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CONTENTS	Page
DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGING	
Library of Congress Rule Interpretations	2
MUSIC CATALOGING DECISIONS	32
SUBJECT CATALOGING	
Subdivision Simplification Progress	48
Changed or Cancelled Free-Floating Subdivisions	48
Subject Headings of Current Interest	48
Revised LC Subject Headings	50
Subject Headings Replaced by Name Headings	56
MARC	
Language Codes	56

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DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGING

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS RULE INTERPRETATIONS (LCRI)

Cumulative index of LCRI to the *Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules*, second edition, 1998 revision, that have appeared in issues of *Cataloging Service Bulletin*. Any LCRI previously published but not listed below is no longer applicable and has been cancelled. Lines in the margins (|) of revised interpretations indicate where changes have occurred.

Rule	Number	Page
1.0	49	10
1.0C	50	12
1.0E	69	17
1.0F	56	11
1.0G	44	9
1.0H	44	9
1.1B1	44	9
1.1C	84	11
1.1D2	84	11
1.1E	44	10
1.1E5	84	11
1.1F1	13	4
1.1F4	14	6
1.1F6	44	11
1.1F7	44	11
1.1F11 1.1F15	84 17	11 6
1.1F13 1.1G1	48	10
1.1G1 1.1G2	87	10
1.1G2 1.1G3	44	11
1.2B4	38	29
1.2B5	84	11
1.2C4	84	11
1.2C5	84	11
1.2E3	84	12
1.4A2	67	14
1.4C7	15	3
1.4D1	44	12
1.4D2	84	12
1.4D3	89	10
1.4D4	47	11
1.4D5	67	14
1.4D6	66	11
1.4D7	44	16
1.4E	12	11 9
1.4E1 1.4F1	11 92	9 10
1.4F2	92	10
1.4F5	47	15
1.4F6	92	11
1.4F7	47	17
1.4F8	45	12
1.4G	14	9
1.4G4	84	12
1.5A3	84	12
1.5B4	84	13
1.5B5	8	9
1.5D2	84	13
1.5E1	50	23
1.6	81	11
1.6A2	74	27
1.6B	91	12
1.6C	79 76	12
1.6E1 1.6F	76 91	16 13
1.01	71	13

Rule	Number	Page
1.6G	93	10
1.6G2	77	18
1.6G3	91	16
1.6H 1.6H6	91 91	17 17
1.6H7	91	17
1.6J	74	26
1.7A1	44	16
1.7A3 1.7A4	46 60	23 14
1.7B2	89	10
1.7B4	39	11
1.7B13	64	12
1.7B20 1.7B21	12 38	15 31
1.7B21 1.8	76	19
1.8B2	8	9
1.8E1	67	19
1.10 1.10C2	84 84	13 13
1.10C2 1.10D1	84	13
1.11A	89	12
1.11C	55	16
2.0B1	45	15
2.1C 2.2	47 41	30 14
2.2B1	44	20
2.2B3	44	20
2.2B4	84	13
2.4D1 2.4E	47 47	30 30
2.4G2	8	9
2.5B7	52	15
2.5B8	44	21
2.5B9 2.5B10	44 51	21 29
2.5B10 2.5B17	17	14
2.5B19	44	21
2.5B21	84	13
2.5B22 2.5B24	38 47	32 30
2.5C2	87	10
2.5C5	87	10
2.7B1	54	29
2.7B4 2.7B7	47 58	31 14
2.7B9	44	21
2.7B14	18	23
2.7B17	60	15
2.7B18 2.8C	92 67	12 19
2.12-2.18	54	30
3.1C	47	34
3.1G1	47	34
3.1G4 3.2B3	47 47	34 34
3.2B3 3.2B4	84	13
3.3B2	8	10
3.3C2	8	10
3.3D 3.4D1	25 8	44 10
3.4E	47	34
3.4G2	47	34
3.5B2	47	34
3.5B5 3.5D1	47 8	34 10
J.JU 1	U	10

Rule	Number	Page
3.5D3 3.5D5 3.7B4	8 8 47	10 10 34
4.1C 4.1F2 4.2B3 4.5B2 4.5B3 4.7B4	47 47 47 47 47 47	35 35 35 35 35 35
5.1B1 5.1C 5.1F1 5.2B1 5.2B3 5.2B4 5.3 5.4D1 5.4E 5.4G2 5.5B1 5.5B2 5.5B3 5.7B1 5.7B4 5.7B19	55 47 46 33 47 84 34 8 47 47 47 47 52 47 55 47	16 35 23 32 35 14 25 10 35 35 36 17 36 17
6.1B1 6.1C 6.1F1 6.1G1 6.1G4 6.2B3 6.2B4 6.4D1 6.4E 6.4F1 6.4G2 6.5B1 6.5B2 6.5C8 6.7B1 6.7B4 6.7B6 6.7B10 6.7B18 6.7B19 6.8	44 47 11 11 47 47 84 8 47 93 47 92 33 8 55 47 13 13 13 14 13	25 36 15 15 36 36 14 10 36 12 36 14 36 11 17 36 14 14 17 15
7.1B1 7.1B2 7.1C 7.1G1 7.1G4 7.2B3 7.2B4 7.4C 7.4D1 7.4E 7.4F2 7.4G2 7.5B1 7.5B2 7.7B4 7.7B7	13 8 47 38 47 47 84 13 47 47 47 47 47 47 15	15 11 36 32 36 37 14 16 37 37 37 37 37 37 6

Rule	Number	Page
7.7B9 7.8	13 13	16 15
8.1C 8.2B3 8.2B4 8.4C 8.4D1 8.4E 8.4F2 8.4G2 8.5B1 8.5B2 8.5B6 8.5C1g) 8.7B4 8.7B7 8.7B9 8.7B18	47 47 84 13 47 47 47 64 33 47 47 47 47 15 13 13	37 37 14 17 37 33 38 12 40 38 38 38 6 16 17
9.1C 9.1G1 9.1G4 9.2B3 9.2B6 9.3B1 9.4D1 9.4E 9.4G2 9.5B1 9.5C2 9.7B4	47 47 47 47 84 47 47 47 47 47 87 47	38 38 38 38 14 38 39 39 10 39 14
10.1C 10.2B3 10.2B4 10.4D1 10.4E 10.4G2 10.4G3 10.5B1 10.7B4	47 47 84 47 47 32 47 47	39 39 15 39 39 15 39 40 40
Chapter 11 11.1C 11.1G1 11.1G4 11.2B3 11.2B4 11.4D1 11.4E 11.5B1 11.7B4	81 47 47 47 47 84 47 47 47	20 40 40 40 40 15 40 40 40
12.0 12.0A 12.0B1 12.0F 12.1B3 12.1B4 12.1B7 12.1C 12.1E1 12.2B3 12.3	71 93 91 71 91 71 91 47 44 71	14 12 19 18 20 19 20 42 31 21

Number	Page
71 71 71 81 71 47 47 47 71 71 32 81 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71	22 23 23 21 24 42 42 24 22 22 26 27 15 27 27 27 32 28 28 28 28 28 23 30 16
44 44 11	34 36 17
45 18 15 92 87 18 81 79 78 50 18 44 65 65 23 45 44 45 36 45 45 47 12 45 87 79 89 77 52 78 77 74 63 45 91 31	19 29 8 14 11 34 26 17 40 34 36 37 11 12 21 27 28 37 28 18 31 46 24 32 14 17 16 23 19 41 44 28 11 48 26 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48
	71 71 71 71 81 71 47 47 47 71 71 32 81 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71

Rule	Number	Page
21.32A	45	48
21.33A	41	27
21.35A1	41	28
21.35A2	51	37
21.35B	41	28
21.35C	41	28
21.35E2	46	38
21.36C1-3	8	13
21.36C5-9	8	13
21.36C8	22	26
21.39	23	31
22.1 22.1B 22.2 22.2A 22.2B 22.3A 22.3B1 22.3C 22.3D 22.4 22.5A 22.5C2 22.5C4 22.5C5 22.5D 22.5D1 22.6 22.8 22.8A1 22.8A2 22.1D 22.11D 22.12B 22.13B 22.14 22.15A 22.15B 22.16C 22.15B 22.16C 22.16D 22.17 22.17-22.20 22.18A 22.19 22.22 22.25B1 22.26C1c)	81 44 91 43 71 91 47 40 47 41 36 91 11 91 23 31 45 79 71 44 64 44 18 11 11 11 39 79 44 44 48 83 44 57 71 45 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	27 38 22 32 53 22 53 22 52 29 53 34 20 23 24 24 31 28 50 20 55 46 25 46 55 26 13 20 47 47 22 48 20 56 56 56 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57
23.1	73	16
23.2	87	14
23.4B	60	20
23.4C	41	45
23.4D	41	46
23.4E	41	47
23.4F1	63	16
23.4F2	73	21
24.1	77	45
24.1B	44	53
24.2	47	54
24.2B	21	28
24.2C	13	34
24.2D	44	53
24.3A	45	54
24.3E	45	54

Rule	Number	Page
24.3G 24.4B 24.4C 24.4C4 24.4C5 24.5C1 24.6 24.7 24.7A 24.7B 24.7B 24.7B2 24.8 24.8B 24.9 24.10B 24.13, TYPE 2 24.13, TYPE 3 24.13, TYPE 5 24.14, TYPE 6 24.14 24.15A 24.15B 24.17 24.18 24.18, TYPE 3 24.18, TYPE 5 24.18, TYPE 5 24.18, TYPE 6 24.18, TYPE 6 24.18, TYPE 6 24.18, TYPE 6 24.18, TYPE 11 24.19 24.20B 24.20B 24.21C 24.21D 24.23 24.24A 24.26	21 93 65 64 64 34 78 76 92 92 8 74 42 27 90 53 71 25 44 44 44 18 38 16 45 44 47 14 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	28 15 21 25 26 41 62 32 17 18 14 37 30 10 39 64 67 58 58 76 40 46 58 62 65 63 63 64 76 42 44 64 59 60 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
24.27C 24.27C3 25.1 25.2A 25.3A 25.4A 25.3B 25.5B 25.5C 25.5D 25.6A 25.6A2 25.7 25.8 25.8-25.11 25.9 25.10 25.11 25.13 25.14 25.15A1 25.15A2 25.18A 25.19 25.23 25.29A	44 55 77 64 81 81 44 93 89 44 11 87 89 63 46 60 61 60 93 59 36 11 23 11 44 44	51 28 33 34 65 17 17 67 49 31 18 17 52 22 9 23 29 19 34 52 45 52 68 68

Rule	Number	Page
25.30B4 25.30B5 25.30B7 25.30D 25.32A1 25.32A2 25.34B-25.34C 25.34B1 25.34C2 25.35A1	64 44 44 44 81 33 46 64 44	38 70 70 70 46 50 54 38 71 54
26 26.1 26.1A 26.2 26.2B2 26.2B3 26.2B4 26.2C 26.2D 26.2D2 26.3 26.3A3 26.3A4 26.3A6 26.3A7 26.3B-C 26.4B 26.4C 26.4D2 26.5A 26.5B 26.6	64 47 47 64 45 44 15 74 44 30 32 27 12 21 67 59 77 51 44 78 76 44	38 57 60 43 77 79 30 38 80 22 53 38 45 21 19 54 49 82 76 43 82
A.2A A.4A1 A.4D1 A.7A A.15A A.20 A.25 A.31 A.33 A.34 A.53 A.54	16 64 64 18 18, 21 44 49 17 87 17 26 26	50 46 46 85 86, 58 82 46 28 31 28 18
B.4 B.5 B.9 B.14	13 93 32 51	72 30 57 50
C.1 C.5C C.7 C.8	44 44 44 79	83 84 85 20
D	74	48

TABLE OF CONTENTS

General

More Than One System of Numbering

Numbering Combined with One or More Letters

Numbering Consisting of a Full/Partial Indication of Year and Numeral

Parallel Titles and Numbers

Editions with Identical Series Numbering

Inferred Numbering

Numbering Present Only in Cataloging Data/Bibliography

Numbering of and within a Specific Activity, Event

General

See AACR2 rule 21.30L and LCRI 21.30L for information about recording numbering in access points for series.

See the LCRI for appendix B.5 for information related to substituting a found abbreviation with a different prescribed abbreviation.

LC/NACO practice: If an ordinal number is abbreviated, record that abbreviated form.

LC practice: Record superscript letters "on the line" (e.g., "n°." as "no." or "2ème" as "2ème") as stated in LCRI 1.0E, "Super/Subscript Characters" section.

More Than One System of Numbering

Option Decision

LC practice: Generally, record all separate systems of numeric designations in the series statement. Note: Consider a series to have more than one system of numbering only if there is a one-to-one relationship between each numeric system and the item itself.

Numbering Combined with One or More Letters

If the number is combined with one or more letters, generally transcribe the letter(s) as part of the numbering unless the letter(s) is (are) transcribed at the end of the title proper (cf. LCRI 1.6B).

Numbering Consisting of a Full/Partial Indication of Year and Numeral

If the numeral is combined with a full or partial indication of a year, determine if the year is the publication date or if the year is serving as a volume number and the numeral is a sequential number within that year. If the year is the publication date, omit the year information when transcribing the number. If the year is serving as a volume number, transcribe the numbering as found on the item. In case of doubt, assume that the year is serving as a volume number.

Parallel Titles and Numbers

LC/NACO practice: If parallel titles are being recorded and the numbering also appears in more than one language or script, record each number after the title proper/parallel title to which it relates. If the number appears only once, record it after the title it linguistically matches or after the last title if it matches all, more than one, or none of the titles.

Editions with Identical Series Numbering

When a revised edition of an existing work or an edition of an existing work (e.g., translation) is issued by the same publisher in the same series, the publisher may assign a new series number or the original series number to the revision, translation, etc. In the latter case, proceed as if no duplication of numbering exists.

LC practice: If the series is classified as a collection, distinguish the related editions from each other by adding the date of publication to the call number of the edition published later.

Inferred Numbering

If the item being cataloged lacks a number but the other volumes in the series given in the publisher's listing have numbers, generally infer that the volume being cataloged is the next number in the series; record that number in the series statement in brackets. In case of doubt, consider the item to be unnumbered and the series to be "numbered/unnumbered."

Numbering Present Only in Cataloging Data/Bibliography

If the series numbering appears only in cataloging data (foreign or domestic) in the item or in a bibliography, do not transcribe this information in the series statement.

LC practice: Exception. If the series appearing in the cataloging data is classified as a collection in LC, transcribe the numbering without brackets; record in a note the source of the numbering.

Numbering of and within a Specific Activity, Event

LC/NACO practice: Do not include the numbering of the activity, event, etc., in subfield \$v with the volume numbering relating to the sequencing of the publications from that activity, event, etc. Record the numbering of the activity, event, etc., as part of the series title if it appears as part of the title on the item; if the numbering of the activity, event, etc., is included in the statement of responsibility for the series on the item, record it as part of the statement of responsibility in the series area if recording that data element.

```
4XX     $a Atti del XXIV Congresso internazionale di storia
          dell'arte ; $v 7

4XX     $a Mis. doc / 49th Congress, 1st Session, Senate
          ; $v no. 82
```

(See LCRI 21.30L for specific instructions about added entries for U.S. congressional publications.)

6.4F1. DATE OF PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC. [New]

LC practice: Do not regard as a copyright date for the recording a date preceded by the copyright symbol "©" that appears on the container or accompanying matter (cf. 1.4F5, 1.4F6). This symbol can apply only to the printed text. However, it can be used as evidence for supplying a date of publication according to 1.4F7 when neither a date of publication nor a "p" date appears on the item.

12.0A. SCOPE. [Rev.]

Monograph vs. Serial Treatment of Publications

- 1) Criteria for consideration as a serial
 - a) Issuance in successive parts.
 - b) Parts carry unique numeric and/or chronological designation.
 - c) Intended to continue indefinitely.

Note: The designation must appear prominently or in a formal statement. If, however, there is no designation appearing in a formal statement, a designation may be taken from an informal statement (e.g., in the text of the preface) if there is conclusive evidence that the title is a serial. Such evidence might be an explicit statement of intent to continue the title indefinitely, a statement of frequency in the title, or retrospectively, evidence that the title has been published in frequently issued editions.

chief source: 1978 Report to the Governor *designation*: 1978

chief source: Formulary

Nineteenth edition

(Published semiannually in Jan. and July)

designation: 19th ed.

2) *Types of publications to be handled as monographs*. Catalog as a monograph any item not meeting the definition of a serial and items of the following types:

censuses
dictionaries
encyclopedias
hearings
publications of five-year plans and other similar programs
items issued for the duration of a single occurrence (e.g., a daily
bulletin issued for the duration of a *non-recurring* meeting)

3) Determining intention to publish indefinitely. The following guidelines are intended to help apply the definition of a serial when questions arise as to the publisher's intention. Treat

publications falling into categories a-g below as serials.

a) Items with titles that imply continuing publication. *LC practice*: If the items also have monographic titles, analyze the individual items instead of cataloging as a serial.

- "Advances in [subject]"
 "Developments in [subject]"
 "Progress in [subject]"
- b) Items with a statement of frequency in the title or elsewhere in the publication.
- c) Items with a numeric or chronological designation in the title.
- d) Items of the following types: college catalogs, court reports, session laws.
- e) Items for which it is known that a continuing subscription order can be placed with the publisher. (See also 4c for loose-leaf publications.)
- f) Generally, items bearing an ISSN. Under the International Serials Data System, ISSNs can be assigned to unnumbered publications, loose-leaf publications, and other types of publications that would not be cataloged as serials, such as some conference and exhibition publications. (See 4b below).
- g) Items that acquire a designation after the first issue(s), thereby becoming bona fide serial. (See 12.3D.)
 - 4) Special types of publications
- a) Publications that are published in new editions. If these publications carry acceptable designations (e.g., date or numeric edition designations), base the decision to catalog as serials on the frequency of the new editions. Catalog frequently issued editions (e.g., annual, biennial) as serials; catalog editions that are infrequent (e.g., generally more than five or six years apart) as monographs.

If these publications are updated by supplements, etc., between the editions, catalog the supplements, etc., separately as a serial only if the editions of the main work are cataloged as a serial *and* the supplements, etc., can be used independently of the editions they update (cf. LCRI 1.5E1).

b) *Conference publications*. Conference publications typically consist of the minutes, proceedings, etc., of a regularly-held meeting of one or more corporate bodies or are publications that contain the proceedings, etc., of ongoing topical conferences, symposia, or colloquia. Consider a conference publication to be "ongoing" if words such as "first" or "annual" appear on the chief source or other preliminaries in conjunction with the name of the conference or the title of the publication.

Treat as serials those ongoing conference publications that are being cataloged for the first time if they are issued in successive parts, the parts carry unique numeric and/or chronological designations, and publication is intended to continue indefinitely. Treat those conference publications as monographs if:

(1) a title unique to each issue appears on the chief source. Such unique titles are usually dedicated to a particular topic and vary from issue to issue and conference to conference. Use judgment when determining whether thematic or slogan-like phrases constitute unique titles and, therefore, warrant monographic treatment; and/or

(2) the conference publication is issued as part of a numbered monographic series.

Once the decision to catalog as a monograph or as a serial is determined based on the first—or earliest held—issue of a conference publication, prefer to retain that decision. When there is a change in the main entry for a conference publication cataloged as a serial, consider the publication to be "new" and decide whether to catalog it as a monograph or as a serial according to the above criteria.

Use judgment when changing the cataloging decision and when deciding whether to recatalog earlier issues. For instance, if a conference publication originally cataloged as a

monograph exhibits evidence of seriality only after the first issue and the criteria above for treating as a serial are met, it is probably best to recatalog as a serial (as would be done for other serials). However, if several issues have been cataloged as monographs, it is probably best not to cancel them and recatalog. If a succession of issues has been cataloged as a serial or serials and it becomes clear that this decision is undesirable (e.g., the publication changes title with each issue), catalog the new issue as a monograph and allow the earlier serial record(s) to stand. A note may be added to the serial record to indicate the change in cataloging decision.

LC/CONSER practice: When LC catalogs or recatalogs a publication as a monograph, "xlc" is added to field 042 in any existing authenticated serial record. (The code "xlc" indicates that LC does not currently treat the publication as a serial.) LC will add notes to serial records indicating the change in cataloging decision. Other CONSER participants with different local cataloging decisions may continue to use and update serial records (e.g., add first issue information, note a change in place of publication) no longer used by LC. They should not, however, authenticate for the first time any record to which LC has added "xlc."

Exception: ISSN centers create serial records for ongoing conference publications even though they may meet one or more of the above criteria that would qualify them for monographic cataloging. *LC/CONSER practice*: If LC catalogs the publication as a monograph, "xlc" will be added to field 042 in the ISSN record. Other CONSER participants may continue to use/update these records without further authentication.

- c) *Exhibition publications*. Catalog as a serial a publication of a named exhibition only if all the following conditions are met:
- (1) the name of the exhibition remains constant and this can be documented by evidence in several issues of the item, in bibliographies, or in the catalogs against which the item is being cataloged.
- (2) the title remains constant and this can be documented by evidence in several issues of the item, in bibliographies, or in the catalogs against which the item is being cataloged.
- (3) the issues lack individual titles, i.e., the specific titles that necessarily vary from exhibition to exhibition.

Once an exhibition publication has been treated as a serial, catalog earlier and later title changes to that publication as serials.

d) Loose-leaf publications

(1) Catalog as serials

(a) Publications meeting the definition of serials but issued in loose-leaf form simply to allow issues to be stored in a binder.

This category includes publications whose successive issues consist of parts that may be filed into separate sections of a binder but that do not replace parts already present (e.g., a monthly publication listing recalled products; each monthly issue consists of separately designated sheets to be filed into an annual binder divided into various product categories).

(b) Publications that consist of a basic binder or set of binders that are issued periodically (usually annually or biennially) and carry corresponding designations. Loose-leaf updates are issued between the periodic editions of the basic volume(s) (e.g., a 1979 volume, plus quarterly updates to be interfiled; 1980, plus quarterly updates to be interfiled).

(2) Reject as serials

(a) Publications consisting of a loose-leaf binder or finite number of binders to which new or replacement pages are added periodically.

Do not catalog as serials any of the updates, revised pages, or supplements to these

publications, even though these updates, etc., are frequently issued in packages containing a numeric or chronological designation suggestive of serial publications.

(b) Generally do not catalog as a serial loose-leaf material of permanent value (e.g., court decisions) that constitutes a section of a loose-leaf publication and that at the end of the year or from time to time is transferred from the loose-leaf binder to a permanent binder or is sent by the publisher to the subscriber in a permanent volume that contains the material previously received in loose-leaf format. (Access to the special section and the transfer volumes is provided by an added entry on the bibliographic record for the loose-leaf; see also paragraph 4d below.)

e) Publications that are integral parts of other publications. Do not catalog as a separate entity, serial or monograph, a publication that forms an integral part of another publication. Examples include court rules of a U.S. state published as a volume of the state's code (whether the rules volume has or lacks volume numbering within the numbering system of the code or whether the code itself is or is not numbered in terms of volumes).

Generally do not catalog as a separate entity, serial or monograph, a component part of a loose-leaf service even though the entity carries an independent numeric or chronological designation and has a title that differs from the title of the service as a whole. (Access to the part is provided by an added entry; cf. Adele Hallam's *Cataloging Rules for the Description of Looseleaf Publications*.)

- f) Supplements, etc. Do not catalog as a serial any supplements, etc., to a work cataloged as a monograph if the intent of the supplement, etc., is solely to update or enhance the contents of the monograph (e.g., one or several updates to an infrequently revised directory; supplements that can be used only in conjunction with the main work; see also LCRI 1.5E1 and paragraph 4a above).
- g) *Reprints of serials*. In order that necessary access be provided, most reprints of serials will be cataloged as serials except the following which will be cataloged as monographs:
 - (1) a reprint that is of a single issue or a limited number of issues.
 - (2) a collection of bibliographically unrelated serials.
- h) *Travel guides. LC practice as of 2001:* Catalog travel guides that are general in scope as serials if they are likely to be continued indefinitely; consider "general" to mean publications at the state, region, or country level for the U.S. and at the region or country level for other countries. Also catalog as serials travel guidebooks for *major* cities if they are likely to be continued indefinitely. If a numeric or chronological designation is not available, use a publishing or copyright date as the designation. Also do not catalog as serials those guidebooks that address one-time events or have a narrow focus such as locations represented in an artist's paintings. In case of doubt, do not catalog as a serial.

For categories a)-g) above, in case of doubt as to whether the item fits the criteria for cataloging as a monograph, catalog it as a serial.

24.4B. NAMES NOT CONVEYING THE IDEA OF A CORPORATE BODY. [Rev.]

Surnames

Generally, do not add a general designation as a qualifier to a corporate name containing two or more surnames (without forenames or without forename initials).

```
110 2# $a Morgan and Morgan
not 110 2# $a Morgan and Morgan (Firm)

but 110 2# $a B. Morgan and D. Morgan (Firm)
```

Performing Duets

For performing duets, also do not add a general designation as a qualifier if the name contains two surnames (with or without forenames or forename initials) or if the name contains two forenames.

Initialisms and Acronyms

If the name chosen for the heading for a corporate body is an initialism or acronym written in all capital letters (with or without periods between them), add a qualifier to the name (unless 24.5C is applicable). Do not add such a qualifier when the capitalized form is used in a *see* reference.

```
110 2# $a CAST (Group)
410 2# $a C.A.S.T.

111 2# $a CAV (Conference)
```

Ships

When establishing a heading for a ship, add a general designation in English as a qualifier if the name alone does not convey the idea of a corporate body. If there is any question as to whether there is an appropriate general term, take the term from the item being cataloged. If there is more than one ship with the same name, add a term as specific as necessary to resolve the conflict.

```
110 2# $a Ulua (Ship)
   (Unique heading; qualifier added to clarify the meaning of the heading)

110 2# $a Franklin (Aircraft carrier)
110 2# $a Franklin (Steamship)
   (Two ships of the same name but each of a different type)

110 2# $a Lexington (Aircraft carrier : CV6)
110 2# $a Lexington (Aircraft carrier : CVA(N) 65)
   (Two aircraft carriers with the same name)
```

Art Galleries

If the name of an art gallery needs a general designation qualifier and 24.5C is not applicable, use the term "(Gallery)" as a qualifier rather than a more specific term such as "(Art gallery)." (Do not use "(Gallery)" as a qualifier for an art museum needing a general designation qualifier.) *Note*: Do not change existing AACR 2-coded headings for art galleries solely to conform to this directive.

Consultant Firms

If the name of a consultant firm consists *solely* of subject words and the word "consultants" (or its equivalent in other languages), add a 24.4B-type qualifier to the name (unless 24.5C is applicable). Do not add such a qualifier if the name contains other elements.

```
110 2# $a Hospital Maintenance Consultants (Firm)
```

Multiple Qualifiers

If the name is eligible for another qualifier (as when the name conflicts or when the body is a directly entered government agency that is not an institution), add the qualifier called for in this rule first. Separate the qualifiers by a space-colon-space.

```
110 2# $a Red Sea (Restaurant : Washington, D.C.)
110 2# $a BANAS (Organization : Indonesia)
```

Pre-1981 Headings

Headings originally established before January 1981 that fell into either of the two categories listed below were coded "AACR2" prior to September 1982. Continue to use the existing form of the established heading in post-August 1982 cataloging. (Headings coded after August 1982 are in accord with AACR2 and current LC policy.)

1) The heading contained a qualifier that is not needed according to current policy.

```
110 2# $a Chefs' Rights Alliance (Society)
```

(Do not change to: Chefs' Rights Alliance)

2) The heading lacked a qualifier that would be needed according to current policy.

```
110 2# $a BFA Educational Media (Do not change to: BFA Educational Media (Firm))
```

Performing Groups

In dealing with performing groups, apply the following:

- 1) If the name contains a word that specifically designates a performing group or a corporate body in general (e.g., band, consort, society) or contains a collective or plural noun (e.g., Ramblers, Boys, Hot Seven), do not add a designation to the name.
- 2) If the name is extremely vague, consisting primarily of single, common words (e.g., Circle, Who, Jets) or the name has the appearance of a personal name (e.g., Jethro Tull), add a designation to the name.
- 3) If the name falls between the above categories (e.g., Led Zeppelin, Jefferson Airplane, Road Apple, L.A. Contempo), add a designation to the name.
 - 4) If there is doubt whether a designation should be added, add it.

Use the designation "(Musical group)" unless special circumstances (such as a conflict) require a more specific term.

Sports Teams

If the name of a sports team does not explicitly convey the information that the entity is a sports team, add a qualifier to the name. Include in the qualifier the term "team" following the name of the sport.

```
110 2# $a Miami Dolphins (Football team)
110 2# $a Chicago Blackhawks (Hockey team)
```

If the team is related to an institution, make a reference from the name of the team as a subheading of the institution.

```
110 2# $a Ohio State Buckeyes (Football team)
410 2# $a Ohio State University. Buckeyes (Football team)
```

25.5B CONFLICT RESOLUTION. [Rev.]

TABLE OF CONTENTS

General

Serials (Including Numbered Monographic Series)/Unnumbered Monographic Series Entered Under Title

- 1) General
- 2) Choice of qualifying term
- 3) Form of qualifying term
- 4) Change in qualifier
- 5) *Unnumbered/numbered titles from the same body*
- 6) Serial section title or subseries title with initial article
- 7) Serial common title or main series title not issued alone or lacking numbering
- 8) Serial common title or main series title issued alone or has numbering
- 9) Supplement title entered subordinately to main title

Serials (Including Numbered Monographic Series)/Unnumbered Monographic Series Entered Under Name Heading

- 1) General
- 2) Choice of qualifying term

Monographs

- 1) Single-volume monograph or multipart item not analyzed
- 2) Analyzed multipart item entered under title
- 3) Analyzed multipart item entered under name heading

Series-Like Phrases

- 1) Entry under title
- 2) Entry under name heading
- 3) Conflict with another phrase heading

Title/Phrase Heading in Series Authority Record Identical to Personal or Corporate Name

Radio and Television Programs

U.S. Census Publications

Comics

Motion Pictures

Computer File Monographs

Computer File Serials

Choreographic Works

- 1) Background
- 2) Uniform titles for choreographic works

Named Individual Works of Art

The first part of this LCRI addresses conflict resolution for serials (including numbered monographic series), for unnumbered series, and for multipart items. See the section "Computer file serials" below for specific guidelines about that category. Also, see the section "Monographs" below for guidelines about the use of qualifiers for single-volume monographs. This part of the LCRI represents *LC/CONSER/NACO practice*.

Note: Indicators are not given in the examples when the heading could be used in either an authority or a bibliographic record because the indicators in authority and bibliographic records are not the same for the 130 field. In the serials/series part of the LCRI, the lines in margins are used to indicate changes in policy or new information; margin lines are not used to indicate revised wording.

General

- 1) The "catalog" when testing for conflict. When searching the catalog to determine if a uniform title is needed for a serial/series or multipart item, define the "catalog" as the file against which the searching and cataloging is being done. In addition, catalogers (including LC overseas offices' catalogers and NACO participants) may take into account any serial/series or multipart item with the same title of which they know, whether or not it is in the catalog.
 - 2) Eligible title fields for conflict
- a) Take into account the title proper of a serial/series/multipart item; such a title proper can be found in the 245, 247, 4XX, 730, 760-787, 8XX fields of bibliographic records and the 1XX field of series authority records (SARs).
- b) Do not take into account variant forms of title represented by added entries (246, 740 fields) in bibliographic records or by cross references (4XX fields) in name and series authority records. (*Note*: according to LCRI 26.5A, a qualifier is added to a cross reference in the authority record to break the conflict with a title proper in the same or another record.)
- 3) Resolve the conflict by using a uniform title heading or name heading/uniform title in the bibliographic or series authority record being created. Do not also add a uniform title heading or

a name heading/uniform title to the existing record.

Exceptions

- a) See 5) in the "Serials (Including Numbered Monographic Series) ..." section below for adding "(Unnumbered)" as qualifier.
 - b) See 1)b) in the "Monographs" section below.
- c) See 2) in the "Title/Phrase Heading in Series Authority Record Identical to Personal or Corporate Name" section below.
- 4) Use the uniform title heading or name heading/uniform title whenever the serial/series or multipart item is referred to in other access points (added or subject entries, subseries headings, etc.) and in linking notes.
 - 5) Do not predict a conflict.
- 6) Republications. When a serial/series/multipart item is republished (as a text, as a microform, as large print, as a braille edition, etc.), do not use a uniform title to distinguish one of these republications from the original. If the original itself has a uniform title, use the same uniform title for the republication. Note: computer file serials are not considered to be republications of paper serials; see "Computer file serials" below.

Serials (Including Numbered Monographic Series)/Unnumbered Monographic Series Entered Under Title

1) General. When creating a bibliographic record for a serial or a series authority record for a serial/series, construct a uniform title made up of the title proper plus a parenthetical qualifier for any serial/series entered under title if the title proper is identical to the title proper of another serial/series found in the catalog in a bibliographic record or the title proper in the heading of any series authority record (for series, multipart item, phrase, or serial).

2) Choice of qualifying term

a) Title proper is a "generic" title (i.e., it consists solely of an indication of type of publication and/or periodicity, exclusive of articles, prepositions, and conjunctions). Use as the qualifier the heading for the body issuing or publishing the serial/series. If more than one corporate body is associated with the work, choose the body responsible for issuing the serial/series, rather than the one only publishing it. If multiple bodies are performing the same function, generally choose the one named first.

```
130 $a Bulletin (British Columbia. Dept. of Mines and Petroleum Resources)
130 $a Bulletin (Université libre de Bruxelles. Service de physique des particules élémentaires)
130 $a Occasional paper (Australia. Bureau of Industry Economics)
130 $a Occasional paper (King's College (University of London). Dept. of Geography)
130 $a Occasional paper (Spark M. Matsunaga Institute)
```

130 \$a Bulletin (American Dairy Products Institute)

b) *Other situations*. Use judgment in determining the *most appropriate* qualifier for the serial/series being cataloged. Possible qualifiers are given in the following list; the listing is <u>not</u> prescriptive and is <u>not</u> in priority order. If none of these qualifiers is appropriate, use any word(s) that will serve to distinguish the one serial/series from the other.

for Peace)

corporate body

- corporate body and date of publication¹
- date of publication¹
- descriptive data elements, e.g., edition statement
- place of publication²
- place of publication² and date of publication¹

3) Form of qualifying term

a) Corporate body. Use the AACR2 form of the name exactly as given on the name authority record for the corporate body.

b) *Place of publication*. Use the AACR2 form from the name authority record for the place minus any cataloger's addition (cf. AACR2 24.4C1); record the name of the larger place preceded by a comma (cf. AACR2 23.4A1).

```
130 $a African primary texts (Madison, Wis.)
130 $a Rural development studies (Uppsala, Sweden)
130 $a New age journal (Brighton, Boston, Mass.)
```

c) *Multiple qualifiers*. If more than one qualifier is needed, separate the qualifiers with a space-colon-space within one set of parentheses. Exception: if one of the qualifiers is "(Series)," give that qualifier first and enclose each qualifier in its own set of parentheses.

4) Change in qualifier

- a) Body used as qualifier
- i) If the name of the body changes or the body is no longer involved with the serial/series, create a new record for the serial/series.
 - 130 \$a Monograph series (American Bar Association. Special Committee on Alternative Means of Dispute Resolution)
 - 130 \$a Monograph series (American Bar Association.

 Special Committee on Dispute Resolution)
- ii) If the name of the body changes but one name authority record is used for both forms of name or if the heading on the one name authority record is revised, do not create a new record for the serial/series. Change the form of name in the qualifier, as necessary, to match the heading in the name authority record.

¹Choose the date of publication (not date from chronological designation) of the first issue published or the earliest issue in hand, in that order of preference.

²If the serial/series is published in more than one place, choose as the qualifying term the place that would be named first in the publication, distribution, etc. area for the first issue published, the earliest issue for which a place is known, or the earliest issue in hand, in that order of preference. If the name of the local place has changed, use in the qualifier the name the place had at the time the first/earliest issue was published.

b) Place used as qualifier.

i) If the serial/series "moves" to another city, do not create a new record. On a series authority record, add a reference from title proper with the new place as qualifier. In a serial bibliographic record, add information about the change in place of publication.

130	\$a	 (Chicago	, Ill.)
430	\$a	(Boston,	Mass.)

ii) If the name of the place changes and a separate name authority record is created for that name, do not create a new record for the serial/series. Do not change the qualifier. In a series authority record, give a reference using the later form as the qualifier.

```
130 $a _____ (Leningrad, R.S.F.S.R.)
430 $a ____ (Saint Petersburg, Russia)
(two name authority records exist)
```

iii) if the name for the place changes but one name authority record is used for both forms of name or if the heading on the one name authority record is revised, do not create a new record for the serial/series. Change the form of name in the qualifier, as necessary, to match the heading in the name authority record.

```
130 $a _____ (Kinshasa, Zaire) would be changed to:
130 $a ____ (Kinshasa, Congo)
```

c) Other qualifiers. If the information used as qualifier changes in form or fact, do not create a new record. In a series authority record, add a reference from the title proper and the changed qualifier if it would help in identification. In a serial bibliographic record, add information if appropriate.

```
130 $a _____ (Middle Atlantic ed.) (current items labelled as "Mid-Atlantic edition")
```

- 5) Unnumbered/numbered titles from the same body. If one body issues both an unnumbered series and a numbered series/serial with the same title, add the qualifier "(Unnumbered)" to the title for the unnumbered series in all cases of such a conflict. (For example, if the new title is numbered and the existing title is unnumbered, change the existing unnumbered series to add "(Unnumbered)" to the title.) Do not apply this technique when some issues of a series lack numbering.
- 6) Serial section title or subseries title with initial article. If the title of a section of a serial or the title of a subseries begins with an initial article, create a uniform title to delete that initial article. Delete the initial article even if the section or subseries title is preceded by a numeric or alphabetic designation.

title proper: American men and women of science. The medical sciences

130 \$a American men and women of science. \$p Medical sciences

title proper: Progress in nuclear energy. Series VIII, The economics of nuclear power

```
130 $a Progress in nuclear energy. $n Series VIII, $p Economics of nuclear power
```

7) Serial common title or main series title not issued alone or lacking numbering. Do not test such a serial common title or main series title for conflict by itself. Test the entire title proper (the serial common title and its section title or the unnumbered main series and its subseries) for conflict. If the entire title proper conflicts with another title proper, add a qualifier at the end of the title proper.

```
title proper: Bulletin. Series W
search in catalog for entire title = no conflict
130 $a Bulletin. $n Series W

title proper: Bulletin. Series A
search in catalog for entire title = a conflict with
    another "Bulletin. Series A"
130 $a Bulletin. $n Series A ([qualifier])
```

8) Serial common title or main series title has been issued alone or has numbering. First, test the serial common title or the main series title by itself for conflict and add a qualifier if needed at the end of that title. Then, test that title (plus qualifier if needed) and the section or subseries title together for conflict; add a qualifier if needed at the end of the section or subseries title.

```
title proper of numbered main series & subseries: University
   papers. History series
search in catalog for main series title = a conflict
   with another "University papers"
130 $a University papers ([qualifier])
search in catalog for main series title plus
   qualifier and subseries title = no conflict
130 $a University papers ([qualifier]). $p History
        series
```

9) Supplement title entered subordinately to main title. If the main title is already in the catalog, use its heading (may or may not have a qualifier) in the heading for the supplement. If the main title is not in the catalog, establish its AACR2 form (cf. LCRI 26.5B). Then, test the main title (plus qualifier if needed) and the supplement title together for conflict; add a qualifier if needed at the end of the supplement title.

```
title proper of main title with supplement: Statistical
   bulletin. Supplement
search in catalog for main title = a conflict with another
   "Statistical bulletin"
130 $a Statistical bulletin ([qualifier])
search in catalog for main title plus qualifier and
   supplement title = no conflict
130 $a Statistical bulletin ([qualifier]). $p
        Supplement
```

Serials (Including Numbered Monographic Series)/Unnumbered Monographic Series Entered Under Name Heading

- 1) *General*. When creating a bibliographic record for a serial or a series authority record for a serial/series entered under a name heading, construct a uniform title made up of the title proper plus a parenthetical qualifier to distinguish the serial/series from another with the same title proper entered under the same name heading in a bibliographic record or in the heading of any series authority record (for series, multipart item, phrase, serial).
- 2) Choice of qualifying term. Use judgment in determining the most appropriate qualifier for the serial/series being cataloged. Possible qualifiers are given in the following list; the listing is <u>not</u> in priority order. If none of these qualifiers is appropriate, use any word(s) that will serve to distinguish the one serial/series from the other.
 - date of publication³
 - descriptive data elements, e.g., edition statement

```
110 2# $a World Food Programme.
240 10 $a Annual report (1993)
245 00 $a Annual report
```

³Choose the date of publication (not date from chronological designation) of the first issue published or the earliest issue in hand, in that order of preference.

Monographs

- 1) Single-volume monograph or multipart item not analyzed
- a) If a single-volume monograph or a multipart item not analyzed is entered under a title proper that is the same as the title proper main entry of another work, do not assign a uniform title to either work simply to distinguish them, even if there are multiple editions of either work.

```
245 00 $a France / $c préface de Pierre Mendès-France
260 ## $a Genève ; $a New York : $b Nagel, $c 1955
245 00 $a France
260 ## $a Paris : $b Librairie Larousse, $c 1967
245 00 $a France
260 ## $a Paris : $b Documentation française, $c 1972
```

b) If another manifestation of a single-volume monograph or a not-analyzed multipart item requires a uniform title (e.g., a translation, excerpts), assign a uniform title to the particular work as needed (cf. AACR2 25.5C for translations, AACR2 25.6B3 for excerpts, etc.). Use the uniform title in all entries for the work. Change existing records in which the work appears as a main or secondary entry.

translation of the 1955 work above

revised bibliographic record for the 1955 work above

```
130 0# $a France (Geneva, Switzerland)
245 00 $a France / $c préface de Pierre Mendès-France
260 ## $a Genève ; $a New York :$b Nagel, $c 1955
```

c) If a single-volume monograph or a not-analyzed multipart item entered under a title proper is used in a subject or related work added entry and the title proper is the same as the title proper of another multipart item found in the catalog in a bibliographic record or in the heading of any series authority record (for series, multipart item, phrase, serial), construct a uniform title consisting of the title proper plus a parenthetical qualifier; follow the guidelines for adding a qualifier to a serial/series title (above).

```
245 00 $a Gazetteer of Argentina : $b names approved by
the United States Board on Geographic Names.
250 ## $a 3rd ed.
260 ## $a Washington : $b Defense Mapping Agency,
$c 1992.
500 ## $a Rev. ed. of: Argentina. 1968.
730 0# $a Argentina (United States. Office of Geography)

revised bibliographic record for the 1968 work cited in
500 field above

130 0# $a Argentina (United States. Office of Geography)
245 10 $a Argentina : $b official standard names approved
by the United States Board on Geographic Names.
260 ## $a Washington : Office of Geography, Dept. of the
```

- 2) Analyzed multipart item entered under title.
 - a) Construct a uniform title made up of the title proper plus a parenthetical qualifier

Interior, \$c 1968.

for any multipart item entered under title if the title proper is identical to the title proper of another multipart item found in the catalog in a bibliographic record or in the heading of any series authority record (for series, multipart item, phrase, serial).

b) Follow the guidelines for adding a qualifier to a serial/series title (above).

```
130 $a Continents of the world (Chicago, Ill.)
```

- 3) Analyzed multipart item entered under a name heading.
- a) Construct a uniform title made up of the title proper plus a parenthetical qualifier for any multipart item entered under a name heading to distinguish the multipart item from another multipart item with the same title proper entered under the same name heading in the catalog in a bibliographic record or in the heading of any series authority record (for series, multipart item, phrase, serial).
 - b) Follow the guidelines for adding a qualifier to a serial/series title (above).

```
100 1# $a Elias, Norbert. $t Über den Prozess der Zivilisation. $l English (Oxford, England)
```

Series-Like Phrases

1) Entry under title. Construct a uniform title made up of the phrase plus a parenthetical qualifier for any phrase entered under title if the phrase is identical to the title proper of a serial/series found in the catalog in a bibliographic record or the title proper in the heading of a series authority record for a series, multipart item, or serial. Follow the guidelines for adding a qualifier to a serial/series title (above).

```
130 $a Interim reports (Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions)
```

- 2) Entry under name heading. Construct a uniform title made up of the phrase plus a parenthetical qualifier for any phrase entered under a name heading if the phrase is identical to a title proper of a serial/series entered under the same name heading in a bibliographic record or in the heading of a series authority record for a series, multipart item, or serial. Follow the guidelines for adding a qualifier to a serial/series title (above).
- 3) Conflict with another phrase heading. Do not create a separate series authority record for the second series-like phrase, constructing a uniform title made up of the phrase plus a parenthetical qualifier. Instead, modify the existing series authority record to make it an undifferentiated phrase record.

```
130 $a Yolla Bolly Press book
130 $a Quarto book
```

Title/Phrase Heading in Series Authority Record Identical to Personal or Corporate Name

1) If the title or phrase is identical to a personal or corporate (including geographic) name, construct a uniform title made up of the title proper or phrase plus the parenthetical qualifier "(Series)." That name may be found on the item being cataloged or in a heading or reference in a name authority record related or not related to the item being cataloged. Apply this technique also to subseries titles entered subordinately.

2) If an existing title or phrase heading later conflicts with a name, add the qualifier "(Series)" to the series authority record heading.

Radio and Television Programs

LC practice: Add the qualifier "(Radio program)" or "(Television program)" to the title of a radio or television program whenever the program is needed in a secondary entry and the title is the same as a Library of Congress subject heading or the title has been used as the title of another work. (It does not matter if the other work is entered under title or under a name heading.) This same uniform title for the radio or television program must be used in all entries for the particular work. (Existing records in which the radio or television program has been used as a main or added entry must be adjusted.)

U.S. Census Publications

For U.S. Bureau of the Census publications that contain the census or parts of it, use a uniform title consisting of the name of the census, qualified by the year of the census. Add to this basic uniform title parts of the census as subdivisions.

```
title proper: 1972 census of construction industries uniform title: 130 $a Census of construction industries (1972)
```

```
title proper: Numerical list of manufactured products: 1972 census of manufactures
uniform title: 130 $a Census of manufactures (1972). $p

Numerical list of manufactured products
```

```
title proper: Census of housing, 1960 uniform title: 130 $a Census of housing (1960)
```

Comics

If a comic strip, single panel cartoon, etc., is entered under its title, establish a uniform title for the work that consists of its title, followed by an appropriate parenthetical qualifier (e.g., "Batman (Comic strip)").

Motion Pictures

LC practice: If a motion picture is entered under a title proper that is the same as the title proper of another motion picture (or other work), do not assign a uniform title to either to distinguish them, even if there are multiple editions of either work. However, if a motion picture is needed in a secondary entry and the title of the motion picture is the same as a Library of Congress subject heading or the title is the same as the title of another work, add the qualifier "(Motion picture)" to the title of the motion picture. This same uniform title must be used in all entries for the particular work. (Existing records in which the motion picture is used as a main or secondary entry must be adjusted.)

New work

```
100 1# $a Copland, Aaron, $d 1900-
245 14 $a The red pony ...
(Music for the motion picture of the same title)
```

Existing works

```
100 1# $a Steinbeck, John, $d 1902-1968
245 14 $a The red pony ...
(A book)
245 04 $a The red pony $h [motion picture] ...
```

Added entry on the new work

730 0# \$a Red pony (Motion picture)

Revised record for the motion picture

```
130 0# $a Red pony (Motion picture)
245 14 $a The red pony $h [motion picture] ...
```

Computer File Monographs

If a computer file is entered under a title proper that is the same as the title proper of another computer file (or other work), do not assign a uniform title to either work simply to distinguish them, even if there are multiple editions of either work.

If a computer file entered under title is needed in a subject entry or related work added entry and there is another work in the catalog with the same title proper that is also entered under title, add the qualifier "(Computer file)" to the title of the computer file. (This same uniform title must be used in all entries for the particular work, including existing records for the computer file itself.)

```
New work
```

```
245 00 $a Microsoft Excel : $b arrays, functions, and macros ...

(A book entered under title)
```

Existing work

```
245 00 $a Microsoft Excel $h [computer file] : $b complete spreadsheet ...
```

Subject entry on the new work

```
630 00 $a Microsoft Excel (Computer file)
```

Revised record for the computer file

```
130 0# $a Microsoft Excel (Computer file)
245 00 $a Microsoft Excel $h [computer file] : $b complete spreadsheet ...
```

If the addition of the qualifier "(Computer file)" does not resolve the conflict, add also the name of the producer (in catalog-entry form).

Note: 1) Prior to June 1990, a qualifier was added to the title of a computer file whenever the heading was needed in a secondary entry, without regard to conflict. Generally continue to use such headings in main, subject, and added entries on records for items cataloged after June 1990. 2) Name authority records for computer files that were created in accord with policies in effect before June 1990 are routinely retained although they would not necessarily be needed under current policy.

Computer File Serials

Create a uniform title made up of the title proper plus a parenthetical qualifier for any computer serial entered under title if the title proper is identical to the title proper of another serial. Do not consider a computer file serial to be a secondary manifestation (i.e., a reproduction) of a paper serial. Instead treat the computer file serial as a separate work and add a uniform title to distinguish between identical titles proper.

Existing paper serial

```
245 00 $a Social sciences index
```

New computer file serial

```
130 0# $a Social sciences index (CD-ROM)
245 00 $a Social sciences index $h [computer file]
```

In choosing a uniform title qualifier, prefer to use terms that describe the physical medium of the serial rather than place or corporate body. Use the most specific term or terms possible to distinguish the serial from others with the same title. Such terms may be taken from an edition statement or other title information.

Do not add a uniform title to a computer file serial when no conflicting title exists.

Choreographic Works

1) Background

In catalogs dealing with dance material, there is a need both to collocate different versions of the same basic work under the same title and to differentiate between the different versions of the work in a meaningful way. A choreographic dance work, i.e., a dance created by a specific person, will often have a title that is the same as or similar to a musical or literary work that accompanies or is related to it. In addition, many dance works, though known by the same title, have been revised or adapted by different choreographers. The Dance Heritage Coalition, a group of several institutions, including the Library of Congress, has received funding for a project to prepare a catalog of primary research resources in dance history, including manuscript and archival materials, audio and videotape, printed texts and music, and visual collections. The coalition will add authority records to the national authority file for these materials, including newly created authority records and retrospective records from the files of the Dance Collection of the New York Public Library.

AACR2 does not include specific rules for the creation of uniform titles for choreographic works, and in the past LC has treated headings for individual choreographic dance works as subject headings, rather than name headings. However, because they do represent individual creative works and to meet the needs of the dance cataloging community, these headings should now be treated as name headings, and uniform titles for them will be constructed according to the guidelines below recommended by the Dance Heritage Coalition.

2) Uniform titles for choreographic works

a) *Qualifiers*. When the title of a choreographic dance work is needed as a subject or added entry, construct a uniform title consisting of the title of the work followed by the qualifier "(Choreographic work)." In addition, when the item represents a particular choreographer's version of the work, include the surname of the choreographer as part of the qualifier. Use the form of the surname found in the 100 field of the authority record for the choreographer.

```
130 $a Romeo and Juliet (Choreographic work)
(for a book of photographs from various productions of
choreographic works based on Shakespeare's play)
130 $a Romeo and Juliet (Choreographic work:
Smuin)
(for a series of photographs taken during a dress rehersal of the
first production of Michael Smuin's choreographic adaptation of
Shakespeare's play)
```

If two or more choreographers share responsibility for the work, give their names in alphabetical order, unless one person is clearly principally responsible for the choreography, in which case that name should be listed first. Connect the names with the word "and."

As appropriate, also include the following additions to the qualifier:

i) Choreographer's surname, after the original choreographer's surname.

If the choreographic work is derived from another choreographic work, follow the name of the choreographer with a comma, the word "after," and the surname of the original choreographer.

ii) Date of a reconstruction

Optionally, if the material being cataloged relates to a reconstruction of a choreographic work that was originally staged at an earlier date, include in the qualifier the date of the reconstruction.

b) Language of the title

Use as the uniform title the title in the original language unless the work has become generally known in another language through extensive adaptation, e.g., when the choreographic work has been restaged in a number of different countries. In such cases, use the title found in the following reference work, making references from the title in other languages:

New York Public Library. *Dictionary Catalog of the Dance Collection*. Boston: G.K. Hall, 1974. 10 v. Annual supplement, *Bibliographic Guide to Dance*, 1975-

If the title is not found in the above source, consult the sources below, which are listed in order of precedence.

```
Beaumont, C.W. Complete Book of Ballets
Chujoy, A., and Manchester, P.W. The Dance Encyclopedia. Rev. ed.
Enciclopedia dello spettacolo
The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians
Koegler, H. The Concise Oxford Dictionary of Ballet. 2nd ed.
McDonagh, D. The Complete Guide to Modern Dance
```

```
130 $a Cinderella (Choreographic work)
430 $a Cendrillon (Choreographic work)
430 $a Cenerentola (Choreographic work)

130 $a Sylphide (Choreographic work)
430 $a Sylph of the Highlands (Choreographic work)
```

Named Individual Works of Art

Add in parentheses an appropriate designation or designations (e.g., date, medium, size, owner, *catalogue raisonné* number, alternative title, location, state, color, owner's accession number) to distinguish between identical uniform titles for works entered under the same heading.⁴

⁴While date or owner (usually a museum) will often be the best qualifier, "appropriate" will depend upon the particular work of art, e.g., for a print, the state may be the best qualifier.

```
100 1# $a Cézanne, Paul, $d 1839-1906. $t Card players
          (Barnes Foundation)
100 1# $a Cézanne, Paul, $d 1839-1906. $t Card players
          (Courtauld Institute Galleries)
100 1# $a Cézanne, Paul, $d 1839-1906. $t Card players
          (Metropolitan Museum of Art)
100 1# $a Cézanne, Paul, $d 1839-1906. $t Card players
          (Musée d'Orsay)
100 1# $a Pollock, Jackson, $d 1912-1956. $t Untitled
          (1936)
100 1# $a Pollock, Jackson, $d 1912-1956. $t Untitled
          (1937)
  (Title of both works is Untitled)
100 1# $a Picasso, Pablo, $d 1881-1973. $t Frugal repast
          (1904, 1913 printing : etching)
100 1# $a Picasso, Pablo, $d 1881-1973. $t Frugal repast
          (1904, 1913 printing : etching : 2nd state)
```

25.13. MANUSCRIPTS AND MANUSCRIPT GROUPS. [Rev.]

Applicability

- 1) This rule can be used
- a) to formulate a heading for a textual work or a collection of such works when either the work does not have an author or title or the collection does not have a title and rules 1.1B7 and 25.3-25.4 do not help; or,
- b) to formulate a heading to represent the manuscript when the item being cataloged warrants such a heading as an added entry (cf. LCRI 21.30H) or as a subject entry (see below).
- 2) Whenever the rule is being applied, note carefully the hierarchy of choices, especially between the choice of the name of a manuscript and the choice of the repository designation for a manuscript. Generally speaking, the *name* of a manuscript is a designation containing a generic term such as "codex," "stone," or "tablet." Also, generally, accept those designations as the *name* of a manuscript that combine a location name (monastery, town, etc.) with a generic term ordinarily indicative of text (e.g., Lindisfarne Gospels). It is much better to use such a name in preference to the repository designation, which should be the very last choice.

```
130 #0 $a Codex Brucianus
not 110 2# $a Bodleian Library. $k Manuscript. $n Bruce 96
```

Also, the *name* of a manuscript should not be used as a repository designation.

Physical Aspects

When a publication is about one or more physical aspects of a manuscript, e.g., its illumination or the style of the hand in which it was written, the subject cataloger needs a heading separate from the one created for the written work contained in the manuscript. Furnish a heading based on the name of the manuscript (or its designation in a repository).

Repository Name

When a heading for a manuscript or manuscript group contains the name of the repository, use the name of the repository that currently has possession of the manuscript (or the repository that last held the manuscript if it no longer exists). Use the current name of the repository in all cases, Make a reference from the repository given on the item being cataloged if it is not the repository used in the heading.

```
110 2# $a British Library. $k Manuscript. $n Arundel 384 410 2# $a British Museum. $k Manuscript. $n Arundel 384
```

For the form of the repository's designation, use the form found on the first item received. For consistency, use this form in subsequently established headings. However, if later items show another form as the predominant one, change the existing headings.

B.5. OTHER PARTS OF THE CATALOGUE ENTRY. [New]

The following text is a revision of the current AACR2 text of appendix B.5 approved by the Joint Steering Committee for Revision of AACR (JSC); this revision will be published as part of the *Amendments 2001* package. However, due to interest on the part of the Program for Cooperative Cataloging, JSC has agreed to LC's request to allow LC and PCC libraries to implement this revision prior to publication of the amendments package. The LC/PCC implementation follows the revised AACR2 rule.

B.5. OTHER PARTS OF THE CATALOGUE ENTRY

B.5A. Edition statement

B.5A1. Abbreviate words, or substitute one form of abbreviation with the prescribed abbreviation, in the edition statement, according to B.9-B.12, B.14-B.15.

B.5B. Terms used with numbering in the series statement

B.5B1. Abbreviate words, or substitute one form of abbreviation with the prescribed abbreviation, for terms used with numbering in the series statement, according to B.9-B.12.

B.5C. Other areas

B.5C1. Abbreviate words in the catalogue entry which are not covered by B.2-B.5B, subject to the limitations specified in footnotes to B.9. However, do not do so if the brevity of the statement makes abbreviations unnecessary or if the resulting statement might not be clear. Do not use a single-letter abbreviation to begin a note. Do not abbreviate words in quoted notes.

LC/PCC implementation

Bibliographic records. Substitute one form of abbreviation with the prescribed abbreviation in the edition area and in the series statement/series access point in all bibliographic records created after August 31, 2001.

Series authority records (SARs) used or created after August 31, 2001

SAR already in the national authority file. If the abbreviation in the "series numbering example" information (642 field) is not the prescribed abbreviation, change the 642 field to the prescribed abbreviation. For example, change "vol. 2" to "v. 2" or change "numb. 1" to "no. 1." LC catalogers: Send SAR printout to CPSO. PCC SAR participants: Notify LC's Cooperative Cataloging Team.

SAR being added to the national authority file. Substitute one form of abbreviation with the prescribed abbreviation when giving the 642 field information.

Rationale for implementation decisions. It is recognized that the decision to change the 642 field in existing SARs will create split files in some local catalogs using bibliographic 4XX/8XX subfield \$v\$ information for indexing, sorting, and display for some types of searches. However, the

benefit of consistent ac created that would need from the abbreviation is change existing SARs.	tions for cataloge d to be updated in n the subfield \$v i	rs, the fact that no the future, and the nformation in bib	o additional bibliog ne potential ability bliographic records	graphic records will be to set off the numeral s justify the decision to

MUSIC CATALOGING DECISIONS

MUSIC CATALOGING DECISIONS (MCD)

Cumulative index of MCD to the *Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules*, second edition, 1998 revision, that have appeared in issues of *Cataloging Service Bulletin*. Other MCD are in effect but have not appeared in *Cataloging Service Bulletin*. Lines (|) in the margins of revised interpretations indicate where changes have occurred.

Rule	Number	Page
5.1B1 5.2B2 5.5B1 5.7B1 5.7B10 5.7B18 5.7B19 5.7B20 5.8D1	90 90 90 90 90 86 90 90	11 11 12 12 13 2 13 13 13
6.7B10 6.7B18 6.7B19	90 93 90	14 32 14
21.23C 21.28A 21.30F 21.30G 21.30J 21.30L	74 93 93 93 86 93	50 33 34 34 2 34
25.8-25.11 25.25 25.27 25.27A1 25.27D 25.28 25.30B1(a) 25.30B5 25.30B7 25.30C2 25.30C3 25.31B1 25.32A1 25.32B1 25.32B1 25.34B-25.34C 25.35 25.35C 25.35F	89 86 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 86 61 93 93 93 93 93 93	19 4 35 36 36 37 37 37 38 38 4 12 38 39 40 40 42 43 35
26.4B 26.4B1 26.4B4	93 89 93	44 19 44
C.8	86	9
Appendix D	79	27

6.7B18. NOTES. CONTENTS.

Use judgment in deciding whether to include in a contents note titles of parts, titles proper of individual works within each part, parallel titles, other title information, statements of responsibility, performers, etc. Take into account the type of music or other recorded sound, the emphasis of the set, the amount of data to be transcribed, and the length, complexity, and readability of the resulting note.

```
505 0# $a Me and my rhythm guitar; Waiting for you (Johnny Powers) -- Huh huh oh yeah (Tracy Pendarvis) -- Love love memory (Mack Self) -- Dear John; I'm movin' on/Golden rocket (Warren Smith) -- Mystery train (Vernon Taylor) -- Eight wheel (Edwin Bruce) -- Your lovin' man; This kind of love (Vernon Taylor) ...
```

505 0# \$a 1. BBC sound effects -- 2. Exterior atmospheres -- 3. Household -- 4.

Interior backgrounds -- 5. Transport 6. Animals and birds -- 7. Human crowds, children, and footsteps -- 8. Comedy, fantasy, and humor ...

If two or more titles are being transcribed for one part of a multipart item, apply the punctuation conventions from 1.1G3 so that titles by the same person, body, etc., are separated by a space-semicolon-space and titles by different persons, bodies, etc., are separated by a period-space. *Exception:* if no statements of responsibility are being transcribed, separate the titles with a space-semicolon-space.

- 505 1# \$a -- v. 2. O Lord, look down from heaven / Jonathan Battishill. How beautiful upon the mountains: from Awake, awake, put on thy strength, O Zion / John Stainer.

 Justorum amimae: from Three motets, op.
 38 / Charles Stanford. And I saw a new heaven / Edgar Bainton. As truly as God is our father / William Mathias. O Lorde, the maker of al thing / John Joubert.

 Save us, O Lord / Edward Bairstow. O Saviour of the world / Frederick Gore Ouseley. Viri Galilaei / Patrick Gowers.

 Lord, what is man? / Robin Holloway. Lo, the full, final sacrifice of Zion / Gerald Finzi -
- 505 1# \$a v. 3. O how glorious / Basil Harwood. The
 Lord is my shepherd / Sir Charles
 Villiers Stanford. Hymn to the Mother of
 God / John Tavener. Expectans expectavi /
 Charles Wood. Faire is the heaven / Sir
 William Harris. Come, Holy Ghost, our
 souls inspire / Thomas Attwood. In exitu
 Israel / Samuel Wesley. At the round
 earth's imagined corners / Robert Saxton.
 Set me as a seal upon thine heart /
 William Walton. Turn back, O man / Gustav
 Holst. There is an old belief / Sir C.
 Hubert Parry. Give unto the Lord: Psalm
 29 / Sir Edward Elgar

```
505 1# $a v. 1. At a Georgia camp meeting / K.

Mills (Edison Band). Trombone sneeze: a
humoresque cake-walk / A. Pryor (Sousa's
Band). Silence and fun: a ragtime oddity
/ Mullen (Sousa's Band). The Brooklin:
cake-walk / Thurban (Orch. Pathé-Frères).
Red onion rag / A. Holzmann (Roy
Spangler) ...
```

```
505 1# $a -- v. 2. Forgotten melodies : op. 38, no. 2-8; Fairy tales : op. 51, no. 2-6; Sonata triad : op. 11 -- v. 3. Eight mood pictures : op. 1; Etude "of medium difficulty"; Three improvisations, op. 2; ...
```

For the forms of durations recorded in a formal contents note, see MCD 6.7B10.

```
505 0# $a vol. 1. Concerto no. 1 para piano e orquestra em mi menor, op. 11 (1830) (43:00) -- vol. 2. Concerto no. 2 para piano e orquestra em fá menor, op. 21 (33:00); Grande fantasia sobre temas populares poloneses: op. 13 (15:12) -
```

For multipart items, when the number of discographic units (often called "volumes" by publishers) differs from the number of physical units (e.g., discs) or containers, include when necessary the number of physical units or containers in the contents note.

```
505 0# $a 1. Vom 6. Sonntag bis zum 17. Sonntag nach Trinitatis (6 discs) -- 2. Vom 18. bis zum 27. Sonntag nach Trinitatis (6 discs) ...
```

21.28A. SCOPE

Cadenzas

Treat cadenzas as related works under this rule whether they are composed by the composer of the works into which they are to be interpolated or by someone else.

```
100 1# $a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, $d 1756-1791.
240 10 $a Cadenzas, piano. $k Selections
245 00 $a Trente-cinq points d'orgue pour le piano-
forté / $c composés par W.A. Mozart et se
rapportant à ses concertos ...
700 1# 4a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, $d 1756-1791. $t
Concertos, $m piano, orchestra. $k
Selections.

100 1# $a Backhaus, Wilhelm, $d 1884-1969.
245 10 $a Kadenz zum Rondo des C-Dur Konzerts von
Beethoven / $c von Wilhelm Backhaus ...
700 1# $a Beethoven, Ludwig van, $d 1770-1827. $t
Concertos, $m piano, orchestra, $n no. 1,
op. 15, $r C major. $p Rondo.
```

Librettos

In order for a libretto to qualify for entry "under the heading appropriate to the musical work" (footnote 7), a reference to the libretto's musical setting must appear in the chief source of information or in the foreword or other prefatory matter of the publication.

21.30F. OTHER RELATED PERSONS OR BODIES.

Make an added entry for any person mentioned in the title proper or other title information of a bibliographic record for a musical work or collection. *Exception:* Do not make an added entry if the person's relationship to the item is purely a subject relationship.

```
100 1# $a Liszt, Franz, $d 1811-1886.
240 10 $a Präludium und Fuge über den Namen BACH
700 1# $a Bach, Johann Sebastian, $d 1685-1750.
```

Electronic or Computer Music Studios

For recordings of electronic or computer music, make an added entry for the studio or studios where the music was realized, when the item being cataloged identifies the studio or studios. If more than three studios are involved, however, make no added entries.

Many studios are (or can be assumed to be) corporate bodies and can be established as such, if not already established. For studios which are not corporate bodies and are not already established, follow the procedures outlined in *Subject Cataloging Manual: Subject Headings*, H 405, "Procedures for Group Two headings. Heading requested by descriptive cataloger for use as descriptive access point."

Library of Congress Foundations and Funds

If the work being cataloged was commissioned by a Library of Congress foundation or fund (e.g., Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge Foundation, McKim Fund), make an added entry under the corporate heading for the foundation or fund. Justify the added entry by naming the foundation or fund in a note (see 21.29F).

21.30G. RELATED WORKS.

When an instrumental work or collection is based on, inspired by, etc., one or two individual literary works, make a simple added entry or entries (cf. LCRI 21.30M) for the literary work or works. (For vocal works based on literary works, see 21.19A.)

When an instrumental work or collection is based on, inspired by, etc., three or more literary works by the same author, or an author's oeuvre in general, make an added entry for the author.

When a musical work is based on, inspired by, etc., one or more works by an artist, or an artist's oeuvre in general, make an added entry for the artist.

21.30L. SERIES.

The Library of Congress classifies collected works of composers (*Gesamtausgaben*) as collected sets in M3. Many such publications are divided into subseries by medium of performance or genre, and individual volumes are numbered only within each subseries. In such cases LCRI

21.30L requires that each subseries be established separately (cf. the "Progress in nuclear energy" example in LCRI 21.30L). This would preclude making a collected set record for the set as a whole and would, therefore, require classifying each subseries according to its content (Piano music in M22, Operas in M1500, etc.). To avoid this the Cataloging Policy and Support Office has authorized the deviation below from LCRI 21.30L for access points for music Gesamtausgaben.

For *Gesamtausgaben* that are issued in numbered (or alphabetically designated) subseries, with individual volumes numbered only within the subseries, make only one series authority record and only one collected-set bibliographic record—for the set as a whole. In bibliographic records for analyzed volumes (cf. MCD 13.3), transcribe series statements as instructed in the LCRI, but in series added entries omit the subseries title and consider the numerical designation of the subseries to be part of the series numbering. Include an explanatory note in the series authority record.

Bibliographic record

```
490 1 $a Neue Ausgabe sämtlicher Werke. Serie II,

Messen, Passionen, oratorische Werke /

Johann Sebastian Bach; $v Bd. 8

800 1 $a Bach, Johann Sebastian, $d 1685-1750. $t

Works. $f 1954; $v Ser. 2, Bd. 8.
```

Series authority record

In contents notes in collected-set records for Gesamtausgaben treated in this way, list only the numerical designations and the titles of the subseries, not the numbers and titles of individual volumes.

```
505 1 $a Ser. 1. Kantaten -- Ser. 2. Messen, Passionen, oratorische Werke
```

22.2. CHOICE AMONG DIFFERENT NAMES

In applying this rule and its LCRIs, do not consider a music composer or performer to be a contemporary author.

CANCEL; Covered by LCRI 22.2 (November 2000

25.27. SELECTION OF TITLE.

Although according to 1.1B1 an alternative title is part of the title proper of an *item*, for uniform title purposes consider the main title and the alternative title to be two separate titles of a *work*, i.e., two members of the universe of titles from which one is selected as the basis of the uniform title (cf. 25.2A and LCRI 25.3B).

```
100 1# $a Costa, Onorato.
240 10 $a Souvenir d'Orient
245 10 $a Souvenir d'Orient, ou, Fantaisie brillante ...
100 1# $a Piccinni, Niccolò, $d 1728-1800.
240 10 $a Buona figliuola
245 13 $a La Cecchina, ossia, La buona figliuola ...
```

25.27A1, Footnote 9. SELECTION OF TITLE.

When a composer uses a word that is normally the name of a type of composition as the title of a work that is definitely not a work of the type designated by the word, do not consider the title to be the name of a type of composition.

```
100 1# $a Carlid, Göte.
      245 1# $a Mässa : $a för stråkar ...
not
      100 1# $a Carlid, Göte.
      240 10 $a Mass, $m string orchestra
      245 00 $a Mässa för stråkar ...
      100 1# $a Poulenc, Francis, $d 1899-1963.
      245 10 $a Aubade : $b concerto chorégraphique pour
                piano et 18 instruments ...
not
      100 1# $a Poulenc, Francis, $d 1899-1963.
      240 10 $a Aubade, $m piano, instrumental ensemble
      245 00 $a Aubade pour piano et 18 instruments : $b
                concerto chorégraphique ...
      100 1# $a Ravel, Maurice, $d 1875-1937.
      245 13 $a La valse : $b poème chorégraphique ...
not
      100 1# $a Ravel, Maurice, $d 1875-1937.
      240 10 $a Waltzes, $m orchestra
      245 03 $a La valse : $b poème chorégraphique ...
      100 1# $a Sculthorpe, Peter, $d 1929-
      245 10 $a Requiem : $b for cello alone ...
not
      100 1# $a Sculthorpe, Peter, $d 1929-
      240 10 $a Requiem, $m violoncello
      245 00 $a Requiem for cello alone ...
      100 1# $a Sims, Ezra, $d 1928-
      245 10 $a String quartet #2 (1962) ...
not
      100 1# $a Sims, Ezra, $d 1928-
      240 10 $a Quartets, $m strings ...
      245 00 $a String quartet #2 (1962) ...
not
      100 1# $a Sims, Ezra, $d 1928-
      240 10 $a Quintet, $m flute, clarinet, violin, viola,
                violoncello
      245 00 $a String quartet #2 (1962) ...
```

Do not consider such titles as "Double concerto," and "Tripelkonzert" to be names of types of compositions.

25.27D. TITLES INCLUDING THE NAME OF A TYPE OF COMPOSITION.

Note that 25.27D does not apply if a work is cited as one of a numbered sequence of compositions of a particular type but the title selected according to 25.27A–25.27C does not include the name of the type.

```
100 1# $a Kelterborn, Rudolf, $d 1931-
245 10 $a Espansioni : $b Sinfonie III ...
      (Uniform title, [Espansioni], not included in bibliographic
      record; cf. MCD 25.25)

100 1# $a Hovhaness, Alan, $d 1911-
240 10 $a Symphonies, $n no. 21, op. 234
245 10 $a Symphony Etchmiadzin : $b Symphony no. 21 ...
```

but

The word "cited" in 25.27D1 means that the work in question must be explicitly identified as one of a numbered sequence of compositions in at least one reference source or manifestation.

(This replaces MCD 25.27C (22 October 1981).)

25.28. ISOLATION OF INITIAL TITLE ELEMENT.

For alternative titles, see MCD 25.27.

For pre-twentieth century works, normally consider phrases such as "a due," "a cinque," etc., to be statements of medium of performance and not part of the title as defined in this rule.

For pre-twentieth century works with titles such as *Duo concertant, Quartetto concertante*, etc. (but not titles naming a form, such as *Sinfonia concertante* (cf. rule 25.29A), *Rondeau concertant*, etc.), consider the word "concertant" or its equivalent to be an adjective or epithet not part of the original title of the work, and omit it from the uniform title.

25.30. ADDITIONS TO INITIAL TITLE ELEMENTS CONSISTING OF THE NAME(S) OF ONE OR MORE TYPE(S) OF COMPOSITION

Do not apply this rule to titles consisting of two words each of which alone would be the name of a type of composition, when the combination of the two words produces a distinctive title.

```
240 10 $a Humoreske-bagateller

not 240 10 $a Humoreske-bagateller, $m piano, $n op. 11
```

Note, however, that "trio sonata" (cf. 25.29C1) and "chorale prelude" are each the name of *one* type of composition.

25.30B1(a). GENERAL RULE.

Although section a) of 25.30B1 seems to prohibit the use of statements of medium of performance in uniform titles whose initial title element (as formulated under 25.27–25.2 9) is "Mass(es)" or "Requiem(s)," add the medium of performance to such uniform titles when no other information is available to distinguish between two or more works by the same composer.

```
100 1# $a Byrd, William, $d 1542 or 3-1623.
240 10 $a Masses, $m voices (3)
100 1# $a Byrd, William, $d 1542 or 3-1623.
240 10 $a Masses, $m voices (5)
```

For the title *Melody* or *Melodies* and its cognates in other languages, and for commonly used liturgical titles such as *Requiem*, *Te Deum*, *Salve Regina*, *Dixit Dominus*, etc., see LCRI 25.29A.

```
(This replaces MCD 25.30B1 (rev. May 1989).)
```

25.30B5. GROUPS OF INSTRUMENTS.

Use "winds" in uniform titles for chamber music combinations only when it is either not possible (e.g., because of the three-element limitation in 25.30B1) or not more informative to use "woodwinds" or "brasses" together with the names of individual instruments. Specifically:

- 1) For works for two different woodwind instruments and two different brass instruments, state the medium of performance simply as "winds." Do not list the woodwind instruments individually and group the brass instruments (e.g., "flute, oboe, brasses") or group the woodwind instruments and list the brass instruments individually (e.g., "woodwinds, trumpets (2), horn"), since the choice of which to list and which to group is arbitrary; do not use "woodwinds, brasses," since this would convey no additional information.
- 2) For works for two different woodwind instruments and three or more different brass instruments or for two different brass instruments and three or more different woodwind instruments, list the two and group the others.

```
240 10 $a Serenade, $m woodwinds, horn, trombone ... 240 10 $a Suite, $m flutes (2), oboe, brasses ...
```

3) For works for two or more different woodwind instruments, two or more different brass instruments, and one other instrument or group of instruments, use "winds," not "woodwinds, brasses."

```
240 10 $a Suite, $m piano, winds (For piano, flute, oboe, trumpet, and trombone)
```

Do not use the phrases "string ensemble," "wind ensemble," etc., under this rule. For groups of four or more different instruments from a single family, use "strings," "winds," etc., as in the first example in the rule.

25.30B7. SOLO INSTRUMENT(S) AND ACCOMPANYING ENSEMBLE.

The phrase "jazz ensemble" may be used, when appropriate, for either the accompanying ensemble or the group of solo instruments.

```
240 10 $a Concertos, $m violin, jazz ensemble ...
240 10 $a Concertos, $m jazz ensemble, orchestra ...

(This replaces MCD 25.29G (January 1983).)
```

25.31B1. CONFLICT RESOLUTION

Numbered Works

Read the second paragraph of this rule to mean that the medium of performance or descriptive phrase is to be omitted when this element would be the same for all titles that conflict.

```
240 10 $a Fantasie-sonate, $n no. 1
240 10 $a Fantasie-sonate, $n no. 2
240 10 $a Fantasie-sonate, $n no. 3
240 10 $a Fantasie-sonate, $n no. 4
(All are for organ)
```

(This is based on a statement published in *Music cataloging bulletin*, v. 12, no. 11 (November 1981), p. 4.)

For works with titles not consisting of the name of a type of composition which have serial numbers associated with them (whether the numbers appear as arabic or roman numerals or spelled out, and whether or not they are preceded by the designation "no." or its equivalent), apply 25.30B1

(d) to 25.31B1 and omit the medium of performance when a better file arrangement would result.

```
240 10 $a Antiphony, $n no. 2
245 10 $a Antiphony II : $b variations on a theme of
Cavafy ...
```

When cataloging the first work received in such a sequence, it may, however, be advisable to defer the use of a uniform title until another work in the sequence is received, since it will then be easier to see what numbering pattern is being followed. When the second work is cataloged, the bibliographic record(s) for the first will have to be revised to add the uniform title.

Singular vs. Plural

Consider that a conflict exists under this rule when two works by the same composer have titles which are identical except that one is in the singular and the other is in the plural.

```
240 10 $a Fantasistykke, $m clarinet, piano
240 10 $a Fantasistykker, $m oboe, piano
```

25.32A1. ONE PART

Numbered Parts

When the number of a part of a work is used in the uniform title of the part, precede the number by the abbreviation "No." ("No," "Nr.," "N.," etc.) when such an abbreviation , or the corresponding word, appears with the numbers of the parts in the source on which the uniform title is based or when the number appears alone there. In the latter case give the abbreviation in the language of the initial title element. If any other term appears with the numbers of the parts, give it as it appears in the source on which the uniform title is based. Use arabic numerals.

```
100 1# $a Wagner, Richard, $d 1813-1883.
240 10 $a Lohengrin. $n 3. Akt
100 1# $a Caix d'Hervelois, Louis de, $d ca. 1670-ca. 1760.
240 10 $a Pièces de viole, $n 5. livre. $n No 3 (original title of part: IIIe suite)
```

Do not routinely change existing uniform titles to bring them into conformity with these guidelines unless they must be changed for another reason.

References

1

Make a name/title reference from the heading for the composer and the title of the part whenever such a reference would provide a useful access to the uniform title of the part, regardless of whether the title of the part is distinctive.

```
100 1# $a Beethoven, Ludwig van, $d 1770-1827. $t Stücke, $m musical clock, $n WoO 33. $p Allegro
400 1# $a Beethoven, Ludwig van, $d 1770-1827. $t
Allegros, $m musical clock, $n WoO 33, no. 3, $r G major
```

When appropriate, name/title references may be made to the uniform title for a part of a work from the uniform title of the work followed by a variant title of the part.

```
100 1# $a Rossini, Gioacchino, $d 1792-1868. $t Semiramide. $p Sinfonia
400 1# $a Rossini, Gioacchino, $d 1792-1868. $t Semiramide. $p Overture
```

When the title of a part of a work is the same as the title of the work, do not make a name/title reference from the heading for the composer and the title of the part.

```
100 1# $a Bach, Johann Sebastian, $d 1685-1750. $t Was
Gott tut, das ist wohlgetan (Cantata), $n BWV
99. $p Was Gott tut, das ist wohlgetan (Chorus)
```

Do *not* make the reference

```
400 1# $a Bach, Johann Sebastian, $d 1685-1750. $t Was Gott tut, das ist wohlgetan (Chorus), $n BWV 99, no. 1
```

For instructions in the formulation of the references prescribed by this rule, see *Music Cataloging Decisions*, 26.4B1.

25.32B1. MORE THAN ONE PART.

Consecutively Numbered Parts

Apply 25.6B1 to parts of a musical work only when, under 25.32A1, the numbers of the parts are used in the uniform titles for individual parts of the work. Otherwise apply 25.6B2 or 25.6B3. Express numbers of parts according to MCD 25.32A1.

```
100 1# $a Brahms, Johannes, $d 1833-1897.
240 10 $a Ungarische Tänze. $n Nr. 5-6
   (Individual uniform titles: [Ungarische Tänze. Nr. 5];
   [Ungarische Tänze. Nr. 6])
```

hut

```
100 1# $a Brahms, Johannes, $d 1833-1897.
240 10 $a Stücke, $m piano, $n op. 119. $k Selections
(Contains no. 2-4. Individual uniform titles: [Stücke, piano,
op. 119. Intermezzo, E minor]; [Stücke, piano, op. 119.
Intermezzo, D major]; [Stücke, piano, op. 119. Rhapsody])
```

"Original Cast" and "Original Sound Track" Recordings

When evidence is lacking as to whether an "original cast" recording of a musical comedy, etc., or an "original sound track" recording of a motion picture score contains all the music, do not add "Selections" to the uniform title.

25.34B–25.34C. SELECTIONS and WORKS OF VARIOUS TYPES IN ONE BROAD OR SPECIFIC MEDIUM, AND WORKS OF ONE TYPE FOR ONE SPECIFIC MEDIUM OR VARIOUS MEDIA.

Do not apply the following provisions to collections of the types listed in LCRI 25.34B–25.34C. For excerpts from one work, treat each excerpt the same as a separate work unless there are two or more excerpts numbered consecutively (25.6B1) or three or more unnumbered or nonconsecutively numbered excerpts (25.6B3).

Printed and Manuscript Music

If a music publication or manuscript contains three or more works entered under a single personal name heading, enter the collection under the collective uniform title appropriate to the item as a whole. Make name-title added entries only in the following situations:

1) If the item contains four or more works, and all the works but one form a group for which a collective uniform title naming a type (25.34C2–25.34C3) would be appropriate, make a name-title analytical added entry for the group and one for the single work.

```
100 1# $a Chopin, Frédéric, $d 1810-1849.
240 10 $a Piano music. $k Selections
245 00 $a Scherzi ; $b und, Phantasie f Moll ...
700 12 $a Chopin, Frédéric, $d 1810-1849. $t Scherzos, piano
700 12 $a Chopin, Frédéric, $d 1810-1849. $t Fantasia, $m piano, $n op. 49, $r F minor
```

2) If the item contains six or more works, and the works may be divided into two groups of three or more works, for each of which a collective uniform title naming a type (25.34C2–25.34C3) would be appropriate, make a name-title analytical added entry for each group.

```
100 1# $a Scriabin, Aleksandr Nikolayevich, $d 1872-1915.
240 10 $a Piano music. $k Selections
245 00 $a The complete preludes & etudes: $b for pianoforte solo ...
700 12 $a Scriabin, Aleksandr Nikolayevich, $d 1872-1915. $t Preludes, $m piano
700 12 $a Scriabin, Aleksandr Nikolayevich, $d 1872-1915. $t Etudes, $m piano
```

Sound Recordings

For sound recording collections containing three, four, or five works entered under a single personal name heading, see LCRI 25.34B–25.34C.

If a sound recording collection contains six or more works entered under a single personal name heading, enter the collection under the collective uniform title appropriate to the item as a whole. Make name-title analytical added entries as follows:

1) If the works may be divided into no more than five groups of three or more works, for each of which a collective uniform title naming a type (25.34C2–25.34C3) would be appropriate, make an analytical added entry for each group.

```
100 1# $a Chopin, Frédéric, $d 1810-1849.
240 10 $a Piano music. $k Selections
245 00 $a Waltzes $h [sound recording]; $b and, Scherzos
...
700 12 $a Chopin, Frédéric, $d 1810-1849. $t Waltzes, $m
piano
700 12 $a Chopin, Frédéric, $d 1810-1849. $t Scherzos,
$m piano
```

2) If some of the works can be grouped as in (1) above and others cannot, and the groups and the remaining individual works together add up to five or fewer, make an analytical added entry for each group and for each of the remaining works.

```
100 1# $a Saint-Saëns, Camille, $d 1835-1912.
240 10 $a Orchestra music. $k Selections
245 00 $a Symphonies $h [sound recording] ; $b & Tone poems ...
700 12 $a Saint-Saëns, Camille, $d 1835-1912. $t Symphonies, $n no. 1-3
700 12 $a Saint-Saëns, Camille, $d 1835-1912. $t Symphonic poems
700 12 $a Saint-Saëns, Camille, $d 1835-1912. $t Marche héroïque
```

3) If neither (1) nor (2) above can be applied but one of the works is featured, make an analytical added entry for that work; in addition, make an analytical added entry under the collective uniform title appropriate to the remaining works if it is different from that used in the main entry.

```
100 1# $a Glinka, Mikhail Ivanovich, $d 1804-1857.
240 10 $a Instrumental music. $k Selections
245 10 $a Trio pathétique $h [sound recording] : $b in
   D minor for clarinet, bassoon, and piano ;
   Selected piano works ...
700 12 $a Glinka, Mikhail Ivanovich, $d 1804-1857. $t
   Trio pathétique
700 12 $a Glinka, Mikhail Ivanovich, $d 1804-1857. $t
   Piano music. $k Selections

100 1# $a Reger, Max, $d 1873-1916.
240 10 $a Chamber music. $k Selections
245 00 $a Chamber music $h [sound recording] ...
   (Contains the String quartet, op. 109 (55 min.), and various
```

1

```
short works for clarinet and piano or violoncello and piano (10 min. total))
```

```
700 10 $a Reger, Max, $d 1873-1916. $t Quartets, $m strings, $n op. 109, $r Eb major
```

For references for collections without a collective title, see MCD 26.4B4.

Collections of Works All Having the Same Title

If all the works in a collection entered under a personal name heading have the same title and this title is not the name of a type of composition, assign a collective uniform title according to 25.34B, 25.34C1, or 25.34C2, using the most specific uniform title that will cover all the works in the collection. If appropriate, add "Selections" according to the first paragraph of 25.34C3. If the collection is a sound recording, make name-title analytic added entries according to LCRI 25.34B–25.34C and the instructions above. For references for collections without a collective title, see MCD 26.4B4.

```
240 10 $a Selections (Contains Antiphony I for unaccompanied chorus, Antiphony III for piano, and Antiphony V for orchestra)
```

- 240 10 \$a Instrumental music. \$k Selections (Contains Antiphony III for piano, Antiphony V for orchestra, and Antiphony VII for string quartet)
- 240 10 \$a String quartet music (Contains Antiphony VII, Antiphony IX, and Antiphony XI, all for string quartet and the composer's only works in that medium)

If, however, the works are consecutively numbered, apply the second paragraph of 25.34C3, adding the consecutive numbering to the title of the individual works (in the singular). Do this even if the collection contains all of the composer's works with that title.

```
240 10 $a Antiphony, $n no. 2-4
240 10 $a Kammermusik, $n no. 1-7
```

25.35. ADDITIONS FOR MUSICAL WORKS.

When one or more instrumental parts for a work or a collection of works by one composer are published separately, do not make an addition to the uniform title to bring this out. Use the same uniform title that would be used for a score or a complete set of parts.

```
100 1# $a Bach, Johann Sebastian, $d 1685-1750.
240 10 $a Wer mich liebet, der wird mein Wort halten, $n
   BWV 74
245 10 \$a Kantate Nr. 74 : \$b Wer mich liebet, der wird
    mein Wort halten : BWV 74 / $c Joh. Seb. Bach
    ; Continuo-Aussetzung von Ulrich Haverkampf.
254 ## $a Orgel.
260 ## $a Wiesbaden : $b Breitkopf & Härtel, $c c1982.
300 ## $a 1 part (32 p.) ...
100 1# $a Bach, Johann Sebastian. $d 1685-1750.
240 10 $a Vocal music. $k Selections
245 14 $a The flute solos from the Bach cantatas,
   passions, and oratorios ...
100 1# $a Strauss, Richard, $d 1864-1949.
240 10 $a Orchestra music. $k Selections
245 10 $a Orchesterstudien aus Richard Strauss'
    symphonichen Werken : $b für Flöte ...
```

Revisions by the Original Composer (Cf. MCD Appendix D, "Musical Work")

If a composer revises a work, retaining the original title and opus number, and the revision is one of different instrumentation within the same broad medium (e.g., orchestra, instrumental ensemble, band) rather than extensive overall revision and the introduction of new material, do not consider the revised version an arrangement, etc. Use the same uniform title for the original and revised versions.

```
100 1# $a Schoenberg, Arnold, $d 1874-1951.
240 10 $a Stücke, $m orchestra, $n op. 16
245 00 $a Fünf Orchesterstücke, op. 16 : $b
    Originalfassung ...
100 1# $a Schoenberg, Arnold, $d 1874-1951.
240 10 $a Stücke, $m orchestra, $n op. 16
245 00 $a Five pieces for orchestra, op. 16 : $b new
    version = Fünf Orchesterstücke ...
   ("Revised edition, reduced for normal-sized orchestra by the
   composer")
100 1# $a Stravinsky, Igor, $d 1882-1971.
245 10 $a Petrushka : $b complete original 1911
    version ...
100 1# $a Stravinsky, Igor, $d 1882-1971.
240 10 $a Petrushka
245 10 $a Petrouchka : $b burleske in four scenes
    (revised 1947 version) ...
```

Added Accompaniments, etc.

Do not add *arr*. to the uniform title for a musical work to which an additional accompaniment additional parts have been added with no alteration of the original music (21.21). Assign subject headings for both the expanded and the original media of performance, adding ", Arranged" to the former heading. Classify the item as an arrangement.

Alternative Instruments

Do not consider to be an arrangement

1) a work composed before 1800 for a baroque, renaissance, or other early instrument (viola da gamba, recorder, etc.) that is edited for or performed on a contemporary instrument;

2) a work for a melody instrument that is edited for or performed on an alternative instrument specified by the composer or in early editions, preferably the first—provided the key is unchanged and the notation has not been significantly changed.

```
100 1# $a Bach, Johann Sebastian, $d 1685-1750.
240 10 $a Sonatas, $m viola da gamba, harpsichord
245 00 $a Drei Sonaten für Violoncello und Klavier $h
      [sound recording] ...
650 #0 $a Sonatas (Violoncello and piano)

050 00 $a M226 $b .B

100 1# $a Brahms, Johannes, $d 1833-1897.
240 10 $a Sonatas, $m clarinet, piano, $n op. 120. $n
      No. 1

245 00 $a Sonata no. 1 in F minor, opus 120, for viola
      and piano ...
500 $a Originally for clarinet or viola and piano.
650 #0 ‡a Sonatas (Viola and piano) $v Scores and
      parts.
```

Song Transpositions

When a song or a set or collection of songs is published or performed at a pitch other than the original to accommodate a voice range different from the one for which it was composed, do not consider this transposition to constitute an arrangement.

26.4B. SEE REFERENCES

When applying the option in MCD 21.4C1 to make a name-uniform title reference from the erroneously or fictitiously attributed musical work in place of the added entry for the erroneously or fictitiously attributed composer alone, construct the reference in the form that the uniform title would have if the work were in fact by the attributed composer.

```
100 1# $a Cannabich, Christian, $d 1731-1798. $t
    Concertos, $m violin, string orchestra, $r Bb
    major
400 1# $a Haydn, Joseph, $b 1732-1809. $t Concertos, $m
    violin, string orchestra, $n H. VIIa, 2, $r Bb
    major
```

When appropriate, make additional name-title references from the heading for the attributed composer and other titles under which the work has been published as a work of the attributed composer.

```
100 1# $a Mozart, Leopold, $d 1719-1787. $t Cassation,
   $m orchestra, $r C major. $k Selections
400 1# $a Haydn, Joseph, $d 1732-1809. $t
   Berchtolsgadener Sinfonie
400 1# $a Haydn, Joseph, $d 1732-1809. $t Toy symphony
```

26.4B4. REFERENCES. UNIFORM TITLES. COLLECTIVE TITLES

Variant Forms of Collective Titles

1) *Ampersand*. When an ampersand (or other symbol, e.g., +, representing the word *and*) occurs as one of the first five words filed on in a collective title being referred from, make an additional reference substituting the word *and* in the language of the title.

- 100 1# \$a Bloch, Ernest, \$d 1880-1959. \$t Instrumental music. \$k Selections
- 400 1# \$a Bloch, Ernest, \$d 1880-1959. \$t Gesamtwerk für Violoncello & Orchester
- 100 1# \$a Bloch, Ernest, \$d 1880-1959. \$t Instrumental music. \$k Selections
- 400 1# \$a Bloch, Ernest, \$d 1880-1959. \$t Gesamtwerk für Violoncello und Orchester
- 2) *Numbers*. When a cardinal number occurs as one of the first five words filed on in a collective title being referred from, make references according to the principles governing the making of added entries set forth in the section on alternate forms containing numbers in LCRI 21.30J. In addition, when a distinctive collective title being referred from begins with a number that is not an integral part of the title, make a reference from the title with the number omitted.

 - 100 1# \$a Brahms, Johannes, \$d 1833-1987. \$t Symphonies 400 1# \$a Brahms, Johannes, \$d 1833-1987. \$t 4 Symphonien
 - 100 1# \$a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, \$d 1756-1791. \$t Symphonies. \$k Selections
 - 400 1# \$a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, \$d 1756-1791. \$t Six last symphonies
 - 100 1# \$a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, \$d 1756-1791. \$t Symphonies. \$k Selections
 - 400 1# \$a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, \$d 1756-1791. \$t 6 last symphonies
 - 100 1# \$a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, \$d 1756-1791. \$a Symphonies. \$k Selections
 - 400 1# \$a Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, \$d 1756-1791. \$t Last symphonies
- 3) Other. If a distinctive collective title being referred from contains data within the first five words filed on for which there could be an alternative form that would be filed differently, make an additional reference from that form if it is thought that some users of the catalog might reasonably search under that form, following the guidelines for title added entries in LCRI 21.30J.
 - 100 1# \$a Bach, Johann Sebastian, \$d 1685-1750. \$t Organ music. \$k Selections
 - 400 1# \$a Bach, Johann Sebastian, \$d 1685-1750. \$t Orgelmusik in St. Blasius Münden
 - 100 1# \$a Bach, Johann Sebastian, \$d 1685-1750. \$t Organ music. \$k Selections
 - 400 1# \$a Bach, Johann Sebastian, \$d 1685-1750. \$t Orgelmusik in Sankt Blasius Münden

Conflicts

When the title proper (or other title being referred from) of a collection of, or selection from, a composer's works is identical with a uniform title that has been used under the heading for that composer in a bibliographic record or name authority record in the catalog, trace the name-title reference from the bibliographic title to the collective uniform title as a "see also" reference.

- 100 1# \$a Schubert, Franz, \$d 1797-1828. \$t Songs. \$k Selections
- 500 1# \$a Schubert, Franz, \$d 1797-1828. \$t An die Musik (Established uniform title: [An die Musik])

1

```
100 1# $a Boyce, William, $d 1711-1779. $t Instrumental music. $k Selections
500 1# $a Boyce, William, $d 1711-1779. $t Concerti grossi

(Established uniform title: [Concerti grossi])
```

In all other cases, trace the reference as a "see" reference.

When a uniform title is established (i.e., used in a heading in a name authority record or an access point in a bibliographic record) which is identical with the title portion of a name-title "see" reference under the same composer, change the reference to a "see also" reference.

Collections Without Collective Title

For a collection without a collective title entered under a personal name heading with a collective uniform title, make a name-title reference from the first title recorded in the title and statement of responsibility area to the uniform title, if no analytic added entry is made for the first work. (If an analytic added entry is made for the first work, sufficient access to the bibliographic record is provided by that analytic added entry and associated references.)

Bibliographic record

Authority record

Bibliographic record

Authority record

Follow the above instructions also when three or more parts of a single work are published together without an overall title.

SUBDIVISION SIMPLIFICATION PROGRESS

Since the Subject Subdivisions Conference took place at Airlie House, Virginia, in May 1991, progress continues to be made in simplifying subdivisions in the Library of Congress Subject Headings system. On Weekly Lists 01-01 to 01-16, changes were made in the following areas:

Recommendation #1. Toward achieving the recommended standard order of **[topic]—[place]—[chronology]—[form]** where it can be applied in LC subject heading strings, new topical subdivisions for which geographic orientation is possible are established with the designation (*May Subd Geog*). On a case-by-case basis, subdivisions not previously divided by place are authorized for geographic subdivision. Five subdivisions were authorized for geographic subdivision during this period, including three free-floating subdivision listed below.

Recommendation #6. During the first quarter of 2001, progress in simplifying subdivisions was made in the following areas:

1) Cancellation of subdivisions that represent the same or similar concepts in different forms. The subdivision—Costume was replaced with the subdivision—Clothing under headings for classes of persons and ethnic groups. The subdivision—Clothing had previously been authorized for used under names of individual persons.

The subdivision —17th-18th centuries was cancelled under the headings Architecture, Modern; Art, Modern; Painting, Modern; and Sculpture, Modern and replaced with a separate subdivision to represent each century under those same headings: —17th century and —18th century.

2) Phrase headings replaced with subdivisions. The phrase heading Failure (Christian theology) was cancelled and replaced by Failure (Psychology)—Religious aspects—Christianity. The subdivision —Religious aspects—[religion] is the standard way of expressing the religious aspects of a non-religious topic from the viewpoint of an individual religion.

The below changes to existing free-floating subdivision took place during the first quarter of 2001.

<u>CHANGED OR CANCELLED FREE-FLOATING SUBDIVISIONS</u> WL01-01 - WL01-16

Subdivision	List in SCM	Change or replacement
—Clergy—Deprivation of the clerical garb	H 1187	ADD: (May Subd Geog)
—Costume	H 1100	—Clothing (May Subd Geog)
	H 1103	—Clothing (May Subd Geog)
—Court and courtiers—Costume H	1140	—Court and courtiers—
		Clothing
—Retirement	H 1100	ADD: (May Subd Geog)
	H 1103	ADD: (May Subd Geog)
—Thermography	H 1164	ADD: (May Subd Geog)
C 1 5		

SUBJECT HEADINGS OF CURRENT INTEREST

Weekly Lists 6-19, 2001

Academic-industrial collaboration (May Subd Geog)
African Americans—Reparations (May Subd Geog)
African Americans—Relations with Asian Americans
Airline passenger security screening (May Subd Geog)
Alphabet books (May Subd Geog)
Alternative medicine specialists (May Subd Geog)
Animal shelters—Overcrowding (May Subd Geog)
Auditing of courses (May Subd Geog)
Basketball films (May Subd Geog)

Basketball injuries (May Subd Geog)

Blaxploitation films (May Subd Geog)

BMX bikes (May Subd Geog)

Boxing films (May Subd Geog)

Brownie Girl Scouts (May Subd Geog)

Cascading style sheets

Christmas television programs (May Subd Geog)

Collisions (Astrophysics)

Computer animation evidence (May Subd Geog)

Computers and the aged (May Subd Geog)

Container ports (May Subd Geog)

Credit analysis (May Subd Geog)

Cyberpunk culture (May Subd Geog)

Dangerous dogs (May Subd Geog)

Decade to Overcome Violence, 2001-2010

Digital subscriber lines (May Subd Geog)

Distributed generation of electric power (May Subd Geog)

DVD players (May Subd Geog)

DVD-Audio discs (May Subd Geog)

Ecoterrorism (May Subd Geog)

Electronic filing of tax returns (May Subd Geog)

Football films (May Subd Geog)

Foster care of animals (May Subd Geog)

Gasoline vapor control (May Subd Geog)

Gay high school students (May Subd Geog)

Internet in public administration (May Subd Geog)

Jug band music (May Subd Geog)

Jug bands (May Subd Geog)

Kite surfing (May Subd Geog)

Lifetime homes (May Subd Geog)

Low power radio (May Subd Geog)

Low-impact trail riding (May Subd Geog)

Martial arts films (May Subd Geog)

Mental health courts (May Subd Geog)

Motorcycle films (May Subd Geog)

Organic living (May Subd Geog)

Paramotoring (May Subd Geog)

Parody films (May Subd Geog)

Pay par cell telephone services (May S.

Pay-per-call telephone services (May Subd Geog)

Postal subsidies (May Subd Geog)

Pseudoscience (May Subd Geog)

Radioactive waste repositories (May Subd Geog)

Riot grrrl movement (May Subd Geog)

Sega Dreamcast video games (Not Subd Geog)

Self-adaptive software (May Subd Geog)

Semi-professional baseball (May Subd Geog)

Shopping carts (May Subd Geog)

Slave narratives (May Subd Geog)

Spaghetti Westerns (May Subd Geog)

Staged photography (May Subd Geog)

Stock footage (May Subd Geog)

Synagogue archives (May Subd Geog)

Third millennium (Not Subd Geog)

Truth commissions (May Subd Geog)

Virtual work teams (May Subd Geog)

Volunteer tourism (May Subd Geog)

Wickerwork (May Subd Geog)

Women illegal aliens (May Subd Geog)

World beat (Music) (May Subd Geog)

REVISED LC SUBJECT HEADINGS

The list below comprises headings that were changed or cancelled on weekly lists 1-16, 2001.

		May Subd
Cancelled Heading	Replacement Heading	Geog
Akita dogs	Akita dog	YES
Alien labor, Swaziland	Alien labor, Swazi	YES
Alvarado (Veracruz, Mexico), Battle	Alvarado (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico),	NO
of, 1846 Araneidae	Battle of, 1846 Orb weavers	YES
Architecture, Modern—17th-18th	Architecture, Modern—17th century	NO
centuries	Themteetale, Wodell Trul century	110
Architecture, Modern—17th-18th centuries	Architecture, Modern—18th century	NO
Architecture, Modern—19th century—	Architecture—Great Britain—19th century	NO
Great Britain Architecture, Modern—19th century— Middle West	Architecture—Middle West—19th century	NO
Architecture, Modern—19th century—	Architecture—United States—19th century	NO
United States Architecture, Modern—20th century—	Architecture—Illinois—20th century	NO
Illinois Architecture, Modern—20th century—	Architecture—Italy—20th century	NO
Italy Architecture, Modern—20th century—	Architecture—Middle West—20th century	NO
Middle West	•	110
Architecture, Modern—20th century— Soviet Union	Architecture—Soviet Union	
Architecture, Modern—20th century— United States	Architecture—United States—20th century	NO
Architecture, Modern—Italy	Architecture—Italy	
Art, Benin	Art, Beninese	YES
Art, Gypsy	Art, Romani	YES
Art, Modern—17th-18th centuries	Art, Modern—17th century	NO
Art, Modern—17th-18th centuries	Art, Modern—18th century	NO
Art, Modern—17th-18th centuries— History	Art, Modern—17th century—History	NO
Art, Modern—17th-18th centuries— History	Art, Modern—18th century—History	NO
Art, Modern—17th-18th centuries—	Art, Modern—Italian influences	NO
Italian influences Art, Modern—17th-18th centuries—	Art, Dutch—17th century	NO
Netherlands Art, Modern—17th-18th centuries—	Art, Dutch—18th century	NO
Netherlands	The Butter Tour contary	1,0
Art, Modern—19th century—Belgium	Art, Belgian—19th century	NO
Art, Modern—19th century—England	Art, English—19th century	NO
Art, Modern—19th century—France	Art, French—19th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—Belgium	Art, Belgian—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—Europe	Art, European—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—France	Art, French—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—Germany	Art, German—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—India	Art, Indic—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century— Netherlands	Art, Dutch—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century— New Mexico	Art, American—New Mexico—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century— Northwestern States	Art, American—Northwestern States— 20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—Poland	Art, Polish—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—Spain	Art, Spanish—20th century	NO
Art, Modern—20th century—	Art, American—20th century	NO
United States	•	
Art, Modern—Europe	Art, European	NO

Art, Modern—Europe—Japanese	Art, European—Japanese influences	NO
influences	•	
Art, Modern—France	Art, French	YES
Art, Modern—France—Japanese	Art, French—Japanese influences	NO
influences	, 1	
Art, Modern—Poland	Art, Polish	YES
Art, Modern—Poland—Japanese	Art, Polish—Japanese influences	NO
influences	The state of the s	110
Art, Modern—Spain	Art, Spanish	YES
Art, Modern—Spain—Japanese	Art, Spanish—Japanese influences	NO
influences	Tit, Spanish Supanese influences	110
Art, Modern—Uruguay	Art, Uruguayan	YES
Art, Modern—Uruguay—Spanish	Art, Uruguayan—Spanish influences	NO
influences	Art, Oruguayan—Spanish influences	NO
Art, Venetian	Art Italian Italy Vanica	
	Art, Italian—Italy—Venice	NO
Art, Venetian—Byzantine influences	Art, Italian—Italy—Venice—Byzantine influences	NO
Arta Madama 10th continue United		NO
Arts, Modern—19th century—United	Arts, American—19th century	NO
States	A D: 11: 20/1	110
Arts, Modern—20th century—Brazil	Arts, Brazilian—20th century	NO
Arts, Modern—20th century—Canada	Arts, Canadian—20th century	NO
Arts, Modern—20th century—England	Arts, English—20th century	NO
Arts, Modern—20th century—Latin	Arts, Latin American—20th century	NO
America		
Arts, Modern—20th century—Latin	Arts, Latin American—20th century—	NO
America—Societies, etc.	Societies, etc.	
Arts, Modern—20th century—United	Arts, American—20th century	NO
States		
Authors, Sierra Leone	Authors, Sierra Leonean	YES
Balaena glacialis	Northern right whale	YES
Balaenidae	Right whales	YES
Bear Paw Mountains (Mont.)	Bears Paw Mountains (Mont.)	NO
Bearpaw Mountains (Mont.)	Bears Paw Mountains (Mont.)	NO
Benin—Economic conditions—1960-	Benin—Economic conditions—1960-1990	NO
Benin—Economic conditions—1960-	Benin—Economic conditions—1990-	NO
Benin—Politics and government—	Benin—Politics and government—1960-1990	NO
1960-	6	
Benin—Politics and government—	Benin—Politics and government—1990-	NO
1960-		
Benin—Social conditions—1960-	Benin—Social conditions—1960-1990	NO
Benin—Social conditions—1960-	Benin—Social conditions—1990-	NO
Benin literature	Beninese literature	YES
Benin literature (French)	Beninese literature (French)	YES
Benin poetry (French)	Beninese poetry (French)	YES
Black History Month	African American History Month	YES
Callipepla squamata	Scaled quail	YES
Calo dialect (Romany)	Calo dialect (Romani)	YES
Canons, fugues, etc. (Vocal)	Canons, fugues, etc. (Chorus)	NO
Carraizo Reservoir (Puerto Rico)	Carraizo Reservoir (P.R.)	NO
Carraizo Reservoir Watershed (Puerto	Carraizo Reservoir Watershed (P.R.)	NO
Rico)	Carraizo Reservoir Watershed (1.R.)	NO
Centrolenidae	Glass from (Amphibians)	VEC
	Glass frogs (Amphibians) Chalumeau	YES YES
Chalumeau (Single-reed musical	Charumeau	IES
instrument)	Thomas (Chinasa daity)	NO
Chen-wu (Chinese deity)	Zhenwu (Chinese deity)	NO
Ch'i-lin Mountains (China)	Qilin Mountains (China)	NO
Chi-nan ch'eng (Extinct city)	Jinancheng (Extinct city)	NO
Ch'i-yün Mountains (China)	Qiyun Mountains (China)	NO
Children, Gypsy	Children, Romani	YES
Children—Costume	Children's costumes	YES
Chin ch'ien pan (Musical instrument)	Jin qian ban (Musical instrument)	YES
Ching Mountain (China)	Jing Mountain (Zhejiang Sheng, China)	NO
Chiu-hua Mountains (China)	Jiuhua Mountain (China)	NO
Ch'ü	Qu (Chinese literature)	YES
Ch'ü—Ch ing dynasty, 1644-1912	Qu (Chinese literature)—Qing dynasty,	NO
	1644-1912	
Ch'ü—Ming dynasty, 1368-1644	Qu (Chinese literature)—Ming dynasty,	NO
	1368-1644	

C1 (1) TT11 1 1 10 50 10 50		
Chʻü—Yüan dynasty, 1260-1368	Qu (Chinese literature)—Yuan dynasty,	NO
· (1260-1368	
Chü ch'ü	Ju qu	YES
Chung, Tzu-ch'i (Legendary character)	Zhong, Ziqi (Legendary character)	NO
Civics, Benin	Civics, Beninese	NO
Cleanup of radioactive waste sites	Radioactive waste sites—Cleanup	YES
Cleanup of radioactive waste sites—	Radioactive waste sites—Cleanup—	YES
Contracting out	Contracting out	
Clergy—Costume	Clergy—Clothing	YES
College verse, Sierra Leone (English)	College verse, Sierra Leonean (English)	YES
Concertos (Harpsichord)—2-piano	Concertos (Harpsichord)—Solo with piano	NO
scores	Concertos (Tarpsienora)—5010 with plano	NO
	Concertos (Homeishand with string	NO
Concertos (Harpsichord with string	Concertos (Harpsichord with string	NO
orchestra)—2-piano scores	orchestra)—Solo with piano	
Cookery, Sierra Leone	Cookery, Sierra Leonean	NO
Courts and courtiers—Costume	Courts and courtiers—Clothing	NO
Dermaptera	Earwigs	YES
Diplomatic and consular service,	Diplomatic and consular service, Swazi	YES
Swaziland		
Drawing—19th century—Germany	Drawing, German—19th century	NO
DVD videodiscs	DVD-Video discs	YES
Eskimos—Costume	Eskimos—Clothing	YES
Etching—18th century—Spain	Etching, Spanish—18th century	NO
Etching—19th century—Spain	Etching, Spanish—19th century	NO
Eua Island (Tonga)	Eua Island (Tonga)	NO
Failure (Christian theology)	Failure (Psychology)—Religious aspects—	NO
E 1: M (TE 'II)	Christianity	
Fanskie Mountains (Tajikistan)	Fann Mountains (Tajikistan)	NO
Flintridge Foundation Visual Artists	Flintridge Foundation Awards for Visual	NO
Awards	Artists	
Folk dancing, Serbo-Croatian	Folk dancing, Croatian	YES
Folk dancing, Serbo-Croatian	Folk dancing, Serbian	YES
Folk literature, Romany	Folk literature, Romani	YES
Folk songs, Romany	Folk songs, Romani	YES
Foucher family	Fouch family	NO
Fox trot	Foxtrot (Dance)	YES
Fox trots	Foxtrots	YES
Gårdsjön Lake (Sweden)	Gårdsjön (Sweden)	NO
Gårdsjön Lake (Sweden) Gårdsjön Lake Watershed (Sweden)	Gårdsjön Watershed (Sweden)	NO
Grand River (Ohio)	Grand River (Ohio: River)	NO
Great Sand Dunes National Monument	Great Sand Dunes National Park (Colo.)	NO
(Colo.)	D	
Gypsies	Romanies	YES
Gypsies—India	Romanies—India	
Gypsies—Language	Romanies—Languages	NO
Gypsies—Medicine	Romanies—Medicine	YES
Gypsies—Medicine—Formulae,	Romanies—Medicine—Formulae, receipts,	NO
receipts, prescriptions	prescriptions \	
Gypsies—Missions	Romanies—Missions	YES
Gypsies—Music	Romanies—Music	NO
Gypsies—Nazi persecution	Romanies—Nazi persecution	YES
Gypsies in art	Romanies in art	NO
Gypsies in literature	Romanies in literature	NO
Gypsies in popular culture	Romanies in popular culture	YES
		NO
Ha-su Lake (China)	Hasu Lake (China) Martial arts films History and aritiaism	
Hand-to-hand fighting, Oriental, in	Martial arts films—History and criticism	NO
motion pictures	77'1 1 11 '	
Harp and vibraphone music	Vibraphone and harp music	YES
Hsi-ch'iao Mountains (China)	Xiqiao Mountain (China)	NO
Hsiu-shui River (China)	Xiushui River (China)	NO
Hsiu-shui River Watershed (China)	Xiushui River Watershed (China)	NO
Hsüan (Musical instrument)	Xuan (Musical instrument)	YES
Hua-ch'ing Pond (China)	Huaqing Pond (China)	NO
Hua-p'ing lin ch'ü (China)	Huaping Forest (China)	NO
Huang chung (Musical instrument)	Huang zhong (Musical instrument)	YES
Huo Mountains (China)	Taiyue Mountains (China)	NO
Indians—Costume	Indians—Clothing	YES
Indians of Central America—Costume	Indians of Central America—Clothing	NO
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		0

Indians of Mexico—Costume Indians of North America—Costume Indians of South America—Costume Industrial project management	Indians of Mexico—Clothing Indians of North America—Clothing Indians of South America—Clothing Project management	YES YES YES YES
Judges—Costume	Judges—Clothing	YES
Keeshonds	Keeshond	YES
Kesterton National Wildlife Refuge (Calif.)	Kesterson National Wildlife Refuge (Calif.)	NO
Khalkhas K'o-erh-ch' in Desert (China)	Khalkha (Mongolian people) Horqin Desert (China)	YES
K'o-tzu-erh Caves (China)	Kizil Caves (China)	NO NO
K'uai-chi shan lü yu tu chia ch'ü (China)		NO
K'uan-k'uo-shui Forest (China)	Kuankuoshui Forest (China)	NO
Landscape painting—19th century— England	Landscape painting, English—19th century	NO
Landscape painting—19th century— France	Landscape painting, French—19th century	NO
Landscape painting—19th century— Italy Landscape pointing—10th century	Landscape painting, Italian—19th century	NO
Landscape painting—19th century— United States	Landscape painting, American—19th century	NO
Latin America—History—1948- Latin America—History—1948-	Latin America—History—1948-1980 Latin America—History—1980-	NO NO
Law, Gypsy	Law, Romani	NO NO
Lawyers—Costume	Lawyers—Clothing	YES
Leather life style (Sexuality)	Leather lifestyle	YES
Leather life style (Sexuality)— Societies, etc.	Leather lifestyle—Societies, etc.	NO
Leetes Island (Conn.)	Leetes Island (Conn. : Cape)	NO
Lithography—20th century—Norway Lockheed airplanes	Lithography, Norwegian—20th century Lockheed aircraft	NO NO
Lycaon pictus	African wild dog	YES
Magic, Gypsy	Magic, Romani	NO
Mai-chi-shan Caves (China)	Maiji Mountain Caves (China)	NO
Mao, Tse-tung, 1893-1976—Homes	Mao, Zedong, 1893-1976—Homes and	YES
and haunts Mao, Tse-tung, 1893-1976—Homes	haunts Mao, Zedong, 1893-1976—Homes and	
and haunts—China	haunts—China	
Markovych family	Markowitz family	NO
Marsh-Billings National Historical	Marsh-Billings-Rockefeller National	NO
Park (Vt.) McDonnell Douglas airplanes	Historical Park (Vt.) McDonnell Douglas aircraft	NO
Medical personnel—Costume	Medical personnel—Clothing	YES
Menidia menidia	Atlantic silverside	YES
Ming porcelain—Expertising	Porcelain, Chinese—Ming-Qing dynasties, 1368-1912—Expertising	YES
Moreno River (Boca del Río,	Moreno River (Boca del Río,	NO
Veracruz, Mexico) Mu-lan wei ch'ang (China)	Veracruz-Llave, Mexico) Mulan Weichang (China)	NO
Mural painting and decoration—20th	Mural painting and decoration, Austrian—	NO
century—Austria Musicians, Gypsy	20th century Musicians, Romani	YES
Natural resource management areas	Natural resources management areas	YES
Natural resource management areas— Idaho	Natural resources management areas— Idaho	
Natural resource management areas— Indiana	Natural resources management areas— Indiana	
Natural resource management areas— Malaysia	Natural resources management areas— Malaysia	
Natural resource management areas— Maryland	Natural resources management areas— Maryland	
Natural resource management areas— Missouri	Natural resources management areas— Missouri	
Natural resource management areas— Utah Natural resource management areas	Natural resources management areas— Utah Natural resources management areas	
Natural resource management areas— Washington (State)	Natural resources management areas— Washington (State)	*****
Niger fiction (French)	Nigerien fiction (French)	YES

Niger literature	Nigerien literature	YES
Niger literature (French)	Nigerien literature (French)	YES
Niger poetry (French)	Nigerien poetry (French)	YES
Nymphaion Site (Ukraine)	Nimfeĭ (Ukraine : Extinct city)	NO
O-mei Mountain (China)	Emei Mountain (China)	NO
Ordos (Mongolian tribe)	Ordos (Mongolian people)	YES
Osmerus eperlanus	European smelt	YES
Pa-tan-chi-lin Desert (China)	Badain Jaran Desert (China)	NO
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, Modern—17th century	NO
	raming, wodern—17th century	NO
centuries		
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, Modern—18th century	NO
centuries	5 ,	
	D ' ' M 1 174	
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, Modern—17th century—	NO
centuries—Expertising	Expertising	
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, Modern—18th century—	NO
		110
centuries—Expertising	Expertising	
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, German—Germany (West) —	NO
centuries—Germany (West)	17th century	
		NO
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, German—Germany (West) —	NO
centuries—Germany (West)	18th century	
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, Dutch—17th century	NO
centuries—Netherlands	Tuniding, Button Trun contain	110
Painting, Modern—17th-18th	Painting, Dutch—18th century	NO
centuries—Netherlands	•	
	Dointing Assetuation 10th continue	NO
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, Australian—19th century	NO
Australia		
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, English—19th century	NO
	Tuniding, English Tyth Contary	110
England		
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, French—19th century	NO
France	•	
	Dointing Cormon 10th contury	NO
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, German—19th century	NO
Germany		
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, Italian—19th century	NO
	1 411141119, 144114111 12 411 4 4114411	1.0
Italy		
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, American—Massachusetts —	NO
Massachusetts	19th century	
		NO
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, Dutch—19th century	NO
Netherlands		
Painting, Modern—19th century—	Painting, Scottish—19th century	NO
Scotland		
	D 1 1 201	
Painting, Modern—20th century—	Painting, English—20th century	NO
England		
Painting, Modern—20th century—	Painting, American—Massachusetts —	NO
		NO
Massachusetts	20th century	
Painting, Modern—20th century—	Painting, Dutch—20th century	NO
Netherlands	,	
	B : : : 0 : 1 : 00:1	
Painting, Modern—20th century—	Painting, Spanish—20th century	NO
Spain		
Painting, Modern—20th century—	Painting, American—20th century	NO
	1 aniting, American—20th century	NO
United States		
Physicians—Costume	Physicians—Clothing	YES
Picture dictionaries, Romany	Picture dictionaries, Romani	
		YES
Po Hai (China)	Bo Hai (China)	NO
Pomacanthidae	Marine angelfishes	YES
	Portrait painting, English—16th century	
Portrait painting—16th century—	Forman painting, English—Toth Century	NO
England		
Portrait painting—19th century—	Portrait painting, Canadian—Québec	NO
		1.0
Québec (Province)	(Province)—19th century	
Pottery—20th century—California	Pottery, American—California—20th century	NO
Pottery—20th century—Tennessee	Pottery, American—Tennessee—20th century	NO
Processing (Libraries)	Technical services (Libraries)	YES
Processing (Libraries)—Contracting out	Technical services (Libraries)—Contracting out	YES
Proverbs, Benin	Proverbs, Beninese	YES
Rhagovelia	Riffle bugs	YES
Romany language	Romani language	YES
Romany language—Dictionaries	Romani language—Dictionaries	NO
	Romani literature	
Romany literature		YES
Romany poetry	Romani poetry	YES

San ch'ü San Juan River (Veracruz, Mexico) Sango language Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—19th century France Sculpture, French—19th century Frence San qu San Juan River (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico) Sango language (Ubangi Creole) Sculpture, Modern—17th century Sculpture, Modern—18th century Sculpture, French—19th century	NO YES YES NO YES NO NO NO NO NO NO
San chieh (Sect) San ch'ü San Juan River (Veracruz, Mexico) Sango language Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—19th century France Sculpture, Modern—19th century France San jie (Sect) San qu San Juan River (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico) Sango language (Ubangi Creole) Sculpture, Modern—17th century Sculpture, Modern—17th century Sculpture, Modern—18th century Sculpture, French—19th century	YES NO YES NO NO NO NO
San Juan River (Veracruz, Mexico) Sango language Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—19th century— France San Juan River (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico) Sango language (Ubangi Creole) Sculpture, Modern—17th century Sculpture, Modern—17th century Sculpture, Modern—18th century Sculpture, French—19th century	NO YES NO NO NO NO
Sango language (Ubangi Creole) Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th Sculpture, Modern—17th century centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th Sculpture, Modern—18th century centuries Sculpture, Modern—19th century— France Sculpture, French—19th century France	YES NO NO NO NO
Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—18th century centuries Sculpture, Modern—19th century— France Sculpture, French—19th century	NO NO NO NO
centuries Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th centuries Sculpture, Modern—19th century Sculpture, Modern—19th century France Sculpture, French—19th century	NO NO NO
Sculpture, Modern—17th-18th Sculpture, Modern—18th century centuries Sculpture, Modern—19th century— Sculpture, French—19th century France	NO NO NO
Sculpture, Modern—19th century— Sculpture, French—19th century France	NO NO
Caulatura Madam 10th contury Caulatura Duitich 10th contury	NO
Sculpture, Modern—19th century— Sculpture, British—19th century Great Britain	
Sculpture, Modern—20th century— Sculpture, French—20th century France	NO
Sculpture, Modern—20th century— Sculpture, German—20th century Germany	
Sculpture, Modern—20th century— Sculpture, British—20th century Great Britain	NO
Sculpture, Modern—20th century— Sculpture, American—New Jersey—20th century	NO
Sculpture, Modern—20th century— Sculpture, Romanian—20th century Romania	NO
Sculpture, Modern—20th century— Sculpture, American—20th century United States	NO
Shakespeare, William, 1564-1616— Characters—Gypsies Characters—Romanies Characters—Romanies	NO
	YES YES
Ship burial—England Ship burials—England	LLS
Ship burial—Norway Ship burials —Norway	
Ship burial—Sweden Ship burials—Sweden	
	YES
	YES
Sierra Leone literature (English) Sierra Leone poetry (English) Sierra Leonean poetry (English)	YES
Soda Butte Soldier Station Site (Mont.) Soda Butte Soldier Station Site (Wyo.)	YES NO
Steel sculpture—20th century— United States Steel sculpture, American—20th century	NO
Ted Weiss United States Courthouse Ted Weiss Federal Building (New York, N.Y.)	YES NO
(New York, N.Y.) Taanaga boys, Gynsy, Taanaga boys, Romani	VEC
Teenage boys, Gypsy Textile Workers' Strike, Río Blanco, Textile Workers' Strike, Río Blanco,	YES NO
Veracruz, Mexico, 1907 Veracruz-Llave, Mexico, 1907	110
T'ien-chu Mountains (China) Tianzhu Mountain (Anhui Sheng, China)	NO
Toasts (Afro-American folk poetry) Toasts (African American folk poetry)	YES
Ts'ai-shih Cliffs (China) Caishi Cliffs (China)	NO
Tuxpan River (Veracruz, Mexico) Tuxpan River (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico)	NO
Udekhe (Asian people) United States Polities and United States Polities and government	YES
United States—Politics and government — government—1993- United States—Politics and government — 1993-2001	NO
United States—Politics and United States—Politics and government—	NO
government—1993- 2001- Veracruz (Veracruz, Mexico)— Veracruz (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico)—	NO
History History W. M. H. M. H. M. H. H. M. H.	
Veracruz (Veracruz, Mexico)— History—American occupation, 1914 Veracruz (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico)— History—American occupation, 1914	NO
Veracruz (Veracruz, Mexico)— History—French Invasion, Veracruz (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico)— History—French Invasion, 1838-1839	NO
1838-1839	
Veracruz (Veracruz, Mexico)— History—Surrender, 1847 Veracruz (Veracruz-Llave, Mexico)— History—Surrender, 1847	NO

Verism (Italian literature)	Verismo (Italian literature)	YES
Viol	Viols	YES
Wagons, Gypsy	Caravans, Romani	YES
Whitesides Plantation Site (S.C.)	John Whitesides Plantation Site (S.C.)	NO
Women, Gypsy	Women, Romani	YES
Wood sculpture, Niger	Wood sculpture, Nigerien	YES
Wood-engraving—20th century—	Wood-engraving, German—20th century	NO
Germany		
Wu-i Mountains (China)	Wuyi Mountains (China)	NO
Wu-ling Mountain (China)	Wuling Mountain (China)	NO
Yen-tang Mountains (China)	Yandang Mountains (China)	NO
Yin-ch'üeh Mountain (China)	Yinque Mountain (China)	NO
Young Men's Hebrew Associations	Young Men's Hebrew associations	YES
Yüeh-lu Mountains (China)	Yuelu Mountain (China)	NO
Yun-feng Mountains (China)	Yunfeng Mountains (China)	NO
Yün-k'ai-ta Mountains (China)	Yunkai Mountains (China)	NO

SUBJECT HEADINGS REPLACED BY NAME HEADINGS

Cancelled Subject Heading Replacement Name Heading

Akronauplia (Greece : Concentration Akronauplia (Concentration camp)

camp)

Coupe d'Afrique des nations African Cup of Nations

de football

Fastnet Yacht Race Fastnet Race

International Competition for International Competition for

Musical Performers, Geneva, Musical Performers

Switzerland

Kassel (Germany : Concentration Kassel (Concentration camp)

camp)

Kerestinec (Croatia : Concentration Kerestinec (Concentration camp)

camp)

Klos (Albania: Concentration camp) Klos (Concentration camp)

Kuhlen (Germany : Concentration Kuhlen (Concentration camp)

camp)

Leonberg (Germany : Concentration Leonberg (Concentration camp)

camp)

Lichtenburg (Germany: Concentration Lichtenburg (Concentration camp)

camp)

Miss America Pageant, Atlantic City, Miss America Pageant

N.J.

Moringen (Germany : Concentration Moringen (Concentration camp)

camp)

Targa Florio Race Targa Florio (Automobile race)

MARC

The following addition should be noted for inclusion in the 2000 edition of the MARC Code List for Languages.

Dido [cau]