

Table 2. Consumer Price Index and percent change, all items, U.S. city average and selected areas 1982-84=100, unless otherwise noted (not seasonally adjusted)

Area	All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)					Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W)				
	Index		Percent change to Oct 2011 from --			Index		Percent change to Oct 2011 from --		
	Sep 2011	Oct 2011	Oct 2010	Aug 2011	Sep 2011	Sep 2011	Oct 2011	Oct 2010	Aug 2011	Sep 2011
U.S. city average	226.889	226.421	3.5	-0.1	-0.2	223.688	223.043	3.9	-0.1	-0.3
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, Ill.-Ind.-Wis.	220.027	219.592	2.9	0.0	-0.2	215.005	214.145	3.5	-0.3	-0.4
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, Calif.	233.022	233.049	2.8	0.5	0.0	226.096	226.116	3.1	0.6	0.0
New York-Northern N.J.-Long Island, N.Y.-N.J.-Conn.-Pa.	250.559	250.051	3.3	0.0	-0.2	246.877	246.297	3.7	0.1	-0.2
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, Mass.-N.H.-Maine-Conn.	245.310	-	-	-	-	246.424	-	-	-	-
Cleveland-Akron, Ohio	213.004	-	-	-	-	204.981	-	-	-	-
Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas	209.255	-	-	-	-	214.567	-	-	-	-
Washington-Baltimore, D.C.-Md.-Va.-W.Va. (Nov. 1996=100)	147.658	-	-	-	-	148.352	-	-	-	-
Atlanta, Ga.	-	209.182	3.1	-1.5	-	-	208.362	3.2	-1.9	-
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, Mich.	-	212.927	3.5	-0.5	-	-	209.427	3.7	-0.5	-
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, Texas	-	201.398	3.2	-0.5	-	-	200.464	3.8	-0.6	-
Miami-Fort Lauderdale, Fla.	-	232.141	3.8	-0.3	-	-	230.728	4.2	-0.3	-
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md.	-	235.440	3.0	-0.3	-	-	236.478	3.4	0.0	-
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, Calif.	-	235.331	3.2	0.3	-	-	232.371	3.6	0.4	-
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, Wash.	-	235.916	3.8	0.9	-	-	232.697	4.3	0.9	-

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Official Business

Consumer Price Index, October 2011

Note to CPI users:

This announcement details Consumer Price Indexes for two population groups: All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). Both indexes reflect 1982-84 spending patterns. Monthly percent changes are shown for the U.S. and five large areas; bimonthly data are presented for the remaining areas. Area indexes do not measure differences in the levels of prices among cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.

Local area CPI indexes are by-products of the national CPI program. Because each local index is a small subset of the national index, it has a smaller sample size and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. As a result, area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in escalator clauses.

This announcement is primarily intended for those users requiring the current indexes on a regular basis. More detailed information may be obtained by writing this office, calling (215) 597-3282, or faxing (215) 861-5720.