63.10

The addition of this jurisdictional element would limit the Act's "reach to a discrete set of firearm possessions that additionally have an explicit connection with or effect on interstate commerce," as the Court stated in *Lopez*, and thereby bring it within the Congress' Commerce Clause authority.

The Attorney General reported to me that this proposal would have little, if any, impact on the ability of prosecutors to charge this offense, for the vast majority of firearms have "moved in . . . commerce" before reaching their eventual possessor.

Furthermore, by also including the possibility of proving the offense by showing that the possession of the firearm "otherwise affects interstate or foreign commerce," this proposal would leave open the possibility of showing, under the facts of a particular case, that although the firearm itself may not have "moved in . . . interstate or foreign commerce," its possession nonetheless has a sufficient nexus to commerce.

The Attorney General has advised that this proposal does not require the Government to prove that a defendant had knowledge that the firearm "has moved in or the possession of such firearm otherwise affects interstate or foreign commerce." The defendant must know only that he or she possesses the firearm.

I am committed to doing everything in my power to make schools places where young people can be secure, where they can learn, and where parents can be confident that discipline is enforced.

I pledge that the Administration will do our part to help make our schools safe and the neighborhoods around them safe. We are prepared to work immediately with the Congress to enact this legislation. I urge the prompt and favorable consideration of this legislative proposal by the Congress.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *May 10, 1995.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 104–72).

\$63.10 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT— NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO YUGOSLAVIA

The SPEAKER tempore, Mr. WICK-ER, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the

President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision. I have sent the enclosed notice to the Federal Register for publication, stating that the emergency declared with respect to the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), as expanded to address the actions and policies of the Bosnian Serb forces and the authorities in the territory that they control within the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, is to continue in effect beyond May 30, 1995.

The circumstances that led to the declaration on May 30, 1992, of a national emergency have not been resolved. The Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) continues to support groups seizing and attempting to seize territory in the Republics of Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina by force and violence. In addition, on October 25. 1994, I expanded the scope of the national emergency to address the actions and policies of the Bosnian Serb forces and the authorities in the territory that they control, including their refusal to accept the proposed territorial settlement of the conflict in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina. The actions and policies of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) and the Bosnian Serb forces and the authorities in the territory that they control pose a continuing unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy interests, and the economy of the United States. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to maintain in force the broad authorities necessary to apply economic pressure to the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) and to the Bosnian Serb forces and the authorities in the territory that they control to reduce their ability to support the continuing civil strife in the former Yugoslavia.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *May 10, 1995.* By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 104–73).

63.11 PROVIDING FOR THE

CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 961

Mr. QUILLEN, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 140):

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 961) to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. Points of order against consideration of the bill for failure to comply with section 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 are waived. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed two hours equally divided and controlled by

the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. It shall be in order to consider as an original bill for the purpose of amendment under the five-minute rule the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure now printed in the bill. The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute shall be considered by title rather than by section. The first three sections and each title of the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute shall be considered as read. Points of order against the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute for failure to comply with clause 7 of rule XVI or clause 5(a) of rule XXI or section 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 are waived. During consideration of the bill for amendment, the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole may accord priority in recognition on the basis of whether the Member offering an amendment has caused it to be printed in the portion of the Congressional Record designated for that purpose in clause 6 of rule XXIII. Amendments so printed shall be considered as read. Before consideration of any other amendment it shall be in order to consider the amendment printed in the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution. That amendment may be offered only by a Member designated in the report, may amend portions of the bill not yet read for amendment, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for ten minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question in the House or in the Committee of the Whole. If that amendment is adopted, then the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute as so amended shall be considered as original text for the purpose of further amendment. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment for the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. Any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on an amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or to the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions

When said resolution was considered. After debate.

On motion of Mr. QUILLEN, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. WICKER, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. BORSKI objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

1995

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Rush

Sabo

Salmon

Sanders

Sanford

Sawyer

Saxton

Schaefer

Schumer

Seastrand

Serrano

Shadegg

Shaw

Shays

Shuster

Sisisky

Skaggs

Skeen

Skelton

Slaughter

Smith (MI)

Smith (NJ)

Smith (TX)

Smith (WA)

Solomon

Souder

Spence

Spratt

Stearns

Stokes

Studds

Stump

Stupak

Tanner

Tauzin

Taylor (MS)

Schroeder

Lewis (KY)

Peterson (FL)

Lincoln

Moakley

Murtha

Pelosi

Yates

NAYS-4

NOT VOTING-16

Tate

Stenholm

Stockman

Stark

Sensenbrenner

Upton

Vento

Walsh

Wamp

Ward

Wise

Wolf

Wynn

Zeliff

Talent

White

Waxman

Schiff

Scott

Scarborough

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Andrews Archer Armey	Doggett Dooley Doolittle Dornan
Bachus	Doyle
Baesler	Dreier
Baker (CA)	Duncan
Baker (LA)	Dunn
Baldacci	Durbin
Ballenger	Edwards
Barcia	Ehlers
Barr	Ehrlich
Barrett (NE)	Emerson
Barrett (WI)	Engel
Bartlett	English
Barton	Ensign
Bass	Eshoo
Bateman	Evans
Becerra	Everett
Beilenson	Ewing
Bentsen	Farr
Bereuter	Fattah
Berman	Fawell
Bevill	Fazio
Bilbray	Fields (LA)
Bilirakis	Fields (TX)
Bishop	Filner
Blute	Flake
Boehlert	Flanagan
Boehner	Foglietta
Bonilla	Foley
Bonior	Forbes
Bono	Fowler
Borski	Fox
Boucher	Frank (MA)
Brewster	Franks (CT)
Browder	Franks (NJ)
Brown (CA)	Frelinghuyser
Brown (FL)	Frisa
Brown (OH)	Frost
Brownback	Funderburk
Bryant (TN)	Furse
Bryant (TX)	Gallegly
Bunn	Ganske
Burr	Gejdenson
Burton	Gekas
Buyer	Gephardt
Callahan	Geren
Calvert	Gibbons
Camp	Gilchrest
Canady	Gillmor
Castle	Gilman
Chabot	Gonzalez
Chambliss	Goodlatte
Chapman	Goodling
Chenoweth	Gordon
Christensen	Goss
Chrysler	Green
Clay	Greenwood
Clayton	Gunderson
Clamont	Gutierrez
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Coburn	Hamilton
Coleman	Hancock
Collins (GA)	Hansen
Collins (MI)	Harman
Combest	Hastert
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Cooley	Hayes
Costello	Hayworth
Cox	Hefley
Coyne	Hefner
Cramer	Heineman
Crane	Herger
Crapo	Hilleary
Cremeans	Hilliard
Cubin	Hinchey
Cunningham	Hobson
Danner	Hoekstra
Davis	Hoke
de la Garza	Holden
Deal	Horn
DeFazio	Hostettler
DeLauro	Houghton
DeLay	Hoyer
Dellums	Hunter
Deutsch	Hutchinson
Diaz-Balart	Hyde
Dickey	Inglis

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Oberstar

\$63.13 CLEAN WATER AMENDMENTS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. WICKER, pursuant to House Resolution 140 and rule XXIII. declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 961) to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. WICKER, by unanimous consent, designated Mr. MCINNIS as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole; and after some time spent therein,

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment in the nature of a substitute submitted by Mr. SAXTON, as amended by the amendment submitted by Mr. MINGE, agreed to earlier:

Amendment in the nature of a substitute submitted by Mr. SAXTON:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as

the "Clean Water Amendments of 1995". (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Taylor (NC) Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Tejeda Thomas Sec. 2. Definition. Sec. 3. Amendment of Federal Water Pollu-Thompson Thornberry TITLE I-RESEARCH AND RELATED Thornton Thurman Tiahrt Sec. 101. Research, investigations, training, Torkildsen Torres Sec. 102. State management assistance. Torricelli Sec. 103. Mine water pollution control. Towns Sec. 104. Water sanitation in rural and Na-Traficant Tucker Sec. 105. Authorization of appropriations for Velazquez Sec. 106. Great Lakes management. Visclosky TITLE II-CONSTRUCTION GRANTS Volkmer Vucanovich Sec. 201. Uses of funds. Waldholtz Sec. 202. Administration of closeout of con-Walker Sec. 203. Sewage collection systems. Sec. 204. Value engineering review. Sec. 205. Grants for wastewater treatment. Waters Watt (NC) Watts (OK) Weldon (FL) Sec. 301. Arid areas. Weldon (PA) Sec. 302. Secondary treatment. Weller Sec. 303. Federal facilities. Whitfield Sec. 304. National estuary program. Wicker Sec. 305. Nonpoint source management pro-Williams Wilson Sec. 306. Coastal zone management. Sec. 307. Comprehensive watershed manage-Woolsey Wvden Sec. 308. Revision of effluent limitations. TITLE IV-PERMITS AND LICENSES Young (AK) Young (FL) Sec. 401. Waste treatment systems for con-Zimmer Sec. 402. Municipal Rogers

Sec. 403. Intake credits. Sec. 404. Combined sewer overflows. Sec. 405. Abandoned mines. Sec. 406. Beneficial use of biosolids. TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS Sec. 501. Publicly owned treatment works defined.

centrated animal feeding oper-

industrial

and

stormwater discharges.

tion Control Act.

PROGRAMS

and information.

tive Alaska villages.

Chesapeake program.

struction grant program.

TITLE III-STANDARDS AND

ENFORCEMENT

grams.

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ations.

- Sec. 502. Implementation of water pollution laws with respect to vegetable oil.
- Sec. 503. Needs estimate.
- Sec. 504. Food processing and food safety.
- Sec. 505. Audit dispute resolution.
 - TITLE VI-STATE WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUNDS
- Sec. 601. General authority for capitalization grants.
- Sec. 602. Capitalization grant agreements.
- Sec. 603. Water pollution control revolving loan funds.
- Sec. 604. Allotment of funds.
- Sec. 605. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 606. State nonpoint source water pollution control revolving funds.

TITLE VII-MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 701. Technical amendments.
- Sec. 702. John A. Blatnik National Fresh Water Quality Research Laboratory.
- Sec. 703. Wastewater service for colonias.
- Sec. 704. Savings in municipal drinking water costs.

TITLE VIII-WETLANDS CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT

- Sec. 801. Short title.
- Sec. 802. Findings and purposes.
- Sec. 803. State, local, and landowner technical assistance and cooperative training. Sec. 804. Federal, State, and Local Govern
 - ment Coordinating Committee.
- Sec. 805. State and local wetland conservation plans and strategies; grants to facilitate the implementation of section 404