

professors and teachers, and the general public in all parts of the Nation have been touched by the Endowment's activities.

As we approach the 21st century, the world is growing smaller and its problems seemingly bigger. Societies are becoming more complex and fractious. The knowledge and wisdom, the insight and perspective, imparted by history, philosophy, literature, and other humanities disciplines enable us to meet the challenges of contemporary life.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *February 9, 1995.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities.

¶23.11 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—  
COUNTERTERRORISM

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

*To the Congress of the United States:*

I am pleased to transmit today for your immediate consideration and enactment the "Omnibus Counterterrorism Act of 1995." Also transmitted is a section-by-section analysis. This legislative proposal is part of my Administration's comprehensive effort to strengthen the ability of the United States to deter terrorist acts and punish those who aid or abet any international terrorist activity in the United States. It corrects deficiencies and gaps in current law.

Some of the most significant provisions of the bill will:

- Provide clear Federal criminal jurisdiction for any international terrorist attack that might occur in the United States;
- Provide Federal criminal jurisdiction over terrorists who use the United States as the place from which to plan terrorist attacks overseas;
- Provide a workable mechanism, utilizing U.S. District Court Judges appointed by the Chief Justice, to deport expeditiously alien terrorists without risking the disclosure of national security information or techniques;
- Provide a new mechanism for preventing fund-raising in the United States that supports international terrorist activities overseas; and
- Implement an international treaty requiring the insertion of a chemical agent into plastic explosives when manufactured to make them detectable.

The fund-raising provision includes a licensing mechanism under which funds can only be transferred based on a strict showing that the money will be used exclusively for religious, charitable, literary, or educational purposes and will not be diverted for terrorist activity. The bill also includes numerous relatively technical, but highly important, provisions that will facilitate

investigations and prosecutions of terrorist crimes.

It is the Administration's intent that section 101 of the bill confer Federal jurisdiction only over international terrorism offenses. The Administration will work with Members of Congress to ensure that the language in the bill is consistent with that intent.

I urge the prompt and favorable consideration of this legislative proposal by the Congress.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *February 9, 1995.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Judiciary and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 104-31).

¶23.12 COMMITTEES AND SUBCOMMITTEES  
TO SIT

On motion of Mr. KOLBE, by unanimous consent, the following committees and their subcommittees were granted permission to sit during the 5-minute rule on Friday, February 10, 1995: the Committee on Agriculture, the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, the Committee on Commerce, the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight, the Committee on Science, the Committee on Small Business, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

¶23.13 CHANGE OF REFERENCE—H.R. 9

On motion of Mr. KOLBE, by unanimous consent, titles V, VI and section 4003 of the bill (H.R. 9) to create jobs, enhance wages, strengthen property rights, maintain certain economic liberties, decentralize and reduce the power of the Federal Government with respect to the States, localities, and citizens of the United States, and to increase the accountability of Federal officials were re-referred to the Committee on Small Business as an additional committee of jurisdiction.

¶23.14 PROVIDING FOR THE  
CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 668

Mr. MCINNIS, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 104-26) the resolution (H. Res. 69) providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 668) a bill to control crime by further streamlining deportation of criminal aliens.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

¶23.15 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to Mr. FROST, for today after 2 p.m. and the balance of the week.

And then,

¶23.16 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. MEEHAN, pursuant to the special order agreed to on February 7, 1995, at 8 o'clock and 50 minutes p.m., the House adjourned until 9 o'clock a.m. on Friday, February 10, 1995.

¶23.17 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON  
PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. SOLOMON: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 69. Resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 668) to control crime by further streamlining deportation of criminal aliens (Rept. No. 104-26). Referred to the House Calendar.

¶23.18 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. SPENCE (for himself, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. BRYANT of Tennessee, and Mr. HAYES):

H.R. 872. A bill to revitalize the National security of the United States; to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committees on National Security, and Intelligence (Permanent Select), for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. COX (for himself, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. BONO, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. DORNAN, Ms. DUNN of Washington, Mr. FOLEY, Mrs. FOWLER, Mr. GOSS, Mr. GUTKNECHT, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. HEINEMAN, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. HORN, Mr. INGLIS of South Carolina, Mr. JACOBS, Mrs. KELLY, Mr. KING, Mr. KLUG, Mr. KNOLLENBERG, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LINDER, Ms. LOFGREN, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. NORWOOD, Mr. QUINN, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. PAXON, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. ROHRABACHER, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. SANDERS, Mrs. SEASTRAND, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. STARK, Mr. VISCLOSKY, Mrs. WALDHOLTZ, Mr. WALSH, and Mr. ZIMMER):

H.R. 873. A bill to amend the Helium Act to require the Secretary of the Interior to sell Federal real and personal property held in connection with activities carried out under the Helium Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

By Ms. DANNER:

H.R. 874. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the increase in tax on commercial aviation fuel which is scheduled to take effect on October 1, 1995; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. PETE GEREN of Texas:

H.R. 875. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for waiver of the Medicare part B late enrollment penalty for certain military retirees and dependents who live near closed military bases and to establish a special enrollment period for such persons under Medicare part B; to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GUTIERREZ:

H.R. 876. A bill to provide that the pay of members of Congress shall be reduced until the minimum wage is raised to at least \$5.15 an hour, and that such a reduction shall be equal to an adjustment in the Employment Cost Index; to the Committee on House Over-