U.S. Department of the Interior South Florida Ecosystem Office



## Mitigating Historic Water Management Changes in the Greater Everglades Ecosystem

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### Historic Changes in Everglades Water Flows





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Historically, water flowed from Lake Okeechobee into the Everglades. In the 1920's these flows were redirected to tide to promote agricultural development.

#### Loss of Regional Water Storage & Dry Season Carryover



Loss of Everglades Water Flow & Land Subsidence



### Alterations in Water Flows through the Everglades



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#### **Everglades Protection Area Inflows**

- For Pre-drainage models estimates of overland flows from the northern Everglades southward.
- For Post-Drainage models estimates of structure flows (S-5A, S-6, S-7, S-150, S-8, and S-140) plus future CERP overland flows.

#### Shark River Slough Flows

Estimates for overland flows across the Shark River and its floodplains (Rocky Glades on the east and the Ochopee Rise on the west).

### Alterations in Water Flows through the Everglades



Reduced flows from Lake Okeechobee and a seasonal timing shift, produce much lower dry season flows to the Everglades and downstream estuaries.



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### Alterations in Water Flows through the Everglades



Overall flow reduction of 50-60 percent, produce very low dry season flows.



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### **Requisites for Restoring Flows to the Everglades**









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Preliminary restoration scenarios indicate that existing regulatory flows from Lake Okeechobee approach the Everglades restoration targets.

## Summary Recommendations from the Water Quality Management

## **Priorities Panel**

## For the Florida Reef Tract





### Water that happens in the Everglades does NOT stay in the Everglades.



### Water moves from land to the Reefs. How to best manage impacts?

<u>Need for</u> enhancing Support for Water Management in South Florida; why....?

- Economy and jobs depend upon healthy environmental resources.
- Resource health requires informed management.
- Informed management requires sound science.
- Sound science requires dedicated/continued support.

### Water Management Challenges

- Entire Reef Tract is yet to be 'Holistically' managed, Inclusive of the Gulf and Southeast US Reef
- Regional "Restoration" initiatives (So Fla, Gulf, Everglades,) do not emphasize coral reef ecosystems
- Gaps in Cause-Effect relationships between water discharges and coral reef health (EPOCs, disease epidemiology, resilience)
- (Don't give up!) Local stressors can be managed while recognizing global changes
- Funding for monitoring, research & management

### **Recommendations**:

Restore and Expand US Continental Reef Track WQ Protection Program... How...?

- Reverse funding decline
- Address requirements of the Clean Water Act
- Determine Cause & Effect for science based management
- Storm/Wastewater Control and Management
  Minimize sources and loads from Land-based sources of pollution

### **Recommendations Continued:**

Restore and Expand US Continental Reef Track WQ Protection Program... How...?

- Partner with local, state, regional, & national entities (e.g., CERP, WQPP, USCRTF) to minimize water management impacts
- Optimize QQTD: quantity, quality, timing and distribution of freshwater.
- Protect ALL components of the Continental US Reef ecosystem – Keys, Florida Bay, SE Fla reefs
- Include Coral Reefs within Restoration Initiatives

**Employ An Integrated Strategy, e.g.** <u>MARine Ecosystem Goal Setting (MARES):</u> Connecting Science, Management, and Policy

- Engage and communicate
- Science-based consensus on
  - Ecosystem Services and Processes
  - Indicators of environmental patterns
  - Human activities that affect or are affected by the environment
  - Connectivity between different parts of the system
- Integrated Ecosystem Assessment (IEA)

## THANK YOU FROM the *Water Quality Management*

## **Priorities Panel**

## For the Florida Reef Tract

