

QUARTERLY STATUS REPORT



COMPACT GOAL

The \$480.9 million Compact with the Government of Burkina Faso (GOBF) aims to reduce poverty and stimulate economic growth through strategic investments in four projects. The projects will increase investment in land and rural productivity through improved land tenure security and land management; expand the productive use of land in order to increase the volume and value of agricultural production in project zones; enhance access to markets through investments in the road network; and increase primary school completion rates for girls.

COMPACT AT A GLANCE

Compact Signed	07-14-2008
Entry Into Force	07-31-2009
Compact End Date	07-31-2014
Compact Total	\$480,943,569
Amount Committed	\$146,236,380
Amount Expended	\$138,933,468
Estimated Program Beneficiaries	1,181,296
Estimated Increase in Household Income	\$108,095,388

% OF TOTAL COMPACT BUDGET (USD MILLIONS)

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30%	Agriculture Development Project	\$141.9
12%	Rural Land Governance Project	\$59.9
40%	Roads Project	\$194.1
6%	BRIGHT II Schools Project	\$28.8
10%	Program Admin	\$48.2
2%	Monitoring and Evaluation	\$7.8





Agriculture Development Project

This project aims to expand the productive use of land in order to increase the volume and value of agricultural production in project zones. The project consists of the following mutually reinforcing activities: water management and irrigation; diversified agriculture; and access to rural finance.

Projected Long-Term Results (Up to 20 years)

ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES

ESTIMATED INCREASE IN HOUSEHOLD INCOME

65,920

\$58,000,000



PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMPACT

Increase land under irrigation by up to 1,740 hectares through infrastructure and water management improvements in the Sourou valley. Increase irrigated and rainfed agricultural productivity. Improve access to rural finance by providing 1,000 loans.

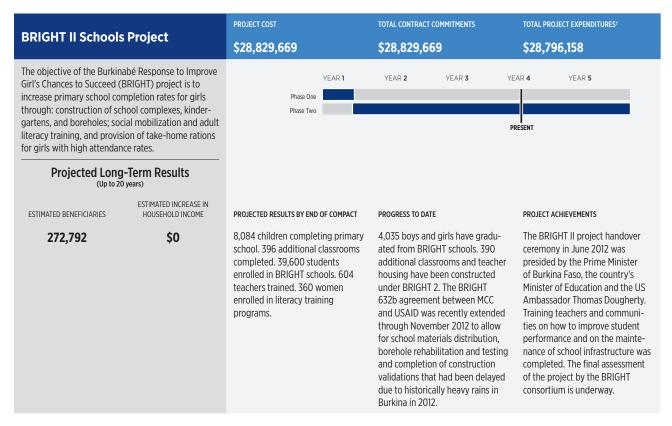
PROGRESS TO DATE

Construction of the Di irrigation perimeter has begun in earnest with more than \$8 million disbursed. The Lery civil works IFB package was released for tender, with work expected to begin in December 2012.

PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS

Training of producers in a wide variety of improved agricultural techniques and value chain development continues. Water user associations on nine established irrigation perimeters are being trained. The GoBF has put policies in place that will allow, for the first time in Burkina Faso, the establishment of water user associations, and has committed to provide full land title to people affected by the Di irrigation project.

PROJECT COST TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES[†] **Rural Land Governance Project** \$59.934.615 \$19.302.503 \$16.591.981 This project aims to increase investment in land YEAR 1 YEAR 2 YEAR 3 YEAR 4 YEAR 5 and rural productivity through legal and procedural changes with associated communication and Legal & Procedural Change outreach; institutional development and capacity building for land services delivery; and site-specific land tenure interventions in selected communes. PRESENT **Projected Long-Term Results** (Up to 20 years) ESTIMATED INCREASE IN ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES HOUSEHOLD INCOME PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMPACT PROGRESS TO DATE PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS \$0 Improve land conflict resolution. 160 new land registration officials MCC determined that the 0 and 26 new mapping officials Formalize up to 62,000 rural Compact's four criteria for hectares in agricultural perimeters graduated from multi-year trainpassage to the Project's Phase 2 were substantially achieved. MCA and in Ganzorgou province. Adopt ing programs. These officials will legal and regulatory reforms. Map soon be deployed to regional and supported the new municipal land up to 9,400 hectares through provincial offices, furthering deservices to begin procedures to participatory land use planning. centralization and increasing the issue the country's first rural land Install rural land tenure services in capacity of national institutions to rights certificates – a feature of up to 47 communes. deliver land services country-wide. the 2009 Rural Land Tenure Law. TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES† PROJECT COST TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS **Roads Project** \$194,130,681 \$19,011,603 \$17,841,872 This project aims to enhance access to markets YEAR 1 YEAR 2 YEAR 3 YEAR 4 YEAR 5 through investments in the road network through rehabilitation of three primary roads; improvements Primary Road Development of rural roads; capacity building and technical Secondary Road Development assistance for road maintenance; and an incentive Maintenance Capacity Building matching fund for periodic road maintenance. Incentive Matching Fund PRESENT **Projected Long-Term Results** (Up to 20 years) ESTIMATED INCREASE IN ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMPACT PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS HOUSEHOLD INCOME PROGRESS TO DATE 842,584 \$50,000,000 Develop 271 kilometers of primary The largest of the primary road The condition precedent which construction contracts (144 km road segments in western Burkina requires the Road Fund to be Faso. Improve 151 kilometers for the Dedougou-Mali-Nouna fully operational prior to funding of rural roads segments in the road) was signed in January 2012 the Banfora-Sindou road, was Comoé Basin of southwestern and works have commenced, with established to strengthen the road Burkina Faso. Capacity building more than \$8 million disbursed. maintenance agency in Burkina and technical assistance to The construction contract for the Faso thereby ensuring that MCCimprove road maintenance. 80 km Sabou-Koudougou-Didyr funded roads -and the Burkina primary road was signed in road network -are regularly maintained and sustainable. The September 2012. The final primary road contract for the 50 km CP was satisfied in September of Banfora-Sindou road is expected 2012 allowing for the signature of the final primary road works before the end of the year. contract.



The Di irrigation sub-activity of the Agriculture Development Project was re-scoped in October 2011 due to increased construction costs. The irrigated perimeter in Di, originally targeted to be 2,033 hectares, was reduced to 1,740 hectares; additional hectares may constructed should funding become available.

A restructuring of the Primary and Rural Roads activities of the Roads Project was approved by the IMC and CEO in June 2012. The reallocation request was prompted by increased costs related to the construction of two primary roads. MCA has reallocated funds from the rural roads, which now will only be completed if contingency funding becomes available, and from the Incentive Matching Fund for Periodic Maintenance.

†Expenditures are the sum of cash outlays and quarterly accruals for work completed but not yet paid or invoiced.

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