



AS OF SEPTEMBER 2012

COMPACT GOAL

The five-year, approximately \$362.6 million Lesotho Compact is designed to provide strategic investments to achieve the following: 1) Increase the availability of water for households and industrial use; 2) Test watershed management and conservation methods; 3) Rehabilitate health infrastructure and strengthen health systems; and 4) Remove barriers to foreign and local private sector investment.

COMPACT AT A GLANCE

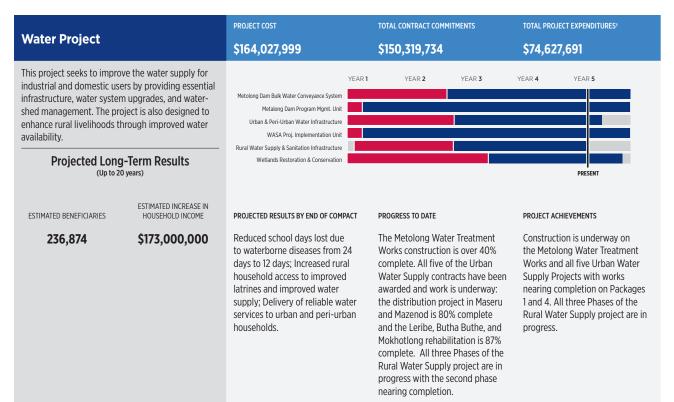
Compact Signed	07-23-2007
Entry Into Force	09-17-2008
Compact End Date	09-17-2013
Compact Total	\$362,551,000
Amount Committed	\$311,257,981
Amount Expended	\$195,721,694
Estimated Program Beneficiaries	1,041,422
Estimated Increase in Household Income	\$376,000,000

% OF TOTAL COMPACT BUDGET (US			MILLIONS)		
45%	Water Project		\$164.0		
34%	Health Project		\$122.3		
10%	Private Sector Development Project		\$36.4		
9 %	Program Administ	ration	\$31.8		
2%	Monitoring and Ev	aluation	\$7.8		



Project Preparation

Project Implementation



Health Project		PROJECT COST \$122,398,000		TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS \$102,098,279		TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES ⁺	
						\$74,988,19	\$74,988,196
This project is designed to mitigate the negative economic impacts of poor maternal health, HIV/ AIDS, tuberculosis (TB), and other diseases by substantially strengthening Lesotho's health care infrastructure and health system: capacity of health care workers (HCWs), national health informatics system, de-centralization of health, research and medical waste management.		YEAR 1 Health Care Center Infrastructure ART Clinic Infrastructure Central Lab Infrastructure Blood Transfusion Center Blood Transfusion Center Contrad Transfusion Center Contrad Transfusion Center Contrad		YEAR 2	YEAR 3 Y	EAR 4 YE	AR 5
Projected Long (Up to 20		Health Systems Intervention Medical Waste Management					
ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES	ESTIMATED INCREASE IN HOUSEHOLD INCOME	PROJECTED RESULTS BY END	OF COMPACT	PROGRESS TO DA	ΓE	PROJECT ACHIEVE	MENTS
752,003 \$142,000,000		Up to 138 health centers and 14 out-patient departments renovated; Strengthened and mainstreamed HIV/AIDS and TB services; Construction of a new central lab, new health training college dormitory and mentor housing, and blood facility; Strengthened health systems and improved medical waste management.		Design and construction on Health Centers (HCs), Outpatient Departments (OPDs), Botsabelo (blood transfusion center, student and staff dormitories) are under- way. Contract completion: HCs: 49%; OPDs: 93%; Botsabelo: 89% complete. Legislation for medical waste complete, de-centralization launched and underway, the Electronic Medical Records system rolling out in OPDs.		Construction of the Domiciliary Health Clinic was completed and handed over in 2010. Construction of the National Reference Laboratory was completed and handed over in January 2012. The 14 Out-Patient Departments are nearing completion and beginning the process of final inspection and hand-over. Construction and Rehabilitation of Health Centers are underway. Electronic Medical Records successfully piloted.	
Private Sector Dev	Private Sector Development		PROJECT COST TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS		COMMITMENTS	TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES ⁺	
Project		\$36,470,318		\$23,900,444		\$16,053,149	
This project is designed to i economic activity in Lesoth credit, reducing transaction participation of women in t Projected Long (Up to 20	o by improving access to costs, and increasing the he formal economy.	Civil Legal Reform National ID/Credit Bureau Land Admin. Reform Payment & Settlement Sys. Gender Equality in Econ. Rights	YEAR1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3 Yi		AR 5
368,319 \$60,000,000 Credit bureau es Regularization a of 55,000 land p commercial disp		PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMPACT		PROGRESS TO DATE		PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS	
		Credit bureau establish Regularization and regi of 55,000 land parcels; commercial dispute res Gender equality progra implemented.	stration Increased olution;	ration and a contractor have begun creased regularizing an additional 50,000		Annual value of new mortgage bonds registered rose from around \$24 million in 2008 to approxi- mately \$36 million in 2011 and \$27 million in the first 9 months of 2012. Time required to conduct a land transfer decreasing from 101 to 61 days and annual sporadic registrations increased from around 1200 in 2010 to already over 2020 registrations in the first 3 quarters of 2012.	

*Expenditures are the sum of cash outlays and quarterly accruals for work completed but not yet paid or invoiced.