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DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGING

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS RULE INTERPRETATIONS (LCRI)

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1.7B4. Variations in title. [Rev.]

Variant Titles

A note may be essential to show a variation from the chief source title appearing elsewhere in the item. Although the source may contain more than one title, record in a note only the needed variant title, not titles already given in the description. (Always include in the note the source of the variant.)

Nonroman Records

For languages that have bibliographic cards that are not romanized, the Library of Congress observes the practices detailed below.

1) *Entries filed, or subfiled, under publication title.* On bibliographic cards for which no uniform title is appropriate, entries under a name heading show the romanized title proper printed within parentheses under the heading; the "Title romanized" note is omitted. For items entered under title proper, the romanized title proper is enclosed within parentheses and printed in boldface type as a hanging indentation; the nonroman item title appears under this as another hanging indentation beginning on a separate line. *Exception for writing systems that read from right to left:* For title entries the romanized title begins at the left margin, i.e., where each nonroman line in the body of the entry ends; the nonroman item title begins as a hanging indentation beginning at the right margin.

2) *Entries filed, or subfiled, under uniform title.* For the benefit of other libraries, cards that have a uniform title also bear a romanization of the title proper within parentheses under the uniform title. The title is traced as "Title"-period if an added entry for it is being made (cf. 21.30J). (A romanization of the title proper is made even if it is identical to the uniform title.)

Note: If the title being romanized begins with an article, omit it from the romanized title.

3) *Length of title romanized*

When romanizing a title proper, generally romanize the whole title proper (including an alternative title). However, 1.1B4 does not provide for a shortening technique, necessary in cases of "long" titles. A "long" title should be understood as a title that is "too long," with a more precise understanding of this extreme length left to the judgment of the cataloger. Keep in mind that a general shortening is not what the rule suggests. Normally, as already stated, romanize the entire title proper. The rule provides a technique for use after the cataloger has felt a need for it. Note that in applying the technique, words omitted must always be at the end, never before the sixth word nor somewhere in the middle, and the part preceding the omission must be a phrase that will stand alone. Abridge the title romanization and the transcription of the nonroman title proper to the same extent. Indicate the omission by the mark of omission in the title and statement of responsibility area but not in the title romanization.

4) *Items without a collective title*

If the item lacks a collective title, romanize all the titles up to the first recorded parallel title, other title information, or statement of responsibility, whichever occurs first (cf. LCRI 21.30J). (These provisions are applicable even if no added entry is being made for the title of the item and without regard to the uniform title that may be assigned to the record.)

5) *Corrected titles (cf. 1.0F)*

a) *Titles corrected by "[i.e. ...]" or "[sic]."* If the nonroman title being romanized has been corrected in the nonroman transcription by the "[i.e. ...]" or "[sic]" technique, romanize the title in this form, i.e., romanize the title that appears on the item and include "[i.e. ...]" or "[sic]." (If an added entry is needed, make one added entry for the romanized form of the title with the "[i.e. ...]" or "[sic]" and another added entry for the romanized form of the title as if it had appeared correctly. Trace the titles explicitly except trace as "Title"-period the title containing "[i.e. ...]" or "[sic]" when it appears within parentheses according to 2) above.)

b) *Titles corrected by bracketing missing letters.* If the nonroman title being romanized has been corrected in the nonroman transcription by supplying in brackets a missing letter or letters, romanize the title in this form, i.e., romanize the title with brackets and the supplied letter or letters. (If an added entry is needed, make one added entry for the title romanized with the brackets and the supplied letter or letters and another added entry for the romanized form of the title as it appears on the item. Trace the titles explicitly except trace as "Title"-period the title containing the brackets and the supplied letter or letters when it appears within parentheses according to 2) above.)

22.6. ENTRY UNDER TITLE OF NOBILITY. [Rev.]

Note that the application of the basic provisions of this rule often results in a form of name for a person of nobility that is not the form most commonly found in the chief sources of information of that person's works. The first and second sentences of the rule apply the basic provisions of 22.1A-B to nobility. Therefore, the Duke of Wellington whose personal name was Arthur Wellesley is entered under the proper name of the title, i.e., "Wellington." The third sentence gives instruction for formulating the name: follow the proper name in the title by the person's personal name in direct order and follow the personal name by the term of rank. Application of this rule to the Duke of Wellington results in the heading "Wellington, Arthur Wellesley, Duke of" despite the fact that "Duke of Wellington" is the form of name by which he is commonly known under the provisions of 22.1A-B.

Apply 22.6 to persons of nobility who are known primarily as authors and who use on their works only a term of rank and their title without forenames.

name used: marquis de La Franquerie
heading: La Franquerie, André, marquis de
not La Franquerie, marquis de (André)

Apply the directive "excluding unused forenames" as follows: If the person of nobility is known primarily as an author, use in the heading the forenames most commonly found in the chief sources of information of the person's works. If no forenames are found in the chief sources or if the person is not primarily known as an author, consult reference sources. If reference sources vary, use the least number of forenames commonly found.

If the person known primarily as an author is entered under his or her title of nobility and the statement of responsibility on the author's works consists of the person's term of rank and title without forenames, make a reference from the title and term. (Do not apply the technique specified in LCRI 22.16A of adding other names in parentheses after the title in the reference.)

22.15A. [Rev.]

Applicability

If the person uses only his or her surname or only a term of address, etc., and a surname, establish the surname without forename(s) as the heading. (However, see 22.6 for persons of nobility who do not use a forename.)

name used: D'Ambrosio
(His forenames, Joseph J., are known)
heading: D'Ambrosio

See LCRI 22.5D for guidelines for the treatment of prefixes/particles (articles and prepositions) in such headings and associated cross references.

Cross References

Rule 22.15A, covering names consisting only of a surname plus an associated word or phrase, actually includes two quite distinct types of name:

1) Names established because of a regular practice of using only the surname with a term of address in statements of responsibility on the chief source. This was a normal practice in the 18th and early 19th centuries and is an infrequent, although not unusual, practice today in some languages (e.g., abbé Deidier).

2) "Phrase" headings consisting of a surname and an associated word or phrase. Most such headings are pseudonyms or assumed names (e.g., Dr. Seuss, Miss Read, Grandma Moses).

Generally make a cross reference from the direct form only for names in the second category.

23.4E. Places in Malaysia, the U.S.S.R., or Yugoslavia. [New]

Special Cross References for Malaysian Geographic Names

When a geographic name within Malaysia is qualified by the name of one of the states, routinely refer from the same name qualified by "(Malaysia)."

Kuching (Sarawak)
x Kuching (Malaysia)

Make the same type of reference for the states themselves.

Sarawak
x Sarawak (Malaysia)

25.5B. [Rev.]

Serials/Including Series

1) *General.* Create a uniform title made up of the title proper plus a parenthetical qualifier for any serial entered under title if the title proper is identical to the title proper of another serial in the catalog. Also, create such a uniform title if the title proper is identical to the title proper of another serial found in a related work

added entry or in a linking entry note (fields 760-787) on a bibliographic record in the catalog. (Disregard the choice of entry of the serial (under title or under name heading) when considering whether the titles are identical.) The "catalog" referred to here is the file against which the searching and cataloging is being done. Serial catalogers are permitted to take into account any serial of the same title of which they know, whether or not it is in the catalog (e.g., it might be found in a reference work being searched by a serial cataloger for some other reason). Take into account only the main title of another serial, not variants traced as cross references or as added entries. In general, apply the following:

- a) Do not predict a conflict.
- b) Resolve the conflict by adding a uniform title to the bibliographic record for the serial being cataloged; do not add one also to the record for the serial cataloged earlier.

The uniform title created is used not only as the main entry heading on the bibliographic record for the serial itself but also whenever the serial is referred to in other access points (added or subject entries) and in linking notes.

2) *Choice of qualifying term.* The terms most commonly used to qualify the title proper are the following:

- a) Place of publication
- b) Corporate body
- c) Place and date or Corporate body and date
- d) Date
- e) Edition statement, other title information, etc.

Depending on the situation, use either one term or a combination of terms. The order of the terms listed above is not intended as prescriptive; identify the particular situation and use the appropriate term or terms. For example, different editions of the same work, which bear differentiating edition statements, will ordinarily be distinguished by the use of the last mentioned category of terms above, as the first choice from the point of view of appropriateness. There is a special problem with the choice place vs. body, however, and when one is facing this choice, follow the hierarchy indicated both by the order and the wording of the first two of the provisions below.

3) *Place of publication.* Generally, use place of publication as the qualifying term.

Arrow (Montréal, Québec)
Arrow (Castlegar, B.C.)

Transactions of the Illuminating Engineering
Society (London, England)
Transactions of the Illuminating Engineering
Society (New York, N.Y.)

Light (Brooklyn, New York, N.Y.)
Light (Toronto, Ont.)

If the work is published in more than one place or if the place of publication has changed, choose as the qualifying term the place that would be named first in the publication, distribution, etc., area for the first issue published or the earliest issue for which a place is known or the earliest issue in hand in that order of preference. (Use caution when taking information from an existing bibliographic record for the serial needing a qualifier if the record was originally created before 1981; it may not necessarily show the earliest place since pre-AACR 2 cataloging codes specified giving the latest place.)

4) *Corporate body.* Exceptionally, in the following cases use as the qualifier the *heading* for the body with which the work originated or by which it was issued or published:

a) The title proper consists solely of an indication of type of publication and/or periodicity (exclusive of articles, prepositions, and conjunctions).

Bulletin (Balai Pengolahan Galian (Indonesia))
Bulletin (California. Dept. of Water Resources)

Occasional paper (Australia. Bureau of
Agricultural Economics)
Occasional paper (University of the West
Indies (Cave Hill, Barbados). Institute of
Social and Economic Research)

If more than one corporate body is associated with the work, choose as the qualifying term the name of the body responsible for the serial, rather than the one only publishing it. If multiple bodies are performing the same function in relation to the work, choose the one named first.

b) The addition of place as a qualifying term is inadequate to resolve the conflict, because another work with the same title was published in the same place.

Contact (Toronto Nutrition Committee)
Contact (Real Estate Institute of Canada)
(Both works published in Toronto)

c) The title includes the initials or other abbreviation of the issuing body's name.

AIJ proceedings (American Institute of Journalists)
AIJ proceedings (Association of Iron Joiners)

5) *Other qualifiers.* Make the choice from the following possibilities, according to what is most appropriate for the particular situation:

a) Use a combination of either place and date or corporate body and date, whichever would be appropriate according to the preceding statements for place and body alone.

Bulletin (Canadian Association of Medical
Record Librarians : 1944)
Bulletin (Canadian Association of Medical
Record Librarians : 1971)
(Published between 1969 and 1971 under
title: CAMRL newsletter)

Science bulletin (Chicago, Ill.)
Science bulletin (Akron, Ohio : 1921)
Science bulletin (Akron, Ohio : 1980)
(Published between 1923 and 1980 under
title: Science and technology bulletin)

b) Use the beginning date of publication alone (or if unavailable, the earliest date known)—as when place or body is already present in the title.

San Francisco journal (1944)
San Francisco journal (1980)

Papers read before the Historical and
Scientific Society of Manitoba (1945)
Papers read before the Historical and
Scientific Society of Manitoba (1967)
(Published between 1965 and 1966 under
title: Transactions of ...)

c) Use any element or combination of elements extracted from the description of the work (e.g., edition statement or other title information) that will serve to distinguish it from other works.

Blue book contractors register (New York-New
Jersey-Connecticut edition)
Blue book contractors register (Southern
California edition)

6) *Form of qualifying term.* The form of the qualifier is shown by the examples above. Note that normal practice for qualifiers added to corporate headings apply here also, with a single exception: When a body (as opposed to a geographic name) is used as a qualifier, copy its heading from the name authority record exactly, with no deletions, rearrangements, changes in punctuation, etc.

Special report (Northern Illinois University,
Center for Southeast Asian Studies)
Occasional publication (Popular Archaeology (Firm))

7) *Special situations*

a) *Unnumbered/numbered titles from the same body.* If one body issues both an unnumbered series and a numbered series or serial with the same title, add the qualifier "(Unnumbered)" to the title for the unnumbered series in all cases of such a conflict. (For example, if the new title is numbered and the existing title is unnumbered, change the existing unnumbered series to add "(Unnumbered)" to the title.) Conversely, do not add a qualifier to the title of the numbered series or serial to resolve the conflict with the unnumbered series issued by the body.

b) *Common/section titles.* If the title proper of a serial consists of a common title and the title of a section or part (see 12.1B3), create a uniform title to delete the initial article from the title of the section or part. Apply this even when the section title is preceded by a numeric or alphabetic designation.

American men and women of science. Medical
sciences
American men and women of science. The
medical sciences /

Progress in nuclear energy. Series VIII,
Economics of nuclear power
Progress in nuclear energy. Series VIII,
The economics of nuclear power /

Otherwise, create a uniform title for the work only if there is another serial with exactly the same common title and title of a section or part, i.e., do not create a uniform title when there is another serial with a title that is the same as the common title but with a different title of a section or part. (Disregard the fact that one or more of the section titles of a particular common title may bear a uniform title but other section titles of the same title do not or that a particular common title when appearing alone has a uniform title but the same common title appearing with its section titles does not.)

Generally, place the qualifier at the end, i.e., following the title of the section or part.

Bulletin. Series A (Corporate Body Z)
Bulletin. Series A (Corporate Body Y)

but

Bulletin. Series W
(Issued by Corporate Body Y but the entire
title is unique)

When the main title has its own numbering or has been issued alone without a section title, however, so that the situation is one of series/subseries, the uniform title for the subseries consists of the uniform title the main series has (or would have) plus the title of the subseries.

Technical report (Minnesota. Division of Waters)
Technical report (Kansas Water Office)
(Has its own numbering)
Technical report (Kansas Water Office). Monograph
(Made up example)

Biblioteca de ciências sociais (Edições Graal)
Biblioteca de ciências sociais (Zahar Editores)
(Issued both with and without a section title)
Biblioteca de ciências sociais (Zahar Editores).
Economia

Apply this same practice to cases in which the section title represents a supplement and the main title has (or would have) a uniform title. Copy first the uniform title for the main work and add the title of the supplement to that.

Statistical bulletin (Gaborone, Botswana)
Statistical bulletin (Bamako, Mali)
Statistical bulletin (Bamako, Mali). Supplement

c) *Main entry under a name heading.* Qualify the title proper by adding in parentheses a term consisting of date, other title information, an "edition" statement, or any other term or combination of terms that will serve to distinguish the work from others with the same title proper entered under the same name heading.

Canada. Dept. of Public Works
[Annual report (1965)]
Annual report ...
Canada. Dept. of Public Works
[Annual report (1977)]
Annual report ...
(Published 1972-1975 under title: Report)

d) *Reprints, microform copies, etc.* When a serial reappears as a reprint, as a microform copy or reissue, as a braille edition, etc., do not use a uniform title to distinguish one of these secondary manifestations from the original. If the original itself has a uniform title, use the same uniform title for the other manifestation.

The preceding represents the Library of Congress policy. To others who wish to make the differentiation not provided here, LC recommends that they not use the technique of a uniform title including parenthetical qualifier. Instead, they should use for the secondary manifestation a special uniform title that consists of the title (or uniform title) of the original followed by a period and a subdivision designating the secondary manifestation appropriately.

Art (Philadelphia, Pa.). Reprint (1970)
Art (Philadelphia, Pa.). Reprint (1977)

Rose fanciers at large
Rose fanciers at large. Microform

e) *Changes in uniform title headings.* When the name of a corporate body is used as a qualifying term in the uniform title and the name of that body changes or the body's responsibilities for the publication are assumed by another body, create a new record (successive entry), using the new form of name (or the name of the body newly responsible) as the qualifying term in the uniform title. Relate the two records by means of a linking entry note, citing each in uniform title form. (Also, make connecting references between the two titles in the case of monographic series.)

If something other than a corporate body has been used as a qualifying term and there is a change in its form or in fact, do *not* create a new entry. (A note may be added to the record indicating that a change has occurred; if the work is a series, make a reference from the title followed by the changed qualifier.)

If a title established before September 1983 is qualified by body but under current policy would be qualified by a different qualifier, change the qualifier whenever the existing corporate body qualifier becomes inappropriate (as when the name of the body changes or when the body is no longer responsible for the publication). This means creating one record for the publication (and changing or deleting existing records as appropriate).

Do not otherwise change uniform title headings to bring them in line with these instructions.

Series Titles Identical to Corporate Names

If the title of a series entered under title is identical to the name of a corporate body (including corporate name initials and acronyms) found in a heading, in a reference, or on the item being cataloged, assign a uniform title that consists of the title qualified by the term "(Series)" although there is no conflict with another series or serial title. (Apply this to all series, including subseries and multipart items.)

Centre de recherches d'histoire ancienne (Series)
Oxford Historical Society (Series)
HAZ (Series)
Facultat de Dret de l'Estudi General de Lleida
(Series)
Posebna izdanja (Crnogorska akademija nauka i
umjetnosti). Odjeljenje društvenih nauka (Series)

If a new series title is identical to both a corporate name and a series title that has been qualified by the term "(Series)," add to the new title the qualifier "(Series)" followed, within its own set of parentheses, by the qualifier appropriate to breaking a conflict between two serial titles.

corporate name: WP
existing series heading: WP (Series)
new series heading: WP (Series) (United States.
Bureau of the Census)
(both titles published in the same place)

If a new series title is identical to both a corporate name and a series or serial title that has been qualified by something other than "(Series)," add to the new title the qualifier "(Series)" followed, within its own set of parentheses, by the qualifier appropriate for breaking a conflict between two serial titles.

corporate name: ABC
existing series headings: ABC (Lima, Peru); ABC
(Toronto, Ont.)
new series heading: ABC (Series) (Vienna, Austria)

If a new series title is identical to both a corporate name and a serial title lacking a qualifier (e.g., a serial that is not a series), add to the new title the qualifier "(Series)."

corporate name: REED
existing serial: REED : a review of environmental
educational developments
new series heading: REED (Series)

If an existing series title lacking a qualifier later conflicts with a corporate name, add the qualifier "(Series)" to the existing heading.

existing series heading: LDA
new corporate name: LDA
revised series heading: LDA (Series)

Monographs That Conflict

If a monograph is entered under a title proper that is the same as the title proper main entry of another work, do not assign a uniform title to either work simply to distinguish them, even if there are multiple editions of either work.

France / préface de Pierre Mendès-France. -
Genève ; New York : Nagel, 1955

La France. - Paris : Librairie Larousse, 1967

France. - Paris : Documentation française, 1972

However, if another manifestation of one of these works requires a uniform title (e.g., a translation, excerpts) or if one of these works is used in a subject or added entry, assign a uniform title to the particular work according to the provisions for adding a qualifier to a serial title. (If a multipart monograph has been issued in multiple editions and is analyzable, treat each edition as a different work for purposes of assigning a uniform title; generally, use the edition statement as the qualifying term.) This same uniform title must be used in all entries for the work. Existing records in which the work appears as a main or secondary entry must be changed. Note: Do not assign a uniform title if the conflicting work is being used only in an analytical added entry.

France (Geneva, Switzerland). English
France / preface by Pierre Mendès-France ;
translated by William H. Parker. - Geneva ;
New York : Nagel, 1956
(A translation of the 1955 work)

France (Geneva, Switzerland)
France / préface de Pierre Mendès-France. -
Genève ; New York : Nagel, 1955
(Revised bibliographic record for the 1955
work)

Main entry under a name heading. If a multipart monograph that is analyzable is entered under a personal or corporate body heading and the title proper or uniform title conflicts with the title proper or uniform title used on an existing bibliographic record entered under the same heading, create or change a uniform title for the multipart monograph by adding to the title proper (or uniform title) a qualifying term according to the provisions for adding a qualifier to a serial title.

Elias, Norbert

[Über den Prozess der Zivilisation.
English (Oxford, Oxfordshire)]
The civilizing process ... Oxford : B.
Blackwell

Elias, Norbert

[Über den Prozess der Zivilisation.
English (New York, N.Y.)]
The civilizing process ... New York :
Pantheon Books

Radio and Television Programs

Add the qualifier "(Radio program)" or "(Television program)" to the title of a radio or television program whenever the program is needed in a secondary entry and the title is the same as a Library of Congress subject heading or the title has been used as the title of another work. (It does not matter if the other work is entered under title or under a name heading.) This same uniform title for the radio or television program must be used in all entries for the particular work. (Existing records in which the radio or television program has been used as a main or added entry must be adjusted.)

U.S. Census Publications

For U.S. Bureau of the Census publications that contain the census or parts of it, use a uniform title consisting of the name of the census, qualified by the year of the census. Add to this basic uniform title parts of the census as subdivisions.

title proper: 1972 census of construction
industries
uniform title: Census of construction
industries (1972)

title proper: Numerical list of manufactured
products: 1972 census of manufactures
uniform title: Census of manufactures (1972).
Numerical list of manufactured products

title proper: Census of housing, 1960
uniform title: Census of housing (1960)

Comics

If a comic strip, single panel cartoon, etc., is entered under its title, establish a uniform title for the work that consists of its title, followed by an appropriate parenthetical qualifier (e.g., "Batman (Comic strip)").

Motion Pictures

If a motion picture is entered under a title proper that is the same as the title proper of another motion picture (or other work), do not assign a uniform title to either to distinguish them, even if there are multiple editions of either work. However, if a motion picture is needed in a secondary entry and the title of the motion picture is the same as a Library of Congress subject heading or the title is the same as the title of another work, add the qualifier "(Motion picture)" to the title of the motion picture. This same uniform title must be used in all entries for the particular work. (Existing records in which the motion picture is used as a main or secondary entry must be adjusted.)

New work

Copland, Aaron, 1900-
The red pony ...
(*Music for the motion picture of the same title*)

Existing works

Steinbeck, John, 1902-1968
The red pony ...
(*A book*)
The Red pony [motion picture] ...

added entry on the new work

I. Red pony (Motion picture)

revised record for the motion picture

Red pony (Motion picture)
The red pony [motion picture] ...

Computer Programs

If a computer program is entered under a title proper that is the same as the title proper of another computer program (or other work), do not assign a uniform title to either work simply to distinguish them, even if there are multiple editions of either work. However, if a computer program entered under title is needed in a secondary entry, add the qualifier "(Computer program)" to the title of the computer program. This same uniform title must be used in all entries for the particular work. (Existing records in which the computer program is used as a main entry must be adjusted.)

A.25. SCIENTIFIC NAMES OF PLANTS AND ANIMALS. [New]

When two names are given enclosed within parentheses and separated by a colon, generally, capitalize both names since this method of presentation usually indicates names of divisions that are capitalized.

Systematics of the Neotropical characoid genus
Curimatopsis (Pisces:Characoidei) / by ...

UPGRADE OF LC MLC RECORDS TO FULL ONES

As a result of the planning done within the context of the National Coordinated Cataloging Program (NCCP), procedures have now been developed to enable NCCP participants to upgrade LC originated minimal level cataloging (MLC) records to full ones. The major characteristic noticeable about such records is that they will contain both a participant-assigned call number and a Library of Congress MLC shelf number. The following characteristics detail an upgraded MLC record:

- 1) *001 field.* The same conventions are applied as for any other change record, the most obvious being the presence of revision information.
- 2) *050 field.* The participant-assigned call number appears as the first 050 field in the record; the indicator is set to "1" (not in LC), and the call number itself contains a lowercase "x" (to signal a participant-assigned call number). The previously existing LC MLC shelf number appears as the second 050; the indicator is set to "0" (in LC).

3) *039 field.* In records upgraded prior to October 26, 1987, the values in this field were changed from 1 2 0 0 1 to 2 3 3 3 3; for records upgraded after that date the field does not appear in the upgraded record.

4) *040 field.* An 040 field is present and contains the upgrading library's NUC symbol in a #d subfield, usually the sole #d subfield unless the record has subsequently been updated by an agency different from the upgrading one.

5) *008 field.* All the fixed fields are reviewed and will have been set to the values appropriate to full cataloging.

6) *Encoding level (USMARC Leader/17).* The encoding level contains blank (full level).

Harvard University began upgrading LC MLC records in February 1987; other NCCP participants will begin in 1988.

CATALOGING SOURCE FIXED FIELD

In October 1987 the Library of Congress made some changes in practice regarding the values used in the cataloging source fixed field (USMARC 008/39). The value "d" (non-LC cataloging) was used in the cataloging source fixed field from 1981-September 1987 for United States Government Printing Office/LC cataloging (040#a = DGPO/DLC) and from 1984-September 1987 for National Library of Medicine/LC CIP cataloging (040#a = DNLM/DLC). Beginning October 1, 1987, the Library of Congress began to use value "c" (Library of Congress cooperative cataloging) in both types of records. This change in practice applies only to records input to the LC system and distributed through the Library's MARC distribution service. The change was made to standardize practice to facilitate identifying national level cataloging records.

There are approximately 20,000 records in the LC machine file that reflect the former practice of using value "d"; the feasibility of updating these records by program and redistributing them to subscribers to the MARC distribution service is being explored. In the meantime, records will be changed on an as-encountered basis, i.e., if the record is being changed for some other reason, the value "d" in 008/39 will be changed to value "c."

SUBJECT CATALOGING

SUBJECT HEADINGS OF CURRENT INTEREST

Weekly Lists 33-45, 1987

Alien labor certification (*May Subd Geog*)
Biological diversity (*May Subd Geog*)
Biological diversity conservation (*May Subd Geog*)
Charisma (Personality trait) (*May Subd Geog*)
Civilian-based defense
Consumer behavior (*May Subd Geog*)
Directed blood donations (*May Subd Geog*)
Documents in optical storage (*May Subd Geog*)
Fear of failure (*May Subd Geog*)
Gardening to attract wildlife (*May Subd Geog*)
Grandchildren of alcoholics (*May Subd Geog*)
Holographic testing
Home detention (*May Subd Geog*)
Immunoblotting
Intelligent tutoring systems (*May Subd Geog*)
Loan servicing (*May Subd Geog*)

Neighborhood watch programs (May Subd Geog)
 Psychosexual development (May Subd Geog)
 Retrovirus infections (May Subd Geog)
 Serial murders (May Subd Geog)
 Shelters for the homeless (May Subd Geog)
 Single-room occupancy hotels (May Subd Geog)
 Snowbelt States
 Stringers (Journalism) (May Subd Geog)
 Sunspaces (May Subd Geog)
 Test-taking skills (May Subd Geog)
 Unilateral nuclear disarmament (May Subd Geog)

TAGGING AND SUBFIELD CODING OF SUBJECT HEADINGS FOR GROUPS OF COUNTRIES AND REGIONS

Subject headings that designate groups of countries or regions of the world are tagged 151 (geographic) in subject authority records. Consequently, when these headings are used in "a" subfields in bibliographic records, the field is tagged 651. Any topical or form subdivision authorized for use under names of places (listed in H 1140 in the *Subject Cataloging Manual: Subject Headings*) may be used under headings of this type. These headings may also be used as geographic subdivisions under other headings that are authorized to be divided geographically. When used in this manner, the subfield is coded "z." This applies to headings that represent geographically contiguous groups of countries, such as Scandinavia, Benelux countries, Slavic countries, or groups of countries that share a common political, ethnic, or other trait, regardless of whether they are geographically contiguous, such as Developing countries, European Economic Community countries, Arab countries, Communist countries, or regions that are geographically contiguous or share a common trait, such as Alpine regions, Polar regions, Tropics.

651-0#a#Islamic countries#x#Politics and government
 650-0#a#Commercial law#z#Islamic countries
 651-0#a#Tropics#x#Climate
 650-0#a#Air#x#Pollution#z#Polar regions

REVISED LC SUBJECT HEADINGS

The list below comprises headings that were changed or cancelled on weekly lists 31-41, 1987.

<i>Cancelled heading</i>	<i>Replacement heading</i>
Aeronautics—Sanitary aspects	Aeronautics—Sanitation
Afro-American homosexuals	Afro-American gays (May Subd Geog)
Afro-American quotations	Afro-Americans—Quotations
Alabama Coal Strike, 1894	Coal Strike, Ala., 1984
Amino acid metabolism, Inborn errors of	Amino acids—Metabolism—Disorders (May Subd Geog)
Ancestor-worship (Buddhism)	Ancestor worship—Buddhism
Ancestor worship (Hinduism)	Ancestor worship—Hinduism
Andalusia (Spain)	Andalusia (Spain) (An identical name heading)

Anthracite Coal Strike, 1887-1888	Anthracite Coal Strike, Pa., 1887-1888
Anthracite Coal Strike, 1897	Anthracite Coal Strike, Pa., 1897
Anthracite Coal Strike, 1902	Anthracite Coal Strike, Pa., 1902
Anthracite Coal Strike, 1922	Anthracite Coal Strike, Pa., 1922
Anthracite Coal Strike, 1925-1926	Anthracite Coal Strike, Pa., 1925-1926
Apostasy (Islam)	Apostasy—Islam
Apostasy (Judaism)	Apostasy—Judaism
Arabic cults	Arab cults (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Arsenic poisoning	Arsenic—Toxicology (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Atlanta (Gasteropoda)	Atlanta (Mollusks) (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Augustinian Canons	Augustinian Canons (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
AutoCAD (Computer program language)	AutoCAD (Computer program) (<i>A name heading</i>)
Aváchiripá Indians	Chiripá Indians
Black-headed gulls	Black-headed gull (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Caelia (Bari Province, Italy : Ancient city)	Caelia (Bari, Italy : Ancient city)
California Railroad Strike, 1894	Railroad Strike, Calif., 1894
Camillians	Camillians (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Camp Fire Girls	Camp Fire Girls (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Chaamba	Chaamba (Berber people)
Chair of St. Peter	Chair of Saint Peter
Chicken pox	Chickenpox (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Chicken pox in poultry	Fowl pox (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Children—Quotations, maxims, etc.	Children—Quotations (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Children of alcoholic parents	Children of alcoholics (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Children of clergymen	Children of clergy (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Children of homosexual parents	Children of gay parents (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Chlorellales	Chlorococcales

Chlorophyceae	Green algae (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Choirboy training	Choirboys—Training of (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Choirboy training—Manuals, text-books, etc.	Choirboys—Training of—Handbooks, manuals, etc. Choirboys—Training of—Textbooks
Christian education—Text-books for adults, [children, etc.] (<i>and subdivisions</i>)	Christian education—Textbooks for adults, [children, etc.] (<i>and subdivisions</i>)
Christianity and alchemy	Alchemy—Religious aspects—Christianity
Chryslers' Farm, Ont., Battle of, 1813	Chryslers' Farm, Battle of, Ont., 1813
Church and cremation	Cremation—Religious aspects—Christianity
Church and leisure	Leisure—Religious aspects—Christianity
Church and the poor	Church work with the poor (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Church and travel	Travel—Religious aspects—Christianity
Church work—Forms, blanks, etc.	Church work—Forms
Church work with homosexuals	Church work with gays (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Civil service retirement—Law and legislation	Civil service—Retirement
Clergymen's families	Clergy—Family relationships
Clifford, Squire Ebenezer (<i>and subdivisions</i>)	Clifford, Ebenezer, 1746-1821 (<i>and subdivisions</i>)
Communication in foreign trade	Communication in international trade (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Comparative advantage (Commerce)	Comparative advantage (International trade)
CONLAN (Computer program language)	CONLAN (Computer hardware description language)
Contract clause (United States. Constitution)	United States—Constitutional law—Contract clause
Covellin	Covellite (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Cripple Creek Strike, 1893	Cripple Creek Strike, Cripple Creek, Colo., 1893
Dalmatian dogs	Dalmatian dog
Developing countries specialists	Developing country specialists (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)

Dodecanese (Greece)	Dodecanese
Dyspepsia (and subdivision)	Indigestion (May Subd Geog) (and subdivision)
Dyspepsia in children	Indigestion in children (May Subd Geog)
East Friesland (Germany)	Ostfriesland (Germany) (A name heading)
Economic assistance, Arab	Economic assistance, Arab countries (May Subd Geog)
Elementary school children— Economic conditions	School children—Economic conditions
Elementary school children— Social conditions	School children—Social conditions
English language—Text-books for foreign speakers (and subdivisions)	English language—Textbooks for foreign speakers (and subdivisions)
Equus hemionus	Mongolian wild ass (May Subd Geog)
Equus przewalskii	Przewalski's horse (May Subd Geog)
Esperanto—Text-books for English, [French, etc.] speakers	Esperanto—Textbooks for English, [French, etc.] speakers
Etruscan studies	Etruscans—Study and teaching (May Subd Geog)
Excel (Computer program)	Microsoft Excel (Computer program) (A name heading)
Export sales	Export sales contracts (May Subd Geog)
ExpressCalc (Computer program)	ExpressCalc (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
Facial muscles	Face—Muscles
Fechner's law	Weber-Fechner law
Federal aid to wood-lots	Federal aid to woodlots (May Subd Geog)
Ferrets (and subdivision)	Ferret (May Subd Geog) (and subdivision)
Ferrets as laboratory animals	Ferret as laboratory animals
Ferrets as pets	Ferret as pets (May Subd Geog)
Fire-engine driving	Fire engine driving
Fire-engines (and subdivisions)	Fire engines (May Subd Geog) (and subdivisions)

Fish breeding	Fishes—Breeding
Florideae	Red algae (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
France. Marine	France. Marine (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
France. Ministère de la Marine	France. Ministère de la marine et des colonies (<i>A name heading</i>)
French language—Text-books for foreign speakers (<i>and subdivisions</i>)	French language—Textbooks for foreign speakers (<i>and subdivisions</i>)
Gasteropoda (<i>and subdivisions</i>)	Gastropoda (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>and subdivisions</i>)
Gasteropoda, Fossil	Gastropoda, Fossil (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Gasteropoda as carriers of disease	Snails as carriers of disease (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Genito-urinary organs (<i>and subdivisions</i>)	Genitourinary organs (<i>and subdivisions</i>)
Geography—Text-books—Before 1800	Geography, Ancient Geography, Medieval Geography—15th-16th centuries Geography—17th-18th centuries (<i>Existing headings</i>)
Geography—Text-books—1800-1870	Geography (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Geography—Text-books—1870-1945	Geography (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Geography—Text-books—1945-	Geography (<i>An existing heading</i>)
George Kleine Film Collection	Kleine (George) Collection (Library of Congress) (<i>A name heading</i>)
Greater Hartford Open	Greater Hartford Open, Conn.
Hamwin Site (Southampton, Hampshire)	Southampton (Hampshire)— Antiquities (<i>Subject authority record not made</i>)
Hera (African tribe)	Hera (African people)
Homosexual couples	Gay couples (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Homosexual couples, Male	Gay male couples (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Homosexual parents	Gay parents (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Homosexuals (<i>and subdivisions</i>)	Gays (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>and subdivisions</i>)
Homosexuals, Male	Gay men (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Homosexuals' writings	Gays' writings (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)

Homosexuals' writings, American	Gays' writings, American (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Homosexuals' writings, English	Gays' writings, English (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Homosexuals' writing, Latin American	Gays' writings, Latin American (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Housing authorities—Officials and employees—Salaries, allowances, etc.	Housing authorities—Officials and employees—Salaries, etc. (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Human genetics—Moral and religious aspects	Human genetics—Moral and ethical aspects Human genetics—Religious aspects
Iditarod Trail Sled Dog Race	Iditarod Trail Sled Dog Race, Alaska
Ijca Indians	Arhuaco Indians (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Indian ponies	Indians of North America—Horses
Irish—Alcohol use	Drinking of alcoholic beverages—Ireland
Islamic religious education—Text-books for children	Islamic religious education—Textbooks for children
Islamic research	Islam—Research (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Jaina religious practice	Jainism—Customs and practices
Jewish religious education—Text-books for adolescents, [adults, etc.]	Jewish religious education—Textbooks for adolescents, [adults, etc.]
Journeyman	Journey workers (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Journeyman's societies	Journey workers—Societies, etc. (<i>No replacement heading</i>)
Kleine, George	Selva Region (Spain)
La Selva Region (Spain)	Selva Region (Spain)
Lambeth Conference	Lambeth Conference (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Lead-poisoning	Lead—Toxicology (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Lead-poisoning—Law and legislation	Lead—Law and legislation (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Lead-poisoning in animals	Lead—Toxicology (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) Veterinary toxicology (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>Existing headings</i>)
Lead-poisoning in children	Lead—Toxicology (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) Pediatric toxicology (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>Existing headings</i>)
Library associations	Library science—Societies, etc.

Liquor problem in the press	Alcoholism in the press (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Luluabourg, Congo, Mutiny, 1895	Kananga (Kasai—Occidental, Zaire)—History Mutiny—Zaire—Kananga (Kasai—Occidental) (<i>Subject authority records not made</i>)
Lusatia, Upper (Germany)	Upper Lusatia (Germany) (<i>A name heading</i>)
MailMerge (Computer program)	MailMerge (Computer program) (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Malabar Coast (India)—Rebellion, 1921	Moplah Rebellion, India, 1921
Makassarese (Indonesian people)	Makasar (Indonesian people)
Mambwe (Bantu tribe)	Mambwe (African people)
Mamprusi (African tribe) (<i>and subdivision</i>)	Mamprusi (African people) (<i>and subdivision</i>)
Marriages, International	Intercountry marriage
Masks, Pende	Pende (African people)—Masks
Military music—Manuals, text-books, etc.	Military music—Handbooks, manuals, etc. Military music—Textbooks
Matshaga (African tribe)	Matshaga (African people)
Mechanical engineering—Laboratories	Mechanical engineering laboratories
Melastomaceae	Melastomataceae (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Memorial Day, Confederate	Confederate Memorial Day
Memorial Day addresses, Confederate	Confederate Memorial Day addresses
Military posts	Military bases (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Minorities in the arts	Minorities in art
Moving-pictures—Moral and religious aspects	Moving-pictures—Moral and ethical aspects
Moving-pictures and Catholic Church	Moving-pictures—Religious aspects—Catholic Church
Ḥuhtasib	Ḥuhtasib (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Music—Manuals, text-books, etc.	Music—Handbooks, manuals, etc. Music—Textbooks
Muslims as scientists	Scientists, Muslim (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Nambu family	Nambu family

Neodymium-yttrium aluminum garnet lasers	Nd-YAG lasers (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Norway spruce—Seed	Norway spruce—Seeds
Om (Hinduism)	Om—Hinduism
Om (Sikhism)	Om—Sikhism
Ore—deposits (and subdivision)	Ore deposits (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
PageMaker (Computer program)	PageMaker (Computer program) (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Pakistan Western Railway	Pakistan Western Railway (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Paradox (Computer program)	Paradox (Computer program) (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Passamaquoddy Bay (N.S.)	Passamaquoddy Bay (N.B. and Me.)
PC-Write (Computer program)	PC-Write (Computer program) (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Pectinibranchiata	Mesogastropoda (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Pectinibranchiata, Fossil	Mesogastropoda, Fossil (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Pediatric allergy	Allergy in children (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Pekingese spaniels	Pekingese dog
Pekingese spaniels in art	Pekingese dog in art
Pensions, Medical examinations for	Pensions—Medical examinations (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Phaeophyceae	Brown algae (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Philip Kearny, Fort	Fort Phil Kearny (Wyo.)
Physical geography—Text-books—1800-1870	Physical geography (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Physical geography—Text-books—1870-1945	Physical geography (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Physical geography—Text-books—1945-	Physical geography (<i>May Subd Geog</i>) (<i>An existing heading</i>)
Plumbing—Catalogs	Plumbing—Equipment and supplies—Catalogs
Political science—Early works to 1700	Political science—Early works to 1800
Prayer—History—Early church, ca. 30-600	Prayer—Christianity—History—Early church, ca. 30-600

Prayer (Bantu religion)	Bantus—Religion Prayer—[<i>place</i>]
Prayer (Greek religion)	Prayer—Greece
Prayer (Roman religion)	Prayer—Rome
Presbyterian Church of England	Presbyterian Church of England (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Prisons—Religious life	Prisoners—Religious life
Prokhor Shipchenski, Battle of, 1877	Shipka Pass (Bulgaria), Battle of, 1877
Prosobranchiata	Prosobranchia (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Prosobranchiata, Fossil	Prosobranchia, Fossil (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Q&A (Computer program)	Q&A (Computer program) (<i>An identical name heading</i>)
Queen Charlotte Islands Formation (B.C.)	Queen Charlotte Group (B.C.)
Quotations, Black	Blacks—Quotations
R:base 5000 (Computer program)	R:BASE (Computer program) (<i>A name heading</i>)
R:base System V (Computer program)	R:BASE System V (Computer program) (<i>A name heading</i>)
Race (Theology)	Race—Religious aspects— Christianity
Raumer family	Raum family
Refractometer	Refractometers (<i>May Subd Geog</i>)
Religion and motion pictures	Moving-pictures—Religious aspects
Religion and race	Race—Religious aspects
Religious education—Text-books for adults, [children, etc.]	Religious educations—Textbooks for adults, [children, etc.]
Religious life (Bonpo)	Religious life—Bonpo (Sect)
Religious life (Buddhism)	Religious life—Buddhism
Religious life (Buddhism)— Jōdoshū authors	Religious life—Jōdoshū
Religious life (Buddhism)— Nichiren authors, [etc.]	Religious life—Nichiren (Sect)
Religious life (Hinduism)	Religious life—Hinduism
Religious life (Islam)	Religious life—Islam
Religious life (Islam)—Early works to 1800	Religious life—Islam—Early works to 1800

Religious life (Islam)—Koranic teaching	Religious life—Islam—Koranic teaching
Religious life (Islam)—Shiite authors	Religious life—Shiites
Religious life (Jainism)	Religious life—Jainism
Religious life (Mahayana Buddhism)	Religious life—Mahayana Buddhism
Religious life (Oomoto)	Religious life—Oomoto (Religious organization)
Religious life (Pure Land Buddhism)	Religious life—Pure Land Buddhism
Religious life (Pure Land Buddhism)—Shin authors, [etc.]	Religious life—Shin (Sect)
Religious life (Seichō-no-Ie)	Religious life—Seichō no Ie
Religious life (Shinto)	Religious life—Shinto
Religious life (Sikhism)	Religious life—Sikhism
Religious life (Tantric Buddhism)	Religious life—Tantric Buddhism
Religious life (Tantric Buddhism)—Shingon authors	Religious life—Shingon (Sect)
Religious life (Taoism)	Religious life—Taoism
Religious life (Zen Buddhism)	Religious life—Zen Buddhism
Religious life (Zen Buddhism)—Sōtōshū authors	Religious life—Sōtōshū
Resurrectionists (Religious order)	Resurrectionists (Religious order) <i>(An identical name heading)</i>
Rhodophyta	Red algae <i>(May Subd Geog)</i>
Robin Hood	Robin Hood (Legendary character)
Rodent ulcer	Basal cell carcinoma <i>(May Subd Geog)</i>
Russian wolf-hounds	Borzoi
Rusts (Fungi)	Rust fungi <i>(May Subd Geog)</i>
Safwa (Bantu tribe)	Safwa (African people)
Sambyu (Bantu tribe)	Sambyu (African people)
Sardinia (Kingdom) <i>(and subdivisions)</i>	Sardinia <i>(and subdivisions)</i>
School attendance—High school	High school attendance <i>(May Subd Geog)</i>
Sea-otters	Sea otter <i>(May Subd Geog)</i>
Seichō-no-Ie devotional calendars	Seichō no Ie devotional calendars

Servites	Servites (An identical name heading)
Sensory-motor integration	Sensorimotor integration
Sex in the arts	Sex in art
Sex instruction for homosexual men	Sex instruction for gay men (May Subd Geog)
Shakespeare, William, 1564-1616— Knowledge—Occult sciences	Shakespeare, William, 1564-1616— Knowledge—Occultism
Shambala (Bantu tribe)	Shambala (African people)
Siphonales	Caulierpaies (May Subd Geog)
Social work with homosexuals	Social works with gays (May Subd Geog)
Socialist Party (U.S.)	Socialist Party (U.S.) (An identical name heading)
Sociology, Rural (Catholic)	Sociology, Rural—Religious aspects—Catholic Church
Sociology, Rural (Lutheran)	Sociology, Rural—Religious aspects—Lutheran Church
Soga (Bantu tribe) (and subdivision)	Soga (African people) (and subdivision)
Sonjo (Bantu tribe)	Sonjo (African people)
Sonyo (African tribe)	Sonyo (African people)
Soviet Union—Literatures	Soviet literature (May Subd Geog)
SpellStar (Computer program)	SpellStar (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
Stanislavsky method	Method (Acting)
Statistics—Forms, blanks, etc.	Statistics—Forms
Sterilization—Moral and religious aspects	Sterilization—Moral and ethical aspects Sterilization—Religious aspects
Sterilization—Moral and religious aspects—Catholic Church	Sterilization—Moral and ethical aspects Sterilization—Religious aspects—Catholic Church
Strikes and lockouts—Journeyman	Strikes and lockouts—Journey workers (May Subd Geog)
Sulpicians	Sulpicians (An identical name heading)
Tannekwe (African tribe)	Tannekwe (African people)
Tepe Hissar (Iran)	Hissar Tepe (Iran)
Text-book bias	Textbook bias (May Subd Geog)

Text-books (and subdivisions)	Textbooks (May Subd Geog) (and subdivisions)
Tiermes (Spain)	Tiermes (City)
Tiriki (Bantu tribe)	Tiriki (African people)
Tokens, Communion	Communion tokens (May Subd Geog)
Tokens, Sales tax	Sales tax tokens (May Subd Geog)
Tokens, Temple	Temple tokens (May Subd Geog)
Toma (African tribe)	Toma (African people)
Topoke (Bantu tribe)	Topoke (African people)
Transplantation of organs, tissues, etc.—Moral and religious aspects	Transplantation of organs, tissues, etc.—Moral and ethical aspects Transplantation of organs, tissues, etc.—Religious aspects
Turbo C (Computer program)	Turbo C (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
Turbo Pascal (Computer program)	Turbo Pascal (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
Turkey—History—Suleiman I, 1520-1566	Turkey—History—Süleyman I, 1520-1566
Turkey—History—Suleiman II, 1687-1691	Turkey—History—Süleyman II, 1687-1691
United States—Foreign population—Law and legislation	Emigration and immigration law— United States Aliens—United States (Existing headings)
Untouchables—Politics and suffrage	Untouchables—Political activity
Vei (African tribe)	Vai (African people)
Vietnamese studies	Vietnam—Study and teaching (May Subd Geog)
Volsini (Viterbo Province, Italy : Ancient city)	Volsini (Viterbo, Italy : Ancient city)
Voters, Registration of	Voter registration (May Subd Geog)
Wages—Personnel directors	Personnel directors—Salaries, etc. (May Subd Geog)
Wang, Hsi-chih, 321-379. Lan t'ing chi hsi (and subdivision)	Wang, Hsi-chih, 321-379. Lan t'ing hsi (and subdivision)
Warnings, Special navigational	Navigational warnings, Special (May Subd Geog) (An existing heading)
Weber's law	Weber-Fechner law

Wheat powdery mildew	Wheat powdery mildew fungus (May Subd Geog)
White Fathers	White Fathers (An identical name heading)
Wood-lots (and subdivision)	Woodlots (May Subd Geog) (and subdivision)
WordPerfect (Computer program)	WordPerfect (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
WordStar (Computer program)	WordStar (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
WordStar 2000 (Computer program)	WordStar 2000 (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
WordStar 2000 Plus (Computer program)	WordStar 2000 Plus (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
XyWrite (Computer program)	XyWrite (Computer program) (An identical name heading)
Zaporogians	Zaporozhians

Headings of the type [industry, structure, or process]-Hygienic aspects have been changed to [industry, structure, or process]-Health aspects (May Subd Geog). This change has been made under the following headings: Automobile driving; City planning; Cold storage; Construction industry; Fluorescent lighting; Forging; Founding; Hairdressing; Iron industry and trade; Recreation areas; Smelting; Space stations; Steel industry and trade; Travel; Vacations; Water, Underground; Welding; Wood trade and industry.

Headings of the type Meditation ([name of religion or sect]) have been changed to Meditation-[name of religion or sect]. This change has been made to the following headings: Meditation (Bonpo); Meditation (Buddhism); Meditation (Confucianism); Meditation (Hinduism); Meditation (Judaism); Meditation (Tantric Buddhism); Meditation (Taoism); Meditation (Zen Buddhism).

Headings of the type Prayer ([name of religion or sect]) have been changed to Prayer-[name of religion or sect]. This change has been made to the following headings: Prayer (Buddhism); Prayer (Hinduism); Prayer (Islam); Prayer (Jainism); Prayer (Judaism); Prayer (Sikhism).

Headings of the type [class of persons]-Religious life ([name of religion]) have been changed to [class of persons]-Religious life and Religious life-[name of religion]. This change has been made under the following headings: Family; Married people; Sick; Soldiers.

Headings of the type Scribes, [nationality qualifier] have been changed to Scribes-[place]. This change has been made to the following headings: Scribes, Babylonian; Scribes, Byzantine; Scribes, Egyptian; Scribes, Roman.

Headings of the type [topic]-Text-books have been changed to [topic]-Textbooks. This change has been made under the following headings: Bible; Christian education; English language; English language-Grammar; Geography; Indians of North America; Physical geography; Religious education.

PUBLICATIONS

LC CLASSIFICATION SCHEDULES

The printed size of the LC classification schedules has been 7¼" x 10½" for many years. Recently, a decision was made to change the size to 8½" x 11". This will allow for more blank space and/or information on each printed leaf. It will also allow more gutter space for those who wish to punch holes for insertion into a looseleaf binder.

This change will appear first with the publication of the third edition of schedules BR-BV, DJK-DK, and DS. *LC Classification-Additions and Changes* will continue to be printed in the smaller size in 1988. Comments on the preferred size of the additions and changes would be appreciated and should be sent to Mary K.D. Pietris, Chief, Subject Cataloging Division, Library of Congress, Washington, D.C. 20540.

LC THESAURUS FOR GRAPHIC MATERIALS

LC Thesaurus for Graphic Materials : Topical Terms for Subject Access has recently been published. Prepared by the Prints and Photographs Division, this publication provides a list of more than 6,000 terms from which catalogers and researchers can choose indexing and retrieval vocabulary for graphic materials. It also includes provisions for applying the terms as access points. The terms complement and enhance *Library of Congress Subject Headings*.

The thesaurus provides a substantial body of terms for subject indexing of pictures, particularly large general collections of historical images that are found in many libraries, historical societies, archives, and museums. The terms are authorized for use in machine-readable records.

The thesaurus may be used for indexing graphic materials in a broad range of formats, including original prints, drawings, photographs, and pictorial ephemera. It offers catalogers a controlled vocabulary for describing a wide range of subjects, including activities, objects, types of people, events, and places depicted in still images. It includes only subject categories. It may also be used by the researcher, by offering terms and scope notes that will help in the selection of appropriate terms to retrieve images.

The thesaurus serves as a companion volume to *Descriptive Terms for Graphic Materials : Genre and Physical Characteristics Headings* (see *Cataloging Service Bulletin*, no. 35, p. 39) and *Graphic Materials : Rules for Describing Original Items and Historical Collections* (see *Cataloging Service Bulletin*, no. 35, p.39). It is available for \$30.00 from the Cataloging Distribution Service, Library of Congress, Washington, D.C. 20541. For additional information telephone (202) 287-6100.

INDEX TO BIBLIOGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF RARE BOOKS

An index to the *Bibliographic Description of Rare Books* (Washington, D.C. : Library of Congress, 1981) has been compiled by David M. Rich, cataloger of special collections at the Brown University Library, and published by the John Carter Brown Library. This index (x, 19 p., ISBN 0-916617-28-9) is available for \$6.50 (plus \$1.50 postage and handling) from JCBL Books, Box 1894, Providence, R.I. 02912.

ROMANIZATION

NEWARI

The Indic language Newari, which uses the Devanagari script, is romanized according to the table for Hindi (see *Cataloging Service*, bulletin 119).

1950

1950-1951