

SEC. 204. ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.

(a) STATE DISTRIBUTION.—Except as provided in section 203(c), of the total amounts appropriated for this title for each payment period, the Attorney General shall allocate for States—

- (1) 0.25 percent to each State; and
(2) of the total amounts of funds remaining after allocation under paragraph (1), an amount that is equal to the ratio that the number of part 1 violent crimes reported by such State to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for 1993 bears to the number of part 1 violent crimes reported by all States to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for 1993.

(b) UNAVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—For purposes of this section, if the data regarding part 1 violent crimes in any State for 1993 is unavailable or substantially inaccurate, the Attorney General shall utilize the best available comparable data regarding the number of violent crimes for 1993 for such State for the purposes of allocation of any funds under this title.

SEC. 205. UTILIZATION OF PRIVATE SECTOR.

Funds or a portion of funds allocated under this title may be utilized to contract with private, nonprofit entities or community-based organizations to carry out the purposes specified under section 201(a)(2).

SEC. 206. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—A State expending payments under this title shall hold at least one public hearing on the proposed use of the payment from the Attorney General.

(b) VIEWS.—At the hearing, persons, including elected officials of units of local government within such State, shall be given an opportunity to provide written and oral views to the State and to ask questions about the entire budget and the relation of the payment from the Attorney General to the entire budget.

(c) TIME AND PLACE.—The State shall hold the hearing at a time and place that allows and encourages public attendance and participation.

SEC. 207. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

For the purposes of this title:

(1) The term 'State' means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands, except that American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall be considered as one State and that, for purposes of section 104(a), 33 percent of the amounts allocated shall be allocated to American Samoa, 50 percent to Guam, and 17 percent to the Northern Mariana Islands.

(2) The term 'payment period' means each 1-year period beginning on October 1 of any year in which a grant under this title is awarded.

(3) The term 'part 1 violent crimes' means murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault as reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the Uniform Crime Reports."

It was decided in the Yeas ..... 179
negative ..... Nays ..... 251

23.8 [Roll No. 111] YEAS—179

Table with 3 columns: Name, State, and Vote. Includes names like Abercrombie, Ackerman, Andrews, Baesler, Baldacci, Barcia, Barrett (WI), Becerra, Beilenson, Bentsen, Berman, Beville, Bishop, Bonior, Borski, Brewster, Browder, Brown (CA), Brown (FL), Brown (OH), Bryant (TX), Chapman, Clay, Clyburn, Coleman, Collins (IL), Conyers, Costello, Coyne, Cramer, de la Garza, Deal, DeFazio.

Table with 3 columns: Name, State, and Vote. Includes names like DeLauro, Dellums, Dicks, Dingell, Dixon, Doggett, Dooley, Doyle, Durbin, Edwards, Ehlers, Engel, Eshoo, Evans, Farr, Fattah, Fazio, Filner, Flake, Foglietta, Ford (TN), Frank (MA), Furse, Gejdenson, Gephardt, Gibbons, Gonzalez, Gordon, Green, Gutierrez, Hall (OH), Hamilton, Hastings (FL), Hayes, Hilliard, Hinchey, Holden, Hoyer, Inglis, Jackson-Lee, Jacobs, Johnson, E.B., Johnston, Kanjorski, Kaptur, Kennedy (MA), Kennedy (RI), Kennelly, Kildee, Kleczka, Klink, LaFalce, Lantos, Laughlin, Levin, Lewis (GA), Lincoln, Lipinski, Lofgren, Lowey, Maloney, Manton, Markey, Martinez, Mascara, Matsui, McCarthy, McDermott, McHale, McKinney, McNulty, Meehan, Meek, Menendez, Mfume, Miller (CA), Mineta, Mink, Moakley, Mollohan, Montgomery, Moran, Murtha, Nadler, Neal, Oberstar, Obey, Olver, Ortiz, Orton, Owens, Pallone, Pastor, Payne (NJ), Pelosi, Peterson (FL), Pomeroy, Poshard, Cox, Crane, Crapo, Cremeans, Cubin, Cunningham, Danner, Davis, DeLay, Deutsch, Diaz-Balart, Dickey, Doolittle, Dornan, Dreier, Duncan, Dunn, Ehrlich, Emerson, English, Ensign, Everett, Ewing, Fawell, Fields (LA), Fields (TX), Flanagan, Foley, Forbes, Fowler, Fox, Franks (CT), Franks (NJ), Frelinghuysen, Frisa, Funderburk, Gallegly, Ganske, Gekas, Geren, Gilchrist, Gillmor, Gilman, Gingrich, Goodlatte, Goodling, Goss, Graham, Greenwood, Gunderson, Gutknecht, Hall (TX), Hancock, Hansen, Harman, Hastert, Hastings (WA), Hayworth, Hefley, Hefner, Heineman, Hergert, Hilleary, Hobson, Hoekstra, Hoke, Horn, Hostettler, Houghton, Hunter, Hutchinson, Hyde, Istook, Jefferson, Johnson (CT), Johnson (SD), Johnson, Sam, Jones, Kasich, Kelly, Kim, King, Kingston, Klug, Knollenberg, Kolbe, LaHood, Largent, Latham, LaTourette, Lazio, Leach, Lewis (CA), Lewis (KY), Lightfoot, Linder, Livingston, LoBiondo.

Table with 3 columns: Name, State, and Vote. Includes names like Longley, Lucas, Luther, Manzullo, Martino, McCollum, McCrery, McDade, McHugh, McInnis, McIntosh, McKeon, Metcalf, Meyers, Mica, Miller (FL), Minge, Molinari, Moorhead, Morella, Myers, Myrick, Nethercutt, Neumann, Ney, Norwood, Nussle, Oxley, Packard, Parker, Paxon, Payne (VA), Peterson (MN), Petri, Pickett, Poombo, Porter, Portman, Pryce, Quillen, Quinn, Radanovich, Ramstad, Regula, Riggs, Roberts, Rogers, Rohrabacher, Ros-Lehtinen, Rose, Roth, Roukema, Royce, Salmon, Sanford, Saxton, Scarborough, Schaefer, Schiff, Seastrand, Shadegg, Shaw, Shays, Shuster, Sisisky, Skeen, Skelton, Smith (MI), Smith (NJ), Smith (TX), Frost, Souder, Smith (WA), Solomon, Spence, Stearns, Stenholm, Stockman, Stump, Talent, Tate, Tausin, Taylor (NC), Thomas, Thornberry, Tiahrt, Torkildsen, Traficant, Upton, Vucanovich, Waldholtz, Walker, Walsh, Wamp, Watt (NC), Watts (OK), Weldon (FL), Weldon (PA), Weller, White, Whitfield, Wicker, Wolf, Young (AK), Young (FL), Zeliff, Zimmer.

NOT VOTING—4

Table with 2 columns: Name, State. Includes Boucher, Collins (MI), Frost, Souder.

So the amendment was not agreed to. After some further time, The Committee rose informally to receive a message from the President. The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, assumed the Chair.

23.9 MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Sundry messages in writing from the President of the United States were communicated to the House by Mr. Edwin Thomas, one of his secretaries.

The Committee resumed its sitting; and after some further time spent therein,

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. KOLBE, Chairman, reported that the Committee, having had under consideration said bill, had come to no resolution thereon.

23.10 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT— NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR HUMANITIES

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

I am pleased to present to you the Twenty-ninth Annual Report of the National Endowment for the Humanities [NEH], the Federal agency charged with fostering scholarship and imparting knowledge in the humanities. Its work supports an impressive range of humanities projects.

These projects can reach an audience as general as the 28 million who watched the documentary Baseball, or as specialized as the 50 scholars who this past fall examined current research on Dante. Small local historical societies have received NEH support, as have some of the Nation's largest cultural institutions. Students from kindergarten through graduate school,

professors and teachers, and the general public in all parts of the Nation have been touched by the Endowment's activities.

As we approach the 21st century, the world is growing smaller and its problems seemingly bigger. Societies are becoming more complex and fractious. The knowledge and wisdom, the insight and perspective, imparted by history, philosophy, literature, and other humanities disciplines enable us to meet the challenges of contemporary life.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *February 9, 1995.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities.

¶23.11 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—  
COUNTERTERRORISM

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

*To the Congress of the United States:*

I am pleased to transmit today for your immediate consideration and enactment the "Omnibus Counterterrorism Act of 1995." Also transmitted is a section-by-section analysis. This legislative proposal is part of my Administration's comprehensive effort to strengthen the ability of the United States to deter terrorist acts and punish those who aid or abet any international terrorist activity in the United States. It corrects deficiencies and gaps in current law.

Some of the most significant provisions of the bill will:

- Provide clear Federal criminal jurisdiction for any international terrorist attack that might occur in the United States;
- Provide Federal criminal jurisdiction over terrorists who use the United States as the place from which to plan terrorist attacks overseas;
- Provide a workable mechanism, utilizing U.S. District Court Judges appointed by the Chief Justice, to deport expeditiously alien terrorists without risking the disclosure of national security information or techniques;
- Provide a new mechanism for preventing fund-raising in the United States that supports international terrorist activities overseas; and
- Implement an international treaty requiring the insertion of a chemical agent into plastic explosives when manufactured to make them detectable.

The fund-raising provision includes a licensing mechanism under which funds can only be transferred based on a strict showing that the money will be used exclusively for religious, charitable, literary, or educational purposes and will not be diverted for terrorist activity. The bill also includes numerous relatively technical, but highly important, provisions that will facilitate

investigations and prosecutions of terrorist crimes.

It is the Administration's intent that section 101 of the bill confer Federal jurisdiction only over international terrorism offenses. The Administration will work with Members of Congress to ensure that the language in the bill is consistent with that intent.

I urge the prompt and favorable consideration of this legislative proposal by the Congress.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, *February 9, 1995.*

By unanimous consent, the message, together with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Judiciary and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 104-31).

¶23.12 COMMITTEES AND SUBCOMMITTEES  
TO SIT

On motion of Mr. KOLBE, by unanimous consent, the following committees and their subcommittees were granted permission to sit during the 5-minute rule on Friday, February 10, 1995: the Committee on Agriculture, the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, the Committee on Commerce, the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight, the Committee on Science, the Committee on Small Business, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

¶23.13 CHANGE OF REFERENCE—H.R. 9

On motion of Mr. KOLBE, by unanimous consent, titles V, VI and section 4003 of the bill (H.R. 9) to create jobs, enhance wages, strengthen property rights, maintain certain economic liberties, decentralize and reduce the power of the Federal Government with respect to the States, localities, and citizens of the United States, and to increase the accountability of Federal officials were re-referred to the Committee on Small Business as an additional committee of jurisdiction.

¶23.14 PROVIDING FOR THE  
CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 668

Mr. MCINNIS, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 104-26) the resolution (H. Res. 69) providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 668) a bill to control crime by further streamlining deportation of criminal aliens.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

¶23.15 LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to Mr. FROST, for today after 2 p.m. and the balance of the week.

And then,

¶23.16 ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Mr. MEEHAN, pursuant to the special order agreed to on February 7, 1995, at 8 o'clock and 50 minutes p.m., the House adjourned until 9 o'clock a.m. on Friday, February 10, 1995.

¶23.17 REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON  
PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. SOLOMON: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 69. Resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 668) to control crime by further streamlining deportation of criminal aliens (Rept. No. 104-26). Referred to the House Calendar.

¶23.18 PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 5 of rule X and clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. SPENCE (for himself, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. BRYANT of Tennessee, and Mr. HAYES):

H.R. 872. A bill to revitalize the National security of the United States; to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committees on National Security, and Intelligence (Permanent Select), for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. COX (for himself, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. BONO, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. DORNAN, Ms. DUNN of Washington, Mr. FOLEY, Mrs. FOWLER, Mr. GOSS, Mr. GUTKNECHT, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. HEINEMAN, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. HORN, Mr. INGLIS of South Carolina, Mr. JACOBS, Mrs. KELLY, Mr. KING, Mr. KLUG, Mr. KNOLLENBERG, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LINDER, Ms. LOFGREN, Ms. MOLINARI, Mr. NORWOOD, Mr. QUINN, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. PAXON, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. ROEMER, Mr. ROHRABACHER, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. SANDERS, Mrs. SEASTRAND, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. SPRATT, Mr. STARK, Mr. VISCLOSKY, Mrs. WALDHOLTZ, Mr. WALSH, and Mr. ZIMMER):

H.R. 873. A bill to amend the Helium Act to require the Secretary of the Interior to sell Federal real and personal property held in connection with activities carried out under the Helium Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

By Ms. DANNER:

H.R. 874. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the increase in tax on commercial aviation fuel which is scheduled to take effect on October 1, 1995; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. PETE GEREN of Texas:

H.R. 875. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for waiver of the Medicare part B late enrollment penalty for certain military retirees and dependents who live near closed military bases and to establish a special enrollment period for such persons under Medicare part B; to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GUTIERREZ:

H.R. 876. A bill to provide that the pay of members of Congress shall be reduced until the minimum wage is raised to at least \$5.15 an hour, and that such a reduction shall be equal to an adjustment in the Employment Cost Index; to the Committee on House Over-