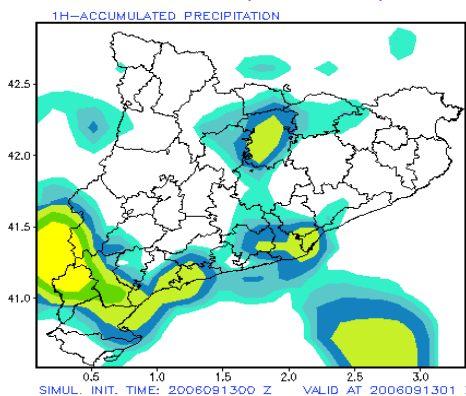
Impact of LAPS to improve short-term QPF : Case study 13 September 2006

OBS. RADAR

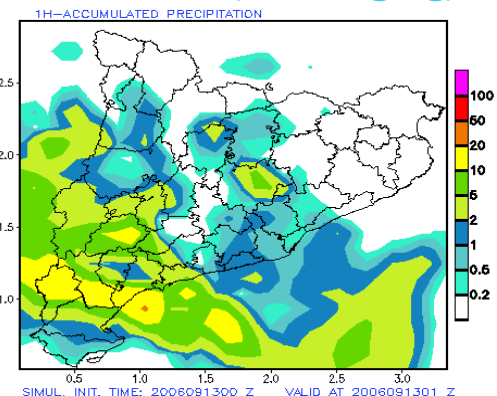
00-01 Z



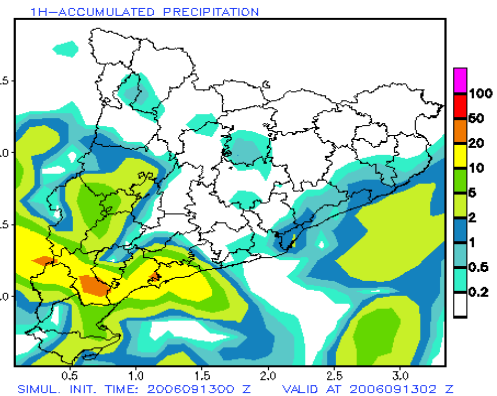
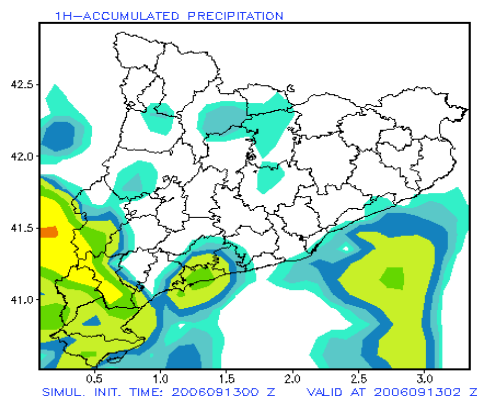
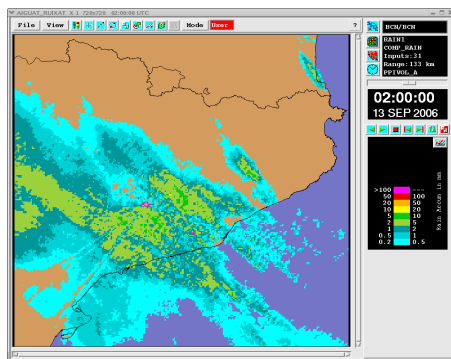
MM5 (control)



MM5-LAPS (3h-nudging)

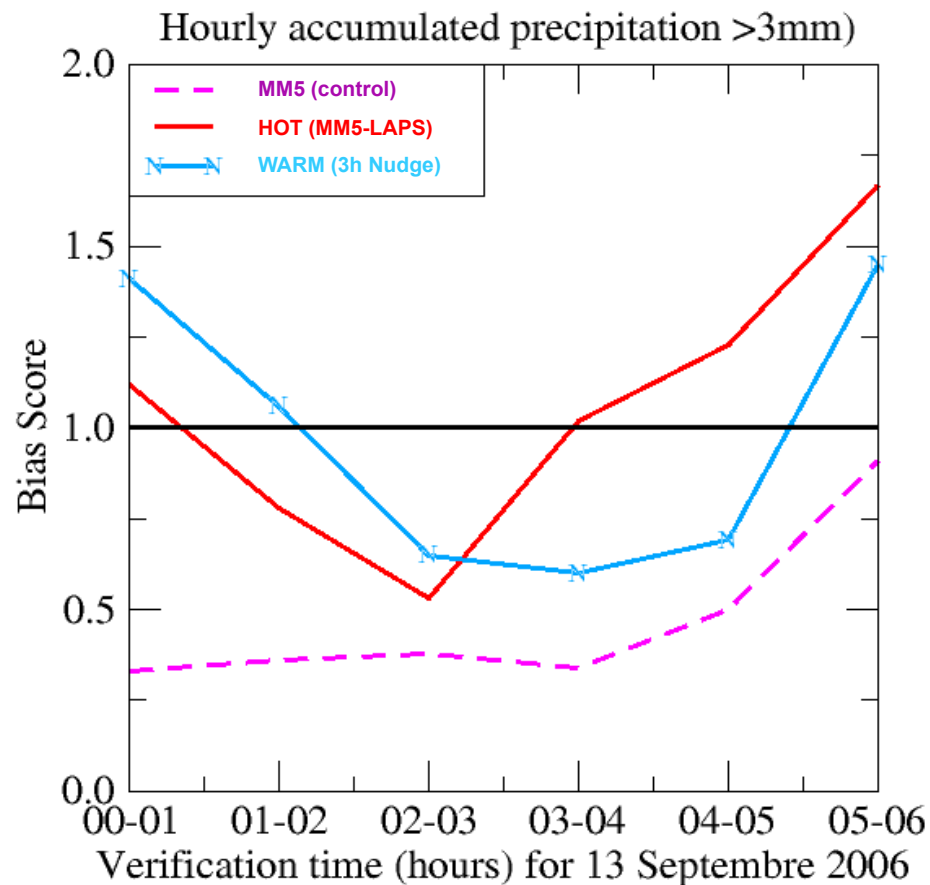
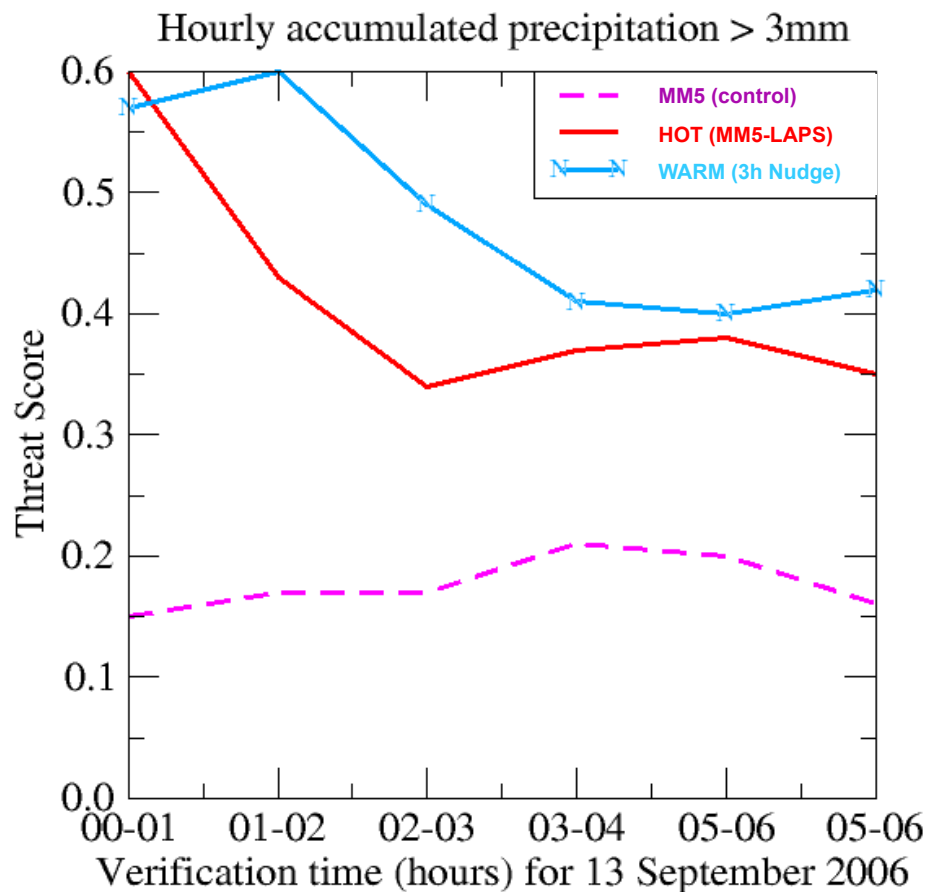


01-02 Z



OPERATIONAL LAPS

Impact of LAPS to improve short-term QPF : Case study 13 September 2006



CONCLUSIONS & FUTURE WORK

Summary & Future work:

- Modifications in cloud top and cloud base calculation improve the quality of cloud cover and **HUMIDITY** analysis.
- A necessary effort is needed to improve the **CLOUD** analysis (cloud base).
- **LAPS** system coupled with **MM5** produce better results in QPF during the first 6 hours.
- Radial velocity wind from radar data sometimes can deteriorate the **WIND** analysis. Some improvements are needed.
- **LAPS** upgrades are difficult due to the modifications required to ingest **MSG** satellite data.

CONCLUSIONS & FUTURE WORK

Simulations in testing phase:

- Increase resolution in **LAPS** domain (4 km).
- Coupling **LAPS** with **WRF**.
- Test **ECMWF** as a background in the **LAPS** system.
- Quality control in **radar wind**: long-term verification.
- Study **LAPS** surface analysis when using **AWS** local network .
- On-line verification of **QPF** using **LAPS-MM5** system (fuzzy verification).



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THE END

THANK YOU !