

Young Adults and the Affordable Care Act:

Preventing Coverage Gaps, Lowering Administrative Costs and Eliminating Burdens on Businesses and Families

The Affordable Care Act raises the age for children who can be covered tax-free on their parents' health insurance policy and provides incentives for employers to immediately extend health insurance coverage to children up to age 27. Today, the IRS posted <u>new guidance</u> for employers, employees, health insurers and other interested taxpayers regarding this provision of the new law. Key elements include:

- <u>Coverage Extended to More Children.</u> Under the Affordable Care Act, workplace and retiree health insurance plans can now allow parents to add their children under age 27 to their health coverage on a tax-free basis.
- <u>Available Immediately</u>. Effective March 30, 2010, employers may permit employees to begin making pre-tax contributions under a cafeteria plan a plan that allows employees to choose from a menu of tax-free benefit options to provide coverage for children under age 27.
- **Broad Eligibility.** This expanded health care tax benefit applies to various workplace and retiree health plans. It also applies to self-employed individuals who qualify for the self-employed health insurance deduction on their federal income tax return.
- No New Burden on Employers. Employers may allow this change under their cafeteria plan even if the cafeteria plan has not yet been amended to reflect the change in coverage options. To reduce the burden on employers, they have until the end of 2010 to amend their cafeteria plan language to incorporate this change.
- <u>Getting the Word Out</u>. The IRS has issued guidance and a press release to explain and promote these changes to employers, employees, health insurers and other interested taxpayers.

Today's announcement follows a series of steps taken by the Administration to move quickly expand health insurance coverage to young adults. On April 19, Health and Human Services

Secretary Kathleen Sebelius <u>called on leading insurance companies to begin covering young</u> <u>adults voluntarily</u> before the September 23 implementation date required by the new health reform law. Early implementation would avoid gaps in coverage for new college graduates and other young adults and save on insurance company administrative costs of dis-enrolling and re-enrolling them between May 2010 and September 23, 2010. Early enrollment will also enable young, overwhelmingly healthy people who will not engender large insurance costs to stay in the insurance pool. Thus far, the following insurance companies have agreed to maintain coverage for young adults enrolled on their parents' plans:

Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Alabama Blue Cross Blue Shield of Delaware Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Arizona, Inc. Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Florida Arkansas Blue Cross and Blue Shield Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Hawaii Blue Shield of California Blue Cross of Idaho Health Service Regence Blue Shield of Idaho Wellmark Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Iowa Health Care Service Corporation Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Kansas Blue Cross Blue Shield Association Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Louisiana WellPoint, Inc. CareFirst BlueCross and BlueShield Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Massachusetts Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Kansas City Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Michigan Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Montana Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Nebraska Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Mississippi Horizon Blue Cross and Blue Shield of New Jersey, Inc. HealthNow New York, Inc. The Regence Group Excellus Blue Cross and Blue Shield Capital BlueCross Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina Independence Blue Cross BlueCross BlueShield of North Dakota Highmark, Inc. Blue Cross of Northeastern Pennsylvania BlueCross and BlueShield of Tennessee Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Vermont Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Rhode Island Premera Blue Cross

Blue Cross and Blue Shield of South Carolina Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Wyoming Kaiser Permanente Cigna Aetna United WellPoint Humana Capital District Physicians' Health Plan (CDPHP), Albany, New York Capital Health Plan, Tallahassee, Florida Care Oregon, Portland, Oregon Emblem Health, New York, New York Fallon Community Health Plan, Worcester, Massachusetts Geisinger Health Plan, Danville, Pennsylvania Group Health, Seattle, Washington Group Health Cooperative Of South Central Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin Health Partners, Minneapolis, Minnesota Independent Health, Buffalo, New York Kaiser Foundation Health Plan Oakland, California Martin's Point Health Care, Portland, Maine New West Health Services, Helena, Mt The Permanente Federation, Oakland, California Priority Health, Grand Rapids, Michigan Scott & White Health Plan, Temple, Texas Security Health Plan, Marshfield, Wisconsin Tufts Health Plan, Waltham, Massachusetts UCARE, Minneapolis, Minnesota UPMC Health Plan, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania