

Frisa	Lewis (KY)	Roth
Funderburk	Lightfoot	Roukema
Galleghy	Lincoln	Royce
Ganske	Linder	Salmon
Gekas	Lipinski	Sanford
Geren	Livingston	Saxton
Gilchrist	LoBiondo	Scarborough
Gillmor	Longley	Schaefer
Gilman	Lucas	Schiff
Goodlatte	Luther	Seastrand
Goodling	Manzullo	Sensenbrenner
Gordon	Martini	Shadegg
Goss	Mascara	Shaw
Graham	McCollum	Shays
Greenwood	McCrery	Shuster
Gunderson	McHale	Sisisky
Gutknecht	McHugh	Skeen
Hall (TX)	McInnis	Skelton
Hancock	McIntosh	Smith (MI)
Hastert	McKeon	Smith (NJ)
Hastings (WA)	Meehan	Smith (TX)
Hayworth	Metcalf	Smith (WA)
Hefley	Mica	Solomon
Heineman	Miller (FL)	Souder
Heger	Minge	Spence
Hilleary	Molinari	Spratt
Hobson	Montgomery	Stearns
Hoekstra	Moorhead	Stenholm
Hoke	Morella	Stockman
Holden	Myers	Stump
Horn	Myrick	Talent
Hostettler	Nethercutt	Tanner
Houghton	Neumann	Tate
Hunter	Ney	Tauzin
Hutchinson	Norwood	Taylor (MS)
Hyde	Nussle	Taylor (NC)
Inglis	Obey	Thomas
Istook	Orton	Thornberry
Johnson (CT)	Oxley	Thurman
Johnson (SD)	Packard	Tiahrt
Johnson, Sam	Parker	Torkildsen
Jones	Paxon	Trafcant
Kanjorski	Payne (VA)	Upton
Kaptur	Peterson (MN)	Vucanovich
Kasich	Petri	Waldholtz
Kelly	Pickett	Walker
Kennedy (RI)	Pombo	Walsh
Kim	Porter	Wamp
King	Portman	Watts (OK)
Kingston	Poshard	Weldon (FL)
Klink	Pryce	Weldon (PA)
Klug	Quillen	Weller
Knollenberg	Radanovich	White
Kolbe	Rahall	Whitfield
LaHood	Ramstad	Wicker
Largent	Regula	Williams
Latham	Riggs	Wolf
LaTourette	Roberts	Young (AK)
Laughlin	Roemer	Young (FL)
Lazio	Rogers	Zeliff
Leach	Rohrabacher	Zimmer
Lewis (CA)	Ros-Lehtinen	

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Fields (LA)

NOT VOTING—14

Calvert	Harman	Meyers
Conyers	Klecicka	Peterson (FL)
Cubin	Lantos	Quinn
Fazio	McDade	Watt (NC)
Hansen	McNulty	

So the amendment was not agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FOX, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. GOODLATTE, Chairman, reported that the Committee, having had under consideration said bill, had come to no resolution thereon.

¶72.18 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—  
AERONAUTICS AND SPACE  
ACHIEVEMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FOX, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

*To the Congress of the United States:*

I am pleased to transmit this report on the Nation's achievements in aeronautics and space during Fiscal Year 1994, as required under section 206 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2476).

Aeronautics and space activities involve 15 contributing departments and agencies of the Federal Government, as this report reflects, and the results of their ongoing research and development affect the Nation as a whole in a variety of ways.

Fiscal Year 1994 featured many important developments and changes in U.S. aeronautics and space efforts. It included 7 Space Shuttle missions successfully completed, 15 Government launches of Expendable Launch Vehicles (ELVs), and 4 commercial launches from Government facilities. Among notable developments in the ELV area were the launch of the Deep Space probe, Clementine, initial use of the Titan IV Centaur upper stage, and the first launch of the Taurus launch vehicle. Highlights of the Shuttle missions included the highly successful servicing mission for the Hubble Space Telescope (HST), which replaced several faulty parts and installed a sophisticated package of corrective optics to compensate for the spherical aberration in HST's primary mirror. Also, the flight of the Space Radar Laboratory began to provide information on environmental change, and a mission with a Russian astronaut, Sergei Krikalev, as a member of the crew signalled the beginning of a three-phased cooperative program in space between Russia and the United States.

In a year of tremendous accomplishments for the international Space Station, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) developed an initial set of specifications that included Russian elements as part of the design. Russia's agreeing to join the 12 original participating nations as a partner resulted in the expansion of the existing Shuttle/Mir program into Phase I of the international Space Station program, which officially began with Sergei Krikalev's flight on the Shuttle. All of the partners held a successful systems design review in Texas in March, and in June Russia and the United States signed an interim agreement on the Space Station and a \$400 million contract for Russian space hardware, services, and data. In August, the program completed a vehicle architecture review and in September, the Space Station Control Board ratified the recommendations it included. The redesigned Space Station costs \$5 billion less than Space Station Freedom and still offers increased research capability and users flexibility.

In aeronautics, activities included development of technologies to improve performance, increase safety, reduce engine noise and other environmental degradation, improve air traffic management, lower costs, and help American industry to be more competitive in the world market. For example, high-speed research continued during Fiscal Year 1994 to focus on resolving critical environmental issues and laying the technological foundation for an economical, next generation, High Speed Civil Transport (HSCT). In this connection, the United States reached

agreement with Russia to use the Tu-144 supersonic transport as a testbed for HSCT development. In addition, efforts in advanced subsonics focused on reducing aircraft and engine noise levels, on development of wind shear sensing devices, and on creating technologies that will improve general aviation aircraft.

In space science, astronomers using HST's revitalized optics discovered disks of protoplanetary dust orbiting stars in the Orion Nebula, suggesting that the formation of planets in the Milky Way and elsewhere may be relatively common. Also, HST's revelation of helium in distant constellations provides valuable information about the conditions in the universe during its initial evolution. The Spacelab Life Sciences-2, U.S. Microgravity Payload-2, and International Microgravity Laboratory-2 greatly increased our understanding of the role of gravity on biological, physical, and chemical processes. In biology, we learned that gravity affects the function of the neural connections between brain cells; this can have profound implications for rebuilding damaged brain cells due to strokes and diseases. In Earth science, the Space Radar Laboratories-1 and -2, plus the Lidar In-Space Technology Experiment payload, used powerful radar and laser technology to penetrate cloud cover and map critical factors on a global scale. Also, the highly successful launch of the Clementine Deep Space Probe tested 23 advanced technologies for high-tech, lightweight missile defense. The relatively inexpensive, rapidly-built spacecraft constituted a major revolution in spacecraft management and design; it also contributed significantly to lunar studies by photographing 1.8 million images of the surface of the Moon.

Additionally, on May 5, 1994, the White House announced that the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), the Department of Defense, and NASA were establishing a joint program to effect the convergence of civil and military polar-orbiting operational environmental satellite systems into a single operational program. Other White House announcements during the year included a policy for licensing U.S. firms by the Secretary of Commerce to operate private remote sensing systems and sell their images to domestic and foreign entities and a national space transportation policy that will sustain and revitalize U.S. Space transportation capabilities by providing a coherent strategy for supporting and strengthening U.S. space launch capabilities to meet the growing needs of the civilian and national security sectors.

Thus, Fiscal Year 1994 was a highly successful one for the U.S. aeronautics and space programs. Efforts in both areas have contributed significantly to furthering the Nation's scientific and technical knowledge, international co-

operation, a healthier environment, and a more competitive economy.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *May 24, 1995.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Science.

¶72.19 BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE OFFICE OF COMPLIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FOX, announced that pursuant to the provisions of section 301 of Public Law 104-1, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives and the Majority and Minority Leaders of the United States Senate their joint appointment of the following individuals:

Mr. Glen D. Nager of Washington, DC, chairman, to a 5-year term;

Ms. Virginia A. Seitz of Washington, DC, to a 5-year term;

Mr. Jerry M. Hunter of Missouri, to a 4-year term;

Mr. James N. Adler of California, to a 4-year term; and

Mr. Lawrence Z. Lorber of Washington, DC, to a 3-year term.

¶72.20 ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on House Administration, reported that that committee had examined and found truly enrolled a bill of the House of the following title, which was thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 1421. An Act to provide that references in the statutes of the United States to any committee or officer of the House of Representatives the name or jurisdiction of which was changed as part of the reorganization of the House of Representatives at the beginning of the One Hundred Fourth Congress shall be treated as referring to the currently applicable committee or officer of the House of Representatives.

¶72.21 BILL PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on House Administration, reported that that committee did on this day present to the President, for his approval, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 1421. An Act to provide that references in the statutes of the United States to any committee or officer of the House of Representatives the name or jurisdiction of which was changed as part of the reorganization of the House of Representatives at the beginning of the One Hundred Fourth Congress shall be treated as referring to the currently applicable committee or officer of the House of Representatives.

¶72.22 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted—

To Mr. HANSEN, for today and the balance of the week;

To Mr. KLECZKA, for the week of May 22nd; and

To Mr. MCNULTY, from 2 p.m. today. And then,

¶72.23 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. DE LA GARZA, at 8 o'clock and 51 minutes p.m., the House adjourned.

¶72.24 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. LEVIN (for himself and Mr. HOUGHTON):

H.R. 1690. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to simplify certain rules relating to the taxation of U.S. business operating abroad, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LAZIO of New York:

H.R. 1691. A bill to provide for innovative approaches for homeownership opportunity and provide for the temporary extension of the rural rental housing program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

By Mr. CLINGER:

H.R. 1692. A bill to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to increase the limitation amount applicable to contributions to candidates in Federal elections by individuals and to decrease the limitation amount applicable to contributions to such candidates by nonparty multicandidate political committees; to the Committee on House Oversight.

H.R. 1693. A bill to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to prohibit congressional leadership committees; to the Committee on House Oversight.

H.R. 1694. A bill to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to provide for a voluntary limitation on contributions from other than individual district residents in House of Representatives elections; to the Committee on House Oversight.

H.R. 1695. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for an income tax credit for in-State contributions to congressional candidates; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. COOLEY:

H.R. 1696. A bill to authorize the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to exempt certain small landfills from the ground water monitoring requirements contained in landfill regulations promulgated by the Agency; to the Committee on Commerce.

H.R. 1697. A bill to provide for the continuation of certain commercial activities at the Red's Horse Ranch area of the Eagle Cap Wilderness, Wallowa and Whitman National Forests, OR; to the Committee on Resources.

By Mr. LIGHTFOOT (for himself, Mr. HOYER, Mr. CLINGER, Mr. VISCLOSKEY, and Mr. HORN):

H.R. 1698. A bill to amend title 31, United States Code, to require electronic funds transfer for all Federal payments by 2001 to promote efficiency and economy in the disbursement of Federal funds and to eliminate crime incident to the issuance of Treasury checks; to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

By Mr. MCCOLLUM:

H.R. 1699. A bill to amend the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, the Equal Credit Opportunity Act, and the Fair Housing Act to improve the administration of such acts, to prohibit redlining in connection with the provision of credit, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. NADLER (for himself, Ms. MCKINNEY, Mrs. MALONEY, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. SERRANO, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. FATTAH, Mr. TORRES, Mr. DEL-

LUMS, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. COYNE, and Mr. SABO):

H.R. 1700. A bill to make an exception to the United States embargo on trade with Cuba for the export of medicines or medical supplies, instruments, or equipment, and for other purposes; to the Committee on International Relations.

By Mr. ROEMER (for himself, Mr. ZIMMER, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. KLECZKA, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. YATES, Mr. INGLIS of South Carolina, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. UPTON, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mrs. MALONEY, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. SCHUMER, Ms. DANNER, Mr. WYDEN, and Mr. DEFazio):

H.R. 1701. A bill to cancel the space station project; to the Committee on Science.

By Mr. SERRANO:

H.R. 1702. A bill to protect the constitutional right to travel to foreign countries; to the Committee on International Relations.

H.R. 1703. A bill to allow for news bureau exchanges between the United States and Cuba; to the Committee on International Relations.

H.R. 1704. A bill to reinstate the authorization of cash remittances to family members in Cuba under the Cuban Assets Control Regulations; to the Committee on International Relations.

By Mrs. SMITH of Washington (for herself and Mr. TATE):

H.R. 1705. A bill to amend the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act to require public notice and local hearings before property is made available under that act for use to assist the homeless, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

By Mr. SOLOMON:

H.R. 1706. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to establish Federal standards to ensure quality assurance of drug testing programs for private employers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. STARK (for himself, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. COYNE, Mr. DELLUMS, Mr. FOGLIETTA, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. KENNEDY of Rhode Island, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. OLVER, Mr. PALLONE, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. RANGEL, and Ms. WOOLSEY):

H.R. 1707. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to ensure access to services and prevent fraud and abuse for enrollees of health maintenance organizations under the Medicare Program, to amend standards for Medicare supplemental policies, to modify the Medicare Select Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WELLER (for himself, Mr. METCALF, Mr. BARR, Mr. FOX, Mr. STOCKMAN, Mr. EHRlich, Mr. CHRYSLER, Mr. NEY, Mr. HEINEMAN, Mr. BONO, Mr. HAYWORTH, Mr. LOBIONDO, Mrs. KELLY, Mr. TATE, Mr. DAVIS, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. FOLEY, Mr. FORBES, Mr. SALMON, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mr. FRISA, Mr. BURR, Mr. WAMP, and Mr. BRYANT of Tennessee):

H.R. 1708. A bill to establish the Federal Mortgage Insurance Corporation as a wholly owned Government corporation to provide full mortgage insurance and provide for the development of credit enhancement products