- 5. In addition to any other reports required by \$650b. Semi-annual the Speaker or the Committee on House Oversight, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall report to the Committee on House Oversight not later than forty-five days following the close of each semiannual period ending June 30 or on December 31 on the financial and operational status of each function under the jurisdiction of the Sergeant-at-Arms. Each report shall include financial statements, a description or explanation of current operations, the implementation of new policies and procedures, and future plans for each function.
- 6. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall fully cooperate with the appropriate offices and persons in the performance of reviews and audits of financial records and administrative operations.

Clauses 5 and 6 were added in the 104th Congress (sec. 201(c), H. Res. 6, Jan. 4, 1995, p. ——).

RULE V.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER.

- 1. The Chief Administrative Officer of the House shall have operational and financial responsibility for functions as assigned by the Committee on House Oversight, and shall be subject to the policy direction and oversight of the Committee on House Oversight.
- 2. In addition to any other reports required by the Committee on House Oversight, the Chief shall report to the Com-

mittee on House Oversight not later than forty-five days following the close of each semiannual period ending on June 30 or December 31 on the financial and operational status of each function under the jurisdiction of the Chief. Each report shall include financial statements, a description or explanation of current operations, the implementation of new policies and procedures, and future plans for each function.

3. The Chief shall fully cooperate with the appropriate offices and persons in the performance of reviews and audits of financial records and administrative operations.

This form of rule V was adopted in the 104th Congress (sec. 201(c), H. Res. 6, Jan. 4, 1995, p. ——). It was amended in the 105th Congress to eliminate the supervisory role of the Speaker over the Chief Administrative Officer (H. Res. 5, Jan. 7, 1997, p. ——). The earlier form of the rule enumerated the duties of the Doorkeeper, which were transferred to the Sergeant-at-Arms incident to the abolishment of the Office of the Doorkeeper (id.).

Before the 104th Congress (sec. 201(c), H. Res. 6, Jan. 4, 1995, p. ——), rule V enumerated the duties of the Doorkeeper, who §651d. Former Office enforced the rules relating to the privileges of the Hall of Doorkeeper. of the House. The earlier form of the rule was adopted in 1838 and amended in 1869, 1880 (I, 260), and 1890 (V, 7295). By law the Doorkeeper was assigned certain administrative duties (I, 262), including certain housekeeping functions. Through his employees and appointees, the Doorkeeper also discharged various duties not enumerated in the law or in the rules, such as announcing at the door of the Hall of the House all messengers from the President and the Senate (V, 6591). The Clerk having died, and the Sergeant-at-Arms having been absent, the Doorkeeper of the 79th Congress presided at the organization of the 80th Congress (Jan. 3, 1947, p. 33). In the 78th Congress, the House adopted a resolution on the death of the Doorkeeper and appointed a committee to attend his funeral (Jan. 28, 1943, pp. 421-22).

Rule VI. §651e-§654

The Chief Administrative Officer supplanted the Director of Non-legisla-

§651e. Former Director of Nonlegislative and Financial Services. tive and Financial Services formerly provided for under clause 1 of rule VI in the 103d Congress, which corresponded to an erstwhile rule LII of the 102d Congress (see §654, *infra*). Certain functions and entities formerly within the purview of elected officers were trans-

ferred to the Director of Non-legislative and Financial Services pursuant to section 7 of the House Administrative Reform Resolution of 1992 (H. Res. 423, Apr. 9, 1992, p. ——). Section 7(b) of that resolution vested the Committee on House Administration (now House Oversight) with authority to prescribe regulations providing for the orderly transfer of such functions and entities and any other transfers necessary for the improvement of non-legislative and financial services in the House, so long as not transferring a function or entity within the jurisdiction of the Committee under rule X. Section 13 of the resolution provided that previous responsibility for a function or entity would remain fixed until such function or entity were transferred. Pursuant to clause 1 of rule VI of the 103d Congress (then still designated as rule LII of the 102d Congress), the Speaker, the Majority Leader, and the Minority Leader jointly appointed the first Director of Non-legislative and Financial Services of the House on October 23, 1992 (Oct. 29, 1992, p. ——).

RULE VI.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.

- 1. There is established an Office of Inspector General.

 General.
- 2. The Inspector General shall be appointed for a Congress by the Speaker, the Majority Leader, and the Minority Leader, acting jointly.
- 3. Subject to the policy direction and oversight of the Committee on House Oversight, the Inspector General shall be responsible only for—
 - (a) conducting periodic audits of the financial and administrative functions of the House and joint entities;
 - (b) informing the Officers or other officials who are the subject of an audit of the re-