



**Legislative Bulletin.....May 26, 2011**

**Contents:**

**Amendments to H.R. 1540 (1-152)**—FY 2012 National Defense Authorization Act

**Order of Business:** The amendments to H.R. 1540, the FY 2012 National Defense Authorization Act, are scheduled to be considered on Wednesday, May 25, 2011, and Thursday, May 26, 2011, under a structured rule. The rule ([H.Res.267](#)) allows no additional debate on H.R. 1540, provides for the consideration of **152** amendments debatable for 10 minutes each, waives all points of order against amendments printed in the Rule Committee report or against amendments considered en bloc, and provides for one motion to recommit with or without instructions. The rule makes in order only those amendments summarized below.

The rule also allows the chair of the Committee on Armed Services (or his designee) to offer amendments en bloc consisting of amendments made in order under the rule (which would be debatable for 20 minutes).

**Primary RSC Staff Contact:** Bruce Miller, [bruce.miller@mail.house.gov](mailto:bruce.miller@mail.house.gov), (202) 226-0718.

**Additional Contact:** Ja’Ron Smith, Curtis Rhyne, Cyrus Artz, Joe Murray

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**SUMMARIES FOR AMENDMENTS MADE IN ORDER UNDER THE RULE**

1. **Wittman (R-VA).** The amendment would add a new section in the bill that would allow the Secretary of the Navy to enter into multiyear contracts for the start of major construction of the Ford-class aircraft carriers designated CVN 79 and CVN 80 and for the construction of major components, modules, or other structures related to these carriers. Under current law, the Navy is authorized to fund aircraft carrier procurement over 4 years, even though the construction interval is 5 years.

The amendment also requires the Secretary to enter into contracts in a manner that will result in the lowest cost by taking into consideration the variability of shipyard industrial capacity and enter into contracts with prime contractors chosen for their ability to supply materiel for vessel construction to reduce the cost by purchasing in “economic order quantities.” Additionally, the amendment extends the timeframe of CVN-21 class Aircraft Carrier procurement from three fiscal years, to four fiscal years.

2. **Woolsey (D-CA).** The amendment eliminates authorized funding for the Air Force (\$340 million) and Navy (\$2.25 billion) to procure the V-22 Osprey.
3. **Tonko (D-NY).** The amendment adds a new section to the bill to require the Secretary of Defense to use RNA biological and functional science when conducting research to

determine how RNA research can be used as transitional or therapeutic tool when evaluating infectious diseases employed by terrorists, memory disorders, rare diseases, and other diseases affecting military readiness.

4. **Hayworth (R-NY).** The amendment adds a sense of Congress that active matrix organic light emitting diode, or OLED technology, displays have the potential to reduce the size, weight, and energy consumption of both dismounted and mounted systems of the Armed Forces. Additionally, it expresses a sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense should use existing programs, including the ManTech program to support the reduction of the costs and risks related to OLED manufacturing technologies, among other issues.
5. **Schiff (D-CA).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to issue a report to Congress within 180 days of enactment on the health risks when waste is disposed of in open air burn pits.
6. **Carter (R-TX).** The amendment amends the U.S. Code to include “ideologically based threats or actions” that the reporting service member “reasonably believes could be counterproductive or detrimental to United States interests or security” to existing whistleblower protections already afforded to military personnel. The Whistleblower Protection Act currently prohibits retaliatory personnel actions for reporting negative personnel actions or violations of law.
7. **Miller (R-MI)/Rep. Rahall (D-WV).** The amendment would include the Chief of the National Guard Bureau as a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and grant the same responsibilities as current members of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
8. **Schock (R-IL).** The amendment allows military personal to obtain a deferment from being deployed to a combat zone, if their spouse is already deployed in combat zone and they have custody of a dependent child. The deferment is subject to approval by the Secretary of their respective branch.
9. **Baca (D-CA).** The amendment adds a new section to the bill to require the Secretary of Defense to “enhance” the suicide prevention program at the DoD. Specifically, the bill requires each branch of the military to institute a suicide prevention program as part of basic training for the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps. The amendment authorizes \$5 million for the institution of this program by increasing funding for military personnel under Section 421 and decreasing funding for Joint Tactical Radio System Maritime-Fixed radios by \$5 million.
10. **Cohen (D-TN).** The amendment would add a new section to the bill with the text of H.R. 1046, the Honor the WISH Act, which would allow members of the armed service to select who they want to organize their funeral arrangements. According to the bills sponsor, under current law, funeral arrangements can only be made by a spouse, blood relative or adoptive parent.
11. **Becerra (D-CA).** The amendment increases funding in the accounts for the United States Military Academy, United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy by \$1.4 million each for the purposes to expand “diversity recruitment efforts.” The bill would be offset by reducing authorized funding for \$4.2 million for Joint Tactical Radio System Maritime-Fixed radios. The amendment also requires a merit-based selection process for candidates.

12. **Rep. Hunter (R-CA).** The amendment would add a new section to the bill to require the Secretary of Defense to create a five-year pilot program to provide scholarships for covered military dependent children that have special education needs. In order for a child to qualify for the scholarship, he or she must be a military dependent child enrolled in the exceptional Family Member program, a child with a disability defined under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), covered by a current individualized education program developed and approved in accordance with IDEA, or has been identified as needing special education and related services. Under the amendment, a qualified school includes a private elementary or secondary schools, a public school in a local education agency other than the dependant child resides, or a public charter school.

Under the amendment, scholarships are subject to a maximum of \$7,500 a year to cover relates expenses for tuition, fees, and travel. The amendment dedicates \$10 million from section 301 for Defense-wide operation and maintenance account to carryout the pilot program.

13. **McNerney (D-CA).** The amendment provides a sense of Congress that the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau to ensure coordination with the Office of Service Member Affairs to provide financial counseling for members of the Armed Forces and their families.
14. **McNerney (D-CA)/ Rahall (D-WV)/ Young (R-AK).** The amendment strikes section 591 of H.R. 1540, which limits the amount of annual funds the DoD can spend on services and support to organizations outside the DoD to \$10 million per year, and replaces the limitation to \$20 million per year.
15. **King (R-NY).** The amendment adds a new section to the bill adding a Postal Benefits Program for Armed Services personnel serving in Iraq of Afghanistan, or currently hospitalized at a facility in the jurisdiction of the U.S. as a result of injury in those theaters. The program requires the Secretary of Defense to provide vouchers (one per two month period eligible) to qualified service personnel to send first class mail. The amendment authorizes \$12 million to enact the program and reduces authorized funding for the Joint Tactical Radio System Maritime-Fixed, Tactical Communications-Electronic Equipment by \$12 million. The program only applies for FY 2012.
16. **Ruppersberger (D-MD).** This amendment would authorize service members assigned to the [Egypt Multi-National Force and Observers Mission](#) to participate in the [U.S. Central Command's Rest and Recuperation Leave Program](#) which allows service members deployed in the combat theater to take up to 15 days of leave during their deployment. This amendment would authorize up to \$4 million in funding from the Mission Force Enhancement Transfer Fund, and would reduce the authorization for the Joint Tactical Radio System Maritime-Fixed by \$5 million as an offset.
17. **Carter (R-TX).** This amendment would deem service members killed or wounded in the attack at Fort Hood on November 5, 2009 as killed or wounded in a combat zone as the result of an action of an enemy of the United States. This would make victims and their families eligible for combat-related benefits and awards, such as special pay, tax, and retirement benefits and medals such as the Purple Heart. The amendment contains an exception for service members injured or killed in the attack as a result of willful misconduct, i.e. Major Hasan.

18. **Boswell (D-IA).** This amendment would allow the Secretary of Defense to use funds retained from profits from the sale of tobacco products and alcoholic beverages at a pilot enhanced commissary store to support substance abuse prevention programs for patrons of the store, while ensuring the store receives necessary operating funds. The pilot enhanced commissary store to be operated at a military installation designated for closure or adverse realignment by a base closure law will be authorized to sell alcoholic beverages for the first time, and tobacco products at a 5% greater discount than other commissary stores.
19. **Carson (D-IN).** This amendment would require the Department of Defense to provide a mental health assessment for each service member deployed in support of a contingency operation no more than 60 days before the deployment begins, again once every 180 days of the deployment, and during the period beginning 90 days after the deployment ends, and again 180 days after the deployment ends. It would further require mental health assessments during the second 180 day period, and the second and third years following the deployment. The amendment includes an exception for service members not exposed to operational risk factors, or those who would be pulled from a forward deployment or would put members or operational objectives at risk.
20. **Boswell (D-IA).** This amendment would require the Departments of Defense and Veterans Affairs to conduct a study on the incidence of breast cancer among service members, including the National Guard and veterans. The amendment would authorize an additional \$10 million for the Defense Health Program for the study, and would reduce the authorization for the Joint Tactical Radio System Maritime-Fixed, Shipboard Tactical Communications by \$8.8 million and reduces the authorization for the Joint Tactical Radio System Maritime-Fixed, Tactical Communications-Electronic Equipment by \$8.8 million as an offset.
21. **Sessions (R-TX).** This amendment would provide for a five-year pilot program for treatment of service members suffering from traumatic brain injury and post-traumatic stress disorder outside of military facilities. This program would provide direct payments to providers for treatment at the Medicare reimbursement rate and would report annually to Congress on its implementation. The amendment would authorize \$10 million to the Defense Health Program for each of the next five fiscal years (2012-16) for the program, and would reduce the authorization for the Joint Tactical Radio System—Ground Mobile Radio Program by \$10 million.
22. **Pascrell (D-NJ)/Platts (R-PA).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to develop a plan to transfer the Defense Centers of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury from the TRICARE Management Activity to a military department to be determined by the Secretary. Within 180 days, the Secretary must notify the congressional defense committees of the plan including the military department determined by the Secretary.
23. **Pascrell (D-NJ)/Platts (R-PA).** The amendment requires the Department of Defense, within 180 days, to report to Congress on their plans to identify, refer, and treat traumatic brain injuries for members of the Armed Forces who served in Operation Enduring Freedom or Operation Iraqi Freedom before June 2010, the date which the memorandum regarding using a 50-meter distance from an explosion as a criterion to properly identify, refer, and treat members for potential traumatic brain injury took effect.

24. **Sarbanes (D-MD)/Hanabusa (D-HI)/Langevin (D-RI).** The amendment strikes section 937 of H.R. 1540, which repeals Department of Defense public-private competitions instituted in the FY 2010 NDAA by House Democrats.
25. **Murphy (D-CT).** The amendment allows the head of each agency to include a requirement to consider the impact the award of a defense contract would have on the domestic job market. The amendment ***requires a guarantee*** that jobs created or retained will not be moved outside the United States after award of the contract.
26. **Maloney (D-NY).** This amendment would require the Secretary of Defense to publicly identify (on a website) the names of officials, or former officials, of the Department of Defense who are receiving compensation from a DOD contractor.
27. **Cole (R-OK).** This amendment would prohibit any executive agency from requiring contractors, when they bid for a contract, to disclose any political contributions as a condition of submitting their bid. The amendment mirrors H.R. 1906, the Fairness in Federal Contracting Act, which pre-empts the Obama draft executive order on political financial disclosure by contractors. ***The U.S. Chamber of Commerce is Key Voting this amendment.***
28. **Garamendi (D-CA).** The amendment would DOD contractors working at military installations within the U.S., set aside at least 40% of their subcontracting work to local subcontractors that are headquartered within 60 miles of the installation
29. **Waters (D-CA).** This amendment would require that when considering contract offers, the Secretary of Defense give preference to any offeror that:
  - Enhances science, technology, engineering and math education programs (STEM);
  - Makes investments in STEM programs in elementary or secondary schools;
  - Encourages employees to volunteer in Title I schools in order to enhance STEM;
  - Makes personnel available to advise faculty at colleges and universities dealing with STEM research;
  - Establishes partnerships between the offeror and historically black colleges and universities and minority institutions for the purpose of training students in science disciplines;
  - Awards scholarships and fellowships in science disciplines; or
  - Conducts recruitment at historically black colleges and universities and other minority-serving institutions.
30. **Himes (D-CT).** This amendment would require that any savings obtained by having certain duties preformed by civilian employees from DOD contractors be sent to the Treasury for deficit reduction.
31. **Jackson Lee (D-TX).** This amendment would prohibit the DOD from awarding civilian contracts that are tied to military bases until the DOD has conducted an outreach program to benefit small businesses concerns that are owned by women and minorities. Many conservatives have concerns that this amendment would cause race to be used as a factor in federal contracting.
32. **Andrews (D-NJ).** This amendment would suspend all workforce management and sourcing policies from the DOD's "Efficiency Initiative." The suspension would occur from the date of enactment until 60 days after the Secretary of Defense has submitted the

below report and certification. The report to Congress would review the workforce management and sourcing policies pursuant to the “Efficiency Initiative” and would describe alternative policies that:

- Ensure performance decisions are based on law, risk, policy and cost;
- Reflect the total force policy in achieving national security objectives and missions; and
- Are consistent with the statutory framework including sections 129 and 129a of title 10 of U.S. Code.

The Secretary would be required to certify that they have completed a full inventory of contracts for services. The Secretary would also be required to certify that the Secretary of each military department has initiated the review and planning activities of subsection (e) of such section.

This amendment would also require the Comptroller General to conduct an assessment of the report required by the Secretary and determine whether the Department of Defense is compliant with the certification requirement. The Comptroller would submit their findings to Congress within 30 days of the Secretary’s report and certification.

**33. Lee (D-CA).** This amendment would limit funding in the bill to fiscal year 2008 levels. The only exception would be for the following accounts: military personnel, reserve personnel, and National Guard personnel accounts of the DOD, and the Defense Health Program account.

**34. Hayworth (R-NY).** This amendment would state that it is the sense of Congress that:

- “Our Nation’s economic strength is characterized by individual freedom and the competitive enterprise system, and as such, the Federal Government should not compete with its citizens and private enterprise;
- “In recognition of this policy, the Government should rely on commercially available sources to provide commercial products and services and should not start or carry on any activity to provide a commercial product or service if the product or service can be procured more economically from a commercial source; and
- “The Department of Defense should not convert the performance of any function from performance by a contractor to performance by Department of Defense civilian employees unless the function is inherently governmental in nature.”

**35. Cuellar (D-TX).** This amendment would state that it is the sense of Congress that:

- “The Secretary of Defense should continue to increase intelligence and technology sharing information and capability with the Secretary of Homeland Security and other agencies to mitigate national security threats along the international border between the United States and Mexico, including threats of infiltration and border breaches by transnational criminal organizations; and
- “The Secretary of Defense should strongly consider operationally testing, along the international border between the United States and Mexico, emerging technology capabilities developed for the purposes of detection, intelligence, and surveillance.”

This amendment would also require the Secretary of Defense to brief the congressional defense committees on the effectiveness of the ongoing collaborative programs with the Government of Mexico intended to strengthen the capability of Mexican forces to counter

infiltration of the U.S. border and other national security threats by transnational crime organizations.

36. **Hunter (R-CA).** This amendment adds a new section to the bill that strongly encourages the Secretary of the Navy to name the next available Naval vessel after United States Marine Corp Sergeant Rafael Peralta. A native from San Diego, Sergeant Peralta was nominated for the Medal of Honor for smothering a grenade with his body during combat in Fallujah, Iraq. He was posthumously awarded the Navy Cross instead. A Secretary of Defense investigation determined that Sergeant Peralta did not consciously pull the grenade into his body, but eyewitness accounts of Marines who fought alongside Sergeant Peralta claim that he did. Congress has directed the Navy to name a ship 11 times since 1989.
37. **Richmond (D-LA).** This amendment prevents the Secretary of Defense from making any payment of funds under current law pertaining to restructuring costs (section 2325 of title 10, United States Code) to a contractor related to the restructuring or closure of the Navy shipyard manufacturing complex located in Avondale, Louisiana.
38. **Mica (R-FL).** This amendment adds a new section to the bill requiring the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the rules of engagement applicable to members of the Armed Forces assigned to duty in any hostile fire area designated under current law (section 310 or 351(a)(1) of title 37, United States Code) fully protects the members' right to bear arms and authorizes the members to defend themselves from hostile actions.
39. **Flake (R-AZ).** This amendment expresses a sense of Congress that the deployment of National Guard personnel along the southwestern border of the United States for the purpose of assisting United States Customs and Border Protection in securing the international border should continue through the end of fiscal year 2011.
40. **Flake (R-AZ).** This amendment repeals the establishment of the National Drug Intelligence Center (NDIC). The NDIC was established by section 9078 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act of 1993 to coordinate and consolidate drug intelligence from all national security and law enforcement agencies, and produce information regarding the structure, membership, finances, communications, and activities of drug trafficking organizations.
41. **Schakowsky (D-IL).** The amendment freezes Department of Defense funding at current fiscal year 2011 levels until every major Pentagon component, and every major defense acquisition program at the Department of Defense, is certified by the Inspector General of the Department of Defense or an independent public accountant as achieving an unqualified audit opinion. It includes a national security waiver and exceptions for overseas contingency operations, defense personnel, and wounded warrior accounts.
42. **Smith (D-WA).** The amendment permits the transferring of detainees held abroad to the United States to be prosecuted in federal courts 45 days after the President has submitted a plan assessing the national security risk to the United States to the congressional defense committees subject to approval and certification by the United States Attorney General. The amendment requires the President to consult with the chief executive of the State, the District of Columbia, or the territory or possession of the United States to which the detainee will be prosecuted.

43. **Buchanan (R-FL).** The amendment requires all foreign terrorists who engage or have engaged in conduct constituting an offense relating to a terrorist attack against persons or property in the United States or the United States Government property or personnel to be tried and prosecuted for that offense by military tribunal commission.
44. **Hanabusa (D-HI).** The amendment limits past, present, and future detainees at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba on or after September 11, 2011, from rights and benefits afforded under the Compact of Free Association (COFA). Multiple detainees have or will be repatriated to the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of Palau, and the Republic of the Marshall Islands who possess unrestricted access to the United States to study, work, and reside as “habitual residents” under the rights granted to them under COFA.
45. **Hanabusa (D-HI).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to determine and make publically available the programs funded through the Overseas Contingency Operations accounts for the five years preceding the bill that are unnecessary or unwanted. The amendment requires a report to Congress a description of each program that the Secretary determines is unnecessary or unwanted and a description of the amount authorized to be appropriated for each program.
46. **Tierney (D-MA).** This amendment recognizes the City of Salem, Massachusetts as the birthplace of the National Guard of the United States.
47. **Maloney (D-N.Y.)** This amendment will exempt information regarding military flight patterns, tactical techniques, or tactical procedures from public information disclosure requirements
48. **Mack (R-FL)/Bilirakis (R-FL).** This amendment will clarify language in the Sunken Military Craft Act, to specify that a sunken military craft would only be defined as a vessel if it was on noncommercial military service when it sank.
49. **Langevin (D-RI).** This amendment will create a National Office for Cyberspace and the office would coordinate federal information security policy, management practices and establish measures to protect national cyber-infrastructure from attack. The amendment provides \$1.5 billion for the establishment of those offices and offsets this funding by reducing funding for Defense Department operations and maintenance by the same amount.
50. **Amash (R-MI)/Lee (D-CA)/Conyers (D-MI)/Jones (R-NC)/Nadler (D-NY)/ Paul (R-TX).** This amendment strikes section 1034 of the bill.

According to Rep. Amash and other RSC members that support the amendment, “Section 1034 substantially expands the president’s military authority under a new authorization for use of military force to include undefined “associated forces” and persons who substantially assist them. Unlike the post-9/11 Authorization for Use of Military Force (AMUF), section 1034 includes no 9/11 nexus or specific objective to be achieved. The section also authorizes the president to detain undefined “belligerents” until the termination of hostilities in the undefined “current armed conflict.” The current (post-9/11) AUMF does not expire.”

The CATO Institute opposes section 1034 of the NDAA.



According to the House Armed Services Committee and other RSC members that oppose the amendment, the amendment does not break new ground in conflict. “Rather than requiring that activities be connected to the specific attacks of 9/11, the new provision makes clear that the president may use all necessary and appropriate force during the current armed conflict with Al Qaeda, the Taliban and associated forces. The committee’s language is nearly identical to the Obama administration’s interpretation of the authorities provided by the AUMF, as stated in a 2009 legal filing in the U.S. District Court for D.C. and numerous other detainee cases. It affirms the AUMF as now implemented by our troops, but in clearer and more direct language.”

**Key Vote Alert:** Heritage Action will Key Vote a NO on this amendment

51. **Rogers (R-MI)/LoBiondo (R-NJ).** The amendment requires the Department of Defense to repatriate, identify and honor with a military funeral the remains of 13 American Sailors killed during the First Barbary War in 1804. These Sailors are currently buried in a decaying mass grave in Tripoli, Libya. The amendment would require the Secretary to transfer and honor these remains using existing appropriations, and at the conclusion of the current NATO mission in Libya.
52. **Campbell (R-CA).** This amendment terminates the Joint Safety Climate Assessment System (JSCAS) of the Defense Department. The JSCAS is a web-based risk mitigation and analysis system meant to assist military officers at all levels in preventing avoidable fatalities among personnel under their command.
53. **Campbell (R-CA).** This amendment terminates the Human, Social, and Culture Behavior (HSCB) modeling program at the Department of Defense. The goal of the HSCB modeling program is to provide the department and the U.S. government with the ability to understand and effectively operate in the human, social and cultural terrains inherent to non-conventional warfare missions.
54. **Campbell (R-CA).** This amendment reduces by 1% for five years the number of civilian employees at the Defense Department from the baseline number.
55. **McGovern (D-MA)/Amash (R-MI)/Cicilline (D-RI).** The amendment requires the President to submit a report to Congress within 60 days outlining an accelerated timeline with a completion date for the transition of military and security operations to the Government of Afghanistan (including operations involving military and security-related contractors). Sixty days after the release of the report, the amendment requires the President to issue another report to Congress with a timeframe to pursue and conclude negotiations leading to a political settlement and reconciliation of the internal conflict in Afghanistan.
56. **Chaffetz (R-UT)/Welch (D-UT).** This amendment would require that all military personnel and contractors in Afghanistan, outside of those engaging in and supporting small, targeted counter-terrorism operations, be withdrawn. The Secretary of Defense would be required to submit a plan for implementation of the withdrawal as safely and quickly as possible within 60 days.
57. **Davis (D-CA).** This amendment would require that no more than 75% of the funds authorized for the Afghanistan Infrastructure Fund be used to assist the government of Afghanistan until the Secretaries of Defense and State certify to Congress that women are

an integral part of the reconciliation process between the Afghan government and the Taliban. The Afghanistan Infrastructure Fund is allocated \$475 million in the underlying bill.

58. **Garrett (R-NJ).** This amendment would declare that nothing in the underlying bill or its amendments shall be construed as providing any Congressional authorization for military operations in Libya. The Clinton Administration used Congressional appropriation of funds for military operations in Kosovo as authorization to continue operations beyond the 60-day window provided for military operations without Congressional authorization under the War Powers Act.
59. **Rohrabacher (R-CA).** This amendment would give the President the ability to remove satellites and related components from the United States Munitions List, with the exception of any article to be transferred to or used by China, Burma, North Korea, Pakistan, Venezuela, or any country designated by the State Department as a state sponsor of terrorism. Items on the United States Munitions List may not be exported to any non-U.S. person without an export license issued by the State Department.
60. **Polis (D-CO).** This amendment would cap the number of service members assigned to permanent duty in Europe at 30,000, except in the event of a declared war or attack on a European NATO member nation. The amendment would reduce the active-duty end strength numbers of the Armed Forces by 10,000 from the underlying bill (Army: -5,400, Navy: -500, Marine Corps: -100, Air Force: -4,00), and continue to reduce the end strength number by 10,000 a year for fiscal years 2013-16 in the same ratio. It would also reduce each of the services minimum end strength levels to conform with those reductions.
61. **Conyers (D-MI).** This amendment would prohibit any ground combat operations by members of the Armed Forces in Libya or contractors, except to rescue U.S. service members from imminent danger.
62. **Flake (R-AZ).** This amendment would eliminate the authorization of \$348.256 million for the Mission Force Enhancement Transfer Fund. The Mission Force Enhancement Transfer Fund was created as an account for all excess funds unallocated under the Committee's total budget allocation. It was primarily used as an off-set during the Committee process, but any funds remaining in the Fund after passage of the underlying bill may be used by the Secretary of Defense for unfunded requirements in ballistic and cruise missile defense; navy shipbuilding; strike fighter shortfall; naval mine warfare; intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance; capabilities to defeat anti-access/area-denial technologies; and basic research.
63. **Ellison (D-MN).** This amendment would strike all language in the underlying bill providing funding for the LHA-7 Ship Program (\$1.968 billion). The LHA-7 is the second ship in the Navy's newest class of large-deck amphibious assault ships.
64. **Sanchez (D-CA).** This amendment would reduce the funding for the Ground-Based Midcourse Defense Segment by \$100 million, eliminating the Armed Services Committee's increase of \$100 million from the President's FY 2012 request.
65. **Quigley (D-IL).** This amendment would reduce the total amount, and each individual account under Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Navy, by 10%. The

underlying bill authorizes \$18 billion for Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Navy, a 2.9% increase from the President's FY 2012 request.

- 66. Southerland (R-FL).** This amendment would prohibit the Secretary of the Air Force from disestablishing, closing, or realigning any element of the Air and Space Operations Center until the Secretary submits a notice of the proposed disestablishment to the congressional defense committees.
- 67. Young (R-AK).** This amendment would require to:

  - Utilize military family housing as community based housing during outlease periods through negotiated changes to outlease terms in order to maximize the useful economic life of the housing resources while providing priority use by military families.
  - Use funds for the construction of military family housing on military installations for the construction of community housing resources to military families and constructed on federal land only after finding that the above requirements are not feasible or not in the national interest.
  - Take all reasonable efforts to give effect to existing DOD policies that encourage the provision of housing for military families through community housing resources located outside of military installations when planning for the construction and utilization of military family housing.
- 68. Young (R-AK)/Bordallo (D-Del-GU).** This amendment would require the Secretary to submit an assessment and report on port facilities used for military purposes at ports designated by the DOD as strategic seaports, regarding (1) the structural integrity and deficiencies of the port facilities and improvements needed to meet security needs, (2) the impact on operational readiness if the improvements are not undertaken, (3) identifying (as much as practical) all potential funding sources for the needed improvements from existing authorities.
- 69. Young (R-AK)/Bordallo (D-Del-GU).** This amendment would authorize \$100,000,000 for FY 2012 for infrastructure improvements to port facilities used for military purposes at ports designated by the DOD. This funding will be derived from a 1% deduction for contingency amounts provided in contracts that are for the procurement of goods and services.
- 70. Petri (R-WI).** This amendment would clarify that the direct use of solar energy is considered a renewable energy source.
- 71. Wilson (R-SC).** This amendment would require the Secretary of Energy to ensure that high-level radioactive waste resulting from the activities of the DOD and the National Nuclear Security Administration is stored at the nuclear waste repository located at Yucca Mountain, Nevada, until a new location is approved. This amendment authorizes an increase in funding for the Department of Energy national security programs by \$197,000,000, with this increase allocated to the Defense Nuclear Waste Disposal. This amendment also reduces the amount for the account Environmental Restoration, Formerly Use Sites by \$197,000,000.
- 72. Davis (D-CA).** This amendment would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report on the efforts to establish maintenance, repair, and overhaul capability for Navy unmanned aerial systems.

73. **McKeon (R-CA).** This manager’s amendment would make technical changes to the underlying legislation.
74. **Akin (R-MO).** This amendment would states that it is the sense of Congress that:
- “long-term contracting for alternative fuels is in the best interests of the Department of Defense and is a wise use of taxpayer resources. Long-term contracts provide stability for industry, which allows them to drive the cost down. Long-term contracts also provide some insulation to the Department of Defense from fuel price increases. The Department of Defense has asked for the authority to enter into long-term contracts for alternative fuels, and it is the sense of Congress that this is a valuable proposal and should be supported.”
75. **Braley (D-IA).** This amendment would require the President (with contributions by the Secretary of State, Secretary of Veterans Affairs, and Secretary of Defense) to submit a report (within 90 days) detailing the long-term costs of Operation New Dawn and Operation Enduring Freedom for each of the following scenarios:
- The scenario in which the number of deployed for Operation New Dawn and Operation Enduring Freedom is reduced from 190,000 in 2011 to 150,000 in 2012, 65,000 in 2013, and 30,000 by the beginning of 2014, and remains at 30,000 through 2020.
  - The scenario in which the number of deployed for Operation New Dawn and Operation Enduring Freedom rises approximately 235,000 in 2011, is reduced to 230,000 in 2012, 195,000 in 2013, 135,000 in 2014, 80,000 in 2015, 60,000 in 2016, and remains at 60,000 through 2020.
  - An alternative scenario, to be determined by the President and based on a contingency operation and withdrawal plan, that takes into account expected force levels and the expected length of time that members of the Armed Forces will be deployed in support of Operation New Dawn and Operation Enduring Freedom.

When preparing the report, the President’s estimates will be required to extend at least until fiscal year 2020, and dollar amounts will be adjusted for inflation. The report will also take into account the total number of members of the Armed Forces expected to be deployed in support of Operation New Dawn, Operation Enduring Freedom, and Operation Odyssey Dawn, including:

- The number of members of the armed forces currently deployed in Southwest Asia in support of these operations;
- The number of member of reserve components of the armed forces that have been called to active duty for eventual deployment in Southwest Asia, or for supporting those operations;
- The break-down of deployments of members of the regular and reserve components and activation of members of the reserve components.

The report will also include:

- the number of members of the armed forces, including reserve components, who have previously served in support of those operations and are expected to serve multiple deployments;
- the number of veterans currently suffering (or expected to suffer) from post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury, or other mental injuries;

- the number of veterans needing prosthetic care and treatment because of injuries obtained in those operations;
- the amount of claims from veterans for their service in those operations;
- the total number that have been killed or wounded in Iraq, Afghanistan, or Libya, including noncombat casualties;
- the amount of funds previously appropriated for the DOD, Department of State, and the Department of Veterans Affairs for costs related to Operation Iraqi Freedom, Operation New Dawn, and Operation Enduring Freedom;
- current and future operation expenditures associated with Operation New Dawn, Operation Enduring Freedom, and Operation Odyssey Dawn, including:
  1. funding for combat operation
  2. deployment, transporting, feeding, and housing
  3. activation and deployment of members of the reserve components
  4. equipping and training of Iraqi and Afghani forces;
  5. purchasing, upgrading and repairing weapons, munitions, and other equipment used during those missions, and
  6. payments to other countries for logistical assistance in support of such operations.
- past, current, and future costs of entering into contract with private military security firms;
- the average annual cost for each member of the armed forces deployed in support of those operations, including room and board, equipment and body armor, transportation of troops and equipment and operational costs;
- current and future cost of combat-related special pays and benefits, including bonuses;
- current and future cost of calling reserve components to active duty in support of those missions;
- current and future cost for reconstruction, embassy operations and construction, and foreign aid programs for Iraq and Afghanistan;
- current and future cost of bases and other infrastructure to support members of the armed forces serving in Iraq and Afghanistan;
- current and future cost of providing health care for veterans who served in support of those missions, including the cost of mental health care and lifetime prosthetics care;
- current and future cost of providing disability benefits;
- current and future cost of providing survivors' benefits;
- cost of bringing members of the armed forces and equipment back to the U.S.;
- cost to restore the military and equipment to full strength after the conclusion of those missions;
- the amount of money borrowed to pay for those operations; and
- the amount of interest paid on the amount borrowed.

- 76. Bishop (R-UT).** The amendment allows the secretaries of the Army and of Health and Human Services to clear title to approximately 2.73 acres of formerly utilized defense land in Ogden, Utah, so that the Ogden City redevelopment authority may proceed to redevelop the property and to prevent further waste and deterioration to the building located on that land.
- 77. Bishop (R-UT).** The amendment clarifies certain terms in military depot statute, modify the Defense Department's existing reporting requirements to include the three previous fiscal years' record of performance at each covered military depot in a table format, and add the Tooele Army Depot, Utah, to the list of depots for which annual reporting is required.

78. **Bishop (D-NY).** The amendment expresses the sense of Congress urging the Defense Department to pursue all feasible efforts to recover, identify, and return the bodies of the crew of the Navy Flying Boat George 1 from Thurston Island, Antarctica.
79. **Bishop (D-NY).** The amendment requires the Defense Secretary to submit a report on establishing an active registry for each incidence of a member of the armed forces being exposed to occupational and chemical hazards, including waste disposal, during contingency operations.
80. **Bishop (D-NY).** The amendment expresses the sense of Congress regarding the efforts by the Defense Department to keep America safe from terrorist attacks since Sept. 11, 2001.
81. **Blumenauer (D-OR).** The amendment requires the Defense secretary to notify the congressional defense committees, and the budget committee, within 90 days, when entering into or modifying an indemnification agreement. This reporting requirement would be exempt in cases deemed by the secretary to be harmful to U.S. national security interests; for research and development contracts; and for Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act contracts. The report must include the name of the contractor, the cost involved, a description of the products or services for which the contract is awarded, and a justification of the contract and the indemnification agreement.
82. **Blumenauer (D-OR)/Connolly (D-VA)/Capps (D-CA)/Welch (D-VT)/Hinchey (D-NY).** The amendment modifies the Defense Department's Operational Energy Report criteria to include an evaluation by the department of practices used in contingency operations to reduce vulnerabilities associated with fuel convoys and a heavy reliance on fossil fuels in the field. Specifically, such an evaluation would examine the implications of improvements in structure and generator efficiency, as well as the displacement of liquid fuels with on-site renewable energy generation.
83. **Boren (D-OK)/Boustany (R-LA).** The amendment prohibits the unauthorized use of names and images of living and deceased military service members on merchandise and retail products without first obtaining permission from the service member or, if deceased, their family.
84. **Boswell (D-IA).** The amendment adds a sense of Congress that a focus on alternative, self-sufficient energy sources that reduce costs in the long term should be part of consideration for contracts for logistics support of contingency operations
85. **Boustany (R-LA)/Davis (R-KY).** The amendment requires the president to submit to the appropriate committees an implementation plan for achieving the president's "whole-of-government" integration vision and an annual update on the implementation plan. The amendment would require a description of ongoing and future actions planned; a timeline for specific actions taken and planned to be taken; an outline of specific actions desired or required by Congress; any progress made and challenges or obstacles encountered; and other information the president deems necessary.
86. **Carnahan (D-MO).** The amendment withholds the use of 25% of funds authorized for the Afghanistan Security Forces Fund, unless the Defense Secretary certifies to Congress that the Defense Department has sufficient management and oversight mechanisms on such contracts.

87. **Coffman (R-CO).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense, within 180 days of enactment, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on recycling rare earth elements used by the Defense Department.
88. **Coffman (R-CO).** The amendment requires the Defense secretary, within 270 days of enactment, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on methods to increase the efficiency of the tuition assistance program. The report must include a description of the effect of the program on recruiting and retention within the armed forces, an analysis of other programs that provide similar benefits for education and training pursued by members of the armed forces serving on active duty while they are off-duty, and a description of the effects of modifying the program to require members to pay for 25% of education expenses while the secretary pays the remaining 75%.
89. **Connolly (D-VA)/Moran (D-VA).** The amendment increases the funding in authorized army construction and land acquisition projects relating to Fort Belvoir from \$83 million to \$327 million.
90. **Connolly (D-VA)/Kissell (D-NC).** The amendment directs the Defense Secretary, within 180 days of enactment, to submit to Congress a report on the Homeowners Assistance Program.
91. **Connolly (D-VA)/Platts (R-PA).** The amendment amends the United States Code changing the line of reporting for the Federal Acquisition Institute (FAI) and adding a chapter describing the FAI's duties.
92. **Connolly (D-VA)/Bilbray (R-CA).** The amendment amends the United States Code by inserting requirements regarding federal internship programs. The requirements include each agency appointing an internship coordinator, the Office of Personnel Management publicly posting on the Internet the name and contact information for each coordinator, the procedures and deadlines for each internship program, and links to the websites where this information is displayed. Personnel Management must create and maintain a centralized electronic database of interns who are seeking full-time federal employment. Each agency must conduct an exit interview and survey for each intern. The head of each agency must submit an annual report to Personnel Management assessing the internship program.
93. **Connolly (D-VA)/Capps (D-CA)/Blumenauer (D-OR)/Hinchey (D-NY)/Welch (D-VT).** The amendment requires the Defense secretary to take fuel costs for heating and cooling into account during the procurement process for tents and other structures.
94. **Carson (D-IN).** The amendment amends the Defense Department pre-separation counseling program to provide discharging service members and their spouses with financial and job placement counseling.
95. **Courtney (D-CT)/Petri (R-WI)/Matsui (D-CA).** The amendment transfers the Troops to Teachers program from the Education Department to the Defense Department. It would also make several changes to the program that would expand eligibility for service members who have served on active duty since Sept. 11, 2001, expand the number of schools eligible to participate in the program, and create an advisory board charged with improving awareness of the program, increasing participation, and ensuring that the program meets the needs of schools and veterans.

96. **Davis (D-CA).** The amendment would change the requirement that GAO issue a report on TRICARE created under the FY 2008 NDAA from twice a year, to once every two years.
97. **Dent (R-PA).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to issue a study to measure the domestic capacity in accordance with the Defense Acquisition Regulations System to manufacture ship shafts and other forged components used by surface and sub-surface vessels of the U.S. Navy.
98. **DeLauro (D-CT)/Wolf (R-VA).** The amendment allows the Secretary of Defense to waive the limitation to procure goods or services established under Section 1211 of the 2006 NDAA if the good or service is critical to the needs of the Department of Defense and is otherwise unavailable if the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a report within 15 days of the waiver.
99. **Donnelley (D-IN).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to establish a plan within six months known as a “Quality Assurance Surveillance Plan” that must be incorporated to DoD oversight plans governing all security contractors operating in Afghanistan, and other future contingency operations, under a contract or subcontract funded by the Department of Defense.
100. **Edwards (D-MD).** The amendment would require BRAC impact studies to include analyzes on the impact of a closure on local businesses, neighborhoods, and local governments.
101. **Ellison (D-MN).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to submit to Congress a report on United States military strategy in Afghanistan, including the extent to which the strategy has changed or is anticipated to change in light of the death of Osama bin Laden.
102. **Flake (R-AZ).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to post on the Internet any written communication from Congress, including members, committees, and staff, when recommending funds be committed or expended on any project within a program set forth in the funding tables in division D of H.R. 1540.
103. **Flake (R-AZ).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to Congress that justifies the total amount appropriated for each program authorized under Section 201 of the bill. Additionally, the amendment requires the report to describe the process on how each amount was awarded.
104. **Franks (R-AZ).** The amendment would transfer the administrative jurisdiction, custody, and control of the Air Force Memorial from the Secretary of the Army to the Secretary of the Air Force.
105. **Garamendi (D-CA)/Wilson (R-SC).** The amendment requires the Administer of Nuclear Security to enter into an agreement with the Academy of Sciences, to issue a report to Congress within 18 months on waste reprocessing and Generation IV nuclear reactor technology. The report is required to include:
  - A review of previous studies related to the subject of nuclear waste reprocessing as a point of reference;
  - A determination of the feasibility of using nuclear reactor technology, particularly proven Generation IV nuclear reactor technology, created at the



national labs at a site charged with meeting international agreements to dispose or decommission nuclear weapons which has substantial legacy waste in order to reprocess and reuse the materials in a proliferation-resistant process that will generate electricity;

- A determination of the resulting wastestreams;
- an analysis of the nuclear proliferation risks, including effects on the nuclear nonproliferation efforts of the United States;
- A comparison to nuclear waste reprocessing technologies used in other countries and a comparison to the direct disposal of nuclear waste; and
- A detailed analysis of the feasibility of large scale deployment of such technology at military installations.

- 106. *Hanabusa (D-HI)*.** The amendment would allow members of the Retired Reserve of a reserve component of the armed forces who is qualified for a non-regular retirement at age 60, but has not attained the age of 60 or a member of the Individual Ready Reserve who served on active duty for not less than one year beginning on or after September 11, 2001, to qualify for the TRICARE program. The amendment increases the amount authorized to for the Defense Health Program by \$5 million and decreases by \$5 million the Joint Tactical Radio System Maritime-Fixed radios under Line Joint Tactical Radio System to pay for the new enrollees.
- 107. *Hastings (R-WA)*.** The amendment would require the Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management to submit written notification to Congress detailing any changes in the roles, responsibilities and reporting relationships with that office. Additionally, the amendment extends the authorization for the office through September 31, 2019, and beyond if the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management determines in writing that termination would disrupt effective management of the Hanford Tank Farm operations.
- 108. *Hastings (D-FL)*.** The amendment would add a sense of Congress that before voting begins with respect to funding of any deployment of the Armed Forces, Members of the Congress should:
- Designate a time period in which Members consider the cultures, religions, ethnicities, geographies, histories, and politics of nations and regions in which the Armed Forces are engaged or are proposed to engage in military action;
  - Should be given access to in-depth briefings; and
  - Fully consider and appreciate the enormous complexities and uncertainties inherent in the military engagements of the United States in certain regions, in particular the Middle East.
- 109. *Heck (R-NV)*.** The amendment amends the Clean Air Act (CAA) to allow hydrochlorofluorocarbon blend fire suppressants as an acceptable for use as a fire suppression agent for nonresidential applications in accordance with the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) Program under the CAA.
- 110. *Inslee (D-WA)*.** This amendment would allow the Department of Defense to provide severely injured or ill service members with rehabilitative equipment, including recreational sports equipment, regardless of whether it was designed to be adaptive equipment.

111. **Jackson Lee (D-TX).** This amendment would direct the President to designate a National Day of Honor, to celebrate service members returning from Iraq, Afghanistan, and other combat areas.
112. **Jackson Lee (D-TX).** This amendment would express the sense of Congress that post-traumatic stress disorder is increasingly common in returning service members, and that access for treatment should be expanded to include local and community medical facilities.
113. **Kind (D-WS).** This amendment would authorize the Secretary of Defense to provide funding assistance and enter into cooperative agreements with the Federal Emergency Management Agency to operate and maintain a state training center to provide emergency response training in order to improve performance of homeland defense activities by the National Guard and federal agencies.
114. **Kinzinger (R-IL).** This amendment would prohibit the use of any funds authorized in the Act to develop or procure a new flight suit for members of the Armed Forces.
115. **Langevin (D-RI).** This amendment would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from taking any of the reduction in funding for the National Defense Education Program (\$15 million in the underlying bill) from the K-12 component of the Program. Any reductions in funds available would be required to come from other aspects of the Program.
116. **Larsen (D-WA).** This amendment would authorize the creation of a Global Security Contingency Fund to provide assistance for foreign countries not otherwise prohibited from receiving assistance from the U.S., or Iraq, Afghanistan, or Pakistan. The Fund would be funded through contributions of not more than \$300 million by the Secretaries of State (1/3) and Defense (2/3) from several existing foreign assistance programs. The assistance would be to enhance the nations' military capabilities to conduct security and counterterrorism operations and enhance foreign nations' national and regional security interests consistent with U.S. foreign policy interests.
117. **Lee (D-CA).** This amendment would prohibit the use of any funds authorized in the Act to establish any military installation or base to permanently station U.S. Armed Forces in Iraq or Afghanistan
118. **Lipinski (D-IL).** This amendment would express the sense of Congress that a national museum promoting awareness of the Korean War and honoring those who served in it should be established and located in Chicago, IL. The amendment makes several findings on the Korean War and encourages efforts to increase education and public awareness of the War.
119. **LoBiondo (R-NJ).** This amendment would modify the report required by the FY 2011 Defense Authorization Act on the feasibility of expanding the Air National Guard's responsibilities for the Suppression of Enemy Air Defenses/Destruction of Enemy Air Defenses Mission by changing the previously enacted language on the role of the Air National Guard and inserting language on the capacity of the Air National Guard to accept increased responsibilities. The amendment would also provide additional time for the report to be drafted.

120. **Luetkemeyer (R-MO).** This amendment would require the Secretaries of the Army and Navy to review the service record of all Jewish American World War I veterans to determine whether that veteran should be posthumously awarded the Medal of Honor. The Secretaries should consult with the Jewish War Veterans of the United States of America and other appropriate groups, and if it is determined that such an award is warranted, the Secretary shall submit a recommendation to the President that he award it posthumously.
121. **Maloney (D-NY).** The amendment amends Section 1091 of this Act and replaces references to “critical infrastructure information” regarding Freedom of Information Act exemptions with the term “critical infrastructure security information.”
122. **McCollum (D-MN).** The amendment limits the amount of funding provided to military musical units to \$200 million.
123. **Miller (R-MI).** The amendment directs the Defense Department and Homeland Security Department to identify equipment and technology currently used by the Defense Department that could be implemented to improve border security.
124. **Moran (D-VA).** The amendment limits the number of parking spaces the Army would be allowed to use at the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) site #133, located in Alexandria, Va., to 1,000 spaces until there are sufficient traffic mitigation measures in place.
125. **Murphy (R-PA).** The amendment directs the Surgeons General of the Army, Navy, and Air Force to submit a report to Congress on whether additional health professionals are needed, especially behavioral health professionals needed to treat members of the military for PTSD and traumatic brain injuries.
126. **Murphy (D-CT).** The amendment requires an annual report on the number of waivers granted to purchase items covered under the Buy American Act. The report also would require analysis of variations in the number of waivers and the domestic capacity to supply those products.
127. **Nugent (R-FL).** The amendment expands the eligibility for receiving the Army Combat Action Badge to include members and former members of the Army who engaged or were engaged in combat at any time on or after Dec. 7, 1941.
128. **Pearce (R-NM).** The amendment prohibits the Army from bundling contracts worth more than \$1 million unless the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology conducts market research, certifies the bundling is necessary, and takes steps to minimize the harm to small businesses.
129. **Pompeo (R-KS).** The amendment waived time requirements and authorize the president to award the Medal of Honor to Emil Kapaun for service in the Korean War.
130. **Pompeo (R-KS)/Ryan (D-OH).** The amendment amends the Medal of Honor process by requiring the Defense secretary, rather than the respective military service secretary, to submit the Defense Department recommendation to Congress.

- 131. Reed (R-NY).** The amendment designates the bugle call known as "Taps" as the national song of remembrance and lays out protocols for behavior during the performance of taps.
- 132. Richardson (D-CA).** The amendment expresses the sense of Congress that the United States Northern Command develop a leadership strategy that will facilitate relationship building with state and local governments to prepare for disasters as well as conduct a training program to teach people how to lead in times of disaster.
- 133. Rigell (R-VA).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a plan to address shortfalls in operational contract support requirements determination, management, oversight, and administration.
- 134. Runyan (R-NJ).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to establish annual goals for competition in contracts awarded for the procurement of property or services to be used outside the United States in support of contingency operations and develop processes by which to measure, monitor, and evaluate the competition. The amendment also requires annual reviews to establish competitive awards to identify subcontracts that may be treated a prime contract. Additionally, the amendment requires an annual report on contracting in Iraq to now also report on the percentage of contracts awarded on a competitive basis as compared to established goals for competition in contingency contracting actions and justify non-competitively awarded contingency contracts that are not otherwise deemed to be not suitable for competition.
- 135. Loretta Sanchez (D-CA).** The amendment would increase authorized funding for the Global Threat Reduction Initiative by \$20 million and reduce funding for the Aerostat Joint Project Office by \$20 million
- 136. Shuster (R-PA).** The amendment extends the temporary cross servicing acquisition agreements in Iraq and Afghanistan by three years through 2014.
- 137. Loretta Sanchez (D-CA).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense, in collaboration with the Director of National Intelligence, to produce a report on the START Treaty by March 1, 2012, assessing:
- The number of nuclear forces by category of nuclear warheads and delivery vehicles relative to New START levels by 2017 and by 2022, including potential shifts of such numbers during such periods.
  - Options with respect to the size and composition of Russian nuclear forces that Russia is considering, including decreases below the New START levels and plans for maintaining New START levels, including options related to developing and deploying a new heavy intercontinental ballistic missile and multiple independently targetable reentry vehicle capability.
  - Factors those are likely to influence the number and composition of Russian nuclear forces.
  - Effects of shifts in the number and position of Russian nuclear forces on strategic stability.

138. **Loretta Sanchez (D-CA).** The amendment would increase funding for the operation of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board by \$2.5 million and reduce funding for the Joint Tactical Radio System by \$2.5 million.
139. **Smith (D-WA).** This amendment would express a finding of Congress that agency coordination must be improved in Iraq and Afghanistan and that denying terrorist's safe haven is a key component of success in the battle against terrorism. The amendment would direct the President to issue a national security planning guidance to support the denial of safe havens to al-Qaeda. The guidance would include a list of specific geographic areas to prioritize; an analysis of the core issues that could allow al-Qaeda to use the area as a safe haven; a list of short-term, mid-term, and long-term goals for each area; a description of the role of each federal agency in executing the guidance; and a description of gaps in the U.S.'s capability to meet the goals listed in the guidance. The President would be required to review the guidance periodically and submit the guidance to Congress within 15 days of its promulgation.
140. **Smith (D-WA).** The amendment requires the Secretary of Defense to submit a report assessing the benefits of neuroimaging research to identify and increase the diagnostic properties of post-traumatic stress disorder within one-year of enactment.
141. **Thompson (R-PA).** This amendment is similar to H.R. 1832. This amendment contains a sense of Congress that:
- “The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs need to renew and improve efforts to reach out to rural America, which has less access to care;
  - “Behavioral health services for active duty members of the Armed Forces, members of the reserve components, members of the National Guard, and veterans need to be more easily and readily accessible; and
  - “Medical records and records of deployment need a “warm transition” and better collaboration between the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs.”

This amendment amends U.S. Code pertaining to military medical care to expand a licensure exception to certain DOD health care providers (including contractors) regardless of their physical location, so long as the practice is within the scope of federal duties. This amendment also requires a report to be issued by the Secretary of Defense. The report will detail plans to develop and expand programs and use the internet and other communication technologies including telemedicine, telehealth care services, and telebehavioral health programs. The report will also detail plans in improve the transition of health and battlefield deployment records to better assist veterans. This report will be due within 90 days of enactment.

142. **Thornberry (R-TX).** The amendment clarifies that personnel participating in the 90-day Defense Industrial Base Active Cyber Defense pilot project are not considered an agent of any local or State government or federal Government.
143. **Tierney (D-MA).** This amendment would express a finding of Congress that manufacturing has been the backbone of the U.S. economy, but the industry today has suffered a dramatic decline as manufacturing processes have been outsourced to foreign nations. The amendment would require the Secretary of Defense to prepare a report for

Congress on the manufacturing industry of the U.S. within 180 days of passage. The report would include analysis of a variety of aspects of the manufacturing industry and the impact of government and non-government factors on its strength and stability. A particular emphasis would be made on the industry's ability to supply the U.S. defense industry and risks facing the industry. A further Presidential report would be required on the objectives of U.S. policy towards manufacturing and the strategy for reaching those objectives

144. **Tierney (D-MA).** The amendment creates a new interagency working group to monitor the foreign police training programs, projects, and activities administered by various federal departments and agencies. The amendment also provides a sense of Congress that the interagency working group should establish a strategy to specify the goals of the foreign police training programs, projects, strategies for achieving such goals, and quantifiable metrics for measuring success. The strategy should also include an interagency mechanism to coordinate the actions of the Federal departments and agencies carrying out such programs projects, and activities.
145. **Tierney (D-MA).** The amendment would create an Assistant Secretary of Defense for Contingency Contracting and designate that agency principal adviser for all DOD matters relating to planning, funding, staffing, and managing contingency contracting.
146. **Turner (R-OH).** The amendment clarifies reductions in U.S. nuclear forces do not apply to activities that are determined by the Secretary of Defense to be necessary to ensure the continued safety, security, and reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile.
147. **Turner (R-OH).** The amendment would limit any reduction consolidation, or withdrawal of nuclear forces in Europe to also include a treaty or international agreement specifically approved with the advice and consent of the Senate or specifically authorized by an Act of Congress.
148. **Turner (R-OH).** This amendment would limit to a maximum of 10% of funds appropriated for the management of the Enterprise Logistics System Program Executive Office from being used, until 30 days after the Secretary of the Air Force submits a report on the cost-benefit analysis of migrating the management headquarters for the Enterprise Logistics System Program Executive Office.
149. **Turner (R-OH)/Sanchez (D-CA).** This amendment would prohibit the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) from removing the conditions imposed on commercial terrestrial operations in the Order and Authorization adopted on January 26, 2011. The FCC would be prohibited from lifting these conditions until the Commission has resolved concerns of widespread harmful interference by commercial terrestrial operations to the Global Positioning System devices of the DOD. Prior to lifting these conditions, the FCC will be required to make available the final working group report mandated by the Order and Authorization. This amendment would require that at the conclusion of the proceeding on such operations, the FCC shall submit a report to Congress.
150. **Young (R-AK).** This amendment would give the Secretary of Defense the ability to use funding to reintegrate certain fighters into Afghan society. This program is currently in use and this amendment extends the availability of its funding through FY 2012.

- 151. Walz (D-MN).** This amendment would require a report (within 180 days) by the Secretary of Defense and the National Guard and the reserve components of the armed forces. The report will include a plan to ensure that each military department has access to trained, experienced, and ready members of the National Guard. The report will also include a plan to capitalize on the gains made in the readiness of the National Guard and the reserve components during the previous 10-year period. Finally, the report will include a plan to ensure the total force is able to sustain commitments throughout the world using the capabilities of the National Guard.
- 152. Cravaack RR-MN)/Chaffetz (R-UT).** This amendment would eliminate the United States Institute of Peace. According to the bill's sponsor, this amendment would result in savings of \$39.5 million over FY11 appropriated levels.

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