

Table 2. Consumer Price Index and percent change, all items, U.S. city average and selected areas 1982-84=100, unless otherwise noted (not seasonally adjusted)

Area	All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)					Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W)				
	Index		Percent change to Dec 2010 from --			Index		Percent change to Dec 2010 from --		
	Nov 2010	Dec 2010	Dec 2009	Oct 2010	Nov 2010	Nov 2010	Dec 2010	Dec 2009	Oct 2010	Nov 2010
U.S. city average	218.803	219.179	1.5	0.2	0.2	214.750	215.262	1.7	0.3	0.2
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, Ill.-Ind.-Wis.	213.066	213.778	1.2	0.2	0.3	206.632	207.479	1.6	0.3	0.4
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, Calif.	225.941	226.639	1.3	-0.1	0.3	218.694	219.619	1.6	0.1	0.4
New York-Northern N.J.-Long Island, N.Y.-N.J.-Conn.-Pa.	241.960	241.874	1.4	0.0	0.0	237.606	237.575	1.8	0.0	0.0
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, Mass.-N.H.-Maine-Conn.	238.103	-	-	-	-	238.891	-	-	-	-
Cleveland-Akron, Ohio	206.168	-	-	-	-	197.530	-	-	-	-
Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas	201.168	-	-	-	-	204.918	-	-	-	-
Washington-Baltimore, D.C.-Md.-Va.-W.Va. (Nov. 1996=100)	142.915	-	-	-	-	142.938	-	-	-	-
Atlanta, Ga.	-	202.519	1.0	-0.2	-	-	201.390	1.0	-0.2	-
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, Mich.	-	206.384	1.2	0.3	-	-	202.280	1.3	0.2	-
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, Texas	-	194.479	1.9	-0.3	-	-	192.863	2.1	-0.1	-
Miami-Fort Lauderdale, Fla.	-	224.907	0.9	0.6	-	-	222.510	0.7	0.5	-
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md.	-	228.017	1.4	-0.2	-	-	228.072	1.5	-0.3	-
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, Calif.	-	227.658	1.5	-0.2	-	-	224.152	1.8	-0.1	-
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, Wash.	-	226.862	0.6	-0.2	-	-	222.853	0.9	-0.1	-

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Note to CPI users:

This announcement details Consumer Price Indexes for two population groups: All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). Both indexes reflect 1982-84 spending patterns. Monthly percent changes are shown for the U.S. and five large areas; bimonthly data are presented for the remaining areas. Area indexes do not measure differences in the levels of prices among cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.

Local area CPI indexes are by-products of the national CPI program. Because each local index is a small subset of the national index, it has a smaller sample size and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. As a result, area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in escalator clauses.

This announcement is primarily intended for those users requiring the current indexes on a regular basis. More detailed information may be obtained by writing this office, calling (215) 597-3282, or faxing (215) 861-5720.

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Regional Commissioner