# ELECTRONIC PROVING GROUND



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# ORION - MANCAT ELECTRONIC PROVING GROUND

#### **MANCAT Overview**

MANCAT is a tool for collecting and analyzing Radio Frequency (RF) Spectrum data. It collects this data from a variety of Spectrum Analyzers and provides an interactive, graphical environment for viewing and analyzing this data and generating report outputs.

### Operation

MANCAT interfaces with an assortment of spectrum analyzers and uses a XML based scripting language called XScript to automatically collect RF Spectrum Data. XML formats are used to record, store, import and export data. The data is then processed to generate interactive charts and other visualizations that provide the user with the ability to view the RF Spectrum at-a-glance or "drill-down" thru the data to view and analyze any portion of the spectrum they are interested in.

## MANCAT vs "Traditional" Spectrum Plots

Traditional spectrum plots relied on simple Max/Min hold line graphs to display a summary of the recorded data. This type of chart "hides" most of the data collected by the analyzer and gives the user no indication of the occupation of RF Spectrum.



MANCAT's Spectrum Occupancy Chart, however, integrates <u>all</u> of the data recorded by the spectrum analyzer into a color-coded histogram that shows the distribution of RF energy as a percentage of the overall sample time.



This chart provides a great deal of additional information about how each frequencies energy is distributed, where warmer colors indicate a higher percentage of time spent at that power level.

#### Waterfall Charts

While the Spectrum Occupancy Chart is independent of time, the Waterfall Chart is used to show the activity across the spectrum over time.



In the Waterfall Chart, amplitude is shown with color. In the Waterfall Chart, Frequency vs. Time is plotted with power represented with color and where warmer colors indicate stronger signals. This visualization allows the user to see at-a-glance changes in the RF Spectrum over time. This also provides the user with an excellent tool for examining the interaction between signals and identifying related signals based upon a shared duty cycle, such as harmonics and intermodulation products.

## **Zooming and Panning**

One of the useful features of MANCAT is the ability to interactively zoom into the data and pan about the data by simply clicking and dragging the view with the mouse.



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#### "Drilling-Down" into the Data

MANCAT offers the user the ability to "drill-down" into the data. By selecting a single point in the Waterfall Chart, the user is presented with a set of "cross hairs" that represent a specific Frequency and Time. The user can then analyze the data at the selected frequency and/or the data the selected time with a single push of a button.



The "Spectrum Sweep" chart represents the horizontal line of the "crosshairs" showing the user the state of RF energy at that particular time across the frequency range shown in the Waterfall Chart.



The "Duty Cycle" chart represents the vertical line of the "cross-hairs" allowing the user to examine that particular frequency in the Time Domain.



#### **Frequency of Interest (FOI)**

A powerful capability of MANCAT is the ability to identify certain parts of the spectrum that are of interest to the user. The FOIs (Frequency of Interest) are simply one or more frequency ranges that can have a unique power level associated with each frequency range. These could include but are not limited to:

- FCC Band Assignments
- Military & Commercial Frequency Assignments drawn from SFAF files exported from tools like Spectrum XXI.
- Key Test Item frequencies you would like to monitor
- Spread Spectrum Hopsets
- Protected Frequency Bands (FAA or Range Safety for example), etc

#### **Signal Finder**

FOI Lists can also be created interactively by highlighting an interesting region of spectrum and adding it as a new FOI or automatically using the "Signal Finder" tool which automatically detects signals in the Spectrum Summary and generates FOIs for each detected signal.

FOIs can have optional names, geographic positions and descriptions associated with them. FOI's can be plotted as colored layers over the top of the Spectrum Occupancy Chart so as to correlate them with the measured data in order to identify unregistered interference, validate power levels, find unoccupied frequencies, etc.



#### **FOI Queries**

If the user has a FOI list loaded into the MANCAT project, by selecting a single or a range of frequencies, the user can then query the FOI list to "lookup" any additional information about the frequency range contained in the FOI list by simply clicking a single button.

Lookup	SOT's: 929.5640	(Hz - 929.86	3MHz at -25.	4dBm					φx
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71	RSL	Distance	Center	Span	Power	Title	Description	Position	Frequency Range
8	Source : Huachu	a SFAF - 11	5 item(s)						
,	-20.2dBm								929.603MHz - 929.623MHz
	-20.2dBm	4.2km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	SIERRA VISTA, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C7352  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 31 33	929.653MHz - 929.673MHz
	-20.2dBm	4.2km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	SIERRA VISTA, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C7386 [Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC [Location	Lat: N 31 33	929.703MHz - 929.723MHz
	-20.2dBm	4.2km	929.8 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	SIERRA VISTA, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C770B  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 31 33	929.753MHz - 929.773MHz
	-43.1dBm	58.1km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	VAIL, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C7BEE  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 31 59	929.653MHz - 929.673MHz
	-43.1dBm	58.1km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	VAIL,AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C78F4  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 31 59	929.703MHz - 929.723MHz
	-43.1dBm	58.1km	929.8 MHz	2010112	84.0 dBm	VAIL, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 486CB9  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 31 59	929.753MHz - 929.773MHz
	-43.8dBm	63.2km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	NOGALES, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C7887  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 31 20	929.653MHz - 929.673MHz
	-43.8dBm	63.2km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	NOGALES, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C78BC [Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC [Location	Lat: N 31 20	929.703MHz - 929.723MHz
	-43.8dBm	63.2km	929.8 MHz	20KHz	84.0 d8m	NOGALES, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C78B2 [Agency]Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC [Location	Lat: N 31 20	929.753MHz - 929.773MHz
	-46.6dBm	86.9km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	TUCSON, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C7BF3 [Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC [Location	Lat: N 32 10	929.653MHz - 929.673MHz
	-46.6dBm	86.9km	929.7 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	TUCSON, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C78F9  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 32 10	929.703MHz - 929.723MHz
	-46.6dBm	86.9km	929.8 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	TUCSON, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 486CBC  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 32 10	929.753MHz - 929.773MHz
	-47.2dBm	93.1km	929.7 MHz	16KHz	84.0 dBm	TUCSON, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C3B6A  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 32 13	929.73MHz - 929.746MHz
	-47.2dBm	93.2km	929.6 MHz	20KHz	84.0 dBm	TUCSON, AZ	Ser No(102): FCC 2C2F29  Agency/Cmd/Svc(200,201,202): FCC  Location	Lat: N 32 13	929.603MHz - 929.623MHz V
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When one of the user's loaded FOI lists is a list of frequency assignments in the local area, they can use this tool to quickly and easily identify the potential source of an RF "signal". The resulting table of potential sources can then be sorted by power, distance, or even by anticipated Received Signal Level using a simple free-space RF Propagation Algorithm.

A user can also export this list of potential transceivers to a Key Hole Markup Language File (\*.KML) in order to visualize their placement on a map in the 3D Google Earth browser:



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#### GPS Data and 3D "Spectrum Tracks"

MANCAT will automatically detect and connect to any NMEA complaint GPS device attached to the computer and synchronize the system clock with GPS time to ensure all data collected is accurately time-tagged.



The GPS window displays current position, satellite constellations, number of satellites "locked" and their link quality, as well as current heading and speed as well as allowing the user to record their position "track".

When collecting data on the move the user can record their GPS position in the form of a "track" for integration with the spectrum data. Then by selecting frequencies in the waterfall chart, they can export 3D Spectrum Tracks into KML files for visualization in Google Earth.



Example of a 3D "Spectrum Track"

#### **Spectrum Collection Using Xscript**

MANCAT uses its own extensible XML-based language called "XScript" to control Spectrum Analyzers and gather RF Spectrum Data. This allows MANCAT to drive multiple collection devices, each being controlled by its own script. XScript is easily extended to add new instruments, each one with its own custom language extensions as needed.

A unique capability that XScript offers is the "Multi-Span" mode where multiple "traces" of data from the instrument can be combined to cover large portions of the RF spectrum in a single view. This capability allows low-cost analyzers with small trace sizes (300-400 points for example) to combine their traces to create 12,000 point "sweeps" of broad bands of the RF Spectrum.

#### **Master Scripts**

Master Scripts allow the MANCAT application to be automatically driven from XScript allowing for automated startup, connections to instruments, data collection, converting datasets and even generating reports on regularly scripted intervals.

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XScript Builder

Collecting Data with XScript

#### HTML Reporting

MANCAT can also automatically generate HTML reports from user configurable templates for RF Datasets. These reports include metadata and descriptions about the RF Datasets as well as "thumbnails" and high resolution Spectrum Occupancy and Waterfall charts. Using Master Script these reports can be automatically created as the data is collected and "pushed" to a web server to provide the spectrum data to a wide audience.

#### Summation

MANCAT is an excellent tool for characterizing the RF environment across the spectrum. It can be used to monitor specific single frequencies of interest to the entire frequency range of the spectrum collection equipment used and then present the data using powerful visualization tools. MANCAT can correlate various Frequency of Interest (FOI) lists with empirically collected data, associate RF data with time-space-position information and generate various output products ranging from spreadsheets to 3D visualization of the data.

## **Contact Information**

Commander U.S. Army Electronic Proving Ground ATTN:TEDT-EP-CO 2000 Arizona Street Fort Huachuca, AZ 85613-7063 url: http://www.epg.army.mil Comm: 520-538-8888 DSN: 879-8888

