

Boating Infrastructure Grant Program Tier 1

FY 2012

Notice of Availability of Grants and Request for Applications

Program Overview Information

Federal Agency Name:

U.S. Department of the Interior
Fish and Wildlife Service
Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program

Funding Opportunity Title:

Boating Infrastructure Grant Program - Tier 1, Basic

Announcement Type:

Announcement of availability of grants for fiscal year (FY) 2012 and request for applications

Funding Opportunity Number: FWS-BIG-12-T1

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number: 15.622

Dates: State applicants must submit applications by mail or through www.grants.gov (Grants.gov) by the deadline. The deadline for receipt by mail is Sept. 21, 2011, 4:00 p.m. local time. The deadline for receipt by Grants.gov is Sept. 21, 2011, 11:59 p.m. EDT. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) recommends that if you submit using Grants.gov, do so early enough to allow for any unforeseen technical complications. The Service will not consider applications received after the deadline.

If you would like to be a subgrantee, check with your State agency for their deadlines and requirements to apply.

We expect to announce the awards by March 2013.

Additional information:

The Sportfishing and Boating Safety Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-178) established the Boating Infrastructure Grants Program (BIG) (16 U.S.C. 777g-1) to provide funding to the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and the Northern Mariana Islands, and the territories of Guam, American Samoa, and the U.S. Virgin Islands (States) for the

development and maintenance of boating infrastructure facilities for transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels. Nontrailerable recreational vessels are defined as recreational vessels at least 26 feet long operated primarily for pleasure; or leased, rented, or chartered to another for the latter's pleasure. Transient means passing through or by a place, staying up to ten days. The Act amended the Dingell-Johnson Sport Fish Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 777). Subsequent reauthorizations of the Act allow expenditures from the Sport Fish Restoration and Boating Trust Fund and the continuation of BIG.

References to "you" in this announcement refer to the State agency completing the application and any potential subgrantee, if applicable. References to "we" or "us" in this announcement refer to the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

We awarded more than \$2.6 million in BIG Tier 1, Basic grants in FY 2011 to 27 States for boating infrastructure projects across the United States. We anticipate awarding approximately \$3 million in BIG Tier 1, Basic funding in FY 2012.

The Request for Applications for FY 2012 BIG Tier 2, Competitive is in a separate announcement on Grants.gov. You can locate it by doing an advanced search for funding opportunity FWS-BIG-12.

The final rule establishing the requirements for participation in BIG (50 CFR 86) was published in the Federal Register on January 18, 2001 (66 FR 5282).

Additional information about the Boating Infrastructure Grant program is on the internet at <http://wsfrprograms.fws.gov/Subpages/GrantPrograms/BIG/BIG.htm>.

I. Funding Opportunity Description

Recreational boating is a popular activity; there are approximately 13 million registered boats in the U.S. Of this total, an estimated 600,000 are at least 26 feet long and are considered nontrailerable. BIG provides Federal funds to States to construct, renovate, and maintain boating infrastructure facilities for transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels 26 feet in length or longer. Projects completed using BIG funds must provide public access, but may be publicly or privately owned.

Some examples of potentially eligible activities include (See Section IV (E), Funding Restrictions for additional information):

- (a) Mooring buoys (permanently anchored floats designed to tie up eligible recreational vessels);
- (b) Day-docks (tie-up facilities that do not allow overnight use);
- (c) Navigational aids (e.g., channel markers, buoys, and directional information);
- (d) Transient slips (slips that boaters with eligible recreational vessels occupy for no more than 10 consecutive days);

- (e) Safe harbors (facilities protected from waves, wind, tides, ice, currents, etc., that provide a temporary safe anchorage point or harbor of refuge during storms);
- (f) Floating docks and fixed piers;
- (g) Floating and fixed breakwaters;
- (h) Dinghy docks (floating or fixed platforms that boaters with nontrailerable recreational vessels use for a temporary tie-up of their small boats to reach the shore);
- (i) Restrooms and showers;
- (j) Retaining walls;
- (k) Bulkheads;
- (l) Dockside utilities;
- (m) Pumpout stations;
- (n) Recycling and trash receptacles;
- (o) Dockside electric service;
- (p) Dockside water supplies;
- (q) Dockside pay telephones;
- (r) Debris deflection booms;
- (s) Marine fueling stations; and
- (t) One time dredging, not to exceed 10% of total BIG project costs, including match (see Section IV (E), Funding Restrictions).

Additional information on BIG, including application requirements, eligible activities, and grants, is in the BIG regulation (50 CFR 86), throughout this document, and in the Question and Answer attachment at the end of this document.

II. Award Information:

The Service expects that approximately \$3 million will be available for BIG Tier 1, Basic grants in FY 2012. The maximum Federal share for Tier 1, Basic grants will be \$100,000 per State.

III. Eligibility Information

A. Eligible Applicants

Eligible applicants are the Governor-designated State agencies in the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and the Northern Mariana Islands, and the territories of Guam, American Samoa, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. If you are uncertain of your eligibility, please contact the Service (see Section VII, Agency Contacts), as we maintain a list of eligible agencies.

Many States allow BIG subgrants to private marinas, local municipalities, or other non-State entities. Interested parties must contact the appropriate State agency representative for detailed information on possible eligibility and application instructions.

B. Cost-Sharing or Matching

The maximum Federal cost share for BIG Tier 1, Basic grants is 75 percent of the total allowable cost up to \$100,000. American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands are exempt from match requirements up to \$200,000 per application.

The overall Federal cost share is a factor used in ranking applications. Therefore, applicants are encouraged to provide more than the minimum cost share required (see 50 CFR 86.60(b)(4)).

States may include cost share from a third party. A third party is any individual or organization other than the State applicant. We consider subgrantees to be third parties. The State should document matching contributions from any third party, including potential subgrantees, with a signed letter of commitment from an authorized representative of the third party. States should include the letter in the application package by the deadline and provide detailed information on the value of the match contribution. Costs must be necessary and reasonable to accomplishing the proposed project objective(s).

The State applicant is responsible for ensuring the full amount of the non-Federal match as listed on the Standard Form 424.

C. Other

Although only State agencies can apply for and receive grants from this program, we encourage partnering with Tribes, Federal agencies, other State agencies, local governments, non-governmental organizations, private marinas, and others as subgrantees and cooperators.

IV. Application and Submission Instructions

A. Address to Request and/or Submit Application Package

You can receive application forms and other material necessary to apply for BIG Tier 1, Basic by contacting one of the Service Regional Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration (WSFR) Offices. Application forms are also available through the Grants.gov website and the WSFR toolkit (<http://wsfrprograms.fws.gov/Subpages/ToolkitFiles/toolkit.pdf>).

States should send applications by mail (either a paper copy or electronic file as pdf) to the appropriate Service Regional WSFR Office listed below or online at Grants.gov.

Below is a list of Service Regional WSFR Office contact information:

States, Commonwealths, the District of Columbia, and territories by U.S Fish and Wildlife Service Region	Regional Contact Information
<p>Region 1 American Samoa, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington</p>	<p>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service WSFR – Federal Assistance Eastside Federal Complex 911 NE 11th Avenue Portland, OR 97232-4181 503-231-6128 Fred_Caslick@fws.gov</p>
<p>Region 2 Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas</p>	<p>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program P.O. Box 1306; 500 Gold Avenue, SW Albuquerque, NM 87103 505-248-7468 Buddy_Fazio@fws.gov</p>
<p>Region 3 Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin</p>	<p>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program 5600 American Blvd. West, Suite 990 Bloomington, MN 55437-1458 612-713-5156 Julie_Morin@fws.gov</p>
<p>Region 4 Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, South Carolina, Tennessee, and the U.S. Virgin Islands</p>	<p>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Division of Federal Assistance 1875 Century Boulevard, Suite 324 Atlanta, GA 30345 404-679-7113 Scott_White@fws.gov</p>
<p>Region 5 Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia</p>	<p>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program 300 Westgate Center Drive Hadley, MA 01035 413-253-8406 Alberto_Ortiz@fws.gov</p>
<p>Region 6 Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming</p>	<p>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program 134 Union Blvd., P.O. Box 25486 Denver, Colorado 80225 303-236-8165 Eddie_Bennett@fws.gov</p>
<p>Region 7 Alaska</p>	<p>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program 1011 East Tudor Road</p>

	Anchorage, AK 99503 907-786-3322 Steve_Klein@fws.gov
Region 8 California and Nevada	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program 2800 Cottage Way, W-1729 Sacramento, CA 95825 916-978-6152 Bart_Prose@fws.gov

Content and Form of Application

Applications submitted for BIG Tier 1, Basic funding **must** include:

1. Required Federal Forms (no page limit):

- a. Application for Federal Assistance, i.e., **Standard Form 424**.
- b. Budget Information, i.e., estimated costs to attain the project objectives. You may use **Standard Form 424C** or present the information in a similar table with cost categories. You should provide sufficient detail for reviewers to understand proposed costs.
 - i. **Contingency reserves are ineligible and must not be included in estimated costs (see 2 CFR 225, Appendix B (9)).**
 - ii. Costs for all activities or components of each project must be included and **prorated**, as appropriate.
 1. Costs for facilities that will benefit boats other than transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels at least 26 feet long or their operators (e.g., facilities and work proposed that benefit non-transient vessels, facilities and work proposed that benefit the non-boating public, facilities and work proposed that benefit boats less than 26 feet long, or any other facility or work that would be considered an ineligible cost) must be prorated.
 - Common examples of costs that often must be prorated include fuel docks, restrooms and showers, retaining walls, bulkheads and breakwaters, pumpout stations, dredging, debris deflection booms, recycling and trash receptacles, pay telephones, etc. This list is not exhaustive; therefore, contact your Regional Office if you are unsure of the need to prorate a cost.
 2. You must prorate costs based on the estimated percentage of eligible use, i.e., the percentage of boat slips or tie ups that are dedicated for use by transient, nontrailerable recreation vessels in your marina or the immediate project location. Do not use the percentage of transient, nontrailerable boats in the general area for prorating.
 - An example of prorating: Your facility has tie ups for 100 vessels, and 20 tie ups are dedicated for transient, nontrailerable

recreational vessels. Your prorating percentage would be 20 percent. If you propose to construct a wave attenuator that will benefit the entire facility, you may only charge 20 percent of the construction costs of the wave attenuator to the project.

3. You must include relevant documentation to validate your prorating percentage. We will reject your application if you do not prorate costs based on estimated percentage of eligible use and include supporting documentation in the application package.
- c. Statement of Assurances of compliance with applicable Federal laws, regulations, and policies, i.e., **Standard Form 424D** (unless your State agency has an approved Statement of Assurances on file with the Regional Office).

2. Project Statement (10 page limit):

A concise project statement that identifies and describes:

- a. The need for the proposed project;
- b. Discrete, quantifiable, and verifiable objectives to be accomplished during a specific time period;
- c. Expected results or benefits from accomplishing the objectives;
- d. The approach to be used in meeting the objectives, including specific procedures, schedules, key personnel, and cooperators;
- e. Description of the activity, so the Service can make a preliminary assessment of compliance needs for the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), Section 7 of Endangered Species Act (ESA), and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA);
- f. A project location, including the GPS coordinates (degrees, minutes, seconds format preferred);

Applications submitted for BIG Tier 1, Basic funding **may also** include:

1. Drawings/ Maps/Photographs (no page limit):

- a. Clearly marked drawing(s) (engineering drawing are not required) or photographs of the overall proposed project that include:
 - i. All existing structures, facilities, and amenities;
 - ii. All proposed project components;
 - iii. Clearly marked designations for areas that are for (1) transient nontrailerable vessels, (2) areas that are for others, and (3) areas that are for shared use;
 - iv. Water depths (before and after, if applicable);
 - v. Measurements for all docks, bulkheads, breakwaters, and other features where boats will be accommodated;
 - vi. Project dimensions and methodology for determining the number of docks and/or slips proposed (NOTE: You may not use "rafting" vessels on a bulkhead or other feature to increase the number of proposed slips in a project.); and

- vii. Any other information that will assist reviewers to identify project components, prorating criteria, or other factors involved with ranking.
 - b. You should include at least one map to show the overall project area and the specific location of the project.
 - c. If one-time dredging is proposed, you must include an aerial photograph or schematic drawing to indicate the specific area you intend to dredge.

2. **Letters of Commitment (no page limit):**

You should include a signed letter(s) of commitment from each third party contributing match, including subgrantees, even if they participate in developing the application. Each letter must include the cash or in-kind value and be signed by an authorized representative.

3. **Supporting Documents (no page limit):**

Clearly identify each supporting document or group of supporting documents. Supporting documents include any materials not included in sections above, but are needed to support your project statement. Examples include:

- a. Economic analysis
- b. Multi-state agreements

Application Format

We request that you number pages consecutively, label all sections (see above for details on what should be included in each section), and arrange the application in this order:

- Required Federal Forms
- Project Statement
- Drawings/Maps/Photographs
- Letters of Commitment
- Supporting Documents

Applications should be on or formatted to print (in the case of an electronic application) on 8.5" X 11" paper, with 1" margins at the top, bottom, and both sides, and page numbers at the bottom of the page. Fonts should be legible, i.e., preferably 12 point Arial, Times New Roman, or other commonly used font. Binding materials are discouraged.

In accepting Federal funds, you must comply with all applicable Federal laws, regulations, and policies. If we select the application for award, you will need to provide evidence of compliance with the NEPA, ESA, NHPA, and other Federal laws as part of the post-award approval process.

B. Submission Dates and Times:

You may submit applications by mail or through Grants.gov. The deadline for receipt by mail is Sept. 21, 2011, 4:00 p.m. local time. The deadline for receipt by Grants.gov is Sept. 21, 2011, 11:59 p.m. EDT. We recommend that if you submit applications through Grants.gov, do so early enough to allow for any unforeseen technical complications. We will not consider applications received after the deadline.

D. Intergovernmental Review

The Boating Infrastructure Grant program is subject to EO 12372 “Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs.” States, the District of Columbia, Commonwealths, and territories that choose to participate in the Executive Order process should establish Single Points of Contact (SPOCs). State applicants that are subject to E.O. 12372 should alert their SPOCs early in the application process. If you as an applicant are required to submit materials to a SPOC, indicate the date of this submittal (or the date of contact if no submittal is required) on the Standard Form 424.

E. Funding Restrictions

1. You may include the following eligible activities in the application:
 - a. Construct, renovate, and maintain either publicly or privately owned boating infrastructure facilities. To be eligible, you must:
 - i. Build these facilities on navigable waters, available to the public.
 - ii. Design new construction and renovations to last at least 20 years.
 - iii. Design these facilities for temporary use for transient nontrailerable recreational vessels;
 - iv. Build these facilities in water deep enough for nontrailerable recreational vessels to navigate;
 1. A minimum of 6 feet of depth at the lowest tide or other measure of lowest fluctuation;
 2. You must meet the required 6 feet depth at project completion. Therefore, one-time dredging may be included to meet this depth. (See 1. b. in this section)
 - v. Provide security, safety, and service for these boats; and
 - vi. Install a pumpout station, if you construct a facility for overnight stays.
 1. If there is already a pumpout within a reasonable distance (generally within 2 miles) of the facility, you may not need one;
 2. For facilities intended as day stops, we encourage you to install a pumpout;
 3. You may use funds from the BIG program, however as a first option, we recommend that you consider applying for Clean Vessel Act grant program funding, also administered by the Service, to pay for a pumpout; and
 4. You must prorate BIG Tier 1, Basic funds for a pumpout that is available for boats that don't meet the definition of transient, nontrailerable recreational vessel.

- b. Do one-time only dredging to provide transient vessels safe channel depths between the BIG funded tie-up facility and maintained navigation channels or open water. **The following rules apply to dredging for BIG Tier 1, Basic:**
 - i. **Dredging costs must not exceed 10% of total BIG project costs, including match.** Any dredge associate costs are included in this restriction, including the cost of divers, spoil disposal, dredge ponds, etc. Include budget information for dredging in your application, so that we can determine that your project meets this requirement.
 - ii. Eligible dredging costs are limited to those associated with dredging the most direct route from the tie-up facility to the maintained channel or open water (this would allow you to dredge where slips, day docks, mooring buoys, floating docks, floating piers, dinghy docks, or other eligible boating infrastructure facility for transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels will be, as well as from these facilities to the maintained channel or open water);
 - iii. Maintenance dredging, which is dredging to maintain a channel after having received BIG funds for one-time dredging, is ineligible;
 - iv. Include an explanation of why dredging is necessary and reasonable to meet the project objectives in your application, including the need, dredging method, and planned maintenance of the dredging project;
 - v. The proposed dredged area must be part of a navigable water body or channel. Dredging may restore channels, but must not create new access;
 - vi. You must dredge the area to a minimum draft of 6 feet at the lowest point during the lowest tide or fluctuation. You must meet the required 6 feet depth at project completion. You must maintain the dredged area to meet this minimum requirement for 20 years;
 - vii. Maintenance of the channel and costs associated with the 20 year maintenance are responsibilities of the grantee (maintaining a dredged area is not an eligible cost under BIG);
 - viii. You must prorate dredge costs if boats that do not meet the definition of transient, nontrailerable recreational vessel will travel the dredged area; and
 - ix. After selection, but prior to grant approval, you may be required to forward us copies of permits and approvals needed for the dredging project.
- c. Install navigational aids, limited to giving transient vessels safe passage between the tie-up facility and maintained channels or open water.
- d. Apply funds to grant administration.
- e. Fund preliminary costs:
 - i. Preliminary costs may include any of the following activities completed before we approve a grant:
 1. conducting appraisals;
 2. administering environmental reviews and permitting;

3. conducting technical feasibility studies, for example, studies about environmental, economic, and construction engineering concerns;
 - ii. We will only fund preliminary costs if we select your project for award.
 - f. Produce information and education materials such as charts, cruising guides, and brochures.
2. An application is **ineligible** for funding if you propose to:
 - a. Complete a project that does not provide public benefits, for instance, a project that is not open to the public for use;
 - b. Involve law enforcement activities;
 - c. Significantly degrade or destroy valuable natural resources or alter the cultural or historic nature of the area;
 - d. Construct or renovate principal structures not expected to last at least 20 years;
 - e. Do maintenance dredging (See Question 1, Appendix A);
 - f. Fund dredging in excess of 10% of the total BIG project costs (Federal request and match);
 - g. Fund operations or routine, custodial, and janitorial maintenance of the facility;
 - h. Construct, renovate, or maintain boating infrastructure tie-up facilities for the following:
 1. Tie-up slips available for occupancy for more than 10 consecutive days by a single party;
 2. Dryland storage;
 3. Haul-out features; and
 4. Boating features for trailerable or “car-top” boats (boats less than 26 feet in length), such as launch ramps and carry-down walkways.
 - i. Develop a State program plan to construct, renovate, and maintain boating infrastructure tie-up facilities;
 - j. Conduct surveys to determine boating access needs; and
 - k. Purchase land or interests in land, including riparian rights.
3. If boats other than transient, nontrailerable recreational boats will use or benefit from an eligible BIG project, you must prorate the costs according to Federal cost principles. We will reject the application for funding consideration if you do not prorate costs appropriately. Please contact your Regional WSFR Office for more information on prorating (see Section VII, Agency Contacts). **In order to avoid having your application rejected, it is important that you prorate appropriately.**

V. Application Review Information

A. Review and Selection Process

Project selection is a two-step process: application acceptance and application selection.

- Application acceptance - The Service Regional WSFR Offices will accept applications for review any time prior to the application deadline. We determine that applications are complete, substantial, and eligible. We will notify applicants of applications that are not eligible. States may revise and resubmit applications until the identified application deadline. We encourage applicants to communicate with the Service Regional WSFR Office well in advance of the deadline to ask for a preliminary review.
- Application selection - The Service Director makes final grant determinations.

C. Anticipated Announcement and Award Dates

We expect to announce the grants by March 2013. Service Regional WSFR Offices will notify State applicants of the process needed to receive a grant, if selected.

VI. Award Administration Information

1. Award Notices

We will notify successful State applicants by letter that we have selected their application for funding. The letter will include the amount of the grant and the remaining process needed to receive the grant. We will also publish a national press release announcing the selection of awards on our website.

2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

Once we have selected a project for funding, compliance with all applicable Federal laws, regulations, and policies, including environmental laws such as the National Environmental Policy Act, the Endangered Species Act, the National Historic Preservation Act, and applicable executive orders must be satisfied before we can approve a grant and make funding available.

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) published a Federal Register notice (68 FR 38402) on June 27, 2003 that requires all applicants for Federal grants or cooperative agreements to obtain a unique Data Universal Number System (DUNS) number. Organizations can receive a DUNS number at no cost by calling a DUNS number request line at 1-866-706-5711 or on-line at <http://www.dnb.com>.

All financial assistance awards are subject to Federal financial administration requirements. The Service Regional WSFR Offices will work with applicants to ensure that all financial arrangements comply with these requirements.

To find out more about the rules, including administrative requirements and cost principles, you may review them on the WSFR Toolkit at: <http://wsfrprograms.fws.gov/Subpages/ToolkitFiles/toolkit.pdf>. The rules that apply to different grant recipients are:

Table 1. Federal Financial Administrative Guidance	
<u>Categories of Recipients</u>	<u>Specific Rules and Guidance</u>
States, local governments and Tribes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 43 CFR 12 (Administrative and Audit Requirements and Cost Principles for Assistance Programs) - 43 CFR 18 (New Restrictions on Lobbying) - 2 CFR 225 (Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments) - OMB Circular No. A-102 (Grants and Cooperative Agreements with State and Local Governments) - OMB Circular No. A-133 (Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations)
Individuals, private firms, and non-profits excluded from coverage under OMB Circular No. A-122	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 43 CFR 18 (New Restrictions on Lobbying) - 48 CFR 31.2 (Federal Acquisition Regulation - Contracts with Commercial Organizations)
Non-profit organizations covered under OMB Circular No. A-122	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 43 CFR 18 (New Restrictions on Lobbying) - 2 CFR 215 (Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Other Agreements with Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals and Other Non-Profit Organizations) - 2 CFR 230 (Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations) - OMB Circular No. A-133 (Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations)
Educational Institutions (even if part of a State or local government)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 43 CFR 18 (New Restrictions on Lobbying) - 2 CFR 220 (Cost Principles for Educational Institutions) - 2 CFR 215 (Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Other Agreements with Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals and Other Non-Profit Organizations) - OMB Circular No. A-133 (Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations)

3. Reporting

See reporting requirements, including retention and access requirements, in 43 CFR 12.82. Additional details regarding new requirements, guidance, consequences, etc. are available in the document “Interim Guidance for Financial and Performance Reporting” located at <http://wsfrprograms.fws.gov/subpages/toolkitfiles/intgdrpt.pdf>.

VII. Agency Contacts

The Service administers the Boating Infrastructure Grant Program. You may learn about the national level program by contacting:

Christy Vigfusson

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration Program

4401 North Fairfax Drive, WSFR 4020

Arlington, VA 22203

703-358-1748, Christy_Vigfusson@fws.gov

For project specific information and application details, contact your Service Regional WSFR Office:

Region 1 – Fred Caslick, Fred_Caslick@fws.gov, 503-231-6128

Region 2 – Bud Fazio, Buddy_Fazio@fws.gov, 505-248-7468

Region 3 – Julie Morin, Julie_Morin@fws.gov, 612-713-5156

Region 4 – Scott White, Scott_White@fws.gov, 404-679-7113

Region 5 – Alberto Ortiz, Alberto_Ortiz@fws.gov, 413-253-8406

Region 6 – Eddie Bennett, Eddie_Bennett@fws.gov, 303-236-8165

Region 7 – Steve Klein, Steve_Klein@fws.gov, 907-786-3322

Region 8 – Bart Prose, Bart_Prose@fws.gov, 916-978-6152

VIII. Other Information

The Federal government is not bound to give financial support to any project until the Service authorized representative has approved the award.

OMB Control Number 1018-0109

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT STATEMENT: The Paperwork Reduction Act requires us to tell you why we are collecting this information, how we will use it, and whether or not you have to respond. We will use the information that we collect to evaluate applications submitted to acquire funding for Boating Infrastructure Grant Program funds. Your response is required to receive funding. A Federal agency may not conduct or sponsor and you are not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. We estimate that it will take an average of 50 hours to complete the application. The average estimated annual burden associated with writing and submitting required performance reports is 6 hours. You may send comments concerning the burden estimates or any aspect of this information collection to the Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, MS 2042-PDM, Arlington, VA 22203.

Attachment A

Boating Infrastructure Grant Program Questions and Answers

1. Is maintenance dredging eligible for funding?

No. Maintenance dredging, which is dredging to maintain a channel after having received BIG funds for one-time dredging, is ineligible and will disqualify an application from funding consideration.

As stated in the program rule (50 CFR 86.20), you may “do one-time dredging only, to give transient vessels safe channel depths between the tie-up facility and maintained channels or open water.” Eligible dredging costs are limited to those associated with dredging the most direct route from the tie-up facility to the maintained channel or open water (this would allow you to dredge where slips for transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels will be, but not between slips and the land).

2. What if the dredging needs of the project exceed the 10% limit?

State agencies may use any other source of funding separate from the grant to fund dredging in excess of 10% of the total BIG project costs. BIG funding for dredging costs for any proposed project are limited to 10 % of the total project costs, including the BIG Federal share and match. Any dredge associated costs are included in this restriction, including the cost of divers, spoil disposal, dredge ponds, etc.

3. Are services such as food service, retail, or lodging considered eligible boating infrastructure facilities for this program?

No. BIG will not fund services or structures for food service, retail, or lodging. This would include ship stores, food courts, and hotels.

BIG can fund restrooms and laundry facilities for boaters of transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels. You must prorate costs for these facilities to account for any use by others.

4. Are parking lots and access roads adjacent to boating facilities for transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels eligible costs?

If the costs are necessary and reasonable to meeting the project objectives, the costs may be eligible. There should be no more than a small number of parking spots or a short access road built with BIG funds. You must prorate if anyone other than boaters in or operating transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels will use them.

5. Can I fund a pumpout or floating restroom with BIG funds?

Yes. However, you must prorate if a proposed facility will be used by anyone other than boaters in or operating transient, nontrailerable recreational vessels.

We encourage you to use Clean Vessel Act funding for pumpouts and floating restrooms, as available.

6. Are applications that propose to fund only engineering studies and other planning efforts eligible for BIG funds?

Yes, we can award BIG funds for projects that involve only engineering and feasibility studies, as well as other activities necessary for the planned construction of facilities for transient boaters. We list these as eligible activities for the program (50 CFR 86.20).

7. May you purchase land, or an interest in land, with BIG funds?

No, land acquisition (fee simple or easement) is not an eligible cost for BIG. The purpose of BIG is to provide infrastructure for nontrailerable, transient recreational boats at least 26 feet long.

8. May you use existing real property as non-Federal match? If yes, then how will the value of these be determined?

With the exception of land and interest in the land, you may use existing real property as non-Federal match if it is necessary and reasonable for achieving the project objectives. The State is responsible for determining the fair market value of accepted real property, e.g., docks and buildings, in accordance with applicable Federal regulations and cost principles. If the proposed value of the match is not adequately justified, the application may be ineligible.

9. May real property and in-kind services serve as the entire State match?

With the exception of land and interest in the land, existing real property and eligible in-kind services may serve as the entire non-Federal match or any portion thereof. The property and services must be necessary and reasonable and must continue to serve the purpose for the useful life of the BIG project.

10. Can riparian rights serve as the State match?

No, riparian rights constitute an interest in land. Existing riparian rights are not eligible as in-kind match nor is the acquisition of riparian rights an eligible project cost for the BIG program.

11. What do we consider real property?

Real property as defined at 43 CFR 12 is “land, including land improvements, structures and appurtenances thereto, excluding movable machinery and equipment.” You cannot use land and interest in land as non-Federal match for BIG, but you can use other existing real property as non-Federal match.

12. Who determines if an application is eligible?

Service Regional WSFR personnel determine whether an application is eligible and whether we should consider it for ranking by the National Review Panel. If Regional personnel have questions regarding the eligibility of a project, they are encouraged to consult with the Service National WSFR Office.

Service National WSFR Office will reexamine the application’s eligibility if questions arise. If deemed ineligible, we will not consider the application for funding.

13. Who should you contact if you have additional questions?

Additional information is available from the Service Regional WSFR Offices contact listed in Section VII, Agency Contacts.