#### **DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES**



National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute Bethesda, Maryland 20892

#### Dear BUSINESS OFFICIAL:

The grant application referred to above is in the process of being administratively reviewed by the National Cancer Institute (NCI). If the pending application is funded, you are required to maintain records that reflect your organization's implementation of and compliance with the financial and business management requirements as listed in the enclosed "SBIR/STTR FINANCIAL/MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS" information document. This requirement will be referenced in a term (condition) of award.

It is important for your organization to be aware that an awardee's failure to follow the applicable laws, regulations and policies in the National Institutes of Health <u>Grants Policy Statement (NIH GPS)</u>, <u>October 2010</u>, could result in audit disallowance, suspension, and/or termination of an award(s) and could jeopardize any future funding. This includes, but is not limited to, compliance with the policies, procedures and systems described in the attachments to this letter. DO NOT SEND THIS INFORMATION TO NCI UNLESS SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED.

In addition, if the pending application is funded, a SBIR/STTR VERIFICATION STATEMENT must be received and accepted in this office before an award will be issued. You may furnish the information in a format of your choosing or by using the enclosed list.

If you have any questions, please call or email the assigned grants specialist working on your grant.

Leo F. Buscher Jr.
Chief Grants Management Officer
National Cancer Institute

# **SBIR/STTR Information Package**

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In addition to the resources provided here, new grantees are highly encouraged to review NIH's Information for New Grantee Organizations found at the following website:

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/welcomewagon.htm

# NIH SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH PROGRAM SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN VERIFICATION STATEMENT

	Application Number:	
Organiz Proiect	Director(s)/Principal Investigator(s) (PD(s)/PI(s):	
The Sma be eligible Officials affiliate	hall Business Innovation Research (SBIR) program legislation requires that the applicant small business concern (SI ble at the time of the award. As the responsible Federal staff for administering NIH grant funds, Grants Managems of the NIH Institutes and Centers (ICs) must verify eligibility prior to issuing a Notice of Grant Award. If the SBC is ed with any other organization (domestic or foreign), see <a href="https://www.sba.gov/size">www.sba.gov/size</a> .  Dilication is selected for funding under the SBIR program, no award will be issued until the National Cancer Institute (NCI) received.	nent
and acce below:	epts the following information, which may be provided in a format of your choosing or by completing a checklist as in the exai	mple
□ 1	The above-named organization is a for-profit United States SBC that is at least 51% owned and controlled by one or more <i>individuals</i> who are citizens of, or permanent resident aliens in, the United States, or in the case of a publicly-owned busine at least 51% of its voting stock is owned by United States citizens or lawfully admitted permanent resident aliens. <i>or</i> The above-named organization is a for-profit business concern that is at least 51% owned and controlled by another (one) for profit business concern that is at least 51% owned and controlled by one or more <i>individuals</i> who are citizens of, or permanent resident aliens.	or-
	resident aliens in, the United States.	
	Complete the following part of (1) if relevant: If the above-named applicant organization has been determined by the Small Business Administration (SBA) to be "other than small" for a size standard of not more than 500 employees or for purposes of the SBIR program:	
	Have you been recertified by SBA? ☐ Yes ☐ No If not recertified, have you requested a recertification by SBA for eligibility under the SBIR Program? ☐ Yes ☐ No	
□ 2	The above-named organization is independently owned and operated, is not dominant in the field of operation in which it is proposing, has its principal place of business located in the United States, has, including its affiliates, 500 or fewer employed not involved in a merger/acquisition that is near complete, and meets the other regulatory requirements found in Title 13, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 121. (Note that the SBA considers "agreements to merge (including agreements in principle) to have present effect on the power to control a concern" [Section 121.103(d)(1) of 13 CFR 121]).	
□3	The research space occupied by the above-named organization is available to and under the control of the above-named organization for the conduct of its portion of the proposed project.	
□ 4	All research on the above-referenced grant will be <i>performed in its entirety</i> in the United States, unless otherwise approved the Grants Management Officer prior to issuance of an award.	by
□5	The above-named PD's/PI's <i>primary employment</i> is with the above-named organization and more than one-half of the above named PD's/PI's time will be in the employ of the above-named organization at the time of award and for the duration of the project, unless otherwise approved by the Grants Management Officer prior to issuance of an award. For Multiple PD/PI projects, the Contact PD/PI meets the primary employment requirement.	
□ 6	It is understood that the Public Health Service will not support any <i>market research</i> under its STTR program (see "Definition SBIR/STTR SF424 (R&R) Application Guide) or literature searches that will lead to a new or expanded statement of work, and	
□7	that if an award is made, any such costs, if requested in the application, will be removed prior to award. It is understood that if this project is funded, drawing NIH award funds from the HHS Payment Management System serves certification that the above-named organization has in place written policies and procedures for financial and business management systems that comply with 45 CFR 74 and the NIH Grants Policy Statement (10/10) and will follow those policie and procedures.	
	nature is verification that the statements checked ( ) above are true and complete. I am aware that any ctitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties.	
(Officia	al Authorized to Sign for Organization) (Date)	

# NIH SMALL BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROGRAM SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN VERIFICATION STATEMENT

Grant A Organiz	pplication Number: ation:				
_	Director(s)/Principal Investigator(s	) (PD(s)/PI(s):			
be eligible Officials affiliate If an appreceives	all Business Technology Transfer (Sole at the time of the award. As the sof the NIH Institutes and Centers d with any other organization (dorplication is selected for funding unstand accepts the following informatic example below:	e responsible Fede (ICs) must verify e nestic or foreign), der the STTR prog	eral staff for administe digibility prior to issuin see www.sba.gov/size ram, no award will be	ring NIH grant funds, Grants Manage a Notice of Grant Award. If the Section 2.	agement SBC is nstitute (NCI)
u5 III tiil	e example below.				
□1	The above-named organization is a for controlled by one or more <i>individuals</i> . United States, or in the case of a publishment owned by United States citizens or la	s who are citizens of licly-owned busines	f, or permanent resident s, at least 51% of its voti	aliens in, the	
	Complete the following part of (1) if				
	determined by the Small Business Ad			for a size	
	standard of not more than 500 emplo	oyees or for purpose	es of the SBIR program:		
	Have you been recertified by SBA?	☐ Yes	□ No		
	If not recertified, have you requested			the SBIR	
	Program?	☐ Yes	□ No		
□ 2 □ 3	proposing, has its principal place of b not involved in a merger/acquisition Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Pa principle) to have present effect on t	nusiness located in the that is near complet art 121. (Note that the he power to control above-named organi	he United States, has, ind te, and meets the other in he SBA considers "agree a concern" [Section 121 ization is available to and	ninant in the field of operation in whice cluding its affiliates, 500 or fewer empregulatory requirements found in Title ments to merge (including agreement103(d)(1) of 13 CFR 121]).  Id under the control of the above-name	oloyees, is e 13, ts in
□ 4		l grant will be <i>perfor</i>	rmed in its entirety in the	e United States, unless otherwise appr	oved by
□ 5	The above named PD(s)/PI(s) has (ha characterized by an official relationsh	ve) a formal appoint hip between the orgonst essional effort. For N	tment with or commitme anization and the PD(s)/	ent to the above-named organization, PI(s), whose effort on this project will each PD/PI must commit a minimum o	be not
□ 6	It is understood that the Public Healt SBIR/STTR SF424 (R&R) Application G	h Service will not su Guide) or literature s	earches that will lead to	ch under its STTR program (see "Defir a new or expanded statement of wor	
□7		development propo	sed in this project, the a	emoved prior to award. bove-named applicant SBC will condu d in the application will perform not l	
□8	It is understood that if this project is certification that the above-named o	rganization has in pl	lace written policies and	HHS Payment Management System se procedures for financial and business ement (10/10) and will follow those p	5
My sign	ature is verification that the stater	ments checked ( )	above are true and co	omplete. I am aware that any	
	ctitious, or fraudulent statements of			-	
(Offici	al Authorized to Sign for Organization)			(Date)	

# REQUIREMENTS FOR FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS FOR SBIR/STTR AWARDEES

If the pending application is funded, the organization must have written policies and procedures for the following financial and business management systems and must follow those policies and procedures. It is important for the organization to be aware that an awardee's failure to follow the applicable laws, regulations and policies in the National Institutes of Health Grants Policy Statement (NIH GPS), October 2010, could result in audit disallowance, suspension, and/or termination of an award(s) and could jeopardize any future funding. This includes, but is not limited to, compliance with the policies, procedures and systems described below. (To view the links contained in this document, you must download the Adobe Acrobat Reader, Version 6.0.1 or later)

The electronic copy of the NIH GPS is available at: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/index.htm

Also, a PDF version of the NIH GPS will be available from this location. Hard copies are not available. The section devoted to for-profit organizations is located on page IIB-248. Website: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch18.htm# Toc271265300

Information regarding prior approval requirements is found in the NIH Grants Policy Statement at page IIA-76. Website:

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch8.htm#prior approval requirements

#### **General Information**

- 1) The organization meets the criteria to qualify as a "small business," as defined in the Omnibus Solicitation for SBIR/STTR Grant Applications.
- 2) Lines of authority and responsibility of officers and key personnel (i.e., organization chart).
- 3) Recent audits by a government agency and/or independent public accountant other than financial statements (see "Clarification of Audit Requirements")
- 4) Names of officials with authority to sign for the organization.

#### **Financial Stability**

- 1) The most recently audited financial statement; or if the organization does not have an audited financial statement, a current balance sheet.
- 2) If the working capital ratio (total current assets divided by total current liabilities) on the financial statement or balance sheet is less than 1:1:
  - a. A cash flow forecast for the organization covering the entire budget period.
  - A bank line of credit or other source of funds that could be accessed to cover working capital shortages.
  - c. Information regarding any outstanding loans.

NIH SBIR/STTR website for Financial Systems Requirements (short evaluation) at: http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/funding/pol fin eval.html

#### Financial and Administrative Systems (full evaluation)

NIH Grants Policy Statement October 2010, page IIA-23. Website for financial and management systems: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/nihgps ch8.htm# Toc271264955

#### **Accounting System**

Is a double-entry system.

- 1) Maintains the basic books of account; e.g., cost journal, general ledger, project ledger, chart of accounts.
- 2) Identifies individual receipts and expenditures for each grant or contract.
- 3) Maintains a separate ledger for indirect costs and separate ledgers for each project.
- 4) Maintains documents supporting accounting entries; (e.g. purchase orders, vendor payments, etc.)
- 5) Records expenditures for each program by required cost categories.
- 6) Provides for the timely billing and payment of accounts receivable and payable.

#### **Internal Controls**

- 1) All accounting entries are supported by appropriate documentation.
- 2) An authorized official approves all checks before they are signed.
- 3) All checks are prenumbered and accounted for when the general-purpose bank account is reconciled.
- 4) Safeguards are in place to prevent misuse of any petty cash funds.
- 5) Employees who handle funds are required to be bonded against loss by fraud or dishonesty. For further information on insurance see the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-62. Website: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch7.htm#selected cost items

#### **Personnel**

- 1) How salary levels are established; e.g., comparability survey (*Employee compensation should be comparable to the compensation for employees with similar skills in the same geographical area*).
- 2) Salaries of personnel supported by Government projects are not higher than salaries of personnel in similar positions supported by the institution's funds.

#### Time and Effort Reporting

A written policy on the time and effort reporting system for professional and nonprofessional staff, including the position of staff approving/certifying time and effort and the frequency of the after-the-fact certification process.

NOTE: Commercial (for-profit) organizations must document salaries and wages charged to contracts and grants by maintaining a labor distribution system for all employees regardless of function. The labor distribution system must account for **total** hours and charge direct and indirect labor to the appropriate cost objectives in order to accurately identify labor costs: 1) charged to direct projects; 2) charged to indirect activities; and 3) included in the base to which indirect costs are allocated.

Website: <a href="http://oamp.od.nih.gov/dfas/forprofittime\_effort.asp">http://oamp.od.nih.gov/dfas/forprofittime\_effort.asp</a>

See "Time and Effort Reporting for Commercial Organizations Policy" and "Sample Timesheet").

#### **Consultant Services (if applicable)**

- 1) A written policy must describe the internal process for establishing the need for consultants, their selection, and the rates to be paid. Procedures must require consultants to sign consulting agreements outlining services to be rendered, duration of engagement, pay rates, and procedures for monitoring or reporting progress. These agreements should also address compliance with applicable Federal regulations and NIH policies.
- 2) The organization must be able to support charges for consultants to grants with documentation and information required in the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-58. Website: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/nihgps ch7.htm#selected cost items

#### **Equipment/Property Management System**

Property records that outline the description, cost, including information necessary to calculate the percentage of Federal participation in the ownership, acquisition date, source of property, location, use and condition, and ultimate disposition data.

- 1) Written procedures for screening proposed purchases of equipment to avoid unnecessary or duplicate purchases.
- 2) Identification procedure for tags or labels on equipment purchased with Federal funds to indicate Government ownership and a records system that identifies the grant under which the equipment was acquired.
- 3) Written procedures for identifying equipment purchased with Federal funds and for conducting an annual physical inventory of equipment.
- 4) Controls to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the equipment.
- 5) Maintenance program to keep the equipment in good use and working condition.

NOTE: Title to equipment acquired by a recipient with grant funds is vested in the recipient. The management, control, and disposition of property will be governed by the rules and regulations which are set forth in 45 CFR Part 74.34. Further information is available upon request from the Chief, Property Accountability Section, Personal Property Branch, NIH; Telephone: (301) 496-6467; FAX: (301) 496-8428. See NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-58. Website:

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch8.htm# Toc271264963 See "Sample Purchase Order Form" and "Sample Policies and Procedures for Procurement"

#### Travel (if applicable)

- 1) Written travel policies that comply with requirements in the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October, 2010. NOTE: If there is no written travel policy, Federal Travel Regulations must be used, including the maximum per diem rates and subsistence rates prescribed in those regulations, to determine the amount for travel costs.
- 2) Written travel requests that show the purpose of the trip and that are reviewed and approved by an authorized organizational official prior to the trip.
- 3) Receipts are required for lodging and meals if reimbursement is based on actual costs. NOTE: Regardless of organizational policy, for-profit organizations may not charge travel cost to grants that

exceed Federal travel limitations. The GSA Federal Travel Regulations are available on the internet, with all Amendments.

Website: http://www.gsa.gov See "Sample Expense Report"

#### **Consortium Arrangements (if applicable)**

- 1) A written inter-institutional agreement with consortium institutions that complies with the NIH requirements for consortium agreements which are set forth in the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIB-232.
  - Website: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch15.htm# Toc271265264
- 2) Written procedures for monitoring compliance with Federal regulations and NIH Policies at cooperating institutions if research involving human subjects or live vertebrate animals is being conducted at such institutions.
  - See "Sample Policy and Procedures Related to Consortium/Contractual Agreements"

#### **Procurement**

A written policy that addresses, at a minimum, the following:

- a) Who has the responsibility for purchasing.
- b) Purchase orders for all equipment and services, which identifies project number associated with purchase.
- c) How quality, cost, source selection, etc., are considered.
- d) How partial deliveries are handled.
- e) When competitive bids are required.
- f) How invoices are checked and authorized for payment.
- g) The procedure to screen subcontractors to ensure that debarred or suspended individuals or entities are not utilized. The list of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs may be found at http://www.epls.gov
- h) Procedures that assure that minority firms, women-owned firms, and labor surplus area firms are used whenever possible as required in the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-100 Website: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/nihgps ch8.htm# Toc271264967

#### Program Income (if applicable)

- 1) A written policy that identifies:
  - a. Who is responsible for identifying program income?

See "Sample Policy for Managing Conflicts of Significant Financial Interests"

- b. How program income is generated?
- c. Record keeping procedures for recording the earning, receipt, and disposition of the program income for which the institution is accountable.
- 2) A management system that adequately identifies and reports program income for each government project.

Information on Program Income can be found in the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-94. Website: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/nihgps ch8.htm# Toc271264957

#### **Standards of Conduct**

NIH grants are subject to requirements intended to ensure that organizations are responsible in their handling of Federal awards and to minimize the opportunity for improper financial gain on the part of employees, consultants, members of governing bodies, and others who may be involved in grant-supported activities, and to limit the potential for research results to be tainted by possible financial or other gain. In addition, NIH grantees are expected to provide safe and healthful working conditions for their employees and foster work environments conducive to high-quality research.

Grantees must have written standards of conduct that establish safeguards to prevent employees, consultants, members of governing bodies, and others who may be involved in grant-supported activities from using their positions for purposes that are, or give the appearance of being motivated by a desire for private financial gain for themselves or others, such as those with whom they have family, business or other ties. Grantees are also required to comply with the requirements of 42 CFR Part 50, subpart F, pertaining to investigator's actual or potential financial conflicts of interest. See the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-94. Website: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/nihgps ch4.htm#fcoi

#### **Laboratory Notebooks**

We recommend that organizations develop and implement a written policy covering laboratory notebook procedures. While not subject to Federal requirements, laboratory notebooks are vitally important as evidence for intellectual property rights to secure adequate patent rights. On the rare occasions when the laboratory notebook must be produced, it is absolutely necessary that it be a record that is sufficiently complete that

another scientist can understand and reproduce the work, and that there is a witness who can give corroborating testimony if needed.

The following websites provide information regarding the use of a laboratory notebook:

http://ttc.nci.nih.gov/pdfs/brochures/Lab brochure.pdf

https://www.training.nih.gov/events/view/ 2/133/Keeping a Lab Notebook

http://sourcebook.od.nih.gov/ethic-conduct/RECORDKEEPING.pdf

#### **SBIR/STTR Policy Regarding Indirect Costs**

See the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-255.

Website: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps\_2010/nihgps\_ch18.htm#indirect\_costs

#### Phase I Grants

If the applicant SBC has a currently effective F&A cost rate(s) with a Federal agency, such rate(s) should be used when calculating proposed F&A costs for an NIH application. NIH ICs use the term F&A costs for all types of applicants and recipients; however, for-profit organizations will find that DFAS and organizations external to NIH refer to these costs as indirect costs. (However, the rates(s) must be adjusted for IR&D expenses, which are not allowable under HHS awards.) If the applicant SBC does not have a currently effective negotiated indirect cost rate with a Federal agency, the applicant should propose estimated F&A costs at a rate not to exceed 40 percent of the total direct costs. However, SBCs are reminded that only actual F&A costs are to be charged to projects. (If awarded at a rate of 40 percent or less, the rate used to charge actual F&A costs to projects cannot exceed the awarded rate unless the SBC negotiates an indirect cost rate(s) with a Federal agency.) NIH will not negotiate indirect cost rates for Phase I awards.

#### Phase II Grants

If the applicant SBC has a currently effective negotiated indirect cost rate(s) with a Federal agency, such rate(s) should be used when calculating proposed F&A costs for an NIH application. (However, the rates(s) must be adjusted for IR&D expenses, which are not allowable under HHS awards.) If the applicant SBC does not have a currently effective negotiated indirect cost rate with a Federal agency, the applicant should propose an estimated F&A rate in the application. If the requested F&A cost rate is 40 percent of total direct costs or less, no further justification is required at the time of award, and F&A costs will be awarded at the requested rate.

If being considered for an award, the applicant small business concern would be asked to submit detailed documentation justifying the proposed rate if it exceeded 40 percent of the total direct costs. However, applicant organizations are reminded that only actual indirect costs are to be charged to projects. If the proposed rate exceeds 40 percent of the total direct costs, the Division of Financial Advisory Services, NIH, is the office responsible for negotiating indirect cost rate agreements with for-profit institutions.

#### Research Involving Human Subjects and/or Live Vertebrate Animals

If the application includes research involving human subjects in non-exempt categories under 45 CFR Part 46 and/or live vertebrate animals and the organization does not have approved assurance(s) of compliance with the Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP), or Office for Laboratory Animal Welfare (OLAW), NIH that covers the research, the Awarding Office cannot issue an award until the required assurance(s) are in place. For more information, see the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, pages IIA-9 through IIA-29. Website: <a href="http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/nihgps ch4.htm#animal welfare requirements

The OHRP website (<a href="http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp">http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp</a>) has a simplified process for filing Institutional Assurances of Protection for Human Subjects with the OHRP. Assurances approved under this process will cover all of the

institution's federally supported human subject research. Each legally separate institution will need its own Federal Wide Assurance (FWA). A continuing education program on the protection of human participants in research is now available online at <a href="http://phrp.nihtraining.com/users/login.php">http://phrp.nihtraining.com/users/login.php</a>. All key personnel as defined in the June 2, 2000 NIH Guide announcement (<a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-00-039.html">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-00-039.html</a>) must complete education on the protection of human subjects, in accordance with NIH policy requirements. See also the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-24.

#### **Reports and Record Retention**

The final financial report, a progress report, and invention statement (see complete invention reporting information at <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/sbir\_sttr\_invention\_letter.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/sbir\_sttr\_invention\_letter.htm</a>) must be prepared and submitted 90 days after the project period end date specified on the notice of grant award. For more information, see the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-100.

Website: http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch4.htm#human subjects protections

Website: http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch8.htm# Toc271264969

For equipment, records shall be maintained for three years beyond the date of final disposition. Equipment purchased with federal funds must be disposed of in accordance with 45 CFR Part 74.34(g). All invoices and records relating to procurement shall be retained for a minimum of three years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report or, for awards that are renewed annually, from the date of the submission of the annual financial report, in accordance with 45 CFR Part 74.53. For more information, see the NIH Grants Policy Statement, October 2010, page IIA-107

Website: <a href="http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps">http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps</a> 2010/nihgps ch8.htm# Toc271264975

#### Audit requirement information in the NIH Grants Policy Statement:

Addition information regarding audit requirements can be found at the following sites: <a href="http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps\_2010/nihgps\_ch8.htm#\_Toc271264976">http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps\_2010/nihgps\_ch8.htm#\_Toc271264976</a> <a href="http://oamp.od.nih.gov/dfas/faqforprofitaudits.asp">http://oamp.od.nih.gov/dfas/faqforprofitaudits.asp</a>

# Clarification of Audit Requirements of For-Profit Organizations Including SBIR/STTR

The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) has specified requirements for nonfederal audits of for-profit (commercial) organizations in HHS' Title 45, Code of Federal Regulations [CFR], Part 74.26, "Non-Federal Audits."

Per the regulations, a for-profit (commercial) organization is subject to audit requirements for a non-federal audit if, during its fiscal year, it **expended** \$500,000 or more under HHS awards and at least one award is a HHS grant.

Title 45 CFR Part 74.26 essentially incorporates the thresholds and deadlines of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations," but provides for-profit organizations with two options regarding the type of audit that will satisfy the audit requirements: either (1) a financial related audit (as defined in the Government Auditing Standards, GPO Stock #020-000-00-265-4) of all the HHS awards in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, or (2) an audit that meets the requirements contained in OMB Circular No. A-133.

The Government Auditing Standards document is available electronically at: <a href="http://www.gao.gov/govaud/govaudhtml/index.html">http://www.gao.gov/govaud/govaudhtml/index.html</a>

OMB Circular No. A-133 is found on the Internet at: http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants circulars

Audits shall be completed and submitted to the following office within a period of time that is either (1) the earlier of 30 days after receipt of the auditor's report(s), or (2) nine months after the end of the audit period (that is, the organization's fiscal year): National External Audit Resources, HHS Office of Audit Services, Lucas Place, 323 West 8<sup>th</sup> Street, Room 514, Kansas City, MO 64105.

The HHS will be identifying organizations not meeting audit requirements. Failure to comply may jeopardize eligibility for receiving future HHS awards.

#### SAMPLE CHART OF ACCOUNTS

**ACCOUNT** 

ACCOUNT CATEGORY CODE ACCOUNT TITLE

**Current Assets** 

1000 Cash

1020 Accounts Receivable

1040 Inventory - Work in Progress

1060 Prepayments

**Property, Plant, & Equipment** 

1100 Equipment – Lab

1101 Accumulated Depreciation-Lab Equip

1110 Equipment - Office

1111 Accumulated Depreciation-Office Equip

1200 Leasehold Improvements

1201 Accumulated Amortization-Leasehold

Improvement

Other Assets

1800 Deposits

**Current Liabilities** 

2000 Current Note Payable

2010 Accounts Payable

2030 Accrued Wages and Payroll Taxes Withheld

**Long Term Liabilities** 

2100 Note Payable

**Equity** 

3000 Common Stock

3001 Retained Earnings

<u>Revenue</u>

4000 Commercial Sales 4010 Grant Revenue

4020 Interest Income

**Direct Program Costs** 

5000 Direct Labor 5100 Consultants 5200 Equipment

5300 Materials and Supplies

5400 Travel

5500 Other/Misc

5600 Consortium/Contractual

**Fringe Benefits** 

6010 Vacation 6015 Holidays 6020 Sick Leave 6025 Payroll Taxes 6030 401(k) Plan

6035 Group Insurance

#### **Overhead**

7000 Overhead Labor

7110 Amortization-Leasehold Improvements

7120 Depreciation-Lab Equipment

7130 Depreciation-Office Equipment

7140 Rent

7150 Utilities

7160 Telephone

7170 Equipment Rental

7180 Expendable Equipment

7190 Repairs & Maintenance

7200 General Lab Supplies

7210 Travel

7220 Consultants

7230 Waste Disposal

7240 Training

### **General and**

#### Administrative (G&A)

8000 G&A Labor

8010 Amortization-Leasehold Improvements

8015 Depreciation-Office Equipment

8020 Rent

8030 Utilities

8040 Telephone

8050 Equipment Rental

8060 Expendable Equipment

8070 Repairs & Maintenance

8080 Office Supplies

8090 Travel

8100 Consultants

8110 Legal & Accounting

8120 Liability Insurance

8130 Licenses

8140 Dues & Subscriptions

8150 Postage

8160 Recruitment/Relocation

8800 IR&D Labor

#### **Unallowables**

9000 Interest Expense

9010 Contributions

9015 Exhibits

Website: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/Funding/pol fin eval.html

## **Time and Effort Reporting for Commercial Organizations Policy**

Commercial (for-profit) organizations must document salaries and wages charged to contracts and grants by maintaining a labor distribution system for all employees regardless of function. The labor distribution system must account for **total** hours and charge direct and indirect labor to the appropriate cost objectives in order to accurately identify labor costs:

- Charged to direct projects
- Charged to indirect activities
- Included in the base to which indirect costs are allocated.

#### Internal controls

Timekeeping procedures and controls on labor charges are of utmost concern. Unlike other costs, labor is not supported by external documentation or physical evidence which provides independent checks and balances. It is critical that managers indoctrinate individual employees on their independent responsibility for accurately recording their time. Internal controls over labor charging should meet the following criteria:

- The responsibility for timekeeping and payroll accounting should be separated.
- Procedures must be clear and reasonable so there is no confusion regarding the rationale for the controls or misunderstanding as to what is and is not permissible.
- Maintenance of controls must continually be verified, and violations must promptly and effectively be acted upon to serve as a deterrent to prospective violations.
- Individual employees must constantly be made aware of controls that act as an effective deterrent
  against violations. This awareness can be accomplished by emphasizing the importance of accurate
  time and effort reporting in orientation sessions, periodic meetings and the posting of messages as
  reminders.
- Changes on timesheets to the number of hours recorded or the cost center identified should be made by the employee **and** must be initialed by the employee.
- The company policy must state that the nature of the work performed determines the proper distribution of time, not the availability of funding, type of contract/grant or other factors.
- The company policy should emphasize that complete and accurate time and effort reporting is an important part of an employee's job. Careless or improper reporting may lead to disciplinary actions under company policies as well as applicable Federal statutes.

#### **Time and Effort Documentation Requirements and Responsibilities**

Detailed instructions for time documentation should be established in written company procedures. A manual system would require handwritten pen and ink entries on a paper timesheet reflecting all the days in the pay period. An automated timekeeping system typically would use remote data entry for recording labor charging data and sending it directly to a central computer for processing. Supporting

documentation for an automated system would normally consist of computer printouts showing data that appear on source documents, i.e., timesheets, in a manual system.

#### **Employee Responsibilities**

Whether a manual or automated time and effort reporting system is in place, the employee is personally responsible for:

- After the fact recording of hours (or fractions thereof) on a daily basis.
- Recording all hours worked and all hours absent. <u>All hours should be recorded whether or not they</u> are paid.
- Recording of hours on the timesheet in ink (manual system only).
- Recording the correct distribution of hours by project or indirect category. The <u>nature of the work</u> performed determines the proper distribution of time, not the availability of funding, type of <u>contract/grant or other factors</u>. To ensure accuracy, a listing of project numbers/indirect categories and their descriptions should be provided in writing to each employee.
- Any changes/corrections to timesheets should be made by the employee and must show what was
  initially recorded, i.e., no erasures or "white out" of entries. The employee also must initial any
  change(s).
- At the end of each pay period, the employee must sign the timesheet or electronically certify the labor distribution in an automated system.

#### **Supervisor Responsibilities**

- An authorized company official (e.g., supervisor) must cosign timesheets or electronically certify individual time and effort reporting at the end of each pay period.
- The supervisor is prohibited from completing an employee's timesheet or entering hours in an automated system unless the employee is absent for an extended time on some form of authorized leave.

#### **SAMPLE TIMESHEET**

Employee Na	Employee Signature																
Supervisor Name								Supervisor Signature									
MONTH:			,	YEAR	l:												
DAY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		TOTAL
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	
PROJECT:																	
INDIRECT*																	
VACATION																	
HOLIDAY																	
SICK LEAVE																	
OTHER																	
ΤΟΤΔΙ																	

EMPLOYEE INSTRUCTIONS: Time Sheet must be completed in ink and corrections should be initialed by employee. For each day of the month (column) enter the number of hours worked on each project (as well as IR&D) or individual indirect category. At the end of the reporting period, sum the number of hours in the "Total" column and enter on the last line on the column. Sign and date the timesheet and give it to your supervisor.

<sup>\*</sup>Record the number of hours be indirect category (for example: overhead, G&A, Sales, Marketing etc.)

## **Sample Consultant Services Policy**

#### **Consultant Services Policy and Procedures:**

The Corporation may utilize a number of consultants to help in highly specialized areas (e.g. Intellectual Property) or where it is not economical to hire a full-time person to fill a position for a short-term project.

The use of consultants allows the Corporation to gain access to highly skilled professionals to assist in very specialized areas.

The process for determination of need and selection process is as follows:

Step	Description	Responsible
Consulting Request	Identification of the need for outside consulting services to be used. All requests are reviewed at weekly	Anyone in the Corporation may submit a request
Approval of Consulting	management meeting.  Approve request for consultant services.	President/CEO
Selection of Consultant	Selection depends on area of specialty. For scientific/research, the Chief Science Officer will make the selection. The President/CEO selects all other consultants.	President/ CEO or Chief Science Officer
Rates and Contract	All consultants are required to sign a consultant agreement that describes the services to be performed, the rate of payment, and terms (e.g., confidentiality). All rates approved by the President/CEO and basis determined by regional salary scales, consultant institutional rate, or other reasonable methods.	President/CEO
Payment	Consultants must submit an invoice for services prior to payment. Rate based consultant services (e.g. hourly or daily charge), the invoice must include the time report specifying date, time, and description of work. The President/CEO, prior to payment, must approve fixed fee consultant services after review of consultant report/work performed.	President/CEO

### **Sample Policies and Procedures for Procurement**

**Purpose:** To establish standards and operating procedures for purchase of supplies and equipment.

**General Policy:** All procurement transactions shall be made in a manner to provide, to the maximum extent practical, open and free competition. The Company shall be alert to organizational conflicts of interest as well as noncompetitive practices among contractors that may eliminate competition or otherwise restrain trade.

Small purchases, less than \$5,000, shall be subject to comparison among competitive suppliers to assure the most economical and practical procurement of goods and services. Large purchases may be subject to a bid or quote, where practical, to assure that the purchase meets Company requirements and specifications.

The type of procurement instrument (e.g., fixed price contracts, cost reimbursable contracts, purchase orders, incentive contracts) shall be appropriate for promoting the best interest of the program or project involved. Current inventories shall be screened to avoid duplicative purchases.

Whenever possible, procurement will be made from small businesses, minority-owned firms, and women's business enterprises. Identification of these organizations may be made with the assistance of the Small Business Administration and the Department of Commerce's Minority Business Development Agency.

Contracts shall be made only with responsible contractors who possess the potential ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the proposed procurement. Elements to be considered may include, but are not limited to, record of past performance, financial and technical resources or accessibility to other necessary resources, and eligibility to receive federal funds.

#### **Procedures**

#### 1) Authority:

All chemicals and other laboratory supplies shall be ordered by the laboratory manager or principal investigator. Purchases in excess of \$5,000 must be preapproved by the President or other authorized business official for the Company. Review of the existing stock, supplies or equipment shall be made prior to submitting purchase orders to avoid duplication.

#### 2) Requisition for order:

All orders are to be documented on numbered purchase orders with the following information included:

- a. Vendor
- b. Ship to address
- c. To be billed address
- d. Date ordered
- e. Project code
- f. Items ordered
- g. Description

#### h. Price, if available

#### 3) Place the order:

Place the order by mail, fax or phone as necessary for prompt delivery of required chemicals and supplies. Obtain the name of the individual at the vendor site who is taking the order over the phone.

#### 4) Receiving the order: The receiving person must:

- a. Verify the quantity actually received agrees with the packing slip and the purchase order
- b. Initial and date the packing slip and the purchase order
- c. Forward a copy of the purchase order and the verified packing slip to the bookkeeper for processing invoice payment
- d. Tag all equipment with an identification number and entered into the inventory recordbook. Equipment purchased with federal funds shall be further identified with the project number on the ID tag. The inventory records for equipment includes all of the following:
  - i. Description of the equipment
  - ii. Manufacturer's serial number, model number, Federal stock number and National stock number (if applicable), and identification number
  - iii. Source of equipment (award number or project number)
  - iv. Acquisition date
  - v. Location and condition of the equipment (updated annually for inventory)
  - vi. Unit acquisition cost
  - vii. Ultimate disposition of equipment, including date of disposal, and sales price. For equipment purchased with federal funds, the method used to determine current fair market value where the Company compensates the federal government.

#### 5) Paying the invoice:

- a. The packing slip and the purchase order must be reconciled with the invoice received direct from the vendor
- b. Payment by check shall be made on a timely basis to avoid penalties or late fees
- c. Code the disbursement payment for project accounting
- d. Cross reference the check number and date with the invoice paid
- e. Present completed check with supporting document to President for signature
- f. File invoices and all related documents together by vendor

#### 6) Review of procurement by Board of Directors:

Quarterly, or more frequently if determined necessary, the Board of Directors shall review the paid invoices for the quarterly period to provide a review of the procedures and expenditures.

#### 7) Purchase order format:

a. The following purchase order form shall be used for supplies procurement

# Sample Purchase Order Request Form

Requisitio	n Number	Purch	Purchase Order Number								
Account N	lumber	Acco	Account Name								
Professor	Name	Signa	Signature								
Your name	e	Your	Your Phone Number								
Your emai	il										
DATE:											
Special Ins	structions:										
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
Item No.	Description	Quantity	Unit (each, pkg, case)	Per-Unit	Line Item						
			(cacii, pkg, case)	Price	Total Price						
□In Stock	Lead Time			Total Pr	ice						
Shipping F	Preference   Ground   Exp	ress									
Complete	Name of Vendor		Name of Contact								
Vendor Ad	ddress		Contact phon	e number:							
			Contact fax no	umber:							

Please attach any web printout or email or faxed quotation received from vendor.

# **Sample Expense Report**

Date	City and State	Lodgin	g	Lodging Per Dien		Lodging Excess		Meal Per Diem	Entertainr Business (Itemized	√leals	Airfare , Mileage	Car Renta / Taxi	al	Parking/To	lls	Phone/Fax	(It	Misc emized elow)	Daily Tota	
																				╧
																				╧
																				$oldsymbol{\perp}$
																				╧
																				╧
TOTALS:																				
																Less A	dvar	ice		
Governn	nent approved p	er diem	rate	s for the	tro	ivel city: h	ttp.	://www.	gsa.gov							То	tal			

#### **ENTERTAINMENT AND BUSINESS MEALS**

Date	Name, Company, Title of Person(s) Entertained	Business Discussed	Time and Place	Amount	% Allocated to Business		

### MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

Date	Item	Amount	

☐ I hereby certify that the above is a true and accurate account of my expens	ses in connection with the stated company business.
Signature:	_ Date
Approved:	Date

# Sample Policy and Procedures Related to Consortium / Contractual Agreements

#### 1. Background

A consortium grant is defined as the following. It is a grant to one institution in support of a research project in which any programmatic activity is carried out through a collaborative arrangement between or among the grantee institution and one or more other institutions or organizations which are separate legal entities, administratively independent of the grantee. The involvement of the nongrantee (collaborating) institution is that of actually performing a portion of the programmatic activity as opposed to simply providing a routine service to the grantee such as equipment fabrication or repair, data processing, or performing routine analytical testing services.

When in-house expertise required for a project does not exist, the Company may have the need to enter into a consortium agreement or other contractual relationship(s) with another entity or entities in regard to scientific/research matters or otherwise. The policy and process for identifying need for such relationships (and the negotiation and execution thereof) are as follows:

#### 2. Identification of Need and Responsible Officer

Responsibility of selection of a consortium partner depends on the area of specialty involved. For scientific/research activities, the Vice President of Research shall identify possible entities and make the selection based on the qualifications of such entity. The President shall be responsible for negotiating consortium agreements in all other matters.

#### 3. Terms and Conditions

All consortium agreements shall be in writing, and shall, at a minimum, include the following terms and conditions:

- a. Describe the activity to be performed by the respective parties
- b. Set the start and finish dates, including milestones as applicable
- c. Amount of payment due and related schedule for submission of payment voucher
- d. Require that the consortium certifies compliance with all federal regulations, policies, assurances and requirements pertinent to the project
- e. Terms from the awarding agency that are pertinent to the consortium
- f. Due date for progress report

#### 4. Legal Counsel

In the event that legal counsel is required to negotiate any applicable consortium agreement terms, approval of the President is required before the Vice President of Research or any other Officer engages the assistance of counsel.

#### 5. Review and Payment

The principal investigator at the Company shall be responsible for reviewing the progress reports and the detailed payment voucher from the consortium. After review and approval of the report and voucher, the documents shall be sent to the bookkeeper for payment. Any discrepancies or problems identified by the principal investigator shall be immediately reported to the President.

#### 6. Final Authority

All consortium agreements or other similar contracts must be signed by the President or the designated company official in order to commit the Company and the contract must be countersigned by an authorized business official of the selected entity.

## **Sample Policy for Managing Conflicts of Significant Financial Interests**

#### 1) INTRODUCTION

a)	General Policy The principles articulated herein are intended to provide guidance in the management of formal relationships between employees of
b)	Scope This policy and the associated procedures are applicable immediately to all sponsored program activity at carried out by Company employees, consultants, scientists, trainees, technicians and other agents or research collaborators ("Company employees"). The policy and the associated procedures are derived from the final rules on <i>Objectivity in Research</i> promulgated by the PHS and the NSF that were published in the <i>Federal Register</i> of July 11, 1995. These procedures will be followed whenever or its employees submit a request for funding from any external agency, whether it is the PHS, the NSF or another Federal agency.
c)	Research and the Mission Statement The Mission Statement for states:

#### The Company's Mission:

Such company research is facilitated and/or made possible through external funding from private as well as public sources. It is the Company's responsibility to assure the integrity of all aspects of such sponsored research while, simultaneously, taking care not to discourage the development of external funding opportunities. The purpose of this document is to identify situations where potential conflicts of significant financial interest are likely to arise and to establish a process whereby such conflicts are either avoided or at least managed equitably to the satisfaction of all concerned parties.

a) Managing Conflicts of Significant Financial Interest This document articulates Company policy on the management or elimination of conflicts of significant financial interest between outside constituencies and the associated funded activities carried out by Company. While this policy focuses upon avoiding, or at least managing, conflicts of significant financial interest, its primary purpose is to promote compliance with the standards of Objectivity in Research.

#### 2) DEFINITIONS

- a) Conflict of Significant Financial Interest is considered to occur whenever a Company employee, or a family member of the Company employee, has an existing or potential financial or other material interest that impairs, or appears to impair, the Company employee's independence and objectivity in the discharge of his/her responsibilities to and/or for the Company; or, alternatively, conflict of significant financial interest is considered to occur whenever a Company employee receives financial or other material benefit through inappropriate use of knowledge or information confidential to the Company.
- b) <u>Company Employee</u> is any individual employed on a full- or part-time basis by \_\_\_\_\_ and is receiving, or will receive, compensation for such employment. (Includes Consultants, Agents and Research Collaborators of Company).
- c) <u>Investigator</u> is the principal investigator, co-principal investigators, or any other Company employee responsible for the design, conduct, or reporting of externally funded scientific research activities.
- d) <u>Family member</u> includes the Company employee's spouse and children or other adults who qualify as dependents under the Internal Revenue Code definitions.
- e) <u>Project</u> implies any externally funded activity such as basic, applied, or developmental research, or other activity conducted by Company employees on behalf of the Company.
- f) Significant Financial Interest is any item of monetary value including, but not limited to:
  - i) salary or other payments for services rendered such as consulting fees;
  - ii) equity interests such as stocks, stock options, or other ownership interest; and
  - iii) intellectual property rights such as patents, copyrights, and royalties from such intellectual property rights.

Significant Financial Interest does not include:

- i) Company remuneration such as salary or royalties;
- ii) consulting fees from service on advisory committees or review panels for public or nonprofit entities; or
- iii) financial interest in business enterprises or entities where the value of such interests would not be anticipated to exceed \$10,000 per annum or represent more than a five per cent (5%) ownership interest. The value of such equity interests is to be determined on the basis of public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value.
- g) <u>Negative Finding</u> means a determination has been made that no conflict of significant financial interest exists.
- h) <u>Positive Finding</u> means a determination has been made that a conflict of significant financial interest does exist and, therefore, appropriate administrative action will be required as given under 3.d. below.

#### 3) POLICY STATEMENT

- a) Mandatory Disclosure of Significant Financial Interests In accord with relevant Federal and State of California regulations, the Company is required to manage, eliminate, or reduce any potential conflicts of significant financial interests that may be inherent in the personal financial interest of an investigator. Company, therefore, requires investigators to disclose to the Company, any significant financial interest, including those of his/her family members, which would reasonably appear to be affected by the project being funded by external government agencies. Investigators are required to provide updated disclosure information during the time period in which the proposal is pending, annually during the time period of an award, or whenever new significant financial interests are obtained by the investigator.
- b) Identification of Conflicts of Significant Financial Interests
  In conjunction with the administrative review of applications for grants, the Director of
  Research, in conjunction with the Manager of Human Resources and the Manager of Corporate
  Legal Services will review each Financial Disclosure submitted and shall make the determination
  of whether or not a conflict of significant financial interest exists. If the Director of Research,
  Manager of Human Resources and Manager of Corporate Legal Services determines that no
  conflict of significant financial interest exists, the resulting negative finding will be filed in the
  Company's Legal and Human Resource files. For negative findings no further review is required.
- c) Appeal of Positive Findings
  Investigators may appeal a resulting positive finding to the President for a review of the conflict of significant financial interest determination reached by the Director of Research, Manager of Human Resources and Manager of Corporate Legal Services. The review of an appealed positive finding must be completed prior to the expenditure of any funds under an award. In reviewing positive findings, the President will be guided by the following principles: 1) Assure adherence to all relevant Company policies; 2) Give full considerations to the nature and extent of the financial interests in the relationship of the investigator, and/or the investigator's family members, with the external constituencies; 3) Give special consideration to the terms and conditions of sponsored project agreements that mitigate or complicate the given situation; and 4) Consult fully with the investigator and obtain additional information from the investigator, as deemed appropriate to the management of the apparent conflict of significant financial interest.
- d) Managing Positive Findings of Significant Financial Interests

  Following the determination of a positive finding, or upon receipt of the review by the

  President, The Director of Research, Manager of Human Resources and Manager of Legal shall

  make a final determination involving one of the administrative actions: 1) Accepting the

  sponsored project award; 2) Not accepting the sponsored project award; or 3) Accepting the

  sponsored project award subject to suitable modifications in the award documentation or in

  the investigator's, or his/her family's, affiliation with the external constituencies involved.

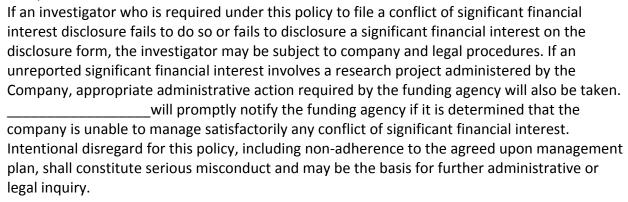
  Reasonable modifications under option 3) above might include one or more of the following

  actions; 1) Requiring that public disclosure of the identified financial interests be made; 2)

  Requiring that the data and research results be reviewed by independent reviewers identified

by the President and the investigator; 3) Requiring that the research plan be modified; 4) Requiring that the investigator be disqualified from participation in a portion of the research; 5) Requiring that the investigator and/or her/his family member(s) divest certain significant financial interests related to the positive finding; or 6) Requiring that the investigator and/or his/her family members(s) sever relationships that create the conflict of significant financial interest.

#### e) Compliance



#### SAMPLE DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL INTERESTS FORM

Name	Department		
Title			
Grant Proposal Title			
Intended Government Funding Agency		-	
Name of Constituent Organization/Instituti Interest:	on in which you claim a Sigr	nificant Financial	
Name			
Address			
City, State Zip			
Describe in detail the nature of your financ institution with respect to the following:	ial interest or role in the Co	nstituent Organization	or
1. Describe your significant financial interes directly related to your research interest (o business decision you are participating in:			

<u>Significant Financial Interest</u> is any item of monetary value including, but not limited to:

- a) salary or other payments for services rendered (e.g. consulting fees or honoraria)
- b) equity interests (e.g. stocks, stock options, or other ownership interest)
- c) intellectual property rights (e.g. patents, copyrights, and royalties from such rights) Significant Financial Interest does not include:
  - a) salary, royalties, or other remuneration from the applicant institution
  - b) any ownership interest in the institution, if the institution is an applicant under the SBIR Program

- c) income from seminars, lectures, or teaching engagements sponsored by public or nonprofit entities;
- d) income from service on advisory committees or review panels for public or nonprofit entities;
- e) an equality interest that when aggregated for the Investigator and the Investigator's spouse and dependent children, meets both of the following tests: does not exceed \$10,000 in value as determined through reference to public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value, and does not represent more than five percent ownership interest in any single entity;
- f) salary, royalties or other payments that when aggregated for the investigator and the investigator's spouse and dependent children over the next twelve months, are not reasonable expected to exceed \$10,000.

. Describe your involvement or financial interest that is, or could be perceived to be, in confli he discharge or your duties at:	ct with
ne discharge of your dathes at.	

# Sample Screening Form for Identifying Conflicts of Significant Financial Interests

Name:	Department:
(Investigator)	
Title/Status:(Employee, Consultant)	Other Affiliate or Status:
Grant Proposal Title:	
Intended Government Funding Agency:	
	n a commercial organization (other than) st (or would be affected by your research) or directly ating in?
value (such as salary, consulting fees, fees for rights) or an ownership interest or Stock Optic	" means an interest which annually exceeds \$10,000 in seminars, lectures, royalties, or intellectual property on(s) in the organization which exceeds 5% when and dependent children. (Excluding any remuneration
2. Do you have some involvement or financial with the discharge of your duties at	interest that is, or could be perceived to be, in conflict ? ☐ Yes ☐ No
3. Do you have a consulting or other financial sponsor/donor of your research? ☐ Yes ☐ N	relationship with a non-governmental external Io
4. Do you have a managerial role in or an oppointerest in a company in a field of your researce	ortunity for personal gain through a significant financial ch or a company that does business with
	any relationships, commitments, or activities that might, or to present a conflict of interest with your research
subject area in which you also have a significa	lead to the award of, external funding for research in a nt financial interest in any external activity such as a an opportunity to receive significant financial interest?
	ns, you will be asked to disclose in further detail any sare defined in the Policy For Managing Conflicts of

,	r being familiar with the Policy for Managing Conflicts o	
Signature:	Date:	
Approved □ Disapproved □		
Signature:	Date:	

## **SBIR/STTR RESOURCE GUIDE**

This is a list of useful website addresses to the SBIR/STTR program. The sites provide pertinent information on policies, procedures, and issues, as they pertain to the SBIR/STTR program. Please use this helpful information as a source of reference on issues concerning the Small Business funding opportunities. Information for new grantee organizations (including information on payment) can be found at: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/welcomewagon.htm

#### **General Information Links**

-NIH-

National Institutes of Health: <a href="http://www.nih.gov">http://www.nih.gov</a> NIH Grants: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/oer.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/oer.htm</a>

NIH SBIR & STTR: http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/funding/sbir.htm

NIH Grants Policy Statement: http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/index.htm

-NCI-

National Cancer Institute: <a href="http://www.cancer.gov/">http://www.cancer.gov/</a>

NCI SBIR & STTR: <a href="http://sbir.cancer.gov/">http://sbir.cancer.gov/</a>

-Misc-

Small Business Association: <a href="http://www.sba.gov/">http://www.sba.gov/</a>

-FAQs-

NIH FAQ: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/frequent questions.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/frequent questions.htm</a></a>
SBIR/STTR FAQ: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/sbir">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/sbir</a> fags.htm

#### **Applications and Forms**

General Funding Solicitation: <a href="http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/forms.htm#sbir">http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/forms.htm#sbir</a>
Application Instructions: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/424/index.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/424/index.htm</a>

Progress Report Instructions and Financial Forms: http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/forms.htm

OMB Grant Forms: <a href="http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants">http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants</a> forms

#### **Audits and Cost Principles**

OMB Circulars: <a href="http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars default">http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars default</a>
Federal Acquisition Regulation: <a href="https://www.acquisition.gov/Far/">https://www.acquisition.gov/Far/</a>
Government Auditing Standards: <a href="https://www.gao.gov/yellowbook">https://www.gao.gov/yellowbook</a>

#### **Animal Research**

http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/olaw/olaw.htm

#### **Biohazards**

Health and Safety Guidelines: http://grants2.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/not95-209.html

#### Changes in Project and Budget & NIC Prior Approval

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch8.htm# Toc271264922

#### **Conflict of Interest**

NIH Current Resource: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/coi/index.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/coi/index.htm</a>

COI FAQs: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/coifaq.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/coifaq.htm</a>

#### **Consortiums**

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch15.htm# Toc271265264

#### Costs

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch7.htm#selected cost items

#### **Human Subjects Research**

http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/hs/index.htm

#### **Indirect Costs**

http://oamp.od.nih.gov/dfas/dfas.asp

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch18.htm#indirect costs

#### **Intellectual Property**

http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/intell-property.htm

https://s-edison.info.nih.gov/iEdison/

#### **Payment**

http://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/nihgps 2010/nihgps ch6.htm#payment

#### **Time and Effort Reporting**

http://oamp.od.nih.gov/dfas/forprofittime\_effort.asp