

Three presidents of the American Bar Association.  
Five presidents of State bar associations.  
Four college and university presidents.  
Nine college professors.  
Five railroad presidents.  
One president of the Bank of the United States.  
Ten members who declined Cabinet and diplomatic appointments.

MEMBERSHIP

From the second session of the Thirteenth Congress, to and including this session of the Eightieth Congress, 503 men have composed the personnel of this committee.

Three, Franklin H. Pierce, of New Hampshire; James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania; and William McKinley, Jr., of Ohio, have been Presidents of the United States, while three other members have been unsuccessful candidates for the high office, viz, John Bell, of Tennessee, on the Constitutional Union ticket of 1860; Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, on the Democratic ticket that same year; and John W. Davis, of West Virginia, on the Democratic ticket in 1924.

One, James S. Sherman, of New York, has been Vice President, and three, George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, and John Sergeant, of Pennsylvania, have been unsuccessful candidates for the office.

Seven, Philip P. Barbour, of Virginia, in the Seventeenth; John Bell, of Tennessee, in the Twenty-third; John W. Jones, of Virginia, in the Twenty-eighth; Michael C. Kerr, of Indiana, in the Forty-fourth; Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, in the Fifty-first, Fifty-fourth, and Fifty-fifth; David B. Henderson, of Iowa, in the Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh; and Frederick H. Gillett, of Massachusetts, in the Sixty-sixth, Sixty-seventh, and Sixty-eighth Congresses, have been Speakers of the House; and three, Timothy Pitkin, of Connecticut, in the Thirteenth Congress; Samuel S. Marshall, of Illinois, in the Fortieth Congress; and Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas, in the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Congresses, have been unsuccessful candidates for the speakership. Another, Amrinstead Burt, of South Carolina, served as Speaker in 1848 during the absence of Speaker Winthrop.

In later years three have been President pro tempore of the Senate, viz, Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio; Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee; and William P. Frye, of Maine.

Fifteen have been Secretaries in the Cabinets of the Presidents, to wit:

Three, Daniel Webster, of Massachusetts; James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania; and Edward Livingston, of Louisiana, have been Secretaries of State.

One, Charles Toucy, of Connecticut, has been both Secretary of the Navy and Attorney General. Two, James M. Beck and W. E. Fuller, have been Assistant Attorneys General of the United States.

Two, John W. Davis, of West Virginia, and James M. Beck, of Pennsylvania, have been Solicitor General of the United States.

Four, John C. Spencer, of New York; John Bell, of Tennessee; William Wilkins, of Pennsylvania; and George W. McCrary, of Iowa, have each served as Secretary of War; Spencer had also been ap-

pointed as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in 1844, but was rejected January 31, 1844.

John C. Spencer also served as Secretary of the Treasury from March 3, 1843, to May 2, 1844, when he resigned.

George S. Boutwell, Massachusetts, and Thomas Corwin, Ohio, also served as Secretaries of the Treasury.

Three, Charles Toucey, as stated, Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama, and Edwin Denby, of Michigan, have been Secretaries of the Navy.

Three, Charles A. Wickliffe, of Kentucky, Nathan K. Hall, of New York, and William L. Wilson, of West Virginia, have been Postmasters General.

Twenty-two have served in the diplomatic service, either as ministers or ambassadors to foreign countries: Hugh Nelson, of Virginia, to Spain; Romulus Saunders, of North Carolina, to Spain; James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, to Russia and to Great Britain; Edward Livingston, of Louisiana, to France; William C. Rives, of Virginia, to France; Robert P. Letcher, of Kentucky, to Mexico; Francis Thomas, of Maryland, to Peru; Balie Peyton, of Tennessee, to Chile; Thomas Corwin, of Ohio, to Mexico; Daniel D. Barnard, of New York, to Prussia; David A. Starkweather, of Ohio, to Chile; William Wilkins, of Pennsylvania, to Russia; Joseph R. Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, to Great Britain; Richard K. Meade, of Virginia, to Brazil; Humphrey Marshall, of Kentucky, to China; Christopher Robinson, of Rhode Island, to Peru; Albert G. Porter, of Indiana, to Italy; George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, to Germany; Charles R. Buckalew, of Pennsylvania, to Ecuador; John W. Davis, of West Virginia, to Great Britain; John A. Bingham, of Ohio, to Japan; James O. Brodhead, of Missouri, to Switzerland.

One, Philip P. Barbour, of Virginia, has been an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Three, Philip P. Barbour, aforesaid, George W. McCrary, of Iowa, and J. Earl Major, of Illinois, have been United States circuit-court judges.

Thirteen, Charles J. Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania; William Wilkins, of Pennsylvania; Asa Biggs, of North Carolina; Nathan K. Hall, of New York; George W. McCrary, of Iowa; John H. Rogers, of Iowa; Albert C. Thompson, of Ohio; George W. Ray, of New York; Edwin Y. Webb, of North Carolina; Louis Fitzhenry, of Illinois; J. LeRoy Adair, of Illinois; Henry D. Clayton, of Alabama; and Arthur D. Healey, of Massachusetts, have been United States district judges.

Four have been United States judges in Territories, namely: Robert Reid, of Georgia, East Florida; Alexander White, of Alabama, Utah; John Pettit, of Indiana, Kansas; John J. Jenkins, of Wisconsin, Puerto Rico. Walter I. McCoy, of New Jersey, has served as chief justice, Supreme Court of the District of Columbia; and Richard S. Whaley, of South Carolina, has served as chief justice of the United States Court of Claims.

John A. Bingham, of Ohio, was judge advocate of the Union Army and special judge advocate in the trial of the conspirators against the life of President Lincoln.

C. Frank Reavis, of Nebraska; Louis E. Graham, of Pennsylvania; and John Jennings, Jr., of Tennessee, have served as special assistants to the Attorney General of the United States.

Thirty-four have served as United States attorneys: Charles J. Ingersoll, Joseph Hopkinson, Enoch Lincoln, Edward Livingston, John C. Wright, Samuel Beardsley, Gorham Parks, Balie Peyton, J. Ogden Hoffman, Samson Mason, James I. Roosevelt, John Pettit, Lucian Barbour, Noah Davis, Daniel W. Voorhees, Jasper D. Ward, Hugh J. Jewett, William P. Lynde, John C. Lehr, William Dorsheimer, Thomas M. Browne, Horatio Bisbee, Jr., William A. Stone, James M. Connally, John J. Jenkins, DeAlva S. Alexander, Henry D. Clayton, Martin W. Littleton, Frank Plumley, Andrew J. Montague, William C. Hammer, Louis E. Graham, James O. Brodhead, and William V. Gregory. Albert S. Camp, of Georgia, served as assistant United States attorney.

William Dorsheimer has the unique distinction of having served as United States attorney for both the northern and southern districts of New York.

Three, John Dickey, of Pennsylvania; Gorham Parks, of Maine; and John J. Mitchell, of Massachusetts, have been United States marshals.

Foster V. Brown, of Tennessee, has been attorney general of Puerto Rico.

Fifty have been United States Senators, namely: Richard Stockton, New Jersey; Israel Pickens, Alabama; James Pleasants, Virginia; James Fisk, Vermont; Daniel Webster, Massachusetts; Josiah Johnson, Louisiana; James Buchanan, Pennsylvania; Edward Livingston, Louisiana; William C. Rives and John S. Carlile, Virginia; John L. Kerr, Maryland; John Bell, Tennessee; Franklin Pierce, New Hampshire; Isaac Toucey, Connecticut; Thomas Corwin, Ohio; Hopkins L. Turney, Tennessee; Walter J. Colquitt, Georgia; James A. Pearce, Maryland; Garrett Davis, Kentucky; William Wilkins, Pennsylvania; John Pettit, Indiana; Stephen A. Douglass, Illinois; Richard Brodhead, Pennsylvania; Allen G. Thurman, Ohio; James Dixon, Connecticut; Asa Biggs, North Carolina; Preston King, New York; Isham G. Harris, Tennessee; George S. Houston, Alabama; George H. Pendleton, Ohio; James F. Wilson, Iowa; George S. Boutwell, Massachusetts; Daniel W. Voorhees, Indiana; Luke P. Poland, Vermont; William P. Frye, Maine; Eppa Hunter, Virginia; George F. Hoar, Massachusetts; Omar D. Conger, Michigan; Elbridge G. Lapham, New York; John W. Stewart, Vermont; Charles R. Buckalew, Pennsylvania; Joseph W. Bailey, Texas; Frederick H. Gillett, Massachusetts; Oscar W. Underwood, Alabama; George W. Norris, Nebraska; Thaddeus H. Caraway, Arkansas; M. M. Neely, West Virginia; John E. Miller, Arkansas; John M. Robsion, Kentucky; and Abe Murdock of Utah.

Thirty-seven have served as Governors of States and Territories, namely: Israel Pickens, Alabama; James Pleasants, Virginia; Robert Wright, Maryland; Robert Reed, Florida (Territory); Enoch Lincoln, Maine; Hutchins Burton, North Carolina; Robert P. Letcher, James Clark, Kentucky; Charles A. Wickliffe, Lieutenant Governor and Governor, Kentucky; Edward D. White, Louisiana; William W. Ellsworth, Connecticut; Francis Thomas, Maryland; Isaac Toucey, Connecticut; Joshua L. Martin, Alabama; Thomas Corwin, Ohio; Joseph Trumbull, Connecticut; Paul Dillingham, Lieutenant Governor and Governor, Vermont; Charles S. Morehead, Kentucky; Isham G. Harris, Tennessee; George S. Houston, Alabama; Albert G. Porter, Indi-

ana; George S. Boutwell, Massachusetts; Austin A. King, Missouri; Benjamin F. Butler, Massachusetts; J. Proctor Knott, Kentucky; George D. Robinson, Massachusetts; William C. McKinley, Jr., Ohio; William C. Oates, Alabama; William A. Stone, Pennsylvania; Samuel W. McCall, Massachusetts; Samuel W. T. Lanham, Texas; J. N. Gillett, California; John S. Little, Arkansas; Richard Yates, Illinois; Andrew J. Montague, Virginia; and Frederick P. Stanton, Kansas (Territory); William Dorsheimer served as Lieutenant Governor of New York, and more recently Gordon Browning has served as Governor of Tennessee.

Romulus Saunders was defeated by one vote for Governor of North Carolina.

Twenty-five have served as State attorneys general, namely, Thomas Oakley, New York; Richard Wilde, Georgia; Hutchins Burton, North Carolina; Romulus Saunders, North Carolina; John M. Robertson, Virginia; Samuel Beardsley, New York; J. Ogden Hoffman, New York; Edward Stanley, North Carolina; Charles S. Morehead, Kentucky; Abraham Wakeman, New York; Mason W. Tappan, New Hampshire; Christopher Robinson, Rhode Island; John A. Peters, Maine; Lyman Tremain, New York; William P. Frye, Maine; J. Proctor Knott, Missouri; N. J. Hammond, Georgia; Thomas B. Reed, Maine; J. Randolph Tucker, Virginia; Horatio Bisbee, Jr., Florida; H. C. McCormick, Pennsylvania; Charles E. Littlefield, Maine; Romeo H. Freer, West Virginia; Henry W. Palmer, Pennsylvania; and Andrew J. Montague, Virginia.

The following have served as assistant or State deputy attorneys general, namely, Thomas R. Gold, New York; William L. Brent, Louisiana; Abraham X. Parker, New York; W. E. Fuller, Iowa; Robert L. Henry, Texas; Richard Yates, Illinois; Fred H. Dominick, South Carolina; Fiorello H. LaGuardia, New York; and Louis E. Graham, Pennsylvania; Harry L. Towe, New Jersey; and Edward J. Devitt, Minnesota, as special assistant to the attorney general of their States. John C. Spencer, of New York, served as special attorney general to prosecute the abductors of William Morgan.

Six have held the post of secretary of state in their respective States, namely: John C. Spencer, New York; George Robertson, Kentucky; Benjamin Hardin, Kentucky; Stephen A. Douglas, Illinois; Samuel Galloway, Ohio; and William P. Stenger, of Pennsylvania.

Ten have been chief justice of their State supreme court, namely: Arthur Livermore, New Hampshire; William L. Storrs, Connecticut; Allen G. Thurman, Ohio; James Thompson, Pennsylvania; Origer S. Seymour, Connecticut; John A. Peters, Maine; Ulysses Mercur, Pennsylvania; Luke P. Poland, Vermont; William Kellogg, Nebraska; and Samuel Beardsley, New York.

Twenty-two have been justices of State supreme courts, namely: James Fisk, Vermont; Philemon Beecher, Ohio; Joseph Brevard, South Carolina; John C. Wright, Ohio; William W. Ellsworth, Connecticut; Richard Coulter, Pennsylvania; Henry A. Foster, New York; James I. Roosevelt, New York; John Pettit, Indiana; Stepher A. Douglas, Illinois; Daniel Breck, Kentucky; John Kerr, Jr., North Carolina; Thomas A. R. Nelson, Tennessee; Benjamin F. Thomas, Massachusetts; John C. Churchill, New York; Noah Davis, New

York; Thomas Ashe, North Carolina; Joseph R. Reed, Iowa; Thomas R. Stockdale, Mississippi; H. Henry Powers, Vermont; Case Broderick, Idaho; and Hubert Utterback, Iowa.

John A. Buchanan was associate judge of Court of Appeals of Virginia; George Robertson, chief justice of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky; and Warren Miller was also judge of the State Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia.

One hundred and thirteen have filled the office of either county, district, superior, common pleas, or circuit judge in the counties of their several States, to wit: Hugh Nelson, Thomas T. Boulden, John M. Robertson, James Garland, George W. Summers, John S. Cashie, John T. Harris, Virginia; Thomas Montgomery, Stephen Ornsby, Tunstall Quarles, Richard A. Buckner, James Clark, Richard French, Daniel Breck, Isaac H. Goodnight, and John W. Lewis, Kentucky; Thomas Oakley, Henry R. Storrs, Samuel Beardsley, Aaron Vanderpoel, Andrew D. W. Bruyn, James I. Roosevelt, Nathan K. Hall, Origen S. Seymour, John H. Reynolds, John C. Churchill, Lyman Tremain, Scott Lord, New York; James Fisk, Green B. Samuels, Frank Plumley, Vermont; Richard Wright, Clement Dorsey, Albert Constable, Maryland; Robert Reid, John H. Lumpkin, Marshall J. Wellborn, John D. Stewart, Walter T. Colquitt, and Malcolm C. Tarver, Georgia; Romulus Saunders, John Kerr, Jr., Risdin T. Bennett, North Carolina; Josiah Johnston, Louisiana; Joseph Hemphill, Samuel W. Morris, William Wilkens, Joseph Buffington, James Thompson, Henry Chapman, Ulysses Mercur, and E. Wallace Chadwick, Pennsylvania; Joshua L. Martin, John Bragg, and Samuel Hobbs, Alabama; Samson Mason, David A. Starkweather, George Bliss, William Lawrence, Ezra J. Taylor, George E. Seney, Albert C. Thompson, Fernando C. Layton, Herman P. Goebel, Warren Gard, Ohio; Milton Brown and William C. Houston, Tennessee; George Catlin, Stephen W. Kellogg, Connecticut; William Kellogg, Samuel S. Marshall, Jasper D. Ward, L. E. Payson, Edward Lane, Richard Yates, and James M. Barnes, Illinois; Austin A. King, Charles G. Burton, David A. DeArmond, Henry S. Caulfield, William W. Rucker, Missouri; Jeremiah M. Wilson, Jephtha D. New, and Raymond S. Springer, Indiana; William Loughbridge, Joseph R. Reed, Lot Thomas, William D. Boies, and Hubert Utterback, Iowa; Omar D. Conger, Michigan; H. L. Humphrey, John J. Jenkins, David G. Clason, Wisconsin; Edward K. Valentine, and George W. Norris, Nebraska; John H. Rogers, John S. Little, and John N. Tillman, Arkansas; James Buchanan, New Jersey; Romeo H. Freer, Hunter H. Moss, James L. Strother, and Warren Miller, West Virginia; Frank M. Nye, Minnesota; Joseph Walsh, Massachusetts; Richard E. Bird and Charles I. Sparks, Kansas; Thomas D. McKeown and P. L. Gassaway, Oklahoma; John Jennings, Jr., Tennessee; Joseph E. Talbot, Connecticut; and Sam Russell, Texas.

Five have been presidents of State constitutional conventions, namely: Joseph Hopkinson and John Sergeant, Pennsylvania; P. P. Barbour, Virginia; Franklin Pierce, New Hampshire; and Robert Reid, Florida.

Fifty have been delegates to State constitutional conventions.

One hundred and thirty-five have been either district, prosecuting, or commonwealth attorneys.

Two hundred and twenty-eight have been members of State legislatures or house of representatives, and of this number 45 have served as speakers of their legislative assemblies.

One hundred and eight have been State senators; and 12 of these have been presidents of their respective senates.

Three have been presidents of the American Bar Association, viz: Clarkson N. Potter, New York; Henry St. George Tucker, Virginia; and James O. Brodhead, Missouri.

Five have been presidents of State bar associations, viz: John A. McMahon, Ohio State; William H. Fleming, Georgia State; John W. Davis and Wells Goodykoontz, West Virginia State; and Henry J. Steele, Pennsylvania State.

Four have been college and university presidents, viz: John N. Tillman, University of Arkansas; William L. Wilson, West Virginia University and Washington and Lee University; Edwin Willets, Michigan Agricultural College; and Abraham X. Parker, Thomas S. Clarkson Memorial School of Technology.

The following have been professors in colleges, universities, and law schools: Richard H. Wilde, professor of law in the University of Louisiana; George Robertson, professor of law in the Transylvania University; George Tucker, professor of moral philosophy, University of Virginia; William L. Storrs, professor of law, Wesleyan and Yale Universities; J. Proctor Knott, dean of law school, Centre College; George S. Graham, professor of criminal law and procedure, University of Pennsylvania; J. Randolph Tucker, professor of equity, University of Virginia, and author of *Tucker on the Constitution*; William C. Maybury, lecturer of medical jurisprudence in Michigan College of Medicine; Edward J. Devitt, instructor of law, University of North Dakota, member of faculty, St. Paul College of Law.

Five have been presidents of railroads, viz: Horace F. Clark, New York, Union Pacific and Michigan Southern railroads; George H. Pendleton, Ohio, Kentucky Central Railroad; Hugh J. Jewett, Ohio, Erie Railroad; H. C. McCormick, Pennsylvania, Williamsport & North Branch Railroad; and William Brown, Tennessee, Mobile & Ohio Railroad; James F. Wilson, Iowa, was Government director of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Francis Thomas, Maryland, was president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal; William F. Gordon, Virginia, served as State canal commissioner; Frederick E. Woodridge, Vermont, as State auditor; Samuel W. Moulton, Illinois, president, State board of education; Alfred C. Chapin, New York, as State comptroller and State railroad commissioner.

William Drayton, of South Carolina, was president of the Bank of the United States.

Joseph Hopkinson wrote the patriotic anthem, *Hail Columbia*.

Jonathan Cilley, while serving as a member of the committee, was killed in a duel.

During the existence of the Confederacy, James A. Seddon, Virginia, served as Secretary of War of the Confederate States; Julian Hartridge, Georgia, was a member of the first and second Confederate Congresses; Weldon Edwards, North Carolina, president of the State Secession Convention; Thomas Ashe, North Carolina, was also a mem-

ber of the Confederate Congress; Francis Burton Craige, North Carolina, was a delegate to the State Secession Convention and a delegate to the Provisional Congress of the Confederate States which met in Richmond, Va., in July 1861.

Humphrey Marshall, Kentucky, served as a brigadier general in the Confederate Army.

William C. Rives was a delegate from Virginia to the Confederate Provisional Congress in Montgomery, Ala., and Richmond, Va. George William Summers was a delegate to Secession Convention in Richmond in 1861. Abraham Venable was a delegate from the State of North Carolina to the Provisional Confederate Congress in 1861 and a member of the House of Representatives of the Confederacy, 1862–64. Eppa Hunton was a member of the Virginia Convention in 1861 and rose to the rank of brigadier general in the Confederate Army.

The following have declined appointments, viz: John Sergeant, Pennsylvania, declined appointment as Minister to England; George Robertson, Kentucky, declined appointment as Territorial Governor of Arkansas, and the diplomatic posts of United States Minister to Colombia and Peru; William Drayton, South Carolina, declined appointment of Secretary of War in the Cabinet of President Jackson, also Minister to Spain; James Dixon, Connecticut, was appointed Minister to Russia and declined; James F. Wilson, Iowa, was tendered the position of Secretary of State in the Cabinet of President Grant which he declined; James Fisk was appointed United States judge for the Territory of Indiana and declined; Franklin Pierce declined the appointment as Attorney General; Balie Payton declined the appointment as Secretary of War; James Dixon was appointed Minister to Russia and declined; John K. Miller declined the chief justiceship of Washington Territory.

Eleazor W. Ripley, Representative from Louisiana, was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1807 and 1811, served as Speaker the last term; member of Massachusetts Senate; served in the War of 1812; brevetted major general on July 25, 1814, for gallant conduct in the Battle of Niagara Falls, Canada; presented by a resolution of Congress dated November 3, 1814, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and devices in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of his gallantry and good conduct in the several conflicts of Chippewa, Niagara, and Erie; settled in Jackson, La.; member of the State senate; elected, as a Democrat, to the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Congresses, and served until his death. The life, character, activities, and accomplishments of this member are but typical of those of many other members of the Committee on the Judiciary.

There is only one instance in which two brothers served as chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary, and that is in the case of Charles J. Ingersoll, chairman of the first committee in the Thirteenth Congress, and Joseph R. Ingersoll, chairman of the committee in the Thirtieth Congress. These two members were sons of Jared Ingersoll, who had attended the Federal Constitutional Convention, and signed the Constitution.