1

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

Drug Shortage Workshop

A Workshop Sponsored by

The Food and Drug Administration

10903 New Hampshire Avenue

Building 31, Room 1503 B and C (Great Room)

Silver Spring, Maryland 20993

September 26, 2011

		2
1	A G E N D A	
2	PAGE Welcome	
3	Coordinator, Drug Shortage Program Center for Drug Evaluation and Research	
4 5	Introductory Comments and CDER Perspective on Drug Shortages	
6 7	Deputy Director Center for Drug Evaluation and Research	
8	Current Status of Drug Shortages and FDA Shortage Strategies	
9	Public Health Impact of Drug Shortages	
10	Deputy Director, Office of New Drugs Center for Drug Evaluation and Research	
11	Drug Shortages: FDA Strategies and Role20 Edward Cox, M.D., M.P.H.	
13 14	Update on the Status of Drug Shortages, Causes and Significant Trends	
15	Manager, Drug Information Service University of Utah Hospitals and Clinics	
16	Impact of Drug Shortages on Hospitals and Health-Systems: Results from Recent Surveys52	
17	Roslyne D. W. Schulman, M.H.A, M.B.A. Director, Policy Development	
18	American Hospital Association	
19	Burgunda V. Sweet, Pharm.D	
20	College of Pharmacy Director, Drug Information and Investigational Drug Services	
22	University of Michigan Health System	
	Question/Answers66	

		3
1	AGENDA (cont.)	
2	PAGE Drug Shortages - The Patient Perspective	
3	Introduction	
4		
5	Improving Patient Care with Regulatory and Policy Initiatives	
6	Nancy Davenport-Ennis National Patient Advocacy Foundation	
7	Diane L. Hamlin83	
8	Abigale Hamlin87	
9	Davria Cohen88	
10	Jay Cuetara95	
11	Barbara Bennicoff, R.N.,101	
12	Drug Shortages - Health Care Provider Perspective	
13	Introduction	
14		
15	Impact of Drug Shortages on Medication Errors - The ISMP Survey	
16	Mike Cohen, R.Ph	
17	Presentation and Panel Discussion on Perspectives from the Point of Care119	
18		
19	Mike Cohen, R.Ph., Moderator	
20		
21		
22		

			4
	1	A G E N D A (cont.) PAGE	
	2	Panel Members/Presenters	
	3	Oncology Group	
	4 5	Ali McBride, Pharm.D	
	6	J. Leonard Lichtenfeld, M.D	
	7 8	Lawrence A. Solberg Jr., M.D	
	9	Karen Hagerty, M.D	
	10	Anesthesiology Group	
	11	Arnold Berry, M.D., M.P.H140 American Society of Anesthesiologists	
	12	Pediatrics Group	
	13	DeWayne Pursley, M.D., M.P.H143	
	14	Specialty Settings Group	
	15 16 17	Vincent Calabrese, Pharm.D	
	18	Frederick Blum, M.D	
	19 20	James M. Hoffman, Pharm.D	
	21	Discussion	
1			

			5
1		A G E N D A (cont.) PAGE	
2	Open	Question and Comment Period (cont.)180	
3		Robert M. Rifkin, M.D181 Medical Director,	
4		Blood and Marrow Transplant Program Rocky Mountain Cancer Center	
5		Denver, Colorado	
6		Jan Bult184 President/CEO	
7		Plasma Protein Therapeutics Association	
8		F. Marc Stewart, M.D	
9		University of Washington Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center;	
10		Scientific Board of Directors, National Patient Advocate Foundation	
11			
12		Russell Shipley	
13		Hyperactivity Disorder	
14		C. Allen Black, Ph.D., J.D	
15		Kathy Pham, Pharm.D194	
16		NICU Clinical Specialist/Director Pharmacy Residency Programs	
17		Children's National Medical Center; Pediatric Pharmacy Advocacy Group	
18	Joel	Zivot, M.D196	
19	0001	Medical Director, Cardiothoracic Intensive Care Unit	
20		Emory University Hospital; American Society of Anesthesiologists	
21	Summa	ary Remarks 197	
22		Sandra Kweder Lunch Break	

		6
1	A G E N D A (cont.)	
2	Recommendations for Solutions to Address Drug Shortages	
3	PAGE Introduction	
4	Edward Cox, Moderator	
5	Legislative Update Joseph M. Hill	
6	American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists	
7	Recommendations from the Co-Conveners of the Stakeholder Workgroup of the Drug Shortages Summit	
8	Jason Byrd, J.D	
9	and Regulatory Affairs American Society of Anesthesiologists	
10		
11	Juliana Reed	
12	Panel Discussion: Recommendations for Solutions	
13	from Healthcare Professional Groups (Discussion of Solution-based Panel Questions for Healthcar	e
14	Professional Groups)	
15	Bona Benjamin, RPh, Moderator	
16	American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists	
17	Panel Members:	
18	American Hospital Association	
19	American Society of Health-System Pharmacists American Society of Clinical Oncology American Society of Anesthesiologists	
20	American Society of American Society for Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition Institute for Safe Medication Practices	
21	Child Healthcare Association of America	
22		
ı		

		7
1	AGENDA (cont.)	
2	Panel Discussion: Recommendations for Solutions from Supply Chain Entities	
3	(Discussion of Solution-based Panel Questions Supply Chain	
4	Susan Winckler, Moderator	
5	Michael A. Mone, J.D	
6	Vice President, Quality and Regulatory CardinalHealth	
7		
8	Bryant Mangum	
9		
10	Discussion	
11	Panel Members:	
12	Cardinal Health Premier, Inc.	
	Health Industry Group Purchasing Association	
13	Healthcare Distribution Management Association	
14	Panel Discussion: Recommendations for Solutions	
15	from the Pharmaceutical Industry (Discussion of Solution-based Panel Questions for Industry)
16	Susan Winckler, Moderator	
17		
18	Ralph Neas	
19		
20	Thomas G. Moore, Pharm.D	
21	Discussion	
22		

		8
1	AGENDA (cont.)	
2	PAGE	
3	Panel Members:	
4	Maya Birmingham, J.D PhRMA 301 Senior Assistant General Counsel	
5	Jonathan Kafer - Teva Health Systems 302 Vice President, Sales and Marketing	
6	Scott Meacham - APP Pharmaceuticals 304 Executive Vice President	
8	Chief Commercial Officer	
9	David Gaugh, R.Ph Bedford Laboratories 305 Vice President/General Manager	
10	Thomas G. Moore - Hospira	
11	Ralph Neas - Generic Pharmaceutical Association	
12	Open Question and Comment Period Susan Winckler, Moderator	
13	Scott Knoer	
14	Chief Pharmacy Officer Cleveland Clinic	
15	Laura Porter, M.D	
16	Colon Cancer Alliance	
17	Dawn Stefanik, Nurse Manager334 Sandra and Malcolm Berman	
18	Cancer Institute Greater Baltimore Medical Center	
19		
20	Sara Shull	
21	University of Wisconsin Hospital and Clinics Madison, Wisconsin	
22		

	0 0 1	
		9
1	AGENDA (cont.)	
2	PAGE	
	Leslie McGorman 340	
3	Infectious Diseases Society of America	
4	Andrew Sperling 343	
5	Director, Legislative Advocacy National Alliance on Mental Illness	
6	Emil Engels, M.D 346	
	Anestheologist	
7	Fairfax Hospital Fairfax, Virginia	
8	_ aam,	
9	Frederick Blum, M.D 350	
1.0	Judi Jacobi	
10	Past President Society of Critical Care Medicine	
11	boelety of circlear care meaterne	
12	Burgunda V. Sweet, Pharm.D 355 University of Michigan	
13	Closing Remarks	
14		
15	Adjourn	
1 1	* * * * *	
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		

10

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	DR. COX:and then to comments from Dr.
3	Throckmorton, and then we'll move on, and we'll some
4	about the current status of drug shortages through a
5	series of presentation. Then we'll move to the
6	patient's perspective, the healthcare perspective, and
7	then we'll have a period of closing questions and
8	comments. And we would ask that people sign up, given
9	the size of the meeting, at the registration desk if
10	you'd like to make formal comments during the opening
11	comments and questions period.
12	After folks have had a chance to make formal
13	comments, then we'll move on and allow folks that want
14	to ask questions to also come up to the microphone and
15	do so.
16	After the morning questions and comments
17	period, in the afternoon we move to recommendations for
18	solutions to address drug shortages. We'll have a
19	panel discussion. The panel discussions will be
20	several in numbers, and they'll include discussion from
21	the healthcare professionals, supply chain, and then
22	also the pharmaceutical industry.

Then following those panels, we'll have 1 another period of open questions and comments. again, if you'd like to speak in the afternoon session and make formal comments, we ask that you sign up out e front at the registration desk, and that'll help us to 5 6 manage time and time allotted will be dependent upon 7 the number of folks that do sign up. Just so folks know, the meeting is being 8 webcasted, so that folk who are aware. And then also, 10 there will be a transcript. We expect the transcript 11 will post about 30 days after the meeting along with 12 the slides too. We did try and make slide available, 13 but a large number folks and some of the slides, 14 including my own, were a little later coming in, so 15 they will be available on the Web site following the 16 meeting. 17 I expect as the day goes on too the room may 18 get a little more full with folks. We do have a couple 19 of overflow rooms toward the back, and the folks at the 20 registration desk can help folks find those rooms as 21 needed. We certainly did our best to accommodate

folks, but I think many have probably noticed, as we

22

- 1 all have, the increasing interest in drug shortage over
- 2 the last several months, and it exceeded the capacity
- 3 of what we originally planned when we started planning
- 4 this several months ago.
- 5 So I welcome everybody, and we look forward
- 6 to a productive day. And with that, I'll welcome Dr.
- 7 Douglas Throckmorton, Deputy Center Director for
- 8 Regulatory Programs to the podium to make some
- 9 introductory and welcoming remarks. Thanks, Doug.
- DR. THROCKMORTON: Thanks very much, Ed. My
- 11 congratulations to the organizers. As you all know,
- 12 organizing and planning a meeting like this does not
- 13 happen quickly, but it arise at a very auspicious time
- 14 in this particular challenge. The issues around drug
- 15 shortage are at unprecedented levels of interest, and
- 16 this meeting occurs at a time when it has potential to
- 17 have maximal impact. The things you guys talk about
- 18 today can really make a difference, can really be fed
- 19 into things that are going on to try to alleviate this
- 20 serious shortage. I applaud the organizers for their
- 21 sense of timing as I said.
- 22 What I'd like to do today is talk very

- 1 briefly about the gravity of the current situation --
- 2 you're all are aware of that I'm quite certain -- some
- 3 of the reasons that may be behind the shortages these
- 4 things will be discussed in greater detail through the
- 5 day, and then lead with a conversation about the FDA
- 6 and its role in this larger picture in addressing the
- 7 drug shortage issue, and some comments about the goals.
- 8 So this is my only data slide. It makes two
- 9 points. One: Despite the efforts of all of the
- 10 partners in the room, and particularly the FDA, our
- 11 drug shortage issues are growing worst and not better.
- 12 The second point is that the shortages matter. They
- 13 are the injectables. They are the things that we
- 14 understand to be most important for public health. They
- 15 are things that we need to address or things we need to
- 16 find a way to turn around.
- 17 The reasons behind these trends are not hard
- 18 to find: Economic forces, industry consolidation,
- 19 manufacturing challenges such as manufacturing quality,
- 20 discontinuations, and capacity issues. All are playing
- 21 into a larger spectrum to causes drug shortages to grow
- 22 worst and not better.

1	The FDA's role first and foremost is to focus
2	on those products that are necessary to meet medical
3	needs of critically ill patients. Our priorities must
4	remain on the medically-necessary drugs. Within that
5	context, we're working with manufacturers, affected
6	patients, physician groups, any group that we can to
7	minimize the impact of those shortages through
8	information sharing wherever possible; and the group
9	has set up a complex net of communications that I know
10	has worked to alleviate shortages in the past. We've
11	obviously shown flexibility where we could around
12	manufacturing and review wherever that's possible, but
13	we are one group among many.
14	And there are others in the room that know
15	they also play an important role in addressing this
16	drug shortage issue. This list is a long one. You may
17	be able to add others. Manufacturers, distributors,
18	prescribers, professional societies, consumer groups,
19	academics, and payers all play a role in this issue,
20	all play a role in addressing the continuing shortage
21	issue.
22	The goals then of this workshop first and

- 1 foremost is to discuss our perspective, the FDA's
- 2 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research's perspective,
- 3 on how we have been working to alleviate and address
- 4 the drug shortage issue.
- 5 We need to learn from you in the room about
- 6 new ideas, new things that have not yet been tried, or
- 7 ways to make things that have be done better or more
- 8 efficient or more timely to find ways to address the
- 9 drug shortage issue. This critical need for important,
- 10 lifesaving medicines needs to be addressed by all of
- 11 us, not simply the FDA. We need to find solutions to
- 12 alleviate or prevent these drug shortages.
- 13 I'll summarize then by welcoming you. Thank
- 14 you for making the time to come here. This meeting is
- 15 occurring at an important time as I said. We will
- 16 listen very carefully, and the things that are
- 17 discussed here are timely and have real potential to
- 18 change the way we go forward.
- 19 We are seeking to identify new tools to
- 20 alleviate or prevent drug shortages not limited to the
- 21 things that the FDA can do. We thank all of you who
- 22 are participating and looking forward to working

- 1 together with you to address this problem.
- 2 Ed, thank you very much.
- DR. COX: Thank you, Doug. Now I'd like to
- 4 invite Rear Admiral Sandra Kweder to the podium to
- 5 provide us with some comments and perspective on the
- 6 public health impact of drug shortages. Sandy.
- 7 DR. KWEDER: Good morning, everybody. I
- 8 really want to congratulate the Drug Shortage staff for
- 9 putting this meeting together this morning. These are
- 10 the folks who work on these shortages and try and
- 11 mitigate their impact every single day.
- 12 I'm here because I'm in the Office of New
- 13 Drugs, which is the office within which the drug
- 14 shortages team sits, but they don't work alone. We
- 15 have, as you already know, there are professionals from
- 16 every corner of FDA who try and work on this. But I
- 17 want to acknowledge, as Doug alluded to, that this is
- 18 not just a burden or a puzzle to piece together and fix
- 19 just for FDA or just for the Drug Shortage staff.
- 20 So let me just -- looking around the room,
- 21 raise your hand if you are here as a member of the
- 22 medical profession who sees patients or interfaces with

17

- 1 patient care on a regular basis. Just raise your hand,
- 2 the table and in the room.
- 3 Okay. So you see this drug shortage
- 4 challenge from a very up close and personal
- 5 perspective. You see the distress that it causes in
- 6 day-to-day operations of taking care of patients, of
- 7 being the patient whose fourth course of chemotherapy
- 8 is delayed or they have to accept a substitute that,
- 9 hmmm, maybe the oncologist isn't too sure about.
- 10 Raise your hand if you are here from the
- 11 pharmaceutical industry as a distributor or as a
- 12 producer. Anybody at the table?
- 13 Okay. So you're the folks who are out there
- 14 trying to figure out, "Okay, FDA is calling me. We got
- 15 to fix our facility, and you know we got these leaks
- 16 over in Building A, and we don't know what kind of
- 17 problems they're causing in Building B where we got
- 18 this product that's not so big, but we need to maintain
- 19 production because if not the oncologists and the
- 20 anesthesiologist are going to be screaming, and our
- 21 competitors are going to do really well, but I got one
- 22 facility."

Or you're trying to ramp up production because FDA is calling you, and if you ramp up production in one thing, it means you got to give up something because you only have so much capacity. It's a tough spot to be in. 5 6 My challenge to this group to and going 7 forward is -- the folks that have raised their hands and then everybody else in the room who sees this from another window all have the capacity to think about 10 these challenges and figure out -- we're all in this 11 together, okay. There's no one cause of this. We're 12 all in this, and we've got to look at ourselves and 13 figure out what can we do to prevent these. You know 14 what, we don't want to have a big drug shortages staff.

1

15

16

17

18

19

20

problem.

21 at yourself and what you can do to prevent it and how 22 you can partner with parties in your own sphere and

We will if we have to, but that's not our goal.

not into empire building on the drug shortages staff

here at FDA. We want this to not be a public health

solvable, and there are many spheres of activity that

can contribute to addressing it. We want you to look

It is a public health problem, but it is

- 1 outside of it to try and prevent these shortages.
- We have said from the beginning of this that
- 3 it is the responsibility of the pharmaceutical
- 4 industry, if you're in this business, to produce a high
- 5 quality product. When you go into this business,
- 6 that's your job. Okay. We're willing to help to do
- 7 that. Where we can facilitate that, we absolutely
- 8 will.
- 9 This isn't the industry's fault, but what we
- 10 all need to do -- and people outside this room whose
- 11 pay grades are way bigger than mine -- to also look at
- 12 what are the other influences that have gotten us to
- 13 this place today and how are those also being
- 14 addressed. So I challenge you to think creatively.
- 15 Think with a really opened mind. Look outside the view
- 16 that you usually have and try and understand this so
- 17 that our solutions can be creative and practical and
- 18 implementable in rapid order.
- 19 So thank you for being here, and I will look
- 20 forward to hearing the discussion.
- DR. COX: Thank you, Sandy. Now I'll move on
- 22 and provide some perspectives on the CDER Drug Shortage

- 1 Program and some of what we've seen over the last
- 2 several years. I'll start out just with some
- 3 background on the CDER Drug Shortage Program and then
- 4 talk some about what we've seen with regards to the
- 5 trends in shortages; discuss some of different
- 6 categories of reasons for shortages that we've seen;
- 7 talk some about industry's role; and then also discuss
- 8 CDER's role and approaches to prevention and mitigation
- 9 of drug shortages.
- 10 And when I speak about drugs, generally I'm
- 11 talking about drugs, therapeutic proteins, and
- 12 monoclonal antibodies. There are the products that are
- 13 regulated within the Center for Drug Evaluation and
- 14 Research.
- 15 And just for a little bit of history, the
- 16 Drug Shortage Program began in 1999. Its mission is to
- 17 address potential and actual drug shortages. We
- 18 currently have four full-time staff and a coordinator.
- 19 I'm the coordinator, and we try and facilitate
- 20 prevention and resolution of shortages by collaborating
- 21 with FDA experts, industry, and external stakeholders.
- 22 And really, you'll see as I walk through it -- and I'll

- 1 give some examples -- a lot of what we're doing really
- 2 is facilitation.
- 3 We also strive to provide drug shortage
- 4 information to the public. There are certain
- 5 situations where simply just having information is
- 6 really critical to allow folks to plan and understand
- 7 what's going on. We also strive to maintain outreach
- 8 with healthcare professional organizations, patient
- 9 groups, and other stakeholders.
- 10 We have very limited authorities that are
- 11 directly related to drug shortages. One specific
- 12 authority we do have is we have a notification
- 13 requirement for discontinuation of life-supporting and
- 14 life-sustaining therapies or therapies used for
- 15 treating debilitating diseases in the setting where the
- 16 product is one that's made by a sole-source
- 17 manufacturer. And in that setting, we require six
- 18 months' notification.
- 19 But really with regards to our authority,
- 20 manufacturing capacity is not something that we
- 21 control. We can't dictate the quantity of a particular
- 22 drug that being produced.

The Drug Shortage Program really is a program 1 that's been really built on the voluntary participation of industry and other stakeholders out there in the field that are willing to provide us with information so that we can inform and react to what's going on in the world of drug manufacturing. 7 And I provide this slide really just for the purpose of reference. It provides the citation with regards to discontinuation of a lifesaving product, and 10 there's a B part to this that I haven't include that 11 talks about circumstances where there are mitigating circumstances where folks don't have to give six 12 13 months' notification. And then the next section which 14 talks about informing about drug discontinuation, and 15 we do that through our Drug Shortage Web site, where we 16 list product that are going to be discontinued. 17 And Doug showed you this slide too -- and I 18 think folks have probably seen it in other venues too -19 - and that is this is what we have seen with shortages 20 over the last several years, and clearly an increase in 21 the number of shortages. And notable too is the number 22 of shortages that we've seen with sterile injectable

- 1 drugs. We don't have the numbers yet for 2011, but
- 2 from what we're seeing so far we expect that the
- 3 numbers will be higher. Sterile injectable products
- 4 will continue to be an important cause of drug
- 5 shortages.
- 6 And if we look at the different categories
- 7 that we have for reasons that drug shortages are
- 8 occurring. This is data from 2010, and we see that 54
- 9 percent are due to product quality or GMP issues; 21
- 10 percent due to delays and capacity issues; 11 percent
- 11 due to discontinuation; 5 percent due to raw material
- 12 or API issues.
- 13 And for 2011 although we don't have the
- 14 number yet, we expect that the data for the percent due
- 15 to product quality issues will be higher than what we
- 16 saw in 2010. Some of the reasons for shortages of
- 17 older sterile injectable drugs if we try and step up
- 18 and look at the issue more broadly, well, it seems
- 19 there's really not enough manufacturing capacity. The
- 20 other issue that affects the field is the consolidation
- 21 or clustering within industry; see fewer firms making
- 22 these products.

- 1 The top seven firms make up a very large
- 2 percent of the overall market. They also serve as
- 3 contract manufacturers, and there's a lot of
- 4 interrelatedness production going on within the
- 5 industry, a lot of production that's in essence tied
- 6 together, if you will, from firms contracting out
- 7 manufacturing as well as acting as contract
- 8 manufacturers. There's a lack of redundancy within the
- 9 field. Oftentimes multiple products are made on the
- 10 existing manufacturing line, so a problem can influence
- 11 multiple products.
- 12 In many of the products too, there are
- 13 complex manufacturing processes. Certainly sterile
- 14 injectable products represent real challenges in the
- 15 area of manufacturing. And also too, the older sterile
- 16 injectable products are not so tremendously
- 17 economically attractive.
- 18 So our approach to shortage prevention and
- 19 mitigation. As we work through a shortage, we're
- 20 considering the medical necessity of the product. The
- 21 risk/benefit of the product is always some that we're
- 22 looking at as we try and understanding approaches and

- 1 ways to mitigate a drug shortage. And we really try
- 2 and do everything possible within our authority to
- 3 continue availability while minimizing risk to
- 4 patients. When there are manufacturing and quality
- 5 problems, we work with the firm to try and address the
- 6 issues.
- 7 Flexibility is something that we can employ
- 8 to address shortages to mitigate the particular
- 9 shortage event, but we have to mindful of the risk and
- 10 understand what the potential risk are of mitigation
- 11 approaches and to make sure that the benefit/risk ratio
- 12 is still positive.
- 13 I've included here the definition of medical
- 14 necessity just for reference: A medically necessary
- 15 drug product is a product that is used to treat or
- 16 prevent a serious disease or medical condition for
- 17 which there is no other alternative drug available in
- 18 adequate supply that is judged by medical staff to be
- 19 an adequate substitute.
- 20 And I've also provided a reference to our
- 21 drug shortage map that's available on the Web site,
- 22 where I sourced the definition from. Folks may find

- 1 that a helpful reference.
- 2 And then moving on as far as approaches to
- 3 preventing or mitigating drug shortages. One of the
- 4 things we can do is we can encourage firms to ramp up
- 5 production, and that may help to address the shortfall
- 6 and the settings of a shortage.
- 7 We do try and expedite issues related to drug
- 8 shortages. For example, if a new manufacturing line is
- 9 needed, a new API supplier is needed, we try and
- 10 expedite the review of those supplements in order to be
- 11 able to address the shortage in a timely fashion. And
- 12 then in rare cases we do temporarily import drugs from
- 13 sources outside the U.S., so these are unapproved
- 14 sources, but we do this in the setting of critical
- 15 public health need. And when we consider importation,
- 16 one of the things we do is we look carefully to
- 17 understand the inspectional history of the plant
- 18 whether it be inspections that FDA has done previously
- 19 if the facility makes other FDA-approved drugs or
- 20 inspections done by another regulatory authority such
- 21 as the EMA.
- In 2010, we had propofol as a drug that was

- 1 temporarily imported. In 2011, there was temporary
- 2 importation of Foscarnet, Ethiodol, Thiotepa,
- 3 norepinephrine, Xeloda, levoleucovorin, leucovorin. And
- 4 one thing just to note in general about importation is
- 5 that it's something that we investigate the setting of
- 6 a critical public health need, but when we reach out,
- 7 there may not always be available suppliers who are
- 8 willing and/or able to provide drug to the U.S. In
- 9 some instances, the shortages are not just the U.S.
- 10 alone but may be a more global nature, so it's
- 11 something that works in certain select circumstances
- 12 but is fairly limited and temporary in nature.
- 13 Now to move on and talk some about prevented
- 14 shortages in the years 2010. In 2010, there were 38
- 15 shortages that were prevented due to early notification
- 16 from firms; 16 were prevented through regulatory
- 17 discretion; that is, the judgment on the risk of the
- 18 quality manufacturing issue was able to be mitigated
- 19 and was outweighed by the benefit of the drug; 13 were
- 20 prevented through expedited review, either having a new
- 21 manufacturing site come online, new suppliers, or
- 22 changes in specifications or other changes; 8 were

- 1 prevented through encourages other firms to ramp up
- 2 their production. And again, this is dependent upon
- 3 those firms being able to do so.
- In 2011, we've seen increased reporting by
- 5 manufacturers of potential shortages. This helps us to
- 6 be able to respond. So far in 2011 -- and this is just
- 7 the data to date -- we've had 99 shortages that have
- 8 been prevented due to early notification; 84 were
- 9 prevented through expedited review, getting a new
- 10 manufacturing site, supplier, or a change in
- 11 specifications that allowed the shortage to be
- 12 prevented; and 12 were prevented through regulatory
- 13 discretion, where based upon an assessment of the
- 14 situation the benefits of making the drugs available
- 15 outweighed the risk, and there may have been other
- 16 mitigating circumstances in there too.
- I thought it might be helpful just to sort of
- 18 take a step back and think about a hypothetical
- 19 prevented drug shortage. And this really is a
- 20 hypothetical situation. I'll just sort of walk through
- 21 it, and I'm hoping that folks will find this helpful
- 22 because it really gets to some of the mechanics of

- 1 working through a drug shortage and how we approach
- 2 things.
- Firm A calls the Drug Shortage Program to
- 4 tell that they've identified glass shards in their
- 5 sterile injectable drug product. The manufacturer has
- 6 noted this and is holding the product at the
- 7 manufacturing facility. This firm has 60 percent of
- 8 the market share of this medically-necessary product
- 9 that's used for treatment of a serious disease.
- 10 So when the Drug Shortage folks hear about
- 11 this, the first thing we do is we call Firm B. We know
- 12 that they're also manufacturing this product, and they
- 13 have 40-percent market share based upon our review of
- 14 marketing data.
- 15 Firm B is interested in helping and will
- 16 increase their production by 20 percent. They'll try
- 17 and do this as quickly as possible. It's going to take
- 18 them two weeks to get there. The 20-percent increase
- 19 will be difficult for Firm B because their
- 20 manufacturing capacity is already really tightly
- 21 allocated. But despite this, Firm B really is truly
- 22 interested in trying to help out and try to do what

- 1 they can to try and decrease the impact of the
- 2 shortage.
- We're able to do some calculations in the
- 4 Drug Shortage Program. And given the inventories,
- 5 current production levels, usage rates based on
- 6 historical usage information, the time until the
- 7 shortage will occur -- and that is when folks will be
- 8 able to get product out there, healthcare providers to
- 9 administer to patients -- we're estimating in about
- 10 three weeks. So that gives us an idea of the timeframe
- 11 that we're working under.
- 12 So Manufacturer A does some additional
- 13 scientific and analytic work and has shown that the
- 14 glass shards can be removed by filtering the product
- 15 prior to administration. They've also checked to make
- 16 sure that after the filtration step the integrity of
- 17 the product is okay. They send this information, the
- 18 scientific data that they have, into FDA for FDA's
- 19 review.
- 20 FDA is able to expedite the review of the
- 21 data given the critical need for the product and the
- 22 potential shortage situation that we're seeing, and

- 1 we're able to allow release of the product under
- 2 enforcement discretion of the effective lots that have
- 3 the glass shards with a filter in place in order to be
- 4 able to filter out the glass shards. Also included
- 5 with this is a "Dear Healthcare Professional" letter to
- 6 inform folks about the necessity of filtering the
- 7 product prior to administration.
- 8 And with Manufacturer A's affected inventory
- 9 being able to be released with a filter, we are able to
- 10 avert the shortage of this medically-necessary product.
- 11 Critical here also is that Manufacturer A
- 12 also still has some additional work to do. They've
- 13 gone back to further investigate the cause of the glass
- 14 shards so they can get to the root cause of the problem
- 15 and can prevent this problem from happening during
- 16 their next production supply in order to avert
- 17 shortages in the future due to this particular reason.
- 18 So that's sort of the mechanics of what's
- 19 going on with the shortage, working with the
- 20 manufacturer.
- 21 What's going on within FDA CDER? Well, you
- 22 can tell the Drug Shortage Program is getting notified,

- 1 and then we're bringing in experts from within the
- 2 Center for Drugs, within the review divisions, and the
- 3 Office of New Drugs that regulates the particular
- 4 therapeutic areas of the products that are involved.
- If it's a generic product, we're working with
- 6 the Office of Generic Drugs. As you can tell, given
- 7 that this is a product quality issue, the Office of New
- 8 Drug Quality Assessment is critical.
- 9 If it were a biologic product, either a
- 10 therapeutic protein or monoclonal antibody, we would be
- 11 working very closely with our Office of Biotechnology
- 12 Products. We're always working closely with our Office
- 13 of Compliance on these issues and others.
- 14 So you can see there's a lot of coordination
- 15 and facilitation going on both outside the FDA, working
- 16 with industry folks, and then also within the FDA,
- 17 bringing our experts together and responding to drug
- 18 shortage issues.
- 19 Just a few observations or things to note,
- 20 and that is that FDA plays a key role in working with
- 21 manufacturers to facilitate responses to prevent or
- 22 mitigate a drug shortage. Largely what we're doing is

- 1 a secondary response to mitigate a problem that's
- 2 already happened. Manufacturers play a key role in
- 3 responding to shortages is that they make the products
- 4 that doctors and patients use. It's important to
- 5 consider the root cause of a shortage, and being able
- 6 to get at the root cause can allow for a shortage to be
- 7 presented and can get to the issue of primary
- 8 prevention.
- 9 It's also important to recognize that some
- 10 shortages can't be prevented. Some shortages involve
- 11 unforeseen, unanticipated problems such as
- 12 manufacturing line breakdown or other events that cause
- 13 an unavoidable shortage. Manufacturers in the setting
- 14 of a shortage might not be able to make up production
- 15 in order to be able to meet the shortfall in the
- 16 setting of a shortage. And again, it depends on how
- 17 many manufacturers are making a particular product and
- 18 what additional capacity they may or may not have in
- 19 order to be able to address the need to address the
- 20 shortfall.
- 21 We described the situation with a filter, but
- 22 there may be other scenarios where the risks are

- 1 significant with the product, and we may not be able to
- 2 mitigate the risk.
- And then some example of recent quality of
- 4 manufacturing issues involving sterile injectable
- 5 drugs, and I'll walk through. And what you'll see here
- 6 is really a spectrum of the types of problems that can
- 7 be encountered, and you'll see the range of the
- 8 seriousness of the problems, if you will. We've seen
- 9 significant quality issues that have occurred that
- 10 include sterility problems including bacterial/mold
- 11 contamination, particles of foreign matter, glass,
- 12 metal, fibers in the vials.
- 13 We've also seen crystallization of the active
- 14 ingredient; a precipitate forming; there may be an
- 15 interaction with some of the materials such as the
- 16 stopper of a particular drug product; or newly
- 17 identified impurities or degradants.
- 18 And then some of the issues that are more
- 19 easily able to be addressed: Error in labels or
- 20 packaging, which can be addressed by either providing
- 21 supplemental information, a "Dear Healthcare Provider
- 22 Letter, " or enforcement discretion; (inaudible) of

- 1 specification results that don't alter the benefit/risk
- 2 in an unfavorable manner.
- 3 Other unforeseen or unanticipated issues.
- 4 There may be manufacturing equipment breakdown. There
- 5 may be natural disasters or other events causing loss
- 6 of manufacturing and in some cases loss of inventory.
- 7 Some examples of this may be a fire at raw material or
- 8 finished product manufacturing site. The Japan
- 9 earthquake; there were several potential sources there.
- 10 We were able to avert those or facilitate preventing
- 11 those through working with manufacturers. And then the
- 12 Icelandic volcano; folks probably recall when that
- 13 eruption occurred. That impacted transportation and
- 14 had some impact on availability of supplies.
- 15 With regards to flexibility, we can and do
- 16 exercise flexibility when appropriate to try and
- 17 minimize impacts on drug shortages in order to be able
- 18 to get drugs to providers and patients.
- 19 We can allow the distribution of product with
- 20 filters or other strategies to try and mitigate
- 21 deviations. And also we can alert healthcare providers
- 22 to deviations in products that may be occurring. We

- 1 can allow release of medically-necessary products with
- 2 extra testing and third-party oversight. We can also
- 3 build an exemption for medically-necessary products
- 4 into enforcement action such as consent decrees. We've
- 5 already talked some too about how we've used temporary
- 6 importation in the past.
- 7 For industry's role, potential solutions.
- 8 Certainly, planning ahead by adding redundancies to
- 9 manufacturing and raw material supplies to prevent
- 10 shortages of medically-necessary drugs can help. A
- 11 commitment to quality and proactively identifying and
- 12 promptly correcting issues can also help in the
- 13 prevention of shortages. Really, the goal here is to
- 14 try and prevent the sudden lack of a lifesaving
- 15 medication for consumers, patients, and healthcare
- 16 providers.
- And also, we do greatly appreciate the
- 18 notification of the Drug Shortage Program as soon as
- 19 folks become aware of an issue that could impact upon
- 20 supply. And I've already talked about the 38 shortages
- 21 prevented in 2010 and 99 in 2011, and that's largely
- 22 due to early notification and our ability to work with

- 1 manufacturers to try and find solutions to prevent
- 2 shortages from occurring.
- 3 The continuing role for CDER's Drug Shortage
- 4 Program. We will certainly continue to work with
- 5 manufacturers. We're committed to do what we can in
- 6 order to try and be able to prevent or mitigate
- 7 shortages. We encourage voluntary reporting of
- 8 possible supply interruptions or decreases in supply.
- 9 We also think it's important to continue to track drug
- 10 shortages. As you've seen from the slides that show
- 11 the number of shortages over time, it's very helpful
- 12 for us to monitor what's going on and then also to
- 13 understand some of the reasons that shortages are
- 14 occurring.
- 15 Another critical role is our outreach to
- 16 healthcare professionals, consumers, manufacturers.
- 17 Some shortages can be prevented, other cannot, and
- 18 certainly having information allows folks to plan and
- 19 react to what's going on with the supply of a drug. We
- 20 recognize the value of having this information, and we
- 21 do try and post it on our Web site so that folks are
- 22 aware.

- 1 And then with this, I'll close. Just so
- 2 folks have as a reference, the Drug Shortage Web site,
- 3 the Drug Shortage email account where we appreciate
- 4 receiving notification of shortages.
- 5 And also one last note, and that is that we
- 6 have a webinar on prescription drug shortages on
- 7 September 30 at 11 a.m. We welcome folks to join that,
- 8 and Web address about that is listed there. So with
- 9 that, I'll close, and thank you. And then we'll move
- 10 to our next speaker, Erin Fox.
- 11 Want to welcome Erin Fox to the podium from
- 12 the Drug Information Service at the University of Utah
- 13 Hospitals and Clinics, and she'll be talking to us
- 14 about her update on the status of drug shortages,
- 15 causes, and significant change. Welcome, Erin.
- 16 MS. FOX: Thank you very much. I'm honored
- 17 to be invited here to speak today on a topic that I've
- 18 spent virtually my whole professional career on, drug
- 19 shortages. And I've already killed the monitor there.
- 20 There we go.
- 21 So I do have a disclosure statement to make.
- 22 I currently direct the University of Utah's Drug

- 1 Information Service, and our service does receive a
- 2 portion of our funding for the drug shortage
- 3 information we provide from Novation.
- 4 So why is someone from the University of Utah
- 5 here talking to you today in Washington, D.C., about
- 6 the problem of drug shortages. Our Drug Information
- 7 Service has always had a very standard way of providing
- 8 information to our physicians and clinicians at our
- 9 hospitals about drug shortages, and we began a
- 10 partnership with Novation and ASHP about 10 years ago,
- 11 when shortages began to become a real problem.
- 12 We continued to provide drug shortages
- 13 information on a public Web site. It's
- 14 ashp.org/shortages. There is no sign-on required to go
- 15 to that Web site, and what we do is we provide
- 16 information there to help clinicians really manage a
- 17 drug shortage for their patient.
- 18 It's important to know that we receive
- 19 voluntary report of shortages. We do not receive any
- 20 advanced notice of any kind. And I want to make it
- 21 clear that the collaboration what we have together with
- 22 our service, FDA, and ASHP, Novation, together we make

40

- 1 a really great team, and we provide the very best
- 2 information that way.
- 3 Let me go into a little bit about how this
- 4 shortage process works on our end. Anyone can go to
- 5 the public Web site and report a shortage. What that
- 6 does is it generates an email to a variety of folks,
- 7 but one of those emails goes to our Drug Information
- 8 Service, and it's our responsibility and my amazing
- 9 team there to investigate whether or not it truly is a
- 10 shortage. Well, how do we do that? We directly
- 11 contact the manufacturers to try to figure out if
- 12 there's a shortage or not. Sometimes there's not a
- 13 shortage, but sometimes there is. So we're working
- 14 directly to figure out from the manufacturer not only
- 15 is there a shortage but the reason why and the expected
- 16 duration.
- 17 So then we share back the information, and we
- 18 make a determination as to whether or not this
- 19 information should go on the Web site. And really if
- 20 most products are available, we probably won't post
- 21 something to the Web site. But if it looks like there
- 22 is pretty severe impacts for patients and clinicians

41

- 1 possible, then we will go ahead and err on the side of
- 2 reporting that information to the Web site.
- We provide daily updates to that Web site,
- 4 sometimes 100 updates a week, on all the shortages that
- 5 are listed. And one of the things that we provide
- 6 that's a little bit different than FDA's page is our
- 7 drug information does a lot of research, and when there
- 8 are potential alternatives that can be used, we provide
- 9 that referenced, evidence-based information for
- 10 clinicians to use all over the country. That way
- 11 people aren't trying to reinvent the wheel as people
- 12 are struggling to manage these shortages.
- 13 Here is the current picture, and I want to
- 14 just make clear why are my numbers different than FDA's
- 15 number. There are a couple of reasons for that. We
- 16 include all shortages, biologic products, many products
- 17 that aren't considered medically-necessary products. So
- 18 these are the total number of shortages that have been
- 19 reported.
- 20 So just to orient you, along the horizontal
- 21 are each year from 2001 forward to the current date.
- 22 This is current as of September 15, and you can see

- 1 that the current trend is one of increasing shortages.
- 2 We saw that from FDA's slide, and you can see that the
- 3 trend really started in 2007 ramping up. So far in
- 4 2011, we have virtually matched last year's total, and
- 5 we still have a quarter of the year left to go. So we
- 6 are certainly on a trend for another record-breaking
- 7 year.
- 8 One last mention about this. Each column
- 9 represents just the number of new shortages identified
- 10 during that year. Those columns do not include any
- 11 leftover shortages from the previous year that might
- 12 still be active. So, for example, we have 210
- 13 shortages right now, but our drug information center is
- 14 currently following about 260 shortages.
- This slide is very similar to what FDA showed
- 16 us that most of these drugs are injectable drugs.
- 17 Because we have just a few more numbers, our number
- 18 right now is we're right about 60 percent are
- 19 injectable drug.
- 20 This pie chart -- I'm not going to go into
- 21 all the reasons for shortages. I think we heard quite
- 22 a bit about that. One thing I want to show you here is

- 1 that the main reason that our Drug Information Service
- 2 identifies the most frequent reason for a shortage is
- 3 unknown. Now I realize unknown is not actually a
- 4 reason, but often the manufacturers were simply unable
- 5 to identify a reason.
- 6 Now FDA knows the reasons, but even though we
- 7 have that really nice collaboration, they can't always
- 8 tell them me what the reason is. And so if I can't
- 9 figure it out from media report, FDA's Web site, or
- 10 directly from the manufacturer, on our Web site we have
- 11 to report unknown.
- 12 Some of the other reasons we've heard about
- 13 today, manufacturing problems, supply constraints, raw
- 14 material. But again, that 55 percent of unknown,
- 15 that's really key to me because it shows that we don't
- 16 really understand all of the reasons why shortages are
- 17 happening. There are probably a number of reasons
- 18 perhaps we don't know why things are happening, cost,
- 19 supply issues, hoarding, things that just aren't in
- 20 play here because we don't know.
- So very quickly, we know we've had
- 22 consolidation in the market, and certainly we've seen

- 1 generic injectables go from maybe seven manufacturers
- 2 down to one or two. We know that we have a free market
- 3 in our country. No company is bound to continue making
- 4 any drug no matter how medically necessary it is. And
- 5 there are lots of things that businesses can decide to
- 6 do that make great business sense but may not always be
- 7 the best for the patients.
- 8 There are certainly things that happen along
- 9 the line of profitability, choosing to fix a factory
- 10 line or not, sometimes there are annual quotas.
- 11 Sometime factories even just need to close down once a
- 12 year for a routine cleaning and vacations, and if
- 13 that's unfortunately lines up with a time when they're
- 14 needed to ramp up production, maybe they're not able to
- 15 help.
- Again, we've heard quite a bit about
- 17 manufacturing problems that can happen, and there are
- 18 quite a few things in that realm, and I'm not going to
- 19 go into the details because we just heard a great
- 20 presentation on that.
- 21 I get to speak on drug shortages quite a bit,
- 22 and one of the things that I'm always struck by is how

- 1 many people feel that drug shortages are FDA's fault.
- 2 So one of the things that I wanted to look at was,
- 3 well, what about these inspections? What about these
- 4 483 forms? What are those like? The Pink Sheet in
- 5 June of 2011 did a very nice summary of what the top
- 6 violations are in 483s. And I think these really
- 7 mirror what we just heard in the slides before mine;
- 8 things like quality control, standard operating
- 9 procedures not being followed, failure to investigate
- 10 discrepancies, lack of sound scientific control, and
- 11 issues related to manufacturing performance.
- 12 So if FDA with these inspections is really at
- 13 fault, we would probably expect to see the curves
- 14 mirroring each other, 483's going up at about the same
- 15 rate that shortages are going up. This graphic kind of
- 16 maps that together, but it wasn't what I expected to
- 17 see when I mapped them out. Again, we heard that FDA
- 18 is just one of many partners. I don't think we can lay
- 19 all the blame at FDA's feet.
- 20 One thing I wanted to mention are
- 21 manufacturer recalls and their role as a cause of drug
- 22 shortages. Recalls on there are challenging enough, but

46

- 1 they can also worsen or precipitate a shortage. I
- 2 think if you think back to how severe that cytarabine
- 3 shortage was in the fall of 2010 a big reason for that
- 4 was when a recall happened for the firm that was really
- 5 the only one supplying the drug at the time.
- 6 Recalls can also create an immediate
- 7 emergency, wiping out a whole hospital stock of a
- 8 specific drug, and we had that happened at our
- 9 University of Utah System when one minute we had lot of
- 10 fosphenytoin that's used to help treat patients with
- 11 seizures. We had plenty of it in all our ICUs, and
- 12 five minutes later as soon as we got a recall notice we
- 13 had zero. So recalls can create immediate emergencies.
- So when you think about all these things
- 15 together, what it points to is that in our country we
- 16 have an incredibly fragile supply chain. We've had
- 17 consolidation, so that we have fewer suppliers.
- 18 Manufacturers, hospitals, all use just-in-time
- 19 inventories. What that means is there is less
- 20 resiliency even if there is a short-term glitch.
- 21 Hospitals often don't even order a product until a
- 22 prescriber decided that they wants to order that

47

- 1 product. They may not even have any on their shelf, so
- 2 if there's none to purchase, it's an immediate shortage
- 3 for that hospital.
- 4 We also have variable distribution methods in
- 5 our country. There are three large wholesalers that
- 6 most hospitals and clinics receive their drugs from:
- 7 AmerisourceBergen, McKesson, and Cardinal. And each
- 8 one actually has a different system for how they
- 9 deliver their products. So that variability in itself
- 10 can create some challenges, and it also contributes to
- 11 those very odd situations of one hospital having drug
- 12 and the hospital across the street not having drug.
- We've heard from manufacturers that it is
- 14 very difficult to increase and ramp up production to
- 15 make up 20-percent market share, and we also know that
- 16 global outsourcing of raw material can also be
- 17 problematic.
- 18 And one of the things I want to mention is a
- 19 new study that was published out of Ohio State on
- 20 offshore manufacturing problems. And these researchers
- 21 found that products manufactured in an offshore factory
- 22 had a much higher quality risk than those manufactured

- 1 in the United States. And the key reason for that was
- 2 the transfer of knowledge to a different culture with
- 3 different language and values.
- 4 So what is the trend for 2010-2011? Why are
- 5 things so bad right now? Well, a key trend for the
- 6 past two years has been one of extreme clinical impact.
- 7 We've had drug shortages for 10 years, but in the past
- 8 two years, we've really seen drug shortages where there
- 9 is no simple alternative. There may not be an optimal
- 10 alternative, and these shortages are requiring
- 11 treatment delays. We're talking about drugs like
- 12 antineoplastics used to treat cancer. These drugs are
- 13 settings in very specific regimens to be given at very
- 14 specific time. We don't have the outcome data to show
- 15 what happens when there are treatment delays. When a
- 16 drug in a regimen is no longer available, physicians
- 17 can no longer use an evidence-based regimen to treat
- 18 their patients.
- 19 We've seen shortages of antimicrobials, and
- 20 often these are the very last line therapies that are
- 21 short. These are therapies like Amikacin and
- 22 sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim used to treat often

- 1 resistant infection, and once you need one of those
- 2 drugs, you're at the end of the line.
- 3 And electrolytes, it may sound simple to
- 4 substitute one calcium salt for another, but it makes a
- 5 very big difference for premature infants who really
- 6 need to receive calcium gluconate rather than a calcium
- 7 chloride. And there are series dosing errors
- 8 happening, and there are serious adverse effects
- 9 happening.
- I wanted to look at the different shortages
- 11 by drug class just over the past two years. The light
- 12 blue represents 2010, and the darker blue is 2011
- 13 through September 15 of this year. You can see that
- 14 already this year we have matched or surpassed the
- 15 previous year's total for some drug classes.
- 16 And I'm specifically looking to central
- 17 nervous system drugs, and these are medications that
- 18 severely impact our emergency rooms, our operating
- 19 rooms, and really hospitals all over, medications,
- 20 seizure medications. These are critical, and we have
- 21 already surpassed those numbers from last year.
- 22 I've talked about antibiotics. I talked

- 1 about chemotherapy, so it's a wide variety of classes
- 2 of drugs that are being impacted.
- 3 There has been quite a bit of attention about
- 4 cancer chemotherapy drugs shortages, and I just want to
- 5 highlight what has the trend been for the past 10
- 6 years.
- Well, I think you can see that we have had a
- 8 few chemotherapy shortages just about every year for
- 9 the past 10 years, but the big difference came in 2010,
- 10 when we jumped from 4 chemotherapy shortages in 2009 to
- 11 24 chemotherapy shortages in 2010. That's a huge jump.
- 12 Oncologists simply have not been impacted by shortages
- 13 over the past 10 years. This is a very new problem in
- 14 that area.
- 15 Now why did that happen? Again, there are a
- 16 number of reasons. But if we think about Teva having
- 17 to close their Irvine facility in the spring of 2010,
- 18 about a third of the drugs that were impacted by the
- 19 closure were chemotherapy drugs.
- 20 So what is the current status? In 2010
- 21 continuing into 2011, we've had manufacturing
- 22 difficulties at companies all at the same time. What

- 1 that's done is it has extended the shortage problem
- 2 even to plants with good supply. So even a plant has
- 3 no production issues, they may be experiencing drug
- 4 shortages simply due to the increase demands on their
- 5 production because of the other plants that can't
- 6 supply.
- 7 What this mean is we've had prolonged and
- 8 continued problems with very real patient impact. And
- 9 I think that we really do need action and solutions,
- 10 and there's no one solution that can fix this problem.
- 11 It's too complex. Solutions need to come from all
- 12 areas of the supply chain. There are certainly
- 13 regulatory solutions. Manufacturing can ensure that
- 14 people aren't hoarding drug and that drug is not being
- 15 diverted to the gray market. Purchasers can consider
- 16 including what are manufacturers doing to prevent drug
- 17 shortages in their RFIs when they go out to contract.
- 18 So those are just a few things that can be
- 19 thought about. I know that there are multiple
- 20 solutions to his problem. Thank you.
- DR. COX: Thank you, Erin. Now I'd to invite
- 22 Roslyne Schulman and Burgunda Sweet to the podium to

- 1 talk about impact of drug shortages on hospitals and
- 2 health systems. Roslyne is the Director of Policy
- 3 Development for the American Hospital Association, and
- 4 Burgunda is in the University Michigan Health System
- 5 pharmacy, and I believe she's also representing the
- 6 American Society of Health-System Pharmacists. So,
- 7 welcome. Come join us.
- 8 MS. SCHULMAN: Thank you, and good morning.
- 9 Today, I and my colleague Dr. Gundy Sweet, the Director
- 10 of Drug Information Services at the University of
- 11 Michigan Health System will jointly present the results
- 12 of two independent national surveys that reviewed the
- 13 impact of drug shortages on hospitals and health
- 14 systems.
- 15 First to take care of some important
- 16 business, I'd like to state that neither Dr. Sweet nor
- 17 I have any conflicts of interest with regard to any
- 18 financial arrangements, affiliations, or other interest
- 19 with regard to the topic we're discussing today.
- 20 A bit of background about the two surveys.
- 21 With drug shortages becoming increasingly frequent, the
- 22 American Society of Health-System Pharmacists and the

- 1 American Hospital Association separately conducted
- 2 surveys of our members about six months apart. The
- 3 ASHP and the University of Michigan partnered on their
- 4 study. The purpose was three-fold: First, to quantify
- 5 the personnel resources required to manage drug
- 6 shortages; second, to define the extent to which recent
- 7 drug shortages have impacted health systems nationwide;
- 8 and third, to assess the adequacy of information
- 9 resources available to manage shortages.
- The ASHP survey was sent to over 1,300 of
- 11 their members who are the directors of pharmacy at
- 12 hospitals and health systems. The survey was launched
- 13 in late October of 2010 and closed mid-November, and
- 14 the 353 respondents who completed the survey were
- 15 broadly representative of types of hospitals, bedside
- 16 staffing, geographic region.
- 17 Similarly, in June of this year, the AHA sent
- 18 a survey to hospitals using a rapid-response survey
- 19 methodology. The purpose was to find out how the
- 20 shortages have impacted hospitals including patient
- 21 care impact, hospital financial impact, and the ways in
- 22 which the hospitals are coping with drug shortages. The

- 1 survey request was sent to all community hospitals CEOs
- 2 on June 1 via fax and email, and data was collected
- 3 through mid-June.
- 4 The AHA received responses from 820 hospitals
- 5 and health systems, and again, respondents were broadly
- 6 representative of the universe of community hospitals
- 7 across all geographic regions.
- 8 In a nutshell, what the AHA and the ASHP
- 9 surveys founds was both strikingly similar and
- 10 troubling. Both surveys found that nearly all
- 11 hospitals, over 99 percent, reported experiencing one
- 12 or more drug shortages. These shortages happened
- 13 across all treatment categories.
- In terms of the number of shortages, in the
- 15 first six months of 2011 nearly half of hospitals
- 16 responding to the AHA survey reported experiencing 21
- 17 or more drug shortages. The ASHP survey also found
- 18 that the number of shortages experienced increases with
- 19 the size of the hospital.
- 20 Both surveys also found that patient care
- 21 suffers as a result of drug shortages. Findings
- 22 include that patient care is delayed, that hospitals

- 1 must resort to treating patients with less effective
- 2 alternative drug, and that there have been adverse
- 3 patient outcomes as a result of drug shortages.
- 4 To delve into our results in a bit more of a
- 5 granular way, on this slide you see the data from the
- 6 AHA survey showing the number of unique drug shortages
- 7 that hospitals reported experiencing in the first six
- 8 months of 2011. And you can see well more than half,
- 9 57 percent, of hospitals reported more than 15
- 10 shortages in the 6-month period. The ASHP survey
- 11 report similar number of shortages in 2010.
- 12 This slide is from the ASHP-University of
- 13 Michigan study and demonstrates that the numbers of
- 14 drug shortages experienced by hospitals increases by
- 15 the size of the hospital in terms of the number of bed.
- 16 So the largest hospitals, those with more than 400
- 17 beds, nearly half experienced an excess of 30 unique
- 18 drug shortages in the 6-month period.
- 19 We can speculate on how the abundant numbers
- 20 of shortages may have impacted patient care and
- 21 research at the nation's foremost academic medical
- 22 centers. In fact at a House Energy and Commerce

- 1 Subcommittee hearing just this past Friday a cancer
- 2 researcher noted that enrollment of patients in some
- 3 clinical trials has had to be halted or delayed due to
- 4 drug shortages.
- 5 But even the smallest hospitals, those with
- 6 under 100 beds, had to deal with multiple drug
- 7 shortages. We see on this slide that 38 percent of
- 8 these experienced more than 20 drug shortages. Many of
- 9 these smaller facilities are located in rural areas,
- 10 some quite remote, and are crucial to providing access
- 11 to care. Clearly, shortages impact even the most
- 12 vulnerable patient population.
- 13 The AHA survey also took a look at how
- 14 frequently hospitals were encountering drug shortages.
- 15 What we found was startling. Nearly half of hospitals,
- 16 47 percent, reported that they experienced a drug
- 17 shortage on a daily basis. Another 40 percent reported
- 18 experiencing drug shortages on a weekly basis, and 13
- 19 percent reported it on a monthly basis. Only 1 percent
- 20 of hospitals claimed that they did not experience any
- 21 drug shortages in the preceding 6 months.
- 22 With drug shortages occurring so frequently,

- 1 it's not surprising that hospitals also report
- 2 significant time and resources dedicated to managing
- 3 shortages and significant patient impact. We'll
- 4 discuss these with you shortly.
- 5 I'm sure all of you have heard through the
- 6 media reports about the worsening shortage of cancer
- 7 drugs, which is certainly a significant matter of
- 8 concern. However, as you can see on this slide, and
- 9 consistent with what you heard from Dr. Fox earlier,
- 10 the AHA survey shows that drug shortages are occurring
- 11 across all treatment categories: Surgery, emergency
- 12 care, cardiovascular, GI, pain drugs, etcetera.
- 13 Further results from the ASHP survey indicate
- 14 that none of these shortages shows any geographic
- 15 preference; that is, shortages are being seen
- 16 nationwide with no drug shortage being more prevalent
- 17 in any given geographic area.
- 18 The AHA survey also asked hospitals about the
- 19 impact that drugs shortages have on their ability to
- 20 provide patient care on a day-to-day basis. What we
- 21 found was while hospitals are usually able to provide
- 22 timely and appropriate patient care by managing

- 1 shortages some hospitals report significant negative
- 2 patient impact. We believe that any negative patient
- 3 impact on patient care is unacceptable and should not
- 4 be tolerated. For instance, 20 percent of hospitals
- 5 report always or frequently having to delay patient
- 6 treatment; 11 percent report that patients received a
- 7 less effective drug; 11 percent also report that
- 8 patients did not receive the recommended treatment, and
- 9 3 percent of hospitals reported adverse patient outcome
- 10 as a result of the drug shortages.
- 11 The ASHP-University of Michigan study also
- 12 asked pharmacy directors about their global impressions
- 13 regarding shortages. What they found, as shown on this
- 14 slide, is that over half of hospitals report that
- 15 shortages are changing practice and compromising
- 16 patient care. Nearly all report that shortages are
- 17 increasing the burden. They all also report that
- 18 shortages have impacted their cost and are leading to
- 19 increased frustration directed to the pharmacy and its
- 20 staff.
- 21 MS. SWEET: Hospitals are taking many actions
- 22 to manage drug shortages with the goal of minimizing

- 1 the impact on patient care, and often multiple
- 2 strategies need to be taken into consideration and
- 3 implemented for any given drug shortage.
- 4 One of these techniques is close inventory
- 5 tracking and movement of stock throughout the
- 6 institution. While a seemingly simple task, this can
- 7 actually be quite time consuming. For example at the
- 8 University of Michigan, we have over 150 unit-based
- 9 dispensing cabinets; we use the Omincell brand. It's
- 10 not unusual for us to have a drug shortage that
- 11 actually touches a product that exists in most if not
- 12 all of those machines which requires us to adjust the
- 13 par level and physically manipulate the inventory in
- 14 all of those machines.
- 15 Institutions are also changing dispensing
- 16 practices, figuring out ways to deliver the same
- 17 medication but in a different way. Perhaps the best
- 18 example of this was the shortage that happened this
- 19 past year with the epinephrine 1 mg/10 mL syringes.
- 20 This is a critical care medication available in
- 21 emergency crash cart and on patient care unit
- 22 nationwide, used to treat life-threatening situations,

- 1 situations like anaphylaxis reaction.
- When the syringes became unavailable, we had
- 3 to move them out of our Omnicell machines so that we
- 4 could preserve those syringes for our emergency drug
- 5 boxes that we provide to ambulances and for use in our
- 6 emergency room and crash carts. But this meant that
- 7 our Omnicell machine didn't have epinephrine. What we
- 8 had to do was create essentially pharmacy-made kits so
- 9 that we could deliver the 1 mg/10 mL epinephrine for
- 10 point of care and the patient care unit. This was done
- 11 by providing a 1 mg/mL amp, a filter needle, a 10 cc
- 12 syringe of saline, and directions for how to compound
- 13 that solution.
- Now compounding a 1 mg/10 mL from a 1 mg/mL
- 15 is not a difficult calculation to do. However, you
- 16 have to remember that this dose is being delivered in a
- 17 critical care, urgent situation, and we're providing
- 18 medication to clinicians in a form that they're not
- 19 used to seeing. This makes us vulnerable for
- 20 medication errors.
- 21 Another technique that's commonly used is
- 22 allocating supplies to those who are in the great

- 1 clinical need. The AHA survey showed that 78 percent
- 2 of institutions that were surveyed in the first 6
- 3 months of this year had to implement a strategy that
- 4 required allocation of therapy for the medications that
- 5 were short. This too is a very time-consuming task. In
- 6 order for us to be able to decide how we allocate
- 7 therapy, we need to first define who's using the drug
- 8 and what they're using it for. And from there, we work
- 9 with our clinicians to identify which patient
- 10 population actually have an alternative to consider and
- 11 who do we need to restrict the access to who may not
- 12 have a very therapeutic alternative.
- 13 All of these techniques require that backup
- 14 inventory be added to the supply, and this often
- 15 requires that we establish contracts with new suppliers
- 16 to secure those drugs. The end result is that
- 17 clinicians are managing multiple shortages using
- 18 multiple different strategies and involving multiple
- 19 different people, a very time-consuming, labor-
- 20 intensive process.
- In order to be able to effectively design and
- 22 implement an action plan, clinicians need good,

- 1 accurate information. We see in this slide the
- 2 resources that are available to most of us to be able
- 3 to access that information, and they includes sites
- 4 such as the ASHP drug shortages Web site and the FDA
- 5 drug shortages Web site but also communications from
- 6 group-purchasing organizations, wholesalers, or direct
- 7 communications with manufacturers. The percent use
- 8 reports the number of times in our survey that the
- 9 respondents noted that they went to those places for
- 10 information. And the high numbers illustrate that
- 11 clinicians are going anywhere they can to get
- 12 information about a shortage.
- 13 Yet despite the availability of all of these
- 14 different resources, 70 percent of respondents felt the
- 15 information available to them was not adequate. The
- 16 deficiencies really stem from the fact the information
- 17 is not available to those who were maintaining these
- 18 sites, and if they don't have the information available
- 19 to them, as Erin shared with us, it was at 55 percent
- 20 of the time the cause of the shortage is unknown; if
- 21 she doesn't have the information available to her, she
- 22 can't pass on to us across the country.

1	For example, 3 of the 4 hospitals report that
2	they rarely or never receive advanced notice of drug
3	shortages. It's not unusual for us to receive
4	notification of a shortage with only a 2-week supply of
5	drug on hand. Such short notice significantly reduces
6	our ability to allocate resources to those who are in
7	the greatest clinical need. There simply isn't enough
8	time or drug on hand to be able to do so effectively.
9	For this reason, advanced, timely notifications of
10	clinicians could make a big impact on patient care for
11	many products although admittedly not for all products.
12	As Erin mentioned, the cause of the shortage
13	is often not know. And while one could argue that the
14	cause is really not relevant, knowing this information
15	and being able to provide this information to those who
16	are most affected, the prescribers and patients, can go
17	a long way to help preserve the relationships between
18	healthcare providers.
19	Another piece of information that's often
20	missing is the expected duration of the shortage, or if
21	it's provided, it's provided with soft end dates that
22	often come and go. If I know that I have 100 vials of

- 1 drug available to me and that product needs to last for
- 2 three months, I can develop an action plan to restrict
- 3 that drug and make sure it last me. But if that 3-
- 4 month period comes and there's no product released, I'm
- 5 now in the difficult situation of having no drug on
- 6 hand and having to once again develop a new action
- 7 plan. This time one that's more challenging. This
- 8 puts tremendous burden on clinicians, and it also
- 9 destroys our trust in the product supply chain.
- 10 As you can imagine, development and
- 11 implementation of an action plan that minimizes the
- 12 impact on patient care is a very labor-intensive
- 13 process. The focus of the University of Michigan/ASHP
- 14 study was to quantify the personnel cost associated
- 15 with managing drug shortages.
- 16 We found that the expenditures associated
- 17 with these labor resources when applied to health
- 18 systems nationwide amounted to over \$216 million a
- 19 year. I actually think this number understates the
- 20 amount that is being spent. And keep in mind, this
- 21 number does not include of the labor resources that are
- 22 factored in nonhospital institutions like home care

- 1 companies or in the outpatient world.
- While the majority of hours are being spent
- 3 by pharmacists and pharmacy technicians, the process
- 4 truly is a multidisciplinary process, one that involves
- 5 physicians, nurses, and other who are involved in our
- 6 program supply chain.
- 7 It's important to note that most institutions
- 8 are managing this workload with existing staff. Few
- 9 respondents in our survey reported adding incremental
- 10 step to manage the workload. The end result is that
- 11 clinicians are spending more time finding product than
- 12 they are in being able to deliver clinical care to
- 13 patients.
- 14 The drug costs of shortages are not limited
- 15 to the labor resources though. The AHA survey and
- 16 other surveys that had been done over the course of
- 17 last year have shown that there are significant
- 18 increases in commodity cost as well, making the
- 19 cumulative expenditures considerable.
- So in summary, there are numerous negative
- 21 impacts that are resulting from drug shortages. Those
- 22 include impacts on patient care, personnel resources

- 1 utilization, financial burden, and strained healthcare
- 2 professional relationships. The AHA survey showed that
- 3 two-thirds hospitals are reporting strained
- 4 relationship between pharmacy and medical staff, and
- 5 our survey showed very similar result, actually higher
- 6 numbers.
- 7 I'd like to end with closing quotes from our
- 8 survey which I thought was quite telling. One
- 9 individual notes "We spend more hours now putting out
- 10 these fires and finding medications than we do
- 11 improving patient care." And another note that in 30
- 12 years of practice he'd never seen problems like we've
- 13 having now. Thank you.
- 14 DR. COX: Okay. Thank you, Roslyne and Gundy
- 15 for fine presentation. And now what I'd like to do --
- 16 we're doing fine one time. We've got a few minutes,
- 17 and I'd like to open it up to the panel in case there
- 18 are questions of this morning's presentation before we
- 19 go to break. Just look around -- if there's any
- 20 questions that folks would like to ask, just raise your
- 21 hand.
- MR. DECHRISTOFORO: I have a question.

67

- DR. COX: Sure. And one thing we need to do
- 2 too since we this meeting being recorded if folks can
- 3 state their name before the speak that'll be very
- 4 helpful to our transcriptionist. Thank you.
- 5 MR. DECHRISTOFORO: My name is Bob
- 6 DeChristoforo, and I'm from the NIH in Bethesda,
- 7 Maryland, down the street. I have a question. It
- 8 sounded like when shortages are reported to the
- 9 University of Utah it's researched and it's also
- 10 information is passed onto the FDA. The other day I
- 11 reported something to the FDA on a shortage that wasn't
- 12 on the list. Is that information researched and maybe
- 13 sent back also? Is it a two-way street?
- 14 CAPT JENSEN: I can answer that. This is Val
- 15 Jensen from the CDER Drug Shortage Program at FDA, and
- 16 so, yes, we do pass information back and forth. If
- 17 there's a shortage reported to FDA and it's not on the
- 18 ASHP site yet and University of Utah may not know about
- 19 it as well, we let them know. We let both University
- 20 of Utah and ASHP know.
- MR. DECHRISTOFORO: Thank you.
- 22 DR. COX: Any other questions for the panel?

68

- 1 Dr. Kweder.
- DR. KWEDER: I want to ask the folks from --
- 3 the non-FDA speakers what experience is with what is
- 4 often called the gray market.
- 5 MR. DECHRISTOFORO: I can tell you also. The
- 6 gray market you don't know -- we avoid buying on the
- 7 gray market. But there were some vials of electrolytes
- 8 that were a hundred times the cost of what we were
- 9 paying in the past, and we really don't know where they
- 10 come from, and so we generally avoid the gray market.
- DR. KWEDER: So say a little bit about what
- 12 -- I know what I mean by the gray market. I
- 13 mean by nontraditional sources of these drugs not
- 14 through your usual chain. How do you, just for the
- 15 audience and other on the panel who may not be familiar
- 16 with what it is, how do you find out about these
- 17 sources? You've already said what your experience is:
- 18 They usually are quite costly. Erin, do you want to
- 19 take?
- 20 MS. FOX: Sure. At our University of Utah
- 21 Health System, we often receive faxes, phone calls,
- 22 emails telling us that some small supplier has products

- 1 available.
- Now we feel like there are very significant
- 3 safety issues with these products. We don't know where
- 4 they've come from. We don't know if they've stored
- 5 properly, so it's been our hospital's policy not to
- 6 purchase from these companies, and we have not ever
- 7 purchased from those companies.
- 8 But it is disturbing once you know that
- 9 people are out there saying that they have products.
- 10 And from time to time, I've actually called one of
- 11 those distributors and simply asked them, "Well, I
- 12 can't get any from the manufacturer. How did you get
- 13 some?" And they often can't tell me, and so often
- 14 they'll go, "Well, how much do you have?" And 9 times
- 15 out of the 10, they say that they just have a few
- 16 vials, three or four vials, maybe 10 vials. So really
- 17 that's not even enough to help for one day at our
- 18 hospital and sometime it's only enough for one patient.
- 19 DR. COX: Thank you. Yes. Could you state
- 20 your --
- 21 MR. COHEN: Just a follow-up on -- in this
- 22 on? I can't --

70

- DR. COX: You're on, but please just state
- 2 your name for the record.
- 3 MR. COHEN: Okay. In addition to what we've
- 4 just heard, there are many other issues obviously, and
- 5 the whole idea of not knowing where they come from is
- 6 certainly a big one.
- 7 I'm very concerned about this particular
- 8 aspect. Really, there are situations where -- these
- 9 folks are professionals at following up after they --
- 10 they actually monitor wholesalers; they monitor the use
- 11 of these drugs, and at the earliest notification that
- 12 there might be a shortage, they may actually be
- 13 contributing to the shortage by purchasing all they
- 14 can.
- 15 We also know there are other secondary
- 16 wholesalers, gray market vendors, that although they're
- 17 legal they sometime wait until they get a call. They
- 18 don't even actually have any of the drugs that they're
- 19 marketing or soliciting. They're sending solicitations
- 20 to the pharmacies too, and they'll actually wait until
- 21 they get some calls and then follow up, and they have
- 22 professionals out there that will locate it. They will

- 1 set people up in hospitals, community pharmacies, other
- 2 practice facilities to actually purchase these from
- 3 them. And that worries me too. Again, you don't know
- 4 how they're stored, etcetera, etcetera. It just seems
- 5 like this should be a major topic to be investigated.
- I know that FDA has been -- just recently I
- 7 saw some publications in the Federal Register -- a
- 8 publication in the Federal Register about going back
- 9 and looking again at requiring a pedigree but starting
- 10 at the point of the last authorized distributor of
- 11 record. Well, that's fine, but let's -- hopefully, we
- 12 can get that going soon, so at least we can see where
- 13 these are coming from.
- 14 Sometime we've seen actually six and seven
- 15 touches of the drug, and that involves purchasing not
- 16 from authorized distributors but from the field
- 17 somewhere. So it is a major concern.
- 18 DR. COX: Thank you, Dr. Cohen, for your
- 19 comment. Are there questions or comments?
- 20 DR. LICHTENFELD: Thanks, Dr. Cox. Len
- 21 Lichtenfeld, American Cancer Society. Two questions.
- 22 Question number 1 I this is a fairly simple answer. I'm

- 1 assuming that the drugs we're talking about here today
- 2 are post-1935 and don't fall into the category of not
- 3 having FDA approval in the past?
- 4 DR. COX: So we're not limiting it just to
- 5 approved drugs. I don't think -- we see shortages of
- 6 unapproved drugs too, so they're part of the discussion
- 7 also.
- 8 DR. LICHTENFELD: Which --
- 9 DR. COX: If you'd like to focus on approved
- 10 drugs, that's fine too.
- DR. LICHTENFELD: No, that's okay. I guess I
- 12 opened up a door I don't necessarily want to go
- 13 through. I'm concerned cancer drugs which for the most
- 14 part I think are approved drugs. But putting that on
- 15 the table raise another interesting wrinkle as we've
- 16 been seen in the past with some other situations I
- 17 don't won't get into at the present time.
- 18 One things that has not been addressed here
- 19 among the possible shortages -- I don't know if any of
- 20 the panelist or the experts have had any experience.
- 21 Recently, I've seen some information in the literature
- 22 talking about the impacts of payment policies,

- 1 specifically Medicare payment policies as potentially
- 2 helping to lead to the shortages because of the
- 3 inability of manufacturers to increase prices in some -
- 4 let's hope in a reasonable increase in a timely
- 5 fashion to meet the supply/demand issue. Do you have
- 6 any comments on that? Have you heard that from any of
- 7 the manufacturers?
- B DR. COX: There may be others that are better
- 9 able to address the issues with regards to payment and
- 10 the effect of payment. I don't -- other on the panel -
- 11 this may be something we hear about over the course
- 12 of the day too, so let's log your question, and let's
- 13 come back to it, okay?
- DR. LICHTENFELD: Thank you.
- 15 DR. COX: Okay. And then to Dr. Lisa
- 16 Bernstein, I was wondering do you want to make a
- 17 comment?
- 18 MS. BERNSTEIN: Not on that question, but I
- 19 have another question. Thank you. Ilisa Bernstein, in
- 20 CDER's Office of Compliance. I have a question for
- 21 Erin. In the updated presentation, there was a slide
- 22 with some bullets about some of the causes and the root

- 1 causes of some of these shortages, and you have an
- 2 amazing wealth of information, even more data than we
- 3 have.
- 4 And I'm wondering, you showed a little bit
- 5 about some of the problems alluded to consolidation in
- 6 the industry, and I'm wondering if you've actually --
- 7 you or others who have access to your data actually
- 8 done a dive into it and looked at some of the economic
- 9 drivers causing some of the shortage and some of the
- 10 other root causes based on your data?
- MS. FOX: Right now we haven't done that, but
- 12 it is something that we're actively working on with a
- 13 group, and so we hope to have some more information
- 14 about that. Most of our efforts these days is simply
- 15 devoted to keeping up with the onslaught of drug
- 16 shortages and making sure that our hospital system is
- 17 taken care of and that we're providing the best
- 18 information we can for the nation.
- 19 DR. KWEDER: And I'll comment as well. Just
- 20 for the record, the work of FDA on this doesn't stop
- 21 here today. The whole Department of Health and Human
- 22 Services is involved in beginning to take a look at

- 1 what are some of the larger influences like payments,
- 2 financial incentives, other what I would put in the
- 3 category of systems problems that may underlies some of
- 4 this. My own assessment, with probably very little
- 5 knowledge, is this is not one thing, that there are
- 6 probably multiple contributors.
- 7 At FDA, we don't tend to focus on some of the
- 8 bigger economic issues that go into payments and that
- 9 sort of things. And the Office of Health Evaluation
- 10 and Planning in HHS along with other large agencies
- 11 will be working with us to try and we with them to try
- 12 and look at some of those. That's where a lot of that
- 13 expertise is.
- DR. COX: Thank you, Sandy. So we're at 9:20
- 15 now, so we'll go ahead and --
- 16 MR. HOFFMAN: James Hoffman from St. Jude
- 17 Children's Research Hospital. I find it quite
- 18 impressive that FDA has prevented 99 shortages this
- 19 year. I wonder if someone from FDA could comment on
- 20 that great success. Has it been more communications
- 21 from the manufacturers? Has it been you just have more
- 22 experience and are able to do it better? Can you

- 1 comment further?
- CAPT JENSEN: Yes. This is Val Jensen again.
- 3 Yes, you're right. It's been -- it's really a lot of
- 4 people in this room, a lot of industry representatives
- 5 that are in this room are responsible for that. They've
- 6 been letting us know, which is wonderful. We're glad to
- 7 see that. We've had more notifications this year than
- 8 ever before. We hope that continues, and that's really
- 9 what most of -- most of these prevented shortages are
- 10 due to companies letting us know when their either have
- 11 a quality problem that we can work through together or
- 12 they need expedited review on something to prevent a
- 13 shortage because of some event or they need to increase
- 14 production for some reason, and we're able to help with
- 15 out. Thank you.
- 16 MR. SCHMUFF: Yes. I would just like to say
- 17 that the Drug Shortage Program in my experience -- this
- 18 is Norman Schmuff from LNDQA -- has been very proactive
- 19 in preparing for these drug shortage meetings. We're
- 20 in nearly daily contact both the Office of Generic
- 21 Drugs and Office of New Drugs Quality Assessment with
- 22 the Drug Shortage Program. And by the time we have a

- 1 meeting with the Drug Shortage Program, they already
- 2 know what the burn rate is, what the usage rate is,
- 3 what inventories are. Frequently, they've already
- 4 identified alternative sources.
- 5 So I would say it's been one of the factors
- 6 has certainly been the very proactive approach that the
- 7 Drug Shortage Program at FDA has taken.
- 8 DR. COX: Thanks, Norman. So at this point,
- 9 we'll take our break, and we'll start back at 9:40. So
- 10 we have a little less than 20 minutes, so we'll see
- 11 back at 9:40. Thank you.
- 12 (Off the record)
- 13 (On the record)
- DR. COX: We're at a little after 9:40, so if
- 15 folks could start to move toward their seats, and we'll
- 16 get going again here in just a minute. Thank you.
- 17 If folks can get back to their seats, we'll
- 18 get going again here in just a minute. I'm sure some
- 19 folks will still be filtering back in.
- 20 I thought we'd start out -- there was a
- 21 question asked about payment, and want to turn to Nancy
- 22 Davenport-Ennis who I think will provide us with some

- 1 additional comments/thoughts on the issue of payment
- 2 and its impact on the shortage situation. Nancy.
- MS. DAVENPORT-ENNIS: (off mic) I'd like to
- 4 comment the fact that (inaudible) all of us as we get
- 5 ready to enroll (inaudible) (on mic) I would say our
- 6 experience with 27 percent of our patient population
- 7 last year almost 83,000 patients and additional 4
- 8 million others who called for some form of help, all of
- 9 them with access healthcare issues that with 25 percent
- 10 of the population being Medicare, 16 percent of the
- 11 population being Medicaid what we see is if the
- 12 manufacturer cannot have some degree of a margin on the
- 13 medication they simply do not stay in the market; it's
- 14 not going to be made available, particularly within
- 15 that sector.
- 16 And so I think as the FDA is struggling to
- 17 deal with this issue the ask that we have of the FDA is
- 18 to stay the course and continue to work with other
- 19 government agencies who may be very helpful in trying
- 20 to resolve these matter because some of the matters
- 21 will have to be resolved by agencies other than the
- 22 FDA. So we're here to lend our support to that and to

- 1 thanks the American Cancer Society for calling that
- 2 forward.
- 3 DR. COX: Thank you, Nancy. And now I'd like
- 4 to invite you to the podium to provide your
- 5 presentation on improving patient care with regulatory
- 6 and policy initiative. Nancy is from the National
- 7 Patient Advocacy Foundation, and she'll also be joined
- 8 by Diane Hamil and Abigale Hamil.
- 9 MS. DAVENPORT-ENNIS: Yes. I thank you for
- 10 the opportunity to present on behalf of the patients
- 11 that we serve through the Patient Advocate Foundation.
- 12 We think this topic is very relevant. Every patient
- 13 who comes to our organization is there because they've
- 14 had an access to healthcare issues. Every patient
- 15 who's facing an access to healthcare issue typically
- 16 assumes that if we can get reimbursement resolved or if
- 17 we can handle social service needs and underlying needs
- 18 of that family that indeed we can get them to the care
- 19 that they need.
- 20 For patients who are now confronting the
- 21 issue of drug shortages as part of their challenge to
- 22 getting to the protocol prescribed by their treating

- 1 physicians, it's a very difficult place in which they
- 2 find themselves.
- 3 Let me share with you that while we're here
- 4 today to answer primarily six questions posed to us for
- 5 today, for patients it's a broader list of questions.
- 6 And I'd like to share with you some of the questions
- 7 that the patients are asking.
- Number 1: Why is there this shortage? Don't
- 9 they know there are people like me with cancer or with
- 10 any of the other 274 chronic diseases that we're
- 11 handling in America? They have real fear in the areas
- 12 of how long will the shortage last? What is it going
- 13 to mean to me if I have to step out of protocol and go
- 14 to an alternative drug? Will the management of disease
- 15 be impeded? Will I have side effects that are going to
- 16 be far more serious than those that I'm currently
- 17 having? And perhaps I'm not having side effects with
- 18 the drug that I have.
- 19 Patients are very involved today in
- 20 understanding the financial implication of their
- 21 treatment intervention. And when they're moved from
- 22 one drug to another, the alternative drug, that drug

- 1 may or may not be on their formulary. That drug may or
- 2 may not be covered. That drug may or may not be on the
- 3 same tier for their copayment or co-insurance
- 4 participation as the one that they're on. These are
- 5 very real questions. They're very real concerns.
- 6 Patients who are dealing with this are not
- 7 only now dealing with disease they have now heightened
- 8 anxiety and real fear not only about the disease and
- 9 the outcome of that but also what is going to happen to
- 10 me during this interim period of time. And I think
- 11 there is not a single person in this room or America
- 12 that cannot deal with that fear.
- 13 We've heard many comments today in terms of
- 14 what's driving the shortages. We agree with the
- 15 comments that have been presented and will work
- 16 diligently in the country with each of you to try to
- 17 find a solution. We think that the FDA indeed is to be
- 18 commended for having this hearing today and for
- 19 inviting stakeholders to come in to work with you
- 20 across many lines. But at the end of the day, the
- 21 thing I want to leave you with is not the fact that we
- 22 have over 700,000 closed cases documented by 260 fields

- 1 of data that we collect for each or that we serve on
- 2 average about 4.5 million patients either through case
- 3 management or information because every single one of
- 4 those numbers represents a human being diagnosed with a
- 5 chronic debilitating and/or life-threatening condition.
- 6 Every single one of those human beings has a family,
- 7 and they have loved one, and they have friends who want
- 8 to see them get better.
- 9 The story that we need to tell today is best
- 10 told by Diane Hamlin, the mother of Abigale Hamlin who
- 11 is here with me today and dad, Ty Hamlin, who is in the
- 12 audience. This family has been dealing with the issue
- 13 of drug shortage, and they have traveled from the state
- 14 of Washington last night, arriving in the city after 11
- 15 o'clock, to be with you and to tell you their story of
- 16 drug shortage. So let me introduce to you Diane and
- 17 Abigale Hamlin.
- 18 MS. HAMLIN: Good morning. Thank you for
- 19 allowing me to -- for this opportunity to tell our
- 20 experience with the drug shortage. My name is Diane
- 21 Hamil. I'm the mother of Abiqale Hamlin who at 16 was
- 22 diagnosed with acute myelogenous leukemia early this

- 1 year in March. The first chemotherapy round went very
- 2 well.
- 3 As we began the round 2, we were told there
- 4 was a shortage of one of the chemo drug that she
- 5 previous received, daunorubicin. They called many other
- 6 hospitals and were unsuccessful to receive the drug.
- 7 Abi would have to be given an alternative drug called
- 8 doxorubicin. We were told that it would still kill the
- 9 cancer cells, but it was not as kind to the body. We
- 10 didn't have any idea what this meant until three days
- 11 after her last treatment when her pain became so
- 12 unbearable she pleaded with the ED doctors to do
- 13 something about her throat. She was already taking
- 14 oxycodone, and yet her pain level was an 8.
- 15 The doctors told us the pain was from the
- 16 mucositis caused by the doxorubicin. She was in so much
- 17 continuous pain she was given Dilaudid via an IV
- 18 continuous drip at PCA so she could push a button every
- 19 4 minutes, and she got a bolus every 4 hours.
- The doctor said Abi would not be pain free.
- 21 They could only make her as comfortable as possible.
- 22 The mucositis went from inside her mouth, throat,

- 1 stomach, and on. She could not eat food or even get her
- 2 nutrition through her nose NG tube. She had to be feed
- 3 intravenously straight into her blood. Now this became
- 4 another concern of a possible infection site.
- 5 During this time, she was given a suction
- 6 tube to use to suck up the mucus in her mouth. From the
- 7 minute the nurses gave her this, she never let go for
- 8 two weeks. It seemed like she held it and used it every
- 9 minute of the day. The three days we didn't sleep she
- 10 held it in her hand, close to her mouth as her eyes
- 11 closed until the myoclonic jerks, jerked her awake. The
- 12 myoclonic jerks occurred every minute to a minute and a
- 13 half for a few days until they found yet another drug
- 14 to give her to prevent the jerks, but at least she was
- 15 able to get some sleep.
- During this time, she became anxious and had
- 17 several anxiety attacks. She developed OCD tendencies,
- 18 becoming obsessive with cleaning instead of sleeping.
- 19 She would climb on her bed and get to her knees to
- 20 reach as high she could to reach the best light in the
- 21 room, to look in a mirror so she could get all the
- 22 mucositis sucked out of her mouth. She stood on chairs

- 1 to clean and dust. There was no sleeping for anyone. My
- 2 daughter became rude and said very hurtful things to
- 3 people, and I hope she never remembers this. This was
- 4 not my daughter. I remember asking the doctor when
- 5 will my daughter be returning to me.
- 6 The psychologists were brought in to
- 7 evaluate; more drugs and antidepressant. She already
- 8 was taking so many drugs. I just wanted my daughter
- 9 back.
- 10 At the end of the second week, her bone
- 11 marrow began to recover. The mucositis was subsiding.
- 12 Abi was being weaned off of the pain medications. Days
- 13 later, she was experiencing withdrawals from the
- 14 narcotics that she was given for the pain. She was hot
- 15 one minute and freezing the next and sometimes at the
- 16 same time. She was unpleasant and rude to friends and
- 17 family. We were all experiencing the withdrawals.
- 18 Finally, day 26, we were leaving the hospital
- 19 for a break. We were so happy and joyous to be over
- 20 this round and leaving the horrible experience behind
- 21 us.
- 22 As we left, I saw 12-years-old Makayla

- 1 through the window of her hospital room with a suction
- 2 stick in her hand. She had been diagnosed with AML just
- 3 weeks after Abigale. My heart sank with sadness. I knew
- 4 exactly what she and her parent were going through.
- 5 There was plenty of discussion regarding the
- 6 chemotherapy drug shortages at the Ronald McDonald
- 7 House where we stayed. In the end, we know there is
- 8 nothing we can do but pray for our kids and hope we get
- 9 the drugs our children need to cure their cancers.
- 10 Having cancer is a horrible thing for anyone to go
- 11 through especially a child. The treatments are not
- 12 pleasant, and the possible side effects are horrible
- 13 and will be a lifetime concern to the taxing of her
- 14 organs.
- 15 If the drugs are out there that are kinder to
- 16 the body and we can get the children back on their feet
- 17 playing and back to school, we need to get them. Thank
- 18 you.
- 19 MS. HAMIL: Hi, everyone. I'm Abigale
- 20 Hamlin. Cancer is very scary. Personally, the scariest
- 21 part for me was how the drugs made me feel. I was
- 22 scared of the pain and how it didn't make me feel

- 1 right.
- 2 Like my mom said, it was a very dark time for
- 3 me. It was brutal. Not only did this affect me but the
- 4 other kids taking the same thing. If I was given the
- 5 right chemotherapy drug, I wouldn't have had to go back
- 6 into the hospital, the nurses won't have to give me so
- 7 much attention, my doctors wouldn't have to prescribe
- 8 me as many drugs, and we wouldn't have to go through
- 9 this mess.
- 10 (Applause)
- 11 DR. COX: Thank you, Ms. Hamil and Abigale
- 12 for sharing your experience. Now I'd like to invite
- 13 Davria Cohen to the podium to give her perspective.
- 14 MS. COHEN: Good morning, and thank you all
- 15 for allowing me to be here and share my story with you.
- 16 Okay. Soon as I figure out how to -- No, that didn't
- 17 do it. (Pause) Got it. Okay. I have no conflicts of
- 18 interest, but I'd like to say that my husband and I are
- 19 regional volunteers for the Oley Foundation for
- 20 Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition, which is a support
- 21 and education and also research organization.
- Over 29 years ago I was involved in a car

- 1 accident. My seatbelt severed my mesenteric artery and
- 2 perforated my small and large bowel. Consequentially,
- 3 now that I only have about 90 percent of my bowel, I
- 4 suffer from significant malabsorption and chronic
- 5 diarrhea, and I'm at high risk for dehydration and
- 6 electrolyte imbalance. Although I do eat a specialized
- 7 short bowel syndrome diet, I cannot digest or absorb an
- 8 adequate amount of nutrients or fluids. I depend on
- 9 parenteral nutrition or TPN to survive.
- I also want to tell you that following
- 11 surgery and chemotherapy I am five years in remission
- 12 from metastatic fallopian cancer, which was unrelated
- 13 to short bowel syndrome, and the only reason I'm
- 14 mentioning that today is that one of my chemo drug is
- 15 no longer available.
- 16 What is parenteral nutrition? Parenteral
- 17 nutrition involves feeding intravenously, bypassing the
- 18 usual process of eating and digestion. Customized,
- 19 sterile formulas are administered through a central IV
- 20 line such as a Broviac or a port using a special pump.
- 21 These formulas contain amino acids, dextrose,
- 22 electrolytes, lipids, trace elements, and added

- 1 vitamins. Meticulous care must be taken to avoid
- 2 infection, which can quickly spread throughout the
- 3 bloodstream. This is called a catheter-related
- 4 bloodstream infection, and this type of infection is a
- 5 serious risk for those on parenteral nutrition because
- 6 parenteral nutrition is very high in sugar.
- 7 To preserve the life of the catheter and to
- 8 decrease the risk of infection, it is important to
- 9 limit its use.
- 10 I want to tell you a little bit about what
- 11 parenteral nutrition has meant to me and still means to
- 12 me. My port, which I quard every time I'm in the
- 13 hospital I quard -- I beg nurse please, you know, use
- 14 alcohol, wipe off -- even if you're giving me a
- 15 piggyback infusion, you must -- it's going into my
- 16 heart, so you must be careful. Without parenteral
- 17 nutrition, I would've died in 1982 at age 32. Instead,
- 18 I just celebrated my 62nd birthday and my 41st
- 19 anniversary. Without TPN, I would not have been able
- 20 to raise my children who were then 7- and 2-years old.
- 21 I would not have been able to contribute to society and
- 22 to my family by working most of my adult life. I would

- 1 not have completed my college degree nor had the
- 2 occasionally opportunity to visit some historical and
- 3 beautiful locations. I would not have been able to
- 4 start the history group which I currently run. And I
- 5 would not have known the joy of singing in a choir that
- 6 entertains at nursing homes.
- 7 For years, I was on TPN and everything was
- 8 fine. I very rarely had any altercations done my
- 9 solution. Occasionally in the summertime potassium
- 10 would be increased, something minor. The first things
- 11 that happened was until about a year ago I added a
- 12 double vial of MVI, multivitamin for infusion, 12 to
- 13 each TPN bag. It contained 12 different essential
- 14 vitamins but not vitamin K. Due to clotting issues,
- 15 I'm supposed to minimize my intake of vitamin K. More
- 16 than a year ago, MVI-12 became unavailable; so MVI-13,
- 17 which does have vitamin K in it, was substituted.
- 18 However, since the amount of K in the MVI-13 is small,
- 19 it has not greatly affected my INR or clotting values.
- 20 But several years ago, no IV multivitamins
- 21 were available at all. And recently in some parts of
- 22 the country -- I remember somebody saying there is no

- 1 part of the country that's affected greater than
- 2 another, but for some reason, in some parts of the
- 3 country people could not obtain infusible
- 4 multivitamins.
- 5 This past May calcium gluconate became
- 6 unavailable. And so calcium chloride was substituted.
- 7 Since calcium chloride is less compatible with other
- 8 parenteral nutrition components, I was cautioned to
- 9 hold each bag up to the light before infusing to check
- 10 for crystals, but I was assured that since my tubing
- 11 contained a filter that if there were crystals I would
- 12 still be all right, but this is still not an optimal
- 13 situation.
- 14 In June I told that magnesium sulfate was
- 15 unavailable, and since magnesium chloride, which was
- 16 substituted for the magnesium sulfate is not compatible
- 17 with sodium phosphate, I require a separate IV bag that
- 18 contains nothing but sodium phosphate is infused over
- 19 three hours in addition to the regular nine hour
- 20 parenteral nutrition infusion. I was cautioned to
- 21 flush thoroughly with saline after finishing one bag
- 22 and before beginning to infuse the other.

So now instead of infusing one bag over nine

hours, I am infusing two bags over 12 hours, and this change has diminished my quality of life. I no longer want to go out in the evening; carrying the 250 ml bag of sodium phosphate and the pump in a fanny pack is 5 somewhat awkward, and it's heavy, and I really don't 6 7 enjoy walking around with it. But more importantly, this change increases 8 my risk of infection because my infection -- and by 10 infection I'm talking about infection to my catheter. 11 My infection risk goes up with each additional time I

1

12

13

14

syringes of saline.

This drug shortage is scary. What essential

use my IV line. Now I have the extra bag to infuse,

and after it's done, it must be flushed with two 10 cc

- 16 parenteral nutrition component will I be unable to
- 17 obtain next? Well, I know the answer to that because
- 18 after I turned in my slide I was in contact with my
- 19 nutrition support dietician, who by the way has the
- 20 undesirable job of having to recalculate my formula
- 21 every time something is scarce. On Wednesday, I spoke
- 22 with Nicole Beall (ph), my dietician; and she told me

- 1 that "As of your next TPN batch, we will be out of
- 2 multi-trace element 5 and will switch you to multi-
- 3 trace element 4, which does not have selenium. So
- 4 there will be no selenium in your TPN." Also, she
- 5 said, "We are in limited supply of sodium phosphorus
- 6 and potassium phosphorus." So that will be the next
- 7 thing after that to change. As I said before, I depend
- 8 on TPN to live. It is my means of nourishing myself.
- 9 Since I'm an Oley Foundation regional
- 10 volunteer, I contacted the foundation, and I contacted
- 11 other patients, TPN patients, and they very frightened.
- 12 Many of them cannot eat at all. I'm fortunate I can
- 13 eat a little bit, but I know I absorb very poorly
- 14 especially calcium. Calcium and vitamin D are things I
- 15 do not absorb well.
- 16 So I've gotten posting and letters. One --
- 17 actually, I saw her comments in the packet; her name is
- 18 Sarah Batalka, and her comments are included in your
- 19 packet. She said "I have a mitochondrial disease, and
- 20 I require large doses of IV magnesium sulfate daily in
- 21 addition to other electrolytes for survival. My
- 22 homecare company only has 10 weeks' worth left. There

- 1 is no substitute for the drug, and without it, I will
- 2 die."
- 3 People have told me about IV vitamins and
- 4 calcium as I have the problem with calcium gluconate,
- 5 and one woman said this is a life-threatening problem
- 6 for those who cannot eat, "It's not like any of us can
- 7 eat a salad or cheeseburger to sustain us."
- 8 Another problem for us is ethanol locks,
- 9 which many people use -- instill into their catheter to
- 10 prevent bloodstream infection. Commodine (ph) was
- 11 another, and as I've now found out, changes to trace
- 12 element.
- 13 Anyway, thank you very much, and I look
- 14 forward to hearing the rest of the presentations.
- 15 (Applause)
- MS. COHEN:
- DR. COX: Thank you, Davria for sharing your
- 18 experiences with us. Now, Jay Cuetara, I'd like to
- 19 invite you to the podium.
- 20 MR. CUETARA: Hello, my name is Jay Cuetara,
- 21 and I live in San Francisco and work for a Fortune 50
- 22 technology company. I'm currently 49-years old. I'd

- 1 like to begin by thanking the organizers of this FDA
- 2 workshop for the invitation to speak at today's
- 3 session. As you'll hear in my comments, this is a very
- 4 important issue for me personally as well as for the
- 5 thousands of others who have been and/or will be
- 6 affected.
- 7 In April of 2009, I was officially diagnosed
- 8 with stage 4 rectal cancer, which had already spread to
- 9 my lungs. Fortunately before the diagnosis, I had been
- 10 and luckily continue to be asymptomatic. For the most
- 11 part, I live a pretty normal life working full-time,
- 12 spending time with friends and families, vacationing,
- 13 and watching really bad reality TV. I'm able to
- 14 accomplish these things due to the wonderful care I'm
- 15 receiving from the incredible medical staff at UC-San
- 16 Francisco's Helen Diller Cancer Center.
- Now in April of 2009 when I first met my
- 18 oncologist, Dr. Alan Venook, I could tell he knew
- 19 exactly what he was talking about. He made it very
- 20 clear to me that a cure was highly unlikely but that we
- 21 should be able to treat the rectal cancer as a chronic
- 22 condition, providing me with a good quality of life for

- 1 years to come.
- 2 Critical to treating the cancer would be the
- 3 targeted use of chemotherapy. Dr. Venook assured me
- 4 that most of the rectal cancer chemo cocktails had been
- 5 around for many years and were very effective with
- 6 minimal side effects. I soon began a 12-cycle regimen
- 7 of FOLFIRI, which concluded December of 2009.
- 8 Fourteen months later after a routine PET CT
- 9 scan this past February, we found that the cancer had
- 10 spread to my L5 and my T10 vertebrae. After two
- 11 CyberKnife radiation treatments, I started a 12-cycle
- 12 regimen of FOLFOX this past June.
- Now on the day of my sixth cycle of FOLFOX,
- 14 just this past August 9, after having been given all of
- 15 premeds, I was informed that the 5-FU injectable drugs
- 16 was not in stock and I wouldn't be able to have chemo
- 17 that day. My first reaction, honestly, was just utter
- 18 surprised. I wasn't angry. I was just surprised like
- 19 "What, you know, what's going on here?" I had not
- 20 known that there could be issues with lack of chemo
- 21 drugs.
- I asked to speak with the pharmacist, who

- 1 told me that UCSF had had supply issues with the 5-FU
- 2 injectable drugs specifically as well as other chemo
- 3 drugs used for breast, ovarian, and other cancers. She
- 4 told me that the chemo drug supply issue was so serious
- 5 that the UCSF infusion center has a pharmacist that
- 6 spends the bulk of his time sourcing drugs to ensure
- 7 availability. At that point, I was dumbfounded. The
- 8 question I then asked myself was how in the United
- 9 States of America could critical lifesaving or life-
- 10 prolonging drugs be in short supply.
- I went home that afternoon and spent the rest
- 12 of the day researching the issue in order to better
- 13 understand the situation. I came across and read the
- 14 Drug Shortages Summit, November 5, 2010, Summary
- 15 Report. I contacted the American Society of Health-
- 16 System Pharmacists. I contact APP Pharma, Mylan
- 17 Pharmaceuticals, Teva Pharmaceutical, the manufacturers
- 18 of the 5-FU injectable to find out their reasons for
- 19 the inability to provide the drug. I also contacted
- 20 U.S. Senators Dianne Feinstein and Barbara Boxer along
- 21 with Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi, who is my
- 22 congresswoman. I concluded that afternoon by calling

- 1 U.S. Senator Amy Klobuchar's office to discuss the
- 2 legislation she's sponsoring to help resolve this
- 3 issue.
- 4 Now during this research I also learned that
- 5 160 plus of the drugs currently in short supply have
- 6 nothing to do with cancer treatment as we've heard
- 7 today and that the bulk are generic drugs whose
- 8 efficacy has been proven time and time again and that
- 9 in most cases the reason for the shortages were not
- 10 known. Once again, the question how in the United
- 11 States of America could this be happening came popping
- 12 into my head.
- 13 In addition to speaking about my own personal
- 14 cancer situation, I want to ensure that I also speak
- 15 for the thousands of noncancer patients who most likely
- 16 never knew or will never know that the most effective
- 17 drug that they should've been given was not available.
- 18 As I mentioned earlier, 160 plus of these
- 19 drugs on the shortage list have no connection to cancer
- 20 treatment and are typically given to patients in
- 21 emergency situations: Situations like surgical
- 22 patients not getting the best anesthesia drug;

- 1 premature babies not getting the best preservative-free
- 2 antibiotic; herpes patients at a loss for a drug that
- 3 will ease their situation; mental patients not getting
- 4 the best drug to help them think clearly and reduce
- 5 nervousness.
- As I stated earlier, I'm not part of the
- 7 health profession, but I have learned a lot over the
- 8 last 30 months while dealing with my cancer. I also
- 9 have a lot of close friends who are anesthesiologists,
- 10 hospitalists, and nurses. I asked them how this
- 11 critical drug shortage affects them and their ability
- 12 to treat their patients. Regardless of health issue
- 13 and to a person they all said substantially. Whether
- 14 it's having to use a less effective drug, having to
- 15 deal with dosing issues and/or medication error, delays
- 16 in treatment, or the time they and their counterparts
- 17 have to spend dealing with these issues, it is greatly
- 18 impacting patient safety and increasing the cost of
- 19 care.
- I find it incredibly ironic that the least
- 21 expensive drugs are the one we have the greatest
- 22 difficulty in sourcing. I am convinced that a detailed

- 1 cost/benefit analysis would clearly show that the
- 2 benefits, financial, societal, and emotional,
- 3 associated with ensuring the availability of these
- 4 critical drugs would far outstrip the cost. In other
- 5 words, sometimes you have to spend a little to save a
- 6 lot.
- 7 Now I am actually one of the fortunate cancer
- 8 patients. UCSF was able to acquire the 5-FU injectable
- 9 drug, and my chemo treatment was delayed by just one
- 10 week. I'm not back on a regular schedule at least for
- 11 now, and in fact I have my eighth cycle tomorrow when I
- 12 return to San Francisco.
- But the medical professionals and the drug
- 14 experts in this room know that there are many
- 15 chemotherapy protocols where even a one-week delay
- 16 greatly impacts the efficacy of the treatment and could
- 17 potentially change what would normally be a cure to
- 18 life prolonging and life prolonging to imminent death.
- 19 Many in colleges have be put in the position
- 20 of rationing care, having to determine which of their
- 21 patients will receive a limited chemo drug and which
- 22 won't. Again, the question I ask myself: How in the

- 1 United States of America could this be happening?
- 2 Let me conclude with the following. I firmly
- 3 believe that this group of pharmacists, doctors,
- 4 medical professionals, pharmaceutical representatives,
- 5 and government officials are here today to ensure that
- 6 the thousands of people like me have access to the best
- 7 critical drug at the right time and every time it's
- 8 needed. Everyone in the room understands the root
- 9 causes of the critical drug shortages and everyone in
- 10 this room has a vested interested in solving the
- 11 problem. So let's get it done. Let's fix this problem
- 12 now. Thank you all very much for your time today.
- 13 (Applause)
- 14 DR. COX: Thank you, Jay. And now I'd like
- 15 to invite Barbara Bennicoff to the podium to share a
- 16 story from one her patient. Barbara.
- MS. BENNICOFF: My name is Barbara Bennicoff.
- 18 I am a homecare nurse, and this is a statement written
- 19 by my patient who has mitochondrial disease and is
- 20 unable to be here today because she is bed-bounded.
- 21 "My name is Sarah Batalka, and I am a 30-
- 22 year- old women from Quakertown, Pennsylvania. I'd let

- 1 to share with you the devastating impact the drug
- 2 shortage in our country is having on me. In order to
- 3 do that, I first need to give you an idea of my medical
- 4 condition.
- 5 I was born with a mitochondrial disease,
- 6 which is a form of muscular dystrophy. In addition to
- 7 chronic pain, muscle fatigue, and the inability to
- 8 walk, this disease has also affected my organs and
- 9 systems. I had a fairly normal childhood with
- 10 relatively mild symptoms, but as the disease
- 11 progressed, I went from being very independent to being
- 12 almost totally dependent on the help of visiting
- 13 nurses, a team of doctors and specialists, a home
- 14 infusion pharmacy, medical equipment, many medications,
- 15 and my mother, who is my sole caregiver.
- 16 Today, I am home-bound and bed-bound. Both
- 17 my bed and power chair are surrounded by medical
- 18 equipment. I take numerous oral medications, and I
- 19 receive intravenous medications through a port that was
- 20 surgically implanted in my chest. Medical supplies and
- 21 injectable medications are needed to maintain a port.
- 22 One of the many mitochondrial disease effects

- 1 my body is that is my kidneys can't hold onto the
- 2 electrolytes such as magnesium and potassium that are
- 3 essential for survival. For six years now I've needed
- 4 help maintaining my blood levels of these and other
- 5 critical electrolytes. In addition to receiving them
- 6 in pill form, I get them through IVs that provide
- 7 enormous daily doses. I absorb very little of what is
- 8 taken orally, and it is nowhere near effective at
- 9 maintaining my blood levels. I must receive my
- 10 electrolytes in IV form. I cannot survive without
- 11 them.
- 12 In April of this year, I got the worst
- 13 possible news. I was told by my home infusion pharmacy
- 14 that their supply of IV magnesium sulfate, a key
- 15 ingredient in my IV bags and one without I cannot
- 16 survive, was dwindling and that they only had enough to
- 17 fill my IV bags for a few more week. To give you some
- 18 idea of the impact this news had one me, please
- 19 consider what it would feel like to you if someone told
- 20 you there would only be enough air supply left for you
- 21 for three weeks of breathing.
- 22 I so depend on this medication for survival

- 1 that its unavailability would indeed be the same as you
- 2 having your air supply cut off. I had been unaware of
- 3 the nationwide drug shortage crisis until I personally
- 4 affected. Because visible particulate matter was found
- 5 in what is supposed to be a sterile injectable bag, a
- 6 plant was shut down, and this I was told created a
- 7 nationwide shortage affecting individuals like myself
- 8 who depend on this life-sustaining drug. Even now,
- 9 manufacturers are just not able to keep up with the
- 10 increased demand.
- 11 Magnesium sulfate is needed by many different
- 12 kinds of patients with many different medical
- 13 conditions. For us, there is no substitute, just as
- 14 there is no substitute for oxygen and you can't survive
- 15 without it.
- 16 Because of halted and delayed production,
- 17 hospitals in my area are in short supply of IV mag
- 18 sulfate. If the product is unavailable and if there is
- 19 no equivalent substitute, there is simply no way to
- 20 treat patients who for whatever reason have low blood
- 21 magnesium level.
- On a normal day even prior to this shortage,

- 1 hospitals tended to be uncomfortable with the amount of
- 2 electrolytes I require. They surely will not want to
- 3 use so much of a product that is now in such limited
- 4 supply to treat just one patient when it could
- 5 otherwise be used to treat several patients.
- 6 Fortunately in my case, my home infusion
- 7 pharmacy was at the last minute able to get enough IV
- 8 mag sulfate to treat me for a few months. Eventually
- 9 if the shortage isn't resolved and home infusion isn't
- 10 able to get more products, I will have to be admitted
- 11 to the hospital until home infusion can provide it for
- 12 me again. If the hospital does not have enough IV mag
- 13 for me, my blood level of magnesium will get too low. I
- 14 will suffer seizures, cardio events, and eventually
- 15 cardiac arrest. I will die.
- I sometimes get tired of tubes and wires,
- 17 weekly blood test, medications, noisy equipment, but I
- 18 don't have a choice. It takes all of these things to
- 19 keep my body going. I literally work all day every day
- 20 to stay alive. I have hope that science will one day
- 21 find a cure, and this is the driving force behind why I
- 22 fight every day to stay alive, only to fight again the

- 1 next day.
- 2 Having a complicated, multisystemic disease
- 3 means that I rely for survival on numerous medications
- 4 and medical products and on those producing them and
- 5 those supplying them. This makes me much more
- 6 vulnerable to recalls and shortages than the average
- 7 person. I won't be healthy until scientists and
- 8 doctors can use gene therapy replacement to cure me.
- 9 But if the medications necessary to keep me alive in
- 10 the meantime are unavailable, I stand a good chance of
- 11 being around long enough for that to happen.
- 12 As I have become aware of just how far
- 13 reaching this drug shortage is, I have also become
- 14 aware of new depths of my own fragility. My health is
- 15 precarious in ways that I hadn't before realized. Now
- 16 there is little security in the fact that I live with a
- 17 life-threatening disease in America. There are people
- 18 dying because of drug shortages in America. I hope I
- 19 won't be one of them. Thank you for your time and for
- 20 giving me the opportunity to be heard."
- 21 (Applause)
- 22 DR. COX: Thanks you Barbara for sharing Ms.

- 1 Batalka's experience and story with us. We'll move
- 2 next to the healthcare provider perspective portion of
- 3 the program, but before doing so, I just wanted to
- 4 mention the 11:30 time period that we have available
- 5 for comments and questions I just thought it would be
- 6 helpful for folks I'll run through who we have signed
- 7 up for this time period just so folks can plan ahead.
- 8 Robert Rifkin, Jan Bult, Marc Stewart, Russell Shipley,
- 9 C. Allen Black, Kathy Pham, and Joel Zivot are the
- 10 seven folks that we have. So we ask you to keep your
- 11 comments to approximately three minutes, and that will
- 12 be at the 11:30 time period for open comments and
- 13 questions.
- And now I'd like to move on to the next part
- 15 of our program and invite Michael Cohen to the podium.
- 16 He'll be talking about the impact of drug shortages on
- 17 medication error from his survey from the Institute for
- 18 Safe Medicine Practices.
- 19 MR. COHEN: Good morning, everybody. You've
- 20 heard a lot of the stories already. It's really a
- 21 major issue, no question about it. On behalf of most
- 22 everybody if not everybody in the room, I apologize on

- 1 behalf of health professionals everywhere for what you
- 2 have gone through. It's just been a horrible
- 3 situation.
- 4 We've always had somewhat of a drug shortage.
- 5 Now and then these would crop up as Dr. Fox showed
- 6 before. I guess it was last spring we started hearing
- 7 more and from pharmacist and nurses mostly from around
- 8 the country that were running into these situations, so
- 9 it's over, well over a year already.
- 10 And it was so bad that we were getting calls
- 11 left and right, and we actually decided -- I work for
- 12 the Institute for Safe Medication Practices. It's a
- 13 nonprofit organization. We're up on Horsham, PA, and
- 14 we actually operate the national medication error
- 15 reporting program. And when people report to us,
- 16 everything that we get goes to the FDA MedWatch
- 17 program, so we work with the folks in the medication
- 18 error area here at FDA, and he had some communication
- 19 with them too. But it was so bad that we decided that
- 20 we really should be looking into this.
- 21 We have a newsletter that goes to every
- 22 hospital in the country basically every two week. We

- 1 have other outlets a well. We wrote an article about
- 2 it and told people we were interested in getting
- 3 feedback, and so we did a survey. And FDA asked me
- 4 today to go over some of the results of that survey,
- 5 but you've told the story pretty much already. I don't
- 6 know that I even need to give my talk so much, but I'm
- 7 going to go through it anyway. I only have a few
- 8 minutes, so let me get started. I don't have any
- 9 conflicts either.
- 10 This is our newsletter. And by the way, if
- 11 you go to the September 23, 2010, newsletter on our Web
- 12 site, we have over a thousand reports of medication
- 13 errors that came back, mostly serious, and they're
- 14 classified in different areas in this article. You
- 15 only see the first page, but there's many other pages
- 16 as well.
- 17 I'd like to talk about some of these. Some
- 18 of these you've heard about already, so I don't have to
- 19 do that. Obviously, we heard that and we know how well
- 20 it compromises and delays treatments and procedures,
- 21 and causes the need for alternative therapies like
- 22 happened to the Hamlins and others that are sometimes

- 1 not tolerable compared to the drug that they were used
- 2 to, and they result in failures as well. Just a couple
- 3 of these I mentioned. We had a fatal event that was
- 4 reported in the survey when a patient with an infection
- 5 called Pseudomonas aeruginosa, which is usually
- 6 sensitive to many of the antibiotics that are directed
- 7 at it, but this one was not. It was only sensitive to
- 8 Amikacin, and Amikacin was unavailable, and this
- 9 patient died as a result of not getting the antibiotic.
- 10 We've had situations where people have awaken
- 11 during surgery because the anesthesiologists were not
- 12 familiar with the alternative agents that they normally
- 13 work with and titrated very well and didn't have those
- 14 problems but couldn't get the drugs that they were used
- 15 to. What a horrible thing. It happens now and then,
- 16 but it was happening more often, and we got that kind
- 17 of feedback.
- 18 Chemotherapy regimens modified. Absolutely.
- 19 We've heard that again. I want to tell you about
- 20 another one too. I had the opportunity of attending an
- 21 all-day meeting on Friday with the American Society for
- 22 Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition, and one of the big

- 1 issue that they have is they basically can't get any of
- 2 the additive that they normally, and they've had to go
- 3 to various alternatives, and that's been a major
- 4 problem, and it has lead to some errors as well
- 5 including fatal ones, which I'll talk to you on in a
- 6 minute. So this is a major issue, the whole area of
- 7 chemotherapy and parenteral as well.
- 8 The president of the organization, Jay
- 9 Mirtallo, who's here today, I remember him saying that
- 10 with most of the drug shortages you can't treat the
- 11 patient with that drug, but you can give them usually
- 12 an alternative. And for the most part, it is a
- 13 suitable alternative although it's not the ideal.
- 14 With the chemotherapy regimen, for example,
- 15 we know these are time tested and true, and the
- 16 research supports that there's a lot of evidence in the
- 17 literature that these are effective and curative, and
- 18 you can't use the regular regimen that you would
- 19 normally use. That's the problem.
- 20 But with the nutritionals, it's not that you
- 21 can't treat them. These cause nutritional
- 22 deficiencies; people are not getting adequate

- 1 nutrition, and this goes down to the newborns that
- 2 don't have a functioning gut. So this is a major,
- 3 major issue in the field of parenteral nutrition.
- We've had many. Some of them you've just
- 5 heard about. You heard about the epinephrine overdose.
- 6 This labeled archaically. It has never been changed
- 7 despite petitions that have been submitted -- or
- 8 labeled in terms of the ratio 1:1000 -- not 1 mg
- 9 necessarily, but the highlight there is 1:1,000 or
- 10 1:10,000. The syringe that we use intravenously during
- 11 emergencies is 1:10,000 10 ml. We had mix-ups reported
- 12 again and again where they gave 10 1 ml ampoules of
- 13 1:1,000, a massive overdose which basically infarcts
- 14 your myocardium. So this was one that we had.
- 15 We had the same one that was mentioned a
- 16 little bit earlier as well, just a simple mix-ups in
- 17 the dilution, not knowing how to dilute it properly and
- 18 giving it straight right out of the ampoule. That also
- 19 can be for someone that has anaphylaxis, for example,
- 20 the dose is smaller, and it's usually not even given by
- 21 IV route. That can cause obviously serious problems
- 22 and has, and that was responsible for one of the fatal

- 1 events that we saw.
- 2 Hydromorphone and morphine. Morphine very
- 3 commonly used. People are not necessarily familiar
- 4 although it's widely used in hospital; not everyone is
- 5 familiar with the dosing of hydromorphone, which is
- 6 about seven times more potent than morphine. We had
- 7 name mix-ups occurring when only the alternative
- 8 hydromorphone was available and doctors were dosing it
- 9 as if it were morphine, and we had two fatal events
- 10 reported there.
- 11 VinCristine and vinblastine, major dosing
- 12 differences between these two. We had these drugs
- 13 mixed-up, resulting in a death.
- 14 And then again, the parenteral nutrition
- 15 issues. One of the problems we have with this is they
- 16 can use alternative concentrations; for example,
- 17 there's a potassium acetate, a sodium acetate which is
- 18 available in either 4 ml equivalent/ml or 2 ml
- 19 equivalent/ml. And the problem is you don't just throw
- 20 this up in a syringe and add it necessarily. They're
- 21 often used with automated compounders in the pharmacy,
- 22 and the software that drives that has to be changed. If

- 1 you can't get your normal concentration, you got to put
- 2 the new concentration in. This can affect literally
- 3 scores of patients if that change isn't made. We've had
- 4 those types of errors as well. So this is not a minor
- 5 issue by any stretch.
- 6 And I want to point something else out that I
- 7 think is critical, and I think FDA could really help us
- 8 with. They have the ability to go into a pharmacy that
- 9 compounds IVs. A lot of the hospitals, like with
- 10 fluorouracil, for example, they are actually starting
- 11 with active pharmaceutical ingredient, the powder, that
- 12 they can purchase. And then because there is a
- 13 shortage, they can supply an actual injection to
- 14 hospitals. Most of them do a terrific job. They have
- 15 very exquisite aseptic procedures that they implement.
- 16 There's even a standard called Chapter 797 of the U.S.
- 17 Pharmacopeia that actually is required in many states
- 18 but not all states.
- 19 And I cannot to this day clearly see anything
- 20 that articulates what pharmacies are provided with the
- 21 oversight to ensure that they're making these drugs
- 22 safely and what pharmacies are not; which are

Capital Reporting Company Drug Storage Workshop 09-26-2011

- 1 manufacturers that are subject to current good
- 2 manufacturing practices and which are not. And why is
- 3 it that our boards of pharmacies in this country are
- 4 not regulating this critically important safety process
- 5 called Chapter 797. It isn't being done or not being
- 6 fully done in most of the states around the country. So
- 7 this puts our patients in danger.
- 8 And I think that's a great place to start
- 9 with FDA and with other agencies is looking at this
- 10 whole situation to make sure that we have a safe
- 11 infrastructure for these alternative injectable
- 12 products that are being made in response to the
- 13 shortage. We need these organizations, but we have to
- 14 assure that they're safe, and that's what I wanted to
- 15 say. These are all situations where fatal events have
- 16 happened, meningitis, epidural abscesses, bloodstream
- 17 infections.
- 18 Just this past year -- or this year, we had
- 19 nine deaths in Alabama where amino acids for parenteral
- 20 nutrition were being mixed because they could not get
- 21 the commercial product. They started with amino acid
- 22 powders, multiple powders. And the 797 that I talked

- 1 about was not fully addressed in the pharmacy. There
- 2 were several violations in that, and unfortunately, it
- 3 resulted in infections with a containment called
- 4 Serratia marcescens, and these patients were all
- 5 bloodstream infections. I think there were 19 in all
- 6 with 9 deaths. So this is not a minor issue
- 7 We just had one not because of a shortage but
- 8 Avastin. And some of these are not
- 9 necessarily a shortage; it just points out that
- 10 hospitals and community pharmacies and IV compounders
- 11 that doing this need to be using the same exquisite
- 12 aseptic procedures that our pharmaceutical industry is
- 13 required to use, but that's not happening. The most
- 14 recent ones were the Avastin blindness in three
- 15 different cities: Miami, Los Angeles, and Tennessee.
- 16 They were just reported a few weeks ago. Several
- 17 people were blinded after these injections were
- 18 contaminated during preparation in pharmacies.
- 19 The financial effect of the shortages.
- Obviously, dramatic increase costs for the
- 21 time that we're spending, the alternative medications
- 22 that are not on contract, and so on and so forth. Lots

- 1 of emotional issues. Doctors arguing with pharmacists:
- 2 How come I can get it across the street at this
- 3 hospital but I can't get it here? Maybe this one is
- 4 using the gray market. We don't know. And that puts
- 5 people at risk.
- 6 We don't know where these drugs have come
- 7 from. Are they counterfeit? Have they been stolen?
- 8 How have they been stored? There's a risk to
- 9 purchasing drugs from the gray market, not just the
- 10 cost. So frustration, anger, mistrust, strained
- 11 professional relationships.
- 12 And then we run into these ethical and moral
- 13 decisions; ethical decision where we have this drug;
- 14 you have two patients that need it and which one do you
- 15 give it to. Do you dilute it down maybe and just give
- 16 part of the dose? That's actually happened, not giving
- 17 a full dose. These crazy things are happening now,
- 18 like you said, in our country, in the United States.
- 19 It's pretty hard to believe.
- 20 Inability to keep up with important safety
- 21 initiatives in hospitals, look-alike and sound-alike
- 22 initiative, double checks, medication reconciliation.

- 1 And then the sterility issues I mentioned, the gray
- 2 market issues, where is the drug coming from, how is it
- 3 stored, etcetera.
- 4 Delays at updating computer systems and
- 5 barcoding systems, which I touched on. Possible
- 6 dispensing and administration errors. Using open
- 7 medications is another thing we've run into. I've
- 8 personally seen this. We sometimes are asked to come
- 9 to hospital and look at their medication system. I've
- 10 been in ORs where I've seen vials of propofol sitting
- 11 on top of a drug cart being used as if they're
- 12 multiple-dose vials. They're single-dose vials, and
- 13 these are the large vials, and they're used past one
- 14 hour that even if you kept it under a laminar flow hood
- 15 it might be safe. That's not the case here. This is
- 16 used all day long as a multiple dose vial, and it's not
- 17 under the conditions specified in 797.
- 18 Using single-dose and unit of use containers.
- 19 For multiple patients is the issue there.
- So we've had all these things, and you asked
- 21 me talk about it, and that's why I bring these up. But
- 22 I think some of this is addressable.

So what I wanted to do now -- shall I just go

119

- on to the -- we have a panel, and I'm going to moderate The objectives of this panel are -- these are practitioner organizations. We have oncologists, Anesthesiologists, pediatricians, and other specialty 5 6 setting, some urgency physicians, etcetera, etcetera. 7 And we're going to hear from them. I'd like to mention that we each have five minutes, and we've been pretty good staying on time so far. 10 The practitioners will talk about what the 11 challenges are in their particular field and how the 12 drug shortages have contributed to these challenges 13 that they have. And I'm going to ask each of the 14 participants on my panel to identify yourself rather 15 than go around right now and spend that time, so if
- 18 I'm going to have to cut you off. Thank you very much.

will tell you if you go over five minutes, I'm sorry,

you'll identify yourself just before you start.

- 19 Okay. Let's hear first from I guess Ali, Ali
- 20 McBride. Hi, Ali.

1

16

- MR. MCBRIDE: Thank you so much, Mike. I
- 22 appreciate it. My name is Ali McBride, and today I'm

- 1 representing the Hematology/Oncology Pharmacy
- 2 Association. We are a nonprofit professional
- 3 organization of over 16,050 members launched in 2004.
- 4 HOPA's purpose is to optimize the care of individuals
- 5 fight cancer through the support and advancement of
- 6 oncology pharmacy practice. HOPA is a leading oncology
- 7 pharmacy professional organization focusing on efforts
- 8 to maintain quality and safety in cancer care in
- 9 disciplinary fashion. Thank you so much.
- The role of our memberships span from direct
- 11 patient care to education to research. HOPA leads
- 12 efforts to ensure the needs and perspectives of cancer
- 13 patients and their families are maintained regardless
- 14 of practice setting and that all cancer patients have
- 15 access to quality and safe cancer care.
- 16 The grown number of drug shortages is
- 17 presenting serious challenges to the efforts of HOPA
- 18 members to provide optimal care to individuals affected
- 19 by cancer. As has been discussed, the number of drug
- 20 shortages in critically short supply is increasing at
- 21 an alarming rate. These shortages threaten the safety
- 22 and quality of patient care in hospitals and clinics

- 1 nationwide. In many cases, equivalent therapeutic
- 2 alternatives are not available or alternatives have not
- 3 been tested for the intended use or carry increase
- 4 potential for drug-related complications and increased
- 5 cost.
- The potential harm to patients' safety is of
- 7 paramount concern. These shortages contribute to
- 8 disruptions in patient care including delay of
- 9 chemotherapy treatment, cancellation of chemotherapy,
- 10 changes to different dosing or chemotherapy regimens,
- 11 and unintended adverse effects. The time and resources
- 12 focused on the management of these shortages pull
- 13 healthcare resources away from patient care.
- Oncology drug shortages have slowed or ceased
- 15 access to medications with curative intent in a number
- 16 of cancers. A total of 23 chemotherapy shortages were
- 17 in short supply in 2010, and 22 reported by August
- 18 2011. This was the highest number of anticancer agents
- 19 in short supply since national data collection started
- 20 in 2003. Chemotherapy shortages have included drugs
- 21 that are integral for first-line treatment in diseases
- 22 where cure is the goal.

1	In addition, patients that are being
2	maintained on treatments that have been provided in
3	response are now being changed to different therapies
4	without the proven benefit in the individual patients.
5	In such cases, numerous issues have arisen
6	due to oncology shortages across the nation. The lack
7	of several medications in pediatric ALL regimens, a
8	disease with greater than 95-percent cure rate, hinders
9	patient treatment when an institution is unable to
10	obtain half the drugs in the regimens including
11	vincristine, danuorubicin, and cyclophosphamide.
12	Patients with AML have also had curative
13	treatment delayed or transferred to other institutions
14	due lack of cytarabine for administration of first-line
15	induction chemotherapy or consolidation treatment.
16	Breast cancer patients have been switched to
17	alternative regimens due to lack of doxorubicin.
18	Recently, paclitaxel has been in short supply. The
19	after effects of the shortages has lead to numerous
20	patients with different diagnosis having their
21	chemotherapy delayed or halted due to lack of therapy.
22	Bone marrow transplantations have been put on

- 1 hold due to inadequate supply of chemotherapy drugs for
- 2 conditioning regimens.
- 3 Cancer clinical trials are being affected for
- 4 both adult and pediatric cancer patients. Clinical
- 5 trials are being suspended. Patient accrual is being
- 6 halted, and drug substitutions are resulting in
- 7 potential problems with the data analysis of the
- 8 clinical trials.
- 9 Patients either through the direct loss of
- 10 chemotherapy regimen or through a supportive-care
- 11 medication being on short supply are now feeling the
- 12 consequences of these drugs on short supply.
- Drug shortages have led to change in
- 14 chemotherapy regimens which have the potential for
- 15 increased side effects and unintended consequences. The
- 16 lack of medication for curative purposes and the
- 17 treatment of care is simply unacceptable.
- 18 HOPA is concerned about the effects of
- 19 oncology drug shortages and continued patient care.
- 20 Recommendations. HOPA recommends that the FDA and all
- 21 equivalent stakeholders relevant to the following
- 22 actions to reduce and eventually prevent drug

- 1 shortages. And these are advocating for transparency
- 2 on all issues; consider distribution options for
- 3 products in short supply; enhance communications among
- 4 manufacturers, healthcare professional organizations,
- 5 and the FDA; support product distribution; incentivize
- 6 manufacturing redundancies as part of the FDA approval
- 7 process for drugs; require confidential notification of
- 8 FDA where there is a single API or active
- 9 pharmaceutical ingredient; notification would apply to
- 10 informing FDA interruption for these supplies or raw
- 11 material; and also increasing collaborations with
- 12 industry, DEA, and FDA; and develop efficient and
- 13 equitable access programs for patients; as well as
- 14 maintaining adequate reimbursement for the use of brand
- 15 named drug therapies or alternative therapies when
- 16 existing drugs are in short supply; lastly, developing
- 17 guidelines for oncology regimens when there is a
- 18 shortage of supply in that regimen.
- 19 We thank the FDA for seeking HOPA's input on
- 20 this issue as we hope to continue discussions on
- 21 answers to resolve the drug shortages.
- MR. COHEN: Thank you very much. That was

- 1 perfect. You're right on time. Dr. Lichtenfeld,
- 2 physician.
- BR. LICHTENFELD: Thank you, Dr. Cohen. I'm
- 4 not so sure I'll be good about the time, but I am going
- 5 to try as hard as I can. Thank you very much. And
- 6 thanks to everyone for being here today. I'm Dr. Len
- 7 Lichtenfeld. I'm the Deputy Chief Medical Officer for
- 8 the American Cancer Society. In terms of conflicts of
- 9 interests, I have declared that I do have stock
- 10 ownership in Johnson & Johnson; and of course, the
- 11 Society does receive grants from various pharmaceutical
- 12 companies. That information is available on our Web
- 13 site at www.cancer.org.
- 14 The Society is a nationwide community-based
- 15 voluntary health organization that's dedicated to
- 16 eliminating cancers as a major health problem through
- 17 prevention, saving lives, diminishing suffering, and
- 18 through research, education, and advocacy. Without
- 19 going into all the details, we are nationwide with
- 20 literally millions of volunteers in 12 geographic
- 21 divisions.
- We are very concerned about the impact of

- 1 cancer drug shortages on cancer patients, and I think
- 2 it's critically important to point out that these
- 3 treatments that we use today are based on evidence that
- 4 has been developed literally over the course of years.
- 5 I would add that these are not necessarily brand new
- 6 drugs. These are drugs that have been around for
- 7 decades, and they still are active and effective in the
- 8 treatment of cancer. The availability of cancer drugs
- 9 for patients at their time of need and their time of
- 10 treatment is critically important as we've heard today.
- 11 This is a matter of life and death. We have
- 12 reports of 34 generic drugs on the market; 14 of those
- 13 are in short supply. And as I've heard today and
- 14 you've heard, there are likely more than that. And
- 15 despite the fact that these drugs were developed years
- 16 ago, they remain critically important in many effective
- 17 cancer treatments.
- 18 It's worse in smaller hospitals -- we've
- 19 heard testimony to that today -- because they don't
- 20 have the buying power and they may not be in the right
- 21 locations to get the drugs they need, and that means
- 22 patients have to go elsewhere. I happen to live in a

- 1 small town, and we are far from major cancer centers,
- 2 and the impact of having to travel elsewhere to get
- 3 medications or other support drugs is a major issue.
- 4 And workarounds may be okay, but they are not
- 5 the answer. They are not the same drug. And we do not
- 6 know, as we've heard today, whether or not
- 7 administrating a workaround drug is as effective as the
- 8 actual drug that's necessary for the treatment of that
- 9 patient.
- 10 It's a daily nightmare. We've heard actual
- 11 testimony and obviously very passionate testimony today
- 12 to that effect. But let me share with you that as a
- 13 nationwide organization, as Nancy has reported
- 14 previously, we get calls on a regular basis from
- 15 patients and families who want to know where do they
- 16 go, what do they do, and what can we do to fix the
- 17 problem. Patients want solutions.
- 18 We want to address this, and we think it's
- 19 best addressed, as been mentioned here today, through a
- 20 solution-oriented manner. And there's urgency. This
- 21 is not something for the -- we have to -- we can't have
- 22 a committee that's going to report back in two years

- 1 and then tell us what we need to do four years hence.
- 2 We need response, and we need effective response now.
- We need multiple solutions. As we've heard
- 4 today, we certainly understand there are many complex
- 5 and intertwined reasons why the shortage exists. We
- 6 really have to ask why now. These are drugs that I use
- 7 40 years ago in the treatment of patients with acute
- 8 leukemia that are still effective today. They are
- 9 lifesaving, and the reality is suddenly after all of
- 10 these years those drugs are not readily available.
- 11 So we call on the industry to act
- 12 expeditiously to provide the public with a full
- 13 understanding of why and how this has arisen, and until
- 14 these causes are better understood, there are several
- 15 steps that we think should be taken. For example, the
- 16 Federal Government should expand its collection of
- 17 information on the underlying causes of the current
- 18 drug shortages; and patients and clinicians, as we've
- 19 heard today -- we would emphasize and underline this --
- 20 need better information about drug shortages and better
- 21 options for purchasing the drugs they need for
- 22 treatment.

- 1 We need to compile available inventories of
- 2 drugs that are in short supply including where
- 3 shortages exist. We need to work with interested
- 4 parties as information become available about the
- 5 causes of specific shortages to resolve those
- 6 shortages. Adequate production to meet demand in the
- 7 near term could be leveraged by the National Cancer
- 8 Institute infrastructure for drug development to
- 9 provide short-term supplies for individual cancer
- 10 drugs.
- 11 And finally, we encourage manufacturers,
- 12 distributors, and other stakeholders in the drug
- 13 manufacturing and supply process to voluntarily step
- 14 forward to help work expeditiously to find short- and
- 15 long-term solutions to the critical problem.
- 16 We heard today and we've heard previously
- 17 about the gray market. And frankly, aside from the
- 18 concerns about safety, it really raises some serious
- 19 questions about where our priorities are in this
- 20 country that patients should have to pay thousands of
- 21 times more than the drug cost in order to get something
- 22 that they need to save their lives.

130 Gray markets arise when there are 1 misallocations and underproduction and raise the possibility of price gouging or hoarding, and that further exacerbates the seriousness of this problem. There is an extraordinary need to look at the root 6 causes and take quicker actions to stem the drug 7 shortage crisis. And we ask the manufacturers, distributors, and other participants in the drug manufacture process develop immediate and long-term solutions to address this horrible crisis for cancer 10 11 patients, and I can't ignore --MR. COHEN: Dr. Lichtenfeld, that's --12 13 DR. LICHTENFELD: -- a closing very briefly -14 15 MR. COHEN: -- that's it. 16 DR. LICHTENFELD: -- if I may because I've carried this message from a number of people that I've 18 talked to --19 MR. COHEN: Wrap it up. 20 DR. LICHTENFELD: Very briefly. When you 21 talk to a cancer expert in leukemia and he says I 22 cannot get cytarabine to treat my patients and there is

- 1 no substitute, as happened to me this weekend, I carry
- 2 that message to this panel, to the FDA, to everyone in
- 3 this room, it's not acceptable.
- When a colleague of mine has a wife -- and
- 5 he's no different than a lot of other folks -- who's
- 6 being treated for metastatic ovarian cancer and her
- 7 last hope for survival is to get a drug that they
- 8 cannot get and he reaches out to everyone he knows
- 9 across the country begging to do whatever is necessary,
- 10 those people stand not as individuals, they stand as
- 11 representatives for a problem that has occurred, is no
- 12 longer acceptable; and we must pull together to find
- 13 solutions that are effective for the patients we take
- 14 care of and the patients we care for. Thank you.
- 15 MR. COHEN: Thank you, Dr. Lichtenfeld. I'm
- 16 sorry. We have to move on.
- 17 DR. LICHTENFELD: That's okay. I wish I
- 18 could give you another five minutes. You sounded
- 19 great. It was great. Dr. Solberg.
- DR. SOLBERG: My name is Larry Solberg. I
- 21 practice hematology in Jacksonville, Florida, at Mayo
- 22 Clinic in Florida. I'm here representing the American

Society of Hematology. I'm the Chair of

132

- 2 their practice committee. And our Society has 16,000
 3 members, and the clinicians in our Society treat
 - 3 members, and the clinicians in our society treat

- 4 leukemia, lymphoma, bone marrow transplant, malignant
- 5 disorder. But we also treat a wide range of benign
- 6 disorder: Sickle cell disease, coagulation disorders.
- 7 I thank you for this invitation of our Society to make
- 8 some remarks. I have no disclosures and no slides.
- 9 Our remarks will fall in to general areas:
- 10 First, how this is affecting our patients and
- 11 clinicians; and then some of our suggestions.
- 12 As I've listened to this over the past year
- 13 in this conference, I personally believe we're facing a
- 14 tsunami of risks here. I use the work tsunami because
- 15 what if what we're seeing is the earliest wave
- 16 approaching the shores of our medical system, what is
- 17 to follow. We know the destructive force of a tsunami
- 18 is what to follow. So I agree with Rear Admiral that
- 19 this is something affecting all of us.
- 20 Turning to how this has affected our
- 21 patients. We have found that they have had increased
- 22 suffering, and certainly it's affected the practice of

- 1 hematology. You've heard much of this. Let me talk
- 2 about scheduling. It is of course very upsetting to a
- 3 patient to be told one may have to start their
- 4 treatment a few days later; even if there's no clinical
- 5 impact on their course, it's very upsetting to hear
- 6 that. But think of what the clinician and the
- 7 physician and the pharmacist are dealing with. Many of
- 8 these regimens exists over six months, and so what if
- 9 one has drugs for three cycles. What about cycles 4,
- 10 5, and 6? This is a real crucible.
- I think a suggestion to the FDA and those of
- 12 you who have maintained these registries is that point
- 13 of service if one is seeing a patient now I don't need
- 14 to know next week. We need to know now when is that
- 15 drug going to become available, how much of it will
- 16 become available.
- You've heard these other two points that
- 18 affect our practice. Choosing a regimen that may be as
- 19 effective but with a great toxicity profile, which we
- 20 think has happened; or being forced to choose a regimen
- 21 for first line of treatment that may not have been
- 22 compared front to front to the standard treatment, and

- 1 then one is engaging on perhaps a less effective
- 2 treatment in treating a patient.
- 3 I also want to mention clinical trials.
- 4 Normally, we're able to discuss with patients "You have
- 5 treatment option A, standard treatment; B, good
- 6 risk/bad risk, but we also have a clinical trial. In
- 7 some cases, these have been taken off the table. This
- 8 reduces patients' choice. It impedes science.
- 9 Now turning to our recommendations. There
- 10 are many causes, many things needed. Our initial
- 11 comments are around really the FDA. We share the
- 12 urgency here. We think steps need to be taken now. We
- 13 note that having four employees in the Drug Shortage
- 14 department may not be enough given the level of this
- 15 challenge.
- 16 Some specific recommendations are improving
- 17 communications between the FDA and stakeholders. I
- 18 think it would help if there were specialty-specific
- 19 list servers. And again, the clinicians need to know
- 20 when is it could become available. This is hard
- 21 information to get, but that's what needed.
- We think that the current configuration of

- 1 FDA authority and policy is not sufficient, that where
- 2 you are now should change. And we support the
- 3 Preserving Access to Life-Saving Medications Act, S296,
- 4 and the HR2245 version, as a trajectory for trying to
- 5 improve that.
- 6 We think you should continue examining to see
- 7 if any of your testing requirements around
- 8 methodologies may contribute to the problem of drug
- 9 shortages and looking at drug availability. We think
- 10 that developing a national drug registry would be
- 11 useful, and we wonder if expanding the orphan drug
- 12 status in this situation might help manufacturers to
- 13 continue producing single-source older drugs.
- 14 This current situation -- I think in medicine
- 15 we have situations where we want zero tolerance. I
- 16 think we all would want zero tolerance for this type of
- 17 drug shortages.
- There is much to be done here. We thank you
- 19 for the opportunity to comment. We do have a letter
- 20 with more detailed placed in the docket. Thank you.
- 21 MR. COHEN: Thank you very much. Karen
- 22 Hagerty.

- DR. HAGERTY: Thank you. Good morning,
- 2 everybody. It's a real privilege to be here. My name
- 3 is Karen Hagerty. I'm with the American Society of
- 4 Clinical Oncology, and we represent nearly 30,000
- 5 members, physicians, and other healthcare professionals
- 6 that are involved in the care of patients with cancer
- 7 and in research into promising new treatments.
- 8 After the passionate articulations you just
- 9 heard from Dr. Lichtenfeld and others, there isn't too
- 10 much that I can add to what they've said. They've
- 11 really sort of painted a great picture of what it's
- 12 like, but I do want to give you somewhat of an idea
- 13 what it's like sort of out in the day-to-day practice
- 14 in the community oncology practice.
- 15 We've heard a lot today from our colleagues
- 16 from in-hospital setting and how this is impacting
- 17 institutions and hospitals. Certainly, it's having the
- 18 same if not a worse impact in a lot of community
- 19 setting partly because some of these practices are
- 20 simply not large enough to have the purchasing power to
- 21 get these drugs when they're in shortage, so it's
- 22 definitely a real problem for many of the community

- 1 practices.
- And we first started hearing from our members
- 3 -- I think others have mentioned -- around spring of
- 4 last year, spring of 2010, was when this problem seemed
- 5 to become really reaching a crescendo. And so then, of
- 6 course, ASCO became involved with ASHP and ISMP and
- 7 others at the Drug Shortage Summit last year, and
- 8 you'll be hearing a lot more about that a little later
- 9 this afternoon. So I won't go into too many details
- 10 there.
- Our members call us a regular basis. They're
- 12 angry. They're frustrated. They're frightened for
- 13 their patients. They want to know when this is going
- 14 to be fixed and what we're going to do to fix this
- 15 because patient care is really the ultimate thing
- 16 that's on the line here.
- I did just want to expand briefly on the
- 18 issue of clinical trials, which has also been
- 19 mentioned. Recall for most cancer clinical treatment
- 20 trials there is not a placebo arm, so the issue that
- 21 we're getting into with clinical trials isn't
- 22 necessarily that the experimental drug, if there is one

- 1 in the trial, is not available, it's the fact that the
- 2 standard of care arm to which the new treatment is
- 3 being compared is not available. And has been touched
- 4 on by others, not only is this a disservice to the
- 5 patients that are enrolled in the trial, but it leads
- 6 to later problems down the road with data analysis when
- 7 you've had drug substitution or you've had trial delay.
- 8 That's something else. It's obviously of tremendous
- 9 concern to us.
- 10 You have practices where physicians and their
- 11 professional staff are having weekly meetings to look
- 12 at their inventory of drug and essentially have to
- 13 triage which patient is going to get which drug if
- 14 there is no more drug coming in the door. This is an
- 15 untenable situation for both health professionals and
- 16 patients. And I will echo, it's been said by others
- 17 that this situation is simply unacceptable for patient
- 18 care and something needs to be done about it right now.
- 19 I will hold off on discussing and
- 20 recommendations until later this afternoon. Thank you.
- 21 MR. COHEN: Thank you very much, Dr. Hagerty.
- 22 Arnold from the American Society of Anesthesiologists,

- 1 American Association of Nurse Anesthetists.
- DR. BERRY: Yes. Thank you. I do have
- 3 slides. I wonder if the projectionist could put those
- 4 up and advance them for me.
- 5 While those are coming up, I'm Arnold Berry.
- 6 I'm Vice President for Scientific Affairs for the
- 7 American Society of Anesthesiologists. The ASA is the
- 8 medical specialty organization for anesthesiologists
- 9 who are physician practicing anesthesia, critical care,
- 10 and pain medication. I have no financial disclosure to
- 11 mention related to my presentation.
- 12 In order to understand the scope of the
- 13 impact of drug shortages on anesthesiologists, I think
- 14 it's important to understand that anesthesiologists now
- 15 work outside their traditional locations of the
- 16 operating room and labor and delivery. We now provide
- 17 anesthesia and sedation for endoscopy, in cardiac cath
- 18 labs, and for radiology procedure. Most surgeries now
- 19 occur in free-standing ambulatory surgery centers.
- 20 These are not often connected with hospitals. These
- 21 are not associated with hospitals and obtain drugs in
- 22 other ways from large hospitals that we've been hearing

- 1 about today.
- 2 Also, many of our members practice in surgeon
- 3 or dental offices providing anesthesia one on one with
- 4 physicians. We also work in pain clinics and in
- 5 critical care units.
- In order to understand the impact of drug
- 7 shortages on our members, we conducted a survey this
- 8 past April. We received responses from approximately
- 9 1,400 anesthesiologists, and almost all of them had
- 10 experienced a drug shortage during the previous year.
- 11 It was interesting that at the time of the survey 90
- 12 percent said they were currently having a shortage of
- 13 at least one or more drugs.
- 14 The specific drugs in shortage during the
- 15 past year are listed here. We've heard a little bit
- 16 about propofol already, and I'll mention a bit more
- 17 about it in just a minute. But in addition to
- 18 propofol, many of the bread-and-butter drugs that we
- 19 use on a daily basis are affected as well. In
- 20 additional succinycholine and epinephrine that were in
- 21 critical incidents were in short supply for many of our
- 22 members. And not having these drugs when severe

- 1 emergencies occur result in failure to rescue and
- 2 severe consequences to the patients.
- 3 From this survey, about half of the
- 4 anesthesiologists reported that they had changed their
- 5 anesthetic management in some way, and they felt that
- 6 shortages resulted in less optimal patient outcomes
- 7 including longer operating room times or recovery
- 8 times.
- 9 What was most significant was that 10 percent
- 10 reported that they had postponed or cancelled
- 11 procedures because of lack of drugs. If you think
- 12 about a patient who has come for surgery, their family
- 13 has come in from out of town; they've arranged care for
- 14 their children. The societal impact of these
- 15 cancellations is significant.
- 16 Propofol has been mentioned previously. It's
- 17 now the most frequently used drug to induce anesthesia
- 18 and to provide sedation for diagnostic and therapeutic
- 19 procedures. The pharmacologic profile of propofol is
- 20 such that it provides quick anesthesia with very quick
- 21 awakening, and in the ambulatory surgery setting today,
- 22 it's become our go-to drug.

142

Other drugs can be used for induction of 1 anesthesia, but they have less optimal characteristics and result in outcomes which lead to patients being unsatisfied with their care. This includes prolonged awakening, longer stay in the recovery room prior to 5 6 discharge, and increased post-operative nausea and 7 vomiting. So although anesthesiologists are trained to 8 safely use multiple drugs and can often find 10 alternatives when there are drug shortages, often there 11 are unavoidable consequences of these. Some decrease patients' satisfaction but others are significant 12 adverse outcomes including death. These are often 13 14 critically ill patients who need these rescue drugs 15 which have been in short supply. There has also been an impact of drug 16 17 shortages on healthcare cost; that is, we've heard 18 today about alternative sources of drugs and the way 19 that practitioners have to pay increased prices when 20 drugs in short supply are purchased through an 21 alternative source. Longer procedure and recovery 22 times drive up healthcare cost to the healthcare

143

- 1 system. And there's societal and healthcare cost for
- 2 cancelled and postponed procedures.
- 3 So from the data that I've presented today, I
- 4 hope that you see that there has been significant
- 5 impact on the practice of anesthesiology in terms of
- 6 our patients and the healthcare system.
- 7 The ASA has been one of the organizations
- 8 involved with the Drug Shortage Summit Workgroup, and
- 9 our recommendations will be presented later today in a
- 10 presentation from that group. Thank you.
- 11 MR. COHEN: Thank you very much. We're going
- 12 to move on to pediatrics now and Dr. DeWayne Pursley.
- DR. PURSLEY: Thank you, Dr. Cohen. I may
- 14 need to request an additional 30 seconds of indulgence
- 15 as I speak to the impact --

- 17 MR. COHEN: Think about it. (chuckles)
- 18 DR. PURSLEY: -- of the shortages and
- 19 possible solutions for our country's children.
- 20 My name is DeWayne Pursley, and I'm Chief of
- 21 Neonatology and Director of the Neonatal Intensive Care
- 22 Unit at Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center in Boston,

- 1 Massachusetts. I chair the American Academy of
- 2 Pediatrics, that is the AAP, Section on perinatal
- 3 pediatrics, and I'm here today in an official capacity
- 4 representing the AAP, a nonprofit professional
- 5 organization of 60,000 primary care pediatricians,
- 6 pediatric medical subspecialists, and pediatric
- 7 surgical specialist. I want to thank the FDA for the
- 8 opportunity to provide comment on drug shortages.
- 9 As a practicing pediatrician, I've seen
- 10 firsthand the impact of drug shortages on the practice
- 11 on pediatrics. Shortages, discontinuances, or
- 12 interruptions in the pediatric drug supply has and will
- 13 continue to put our patients are risk. The AAP has
- 14 worked for decades to ensure that medicines used in
- 15 children are studied in children. The physiology of
- 16 children is different than that of adults, and as such,
- 17 we must wherever possible have the benefit of age-
- 18 specific therapeutic safety and efficacy data.
- 19 Two laws, the Best Pharmaceuticals for
- 20 Children Act, BPCA, and the Pediatric Research Equity
- 21 Act, PREA, has enabled giant strides toward achieving
- 22 this goal. The Academy is greatly appreciative of its

- 1 partnership with FDA on these two laws and is proud
- 2 that to date because of these laws nearly 400 drugs
- 3 have been relabeled with pediatric information.
- 4 The AAP looks forward to working FDA to renew
- 5 and strengthen these laws when they are up for
- 6 reauthorization in 2012.
- 7 In recent years, much like Abigale Hamil's
- 8 and her fellow patient Makayla's experiences, many of
- 9 the U.S. drug shortages had directly impacted children.
- 10 Exactly two years ago, there was a widespread national
- 11 shortage of erythromycin ophthalmic ointment. Four
- 12 million children each year need this ointment for
- 13 prophylaxis. Some states mandate it. At the time of
- 14 the shortage, the two alternative products were no
- 15 longer available in the U.S. The Government did not
- 16 appear to have anticipated the shortage, and it took
- 17 pressure from the AAP and others for Federal agencies
- 18 to develop and release recommendations for an
- 19 alternative prophylaxis regimen.
- More recently, my colleagues and I in
- 21 neonatology have experienced shortages of component
- 22 ingredients for lifesaving treatment for neonates,

- 1 total parenteral nutrition, TPN, which is used in
- 2 babies who cannot yet eat and have no alternative
- 3 nutrition source. For newborns who rely on TPN
- 4 intravenously as their source of nutrition availability
- 5 of these component ingredients is truly a matter of
- 6 life or death.
- 7 Drug shortages impact general pediatricians
- 8 and subspecialists alike. At present, pediatric
- 9 rheumatologists are reporting shortages nationally of
- 10 injectable methotrexate. But whether it's the propofol
- 11 shortages that have had a profound impact on pediatric
- 12 anesthesiology or persistent shortages of antibiotics
- 13 such as IV preparations of trimethoprim,
- 14 sulfamethoxazole, or Amikacin, drug shortages are
- 15 increasingly more common.
- It is worth noting that the IV preparations
- 17 of pediatric medicines appear to be disproportionately
- 18 overrepresented. The AAP believes that a comprehensive
- 19 solution to drug shortages must include provisions that
- 20 prevent the shortage from occurring in the first place.
- 21 We urge FDA to develop and maintain a list of critical
- 22 medications that should specifically include

- 1 medications used in pediatric population. For
- 2 pediatrics, such a list should not be limited to the
- 3 labeled indication of the product since so many
- 4 products used in children, especially neonates, are not
- 5 labeled for their use.
- 6 Among the products that should be included in
- 7 the critical drugs list are those that come from a sole
- 8 manufacturer. Once this critical medications list is
- 9 developed, FDA working with other Federal partners
- 10 should determine how much of the product is necessary
- 11 to have on hand to meet demand in advance of a
- 12 potential shortage. Then, FDA and its partners should
- 13 establish a mechanism for the purchase and storage of
- 14 advanced supply of the critical medications on this
- 15 list.
- AAP recommends FDA and its Federal partners
- 17 consider the creation of a national critical medication
- 18 stockpile using the strategic national stockpile as a
- 19 model.
- 20 FDA should develop and maintain a database
- 21 containing information about the domestic and foreign
- 22 manufacturers for all the items on the critical

- 1 medications list regardless of whether their products
- 2 are approved in the U.S. Over time, FDA should take
- 3 step to work with manufacturers so they can meet U.S.
- 4 standards for safety and efficacy. Other
- 5 efforts to increase supply should be explored.
- 6 The AP is concerned about inconsistent
- 7 distribution or maldistribution of products that are in
- 8 short supply. We urge the FDA and its Federal partners
- 9 to establish a process to ensure fair and equitable
- 10 distribution of products that are experiencing a
- 11 shortage. We also hope there will be strong national
- 12 safeguards in place to protect against hoarding or
- 13 price gouging.
- 14 The AAP is deeply concerned about FDA's
- 15 current system for alerting pediatricians to potential
- 16 or actual shortages of pediatric products. The current
- 17 system is simply too passive. We urge FDA to develop a
- 18 system for real-time, bidirectional exchange of
- 19 information because in some cases healthcare providers
- 20 may be the first to learn about a change in supply. The
- 21 AAP has mechanisms to quickly disseminate such
- 22 information to our 60,000 members. Increasing staffing

- 1 and resources at FDA's office of drug shortages is also
- 2 critical.
- Finally, once the shortage has occurred, we
- 4 urge the FDA to work more quickly with companies to
- 5 restore their ability to manufacture safe and effective
- 6 products. Special attention and urgency should be paid
- 7 to the products on FDA's critical medications list.
- 8 Because of the lack of supply for certain critical
- 9 products can represent a threat to the public health,
- 10 we recommend FDA explore the use of authorities such as
- 11 emergency use authorization or personal importation
- 12 provisions to allow for additional supply to enter the
- 13 U.S. market under time- and quantity-limited
- 14 circumstances.
- There have been instances where no new supply
- 16 is available and no alternative manufacturer exists.
- 17 Therefore, FDA and its Federal partners should work
- 18 much faster to identity recommended alternative
- 19 therapies and communicate them broadly to the public,
- 20 especially the provider community. Wherever possible,
- 21 the FDA and its Federal partners should utilize outside
- 22 subject matter experts when developing these

- 1 recommendations or guidance for alternative therapies
- 2 in children.
- 3 The AAP looks forward to working with FDA and
- 4 others on the critical issue of drug shortages. Thank
- 5 you for the opportunity to speak today.
- 6 MR. COHEN: Thank you, Dr. Pursley. We have
- 7 some specialty settings: Department of Veterans
- 8 Affairs, American College of Emergency Physicians, and
- 9 research hospital, St. Jude's. Let me call on Dr.
- 10 Vincent Calabrese first.
- 11 MR. CALABRESE: Hi, thank you. Thanks for
- 12 the opportunity to provide some comments regarding the
- 13 drug shortages in the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- 14 My name is Vinny Calabrese, and I work in the National
- 15 Pharmacy Benefits Management Office in the VA. And
- 16 this just shows I don't have any conflicts of interest,
- 17 and my travel and accommodations are paid for through
- 18 the VA.
- 19 I'm going to briefly go through a little bit
- 20 of background about the VA for those who aren't aware,
- 21 a few examples on the effects of shortages on
- 22 outpatients and inpatients in the VA, some of the

- 1 resources we use, some of the actions we take to help
- 2 manage the shortages, and some recommendations.
- 3 VA is a closed system. It's nationwide. We
- 4 have hospitals around the country, about 152 hospitals
- 5 and just under 1,000 clinics. We have about 22.7
- 6 million total veterans, and most of those are elderly
- 7 male population. And of those 22.7, about 8.3 are
- 8 actually enrolled for care, and about 4.7 million
- 9 actually use the pharmacy benefit.
- 10 As far as volume of outpatient prescriptions,
- 11 about 258 million prescriptions per year dispensed
- 12 through the VA in terms of 30-day supplies. And 82
- 13 percent of that goes through our CMOP, which is our
- 14 consolidated mail-out patient pharmacy, and only about
- 15 18 percent are dispensed through our local facilities.
- 16 And the reason for using the CMOP, the mail-
- 17 out pharmacy, is the high efficiency and accuracy we
- 18 can extract from those plants, and there are seven
- 19 plants across the U.S.
- 20 So effects on outpatients really centers
- 21 around the fact that we have an efficient system that's
- 22 very sensitive to the supply chain, so anything that

- 1 interrupts that supply chain really can results in
- 2 delays in patient care. The way it usually works is
- 3 when veterans request their prescription they typically
- 4 request is as soon as they get their prescription
- 5 refill, and it's cued to be routed to the CMOP and
- 6 filled so that they receive them within 10 days.
- 7 In order for the system to work efficiently,
- 8 the mail-out pharmacy has to have that prescription
- 9 filled and out the door in 48 hours; and by out the
- 10 door, I mean out to the mail delivery whether it's UPS,
- 11 Fed-Ex, or U.S. Postal Service.
- 12 If the CMOP can't fill that prescription,
- 13 then they have to send it back to the facility, and
- 14 then the facility is faced with the workload of having
- 15 to fill that prescription and potentially finding a
- 16 source. So that potentially delays veterans in getting
- 17 their medications when they need them.
- 18 An example of the effect on inpatients -- and
- 19 you've heard it before -- when we have a big shortage
- 20 on anesthesia drugs, particularly succinylcholine,
- 21 we're actually having surgeon cancellations in the VA.
- 22 And what we have to do to alleviate that problem is to

- 1 actually have the head of anesthesiology construct some
- 2 guidance for the field -- actually for their own staff
- 3 -- with input from surgery and PBM pharmacy. And we
- 4 came up with strategies such as alternatives that can
- 5 be used, options that can be used such as rocuronium
- 6 where it's appropriate and also strategies to conserve
- 7 the supplies that we have. And that would include
- 8 preserving succinylcholine for absolute emergencies
- 9 when all other options can't be used that are
- 10 clinically appropriate; and also drawing up
- 11 succinylcholine in syringes under a laminar flood hood
- 12 which extends the stability and the shelf life rather
- 13 than drawing it up as the procedure site.
- 14 At the VA we use the Web site that I'm sure
- 15 everybody's aware of both the FDA's Web site here, and
- 16 the next page is the ASHP Web site. We make very good
- 17 use of those Web sites. They give us a lot of
- 18 information, but we still have to go and do our own
- 19 research when we're trying to plan for a drug recall.
- These are some of the actions we take.
- 21 Certainly what everybody probably does is to look in
- 22 the area both public and private hospitals to find out

- 1 where we can get additional stock for emergencies. And
- 2 we have found situations where some private hospitals
- 3 or small hospitals chains actually have excess stocks
- 4 during a shortage; either they're from contracts or the
- 5 gray market; for some reason, we're able to get them.
- 6 So we don't hold back in trying to call around.
- 7 We also can coordinate sharing between our
- 8 own VA hospitals either centrally from the PBM level
- 9 nationally or we have mail groups that the pharmacy
- 10 purchasers can collaborate and find out who has extra
- 11 and who can share.
- 12 We've also consolidated our dispensing and
- 13 purchasing into one mail-out pharmacy for efficiency
- 14 purposes and to be able to track who gets what.
- 15 We also have reduced the prescription
- 16 quantity when we have a severe shortage from a 90-day
- 17 supply to a 30-day supply because we use a lot of 90-
- 18 day supplies just for cost effectiveness both for labor
- 19 and for efficiency.
- MR. COHEN: You have about 30 second, okay.
- 21 MR. CALABRESE: Okay. So what we do we also
- 22 put together our own shortages report; it's published

- 1 as part of a weekly pharmaceutical newsletter, and it
- 2 looks very like you'll find on the Web sites.
- But we have to do additional work. We have
- 4 to call the companies and find out the most updated
- 5 information. We look in our prime vendor wholesaler,
- 6 see what's available; look and see what's available
- 7 direct. And the action may be in part to work with the
- 8 provider to find alternatives like we do with
- 9 anesthesiology.
- 10 Here are just a few recommendations. We
- 11 appreciate the FDA's actions to help remedy the
- 12 situation, and we have some ideas to enhance those
- 13 initiatives. One: Foreign importation could be a
- 14 problem for VA and other Federal agencies because we
- 15 have Federal Acquisition Regulations that can make it
- 16 difficult for us to purchase from foreign countries.
- 17 And certainly, even if we had a way to do that,
- 18 sometimes the reaction time isn't fast enough because
- 19 there are times when you need to make a decision within
- 20 a day or even hours to get stock that's available.
- 21 So we recommend the FDA work with Federal
- 22 agencies and VA to see if there is anything that can be

156 done ahead of time to help alleviate that problem so that we can take advantage. 3 MR. COHEN: I'm going to have to stop you --MR. CALABRESE: Okay. MR. COHEN: -- I'm sorry. And just one more 5 6 comment. 7 MR. CALABRESE: And just one more comment. MR. COHEN: Of course. MR. CALABRESE: We support what FDA is doing to help with early notification. Anything that could 11 be done to notify FDA and organizations and the public 12 as soon as possible so that we can plan, that would be 13 the best. 14 MR. COHEN: Thank you. 15 MR. CALABRESE: Thank you. And now Dr. Blum 16 and then Dr. Hoffman. You each will have five minutes. DR. BLUM: Hi, I'm Rick Blum. I'm here 17 18 representing the American College of Emergency 19 Physicians. That's not important for today. What is 20 important is for the last 30 years I have practiced 21 emergency medicine clinically in a large relatively 22 sophisticated Level 1 trauma center that's the tip of a

- 1 hospital system in a small rural state, but this is a
- 2 big place, relatively sophisticated place. And it's
- 3 important because the story I'm going to tell occurred
- 4 a little less than a year ago.
- 5 It was a busy night shift. The place was
- 6 full. The hallways were lined, and we were going to
- 7 get a multipatient trauma in, six patients from a coal
- 8 truck hitting a van with people in it. Several of the
- 9 patients are critically ill. We work through that
- 10 process with our trauma team. Several of those
- 11 patients went to the operating room, typing up our
- 12 anesthesia department.
- 13 They saved the best for last though. The
- 14 last was a patient who had been entrapped in this
- 15 accident for about an hour. He was critically ill. He
- 16 was head injured. He was intoxicated. He had multiple
- 17 facial fractured. He likely had an intercranial
- 18 hemmorrage. He likely had a cervical spine fracture.
- 19 He came into my emergency department unintubated. He
- 20 had a big wiry beard. He had multiple broken bones in
- 21 his face. This is as nasty an airway as you can
- 22 imagine, and my anesthesia friends I think would

- 1 probably second that. He has a full stomach. He's had
- 2 no preop. I have to him drug to intubate, protect his
- 3 airway so we could do a rapid CAT scan and resituate
- 4 him.
- 5 I'm a been-there-done-that sort of emergency
- 6 physician, but this one is a sphincter-tightening sort
- 7 of moment. You lean on the tools that you've used for
- 8 30 years, and for 30 years, I've used a paralytic drug
- 9 that has very rapid onset, has very short duration
- 10 because I know in the gentleman if I can't get him
- 11 intubated I'm not going to be able to bag him. He has
- 12 no face to get a seal with a bag. This is a deal where
- 13 I paralyze him and then I get him intubated or he dies.
- 14 It's as simple as that. I can't preoxygenate him
- 15 because of his physiologic status. And I turn and I
- 16 ask for the standard dose of succinylcholine, and I
- 17 have the nurse tell me "We don't have succinylcholine.
- 18 What else do you want?"
- 19 I've used succinylcholine hundreds of times
- 20 over 30 years, maybe thousands actually. So I go to
- 21 the next closest drug, which I've used maybe a dozen
- 22 times. It's kind so fast, much longer duration. We

- 1 don't have that either. Because of the succinylcholine
- 2 shortage, we've used up our relatively small stocks of
- 3 that drug. So I go to a third drug, very long onset,
- 4 very long acting. Fortunately, we got him intubated.
- 5 We were able to preserve his life; took years off of
- 6 mine.
- 7 (Laughter)
- B DR. BLUM: He got to the operating room and
- 9 thing went okay. I left the room only to be yelled at
- 10 by the orthopedists who were waiting to reduce the hip
- 11 on an adolescent patient from the same accident. A hip
- 12 dislocation is an orthopedic emergency. The longer
- 13 it's out the greater the chance of aseptic necrosis of
- 14 the hip. He needed to have deep sedation. I needed
- 15 something sort acting because the place is crazy; my
- 16 nurses are at the limit. I can't to have a nurse, a
- 17 doctor, and a resident all in the room for an hour
- 18 while we give a long-sedating drug.
- 19 So I pull out another favorite tool that I've
- 20 used for years: Propofol, short acting, lasts about 5
- 21 or 10 minutes, works really quick. We don't have
- 22 propofol. Okay. So we go to plan B, and we tie up

- 1 people for an hour while we wait for the next best drug
- 2 to wear off. The orthopedist put the hip back in in a
- 3 few minutes, but I was stuck in the room for an hour
- 4 waiting to recover the patient from the much longer
- 5 acting drug.
- 6 While this all was going on, a patient came
- 7 in with status epilepticus. You know how this story is
- 8 going to end. I give him Ativan to stop the seizure,
- 9 but it doesn't stay stopped. I give him some more; it
- 10 doesn't stay stopped. I want to bolus him with another
- 11 drug to keep the seizures at bay. We don't have that
- 12 drug. So I actually had to do general anesthesia on
- 13 him, which is kind of the final option for a status
- 14 epilepticus patient.
- 15 Anyway, the point is not much flusters me in
- 16 emergency medicine anymore, but I have to tell you I
- 17 left that shift shaking my head, okay. Emergency
- 18 medicine -- I don't have a solution for this, but I
- 19 could tell you this is a silly problem that we need to
- 20 fix. On one side, we have a market that's large and
- 21 stable. On the other side, we have manufacturers that
- 22 are in the business of making money. I'm just a dumb

- 1 doc, but I have to believe that between those two
- 2 things there has to be a barrier that we need to tear
- 3 down. And we need to do it now.
- 4 MR. COHEN: Thank you, Dr. Blum. Finally,
- 5 Dr. Jim Hoffman from St. Jude's.
- 6 MR. HOFFMAN: Thank you for the opportunity
- 7 to speak today. I have no conflicts of interest to
- 8 disclose. I'm the Medications Outcomes and Safety
- 9 Officer at St. Jude Children's Research Hospital, so I
- 10 lead medication safety efforts across the hospital.
- The mission of our hospital is to advance
- 12 cures and means of prevention for pediatric
- 13 catastrophic diseases through research and treatment.
- 14 Our areas of focus are childhood cancer, nominally
- 15 hematology such as Sickle Cell Disease and hemophilia
- 16 and infectious diseases. So my comments will focus on
- 17 the impact of drug shortages on both research and
- 18 treatment for children with these catastrophic
- 19 diseases. Since we've heard a lot already about the
- 20 impact of drug shortages on cancer patients and other
- 21 patients, I'll focus most of my comments on the impact
- 22 on clinical trials.

- 1 The slide I have up just reflects the St.
- 2 Jude experiences with drug shortages, and it's very
- 3 consistent what Erin Fox showed of how chemotherapy
- 4 shortages have really increased over the last two
- 5 years.
- The next slide lists some of the notable
- 7 shortages of impact over the last couple of years at
- 8 St. Jude. We've heard a lot about total parenteral
- 9 nutrition already. One thing that I want to make sure
- 10 I clear this is a very complex and high-risk medication
- 11 to prepare, and hospitals and other sites that prepare
- 12 total parenteral nutrition we really seek to
- 13 standardize our processes on the shortages. Really,
- 14 every component of TPN has been in short supply, and so
- 15 the shortages have made us constantly change our
- 16 standardized practices, which really is concerning from
- 17 a medication safety perspective.
- 18 Also, we did have a patient with a
- 19 multivitamin shortage. The patient was taking oral
- 20 multivitamin because the IV multivitamin was not
- 21 available, and the patient developed a thiamine
- 22 deficiency, which fortunately was reversed, but it

- 1 resulted in a lot of anxiety and hospital admission.
- 2 As others have mentioned from the cancer
- 3 perspective, we are forced to make prioritization and
- 4 substitution decisions on a regular basis for
- 5 chemotherapy shortages. We often have to use
- 6 alternative agents and agents where there is less
- 7 evidence. We are concerned about the long-term impact
- 8 of using alternative agents on children with cancer.
- 9 Now from the clinical trial perspective, many
- 10 of the advances that we've made in pediatric childhood
- 11 cancer are due to the excellent participation of these
- 12 patients on clinical trials; 60 to as many as 85
- 13 percent of pediatric cancer patients are enrolled in
- 14 clinical trials, and this is really advanced cures.
- 15 From the clinical trial perspective,
- 16 obviously everyone works very diligently to meet all
- 17 the clinical research regulation. Each shortage
- 18 prompts a tremendous amount of work and documentation
- 19 to continue to comply with regulations as changes are
- 20 constantly being made. Both St. Jude and the
- 21 Children's Oncology Group, which is the primary
- 22 cooperative group for childhood cancer, have had to

- 1 create guidance for investigators for how through drug
- 2 shortages from the clinical trial perspective.
- This slide lists some of the specific
- 4 shortages that have impacted clinical trials. We've
- 5 heard about the cytarabine shortage and how there
- 6 really is no alternative, and we are aware that
- 7 enrollment on frontline AML protocols have been
- 8 suspended for pediatric oncology.
- 9 Mechlorethamine or nitrogen mustard, a
- 10 shortage that hasn't been mentioned is an important
- 11 drug in all of our Hodgkin's lymphoma protocols, and
- 12 these protocols had to be modified along with the
- 13 collaborating site with St. Jude.
- 14 Also, daunorubicin, which we heard about,
- 15 that's a current shortage and challenge for us, and
- 16 we've had to prioritize two ALL patients -- AML
- 17 patients. We've substituted idarubicin, where there is
- 18 less data again.
- 19 Again, from the perspective of the clinical
- 20 trials perspective, I want to point out that the
- 21 Children's Oncology Group, which we are members of and
- 22 participate, we are aware that at least 85 COG clinical

- 1 trials have been impacted by drug shortages. And I
- 2 have no doubt that data analysis interpretation as
- 3 those clinical trials mature will be much more
- 4 challenging due to drug shortages and the tremendous
- 5 number of deviations and unique amendments that have
- 6 had to be made in those clinical trials.
- 7 Finally, I'll just close with a large
- 8 perspective. While we've talked about drug shortages
- 9 and particularly chemotherapy drug shortages really
- 10 increasing over the last couple of years, this has been
- 11 a long-term challenge for pediatric oncology. Acute
- 12 lymphoblastic leukemia is the most common childhood
- 13 cancer. Fortunately, cure rates are up to 90 percent,
- 14 and we use 10 drugs to cure patients. And over the
- 15 last decade, 8 of these 10 drugs have been in short
- 16 supply.
- So thank you again for the opportunity to
- 18 illustrate the impact of drug shortages on both
- 19 research and treatment for children with catastrophic
- 20 diseases.
- MR. COHEN: Thank you very much, Dr. Hoffman.
- 22 Okay. We are going to take a few more minutes even

- 1 though we should be ending at 11:30. We've been given
- 2 the opportunity to take a few more minutes anyway to
- 3 have some discussion on this. And the idea here was to
- 4 come up with challenges, maybe the top three challenges
- 5 that FDA needs to help you with. And I'm actually
- 6 hearing several things.
- 7 There's been a few that's have been
- 8 recurrent. One is more effective communication and the
- 9 idea of bidirectional communication. And of course,
- 10 there is Web site information, but you're saying that
- 11 that really isn't adequate enough, that you'd rather
- 12 have bidirectional communication and more rapid
- 13 communication between FDA and stakeholders.
- 14 Now they also heard more information on when
- 15 -- and I'm not sure the FDA can actually do these
- 16 things or do them on their own. They may have to be
- 17 working with other agencies. That is information on
- 18 when a drug that's in shortage will be available.
- 19 There was the question about what has
- 20 changed, and that's answer I think a lot of us would
- 21 like to have. Why all of a sudden has it peaked like
- 22 this? What's going on? We have speculated on the

- 1 reasons at a lot of different meetings. But what's
- 2 really happening? Who's investigating? Is the GAO
- 3 going to be coming up with answers for example? Where
- 4 do that sit? That would help everybody I think to know
- 5 what is going on here.
- 6 Guidelines for alternative therapies. I
- 7 hadn't heard that before. Is that doable? I don't
- 8 know. And I've heard this before too, the concept of
- 9 stockpiling, having emergency supplies. I thought I
- 10 heard Dr. Lichtenfeld -- tell me if I'm wrong -- but
- 11 did you not say something about maybe NCI having a
- 12 group of drugs that would be available for short-term
- 13 use in emergency or manufactured for short-term uses in
- 14 emergencies?
- 15 DR. LICHTENFELD: Well, I mentioned that that
- 16 is one opportunity or one option to explore. I'm not
- 17 sure that's the solution. Someone else mentioned the
- 18 possibility of stockpiling.
- 19 MR. COHEN: Right.
- DR. LICHTENFELD: That was another presenter.
- 21 MR. COHEN: Okay. Doing something about
- 22 price gouging I heard. I don't know that FDA can do

- 1 something directly about that, but it is something we
- 2 want them to hear.
- Fair and equitable distribution. That is a
- 4 concern for all of us. How is it at that the gray
- 5 market dealers have these drugs and we can't get them
- 6 through our normal suppliers? And is there a way to
- 7 have some fair distribution system?
- 8 I heard from VA Federal waivers for Federal
- 9 agencies to be able to take advantage of acquiring it
- 10 from foreign sources.
- 11 What are the top three though in your
- 12 opinion? Can we have some discourse on that from the
- 13 group? Would somebody like to speak? Yes.
- DR. BERRY: Yes. I think that the first that
- 15 you mentioned is actually very critical, and that is
- 16 knowledge as soon as possible regarding the scope and
- 17 the duration of shortages. And this would allow
- 18 practitioners to plan for the shortages and to seek
- 19 alternative drugs for use. So there are two parts of
- 20 that, both the scope, how short will this be, and the
- 21 duration, so that we can ration drugs or utilize them
- 22 in ways that are most effective in prolonging the

- 1 supplies that we have.
- MR. COHEN: Thank you, Dr. Berry. Dr. Blum.
- DR. BLUM: Of the things mentioned, I can
- 4 tell you from the emergency physician's standpoint
- 5 advanced notification really doesn't help me very much.
- 6 I need what I need when I need it. And it's often very
- 7 hard to predict; because of the breadth of the kind of
- 8 patient problems we see in the emergency department,
- 9 you often don't know what you need until that
- 10 particular occasion arises, and then you find out that
- 11 the drug you need is in short supply.
- 12 The other thing that's very frustrating for
- 13 us is that this seems to be a hyperdynamic sort of
- 14 situation. Literally, we'll have the drug one day, we
- 15 won't have it the next, then we won't have it. It's
- 16 virtually impossible to plan for.
- 17 The idea that I heard that makes the most
- 18 sense for at least the emergency drugs that we need is
- 19 some sort of stockpile. But again, you need to be able
- 20 to stock the stockpile at some point. Somebody needs
- 21 to make these drugs, and pharmaceutical representative
- 22 spend bazillion of dollars trying to influence me to

170 buy their drug. On most of these drugs, I'm sold. I'll buy them. I'll use them. Just make them. 3 (Laughter) DR. BLUM: Just make them. But I have to believe because they're not making them there some sort 5 of barrier there that we have to tear down. I don't 6 7 know if it's a regulatory barrier. I don't know what it is, but I could tell you everybody worries about safety of drugs, and that's important. I don't want to 10 diminish it, but I can tell you, it's really unsafe not 11 to have a drug. That's pretty unsafe too. I'm sorry 12 I... 13 MR. COHEN: Thank you. Yes, ma'am. you give us your name and affiliation? I can't see. 15 MS. PHAM: I am Kathy Pham. I am the 16 representative for the Pediatric Pharmacy Advocacy 17 Group. I didn't speak earlier because we didn't have 18 anything formal prepared, but I think it's important for us to add on to Dr. Pursley's sentiments and how it 19 20 impacts pediatric pharmacy. 21 We would definitely advocate for information probably trying to look at from three categories

- 1 because ultimately, yes, we agree we'd really love to
- 2 have the drug, and that's first and foremost our
- 3 priority. But when you don't, what is next?
- 4 And so information to the healthcare
- 5 providers that we can share so that we can maybe
- 6 minimize some of the frustrations directed at pharmacy
- 7 because we are the middle man. We're the one saying
- 8 "Sorry, we don't have it."
- 9 Also information to the parent. Another
- 10 great initiative through PPAG is trying to be advocates
- 11 to the parents and the patients as well. Sometimes
- 12 they deserve just as much if not more education on why
- 13 this is all happening, but maybe provided in a way that
- 14 the much more user friendly to their level of
- 15 understanding versus the licensed independent
- 16 practitioner's perspective.
- So those two categories of audiences and the
- 18 information that the update can provide so we can
- 19 actually advocate to these parties and give that
- 20 information instead of constantly having to explain and
- 21 we're not actually sure our explanation is really
- 22 accurate, so a lot us is educated guessing from what

- 1 we've read in the media.
- 2 So having that direct communication from the
- 3 FDA to be able to provide to these people probably also
- 4 increase the confidence in the FDA in terms of what
- 5 they're doing and what they're trying to show in
- 6 transparency as well.
- 7 The last thing is information amongst the
- 8 organizations and practitioners in terms of what
- 9 they're doing. So when you don't have that drug, in
- 10 pediatrics the only way we can get around it -- because
- 11 we don't have guidelines; we'd love guidelines, but
- 12 they don't exists; a lot of things in literature don't
- 13 exists -- is what are you doing about it? We have
- 14 listserv particularly in our group, but I know that
- 15 other professional societies have pediatric subgroup
- 16 like ASHP and ACCP, but we just have to get their own
- 17 email listserv and say, "So I ran out of calcium
- 18 gluconate today. What are you doing?" And literally
- 19 that is all we have to go on is the community of
- 20 practitioners and what their solution is.
- 21 So even if the FDA would like to collaborate
- 22 to some of these stakeholder groups and maybe pool

- 1 their responses and their solutions of alternatives
- 2 that they've used and maybe publish that on their Web
- 3 site at well; because what we're concerned about as a
- 4 society is -- I am also the neonatal clinical pharmacy
- 5 specialist at Children's National Medical Center. When
- 6 my NICKU (ph) calls upon me to help with a solution, I
- 7 actually use that as a great opportunity for
- 8 professional collaboration with our LIPs to say, "Okay,
- 9 Dr. So-And-So, let's talk about this and what can we
- 10 do."
- 11 So although the frustration is directed at
- 12 pharmacy can be vast, the silver lining to this cloud
- 13 is that's a great opportunity for collaboration amongst
- 14 physicians, nurses, and pharmacy to be able to come up
- 15 with a solution together.
- 16 So if we can come up with solutions, it would
- 17 be great to have a shared pool of those solutions to
- 18 share with places that are not like Children's National
- 19 who do not have a pediatric pharmacy subspecialist in
- 20 every single area. Maybe especially even the hospitals
- 21 that have no clinical subspecialist in pharmacy.
- Like for instance, we have fellows that go to

- 1 George Washington University, and one minute we're
- 2 telling them we have one vial left of this, and they go
- 3 to GW, and they have none. And so there's an
- 4 inconsistency in why, and they don't have any
- 5 pediatrics, just the NICKU, and now they're NICKU
- 6 within the adult world.
- 7 So those are the areas that are most
- 8 concerning to us as a society.
- 9 MR. COHEN: Thank you very much. Dr. -- Ali
- 10 McBride.
- 11 MR. MCBRIDE: Thanks, Mike. I appreciate it.
- MR. COHEN: Sure.
- MR. MCBRIDE: I really think there are
- 14 several points you made that have really focused on the
- 15 issue. What's the best recommendation? I can't beat
- 16 Dr.
- 17 Blum's on this: Just give me drug. I think
- 18 that's the most important part, so I really can't
- 19 follow up on that.
- 20 But we do have -- HOPA members have been of
- 21 concern because we have two issues. The first issue is
- 22 that there is not a fair and equitable distribution of

- 1 drug across the country. We have local, regional
- 2 variances between drug therapies. And you just heard
- 3 before one person has a vial another person has zero.
- 4 But from our center and standpoint, when you go to the
- 5 larger medical centers, to a localized area for an
- 6 infusion center for a smaller community hospital, as
- 7 what was shown before, these areas may not have the
- 8 buying or purchasing power to obtain the correct drug
- 9 or the needed drug based on the situation. And what's
- 10 happening is we are seeing at filter-down effect in
- 11 which smaller hospitals, smaller infusion centers are
- 12 not able to actually provide drug to their patients and
- 13 therefore is distributing down to larger medical
- 14 centers, which is therefore then depleting those
- 15 centers' drug supply, which may have an increased
- 16 amount of supply available. And that's been a big
- 17 issue as we're redistributing our patient population
- 18 from the smaller sites to a larger medical center
- 19 therefore decreasing the drug supply we have and
- 20 therefore increasing a drug shortage just in that
- 21 medication.
- 22 And the second issue is strictly in oncology

- 1 that we're hearing in the recommendations. So far
- 2 there is only very little recommendations provided for
- 3 drug therapies on drug shortages. So what happens when
- 4 doxil goes offline? What happens when thiotepa goes
- 5 offline? What happens when danuorubicin goes offline?
- 6 What is the evidence for that? And where is it
- 7 provided? A lot of times there is not much information
- 8 on that, and sometimes it's up to the physician, the
- 9 pharmacist, the nursing group, the healthcare
- 10 professionals to work on that together. And
- 11 unfortunately, we don't have that information provided
- 12 in a lot of detail.
- 13 MR. COHEN: Thank you. Dr. Lichtenfeld.
- 14 DR. LICHTENFELD: I appreciate all the
- 15 comments that everyone has made, and I'm pretty sure
- 16 all of the comments have been made about information
- 17 and understanding where the drug is, where the drug
- 18 isn't, and when do we have it, when we don't have, and
- 19 so forth. But I haven't heard anybody say why are we
- 20 here in the first place.
- 21 I would be remiss if I did not say that there
- 22 is a substantial amount of concern in a number of the

- 1 professional and patient communities as to why we're
- 2 here. And unfortunately, it has to do with money, and
- 3 we need to have an understanding -- I mentioned in my
- 4 testimony; other have alluded -- we need to quickly
- 5 bring together the appropriate parties. We need to
- 6 quickly understand what's going on here, and we need to
- 7 quickly address it.
- 8 I'm going to say what I said before: I find
- 9 it hard to believe that in this country that because it
- 10 doesn't make a lot of money we can't provide necessary
- 11 drugs and vitamins and electrolytes for our patients.
- 12 That is frankly from my -- I won't use the word I'm
- 13 going too. I have to be careful. I'm on TV with a lot
- 14 of people --
- 15 (Laughter)
- 16 DR. LICHTENFELD: -- it's terribly, terribly
- 17 unfortunate we've gotten to that point. These are not
- 18 complex drugs. These are no biologics. These are
- 19 drugs that have been around for 40 years and probably
- 20 some kids out the kids out there with a chemistry set
- 21 who might be able to make these drugs. That we are out
- 22 of supply of cytarabine, which is a drug used in

- 1 leukemia, were St. Jude and the Children's Oncology
- 2 Group is suspending curative treatment for children in
- 3 this country is a national dilemma, disaster, and it's
- 4 shameful.
- 5 So let's talk about root cause. Let's talk
- 6 about pointing the fingers, doing what we need to get
- 7 it fixed. There are solutions out there that have been
- 8 suggested, whether it be public-private partnerships,
- 9 whether it be Government intervention, which many of us
- 10 would not prefer; but if that's a solution, let's get
- 11 to it, and let's talk about solutions. We shouldn't
- 12 have information about when the drug is coming back. We
- 13 shouldn't have to worry about the problem in the first
- 14 place.
- MR. COHEN: Thank you very much, Dr.
- 16 Lichtenfeld. We have time for one more comment. Dr
- 17 Pursley.
- DR. PURSLEY: I think we're asking or
- 19 expecting FDA to do some things that they haven't done
- 20 traditionally that they haven't been expected to do
- 21 these things and certainly haven't been funded to do
- 22 these things. And I worry a little bit that looking at

- 1 some of the individual issues we're sort of thinking
- 2 incrementally when we might need -- I hesitate to use
- 3 this adjective but -- a radical restructuring of the
- 4 way we're set up. I know a lot about silos. I'm in an
- 5 academic medical center, but I certainly understand
- 6 that there are limitations to working within your silo,
- 7 and it seems like there is a lot of opportunity for
- 8 partnership here.
- 9 I worry about the three-yards-and-a-cloud-of-
- 10 dust approach and think that we need to throw the ball
- 11 down the field a little bit. So taking examples of --
- 12 unlabeled drugs, that's a reality for pediatrics; but
- 13 through this partnership with FDA, pediatricians have
- 14 made a lot of strides in addressing this issue for
- 15 kids, but there are still a lot of unlabeled drugs out
- 16 there that need to be monitored. I think that's an
- 17 important thing.
- 18 Stockpiling. It seems like that's something
- 19 that has been utilized by the CDC effectively, and
- 20 maybe there's some lessons to be learned from there.
- 21 And there's I'm sure multiple other opportunities to
- 22 radically look at how we're addressing this issue.

- 1 MR. COHEN: Okay. I do to make time for one
- 2 more comment. So would you go ahead please. And
- 3 that's it.
- 4 MS. DAVENPORT-ENNIS: What I'd like to do is
- 5 follow up on that comment so simply say I do believe
- 6 that the FDA is going to need some support from other
- 7 Federal agencies. I think it's the third time on
- 8 record I've said this. I think we need to answer the
- 9 question what is the role of the DEA, what is the role
- 10 of the FTC as we move forward in trying to find
- 11 solutions.
- 12 And I would like to express that, again, the
- 13 National Patient Advocate Foundation is in fully
- 14 support of the proposals that are being made before
- 15 this panel today on behalf of the patients that we
- 16 represent. Thank you.
- 17 MR. COHEN: Thank you to everyone on the
- 18 panel. Great job. Great ideas. Now it's question and
- 19 comment period.
- DR. COX: Okay. Thank you all, panelists.
- 21 Now we'll move to the question and comment period, and
- 22 Dr. Rufkin was the first. Yes, that's it. That's

- 1 fine. Yes. And Dr. Rifkin, if you'll further
- 2 introduce yourself.
- 3 DR. RIFKIN: Well, thank you very much. I'd
- 4 like to thank the FDA for convening a very timely
- 5 workshop. I'm Dr. Robert Rifkin. I'm a community
- 6 oncologist whose sphincter is less tight than my
- 7 emergency tight than my emergency colleague.
- 8 (Laughter)
- 9 DR. RIFKIN: But in any event, I'm also on
- 10 the U.S. Oncology Research Committee for Hematology and
- 11 a member of McKesson Specialty Health. And my last
- 12 job, unfortunately, is I chair the pharmacy and
- 13 therapeutics committee at our local hospital.
- 14 With that in mind, I think that this actually
- 15 is a relatively new issue. We didn't deal with this 10
- 16 or 12 years ago. We always got everything we wanted.
- 17 And I'm reminded of the last patient I saw, who was
- 18 unfortunately a physician's wife who's an attorney who
- 19 developed colon cancer. She needed a resection. There
- 20 was no propofol. There was no succinylcholine.
- 21 She survived that, and then she needs
- 22 adjuvant therapy with the FOLFOX regimen, and you saw

- 1 that every drug that's shorten is on that list. And
- 2 then when we went to go off label, the payer denied
- 3 reimbursement. And I think that single case sums up the
- 4 biggest problem that we have.
- 5 We look it from the community standpoint, and
- 6 clearly the system is broken. And whether radical
- 7 restructuring is the fix or not, we see things as
- 8 physicians. We go look at the Web site, and the
- 9 commonest cause for a drug shortage is increased
- 10 demand. What on earth does that mean? Colon cancer
- 11 hasn't all of a sudden tripled. Why are we running out
- 12 of 5-FU? Why are we running out of leucovorin?
- 13 And I think we have a unique opportunity in
- 14 this room because all of the stakeholders are present.
- 15 We need an unprecedented collaboration between not only
- 16 the FDA, professional organizations. I pay due to half
- 17 the people that are sitting over there, and I think
- 18 we're getting our money's worth, but we really need to
- 19 bring industry into the picture.
- 20 And I think quite honestly everybody's danced
- 21 around it: It's a money issue. Why would I make
- 22 propofol for 48 cents for a 20 cc vial? We need to

- 1 restructure things so we can have an effective price
- 2 structure and so that we can do exactly what my
- 3 emergency room colleague said, and that's if you need
- 4 the drug, you should be able to get it. You should be
- 5 able to use it.
- The vast majorities are old things. The last
- 7 one I faced as the PNT committee chair was the cysteine
- 8 shortage. Cysteine goes in neonatal TPN. It decreased
- 9 the amount of calcium and phosphate you need to make
- 10 bones, and we have neonatal patients that we can't give
- 11 enough nutrition to to grow and develop shortly and
- 12 normally.
- 13 So with that in mind, I think I would take
- 14 this opportunity as one of Nancy's board members as
- 15 well to really urge all of the stakeholders in the room
- 16 to come together and collaborate and break down the
- 17 financial barrier. This isn't one like the national
- 18 debt. I think we can actually get in the same room and
- 19 talk about it. Thank you very much.
- DR. COX: Thank you, Dr. Rifkin. And now our
- 21 next speaker is Mr. Bult. If you're in the room, come
- 22 join us. And similarly, if you'll introduce yourself

- 1 further, that'll be much appreciated. Thank you.
- MR. BULT: Good morning. My name is Jan
- 3 Bult. I'm the president and the CEO of the Plasma
- 4 Protein Therapeutics Association. This association is
- 5 the international trade one for the world's major
- 6 producers of plasma derived and recombinant analog
- 7 therapies. Its North American data program was
- 8 developed in response to a shortage of intravenous
- 9 immunoglobulins in the late '90s. Many IV users are
- 10 dependent on regular infusion of the therapy and demand
- 11 that information of the scope, likely duration, and
- 12 causes of the shortage. The shortage was also the
- 13 subject of congressional hearings and substantial media
- 14 attention.
- To address this situation as well as future
- 16 supply issues, the HHS Advisory Committee of Blood
- 17 Safety and Availability made specific recommendations
- 18 regarding an industry-wide supply data program to FDA.
- 19 The key elements are that the industry trade
- 20 associations should be directly involved; that the
- 21 program should involve collection and dissemination of
- 22 standardized information; that the information reported

- 1 should be quite detailed; and the data should be
- 2 reported on a monthly basis.
- By the spring of 1998, FDA, PPTA, and
- 4 manufacturers of the therapies including members and
- 5 nonmembers had all complied with this recommendation.
- The data program provides monthly aggregate
- 7 information on the supply of immunoglobulins, albumins,
- 8 and hemophilia clotting factors. This information is
- 9 reported directly to manufacturers that contribute the
- 10 data to FDA and HHS. The information is also reported
- 11 publicly on its Web site.
- 12 Anti-trust compliance has been a priority
- 13 since the program's inception, and it incorporates many
- 14 competitive safeguards. One is the use of an
- 15 independent third-party vendor to collect the
- 16 individual company data. As a result of this firewall,
- 17 individual company data is not made available to the
- 18 association or to any manufacturer of these therapies.
- 19 Both PPTA and the manufacturers only receive the
- 20 aggregate industry-wide data.
- 21 Providing the data only to regulators and
- 22 industry is not enough. Patients also require access

- 1 to the data. The PPTA program empowers patients and
- 2 physicians to make better informed decisions regarding
- 3 the treatment. The supply of timely data has proven to
- 4 be very helpful in times of real shortage.
- 5 Another benefit is that the data can be very
- 6 helpful when there are rumors about shortage. We've
- 7 seen this several times and were able to provide
- 8 factual data and eliminate any potential concern.
- 9 One example in which the data were most
- 10 helpful at separating true product shortage from supply
- 11 disruption occurred in 2005 and 2006 when changes in
- 12 the Federal reimbursement schedule resulted in shift
- 13 inside of service and results in patient access issues.
- 14 The system helped sort out the true cause of the access
- 15 difficulties.
- 16 One thing that we have learned is that the
- 17 industry must make a sustained commitment to supply
- 18 data reporting, implementing a reporting system only
- 19 when there is a perceived shortage and discontinuing
- 20 when it appears supply will not work.
- 21 As a final note, collecting, aggregating, and
- 22 reporting supply data takes time and expertise; in

- 1 other words, it cost money. A data program must also
- 2 be run in an anti-trust compliant manner, which
- 3 requires ongoing legal input and imposes other layers
- 4 of expense. As we all know, FDA is already operating
- 5 under substantial resource constraint and is not in a
- 6 position to man a shortage-related early warning system
- 7 for the multitude of drug products it currently
- 8 oversees. The PPTA data program is an example of
- 9 industry stepping up to lighten this burden. Thank you
- 10 for attention.
- DR. COX: Thank you. Now we'd like to invite
- 12 Marc Stewart to the podium. You have three minutes.
- 13 DR. STEWART: Thank you very much. I'm Marc
- 14 Stewart. I'm a hematologist/oncologist and medical
- 15 director in Seattle at the Fred Hutchinson Cancer
- 16 Research Center and University of Washington. I also
- 17 chair the scientific board of directors of the National
- 18 Patient Advocate Foundation, which includes other
- 19 members such as Johns Hopkins, Mayo Clinic, and
- 20 Northwestern University.
- 21 As you've heard today, many of the physicians
- 22 are struggling to provide care for cancer patients with

- 1 many different diagnoses. At my institution, over the
- 2 past six months we've experienced drug shortages in at
- 3 least 15 different drug categories used to treat
- 4 patients with cancer. Many of these are key drugs for
- 5 which substitution, as you've heard, can lead to
- 6 diminished survival or increased toxicity.
- 7 And since most of the centers that I
- 8 represent are academic centers, the impact on research
- 9 trials and translational research has been quite
- 10 substantial. About 5 to 10 percent of our trials are
- 11 affected directly, and the potential effects here could
- 12 be as high as 20 to 30 percent if the accumulated
- 13 shortages continue.
- Just a couple of example of the challenges we
- 15 face. I receive numerous calls from other centers
- 16 asking our hospital to supply these drugs in short
- 17 supply. Some of the most frequent calls come from
- 18 Alaska Native American hospital in Anchorage, Alaska,
- 19 where an outstanding solo oncologist is struggling to
- 20 provide Native Americans at a center with the best care
- 21 possible. She treated recently a young patient with
- 22 lymphoma, and although the shortage issue was resolved,

- 1 initially she asked two questions when presented with
- 2 the shortage dilemma. One is why am I at risk for not
- 3 achieving a complete cure rate as I would if I got the
- 4 standard drugs? And second, if I have to go elsewhere
- 5 to get these drugs how can I possibly afford to travel
- 6 to places like Seattle and bring my three children
- 7 along with me, a substantial financial challenge?
- 8 The final example relates to an upfront
- 9 clinical research study that we have from multiple
- 10 myeloma. It includes the drug doxil, which you heard
- 11 is in short supply. A 40-year-old fellow with multiple
- 12 myeloma was offered enrollment on this trial. He
- 13 received the first cycle of the drug before abruptly
- 14 our doxil supply diminished to the point where we could
- 15 not complete the additional three cycles of this drug
- 16 regimen. He ultimately was transferred to another
- 17 facility where he did complete the regimen, but he
- 18 asked two questions. One was why do I have to change
- 19 physician, why do I have to change nurses, why do I
- 20 have to change the facility that I'm in? And then the
- 21 second question is why in the world would I ever
- 22 participate in a research study again?

- So, finally, I think it's important to note
- 2 and applaud the progress that the FDA has made in
- 3 diminishing the shortages. And we would of course
- 4 continue to encourage them to reduce further
- 5 impediments. I like Dr. Rifkin's summary where it's
- 6 really going to take kind of a board interaction with
- 7 multiple agencies and multiple organizations in order
- 8 to achieve success here.
- 9 It is interested that at least in our
- 10 experience generic drugs far outweigh the brand names
- 11 in terms of the ratio of those in short supply, and
- 12 that can't help but lead me think about the money issue
- 13 again, and we need to understand that a little better.
- 14 So in summary, our patients deserve access to
- 15 the best and most established drugs available to
- 16 continue to live as long as possible and with the best
- 17 quality of life we can provide. Thank you.
- 18 DR. COX: And Russell Shipley. Three
- 19 minutes.
- 20 MR. SHIPLEY: Good morning. We're getting
- 21 close to the lunch hour. I have a very brief statement
- 22 I'd like to present. My name is Russell Shipley. I'm

- 1 on the senior staff of CHADD, Children and Adults with
- 2 Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder, a national
- 3 nonprofit organization that improves the lives of
- 4 people affected by ADHD. CHADD truly appreciates this
- 5 opportunity to comment at this public workshop.
- 6 CHADD is very concerned about reports of
- 7 shortages of medications that treat ADHD. CHADD wants
- 8 to encourage effective collaboration by DEA with
- 9 manufacturers to avoid shortages of active ingredients
- 10 needed to complete the manufacture and distribution of
- 11 drugs with controlled substance used to treat Attention
- 12 Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder. These shortages
- 13 are a real concern to patients and families affected by
- 14 ADHD. It causes delays in getting their prescriptions
- 15 filled at the pharmacies. CHADD encourages a more
- 16 efficient process by FDA and DEA to prevent these
- 17 chronic shortages. Thank you very much.
- 18 DR. COX: Thank you. I'd like to invite C.
- 19 Allen Black to the podium, and please state your
- 20 affiliation further and introduce yourself further.
- 21 Thank you. Three minutes.
- MR. BLACK: Thank you very much. My name is

- 1 Dr. Allen Black. I have a Ph.D. in immunology. I'm
- 2 also an attorney. I teach the biotechnology law class
- 3 at the University of Pittsburgh. But most importantly,
- 4 I represent over 50 patients suing Genzyme and Mt.
- 5 Sinai Hospital for causing and failing to mitigate a
- 6 drug shortage that has been going on for now three
- 7 years.
- 8 Fabry disease is a genetic disorder; you're
- 9 born with it. Patients used to die by the time they
- 10 were in there 40's, but there was an invention called
- 11 Fabrazyme that was paid for by U.S. tax dollars, NIH
- 12 grant money, that allowed patients to finally be
- 13 treated and live normal lives. One of my close friends
- 14 is on treatment.
- 15 Fabrazyme of course is patented. Mt. Sinai
- 16 licenses this patent to Genzyme Corporation
- 17 exclusively. However, as supplies went down due to a
- 18 contamination problem -- in fact the FDA is currently
- 19 investigating under a consent decree -- Genzyme decided
- 20 to ship full dose Fabrazyme overseas to European
- 21 patients while denying American citizens access to full
- 22 FDA-approved doses. In fact if you're diagnosed after

- 1 June of 2009 and you're an American, you receive no
- 2 treatment whatsoever.
- 3 My clients they came to me. They said,
- 4 "Allen, you work in this area. What are we going to
- 5 do?" Well, the first thing that we did is we
- 6 petitioned the NIH. The obvious problem here is
- 7 there's no competitor. So if one manufacturer can't
- 8 make the drug and has a monopoly, obviously a second
- 9 manufacturer coming into the market should help
- 10 mitigate the problem. However, of this date, we have
- 11 not heard anything back from the NIH other than a
- 12 tentative disapproval in December that's currently
- 13 being reheard.
- 14 We have also petitioned the FDA to prevent
- 15 the drug from being sent overseas. Now it's not like
- 16 overseas patients don't have access to a treatment.
- 17 They have access to an alternative drug called
- 18 Replagal. So in addition to having access to full-dose
- 19 treatments, they have alternative to an alternative
- 20 drug which is not FDA approved.
- 21 As a final note, we cannot let private
- 22 companies dictate where drug is allocated and to whom.

- 1 That choice should be with the doctors and the FDA and
- 2 the Government. We must create rational allocation
- 3 systems when there is a shortage. And finally, we must
- 4 prevent, at least in my view, the first preferential
- 5 deletion of Fabrazyme patients from the U.S. as opposed
- 6 to other genetic subpopulations. Thank you very much.
- 7 DR. COX: Thank you. Our next speaker is
- 8 Kathy Pham.
- 9 MS. PHAM: I spoke earlier, but this is
- 10 actually as a response to a previous question earlier
- 11 this morning about the gray market that I think Dr. Fox
- 12 had a limited response due to her institution's not
- 13 being able to use it.
- 14 I think being on camera nobody wants to
- 15 incriminate their own institution for use of this
- 16 particular resource, but I would say more generically
- 17 that those institutions that serve a special
- 18 population, like pediatrics, where a limited supply
- 19 from the gray market could be all that they need just
- 20 to at least be able to say they have something on their
- 21 shelf, there are things that may not being used as
- 22 often as in the adult population, but when you need it,

- 1 you need it. So it's more likely that the gray market
- 2 may be utilized for these smaller institutions or
- 3 populations that have less frequent use.
- 4 The problem is, going back to the
- 5 distribution, is that then one hospital may have been
- 6 able to acquire such products; and then the same
- 7 practitioner goes somewhere else, and they're being
- 8 told that they can't get it. Well, then how come the
- 9 other hospital is able to get it. So that
- 10 inconsistency and where that supply comes from does
- 11 cause for some issues clinically.
- The other thing is that price gouging there
- 13 is absolutely insane. It's probably breaking a lot of
- 14 hospital budgets because something like Lasix should be
- 15 20 cents, and can be charged \$20 a vial. So there is
- 16 significant price gouging there. Your best resource to
- 17 find out where this is all coming from is probably the
- 18 network of pharmacy buyers. I know there are listservs
- 19 among the buyers that keep in communication when
- 20 shortages affect them. The problem is because there is
- 21 probably some questionable concerns about where these
- 22 are coming from and under what storage condition I

- 1 don't know that anyone is going to voluntarily tell you
- 2 about their gray market resources or how to contact
- 3 those people. The other thing is that they are
- 4 probably concerned that if they call out a gray market
- 5 resource that that would be one less lifeline for
- 6 getting their supply.
- 7 So those are probably limitations of trying
- 8 to figure out where the gray market is coming from.
- 9 DR. COX: Thank you. And our next speaker,
- 10 Joel Zivot. You have three minutes. And please
- 11 introduce yourself further when you get to the podium.
- 12 DR. ZIVOT: My name is Joel Zivot. I'm an
- 13 anesthesiologist and critical care medical specialist.
- 14 I work at Emory University Hospital in Atlanta,
- 15 Georgia, and I'm also a member of the American Society
- 16 of Anesthesiology. I sit on the committee on ethics
- 17 for that society. And I wanted to address the problem
- 18 of off-label use and responsible stewardship by those
- 19 of us that prescribe.
- I sit on the P&T committee of my hospital,
- 21 and we have a discussion on heart guardrails that could
- 22 be used on smart infusion pumps. For that's of you not

- 1 familiar with this, it's a device that infused
- 2 medication at a continuous rate, and you can actually
- 3 program it to prevent you from exceeding certain kinds
- 4 of doses that you set. Now in spite of a lack of a
- 5 label indication with respect to increasing dosages or
- 6 even a lack of clinical literature to support practice,
- 7 we as a group are unable to agree on placing heart
- 8 quardrails.
- 9 In desperate circumstance, I understand the
- 10 desire to do something. I've been there myself many
- 11 times, but this practice collides with the fundamental
- 12 medical ethical principle of distributive justice when
- 13 supplies are short.
- We need to develop a system of drug
- 15 utilization that is ethical and assumes an ongoing
- 16 shortage while we work in the issue of increasing
- 17 supply. Thank you.
- DR. COX: Thank you.
- 19 DR. KWEDER: Before we break for lunch, for
- 20 those of you who weren't here, I'm Sandra Kweder. I'm
- 21 the Deputy Director of CDER's Office of New Drugs.
- 22 We've heard a lot comments, and we so appreciate you

- 1 being here this morning, all of you, really all of you.
- 2 Your comments were on target and very thought
- 3 provoking. We are all in this together.
- 4 I just wanted to circle back to Dr. Cox's
- 5 presentation because some of the comments, particularly
- 6 yours Dr. Blum reminded me of this, and yours also: Why
- 7 are we here in the first place? Ten years ago, we
- 8 weren't here. So what is it that has changed?
- 9 And just a little historic relevance. The
- 10 Drug Shortage staff that we have today was started in
- 11 1999 because we were worried about Y2K and what would
- 12 happen at the turn of the century when manufacturing
- 13 systems that were reliant on time, automated systems
- 14 were reliant time and date changes in automated
- 15 programs would they be able to continue operations. We
- 16 were seriously concerned and spent a lot of time
- 17 working with the industry to prepare to assure that
- 18 production would not be affected by Y2K. Wonderfully,
- 19 it wasn't, and there were no problems.
- But as the staff was in place and had been
- 21 working on this, we started to hear trickles of
- 22 information about drug shortages or potential

- 1 shortages. But we don't think that the reason that
- 2 there are more today really has anything to do with the
- 3 fact that people are reporting them. We think that
- 4 they're real. You all know they're real. They didn't
- 5 exist -- this didn't happened very often 20 years ago.
- 6 And so I would like to just for thinking
- 7 about this and how to address this, what are the root
- 8 causes. And some people have mentioned financial
- 9 pressures and incentives. There is a Department of
- 10 Health and Human Services working group that's
- 11 beginning to look at some of that.
- I would take you back to Dr. Cox's
- 13 presentation, which you have in free form, it's not in
- 14 the book, to slides 8 and 9 -- and I don't want you to
- 15 necessarily put them up -- but when we look at what our
- 16 trends have been, in 2010, 54 percent of the shortages
- 17 and potential shortages were related to product quality
- 18 and significant manufacturing problems; 21 percent were
- 19 due to delays and capacity issues where there wasn't
- 20 necessarily a crucial problem.
- 21 The product quality things. These aren't
- 22 like minor things where dotting I's and crossing T's.

- 1 These are particulate matter, fungus, endotoxins, metal
- 2 shavings in products.
- 3 The delays are due to companies trying to
- 4 avoid development of those things with routine
- 5 maintenance kinds of things where they need a part,
- 6 they need to shut down temporarily. But the margin in
- 7 the market is so tight that any interruption trickles
- 8 down into a shortage.
- 9 Someone mentioned increase in demand due to
- 10 another shortage. Actually, that only made up about 4
- 11 percent of the ones that we were tracking. And we
- 12 recognize that our data and the ASHP's are maybe a
- 13 little bit different.
- 14 If you go back to Dr. Cox's slide number 9 on
- 15 the older, sterile injectables, one thing that's in the
- 16 middle of the slide that's really important is that
- 17 seven manufacturers make up large percentage of this
- 18 market, seven. Many of those manufacturers also work
- 19 under contract for the original holders of the NDA to
- 20 make their product as well. So some of the shortages
- 21 that have been mentioned today where there are multiple
- 22 drugs in a series, sometimes those shortages are all

- 1 related to a single manufacturer that makes dozens of
- 2 products. So just to try and fill in the blanks.
- And again, we work really hard, and a lot of
- 4 what our Drug Shortage staff do is really outside the
- 5 boundaries of what FDA has ever been asked to do. We
- 6 work between companies; we try and talk to them, and
- 7 it's unheard of 10 years ago for Val Jensen to call up
- 8 a company and say, "Hey, listen, could you ramp up your
- 9 -- how long would it take you if you had to to ramp up
- 10 your production of product Z?" "Well, I can't tell you
- 11 why, but we're concerned that there may not be enough
- 12 on the market in the next six months. You think you
- 13 could ramp it up, okay? Because I can't tell you that
- 14 your competitor has got a big problem." But everyone
- 15 has sort of learned the code, and the industry has
- 16 really stepped up to the plate to try and mitigate
- 17 these.
- 18 But again, our goal is to stop this. The
- 19 less that FDA has to do, the better as far as we're
- 20 concerned in this area; because as was all are, we have
- 21 other work to tend to. This is extraordinarily
- 22 important, but it should be able to be prevented. We

- 1 should be able to make these products that the medical
- 2 community and patients rely on.
- 3 So with that, we're going to dismiss for
- 4 lunch. Do you have suggestions for folks about where
- 5 they can go?
- DR. COX: There should be lunch carts
- 7 outside, and others may want to venture off campus too.
- 8 We had a considerable number of folks here and a
- 9 limited period of time. We will start back at I'll say
- 10 1:05. We'll start back at 1:05. Thank you all, and I
- 11 want to thank all the speakers and panelists from this
- 12 morning's panel. Thank you.
- 13 (Off the record)
- 14 (On the record)
- 15 DR. COX: Welcome back after lunch, and we
- 16 appreciate everybody making it back in such a timely
- 17 fashion, and we'll start the afternoon session. And
- 18 our first speaker is Joseph Hill, the American Society
- 19 of Health-Systems Pharmacist, and he'll be providing a
- 20 legislative update. So, Joe, I'd like to invite you to
- 21 the podium. And you're welcome to do it too from your
- 22 seated position if you'd prefer.

203

MR. HILL: Great. Thank you. Makes it 1 easier because I only have about five minute. Good afternoon, everyone. I just wanted to give you all a brief update on legislative efforts for a lot of good ideas and a lot of work with FDA. 5 6 There are currently two bills in Congress, one in the House, one in the Senate, the Preserving Access to Life-Saving Medications Act. The Senate bill is Senate Bill 296 sponsored by Senator Amy Klobuchar 10 of Minnesota and Senator Bob Casey of Pennsylvania. On 11 the House side, we have HR2245 sponsored by Congresswoman Diana DeGette of Colorado and Congressman 12 13 Tom Rooney of Florida. The legislation really gets at 14 one of the issues that was mentioned in a presentation 15 this morning of requiring manufacturers to provide 16 early warning when they experience a production 17 interruption as soon as practicable for a production 18 interruption or in the case of a product 19 discontinuation up to six months in advance. 20 Up until now, we had been using the numbers 21 from FDA that the agency was able to avoid 35 shortages

in 2010 when they had access to this information.

- 1 this new information on the number of -- 99 of them
- 2 this year -- I think certainly it helps really make the
- 3 case that while we recognize that it is not a complete
- 4 solution, that it does not prevent shortages from
- 5 occurring, but it would be extremely helpful to the
- 6 agency, and frankly it's is something that we can do
- 7 right now.
- 8 So as look toward some of these other
- 9 solutions that will be discussed this afternoon, some
- 10 of them more complex than others, I think that these
- 11 bill really do represent that critical first step, and
- 12 we are very thankful for the members of Congress that
- 13 took the leadership on this issue.
- And just to also, in case you didn't know,
- 15 the House Energy and Commerce Health Subcommittee held
- 16 a hearing on Friday just to examine drug shortages, and
- 17 they had a wide array of folks testifying. It was a
- 18 very good hearing, a very productive hearing, very
- 19 bipartisan in nature, so I think the pieces are
- 20 together. People are working collaboratively toward
- 21 solution, and we're certainly supportive of these bills
- 22 although we recognize that much more can be done. Thank

- 1 you.
- DR. COX: Thanks, Joe. And now our next
- 3 presentation is on recommendation from the co-conveners
- 4 to the stakeholders work group of the Drug Shortages
- 5 Summit. And just so folks know, in the agenda the back
- 6 page it list the participants in the work group
- 7 activity, so you'll have that there for your reference,
- 8 and presenting will be Jason Byrd from the American
- 9 Society of Anesthesiologists and also Juliana Reed for
- 10 Hospira. So welcome.
- 11 MR. BYRD: Thank you. And thanks to the FDA
- 12 for convening this workshop to address drug shortages
- 13 and the opportunity to present before you. I'm Jason
- 14 Byrd, Director of Practice Management, Quality and
- 15 Regulatory Affairs for American Society of
- 16 Anesthesiologists. And today I along with my colleague
- 17 Julie Reed have the privilege of briefly presenting
- 18 some of the efforts that stakeholders, many of whom are
- 19 in this room representing the entire healthcare
- 20 delivery system, have undertaken to address the
- 21 national drug shortage problem.
- The focus of our presentation is on consensus

- 1 issues identified by these stakeholders along with
- 2 draft proposals to potentially address, mediate, and or
- 3 resolve such issues.
- I have no financial conflict though I remind
- 5 everyone I work for ASA. Julie Reed also has no
- 6 financial conflicts, and she is employed by Hospira.
- As a result of the many stories, issues, and
- 8 concerns so well articulated by this morning's
- 9 speakers, a number of organizations decided to convene
- 10 a multi-stakeholders drug shortages meeting in November
- 11 2010. Those co-convening organizations driving that
- 12 effort were the American Hospital Association, American
- 13 Society of Anesthesiologists, American Society of
- 14 Clinical Oncology, American Society of Health-System
- 15 Pharmacists, and the Institute for Safe Medication
- 16 Practices. The purposes of the November 2010 Summit
- 17 were to discuss the breadth and scope of drug
- 18 shortages, identify causes, and develop proposals need
- 19 to address such shortages.
- 20 While a good amount of progress was made that
- 21 day, all stakeholders recognize that just as Rome was
- 22 not built in a day additional conversations and work

- 1 would need to occur to meet our collective goals. Thus,
- 2 the stakeholders divided issues identified during the
- 3 Summit into multiple work groups to continue the work.
- 4 Julie and I are focusing our discussion on the
- 5 legislative and regulatory work group efforts.
- As you can see, this work group met multiple
- 7 times over the last year including two in-person
- 8 meetings in Washington, D.C. It's also important to
- 9 acknowledge that the issues and draft proposals
- 10 identified today represent our current collective
- 11 thought but will likely require modification or
- 12 additional specification over time. And while the
- 13 recommendations presented represent the general
- 14 consensus of the work group, they do not necessarily
- 15 reflect the formal policy approval of any specific
- 16 participating organization.
- In addition to the co-convener organization
- 18 listed on the previous slide, this slide represents the
- 19 collection of organizations that have participated in
- 20 the effort to address drug shortages through the Summit
- 21 and/or the work group deliberations. We believe the
- 22 significant number of participants demonstrates the

- 1 enormous complexity of drug shortages as well as the
- 2 commitment of those same participants to find workable
- 3 solutions.
- 4 We would be remiss not to also identify the
- 5 advisory role played by the FDA, CDC, and NIH during
- 6 last fall Summit and as questions have arisen over the
- 7 past year with regard to the process and authority of
- 8 the Federal Government. With that introduction, let's
- 9 turn our attention to the issues and proposed
- 10 solutions.
- 11 Through our discussions, one issue that
- 12 continuously surfaced with broad implication was the
- 13 stakeholders' perception that there are currently
- 14 insufficient Federal resources allocated to the
- 15 regulatory management of rapidly escalating drug
- 16 shortages.
- 17 For example, there are currently, as
- 18 identified earlier today, four staffers working within
- 19 FDA's Drug Shortage Program handling shortages for the
- 20 entire country. While those staffers are very
- 21 dedicated and work very hard, as we have seen today,
- 22 new shortages continue to increase at a record pace and

- 1 add to FDA's significant burden.
- In addition, the new generic drug user fees
- 3 and updates to the prescription drug user fees next
- 4 year are an ongoing sign of support our industry
- 5 colleagues have for FDA. We hope these resources will
- 6 aid the agency's support activities that can facilitate
- 7 resolution of shortages in the future.
- 8 As you can see, our proposed solutions are
- 9 two-fold. One: We recommend FDA reallocate resources
- 10 within its authority to DFP and other activities to
- 11 ensure those efforts have sufficient resources to
- 12 address this important national problem. Two: We
- 13 recommend that if reallocation of resources within FDA
- 14 is insufficient that FDA be authorized the appropriate
- 15 funding to prevent of mitigate drug shortages.
- 16 Another thing that surfaced through our
- 17 discussions was the lack of adequate and complete
- 18 information on the scope and duration of specific drug
- 19 shortages. That's been a theme I think this morning.
- 20 The discussions of information flow have
- 21 focused on two different gaps: First being timely
- 22 communications from manufacturers to FDA on impending

- 1 shortages, and the second being timely and accurate
- 2 information to providers when shortages occur.
- 3 Though many act on a voluntary basis,
- 4 currently manufacturers are not required or required in
- 5 limited capacity to notify FDA about shortages. Public
- 6 notification of the scope of duration of shortages is
- 7 often based on voluntary reporting, aggregated report
- 8 data, and communications with manufacturers. Providers
- 9 are often the last to know of a shortage and are forced
- 10 to make complicated decisions on the care of patients
- 11 with limited or no substantive information.
- 12 I know that some of my industry colleagues
- 13 have expressed interest in earlier notification
- 14 requirements but also recognizes some unintended
- 15 consequences can result depending on the specific
- 16 requirements. For example, earlier notification
- 17 requirements may increase hoarding of drugs, again a
- 18 theme we've heard this morning. Also, the definition
- 19 of shortages may need to expand beyond manufacturing
- 20 issues to also include distribution problems.
- 21 As a result of our discussions, proposed
- 22 solutions that rose to the surface include the

- 1 following. First, require manufacturers to report
- 2 discontinuations and interruptions six months in
- 3 advance or upon determining production will not meet
- 4 average historic demand. Second, establish
- 5 communications methods to provide accurate and timely
- 6 information on drug shortages to providers. And third,
- 7 to establish methods to better predict the seriousness
- 8 and duration of drug shortages.
- 9 Now I'd like to turn over the presentation to
- 10 Julie Reed, who will discuss three additional issues.
- 11 MS. REED: Thank you, Jason. I'm Julie Reed,
- 12 the Vice President of Government Affairs for Hospira,
- 13 and Hospira is pleased to be a member of the Drug
- 14 Shortage Summit, and we are committed to working toward
- 15 solutions to resolve and prevent drug shortages.
- 16 As Jason noted earlier, this is a multi-
- 17 stakeholder issue with many components and causes; and
- 18 the solutions for solving drug shortages are a work in
- 19 progress and very complicated. After Jason and I
- 20 finished outlining the Summit's recommendations, we'll
- 21 turn the rest of the afternoon over to the remaining
- 22 stakeholders to talk about how all of us in this room

- 1 could continue to work together to solve this crisis.
- With issue 3, the Summit folks found that
- 3 there was a lack of contingency plans for critical
- 4 drugs that are vulnerable to shortages. The proposed
- 5 solutions were, one, establish criteria for determining
- 6 whether a drug is vulnerable to shortage and designate
- 7 such drugs as part of the FDA's approval process.
- 8 Two: Establish appropriate incentives for
- 9 manufacturing redundancies or other means of producing
- 10 emergency supplies for drugs deemed vulnerable to
- 11 shortages. The pharmaceutical industry should
- 12 collaborate with the regulatory and legislative
- 13 entities to identify these incentives. This is a
- 14 partnership. Thank you.
- 15 (Laughter)
- MS. REED: Although this sounds like a simple
- 17 problem with a simple solution, how could you not have
- 18 a contingency plan to prevent this problem? As we
- 19 noted by the number of stakeholders involved in this
- 20 issue and a heavily regulated industry with multiple
- 21 stakeholders, a contingency plan become complicated.
- 22 The good news is that the folks in this room and who

- 1 have participated in the Summit are committed to
- 2 solving this problem. I need another partner.
- 3 (Laughter)
- 4 MS. REED: With issue number 4, the inability
- 5 to quickly respond to shortage of controlled
- 6 substances, this is an example of the complicated
- 7 regulatory environment drugs are supplied under.
- 8 Regulations for manufacturing and production quotas for
- 9 controlled substances may limit the ability of the FDA
- 10 and manufacturers to address drug shortages in an
- 11 expedited manner.
- 12 Section 306 of the Controlled Substances Act
- 13 requires the Attorney General establish aggregate
- 14 production quotas for each basic class of controlled
- 15 substance listed in Schedule II. Quotas are set
- 16 annually in the fall based on factors such as past
- 17 sales. While manufacturers can request revised quotas
- 18 at any time, the process is burdensome and prolong and
- 19 exasperate a drug shortage. The proposed solution by
- 20 the group is to require collaboration between the FDA
- 21 Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Divisions and
- 22 the Attorney General to establish a process that would

- 1 expedite the increase in manufacturing production
- 2 quotas when needed in response to drug shortages of
- 3 controlled substances.
- 4 The impact of this solution is a process of
- 5 rapidly increasing controlled substance quotas to firms
- 6 that can produce these Schedule drug products and allow
- 7 manufacturers without shortage problems to ramp up
- 8 production and help resolve shortages or these drugs.
- 9 With issue number 5, where there's a
- 10 disincentive to manufacture older generic injectable,
- 11 many of the current critical shortages involve older
- 12 generic injectables, some of them over 75-years old.
- 13 These were approved before there was an FDA. To get
- 14 these products in line with the current pathway, the
- 15 agency is working with manufacturers to submit new drug
- 16 application or NDAs, which for some manufacturers is a
- 17 costly disincentive to continue the drug's production.
- 18 Under the current NDA submission requirements
- 19 for new drugs, filing and NDA application for approval
- 20 of an older generic drug can be lengthy and expensive,
- 21 and the cost of the application may not be offset by
- 22 the revenues the product may generate. The proposed

- 1 solution from the group is to leverage current FDA
- 2 pathways to expedite the approval process medically-
- 3 necessary, unapproved drugs that are vulnerable to
- 4 shortages without compromising the quality and the
- 5 safety of the drugs.
- 6 The impact of this solution is quicker and
- 7 less costly approval for these medically-necessary,
- 8 older drugs, which may incentivize manufacturers to
- 9 initially reenter, enter, or remain in the market and
- 10 producing, and keep producing such critical therapies.
- Jason and I have quickly outlined the good
- 12 work of the Drug Shortage Summit participant. And as
- 13 folks can see, solving these shortages is complicated
- 14 and requires the ongoing good work of all the
- 15 stakeholders. That is why we are all here today. That
- 16 is what we're trying to do, and we will continue to
- 17 work together to solve drug shortages. And for the
- 18 remainder of today, we'll continue our dialogue about
- 19 solutions and what all of us can do to stop these drug
- 20 shortages. Thank you.
- 21 DR. COX: Thank you. Now I'd like to invite
- 22 Bona Benjamin to lead us through the next session.

216

Thank you, Dr. Cox. I'11 1 MS. BENJAMIN: introduce myself. My name is Bona Benjamin. Director of Medication Use Quality Improvement at the American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists. You might wonder why professional 5 6 associations have their own panel here today, and the 7 reason is that your professional association acts as your collective voice on important issues. tell you that the associations listed in your agenda under this panel discussion have really proactively 10 11 acted as your collective voice. 12 During the past year and a half after I 13 because responsible for the ASHP drug shortages Web 14 resource center, the coordination, I have probably 15 talked daily, weekly, monthly with representatives of 16 everyone of these organizations and with the Drug 17 Shortage Program staff at the FDA and with the content 18 supplier of our Web site, the University of Utah, Drug 19 Information System. So it's very heartening whenever a 20 crisis like this occurs, a real national emergency, to 21 see all of the groups coalesce together and reach out 22 and start working on it. And I think that FDA is to be

- 1 congratulated on holding this Shortage Summit, the
- 2 shortage meeting, to let everybody talk about the work
- 3 they're doing.
- 4 So I believe that I have all my -- these are
- 5 not all my panel members, but all of them are up here.
- 6 I think we probably have met the first objective, which
- 7 is to identify the most serious drug shortages. We've
- 8 heard a lot from healthcare providers and patients
- 9 describing the strategies used to support members.
- 10 Certainly, my panelists can comment on that if they'd
- 11 like to. What I'd really like to get to is proposing
- 12 additional regulatory and nonregulatory solutions.
- So I'm going to walk the questions that were
- 14 provided for this panel focusing mainly on the last two
- 15 questions. And if you're on my panel, if you'd just
- 16 raise your hand to be recognized so that I can
- 17 recognize and give everybody a chance to talk, we'll
- 18 move forward that way. And I'm going to be jotting
- 19 these down and trying to summarize them at the end.
- The first question I'd like to ask is what
- 21 drug shortages information do you and your members need
- 22 to make sure your patients get the care you need? Does

- 1 anybody feel a need to response in addition to that
- 2 over what was already mentioned this morning? Yes,
- 3 Jay. Please state your name and your organization.
- 4 MR. MIRTALLO: Jay Mirtallo, the American
- 5 Society for Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition. I'd like
- 6 to emphasize the main issues for our members and even
- 7 our nonmembers has been accurately, timely
- 8 dissemination of information about the shortage. The
- 9 other thing is the absolute ability -- and we've
- 10 appreciated the dialogue we've had with the FDA -- of
- 11 developing two-way dialogue so we can get information
- 12 to them as quickly as possible to what's coming in from
- 13 our membership, through our listservs, and through our
- 14 committees that work on drug shortages.
- MS. BENJAMIN: Thank you. And other
- 16 comments? Okay. ASCO.
- DR. HAGERTY: Thank you, Bona. I think in
- 18 oncology, as we touched on this morning, that I know
- 19 for some other specialties advanced notice apparently
- 20 they don't find that helpful in terms of our ER
- 21 colleague. But in oncology at least, there are
- 22 certainly setting where you can try to use alternate

- 1 regimens or there are other treatments that are
- 2 available; and if you know that in advance, then you
- 3 can reserve the critically-needed drugs for the
- 4 situation where it's needed most.
- 5 So certainly, advanced notice is something
- 6 that our members are very interested in.
- 7 MS. BENJAMIN: Thank you, Karen. Others?
- If not, I'll move to the next question. In
- 9 addition to drug shortage information, what other
- 10 resources would help you and your members manage drug
- 11 shortages more effectively?
- 12 Well, I'm the ASHP panelist, so I'm going to
- 13 recognize myself. For us, I believe that since we do
- 14 have publicly-posted information on drug shortages the
- 15 most common things we hear from our members is it's too
- 16 little too late. And it sometimes hits in the area of
- 17 accurate information, but sometimes it misses the mark.
- 18 So just to echo what my colleague from ASCO
- 19 has said, we need to know how much product is
- 20 available; and if there isn't any available, when will
- 21 it become available again because the ability to plan
- 22 care is key. Most of our pharmacists have been

- 1 managing shortages for quite a while with physicians
- 2 and nurses and patients being completely unaware of it.
- 3 It's just now since they've escalated so quickly in the
- 4 past year that there has been an increased public
- 5 awareness.
- 6 So that's the result of a lot of scrambling
- 7 behind the scenes to make sure that drugs get where
- 8 they need to be when they're needed.
- 9 MS. BENJAMIN: AHA.
- 10 MS. SCHULMAN: We talked earlier about the
- 11 need for an advanced warning system so that healthcare
- 12 facilities and physicians can plan for how they will
- 13 use the limited supplies of a drug until the shortage
- 14 can be resolved, but if hospitals or other providers
- 15 are forced to purchase drugs off contract from
- 16 secondary distributors -- and I'm not just talking
- 17 about gray market; I'm talking about legitimate
- 18 secondary distributors -- what would be extremely
- 19 helpful is some additional transparency to know where
- 20 those drugs came from and in whose hand they had been;
- 21 in other words, drug pedigree information. I think
- 22 that would be provided prior to purchase so that they

- 1 know that these are legitimate and safe to use on their
- 2 patients.
- In addition though, addressing the gray
- 4 market issue, I think we need better enforcement of
- 5 whatever existing state laws there are, and I can't --
- 6 I don't really know -- I'm sure there are state laws
- 7 around price gouging, but to the extent that those laws
- 8 can be enforced and information provided to healthcare
- 9 providers about how to report instances of prices
- 10 gouging.
- MS. BENJAMIN: Thank you, Ros. Mike and then
- 12 Dr. (inaudible) -- sorry.
- 13 MR. COHEN: Again with the gray market, I
- 14 just have to bring something up again. We've called
- 15 some of these folks, and of course, they all tell us
- 16 they're not part of the gray market; they're all
- 17 secondary wholesalers. And maybe that's true. I don't
- 18 know how to differentiate them is basically what I'm
- 19 saying. We need a way to do that. Maybe they are in
- 20 fact -- I know this sounds nabut maybe they are in fact
- 21 providing a service in that I know they do move drug.
- Sometimes, we heard earlier today, that there

- 1 may be regional shortages. Well, one of the things
- 2 they tell me they do is they find drug in one region of
- 3 the country and move it to others. They tell us that
- 4 the price increases are -- they don't have a situation
- 5 where they can participate in a chargeback mechanism
- 6 set up by a group purchase organization through
- 7 contracts for that organization.
- I don't know whether any of this is true or
- 9 not, but it does seem like we need somebody to help us
- 10 and give us some guidance and certainly make sure, as
- 11 you say, that we have -- or you say Roslyn -- pedigree
- 12 information for them.
- 13 I just -- I don't know. It just seems like
- 14 we are shooting in the dark. We're taking a big risk
- 15 when we use these organizations. If they're going to
- 16 be out there, if they're going to be functioning, if
- 17 they're legal, which they are apparently, we need to do
- 18 more than what we're doing to help organizations and
- 19 give them some guidance on which one are good and which
- 20 ones are not or whatever.
- 21 DR. BERRY: Yes. I'm Arnold Berry from the
- 22 American Society of Anesthesiologists, and I'd like to

- 1 make a different comment on a different area. That is
- 2 when drugs are in short supply we talked about
- 3 alternative drugs that could be utilized, and I was a
- 4 little bit surprised in the FDA's data saying that only
- 5 4 percent of their shortages were due to a ramp up in
- 6 use of other alternative when a primary drug was in
- 7 short supply. Maybe this has affected us more in
- 8 anesthesiology, but this issue of induction drugs, when
- 9 propofol was in short supply was terribly important to
- 10 us because at the same time we has shortages of other
- 11 induction drugs as well.
- 12 So one of the things that might be important
- 13 is to make the manufacturers of some of the alternative
- 14 drugs aware as early as possible of the possible
- 15 increased use of those medications that they're
- 16 producing because they may not see the link to the
- 17 drugs that was in shortage.
- MS. BENJAMIN: Other? CHCA.
- MS. BENJAMIN:
- 20 MR. van EECKHOUT: I'm John van Eeckhout with
- 21 Child Health Corporation of America. I think one of
- 22 the issues that we need to address is much better

- 1 communication among not only the FDA but I think we
- 2 need to really talk about much more effective
- 3 communication processes because there is a lot of
- 4 erroneous information in the marketplace. Routinely we
- 5 hear from -- we have a very robust group of pharmacy
- 6 buyers within Child Health Corporation, and they're
- 7 constantly communicating, and they will move things
- 8 around from wholesaler to wholesaler.
- 9 We also have very poor communications in
- 10 terms of erroneous things coming out like this drug is
- 11 on allocation, and then suddenly the sky is falling,
- 12 and they're running around wanting to capture whatever
- 13 they can when in fact it's not really an issue.
- 14 I think the other issue -- back to Mike's
- 15 point about the gray market -- is we do everything we
- 16 can to discourage the gray market utilization, and
- 17 actually Premier Bryant Mangum Group has got a person
- 18 who actually has looked at -- there's a site on the
- 19 NABP Web that talks about the authorized wholesalers.
- 20 And although there are a couple of them on there that
- 21 are questionable, I think that's a really good
- 22 reference point for a lot of the buyers to use as a

- 1 legitimate supplier of drugs.
- 2 Just communicating those issues I think would
- B be really important and making that really clear to a
- 4 lot of people. And again, I think that for us a lot of
- 5 it is a networking issue, but it's worked very well,
- 6 and we've averted a lot of problems, particularly in
- 7 the children's hospital area because we've done some
- 8 things that have facilitated getting drugs at people at
- 9 the appropriate time.
- 10 MS. BENJAMIN: Anything else. Oh, Jay. I'm
- 11 sorry. A.S.P.E.N and then ISMP.
- 12 MR. MIRTALLO: Jay Mirtallo, A.S.P.E.N.
- 13 There's two issues related to further ways to help
- 14 communicated information. Communication is a big issue
- 15 to us of getting out recommendation to clinicians. And
- 16 I think it's really important related to parenteral
- 17 nutrition the education and training of individuals in
- 18 healthcare societies whether it's a pharmacist,
- 19 physician, nurse, or dietician is inconsistent at best.
- 20 And when these shortages occur and they have to modify
- 21 away from -- go away from their standardized approaches
- 22 toward what they do, they really have huge questions

- 1 "And what do we do now?" "What's the alternative? How
- 2 is it used?"
- The other issue is because it's a nutrient,
- 4 as Mike has mentioned, if they don't have a nutrient or
- 5 would give us an optimal dose, they developed
- 6 efficiencies. So those have to be monitored.
- 7 We really are in favor of getting good
- 8 information out to our members and to AHSP members, but
- 9 we see a lack of dissemination out to people that don't
- 10 know some of the time what they don't know about how to
- 11 deal with a drug shortage related to our areas. We had
- 12 suggested perhaps we do need to have a nation
- 13 clearinghouse for some of those guidelines or practice
- 14 management information as well as the other drug
- 15 shortage information about why it happened, when it's
- 16 going to occur, and when it's going to be back on the
- 17 market.
- So that's the one comment of perhaps
- 19 developing a national clearinghouse Web site for all of
- 20 our guidelines and recommendations for how to deal with
- 21 that. For smaller organizations, they'll have the
- 22 resource staff, say, in neonatology or in parenteral

- 1 and enteral nutrition that can be there to help them
- 2 through the shortage problem.
- The second point is this is an unprecedented
- 4 area for us in that in all other shortages for
- 5 parenteral nutrition very small, very few
- 6 manufacturers. There's consolidation in the industry.
- 7 Vitamins have been the biggest issue for us over the
- 8 past couple of decades. We've never seen it occur so
- 9 much so frequently. There's only been one component of
- 10 parenteral nutrition that has not been affected by the
- 11 shortage; that's dextrose. All the other 11 or 12
- 12 different components have been affected at some point
- 13 in time during the last year. I think only one of
- 14 which has been resolved.
- 15 And the unprecedented area is that is has not
- 16 been resolved. All of our recommendations in the past
- 17 have been six months, have been a year the issue has
- 18 been resolved. We see no end in sight.
- 19 So one of the other points we'd like to
- 20 address at what point do we get a critical mass where
- 21 our patients are more prone to electrolytes, vitamin,
- 22 trace element disorders that we ask to see a

- 1 facilitated process for us importing drugs from some
- 2 other safe areas and being able to assure that.
- 3 MS. BENJAMIN: ASA.
- 4 MR. COHEN: Yes. At the risk of being a
- 5 little repetitious, I wanted to bring up what I
- 6 mentioned this morning regarding the sterile
- 7 compounding pharmacies and the response that they
- 8 sometimes make when there is a drug shortage. There
- 9 are those out there that can respond very quickly, and
- 10 they'll get drugs out to you in a few weeks as a matter
- 11 of fact.
- When manufacturers are not able to supply
- 13 drugs that we absolutely need, these folks they're out
- 14 there, and people use them. We just feel that -- they
- 15 haven't been properly vetted for us. We don't know
- 16 which ones to use, which ones not to use. We don't
- 17 know which ones are following regulation, if they even
- 18 exist in their particular state, which one are
- 19 manufacturers, which ones are providing sterile
- 20 injectable pursuant to an individual prescription.
- It just seem to me if we're going to live
- 22 with this situation -- and maybe that's what we have to

- 1 do -- then we need FDA or maybe it's another
- 2 organization. I'm not sure, but we need somebody to
- 3 recognize these pharmacies whether it's certification
- 4 or registration or accreditation or what. We'd like to
- 5 know which pharmacies are following all the
- 6 regulations, the requirement -- maybe it's good
- 7 manufacturing practices is what I should be saying, and
- 8 we don't have a way of doing that. It's not clear, and
- 9 it's absolutely needed.
- MS. BENJAMIN: Other thoughts about what
- 11 other resources? Ilisa.
- 12 MS. BERNSTEIN: Hi, Ilisa Bernstein. I'm
- 13 going to jump in. I know you're looking for
- 14 suggestions from the panel, but based on what I've
- 15 heard, with respect to the gray market it sounds like
- 16 there needs to be some education on what the gray
- 17 market is because is somebody can't -- if the drug is
- 18 in shortage and you can't get it anywhere and all of a
- 19 sudden you have these offers to get it, you got to
- 20 wonder, and you got to be suspicious about it.
- 21 And it sounds like there are people that are
- 22 taking advantage of healthcare professionals and

- 1 pharmacists who are in desperate situations, and some
- 2 education may be needed whether from FDA and others in
- 3 the healthcare professional community. Thanks.
- 4 MS. BENJAMIN: Anyone else? CHCA.
- 5 MR. van EECKHOUT: In the regulatory arena,
- 6 one of the things that we're starting to see amongst
- 7 the hospitals that CHC represent is beginning of a
- 8 looming shortage of small doses of narcotics, meaning
- 9 like 2, 4, 8 mg morphine, 100 m fentanyl. Don't know
- 10 what's going on, whether manufacturing is moving toward
- 11 the large products, or what the issue is.
- But as everybody knows, the DEA has a
- 13 calendar year approach to the allocations that they put
- 14 on the manufacturers. So I'm beginning to wonder 4th
- 15 quarter here is going be a real problem for these types
- 16 of products. And I hear from all the buyers, "We have
- 17 a problem. I can't get this. I can't get that." The
- 18 only thing that's available is the jumbo size of
- 19 fentanyl, which is a lot of wastage from them.
- I think that if there is a way we can maybe
- 21 get the regulatory people to pay more attention to the
- 22 smallest, most vulnerable patients that we serve,

- 1 particularly in terms of analgesics I think that would
- 2 be something that would be worth looking at. I think
- 3 sometime we just sort of get forgotten because we just
- 4 assume everything is going well, but in reality, I
- 5 don't think it's quite that easy.
- 6 MS. BENJAMIN: Before we move to the next
- 7 question, I'm going to recognize myself again just to
- 8 clarify something that was talked about earlier about
- 9 information about therapeutic alternatives for drugs
- 10 that are in shortage. This is actually the reason that
- 11 there are two drugs shortage Web resource centers. FDA
- 12 monitors medically-necessary drugs. ASHP's site lists
- 13 all the drugs that are in shortage, which comes from
- 14 voluntary reports that we receive. And in addition
- 15 because we are contracted with the drug information
- 16 service, we also put drug information on that Web site.
- 17 And Erin Fox and I have talked about a lot of
- 18 the issues that many of you are talking about here:
- 19 What are the comparative pharmacotherapeutic things
- 20 that need to be considered among all the anthracyclines
- 21 for instance? What are the equally analgesic doses of
- 22 all the opiates? What are the comparative

- 1 susceptibilities of the various antibiotics? We really
- 2 have recognized that practitioners can't run around and
- 3 do this at the last minute, which is when they hear
- 4 about the shortage, so we tried to anticipate that by
- 5 putting the information on our Web site.
- 6 Okay. I'd like to go to the next question,
- 7 which is really a two-part question. How does FDA
- 8 assist your organization with drug shortages? And what
- 9 recommendations do you have to improve this assistance?
- 10 And you have FDA's ear now, so I encourage all of you
- 11 to speak up.
- 12 (Pause)
- MS. BENJAMIN: Nobody raises their hand.
- 14 (Laughter)
- 15 MS. BENJAMIN: Okay. Well, I'll go first.
- 16 At ASHP, we work on at least a weekly and sometimes a
- 17 daily basis with the FDA Drug Shortage Program staff.
- 18 We are very much aware in our organization of the
- 19 yeoman's job that this group does trying to manage drug
- 20 shortages and reduce the impact of these shortages on
- 21 patient care. The individuals in this program staff
- 22 are very, very receptive to comments from practitioners

- 1 or from anybody -- patients, or anybody that calls that
- 2 has a question about a shortage. We know that they
- 3 have done some extraordinary things in the background
- 4 to pull off maintaining a supply at the practitioner
- 5 level.
- On our side, what we do for them is report
- 7 sometimes the disconnect between the manufacturer has
- 8 gone out and gone back up to full capacity production
- 9 and the availability of the drug at the point of care,
- 10 which don't always match up. So our members and the
- 11 groups that we work with are kind of their eyes on the
- 12 field, and they're kind of our eyes in the background
- 13 of the regulatory area.
- 14 Does anybody else here work directly with FDA
- 15 and can comment on your relationship? ASA.
- 16 DR. ARNOLD: I think it's critical to have
- 17 this relationship with FDA, and ASA likewise has had
- 18 this very close working relationship with FDA. I want
- 19 to publicly thank FDA for their work in the spring of
- 20 2010 with the importation of propoven, that is the
- 21 European formulation of propofol, which alleviated the
- 22 shortage that our members had for this drug which has

- 1 become so important to our practice.
- 2 So I think this is clearly something that FDA
- 3 did to benefit anesthesiologists and the patients that
- 4 we care for.
- 5 MS. BENJAMIN: Thank you, Dr. Berry. CHCA.
- 6 MR. van EECKHOUT: Yes. Commenting on
- 7 working with the FDA. I worked very closely with Val
- 8 and other people particularly on thiotepa shortage
- 9 issues and the oncology issues, and I think you've been
- 10 extraordinarily responsive in dealing with this issue.
- 11 And I think your collaboration with AHSP and Erin Fox
- 12 is superb in terms of keeping information out front and
- 13 keeping people fully aware of the circumstances.
- 14 I think in some cases people feel that you
- 15 are kind of like Thor the superhero; you can just throw
- 16 you hammer and --
- 17 (Laughter)
- 18 MR. van EECKHOUT: -- make everybody bow down
- 19 and do whatever you want them to do. Unfortunately,
- 20 that's not the case, and I think that's a realization
- 21 that we've all developed of late. But I think that
- 22 you've done and incredibly good job in terms of dealing

- 1 with this issue, and we appreciate all the information.
- 2 And you know I routinely email you a lot, so I
- 3 appreciate your correspondence back. Thank you.
- 4 MS. BENJAMIN: Thanks, John. A.S.P.E.N.
- 5 MR. MIRTALLO: Jay Mirtallo from A.S.P.E.N.
- 6 Just one other comment. Again reiterating how much
- 7 we've appreciated the dialogue we've had over the last
- 8 couple of years with regards to our situations as well
- 9 as our follow-up. We do have people in our staff that
- 10 are monitoring routinely what's going on that the FDA.
- 11 The only thing that they have come up with as
- 12 far as suggestion that might help our communications is
- 13 when there's an update that's posted it's very
- 14 difficult to discern exactly what that update is. You
- 15 have to kind of compare it back to your old notes. Is
- 16 there some way that that can be highlighted what the
- 17 update is to make it easier for our staff to highlight
- 18 what those changes are? It would be greatly
- 19 appreciated.
- 20 MS. BENJAMIN: An professional associations
- 21 thaw have an as for the FDA? Dr. Cox, we don't have
- 22 an open comment period after this. Do you want to open

- 1 that question up to the audience to give you some more
- 2 information?
- DR. COX: I think that's fine.
- 4 MS. BENJAMIN: Does anybody in the audience
- 5 want to comment on how you've worked with FDA? And if
- 6 you have not what you would like to see FDA do in
- 7 addition -- improve their assistance to you?
- 8 You must be doing a great job. I don't see
- 9 anybody getting up. (Laughter) Oh, here we go.
- 10 Can't hear you Judi.
- Go to the center, or you can come up here.
- 12 MS. JACOBI: Judi Jacobi, past president of
- 13 the Society of Critical Care Medicine. And I think one
- 14 of the things that potentially is an opportunity for an
- 15 organization such is our as we work with our members to
- 16 deal with shortages and use alternatives appropriately
- 17 and effectively is to recognize that most of what we
- 18 use in critical care for ongoing supportive patients --
- 19 and certainly this could be true in adults and is even
- 20 more true in pediatrics -- is going to be really
- 21 discussing drugs in a very off-label fashion. So at
- 22 some point certainly some collaboration with those

- 1 alternative agents and discussion about how we can more
- 2 effectively prepare our members to use those
- 3 alternative agents appropriately since the FDA may have
- 4 a say or an interest in what we're recommending to our
- 5 membership.
- 6 MS. BENJAMIN: Thank you. The center
- 7 microphone.
- BANK: Yes. Hi, my name is Ron Bank. I'm
- 9 an anesthesiologist, Northern Virginia, and I had on
- 10 question. I apologize. This was addressed earlier,
- 11 but one thing -- obviously and drug shortage is
- 12 important to the folks that are affected by it, but as
- 13 I'm sure my colleges in anesthesia could attest to some
- 14 drugs there's really no substitute such as
- 15 succinylcholine, which is a critically important muscle
- 16 relaxant that we use in anesthesia, and we had a
- 17 shortage of that a while back. It was very concerning.
- 18 It's really a very critical drug for patient safety in
- 19 treating, amongst other things, when the vocal chords
- 20 spasm and come together and a patient cannot be
- 21 adequately ventilated.
- 22 But my question is -- and I appreciate the

- 1 FDA holding this forum very much -- my question is has
- 2 there been any thought given to maybe prioritizing what
- 3 drugs that are under shortage must get attention more
- 4 rapidly or fast-tracking drugs that the FDA could maybe
- 5 give more attention to than some other that maybe
- 6 aren't necessarily as immediately critical as a drugs
- 7 succinylcholine or other such drugs to some of the
- 8 chemotherapeutic agents because some these drugs there
- 9 is no good substitute for, and they're very critical
- 10 drugs to the lives of our patients? But thanks for the
- 11 forum. I very much appreciate it.
- DR. COX: So we do is we're looking at drugs
- 13 that are in shortage, we look at those that are
- 14 medically necessary, and we do work to try and resolve
- 15 shortage issues as quickly as possible whether it be
- 16 through trying to mitigate the risk from the existing
- 17 product if there's a deviation where that's appropriate
- 18 to do so, again, the filter example that I presented
- 19 earlier; or working with manufacturers to get other
- 20 lines up and running or alternative supplier, the
- 21 necessary components in order to be able to get drugs
- 22 to patients quickly.

- 1 So we do based on medical necessity, looking
- 2 at the risks and benefits of the product, the
- 3 criticality of the need, to try and respond as quickly
- 4 as we can to restore supply or prevent shortage
- 5 whenever possible. So there is an awareness of those
- 6 issues.
- 7 DR. BANK: Thank you very much. I appreciate
- 8 it.
- 9 MS. SMITH: Hi, my name is Linda Smith. I'm
- 10 an individual pharmacy consultant in the state of
- 11 Maryland. I'm here representing the Maryland
- 12 Association of American Society of Consultant
- 13 Pharmacists, and I just had a question. When you look
- 14 into the issue of drug shortages, how much of that is
- 15 being affected by things that are happening around the
- 16 world and nonavailability of raw materials going into
- 17 the production process?
- 18 CAPT JENSEN: This is Val Jensen, Drug
- 19 Shortage. I'll note that the raw materials --
- 20 shortages that were related to raw material in 2010
- 21 actually a small number were related to just solely raw
- 22 materials issues, so less than 10 percent of shortages

- 1 were related to that. And we continue to see that this
- 2 year as well that's it's a fairly small number that are
- 3 related to just solely raw material issues.
- 4 But we do have shortages that are finished
- 5 product shortages that are global shortages, so these
- 6 are shortages that are occurring in all countries.
- 7 We're sharing information with other regulatory
- 8 agencies so that we can share information about those
- 9 shortages that are occurring, and we're continuing to
- 10 do that.
- 11 MS. SMITH: Okay. And I wanted to make one
- 12 other comment. I've been to an ASCP meeting where a
- 13 journalist, an investigative journalist, who wrote a
- 14 book called Dangerous Doses, came and spoke to us. And
- 15 I found out at that conference that even going through
- 16 your major wholesalers they maybe buying on the
- 17 secondary market, and you can't always be assured that
- 18 even with the primary wholesalers that you're getting
- 19 what you think you're getting. And I think we really
- 20 need to be looking at this more closely as a country in
- 21 terms of what's going on there.
- DR. COX: Thanks for your comment. We

- 1 recognize the critical importance of product quality,
- 2 and you're raising a question about delivery of product
- 3 and such, so we appreciate your comment. Thank you.
- 4 MS. BENJAMIN: AHA.
- 5 MS. SCHULMAN: I was having difficulty trying
- 6 to answer this question because as we all heard other
- 7 folks around the table have said FDA has done
- 8 everything humanly possible, especially the Drug
- 9 Shortage Program, with the limited staff and the
- 10 resources that are available to address drug shortages.
- 11 They've done a terrific job.
- 12 So the only thing I can think of actually is
- 13 to reiterate what's already been said around the need
- 14 for the department at the higher level or FDA at the
- 15 higher level to continue to allocate additional
- 16 resources toward this issue of drug shortages through
- 17 allocating resources, additional staff to the Drug
- 18 Shortage Program as well as perhaps to also establish a
- 19 mechanism for more formal communication between the
- 20 Drug Shortage Program and other parts of FDA that
- 21 obviously also plan, just like the Office of Generic
- 22 Drugs and the compliance folks.

- 1 So maybe a more formal office, a stronger
- 2 message at the highest levels at FDA that these sorts
- 3 of issues are a national crisis and that they need to
- 4 take priority to get the right drugs to the patients at
- 5 the right time.
- 6 DR. BERNSTEIN: Could I just comment on that?
- 7 Just going back to what Ed showed in your slide.
- 8 There's tremendous communication across FDA
- 9 particularly within CDER with Drug Shortage Program,
- 10 Compliance, Office of Generic Drugs, Office of New Drug
- 11 Quality, Assessment, all over, and the Office of
- 12 Regulatory Affairs in the field.
- 13 So if there is a shortage, we put the
- 14 resources that are needed in order to figure out what
- 15 has to be done. A lot of what they do is really
- 16 coordinating and helping and reaching out a lot to your
- 17 organizations, but I can tell there are a lot of other
- 18 resources that the agency puts toward helping alleviate
- 19 and mitigate and prevent shortages.
- 20 MR. SCHMUFF: Yes. If I could just add --
- 21 this is Norman Schmuff from ONDQA. The interaction
- 22 with ONDQA, Office of Generic Drugs, and the Office of

- 1 Compliance is essentially a daily interaction, and
- 2 there is a coordinator in Office of Generic Drugs, and
- 3 that would be Harvey, and the Office of New Drug
- 4 Quality Assessment, me; and there is an entire staff in
- 5 the Office of Compliance that deals with drug shortage
- 6 issues.
- 7 So I think we have it covered I think
- 8 reasonably well, and I think it is no exaggeration to
- 9 say that the interaction is daily with those groups.
- 10 CAPT GREENBERG: I do have interactions with
- 11 Val and Compliance, and it's a daily thing, and it's a
- 12 daily thing with Erin and her group and ASHP. We do
- 13 talk every day probably more than once or twice a day,
- 14 but there's a good communication among us. I may not
- 15 reach out to a lot of the associations, but I do have a
- 16 lot of contacts in the industry to investigate these
- 17 issues.
- 18 MS. BENJAMIN: Bona Benjamin from ASHP. I
- 19 have a question. So it sounds like communication
- 20 within the agency those channels have been established.
- 21 Is there communication among the different agencies at
- 22 the higher Federal level? Because we've heard other

- 1 regulatory groups mentioned.
- DR. BERNSTEIN: This is Ilisa Bernstein. So
- 3 when Dr. Kweder was here earlier, she mentioned that at
- 4 the Department of Health and Human Services at that
- 5 level there is a group coordinating, looking across HHS
- 6 trying to address this and looking at solutions as
- 7 well, not only just what HHS can do but what others can
- 8 do as well.
- 9 And just to add on top of what you were
- 10 saying is so that we're working together. We actually
- 11 have formalized SOPs. This is all a really good,
- 12 strong network of communicating among the agencies.
- 13 MS. BENJAMIN: And would you say that is part
- 14 of the reason that you're able to get advanced
- 15 notification from the field in time to avert drug
- 16 shortages?
- DR. BERNSTEIN: I'm not really clear what
- 18 your question is. Are you saying that from the field
- 19 finding out about? Because there's a difference
- 20 between advanced notification that I'll let Val and the
- 21 other is Drug Shortages in terms of knowing when a
- 22 company will be disrupting production or discontinuing

- 1 production at the earliest point is extremely helpful
- 2 and important. Where that information comes in, to get
- 3 that information to the agency, and then letting the
- 4 Drug Shortage Program kind of work with that and work
- 5 with the rest of us is important.
- I think what you were saying is in the field
- 7 in terms of -- you mean just anybody out there?
- 8 MS. BENJAMIN: For instance, if any
- 9 enforcement action is being contemplated that might
- 10 cause a drug shortage.
- 11 DR. BERNSTEIN: When there's a problem with a
- 12 product -- so there's metal shavings or glass or
- 13 something in an injectable, or we'll get a report to
- 14 the agency somehow, either manufacturer or pharmacist
- 15 or healthcare professionals will give us a report. We
- 16 will then follow up on that problem. That may then
- 17 result in an inspection at the facility where the
- 18 product is made. Then depending on a whole bunch of
- 19 series of events, if there is a product that's
- 20 medically necessary that manufactured at that facility,
- 21 we will work very closely with that company in order to
- 22 figure out how they can fix the problem while they're

- 1 continuing to manufacture a quality product so that
- 2 that medically-necessary product can continue.
- 3 It's just a lot of -- every case is
- 4 different. It's all case by case, but the communication
- 5 between FDA and the firm whether it be their product
- 6 quality folks or the folks that are dealing with
- 7 production and making sure that it continues. That's
- 8 all extremely important, and I guess we're going to
- 9 talk about that at a later panel, so...
- 10 MS. BENJAMIN: Yes. I think maybe the
- 11 industry panel. I'm going to go to the last question
- 12 for the healthcare professional group panel. What
- 13 actions does your organization recommend for other
- 14 stakeholders such as industry, distributors, group
- 15 purchasing organizations, other Government agencies to
- 16 help prevent or reduce drug shortages?
- 17 Anybody got any ideas for any of our other
- 18 stakeholders? FDA is not the only one in the mix.
- 19 CHCA.
- 20 MR. van EECKHOUT: John van Eeckhout again.
- 21 I think that one of the issues that we're all
- 22 struggling with is, is the pharmaceutical/industrial

- 1 complex in the United States so old and so decrepit
- 2 that we're having -- is one of the cause of the
- 3 problem? And are we facing the potential of a
- 4 globalization process whereby everything is going to
- 5 move to the Pacific Rim, where obviously the API is
- 6 now, etcetera?
- 7 If that's the case, then the whole milieu for
- 8 the FDA is considerable different than it is now in
- 9 terms of getting over there and inspecting things. But
- 10 I guess my concern is I'm not necessarily sure that's
- 11 the best thing to happen for us.
- 12 On the other side of the coin, is there a
- 13 possibility that through legislation or some other
- 14 process with state and local people we can have an
- 15 incentivized reinvigoration of the pharmaceutical
- 16 industry in the United States similar to what happened
- 17 in Puerto Rico not too long ago, like when I got out of
- 18 pharmacy school, which is a long time ago?
- 19 I think that there was an incredible amount
- 20 of activity in Puerto Rico. A lot of companies moved
- 21 down there and are still there. And I think that we
- 22 really need to take a close look at whether we're going

- 1 to lose this business and this industrial complex or
- 2 whether we're going to keep it.
- 4 by Thomas Friedman saying -- the essential headline was
- 5 we can have a decade a pain or a century of depression
- 6 if we don't fix what's going on in this country. I
- 7 think that applies here also.
- 8 MS. BENJAMIN: AHA.
- 9 MS. SCHULMAN: In thinking about what other
- 10 Government agencies can do, I know we've talked a
- 11 little bit about payers. A couple of ideas with regard
- 12 to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. They
- 13 probably ought to be working closely with the FDA to
- 14 ensure that their coverage policies with regard to --
- 15 Medicare coverage policies can be rapidly changed to
- 16 permit the coverage and reimbursement of therapeutic
- 17 alternatives in the event that there is a drug
- 18 shortage. So we don't see instances in which providers
- 19 have moved to second or third tier drugs and only to
- 20 find that the payers say that they're not covered for
- 21 those indications.
- 22 Secondly, CMS could -- CMS has a lot of

- 1 discretionary authority around policies that can
- 2 temporarily increase reimbursement rates for drugs or
- 3 for other services. And so one thing that CMS -- we
- 4 may want to encourage them to do is think about what
- 5 the options there are in terms of providing for
- 6 temporary policies to raise reimbursement rates for
- 7 drugs that are in shortage in order to account for not
- 8 only the increased prices that providers are paying for
- 9 these drugs as a result of the shortage but also the
- 10 other additional cost around it that we've talked about
- 11 today, cost for managing the shortages in term of times
- 12 and resources and sourcing additional sources of drugs.
- MS. BENJAMIN: ASCO.
- 14 DR. HAGERTY: Thanks, Bona. I'm Karen
- 15 Hagerty, ASCO. I think from the conversation this
- 16 morning that it hasn't escaped -- a lot of people's
- 17 noticed that many of these drugs that are in shortage
- 18 are the much cheaper sterile generic injectable drugs,
- 19 and of course, that's part of the reasons that oncology
- 20 is being hit so hard. And one of the things that we
- 21 talked about -- I think many of us in the room here
- 22 testified last week before the committee, and of the

- 1 things that we talked about was looking at incentives
- 2 to make these drugs more attractive for manufacturers
- 3 to make if indeed that is the problem. And I think it
- 4 would be -- as we said at the time, we don't really
- 5 think that we're the entity to be suggesting
- 6 specifically what these incentives are. As we are not
- 7 in the business of manufacturing drugs, we don't know
- 8 what would be the most appealing. But we would very
- 9 much like to hear from those in the industry if that is
- 10 in fact the case what would incentivize you to get in,
- 11 stay in, and remain in the business of making these
- 12 drugs.
- MS. BENJAMIN: Anyone else? AHA.
- 14 MS. SCHULMAN: I had one more. We talked
- 15 about the gray market earlier and a lot of the
- 16 confusion around what's gray market, what does it
- 17 really mean, what's legal practices, what are illegal
- 18 practices. I think there is a real need -- I think all
- 19 of this calls for some sort of an investigation. I
- 20 don't know, Department of Justice or Inspector General
- 21 level kind of investigation of gray market practices
- 22 including issues like how do they predict the shortages

- 1 before anyone else knows there's a drug in shortage?
- 2 Where do they obtain the drugs? And what steps need to
- 3 be taken to strengthen Federal or state law to prevent
- 4 unscrupulous secondary distributors from taking
- 5 advantage of drug shortages through hoarding and price
- 6 gouging practices.
- 7 MS. BENJAMIN: A.S.P.E.N.
- 8 MR. MIRTALLO: Jay Mirtallo from A.S.P.E.N.
- 9 One of the things we've added to our additional things
- 10 that we'd like to get support for is realizing that
- 11 with the shortages we're dealing with suboptimal doses
- 12 of a lot of nutrients as well as a huge change in some
- 13 of our systems that have been standardized for dozens
- 14 of years of any types of errors or adverse events that
- 15 have occurred as a result of that that we get reported
- 16 to organizations like ISMP so that we can look at those
- 17 on an individual basis from a seminal event standpoint,
- 18 but also we can aggregate the data to take a look at
- 19 our systems, which I think would be particularly
- 20 important in oncology areas as well as in our areas of
- 21 parenteral and enteral nutrition; especially when we
- 22 deal with interdisciplinary care where a great deal of

- 1 people are dealing with patient care like we heard
- 2 Davria Cohen mention her dietician that takes care of
- 3 her.
- Well, dieticians aren't familiar with the
- 5 pharmaceutical supply chain. They're not familiar with
- 6 a drug error or a medication errors. They look for
- 7 pharmacists to do that, but they are actually on the
- 8 frontline of thing on quite a few occasions.
- 9 So that's one of the things we're suggesting
- 10 we get the information out to groups that have -- that
- 11 touch the patient, that can get that information into
- 12 an area of experts that can deal with it to make
- 13 better, safer recommendations for therapy even during
- 14 times of a drug shortage.
- MS. BENJAMIN: Yes, ASA.
- DR. BERRY: One of the themes today has been
- 17 timely communications both with FDA regarding the
- 18 possibility of production problems and also
- 19 communication with the practitioners. ASA supports the
- 20 Drug Shortage Summit work group and their
- 21 recommendations to broaden the reporting requirements
- 22 to the FDA beyond those drugs that are classified as

- 1 medically necessary when the manufacturer knows of a
- 2 production problem or is anticipating discontinuance of
- 3 a drug. So I think that recommendation becomes very
- 4 important in beginning the communications both with FDA
- 5 and with the provider.
- 6 MS. BENJAMIN: Anything else? I'm going to
- 7 go last, so speak now or forever hold you peace. So
- 8 speaking on behalf of ASHP and having the relationship
- 9 with the FDA Drug Shortages Program staff that I have
- 10 plus all of my colleagues inter-professional as well as
- 11 all my stakeholder colleagues, what we have seen from
- 12 our position of trying to monitor this on the national
- 13 basis, there are four things I think that are really
- 14 important. One is the pharmacists and patients and
- 15 physicians, everybody needs to be assured of the
- 16 integrity of a drug product, so we support FDA's strict
- 17 regulations and their oversight of the safety and
- 18 quality of the drug supply.
- 19 We would also like to be able to ensure the
- 20 integrity of the supply chain. We would like to know
- 21 where a drug came from, where it's been before it gets
- 22 into our hands as the end user. We have tried to sort

- 1 of sketch out the processes and all the moving parts
- 2 that have to do with drug shortages, and it's very
- 3 hard. We would like to see someone do a pretty deep
- 4 dive on this subject, someone with expertise in a lot
- 5 of fields, in globalization of business and finance and
- 6 economics, and pharmaceutical manufacturing, and in the
- 7 use of medications worldwide.
- 8 We also agree with the rest of the panelist
- 9 and many of you in the audience that better
- 10 communications are needed. We know because of our
- 11 interaction with Val and her staff that a lot of what
- 12 they know they cannot tell us because it's proprietary
- 13 information. But we also know that when we go to talk
- 14 to our patients or to our physicians or to our hospital
- 15 medical staff and corporate leadership that the answer
- 16 to the question why are we having as shortage, we don't
- 17 know, is just not acceptable.
- 18 So we would like to work with FDA and others
- 19 to find a level of communication that gives enough of
- 20 an answer so people understand that this is just not
- 21 some big, black box that nobody knows what's going on
- 22 inside of.

255

We would also like to secure those 1 communications between the FDA and our group and the healthcare providers themselves. We are aware that this information is often obtained by other whose motive is not to improve the care of patients. 5 6 And we urge everybody to support the two bills that are in the legislature right now. We have only one change, which was we would change them to say that they should cover all drugs regulated by the FDA 10 not just approved drugs. But we really believe and we 11 think it's been proven by FDA's own statistics that while this is not the solution it is one solution, and 12 13 I think everybody here in this room who has dealt with 14 drug shortages knows that we need all the help we can 15 get right now. 16 So with that, I'm going to end my part of this program and turn it over to the next panel. 18 DR. COX: Thanks, Bona. Now we'll go to Susan Winckler from the FDA Law Institute who will 19 20 carry us through the next few sessions. Susan. 21 MS. WINCKLER: Great. We've reached the

point in the afternoon where we have two speakers, four

- 1 panelist, four questions to answer, and 15 minutes. So
- 2 I am going to save time by staying right here, and
- 3 Michael, if you go to the podium, I'll briefly
- 4 introduce this panel.
- 5 We've been working backwards through the
- 6 supply chain from this morning hearing from the
- 7 patients who are directly affected to then the point of
- 8 care providers and the healthcare professional
- 9 associations. We're now at the panel to talk with and
- 10 to hear from and discuss with the folks who operate the
- 11 supply chain and get this product from one place to
- 12 another and other show play in this space as well in
- 13 the group purchasing.
- 14 So we will hear presentations from Michael
- 15 Mone with Cardinal Health, then from Bryant Mangum with
- 16 Premier, and then we will address some questions. So,
- 17 Michael.
- 18 MR. MONE: Thank you, Susan. Good afternoon.
- 19 I'd like to start out with my disclosure as obviously I
- 20 work for CardinalHealth, and I have a very small
- 21 holdings in both Pfizer and Monsanto.
- This is an interesting opportunity to spend

- 1 five minutes to give you the perspective of the man in
- 2 the middle. Though I am providing that particular
- 3 perspective of the man in the middle in this process,
- 4 it is with an appreciation and a concern for the
- 5 patients.
- 6 And the reason that we selected this slide --
- 7 and it's really a very important slide that we selected
- 8 -- was that's a patient there, and the entire focus is
- 9 because at the end of the supply chain is a patient,
- 10 and the patient is why we do what we do.
- It's interesting when I listened to the
- 12 comments this morning about pharmacy and the duration
- 13 of drug shortages, and I noticed the statistics went
- 14 back 10 years probably because the speaker earlier, Dr.
- 15 Fox, is so much younger than I am. But I can tell you
- 16 that in 1981 when I started the practice of pharmacy,
- 17 we had drug shortages back then as well. They were not
- 18 nearly as severe. They were not nearly as
- 19 demonstrative in quantity, and quite frankly, based
- 20 upon my perspective, although it is recollection, so it
- 21 could be subject to debate, I don't think it lasted
- 22 nearly as long.

- 1 So what we know today is that we really have
- 2 an urgent situation. The frequency and the duration of
- 3 drug shortages are at record levels. We saw the
- 4 statistics there. We see patient care and patient
- 5 safety being negatively affected. We heard this
- 6 morning that those are real cases.
- 7 So let me submit to you that the data also
- 8 that we saw -- and I have it in a slightly different
- 9 framework -- is that the shortages are caused by
- 10 manufacturing issues. In the data that we saw roughly
- 11 this morning in kind of a different graph here is that
- 12 we're really talking about product quality issues,
- 13 production capacity, product discontinuation,
- 14 unavailability of raw materials. We heard the
- 15 comments. We heard the comments about the
- 16 internationalization of the pharmaceutical API in the
- 17 industry.
- 18 I note that when we look at this that we end
- 19 up coming back to the key thing that we heard all day
- 20 today, which was communication and coordination.
- 21 Here is the part where I really got kind of
- 22 upset at my folks, and I suspect as a pharmacist I get

- 1 to talk about my folks as pharmacist. When Dr. Blum
- 2 made the statement -- and he gave an eloquent
- 3 description of what he faced -- what really frustrated
- 4 me was the fact that the found out that there was a
- 5 shortage when he was trying to administer the drug. And
- 6 then he found out again that that drug was not there.
- 7 That I think is a failure on my part in communication.
- 8 This is a systemic situation. It can't be just single
- 9 elements of the communication process. It has to go all
- 10 the way through the entire process to where the
- 11 practitioner knows before he or she is going to try to
- 12 administer that drug in an emergency, critical
- 13 situation that in fact that drug is not available.
- 14 When we look at communications, the other
- 15 piece that I think is critical is we need some standard
- 16 definitions. What does drug shortage means? What does
- 17 the duration means? What is frequency? When do we
- 18 decide that we have and we're talking the same language
- 19 about drug shortages? And clearly, it has to be early
- 20 as possible within the constraints that public
- 21 information is available, but it's got to be early.
- 22 It's got to be consistent, and it's got to be accurate.

- 1 That's the only way that anybody can actually action
- 2 off of information.
- Now let's talk about some of the things that
- 4 CardinalHealth does in their role. When we talk about
- 5 drug shortages, what I must dispel is that it's not
- 6 about buying power as who gets what drug. It's about
- 7 dynamic allocation. It's about allocating available
- 8 product. And what you do in that distribution process
- 9 is you dynamically allocate available product. And
- 10 it's about what the historical purchases have been in
- 11 the past. It is the fairest way to make a limited
- 12 resource go as far as reasonable can be used in the
- 13 supply chain.
- 14 We communicate what available information we
- 15 have to our customers as early as we can. In many
- 16 instances, it's on a daily basis that we will
- 17 communicate that information. But again, it goes back
- 18 to the stage that as soon as we get early information
- 19 it is accurate and it is consistent we can begin the
- 20 dynamic allocation process earlier in the process and
- 21 thereby allowing more people to have access to the
- 22 limited available product when a shortage occurs. And

- 1 of course, what we're doing is we're dealing with
- 2 protecting the supply chain in its entirety.
- 4 all get this -- because here is what I think is the key
- 5 to mitigate the impact: Manufacturers and FDA provide
- 6 faster, more accurate, consistent information. I
- 7 believe that the FDA, AHRQ, ASHP, and other appropriate
- 8 clinical organizations could identify appropriate
- 9 clinical alternatives to product in short supply and do
- 10 that earlier in the process. We're able to be able to
- 11 allow the individuals that are practicing to make
- 12 appropriate clinical judgments if they have that
- 13 information earlier.
- 14 Providers should continue to buy direct from
- 15 wholesalers that buy direct wherever possible because
- 16 what -- Dr. Leigh Briscoe-Dwyer was on CBS, and she
- 17 talked about not buying from the secondary market, and
- 18 it was really important because it was important about
- 19 patient safety. But it's also important because you
- 20 don't want to encourage the same activity, which is the
- 21 hoarding of that product and allowing people to disrupt
- 22 the supply chain.

- 1 And finally, distributors should allocate
- 2 product in the fairest manner, and that's based upon
- 3 past buying practices.
- 4 So when we encourage dialogue and
- 5 coordination all the way through the system, between
- 6 FDA and manufacturers, and pharmaceutical wholesalers,
- 7 and our customers, and the doctors and the pharmacy
- 8 staff, we have a better process.
- 9 The final slide ends with the same slide I
- 10 started with because at the end of the day it's all
- 11 about the patient. It was about the patient when I was
- 12 a pharmacist. It was about a patient when I was in the
- 13 hospital, and it's still about the patient. Thank you.
- 14 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. Well, now hear
- 15 from Bryant Mangum with Premier.
- MR. MANGUM: Susan has a quick five minutes,
- 17 s I'm going to have to speed up.
- 18 I'm Bryant Mangum, Vice President of the
- 19 Pharmacy Services at the Premier Healthcare Alliance.
- 20 Premier is owned by not-for-profit hospitals,
- 21 healthcare systems, and other providers. Together with
- 22 our members, Premier aggregates the buying power of

- 1 hospitals to provide the economies of scale necessary
- 2 to get the most effective medical supplies and drugs at
- 3 the best price. Premier represents over 2,500
- 4 hospitals and 70,000 alternative sites.
- 5 Shortages are having an adverse effect on
- 6 patient safety and driving up healthcare cost. Today,
- 7 I will discuss two analyses that show the scope of the
- 8 problems and the financial and human toll. I will also
- 9 offer thoughts on what can be done to address the
- 10 important issues.
- 11 In March of 2011, Premier set out to better
- 12 understand the extent of the problem and the effect on
- 13 patient care. Through a survey of 311 pharmacists, we
- 14 found that between July and December of 2010 more than
- 15 245 drugs were either in short supply or completely
- 16 unavailable in 2010. Over 400 generic equivalents were
- 17 backed ordered for more than five days, and many of the
- 18 drugs noted as back orders in 2010 have remained
- 19 unavailable and in short supply in 2011.
- In evaluating the threat of drug shortages to
- 21 patient safety, 89 percent experienced shortages that
- 22 had the potential to cause a medication safety issue or

- 1 error in patient care; 80 percent experienced shortages
- 2 that resulted in a delay or cancellation of treatment.
- 3 Drug shortages are also costly.
- 4 Combined with the results of other analyses,
- 5 we estimated shortages could cost hospitals \$415
- 6 million annually through the purchase of more expensive
- 7 substitutes and additional labor cost. So what is
- 8 Premier doing to help to diminish these costs?
- 9 Determining manufacturing capabilities during
- 10 the contracting process to access whether a particular
- 11 manufacturer can supply the market, Premier looks for
- 12 alternatives if capabilities don't meet demand.
- 13 Instituting and early warning system for hospitals to
- 14 notify Premier of shortages even before they are posted
- 15 on the FDA Web site. Once notified, we do work with
- 16 the FDA to provide that information.
- 17 We're also exploring longer term contracts
- 18 for manufacturers to create more predictable volumes
- 19 and stability in the market. We hope in this crisis
- 20 people will do everything they could to help patients
- 21 get the drugs they need. Rather, we have seen numerous
- 22 gray market vendors take advantage of the problem,

- 1 offering to sell shortage product at exorbitant prices.
- Over a 2-month period, Premier analyzed 636
- 3 unsolicited sales offers from the gray market vendors
- 4 offering to sell shortage drugs. We compared the list
- 5 price to Premier's standard contract price. The
- 6 results were appalling. The average markup being
- 7 offered was 650 percent, and many others were higher.
- In fact the highest markup was 4,500 percent.
- 9 In this case, a drug used to treat high blood pressure
- 10 that normally sells for \$25.90 was offered for \$1,200.
- 11 Markups were as high as 4,000 percent for oncology
- 12 medications; 45 percent of the offers were marked up at
- 13 least 1,000 percent above normal price; and a quarter
- 14 was marked up at least 2,000 percent. Highest markups
- 15 were seen with the chemotherapy agents, infectious
- 16 disease agents, and sedation and surgery meds.
- 17 These markups are troubling, but they also
- 18 raise safety concerns. When price gougers are
- 19 (inaudible) with products, it begs several questions.
- 20 Where and how are they getting the medicines that no
- 21 one else can get? And how can the integrity of these
- 22 drugs be ascertained?

1	Premier has taken the position that
2	pharmacies should avoid these vendors and stick to
3	purchasing from known primary distributors, but in time
4	of shortages, pharmacy may need to look elsewhere. In
5	these cases, Premier developed best practices to follow
6	whenever purchases are made outside the primary
7	distribution channel. These include asking for and
8	verifying product chain of custody or pedigree,
9	confirming the seller is licensed and not subject to
10	any investigations. But in our view, the best way to
11	stop price gouging is to fix the drug shortage crisis.
12	Private sector initiatives such as those
13	implemented by Premier can only go so far. We ask the
14	FDA to consider shortening the approval process from
15	medically-necessary generic drugs that appear in
16	shortage; encouraging FDA to engage stakeholders in
17	discussion determining whether a drug is medically
18	necessary. The objective here is to prioritize drugs
19	that are necessary for treatment and also may be at
20	risk for shortages.
21	Granting the Drug Enforcement Administration
22	flexibility to adjust quotas that limit the amount of

- 1 active ingredient manufacturers may purchase for
- 2 controlled substances, thus limiting their ability to
- 3 ramp up production when a supplier exist to market.
- 4 Creating a fast-track approval of new active
- 5 pharmaceutical ingredient suppliers for medically-
- 6 necessary drugs in shortage.
- 7 Working with manufacturers in slowing the
- 8 trend of requiring raw material outside the U.S.
- 9 Requiring manufacturers to provide the FDA
- 10 notification of planned discontinuations or
- 11 interruption of the manufacture of drugs. This will
- 12 allow the FDA to time the work with the remaining
- 13 manufacturers to increase production.
- 14 And finally, creating a stakeholders
- 15 committee to advise FDA on market conditions.
- In closing, I thank the FDA for the
- 17 opportunity to share what we've learned about drug
- 18 shortages at Premier.
- 19 MS. WINCKLER: Very helpful. Thank you. I'm
- 20 now going to open it up to Ron Hartman with MedAssets
- 21 for the Health Industry Group Purchasing Association
- 22 and Anita Ducca, Vice President with the Healthcare

- 1 Distribution Management Association.
- 2 I heard recommendations from Bryant and
- Michael in two categories: The first
- 4 category being preventing shortages, and then what can
- 5 we better do to mitigate shortages. What I heard in
- 6 the preventing shortages had to be with buying direct,
- 7 and that's just speaking to some of the changes in the
- 8 supply system, longer term contracts, and planning for
- 9 discontinuation and better communications.
- 10 In the mitigating shortages, the idea of
- 11 standard definition; improved communications, which I
- 12 think we've heard all day long; fair allocation within
- 13 the supply system; and then most recently the
- 14 stakeholder council as well as other things about DEA
- 15 and some other pieces, but those are just high level.
- 16 Ron and Anita, as you think about those what
- 17 might you add to this question of solutions?
- 18 MR. HARTMANN: Ron Hartmann with MedAssets
- 19 representing the Health Industry Group Purchasing
- 20 Association. We certainly support all of those
- 21 recommendations. I think the thing that we ultimately
- 22 need to see and want to have is a stable supply chain.

- 1 We need to have an adequate number of manufacturers of
- 2 these products to support the demand in the
- 3 marketplace. There needs to be sufficient competition,
- 4 and I think to Brian's point and Mike's point really is
- 5 at the core of solving this problem.
- 6 There is obviously a lot of factors and a lot
- 7 of contributing factors that led us to the current
- 8 situation, but ultimately we need to have a stable
- 9 market. The healthcare group purchasing industry
- 10 foster competition among the manufacturers. We create
- 11 an environment to let that competition play out. We
- 12 certainly have a need and an expectation on the part of
- 13 our respective members to bring them competitive
- 14 pricing, but we also need to support a stable
- 15 marketplace. And I think all of our agreements support
- 16 provisions for accommodating shortages and API material
- 17 or other events that may had been unanticipated or
- 18 unplanned at the time contracts were put into place,
- 19 but ultimately, we need to have a stable supply market.
- 20 MS. DUCCA: First, I want to qualify one
- 21 thing. The Healthcare Distribution Management
- 22 Association has as part of its membership criteria that

- 1 the wholesale distributor that is a member must be
- 2 buying direct from the manufacturer and selling direct
- 3 to licensed entities, and most of those, the vast
- 4 majority, are indeed healthcare providers. So I just
- 5 want to qualify that before I give you that and my
- 6 answer.
- 7 We certainly support many of the things that
- 8 you are talking about. On some of them, we have due to
- 9 anti-trust consideration we have limited ability to
- 10 comment on. But I will comment on the improved
- 11 communication point that has been raised. We would
- 12 certainly agree with that.
- 13 Our members are in constant communication
- 14 with their suppliers and with their customers on a
- 15 routine basis. Our wholesale distributors are talking
- 16 to and sharing information with manufacturer to help
- 17 with their demand forecasting, so that's a given any
- 18 way. But what happens in a shortage situation is that
- 19 they will increase and enhance that communication both
- 20 with their suppliers and with their customers.
- 21 So if there's one thing that I would
- 22 recommend is to keep that line of communication open

- 1 with your distributors and help them, for example,
- 2 identify what the alternatives are because they are a
- 3 step removed from the patient care, and therefore they
- 4 need your guidance on what alternatives you think for
- 5 your patients are going to be needed.
- 6 I'll also just mention to that end that HDMA
- 7 is putting together some voluntary guidelines for its
- 8 membership that would help to -- we think will help
- 9 identify how best to conduct those communications.
- 10 MS. WINCKLER: Yes, Dr. Bernstein.
- DR. BERNSTEIN: Thank you. Just to follow up
- 12 on that. One of the things that we heard several times
- 13 this morning is the need for fair and equitable
- 14 distribution in the time of a shortage, and Michael
- 15 mentioned that you have some sort of dynamic allocation
- 16 process. I'm just wondering in those guidelines that
- 17 you're preparing or if you're aware of any best
- 18 practices for distribution in the event of an actual
- 19 shortage?
- 20 MS. DUCCA: Lisa, an excellent question, but
- 21 that's one of the areas that I have limited ability to
- 22 comment on under our anti-trust policy because

- 1 allocation means who you sell to and when and that kind
- 2 of thing, so I can't really comment on that to any
- 3 great extent.
- 4 I can say, however, that most of our members
- 5 do have systems and programs where they determine in a
- 6 shortages situation how and when to distribute the
- 7 product, and it's usually based on historical
- 8 purchasing practices.
- 9 MS. WINCKLER: Michael, would you weigh in?
- 10 That's one of the slides I had you skip over.
- MR. MONE: Yes, I know. Okay. Dr.
- 12 Bernstein, what CardinalHealth does is it takes the
- 13 available supply that it receives, and it distributes
- 14 that available supply, and the manner by which we do
- 15 that is a -- for lack of a better term -- a statistical
- 16 model that takes historical purchasing pattern and
- 17 mirrors them up and takes the available supply on a go-
- 18 forward basis so that it is, if you will, a fairer
- 19 distribution process.
- In doing so, everyone gets some and nobody
- 21 gets none, but nobody get everything that they want
- 22 because we don't have everything that the supply chain

- 1 would otherwise be able to push to the customers that
- 2 we have a the time because the manufacturer did not
- 3 provide us enough to be able to distribute. And so,
- 4 it's a statistical model that allows us to be fair
- 5 about the distribution.
- DR. BERNSTEIN: And just following up on
- 7 that. In terms of the practice of others, are you
- 8 familiar -- is that how other companies do it or?
- 9 MR. MONE: I can't answer that, Dr.
- 10 Bernstein.
- MS. WINCKLER: We have one minute, so I'll
- 12 ask Michael, Bryant, Ron, Anita, what would you call
- 13 out as the one most important recommendation that's
- 14 essential from the participants in the supply chain,
- 15 whether it's the distributors and the wholesalers, the
- 16 purchasers? What would you recommend?
- MS. DUCCA: Just make the product.
- 18 (Laughter)
- 19 MS. DUCCA: I'll repeat what's said this
- 20 morning. I think that once you fix that, once you have
- 21 enough product a lot of the other issues that we've
- 22 heard about, the gray market, and gouging and so forth,

- 1 I think those will go away once we have enough of the
- 2 product.
- MR. HARTMANN: I would concur. And certainly
- 4 the communication pieces that we've talked about and
- 5 hear about as well are critically important.
- 6 MR. MANGUM: I think one of the key issues is
- 7 timely information. As a GPO, one of the areas we
- 8 struggle with when we hear about a potential shortage
- 9 is the length of time that shortage will occur. Will
- 10 it be two weeks? six months? a year? Or will that
- 11 product even come back on the market. And that really
- 12 doesn't give us enough flexibility to look for
- 13 alternative suppliers.
- 14 So timely information from the manufacturers
- 15 and really the true nature of the issue. If it's a
- 16 quality issue, how do we work with the manufacturers to
- 17 truly understand the issues and the problems so we can
- 18 seek alternative medications for our members.
- 19 MR. MONE: Susan, I think if you take the
- 20 first slide that talks about early as possible,
- 21 consistent, accurate information with a clear set of
- 22 definitions so that everyone's working off the same

- 1 definitions of what those words mean you end up with
- 2 going to the last slide that I had, the four
- 3 recommendations there, all working together to resolve
- 4 a problem that is fundamentally a manufacturing problem
- 5 after the fact.
- If you solve the problem, as said earlier,
- 7 with the manufacturing, you solve the problem. But if
- 8 you can't, I think the last slide with the pieces in
- 9 their addresses really what you're looking for.
- 10 MS. WINCKLER: Very helpful. Thank you very
- 11 much.
- 12 DR. COX: Thank you. So at this point let's
- 13 take a 15-minute break. So that gets us back, if my
- 14 math is correct, what, about 2:52?
- 15 (Off the record)
- 16 (On the record)
- DR. COX: We're ready to start again. So if
- 18 folks could get in their seats, and if we could have
- 19 our panelists back.
- 20 Great. Thank you all. I'm going to turn the
- 21 microphone back to Susan Winckler, who will lead us
- 22 through our next session on recommendations for

- 1 solutions from the pharmaceutical industry and another
- 2 panel discussion. Susan.
- MS. WINCKLER: For the next hour, we will be
- 4 hearing from folks in the industry who are actually
- 5 producing the materials as well as from their
- 6 associations. We have two presentations and then a
- 7 panel discussion similar to what we did in the last
- 8 session.
- 9 To kick off our presentations, we have a
- 10 longer one from the Generic Pharmaceutical Association.
- 11 Obviously, the issues have been raised and teed up
- 12 quite well with all of the prior discussions. So with
- 13 that, I will introduce Ralph Neas, who's president and
- 14 CEO of the Generic Pharmaceutical Association. Ralph,
- 15 your presentation.
- MR. NEAS: Thank you, Susan. Good afternoon
- 17 to everyone. My name is Ralph J. Neas. I'm the brand
- 18 new president and CEO of the Generic Pharmaceutical
- 19 Association, and I have no conflicts.
- 20 We thank the U.S. Food and Drug
- 21 Administration for organizing this timely and crucial
- 22 meeting, and we greatly appreciate the time and

- 1 commitment of all the stakeholders here today. We are
- 2 also grateful for the good work of the American Society
- 3 of Health-Systems Pharmacists and the other
- 4 organizations present in advancing efforts to solve the
- 5 drug shortage crisis.
- 6 We at GPhA are acutely aware of the
- 7 distressed caused to patients, families, and clinicians
- 8 by the shortage of medically-necessary drugs. And on
- 9 behalf of our manufacturers and associate members, I
- 10 can state without reservation that the generic industry
- 11 is devoted to working with every stakeholder to
- 12 minimize current shortages and mitigate factors that
- 13 could contribute to future shortages.
- 14 Before I begin the formal part of the GPhA
- 15 presentation, I'd like to share with you a few personal
- 16 remarks. First, this is the 11th day on the job for
- 17 me.
- 18 (Laughter)
- 19 MR. NEAS: And I'm delighted that this
- 20 workshop is the venue for my first public presentation.
- 21 I cannot think of a more important public health issue.
- 22 Second, as some of you may know, GPhA is the third

- 1 major coalition that I have had the privilege of
- 2 leading. For 15 years, I served as the executive
- 3 director of the Leadership Conference on Civil Rights,
- 4 a 60-years-old coalition of nearly 200 organizations
- 5 that is the legislative arm of the Civil Rights
- 6 Movement. For the past several years, I was the
- 7 president and CEO of the National Coalition on
- 8 Healthcare, the nation's oldest and most diverse
- 9 healthcare reform coalition. The 80 organizations
- 10 represent consumers, providers, businesses, unions,
- 11 medical societies, minorities, religious denominations,
- 12 people with disabilities, and many others. And very
- 13 importantly, I am personally committed to the
- 14 perspective of patients.
- 15 Thirty-two years ago, I contracted Guillain-
- 16 Barrsyndrome, a serious neurological disorder usually
- 17 reversible, that kept me in the hospital for 155 days.
- 18 More than half of those days were spent in the
- 19 intensive care unit unable to speak, on a respirator,
- 20 and totally paralyzed. That hallowing experience led
- 21 me to help found the GBS Syndrome Foundation
- 22 International, a support group and a research

- 1 organization which now has 35,000 former GBS patients.
- 2 On October 28 of this year in Philadelphia, we will
- 3 celebrate our 30th anniversary.
- 4 I pledge to you today that GPhA and I will
- 5 collaborate with all stakeholders in this room, but I
- 6 can assure that the organizations here representing
- 7 patients will always have a special advocate in Ralph
- 8 Neas and GPhA.
- 9 I want to begin my presentation by sharing
- 10 some important information about the generic
- 11 prescription drug industry. As we discuss the issue of
- 12 drugs shortages and examine potential solutions, I
- 13 think it's very helpful to have a better understanding
- 14 of the generic industry and the pharmaceutical supply
- 15 chain. Then I want to present a brief overview from
- 16 our perspective of the drug shortage crisis including
- 17 some of the major facts about shortages. We'll look at
- 18 a couple of the contributors to shortages and drug
- 19 supplies and proffer some proposed solutions. Finally,
- 20 I'll mention a few of the opportunities as well as new
- 21 responsibilities that we believe exist for
- 22 manufacturers.

280

Number 1, it is important to realize that 1 pharmaceutical manufacturing whether brand-named drugs and generic is a global business. As we will discuss shortly, the global nature of the drug supply chain including active pharmaceutical ingredients, inactive 5 6 ingredients, drug delivery devices, and finished-dose 7 products, often add challenges to meeting market demand. For instance, while there may be two or even 10 three different foreign suppliers of a particular active ingredient, no drug, brand or generic, can be 11 sold in the United States unless all active ingredients 12 13 in the drug are approved by the FDA. 14 In addition, generic finished-dose products 15 whether tablet, capsule, ointment, injectable, or other 16 dosage form must have passed the rigorous and exacting 17 FDA approval process to show that they are absolutely 18 equivalent to the brand-named drugs and safety 19 performance characteristics, intended use, and quality. 20 Moreover, FDA's CGMP regulations, current good 21 manufacturing practices, apply equally to generic

manufacturers and brand drug manufacturers.

- On a separate point, it is often mentioned
- 2 that the majority of drugs on the drug shortage list
- 3 are generic. I will address that further in a moment,
- 4 but it's important to remember of the 4 billion
- 5 prescriptions that would be dispensed in the United
- 6 States this year more than 3 billion will be filled
- 7 with generic drugs. It is no wonder that nine of the
- 8 world's largest drug manufacturers by volume of
- 9 medicines manufactured are generic companies. And I
- 10 should note that GPhA member companies manufacture the
- 11 drugs that will fill nearly 90 percent of those 3
- 12 billion prescriptions.
- 13 And finally, while it is known that generics
- 14 cost less, a study released just last week based on
- 15 data from IMSL shows that the use of generic
- 16 prescription drugs saved the United States healthcare
- 17 system \$937 billion over the past decade, \$158 billion
- 18 in 2010 alone. That is an astounding \$3 billion every
- 19 week of the year.
- 20 Again the background of these numbers and
- 21 this market data, there can be no question that generic
- 22 manufacturers are in the business of supplying medicine

- 1 and assuring that consumers and patients have access to
- 2 the drugs they need. That's our business model: To
- 3 make medicines available and affordable to all. But we
- 4 are not blind to the regrettable reality that there are
- 5 time when for various reasons certain drugs are in
- 6 short supply. Whether because of unexpected demand,
- 7 regulatory issues, or the unavailability of raw
- 8 materials, shortages unfortunately happen.
- 9 I can state unequivocally that we are acutely
- 10 aware of the distress caused to patients, families, and
- 11 clinicians by the shortage of medically-necessary
- 12 drugs. The generic industry is devoted to working with
- 13 all stakeholders to minimize current shortages and
- 14 mitigate factors that could contribute to future
- 15 shortages.
- 16 And despite the fact that the issue is
- 17 complex and is a multi-stakeholder issue, the generic
- 18 industry is resolute in its commitment to be part of
- 19 the solution to dramatically decrease drug shortages.
- 20 Of course, we are hearing today a lack of supply of a
- 21 medically-necessary drug can be devastating even if it
- 22 impacts only one patient.

283

As we work together to examine solutions to 1 the shortages crisis, it is critical that we understand that the answer to those shortage issues transcends the generic industry. In truth, the solution provides opportunity for all components of the supply and 5 6 provider network to cooperate in addressing the 7 problem. That includes brand manufacturers, active ingredients suppliers, component suppliers, wholesalers and distributors, group purchasing organizations, healthcare providers, the FDA, DEA, and other 10 11 Government agencies. Another factor affecting the shortage issue 12 13 is that a significant percent of the medicines on the 14 shortage list are injectable products that require 15 specialized manufacturing facilities. As a result, there is often finite production capacity. 16 17 Injectables are products with high risking 18 manufacturing challenges due to the sterility 19 requirements and other necessary regulations. Even the 20 slightest deviation from the manufacturing requirements 21 can lead to shutting down a production line. 22 One other aspect of this issue that warrants

- 1 a mention is that many of the medicines in short supply
- 2 are sold only in the generic form. The original brand
- 3 version no longer is on the market even though the
- 4 brand in most cases still is approved by the FDA. In
- 5 other words, for many shortage drugs, the original
- 6 brand for whatever reason has been discontinued leaving
- 7 the generic as the only supplier.
- 8 My point in mentioning this is not to
- 9 question why brand companies leave the market after
- 10 generic competition enter; rather, it is only to note
- 11 that while generic manufacturers frequently are singled
- 12 out as the cause of shortages the brand manufacturers
- 13 in many cases no longer make the product in short
- 14 supply.
- 15 Before looking at some specific causes and
- 16 proposed solutions, here are several facts that we
- 17 believe need to be kept in mind. First, contrary to
- 18 what sometime is reported in the press, generic
- 19 manufacturers do not deliberately reduce supply of
- 20 necessary medicines in order to push up the price of
- 21 these products. As I mentioned earlier, our member
- 22 companies are in the business of manufacturing and

- 1 providing medicines. There is more to be gained from
- 2 selling products than from not selling products.
- Additionally, some believe that consolidation
- 4 within the industry has been a significant contributor
- 5 to drug shortages. However, it appears from available
- 6 evidence that consolidation has little impact on
- 7 shortages.
- 8 Also, generic manufacturers strong oppose the
- 9 action of opportunistic gray market distributors, those
- 10 distributors who purchase supplies and then resell them
- 11 at much higher prices.
- 12 Another fact is that drug shortages typically
- 13 are not caused by a generic manufacturer's decision to
- 14 voluntary discontinue supply the product. As noted
- 15 previously, generic manufacturers generally do not
- 16 voluntarily stop making and supplying medically-
- 17 necessary supplies and products.
- 18 Lastly, it is important to remember when
- 19 considering solutions to this important issue that any
- 20 supply shortage from one company could create
- 21 challenges for other companies to meet additional
- 22 demands, particularly where special facilities are

- 1 required such as in oncology.
- Now I want to focus on a couple of key causes
- 3 for drug shortages and suggest some potential
- 4 solutions. Our members are committed to producing safe
- 5 and effective generic drugs. Nevertheless, despite the
- 6 best efforts of manufacturers, there will occasionally
- 7 be instances where the FDA is forced to act on
- 8 potential CGMP violations. As a result of these
- 9 compliance actions, many medically-necessary drugs may
- 10 be soon in short supply.
- 11 Indeed, 50 percent of all drug shortages are
- 12 caused by compliance action. If there is a compliance
- 13 issue that could be addressed in relatively short order
- 14 so that a medically-necessary drug might remain in
- 15 production, FDA should work manufacturers to ensure
- 16 that happens. Moreover, FDA should consider strongly
- 17 options to maintain supplies of medically-necessary
- 18 drugs while working with firms to correct CGMP issues.
- 19 In many instances, it is not feasible for
- 20 companies to submit an application for secondary active
- 21 pharmaceutical ingredient, API, or other raw materials
- 22 supplier. Therefore, when a manufacturer confronts a

- 1 delay in the arrival of raw material, API, production
- 2 of critically-necessary drugs can be halted for
- 3 significant amounts of time.
- 4 On the other hand, some other regulatory
- 5 authorities in Europe and elsewhere can approve
- 6 supplemental API suppliers in 30 day. Similarly, a
- 7 prior approval settlement can take multiple years in
- 8 the United States, while similar changes are
- 9 accomplished in Europe and elsewhere in much shorter
- 10 timeframe.
- 11 An additional source of drug shortages has
- 12 come via controlled substances. Quite simply, FDA and
- 13 the Department of Justice must respond to potential
- 14 shortages of DEA-regulated products in a more expedited
- 15 fashion.
- As you have heard today, many stakeholders
- 17 believe a notification system as outlined in
- 18 legislation introduced in both houses of Congress will
- 19 help reduce and prevent drug shortages. While GPhA and
- 20 its members do not oppose a notification system on its
- 21 face, it is important that such a process be further
- 22 refined and formalized to include manufacturers, the

- 1 FDA, and other stakeholders through the supply chain.
- 2 Careful consideration must be also taken to ensure such
- 3 at notification system does not create additional gray
- 4 markets or otherwise cause further supply disruptions.
- 5 As an industry, our goal is to work with the
- 6 FDA and all stakeholders to turn these proposed ideas
- 7 into real and workable solutions. Although some
- 8 solutions will require more time than others to
- 9 implement, there are some actions we can begin taking
- 10 in the near term to address the issue.
- 11 First, we want to work with the FDA to
- 12 formalize the process not only for manufacturers but
- 13 also for others to proactively report drug shortages to
- 14 the FDA's Drug Shortage staff. Many generic
- 15 manufacturers now do this voluntarily, but a formal,
- 16 structured process for reporting shortages will both
- 17 the agency and industry to mitigate the damage a
- 18 shortage can cause. We believe such a process could be
- 19 instituted in a manner that would maintain
- 20 confidentiality of a company's proprietary information
- 21 and market data.
- 22 Additionally, the past few years have taught

- 1 us that we must be creative and look at every
- 2 opportunity to mitigate drug shortages. Industry and
- 3 the FDA should reexamine current policies and
- 4 procedures to identify ways to predict potential market
- 5 shortages as early as possible and to design a
- 6 collaborative process that will speed needed approval
- 7 or global inspection before we experience shortages. By
- 8 identifying triggers that would warrant priority
- 9 reviews in inspections to address shortages, we could
- 10 develop processes that could avert the unavailability
- 11 of medically-necessary drugs.
- 12 Second, we want to work with FDA to proactive
- 13 develop a defined and updated list of all medically-
- 14 necessary drugs. Currently, FDA only does this on a
- 15 case-by-case basis, and its review is reactive. We
- 16 already have asked FDA to proactively define or
- 17 determine which drugs they deem medically-necessary,
- 18 and we hope the agency will provide this soon.
- 19 Third, where possible, we want to maximize
- 20 capacity and redundancies for medically-necessary
- 21 drugs. Generic pharmaceuticals are currently working
- 22 FDA to prioritize the supply of the medically-necessary

- 1 drugs, and as we move forward, we can focus on
- 2 maximizing capacity and redundancies for needed drugs
- 3 that are in short supply.
- And fourth, in partnership with the FDA, we
- 5 want to develop better and more successful strategies
- 6 to assure the highest quality while concurrently
- 7 aggressively addressing any manufacturing issues.
- 8 We do believe that despite how hard the FDA
- 9 does all of its work in an extraordinary manner there
- 10 must be additional resources, and I see Susan getting
- 11 closer and closer to me, so I will cut off here right
- 12 about now.
- I do want to just end by saying that while
- 14 many factors can cause drug shortages the most serious
- 15 shortages are often unexpected. We must work together
- 16 to find solutions that focus both on current shortages
- 17 and on minimizing the risk of future shortages.
- 18 Finally, the FDA and industry should
- 19 reexamine current policies regarding identifying and
- 20 addressing potential drug shortage issues, and we look
- 21 forward to beginning that process immediately.
- On behalf of us and all of our members, we

- 1 want to thank the FDA for its commitment to addressing
- 2 the issue. Very importantly, let me assure patients
- 3 and providers that we are working hard to solve this
- 4 problem of drug shortages. And I want to paraphrase
- 5 the two most memorable phrases I heard this morning. I
- 6 think it was Dr. Pricken (ph) and Dr. Lichtenfeld, and
- 7 let us underscore one more time before we leave today
- 8 that the drug shortage crisis compels unprecedented,
- 9 multi-stakeholder collaboration, communication, and
- 10 consensus. And as Dr. Lichtenfeld said, now.
- 11 I'm deeply grateful for being here today.
- 12 Thank you.
- 13 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you, Ralph. And welcome
- 14 to the Food and Drug law community. I can imagine that
- 15 you will be present at future public meetings as well.
- 16 We have one more speaker, and then we'll get
- 17 into the panel discussion here with the folks in
- 18 industry. Making his way to the podium is Thomas
- 19 Moore, who is president of Hospira, and I will turn it
- 20 over to Thomas.
- 21 MR. MOORE: Thank you very much. Good
- 22 afternoon, everyone. I'm Thomas Moore, president of

- 1 the U.S. operations for Hospira, and it's an honor to
- 2 be here today. First of all, I'd like to commend the
- 3 FDA for holding this workshop and inviting us to
- 4 participate as well.
- 5 As the world's largest makers of generic
- 6 injectable pharmaceutical, Hospira shares out customers
- 7 and the public's concern about shortages, and we regret
- 8 that some of our products have been among those in
- 9 short supply.
- 10 As we've discussed today, drug shortages are
- 11 a multi-stakeholder issue, and addressing the broader
- 12 situation requires a collective effort. We support the
- 13 initiatives outlined today, and we also support the
- 14 drug shortage legislation. We've already taken some of
- 15 the steps recommended by the bill; look forward to
- 16 working with GPhA and other industry members, patient
- 17 groups, Congress, and the FDA to put those
- 18 recommendations in place in an effort to prevent and
- 19 lessen the impact of future drug shortages. We share a
- 20 collective responsibility as an industry to make sure
- 21 that patients obtain the medication they need.
- 22 Ralph did an excellent job explaining the

- 1 causes of drug shortage and also dispelling some of the
- 2 myths. So instead of reiterating his earlier comments,
- 3 I'd like to spend a brief time discussing the step that
- 4 Hospira has taken and the rest of the industry as well
- 5 and continues to take to meet the needs of patients and
- 6 also clinicians that serve them.
- 7 We have a three-pronged approach to
- 8 addressing drug shortages: We listen, we communicate,
- 9 and we act. We actively meet with customers and listen
- 10 to customer concerns to ensure our organization is
- 11 engaged in the very critical issues. We have regular
- 12 conversation with the FDA as well to find out where the
- 13 most serious market needs exist.
- 14 By listening to our stakeholders, we know
- 15 that one of the biggest challenges customers,
- 16 clinicians, and regulators face is communications. So
- 17 we've improved how we communicated. We post important
- 18 information on supply updates on our Web site. We
- 19 recently added updates on supply to every product that
- 20 we make, and we include product availability
- 21 information the same as we communicate to the FDA's
- 22 Office of Drug Shortage and other stakeholders.

- 1 Although reporting drug shortages to the FDA
- 2 to is not mandatory, Hospira takes such reporting very
- 3 seriously, and we're in communication with the FDA
- 4 Office of Drug Shortage at least once a week, making
- 5 sure the agency has comprehensive information on the
- 6 status of our products' availability.
- 7 As specific issues arise, we are in
- 8 communication as often as required, sometimes daily or
- 9 even multiple times daily. And when product shortages
- 10 occur, we act. Earlier this year, there was a product
- 11 shortage of the critical cancer drug cytarabine. We've
- 12 heard a lot about that today. Patients were having
- 13 trouble obtaining the medication due to industry-wide
- 14 shortages. I can tell you that the industry along with
- 15 Hospira quickly addressed some quality issues
- 16 associated with production of the drug and worked
- 17 tirelessly to try and bring as much drug to the market
- 18 as quickly as possible.
- 19 At the FDA's request, we're bring back to
- 20 market an electrolyte product we've also heard about
- 21 today, an old product, a simple product, and
- 22 everybody's scratching their head why this product

- 1 should be in short supply, and that's potassium
- 2 phosphate.
- We're also taking action to address shortages
- 4 by increasing capacity at existing facilities, building
- 5 additional capacity, and literally investing hundreds
- 6 of millions of dollars to improve our manufacturing
- 7 plants.
- 8 We recently announced that we're constructing
- 9 a more than 1 million square foot sterile injectable
- 10 manufacturing facility that will provide important
- 11 backup capabilities in the event that we experience
- 12 production problems at our other plants. And of
- 13 course, this new facility will free up capacity in our
- 14 current manufacturing footprint and allow us to
- 15 optimize and modernize some plants in our existing
- 16 manufacturing base.
- 17 Additionally, we have acted to increase
- 18 inventory, and this is not a long-term solution to the
- 19 problem, but sometimes it's a short-term solution that
- 20 can help mitigate further shortages.
- 21 We've been making safe and effective
- 22 injectable drugs for more than 70 years and are

- 1 absolutely committed to working with the FDA to
- 2 maintain the levels of operational excellence that made
- 3 us the largest generic injectable drug company in the
- 4 world.
- 5 Before I finish, I want to reiterate what I
- 6 consider to be a couple of myths regarding the root
- 7 causes of drug shortages and also one of the myths
- 8 around what we've heard a lot about today, and that's
- 9 gray market distribution. So let me take the second
- 10 one first here.
- 11 There are those that believe in some fashion
- 12 or other the industry is profiteering from gray market
- 13 distribution. That is absolutely not true, and in fact
- 14 at Hospira we abhor those activities, and I can tell
- 15 you that in the last 18 months we have discontinued
- 16 relations with a dozen different secondary distributors
- 17 who we found were operating in the gray market. So we
- 18 closely monitor this activity today, and as I say, we
- 19 do not support this price gouging activity that's
- 20 rampant in the industry taking advantage of patients
- 21 and providers.
- 22 The second item I'd like to address, which I

- 1 consider to be a myth, is one that Ralph also mentioned
- 2 at least with respect to the generic injectable segment
- 3 in the United States, and that is the notion of
- 4 consolidation. So there has been significant
- 5 consolidation across the vast pharmaceutical industry
- 6 around the world. We've all seen that in recent years.
- 7 But in the generic injectable segment, I can't think of
- 8 a situation where consolidation is a root cause of a
- 9 drug shortage that we have today.
- Now I'm not saying that I have complete
- 11 knowledge of this, but I believe this to be true. The
- 12 largest three acquisitions that have occurred in the
- 13 generic injectables segment in the last five years, two
- 14 of which were executed by Hospira, both of those
- 15 acquisitions that we made we actually added additional
- 16 capacity to those facilities. And the third
- 17 acquisition that occurred in this space was Fresenius
- 18 Kabi's acquisition of APP, who also is adding
- 19 additional capacity in this space. So I don't believe
- 20 consolidation with respect to the generic
- 21 pharmaceutical industry has been a root cause.
- Like other companies in our industry, we're

- 1 deeply aware of the products' impacts on patients'
- 2 lives. We're dedicated to continuing to listen,
- 3 communicate, and act in order to ensure that patients
- 4 can always obtain the critical medical products they
- 5 need, and we look forward to collaborating with the
- 6 industry and regulators to bring about solutions.
- 7 And before I leave the podium, I want to
- 8 publicly acknowledge the fine work of the Office of
- 9 Drug Shortage, and I have to tell you that I can point
- 10 to a number of examples where they have actually helped
- 11 industry prevent shortages. Their role in managing and
- 12 preventing drug shortages is manifestly important, and
- 13 it's equally manifestly important that we continue to
- 14 support them. Thank you.
- 15 MS. WINCKLER: We'll do the panel discussion
- 16 with the manufacturers of products based on our earlier
- 17 discussion we know in many situations are lifesaving.
- 18 To talk with that, we've also reached then the point
- 19 where we're talking with the folks and hearing from the
- 20 folks who are directly regulated by FDA, and we haven't
- 21 gotten to that point until here. This is where FDA has
- 22 the most regulatory authority and the most interaction.

1	To help with our discussion, we're adding
2	four more experts, and they are all the way across the
3	room from me, but we have Maya Birmingham, who's senior
4	assistant general counsel with PhRMA. Next to Maya is
5	David Gaugh, who's vice president and general manager
6	with Bedford Pharmaceuticals. You've heard from Ralph
7	Neas, and I know we'll hear from him in this discussion
8	as well. Then we have Jonathan Kafer, vice president
9	for sales and marketing with Teva Health Systems. Then
10	Scott Meacham with APP Pharmaceuticals, executive vice
11	president and chief clinical officer. And then
12	rounding out that part of the panel with Thomas Moore,
13	who you just heard from, from Hospira.
14	So to the whole panel and we will give the
15	folks other than Ralph and Thomas the first opportunity
16	to respond if you look now at the structure of the
17	solutions that have be suggested, looking at those
18	solutions that are built on preventing shortages versus
19	those solutions that look at mitigating shortages, the
20	shortage prevention Ralph and Thomas added some things
21	that are very helpful including looking at making sure
22	that we have a stable market with market players who

- 1 are committed to meeting the regulatory requirements.
- 2 We heard from some of the purchasers about longer term
- 3 contracts; heard again this theme throughout the day
- 4 about improving communications so that shortages can be
- 5 prevented.
- On the mitigation side, communications again
- 7 came up: What more can we do in communications about
- 8 fair allocation. And then some best practices when
- 9 there are shortages. In both prevention and
- 10 mitigation, changes in the regulatory process to
- 11 expedite and address situations.
- 12 Maya and the rest of the panel, what might
- 13 you added to that list of solutions from the
- 14 manufacturing sector? You've faced these challenges
- 15 those of you are manufacturers and the associations
- 16 hear about them. What other solutions would you throw
- 17 into the mix?
- 18 MS. BIRMINGHAM: Let me start first and
- 19 introduce myself again. I'm Maya Birmingham. I wanted
- 20 to sort of ground us all again. We've heard from many
- 21 different stakeholders today, and I was touched in
- 22 particular by the patients who came to us and told us

- 1 their stories, and one thing that struck me was we are
- 2 all patients at one time or another, and certainly as a
- 3 personal matter, I think the drug shortages are very
- 4 important to me. I have experienced drug shortages,
- 5 and certainly our members are committed to solving drug
- 6 shortages.
- 7 The one thing that I think we keep hearing
- 8 over and over again is to have a continued commitment
- 9 to looking at the root causes of drug shortages and
- 10 having a common vocabulary. I think one of the things
- 11 that strikes is we're all in the room to try and solve
- 12 this problem, and we're all trying to grasp what the
- 13 issues are. And I think it's very important to have
- 14 that common vocabulary.
- MR. KAFER: This is Jon Kafer. I'm with
- 16 Teva. Thank you very much for the opportunity to be
- 17 here as well.
- 18 I think there's a couple of things I'd have
- 19 to point out. First of all, through some of the
- 20 earlier presentations this morning we have heard, and
- 21 certainly understanding, if you could just make it we
- 22 wouldn't have this problem. Well, believe me, we would

- 1 like to do nothing more than just make it.
- 2 Also, we've had two different reports that
- 3 have qualified a lot of the shortage; about 50 percent
- 4 have been related to manufacturing-related issues. I
- 5 would not dispute that.
- I thought it was interesting this morning too
- 7 there was a comment made by one of the panelist that
- 8 said whether you get a leak in a facility. Well, trust
- 9 me, if you get a pin-hole leak in a water facility --
- 10 the water system that goes to your facility, the timing
- 11 to remediate that as well as remediate those room in
- 12 which you're able to go back into production does take
- 13 time.
- 14 What I think we need to focus on is how do we
- 15 focus on accelerating the recovery. We have had
- 16 various disruptions in supply through many facilities
- 17 that are at varying stages of recovery and production,
- 18 and quickly we are working to get to historical
- 19 production volumes.
- 20 What we have seen and what's been documented
- 21 by the great work by Val, Emily, Jouhayna, and the
- 22 whole team at Drug Shortage is 99 drug shortage events

- 1 were eliminated. What we're doing right now work. How
- 2 do we apply that process up the food chain, if you
- 3 will, up the process why we continue to do that. So
- 4 the lessons learned as we work through the crisis is
- 5 we're collaborating, we're working together.
- I don't take the opinion that it's solely
- 7 FDA's responsibility to communicate all of this. Their
- 8 information is only as good as what we give them as a
- 9 manufacturing community. And I can speak for the four
- 10 of us up here that we are working very closely with
- 11 them. We need to pull the distributors more closely,
- 12 and we need to pull in the institutions and clinics
- 13 more closely as well to have that complete stakeholder
- 14 continuum in that conversation.
- 15 So I think what we have done as a result of
- 16 the crisis is a tremendous foundation from which we
- 17 need to build.
- 18 MR. MEACHAM: Scott Meacham with APP, but I
- 19 do want to correct one thing. I'm not the chief
- 20 clinical officer. I'm the chief commercial officer.
- 21 In case I get asked a difficult question later, I want
- 22 to clarify that now.

		304
1	(Laughter)	
2	MR. SCOTT MEACHAM: The one I	
3	MS. WINCKLER: You've identified the error in	
4	my notes. Thank you.	
5	MR. SCOTT MEACHAM: The thing I would add to	
6	Jon's comments and what can be done and some of the	
7	solutions I think it comes down largely to capacity and	
8	redundancy and your ability to react. And we all	
9	operate in a very competitive environment, particularly	
10	the generic injectable environment. We are not sitting	
11	around with excess capacity typically. We run our	
12	plants and our manufacturing facilities as efficiently	
13	as we can to provide products to you at the lowest	
14	price possible. So we need to have redundancies. We	
15	need to have redundancy in our API suppliers, our	
16	manufacturing sites. And that's not always easy to do.	
17	One of the things and Tom commented on it	
18	in his remarks when APP was acquired by Fresenius	
19	Kabi, if it wasn't for that acquisition, we would not	
20	have been able to step up to the demand of propofol in	
21	the market. That product is largely manufactured by	
22	Fresenius Kabi in Europe, and it wasn't without their	

- 1 capability that we could do that, and we make that
- 2 product in two separate facilities. So again, the
- 3 redundancy of having the capability of making these
- 4 critical medications in multiple locations I think is
- 5 important.
- As we look to the drug shortage, when they
- 7 call us, we look around at all of our manufacturing
- 8 facilities and see where can we make this product. And
- 9 to me, that's a big part of the problem in not having
- 10 the excess capacity.
- 11 MS. WINCKLER: David, would you like to weigh
- 12 in?
- 13 MR. DAVID GAUGH: I will. David Gaugh from
- 14 Bedford Laboratories. And actually it'll be more of
- 15 repeat than anything of what my colleagues have just
- 16 stated.
- 17 So capacity is a major issue. That's
- 18 definitely true. And we as the industry are doing
- 19 everything we can to increase that capacity. I think
- 20 one thing I would like you to understand and to help
- 21 you understand. As Tom mentioned, they were building a
- 22 million square foot facility. We're all expanding our

- 1 facilities, but those facility expansions take a
- 2 significant period of time. So from the day you make
- 3 the plan, break the ground, and then have the FDA
- 4 approve your facility for production and then begin
- 5 moving products in there, which is not the next day --
- 6 it starts the next day, but it migrates over a period
- 7 of time -- can take up to five to seven years to
- 8 accomplish. So, as the gentleman said before, it is
- 9 not a quick fix.
- 10 The one thing I will say and the one word,
- 11 the watch word I'd like us all to focus very hard on,
- 12 and I mean all of us from stakeholders but especially
- 13 us and the FDA, is collaboration. I've seen a great
- 14 improvement, and I don't mean that to be a negative
- 15 sound, but a great improvement and increase in
- 16 collaboration between the industry and the FDA, and we
- 17 greatly appreciate that collaboration. To be able to
- 18 work together and work collectively for a common goal
- 19 has been very successful for us. So thank you very
- 20 much for that.
- 21 CAPT JENSEN: We've heard a lot of talk today
- 22 about many different solutions. Some of those

- 1 solutions are things that FDA can do, and some of them
- 2 have to do with other regulatory agencies at the
- 3 Federal and state level. Who are the agencies that you
- 4 interact with -- and I'll use the DEA as an example
- 5 when it came to controlled substances and the need to
- 6 look at the API quotas -- are there others regulators
- 7 and other parts of the problem where we're talked about
- 8 solutions today but perhaps haven't said who it is who
- 9 should implement those solutions?
- 10 I'm looking here for those -- what is the
- 11 highest priority for FDA? And then who are the highest
- 12 priority regulators outside of FDA that can help us
- 13 solve this problem of preventing shortages and
- 14 mitigating them? Any thoughts? Thomas, you're first.
- MR. MOORE: Sure. Thank you. Well, first of
- 16 all, in terms of cooperation with the FDA. As I
- 17 mentioned before, I will tell you that I don't think
- 18 it's ever been better. Doesn't mean it couldn't
- 19 improve. And as I mentioned in my comments, I've seen
- 20 tangible example of working with the Office of Drug
- 21 Shortages that have actually resulted in preventing
- 22 future drug shortages.

308

But I think there are a couple of areas where 1 we could see sort of better interaction with the agency in terms of addressing a drug shortage and enabling the industry to perhaps more quickly qualify new API suppliers, qualify new manufacturing lines, or even 5 with the assistance of moving products from one 6 7 manufacturing plant to another in the event that there is a manufacturing problem at an existing facility. think those are areas that we have starting to see improvement there. But I think it's also areas that we 10 11 could concentrate more on and see further improvement going forward. 12 13 With respect to the DEA, I would tell you and 14 a number of folks have commented on Schedule II drugs 15 quotas, that has been an issue. I can't say that I've 16 seen as much progress in that area although there has 17 been some. So I think that's a dialogue that we need 18 to continue to have with the Department of Justice and 19 more quickly adjusting DEA quotas as a results of 20 demand and also manufacturing dynamic; manufacturing 21 dynamics being perhaps one company has faced a problem 22 which prohibits them or is preventing them from

- 1 providing a supply of products in the marketplace, and
- 2 that volume needs have some uptake by another
- 3 manufacturer. It can only be done so by quick action
- 4 with the DEA to improve quotas. So, not to be
- 5 redundant there, but I just wanted to mention because
- 6 that's an area that I think we definitely could see
- 7 better improvement.
- 8 MS. WINCKLER: And I don't think this was
- 9 explained earlier. On the DEA quota for APIs for
- 10 Schedule II controlled substances, is that set for the
- 11 API as a whole in an industry wide or per manufacturer?
- 12 MR. MOORE: The quotas are applied on a per-
- 13 manufacturer basis, but I believe the DEA does
- 14 recalculations in terms of what they consider to be
- 15 total market demand.
- 16 As I say, what's not taken into consideration
- 17 is maybe dynamics that occur between manufacturers; in
- 18 other word, perhaps one company being prevented in some
- 19 fashion or other, a quality problem or manufacturing
- 20 issue, from fulfilling that quota, and it might be
- 21 taken up by another.
- The other thing I would say is that there has

- 1 been some significant increases in select Schedule II
- 2 narcotic products in terms of market growth in recent
- 3 year, and I point to hydromorphone. And the growth of
- 4 hydromorphone use in this country has significantly
- 5 grown in the last five year to some extent at the
- 6 expense of morphine and also meperidine. And my sense
- 7 is perhaps the agency -- the agency being the Drug
- 8 Enforcement Agency -- has not quite kept up with the
- 9 fundamental demand in the marketplace in terms of
- 10 growth for that molecule.
- 11 MS. WINCKLER: Thoughts from other panelists
- 12 on those questions about the most important piece for
- 13 FDA and then other agencies that may have a role in
- 14 helping us develop solutions.
- 15 MR. KAFER: Just to expand a little -- this
- 16 is Jon Kafer with Teva. Just to expand a little bit on
- 17 the point around lessons learned and to follow up on
- 18 Thomas's. We have seen -- when we're making updates
- 19 and changes to products, processes, and facilities,
- 20 those are often generating pretty extensive reviews as
- 21 required. Given the criticality of some of these
- 22 products we're been able to work, quarterbacked by the

- 1 Drug Shortage group in collaboration with all the
- 2 branches, to get an expedited review done in a matter
- 3 of months. We've seen that. We've all have
- 4 experienced that. And that that means is that's been
- 5 allowing us to accelerate that product back to market.
- Now as we've all discussed, we at Teva as
- 7 well are completing a complete redundancy plan for our
- 8 critical products where we're qualifying other sites.
- 9 We're also building a brand new facility, and we're
- 10 also creating redundancies. It's going to be a lot of
- 11 activity that's going to be coming in, many of which
- 12 are designed to be on those critical products, so we
- 13 would hope we continue to work with expedited review
- 14 and then work toward getting it into more of a standard
- 15 flow; because as we realized, in this process a lot of
- 16 the critical shortages are unanticipated.
- So we all work with and we identify and check
- 18 with and provide information to Val and her team on
- 19 what we know at this point, but it can change on
- 20 Monday, and that's very difficult to predict. So as a
- 21 standard flow is adopting what we've been able to do of
- 22 late would make a big impact.

312 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. Ralph. 1 2 MR. NEAS: Susan, may I ask a question in response to your question. As people around could well imagine, the last 10 and half days or so have be like drinking water from a fire hose from the new CEO. 5 thing that I've been struck by all day is the amount of 6 7 attention spent on the gray market, the gray marketers, and you were asking us about enforcement and which agencies. It's still not clear to me with respect to 10 the gray market who has principal enforcement 11 responsibility? How does that work? It seems like such an obvious thing that we all have to talk about 12 and collaboration about. But who do we talk to and who 13 14 has the enforcement responsibility? 15 DR. BERNSTEIN: Everyone's looking at me 16 here. 17 (Laughter) 18 MS. WINCKLER: I was going to say, Ilisa, 19 everyone's turned toward you so... 20 MS. BERNSTEIN: Okay. All right. Hi, Ilisa 21 Bernstein, Office of Compliance. The gray market is 22 gray for a reason. It isn't one entity that has

- 1 oversight over the gray market. There's states
- 2 involved. There's Federal Government is involved.
- 3 Various DEA is involved when it's a controlled
- 4 substance. We at FDA have worked a lot with hospitals
- 5 and hospital pharmacists and others who get these kinds
- 6 of blast faxes when you get these offers and ask that
- 7 this information come to FDA so that we could actually
- 8 look -- because to us, those are red flags that
- 9 something fishy is going on here; because as we said
- 10 earlier, if these distributors or these entities can
- 11 actually find drug when nobody else can, then something
- 12 is up.
- 13 But it's kind of a partnership over various
- 14 parts of the Federal Government and state government
- 15 and law enforcement.
- 16 MS. WINCKLER: So are you -- was the question
- 17 who do you report it to? Or who do we go? Who do we
- 18 work with? What was the questions? If it was all of
- 19 the above?
- MR. NEAS: Who has ultimate responsibility to
- 21 make sure that if it is happened that there is
- 22 enforcement?

```
MS. WINCKLER:
                             I think state boards of
 1
    pharmacy have the principal role in licensing wholesale
    distributors, and I think the challenge that we see
    created here by Dr. Bernstein's explanation of the gray
   market is that there are different rules at the state
 5
    level and the different capabilities of those
 6
 7
    regulatory agencies.
              But I asked the question to remind us that,
    as was pointed out earlier, no one has presented FDA
10
    with the hammer of Thor to be able to fix the shortage
11
    problem by itself, and there are other agencies that
12
    will play in the solution. Bona, you had a question?
                                   On behalf of ASHP and
13
              MS. BENJAMIN: Yes.
14
    its members, this is a question that we've been kind of
15
    wondering about for quite a while. Because, as I said,
16
    when I get the green light from Val that a company is
17
   back up to full capacity and they have inventory even
18
    ready to go out and then I'm hearing from my members
19
    that they can't get the drug from anywhere, I wonder
20
    what happens between the manufacturer and the end user?
21
    I don't think manufacturers are telling FDA the wrong
22
    information when they say, "Okay, we're back up to
```

- 1 capacity. We've resolved everything."
- 2 By the same token, the pharmacists are still
- 3 reporting that they've tried wholesalers, they've tried
- 4 other places, and they just are reporting a lack of
- 5 product at the end user level. So there's a
- 6 discrepancy there that's very curious, and that's why I
- 7 made a comment earlier about the integrity of the
- 8 supply chain.
- 9 I heard Hospira talk about how they control
- 10 who they sell to. They want sell to -- and correct me
- 11 if I'm wrong -- entities that sell to these secondary -
- 12 maybe secondary distributors is not the right word --
- 13 they sell to authorized distributors of record only. We
- 14 think that's that great, but somehow product is leaking
- 15 into the gray market during some point in distribution
- 16 chain. I don't think the manufacturers are selling to
- 17 these people.
- 18 That's a big question for us too. I'd love
- 19 to hear some answers or some speculations on why that's
- 20 the cases.
- 21 MR. GAUGH: David Gaugh from Bedford
- 22 Laboratories. Bona, without having specifics on the

- 1 product you're talking about, I don't know that I can
- 2 specifically answer the whys, but some thought process
- 3 into that. So once we would call the Drug Shortage
- 4 group and tell them that we're back to full
- 5 manufacturing, you have to understand the pipeline is a
- 6 significant pipeline to fill. We heard from one of the
- 7 major wholesalers, but there are two others, and then
- 8 there are probably eight or nine subwholesalers, not
- 9 secondary but just subwholesalers. And to fill that
- 10 pipeline takes a significant period of time.
- 11 So for a while you release a product, it goes
- 12 on allocation by the manufacturer, and then it goes on
- 13 allocation by the distributor, the wholesaler groups,
- 14 and then gets into the pipeline. So it can take up to
- 15 two to three months before the pipeline gets filled. So
- 16 I think that would probably be the most logical answer
- 17 to your question. But during that time, we have it,
- 18 and we sell it directly to the customers who need it
- 19 and request it.
- MS. WINCKLER: Scott.
- 21 MR. MEACHAM: And Bona, I would just add that
- 22 similar to what Dave commented on and Tom, we don't

- 1 know how it gets there either. We're as perplexed as
- 2 the customers are, the healthcare professionals are.
- 3 One thing I do want to comment on though.
- 4 When we do release products and we communicate to Drug
- 5 Shortage that we are releasing, as Dave indicated, it
- 6 takes a few day to get there. It takes a few days to
- 7 get into the channel. But I encourage people to call
- 8 us at least in the case of APP directly. If we've
- 9 released products, we typically have retained some
- 10 products as well. And so in an emergency situation,
- 11 we'll do what we can get it out.
- 12 One of the presenters this morning commented
- 13 on cytarabine as an example. We have cytarabine on
- 14 free flow. I'm not sure why there appears to be a
- 15 shortage of cytarabine in the market, and I believe
- 16 it's on free flow by some of our other suppliers in the
- 17 market. So I encourage you that when you run into that
- 18 with a gray marketer, please pick up the phone, and
- 19 we'll do what we can to try to assist.
- MS. BENJAMIN: Anybody out there having
- 21 trouble getting cytarabine still? Can you raise your
- 22 hand?

- 1 Because we had heard reports that cytarabine
- 2 is unavailable in some places.
- 3 MS. WINCKLER: Dr. van Eeckhout.
- 4 MR. van EECKHOUT: One of the issues about
- 5 the gray market. In an earlier conversation we were
- 6 talking about the state boards of pharmacy. I would
- 7 have to tell you that I don't think the state board of
- 8 pharmacy does a very good job of licensing people. I
- 9 think they just go ahead and take the money and turn a
- 10 blind eye to whatever they're doing.
- 11 We did an RFP about four or five years ago
- 12 for a group of blood products, and when we did this
- 13 RFP, we got 12 distributors came in and said that they
- 14 could do all the stuff. When we went back to the
- 15 manufacturer and asked who are the qualified
- 16 distributors, seven of them disappeared immediately
- 17 because they were not qualified.
- I think that the issue is, unfortunately to a
- 19 certain degree, incumbent on you if you're selling it
- 20 directly to find out if these people are legitimate or
- 21 not. I think there is a real issue in the market just
- 22 because they have a wholesaler license or a reseller

- 1 license or whatever it is or whatever state does it, it
- 2 doesn't necessarily legitimize them as an actual
- 3 provider.
- 4 And in fact what we were talking about is
- 5 probably some sort of chain of custody issue that
- 6 really guarantees the supply chain from the
- 7 manufacturer to the point of administration of to
- 8 patient. And I know that's difficult, but I think
- 9 that's probably where we're going to end up. Or we're
- 10 going to have to have some significant legislation to
- 11 eradicate the gray marketers.
- 12 MR. KAFER: To expand a little bit on David's
- 13 point. The amount of direct customers we ship to is
- 14 very, very small, and we're talking about 15 or less,
- 15 to David's point; and Anita, I believe you have 34, 35
- 16 full-fledged HDMA members. And keep in mind that
- 17 between the big three wholesalers and their specialty
- 18 distribution arms that are specific to oncology,
- 19 they're responsible for getting to 90-plus percent of
- 20 the marketplace.
- 21 So we do very tightly control and can show
- 22 exactly where it left our door to where it was

- 1 received. And it's not a big list.
- MR. GAUGH: And I would add to that, from a
- 3 gray market perspective, remember this is
- 4 entrepreneurial America, and so they'll get it from
- 5 every avenue they can get it from. I can tell you 100
- 6 percent to every person at this table we do not sell
- 7 directly to the gray markets. If we find out one is
- 8 there, we immediately pull it. But they are very
- 9 entrepreneurial in getting it from the major
- 10 wholesalers for example. They're very entrepreneurial
- 11 in calling the hospitals themselves to say, "Do you
- 12 have a box of 10 that I can buy from you?" Not
- 13 identifying who they are, and they get it, and they'll
- 14 sit on it for a few days, and then turn around and sell
- 15 it back.
- 16 So it's a process -- it's back to Ralph's
- 17 question of who could control these companies, and I
- 18 think in entrepreneurial America, it's very hard to do,
- 19 but that is an area we need to look into and quickly.
- MS. WINCKLER: Michael, one more comment, and
- 21 then we'll do a wrap-up of the panel.
- 22 MR. MONE: Thank you, Susan. In full

- 1 disclosure, I have to tell you that I actually sit on a
- 2 state board of pharmacy, so I think that it's fair that
- 3 you know the bias that about to come, and most of my
- 4 history has been with state board of pharmacy.
- 5 Susan is actually quite correct. It varies
- 6 between the states as to their ability to enforce the
- 7 statutes that they're faced with. I will also tell you
- 8 that the statutes themselves vary quite dramatically as
- 9 far as what the requirements are for being licensed as
- 10 a wholesaler in each individual state.
- 11 So there is some tightening to do in that
- 12 particular area, and I think it's probably appropriate
- 13 that NADP be engaged in the process as well.
- I will also point out that just as the
- 15 manufacturers do their due diligence on the people to
- 16 whom they sell, us, as pharmaceutical distributors and
- 17 business partners, speaking for Cardinal Health, we do
- 18 the same thing with the customers that we actually
- 19 engage in selling to as well. Our due diligence is the
- 20 same type of due diligence to make sure that we are not
- 21 contributing knowingly or unknowingly to the -- if you
- 22 will, which we don't have a standard definition for --

- 1 gray market. And we do the same thing if we find that
- 2 the customers who agree that they are the administers
- 3 or dispensers, the final administers or dispensers of
- 4 the products that we purchase from the manufacturers
- 5 and distribute, when we find that they are not engaged
- 6 in what they have warranted to be -- and that is final
- 7 dispensers or administers -- we take appropriate action
- 8 as well and do not engage in business actions with them
- 9 as well.
- 10 So we're doing our part in terms of trying to
- 11 minimize -- if I use your term correctly -- leakage. I
- 12 think the states have a role, and I think the states
- 13 need to be engaged in this process as well.
- MS. WINCKLER: Our next session is the open
- 15 public comment period -- I'm sorry. Anita, would you -
- 16 Anita, please comment.
- 17 MS. DUCCA: Just a very quick comment. We
- 18 have 34 wholesale distributor members that are primary
- 19 full-service, full-line distributors. And just to go
- 20 on the record that HDMA has advocated at the various
- 21 state levels for stricter licensure for wholesale
- 22 distribution.

323 DR. BERNSTEIN: Susan, can I ask a question 1 to the panel? 3 MS. WINCKLER: Please. MS. BERNSTEIN: Let me just say though, earlier you said you categorize some of the comments 5 6 into prevention solutions and mitigation solutions. The 7 gray market is a consequence. Fixing that is not going to help prevention or mitigation. It does have to be We need an effective good track-and-trace system in the United States, but that's a consequence, 11 a result of shortages. But I'd like to ask the panel a question 12 13 because one of the things we heard a lot this morning 14 is directed FDA, we need to provide better information, 15 put more communication out there in terms of what's the 16 problem, when is it going to be resolved. But we're limited in terms of what we find out from the 18 manufacturer. And we're limited also in terms of what 19 we can say because of certain confidential -- because 2.0 of laws. 21 So I'm just going to throw out a plea in 22 terms of if people are putting on FDA that we need to

- 1 be more open and transparent we need to be able to also
- 2 have the other way around, have companies be more open
- 3 and transparent in terms of the information, what's
- 4 happening, why is it happening, and when will it be
- 5 resolved. So I'm just going to throw that out to the
- 6 panel.
- 7 MS. WINCKLER: Comments.
- 8 MR. MOORE: I think that's a good point.
- 9 It's absolutely a two-way street. I believe that. And
- 10 as I'd mentioned in my earlier comments, I definitely
- 11 think that we've seen tangible results from improved
- 12 communication certainly over the last 24 months with
- 13 the agency, the Office of Drug Shortages, and their
- 14 communications within CDER and so forth.
- 15 But I actually acknowledge from the industry
- 16 standpoint we need to be as transparent as possible
- 17 with the agency, and I can say that it has been
- 18 broadcast through Hospira from our CEO, our new CEO,
- 19 and I think some of my fellow GPhA members up here and
- 20 industry providers are acting in that way going forward
- 21 as well.
- DR. BERNSTEIN: And we appreciate greater

- 1 transparency with us but also the public as well too.
- 2 MS. WINCKLER: Any final thoughts from the
- 3 industry panel? Yes.
- 4 MR. MEACHAM: Maybe I'll start. I just
- 5 really want the group to know and everybody listening
- 6 in that we are doing everything in our power to
- 7 alleviate the drug shortage. We are working our
- 8 factories 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. It is a
- 9 number 1 priority at our company. We recently have
- 10 examined all of the molecules, all of the drugs in our
- 11 portfolio, and have identified those that are on drug
- 12 shortage or where APP is essentially the only supplier,
- 13 and we have moved those to the top of the list.
- 14 Now that doesn't mean you don't have trade-
- 15 offs, and so we have to watch that very carefully as
- 16 well, but it is the number 1 priority of our company,
- 17 and we spend a lot of time on it every day.
- 18 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you, Scott. Jon.
- 19 MR. KAFER: And Dr. Bernstein, to your point
- 20 around prevention and to some of the comments earlier.
- 21 I think without question the best prevention is to be
- 22 able to manufacture product deviation free, and we

- 1 understand that, and we're putting systems in place so
- 2 we're much more efficient on that line. And the better
- 3 we control it coming out of the facility, the less
- 4 chance we have on creating these types of challenges.
- 5 So we are doing the exact same things. We're going
- 6 through complete redundancy and focusing in that area.
- 7 To that end, I also have seen tremendous
- 8 collaboration within the drug shortage and
- 9 manufacturing community. And to your point -- and I
- 10 made this in my earlier comment -- I don't think it is
- 11 just FDA's responsibility to communicate the shortage
- 12 information to the public and to the clinics and to the
- 13 hospitals that use these products because the
- 14 manufacturing community is providing that input, but
- 15 there needs to be a disciplined, coordinated
- 16 communication plan amongst all stakeholders so we're
- 17 not reacting to misinformation and we're reacting to
- 18 the best information available at the time.
- 19 MS. WINCKLER: Ralph, would you like the
- 20 microphone?
- 21 MR. NEAS: The final thing I would like to
- 22 say, Susan. I mentioned my background at the beginning

- 1 for a purpose. I believe it's the major reason that
- 2 the GPhA member organizations asked me to take over the
- 3 job, the 30 years of coalition building and try to
- 4 achieve a consensus. And all last week and last night,
- 5 the six of us, the eight of us, collaborative efforts
- 6 was what we heard the most not only internally but
- 7 externally. And what Tom and both said everyone has
- 8 said from this side of the table to everyone in the
- 9 audience and everyone up here is we really do want to
- 10 collaborate in every way possible.
- 11 And I would hope that this important step
- 12 will be followed by the next step when we're asked to
- 13 come in and meet with FDA, meet with Office of
- 14 Generics, and others, Drug Shortages, Compliance, and
- 15 try to figure out in concrete ways how we can
- 16 collaborate and address this issue and other issues.
- 17 Thanks.
- 18 MS. WINCKLER: Great. David or Maya?
- 19 Okay. So I think our takeaway I think from
- 20 all of these panels and a good segue into the final
- 21 open comment session it's rare that you face a problem
- 22 that has one immediately identifiable and implementable

- 1 solution. And if there's one take-away message from
- 2 today, I think that's clear that there is not a magic
- 3 solution that's available.
- 4 But we know have another hours of time
- 5 available for open comment. We do have a list of folks
- 6 that we will go through and then have some time for
- 7 open discussion.
- 8 So, Dr. Cox, if you want to announce the
- 9 first one, and then I'll go to my seat and help us
- 10 through this last session.
- DR. COX: Thanks, Susan. Our first speaker
- 12 this session we'll ask Scott Knoer to come to the
- 13 podium. And again, we'll allocate three minutes for
- 14 each speaker. We ask folks to introduce themselves,
- 15 describe their affiliation, and try and stick to the
- 16 three-minute timeframe. Thank you.
- 17 MR. SCOTT KNOER: Thank you very much for the
- 18 opportunity to speak today. I'm Scott Knoer, the chief
- 19 pharmacy officer of the Cleveland Clinic, which
- 20 consists of a 1,300-bed academic medical center anchor
- 21 and nine community hospitals. I can tell you that
- 22 we're experiencing absolutely every issue that has been

- 1 described here today.
- 2 My first comment is to confirm the high cost
- 3 that drug shortages have added to an already stretched
- 4 healthcare system. We at the Cleveland Clinic employ a
- 5 full-time pharmacist whose entire job is to deal with
- 6 drug shortages and recalls. And while Chris is a
- 7 really nice guy, there's nothing I'd rather do than put
- 8 him out of a job. It's just a terrible waste of
- 9 resources that we have to spend that to deal with drug
- 10 shortages.
- 11 I'd also like to talk about the labor cost of
- 12 our medical staff, our buyers, and purchasers and our
- 13 clinical pharmacists, who have to run around and deal
- 14 with these on a daily basis. The University of
- 15 Michigan survey presented earlier today stated that
- 16 \$216 million of labor is spent annually dealing with
- 17 drug shortages, and the Premier data today demonstrated
- 18 that \$415 million in additional cost to their members
- 19 combing drugs and labor.
- Next, as we just discussed here, I would
- 21 advocate for greater transparency in communication
- 22 regarding drug shortages. It's extremely difficult for

- 1 caregivers to deal with drug shortages when we don't
- 2 know the cause of over 50 percent of the cases as
- 3 presented by our colleagues at the University of Utah,
- 4 Drug Information Center. How do we plan and
- 5 communicate with our patients when we're not aware of
- 6 the full issue?
- 7 Third, I would like to commend the dedicated
- 8 staff of the FDA as they struggle along with us with
- 9 this Herculean task of drug shortages. It's clear from
- 10 the many comments that we've heard today from our
- 11 national associations and our peers that have spoken
- 12 the FDA is very engaged although underresourced.
- There is one thing that has not been
- 14 mentioned today that I'd like to put out there that may
- 15 help some of us. There is a rather unclear process
- 16 called shared services. This process could potentially
- 17 allow multi- hospitals health system to centrally
- 18 repackage products into different dosage forms to use
- 19 for the hospitals within their system. This can allow
- 20 us to extend our supply and reduce waste when shortages
- 21 arise.
- In summary, if large health systems like the

- 1 Cleveland Clinic are experiencing these kinds of
- 2 serious issues with drug shortages, I can only imagine
- 3 how difficult it is for small and rural hospitals who
- 4 don't have our resources. In many of these hospitals,
- 5 the drug shortage pharmacist is also the director of
- 6 pharmacy, the buyer, and maybe even the chemotherapy
- 7 compounding technician on occasion.
- 8 So thank you very much for the opportunity to
- 9 share our thoughts with you.
- 10 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. Our next speaker
- 11 is Dr. Laura Porter.
- 12 And the two speakers after Dr. Porter will be
- 13 Dawn Stefanik and Sara Shull.
- DR. LAURA PORTER: Hi, I'm Dr. Laura Porter.
- 15 I'm with the Colon Cancer Alliance. I am a patient
- 16 advocate and medical consultant for the Colon Cancer
- 17 Alliance, which is the oldest and largest patient
- 18 advocate organization dedicated to colorectal cancer.
- 19 Colorectal cancer is the second leading
- 20 cancer killer of men and women, and the reason that I
- 21 bring that up is because of the 22 oncology drugs that
- 22 on the shortage list five of them are for colorectal

- 1 cancer. There are nine approved drugs for the treatment
- 2 of colorectal cancer, and five of them are on the
- 3 shortage list; 5-FU, fluorouracial, and leucovorine are
- 4 both the backbones of treatment. You've heard of
- 5 FOLFOX and FOLFIRI that have been mentioned today. The
- 6 5-FU and leucovorine are the backbone of that, and
- 7 there are shortages of both.
- 8 I want to say also that the generics are the
- 9 ones that are in short supply. Of the five drugs that
- 10 are on the list, four of them are the generics. And
- 11 that brings me to irinotecan, and I want to use
- 12 irinotecan as an example.
- 13 Last year there were eight manufacturers of
- 14 irinotecan. As of right now, there are two, and the
- 15 FDA has just recently ask another pharmaceutical
- 16 company -- I believe it's APP -- to start manufacturing
- 17 the irinotecan. My concern is if single-source
- 18 producers are required to give a 6-month notice before
- 19 the stop manufacturing why can't all manufacturers do
- 20 that? Because what happen is obviously when the number
- 21 decreases, the demand increases for those who are left
- 22 to manufacture it.

- I also want to -- I just want to say that
- 2 what can we do as patient advocates -- I'm a stage IV
- 3 colon cancer survivor. I was diagnosed eight years
- 4 ago. I had two recurrences in my ovary and my liver,
- 5 my pancreas, and all my abdominal lymph nodes. I am
- 6 alive today through the grace of God and also because I
- 7 was able to get the chemotherapy that was recommended
- 8 for me. And I've been cancer free now for five years.
- 9 What do we say to our patients that call --
- 10 we get about 10 calls a month -- that they couldn't get
- 11 their chemo? And what can we do as an organization, as
- 12 a patient advocate organization to help facilitate a
- 13 solution to the problem? And thank you very much for
- 14 letting me talk.
- 15 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. We'll next hear
- 16 from Dawn Stefanik. And again, following her will be
- 17 Sara Shull and then Leslie McGorman.
- 18 MS. DAWN STEFANIK: Hi, my name is Dawn
- 19 Stefanik, and I'm a nurse manager at the Sandra and
- 20 Malcolm Berman Cancer Institute at the Greater
- 21 Baltimore Medical Center, and I'm also here to
- 22 represent the Oncology Nursing Society today.

On behalf of the Oncology Nursing Society, we 1 want to thank you for the opportunity to provide our perspective and recommendations regarding the current shortage of cancer drugs that are facing the nation. ONS, the largest professional oncology group in the 5 United States composed of more than 35,000 nurses and 6 other health professionals exists to promote excellence in oncology nursing and the provision of quality care to those individuals that are affected by cancer. 10 As an oncology nurse, every day I see the 11 physical, the psychosocial, financial, and other challenges that people diagnosed with cancer face. 12 13 of course, that was before the additional thing with 14 the drug shortage. People with cancer and their family 15 members have significant concerns. They worry about 16 whether or not there is enough of a particular drug 17 available for the treatment, and if they don't have one 18 available, what other drug will they be getting. 19 ONS believes that people with cancer should 20 have uninterrupted access to specific drug or multi-21 drug treatment protocols that their healthcare provider determines is most appropriate for this particular 22

- 1 cancer. We join with our other colleagues in the
- 2 cancer community in expressing our deep concern about
- 3 the adverse impact that current and future oncology
- 4 drug shortages could have on patient outcome, the
- 5 viability of ongoing and planned clinical trials, and
- 6 in addition, healthcare costs.
- 7 Of serious concern are the reports that the
- 8 oncology drugs shortages are causing treatment delays;
- 9 clinical trials to be delayed, suspended, or cancelled;
- 10 and also rationing of care when physicians have to
- 11 figure out if they only have a certain amount of a drug
- 12 who is going to get that drug and how much of it are
- 13 they going to get; also changes in treatment and/or
- 14 protocols and some patients having to be switched to
- 15 other protocols that may be less effective and also may
- 16 have worse side effects.
- ONS also understands that under full range
- 18 and current policy the responsibility for drug
- 19 shortages or unavailability reporting rests with
- 20 healthcare providers including oncologist and oncology
- 21 nurses. We join with our colleagues in the oncology
- 22 community in urging the drug manufacturers to be

- 1 required to give the agency advanced warning with plans
- 2 of stopping to make a particular drug and notice of
- 3 unplanned manufacturing interruptions.
- 4 Furthermore, we urge the FDA to work with
- 5 manufacturers to build in more production line
- 6 redundancies, particularly for drugs that are
- 7 vulnerable to shortages.
- 8 ONS also believes that all entities involved
- 9 in the drug supply and the purchasing chain should
- 10 design and implement policies and practices to ensure
- 11 as products move back and forth through the supply
- 12 chain that all transactions and products are
- 13 legitimate, products have been manufactured and stored
- 14 appropriately, and that all entities participating in
- 15 the supply chain are verified and licensed.
- 16 Lastly, ONS urges that Federal policymakers
- 17 both within the administration and Congress work to
- 18 identify and enact additional policies and practices
- 19 that will address the core factors that have been
- 20 identified as the root cause of the shortages. We know
- 21 that drug shortages facing the nation threaten
- 22 patients' health, well-being and outcome and undermines

- 1 the completion of certain clinical trials to test new
- 2 therapies, treatments, and protocols.
- 3 We stand ready to work with the FDA and other
- 4 stakeholders to ensure that people with cancer have
- 5 access to timely, comprehensive, quality care
- 6 (inaudible) (audio problems -- loud noises). Thank
- 7 you.
- 8 (Laughter)
- 9 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you, Dawn, for grace
- 10 under static. Our next presenter (audio problems --
- 11 loud noises) we're hoping to resolve this, but I'll
- 12 invite Sara Shull to come forward, and we'll see how
- 13 much of your statement we can hear clearly. If it
- 14 continues too much, we'll suspend for a few minutes
- 15 while we get the AV issues resolved
- 16 MS. SARA SHULL: Hi, my name is Sara Shull,
- 17 and I'm a pharmacist, and I'm the manager of the drug
- 18 policy program at the University of Wisconsin Hospital
- 19 and Clinics in Madison, Wisconsin. I concur with many
- 20 of the statements that have been made this afternoon,
- 21 and so most of my statement will be related to
- 22 questions.

Several weeks ago, we became aware of an ad 1 hoc distribution allocation of a therapeutic agent by a private manufacturer where we could request drug on a per-cycle basis. At that point, we had none of this particular agent; and still weeks later, we still don't 5 have any of this agent. 7 Our first concern when we opened the application was that it was based on a first-comefirst-served basis, the allocation as was presented in 10 this application. We ourselves had heard of the 11 allocation opportunity just before it began. And so my first question is whether a first-12 come-first-served method is equitable for drug 13 14 distribution when information flows at a variable rate 15 across the rate and even within a huge provider 16 organization like ours but outside of the established drug distribution channel. 18 Our second concern arouse when we realized 19 that the application required disclosing patient 20 identifiers along with the dose that these patients 21 were receiving and the cycle of progression. suggested a link-coded identifier but were told that we 22

- 1 needed to complete the application as was presented. Of
- 2 course, we could obtain signature from our patients to
- 3 waive their HIPAA rights for protected health
- 4 information, but these patients at that time 15 of them
- 5 were located across Wisconsin and in northern Illinois.
- 6 Again, we were working within the first-come-first-
- 7 served timeline as the basis of the allocation.
- And so my second question is should patient
- 9 identification identifiers ever be required to get drug
- 10 in a shortage situation when these drugs are supplied
- 11 anonymously when supply is normal? Should a patient
- 12 have to consider revealing their identity in order to
- 13 get drug? Or should an institution have to make this
- 14 decision by signing a business associate agreement.
- 15 My third question is how is this information,
- 16 including the clinical information, used by a private
- 17 company? And how does the identification of the
- 18 patient affect the amount of drug that is available?
- 19 I also thank CDER and the FDA today for all
- 20 of their efforts to avert shortages. It directly
- 21 impacts how we spend our time and money at the
- 22 University of Wisconsin. And I very much appreciate

- 1 it. Thanks.
- MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. We'll next hear
- 3 from Leslie McGorman and then following will be Andrew
- 4 Sperling and Dr. Emil Engels.
- 5 MS. LESLIE MCGORMAN: Hello, I'm Leslie
- 6 McGorman here representing the Infectious Diseases
- 7 Society of America including our over 9,000 members who
- 8 are infectious disease physicians and scientists. And
- 9 I'd first like to start off by thanking the FDA for
- 10 hosting this workshop.
- 11 Like many stakeholders here today, IDSA
- 12 members are acutely concerned with drug shortages
- 13 specifically with anti-infective shortages and their
- 14 impact patient care and the broader public health.
- 15 Anti-infective shortages force infectious diseases
- 16 practitioners to choose alternative treatments regimens
- 17 that often include drugs with greater toxicity, poorer
- 18 treatment outcomes, or prolonged and expensive duration
- 19 of treatment.
- 20 Unfortunately, antimicrobials are in a class
- 21 of drugs in which many people have allergies, which
- 22 puts greater pressure on the few drugs that we have.

- 1 The problem is even more acute for pediatric
- 2 practitioners because of tolerance in infants and
- 3 children.
- 4 Anti-infective drug shortage is also
- 5 exacerbating the growing problem of antimicrobial
- 6 resistance. Limiting a practitioner's ability to
- 7 provide the anti-infective with the narrowest spectrum
- 8 appropriate for treating a specific infection resulting
- 9 in the use of a broad spectrum drug, ultimately
- 10 pressures the microbial flora of patients in
- 11 institutions into resistance mutations.
- 12 Shortages also compromise patient health by
- 13 forcing practitioners to use unfamiliar or less
- 14 familiar agents sometimes at an inappropriate dose and
- 15 duration. This is further complicated by the lack of
- 16 new antimicrobials in the drug pipeline, equating to
- 17 even fewer alternatives during times of shortage.
- 18 As many people have pointed out today,
- 19 (inaudible) physicians have seen more and more
- 20 shortages especially in the last couple of years. I'm
- 21 not going to take the time to list them. But there's
- 22 also global concern with the limiting number of drugs

- 1 used to treat malaria and tuberculosis. So that's an
- 2 additional concern.
- 3 Unfortunately, we hosted a workshop much like
- 4 today's workshop in 2000. And out of the workshop,
- 5 which also included FDA and CDC representatives, there
- 6 are a number of recommendations. Unfortunately,
- 7 they're relevant today just like they were then. So we
- 8 haven't seen a whole lot of progress.
- 9 But just briefly, we very much support
- 10 strengthening communications between FDA, the
- 11 pharmaceutical corporations, healthcare practitioners,
- 12 everything that's been outlined here today already.
- 13 Additionally, our practitioners are very much
- 14 in need of guidelines that'll help them use alternative
- 15 agents so that they can provide the best patient care
- 16 possible as well as treating drug shortages within a
- 17 healthcare facility as an extension of disaster
- 18 planning in which hospitals and other health systems
- 19 have a strategy and awareness campaign to manage them.
- 20 So in summation, we applaud the efforts that
- 21 the FDA has done so far, and we're here to support you
- 22 in finding additional solutions and making sure they're

- 1 implemented. Thank you.
- MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. We'll hear from
- 3 Andrew Sperling.
- 4 MR. ANDREW SPERLING: Good afternoon. I
- 5 thank everyone for -- it's been a very long day and a
- 6 very informative day for many of us. My name is Andrew
- 7 Sperling. I'm the director of legislative advocacy for
- 8 NAMI, the National Alliance on Mental Illness, which is
- 9 the nation's largest organization representing people
- 10 living with serious mental illness and their families,
- 11 disorders such as schizophrenia, bipolar disorder,
- 12 major depression, etcetera.
- 13 I want to talk to the panel today about two
- 14 particular instances where NAMI has enormous concerns,
- 15 and both of these are areas where there have been for
- 16 years less expensive generic alternatives available.
- 17 The first category I'd like to talk about is the long-
- 18 acting injectable form of haloperidol, which is on the
- 19 FDA's shortage list and has been for quite some time.
- 20 This is an older typical antipsychotic medication, and
- 21 it is used in only very limited instances.
- This is a drug that has very severe side

- 1 effects associated with it including a condition known
- 2 as tardive dyskinesia, which is a permanent
- 3 neurological disorder, and there is limited demand for
- 4 this product, but nonetheless, it is an important
- 5 demand. It is an invaluable clinical tool in dealing
- 6 with acute psychosis on a short-term basis and
- 7 typically in inpatient settings. This is where there
- 8 are enormous adherence challenges, and it, quite
- 9 frankly, is an important tool and very difficult to
- 10 find in many cases. And again, it's been on the FDA's
- 11 shortage list for quite some time, something that we
- 12 want to see the agency move forward to try and make
- 13 this more available.
- 14 The second one I'd like to mention is the
- 15 extended release versions of stimulants used to treat
- 16 ADD and ADHD. As you know, as you heard earlier, these
- 17 are Schedule II controlled substances. And here the
- 18 situation is much more difficult and much more complex
- 19 largely because of the role played by the DEA, and
- 20 there has been a lot of discussion about this today.
- 21 And we'd like to drive that point home that
- 22 the FDA can do a lot to alleviate this by using their

- 1 existing authority to adjust annual quotas and use that
- 2 authority to allow manufacturing capacity to rise on a
- 3 quicker basis, allow quick response where there are
- 4 acute shortages of these drugs.
- 5 And we would note for the record we've heard
- 6 from our members around the country in some cases where
- 7 the brand is still available and the generic is not.
- 8 And this, again, shifts enormous cost to the patient
- 9 and their family as they're forced to pay much, much
- 10 significantly dramatic higher copays when only the
- 11 brand is available.
- 12 So we would urge the FDA to work with the DEA
- 13 and the Department of Justice to try and get the
- 14 agency, the DEA, to use their existing authority to
- 15 allow increases in manufacturing capacity to meet
- 16 demands. Thank you.
- 17 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. Dr. Emil Engels.
- 18 And then we have Dr. Joel Zivot, Dr. Rick Blum, and
- 19 Judi Jacobi.
- DR. EMIL ENGELS: Thank you for providing me
- 21 an opportunity to share my perspective on the drug
- 22 shortage with you. My name is Emil Engels, and I am a

- 1 practicing anesthesiologist at Fairfax Hospital in
- 2 Northern Virginia. Our practice is located at a large
- 3 tertiary care hospital, and we provide 80,000
- 4 anesthetic per year. We provide cardiac anesthesia
- 5 services, pediatric anesthesia services and pain
- 6 management services. In addition, we have one of the
- 7 busiest labor wards in the country with over 11,000
- 8 deliveries per year. Our practice is part of larger
- 9 company called American Anesthesiology, which provide
- 10 anesthesia services in several states and employs over
- 11 700 anesthesia providers.
- To be very direct, drug shortages jeopardize
- 13 patient safety. When faced with a shortage, providers
- 14 must often ration medications. When the medication
- 15 supply is exhausted, providers must choose alternative
- 16 medications that are less effective and have
- 17 undesirable side effects. At time, the success of a
- 18 procedure is placed at risk. In addition to making
- 19 care less safe, drug shortages decrease the efficiency
- 20 of care delivery and add costs to healthcare system.
- 21 In order to illustrate how these shortages
- 22 affect care, I will present several real examples from

- 1 my own practice.
- 2 For much of the last year, succinylcholine
- 3 was in short supply. Succinylcholine is a short-acting
- 4 muscle relaxant. Anesthesiologists use this medication
- 5 to facilitate placing a breathing tube in a patient,
- 6 but it is also used to treat a life-threatening
- 7 condition called laryngospasm or closure of the vocal
- 8 cords preventing breathing.
- 9 Recently, I was caring for a 7-month-old
- 10 infant who was having an upper endoscopy. During the
- 11 procedure, the patient had an episode of laryngospasm,
- 12 subsequently making it difficult to ventilate and
- 13 maintain consistent oxygen saturations. I quickly
- 14 administered succinylcholine; laryngospasm broke, and
- 15 the patient recovered completely with no ill effects.
- 16 Succinylcholine was truly lifesaving in this instance.
- 17 If succinylcholine was unavailable, I
- 18 would've had to administer another muscle relaxant, but
- 19 none of the other choices work as quickly as
- 20 succinylcholine. In addition, if one were to use
- 21 another muscle relaxant, the effects of the muscle
- 22 relaxant would persists past the conclusion of the

- 1 procedure, requiring the breathing tube to left in
- 2 place until the effects of the drug abate.
- Another medication that was in short supply
- 4 recently is propofol. Propofol is a medication that's
- 5 used to induce anesthesia or put patients to sleep, and
- 6 it's also used to maintain anesthesia. It is short
- 7 acting and has a very low instance of nausea. It's
- 8 used in many outpatient procedures like tonsils and
- 9 hernia surgery.
- 10 When propofol was in short supply, I was
- 11 required to use alternative medications to anesthetize
- 12 patients in the outpatient operating rooms. As a
- 13 result, patients woke up slurry with the conclusion of
- 14 surgery. More children awoke with agitation or emerged
- 15 as delirium than if propofol had been available. In
- 16 addition, more patients suffered from postoperative
- 17 nausea and vomiting. This led to decreased
- 18 satisfaction with the anesthesia care and increase
- 19 recovery room time and cost.
- 20 And just one more, a personal story I have
- 21 for you about my wife who was diagnosed with breast
- 22 cancer five years ago. Thankfully, she's now breast

- 1 cancer free, but you can imagine how shocking it was to
- 2 find out that a healthy 40-year-old mother of three had
- 3 a potentially deadly disease. Our life was thrown into
- 4 upheaval.
- 5 Fortunately, we live in a country with a
- 6 sophisticated medical system that provides patients
- 7 with the best and most current treatment options.
- 8 Cancer is no longer a death sentence, and patients can
- 9 realistically believe in a cure. One of the key
- 10 medications that wife received was Taxol. Taxol is now
- 11 in short supply.
- I can't imagine having a family member
- 13 diagnosed with breast cancer in 2011 and being told
- 14 that a lifesaving medication, Taxol, may not be
- 15 available.
- 16 As I hope these example illustrate, drugs
- 17 shortages affect the delivery of care to patients in
- 18 this country. At times, patient's safety is
- 19 jeopardized. The shortages also affect the quality of
- 20 care, the cost of care, and patient satisfaction.
- 21 Finally, the efficacy of certain treatments may be
- 22 diminished because of the use of alternative

350 medications. Thank you very much. 2 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. Dr. Zivot. Okay. We'll go to Dr. Blum. DR. BLUM: I apologize for putting my name on the list, but nobody answered my question yet, okay. 5 6 asked it at least -- well, between me and others -- I 7 was going to ask it again this morning, but someone else beat me to it twice. I asked it several times during the last full-day meeting I attended. 10 another full-day meeting I've attended. Nobody's 11 answered it yet. What's happened in the last few years to 12 13 cause the problem we've had here? Nobody's answered 14 The people that can answer it are the people we've 15 heard from this afternoon. There are smart people in 16 this room that know the answer to that question, yet 17 nobody is willing or able to do it publicly. So I'm 18 going to try a different tact. I'm going to give you a 19 straw dog -- a straw man answer, and then you can tell 2.0 me how full of crap I am. 21 I think it is contraction. I think two 22 things have contracted. I think the number of makers

- 1 have contracted to a relatively smaller number, and I
- 2 think the number of purchasers has contracted more, to
- 3 three or somewhere around there. And the result is --
- 4 I have to be careful how I state this so I don't libel
- 5 myself further -- the result is similar to what
- 6 happened with a large retail entity within the United
- 7 States that's virtually cornered on the general retail
- 8 market. They basically say "We're only going to pay X
- 9 amount of money for your widgets. If you don't like
- 10 it, tough, because we control 90 percent of the market
- 11 share in general retail, you know, business.
- 12 I think that's exactly what's happened here.
- 13 I think those there purchasers and those few number of
- 14 makers are playing a gigantic game of chicken with us
- 15 in the middle. It's actually the patients in the
- 16 middle, but I consider myself a patient advocate, so
- 17 I'm going to include myself in that. And they're
- 18 banking, both of them are banking on someone else
- 19 coming in from a regulatory or Federal level and giving
- 20 them the advantage in this game of chicken. And I
- 21 think that's it in a nutshell.
- 22 And I may be full of crap, so tell me how --

- 1 if that's not the answer, tell me what it is because
- 2 I've asked the question by my count seven times over
- 3 two meetings, and one has taken it on yet.
- 4 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. Dr. Jacobi.
- 5 MS. JACOBI: I think I have a partial
- 6 question -- or partial answer to that question. I'm
- 7 Judi Jacobi. I'm past president of the Society of
- 8 Critical Care Medicine.
- 9 And when we're talking about shortages, we're
- 10 very often talking about shortages of healthcare
- 11 practitioners as well. The number of critical care
- 12 professionals that are in training and going to be
- 13 available in the future is diminishing in relationship
- 14 to the number of critically ill patients that we are
- 15 caring for partially due to the aging of the
- 16 population. I can't state if that's a relationship
- 17 with drug shortages, but potentially the population of
- 18 patients that we're treating is a factor.
- 19 The Society of Critical Care Medicine would
- 20 like to thank the FDA and the panelists who have been
- 21 hard at work on this subject for their work and
- 22 continuing work. In respect to our members, we have

- 1 over 15,000 physicians, nurses, pharmacists, and many
- 2 others who are dedicated to the care of critically ill
- 3 patient.
- 4 Our patients include the neonates that you've
- 5 heard a little bit about today as well as the most
- 6 elderly. They're in our intensive care units not on
- 7 purpose; usually, it's an unplanned visit. And we have
- 8 a number of lifesaving interventions that we need to
- 9 provide with very narrow benefit-to-risk ratios. When
- 10 we've been faced with drug shortages, we've had to use
- 11 alternative agents, many of them are not as
- 12 satisfactory, some cases very difficult to use, and
- 13 certainly tax our health and safety systems that are I
- 14 place in order to maximize their benefits.
- And I applaud the efforts that have been done
- 16 so far to address these important issues and hopefully
- 17 the additional efforts that will be ongoing.
- 18 And if our manufacturing partners are willing
- 19 to build redundancy and a little bit of excess into the
- 20 system, we certainly applaud that because it may or may
- 21 not be the best business decision. But at the point
- 22 that we somehow address these shortages and are looking

- 1 to the future, I think another important factor that we
- 2 need to recognize -- and I suspect those you live on
- 3 the East Coast probably recognize more than I do from
- 4 the Midwest is the impact of a major disaster, whether
- 5 it's environmental or manmade and further disrupting
- 6 our supply chain and altering a availability of these
- 7 products for the patients that we already have let
- 8 along those who are injured in that disaster.
- 9 So while I hope you can at least build some
- 10 redundancy, that notion of a stockpile, certainly some
- 11 sort of emergency stockpile to be able to ramp up in
- 12 the event of an emergency, should also be on the
- 13 agenda. Thank you.
- 14 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. That completes the
- 15 list of folks who signed up before the break to offer
- 16 public comment. We did want to open the microphones
- 17 one more time if anybody would like to raise a
- 18 question.
- 19 MS. SWEET: I'm Gundy Sweet from the
- 20 University of Michigan. I'd like thank the FDA for the
- 21 opportunity this morning and again for right now. There
- 22 was a comment raised in this afternoon's session that I

- 1 found to be amazingly simple and equally brilliant, and
- 2 that came from Michael Mone -- I hope I said your name
- 3 right, Michael -- from Cardinal, and it was the
- 4 suggestion that we need to begin with standards
- 5 definitions so that we're all speaking the same
- 6 language.
- 7 Having taught in the university setting now
- 8 for more years than I care to admit, you know you make
- 9 a brilliant comment when everybody takes notes; and
- 10 when he made that comment, several people immediately
- 11 took note, myself included.
- The need for that became really apparent to
- 13 me with a question that came later on this afternoon
- 14 from Bona, when she ask the industry if a product is
- 15 returned to market, why is it that the end user is not
- 16 seeing that product. And the response that we got --
- 17 from I think it was the gentleman from Bedford -- was
- 18 that it can take two to three months for a product to
- 19 return back fully to the end user in the supply chain.
- 20 And I thought about that as somebody who has
- 21 to develop action plans on a regular basis and realized
- 22 that when I'm developing action plans I'm developing it

- 1 based on the date that's provided by the pharmaceutical
- 2 industry. And if that's really the date at which I can
- 3 expect to receive product, I'm targeting the wrong
- 4 date. And it became really apparent to me that a very
- 5 simple thing like using the same language can really
- 6 make an impact in our daily practice.
- 7 Now while I realized that in no way is a
- 8 solution to the problem, the underlying problem of
- 9 solving drug shortages, I think it could really help
- 10 those of us who are dealing at the point of care on a
- 11 daily basis to be more effective in the solutions that
- 12 we put out while we're working on solutions to the
- 13 bigger problems, the root cause of why drug shortages
- 14 are happening. Thank you.
- 15 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. If there are no
- 16 other comments or questions from the audience, I'll
- 17 give the panelists here one more time. Does anyone
- 18 here around the table want to speak?
- 19 MR. KAFER: I would certainly not want my ER
- 20 doctor friend from the South to ask this question the
- 21 eighth time, so I will do my best to try to respond.
- 22 When you look at what has happened in the industry and

- 1 when you understand the sterile manufacturing suite,
- 2 clearly there have been facility-related issues that
- 3 have impact the ability to make multiple products at
- 4 one time. So when you have a manufacturing facility
- 5 that has a disruption, you may take down one or two
- 6 products. And please keep in mind they're in suites.
- 7 So you make you cytotoxic, your oncology products in a
- 8 cytotoxic oncology suite. If you're doing work on that
- 9 suite, that means you are unable to make any one of
- 10 those oncology products until that's fully remediated.
- If you look at the data that's been presented
- 12 over the spike and increase over the last three years,
- 13 2010 we took a jump significantly. I don't have the
- 14 data in front of my head, but was from 24 in 2009 to a
- 15 significant number. In that period, there were several
- 16 facilities at various stages of disruption on or about
- 17 the same time, which does leave little time to respond
- 18 to the historical volumes of those that have exited the
- 19 market temporarily.
- 20 So truly, the driving factor in that spike
- 21 was limited manufacturing capabilities, certainly not
- 22 due to consolidation but to facility disruption. That

- 1 was in my opinion what would've created a lot of that
- 2 spike.
- 3 As indicated, we have seen consolidation in
- 4 the industry. But I think as Tom Moore of Hospira
- 5 clearly indicated, it's not specific to the injectable
- 6 space, and we are actually expanding capacity where we
- 7 can, and we're also building redundancy where we can.
- 8 Does that help the problem today? No. Will it help
- 9 alleviate the stress on the supply chain down the road?
- 10 Absolutely.
- 11 So this notion that there is no investment
- 12 being made or that we're not willing to make products
- 13 for pennies, there's hundreds of millions of dollars
- 14 being invested in supply chain to assure that capacity
- 15 and the reliability long term.
- So I think if you look at I think it was 50
- 17 to 54 percent of reported shortages in that spike were
- 18 manufacture related. That is what really created, in
- 19 my opinion, the initial jump. Now are we on our way to
- 20 recovery? I do believe we are. Several of those
- 21 facilities that were down for a period of time are
- 22 making product again.

- 1 But also to the point from the University of
- 2 Michigan on terminology. To say that we're back in
- 3 production means we're making product. It takes four
- 4 to five weeks to release that product based on testing
- 5 required. So I think there is a little bit of
- 6 nomenclature, if you will, that we should probably
- 7 discuss, and it does take time to fill the supply
- 8 chain. So if we go back into production on November 1
- 9 -- for easy math in my head -- that'll make the first
- 10 lot produced available for release in early December.
- 11 That'll make its way in the supply chain a few days
- 12 later that starts to fill that funnel, and it does take
- 13 a couple of months. I hope that helps, my friend.
- DR. BLUM: Why is that a new phenomena? Why
- 15 is that something that's just reared itself in the last
- 16 few years? I have to believe that there have always
- 17 been production problems that occur.
- 18 MR. KAFER: You have never had a situation
- 19 where you've had several facilities go down at one time
- 20 on similar technologies. What I mean by similar
- 21 technologies, that manufacture similar products. So
- 22 the physical capacity to produce in a given time was

- 1 interrupted, and now we're in the process of
- 2 rebuilding.
- I can't recall in the 20 years that I've been
- 4 in this business a situation which you have had
- 5 multiple similar facilities -- if you have an oral
- 6 solid dosage form, it's very different. When you're
- 7 pressing tablets and capsules and putting them into a
- 8 bottle, there's a lot of different variabilities out
- 9 there. When you're manufacturing an injectable
- 10 product, you have to configure your facility to
- 11 accommodate very specific vial sizes, neck sizes; you
- 12 have to fill the head space. There's a lot of
- 13 requirements that are very different than dropping a
- 14 capsule into a bottle.
- 15 And so what appeared to have happened in 2010
- 16 you had several facilities in a similar area that had
- 17 disruptions, and now we're in the process of rebuilding
- 18 that.
- 19 MS. WINCKLER: Thank you. We did have one
- 20 question for the panel that was submitted anonymously,
- 21 and this is the last question that we have. I will
- 22 paraphrase so say it was asking questions about a

- 1 chemotherapy used in cancer drug trials that is not
- 2 available, but they were looking at using EU-sourced
- 3 products. The requirements from FDA to use the
- 4 European Union sourced products were quite extensive
- 5 and may have had challenges getting information to
- 6 support using the alternative product.
- 7 To further paraphrase it, I think the
- 8 question to you, Dr. Cox, is what are the opportunities
- 9 if you're pursuing a clinical trial and have a drug
- 10 shortage and want to use alternative product from
- 11 outside the country?
- 12 DR. COX: So in the setting of an IND where
- 13 you're using products, one of the critical things is to
- 14 understand the identity of the product that's being
- 15 used. And it sounds like from the question there were
- 16 questions about being able to obtain information on the
- 17 product that was being proposed for us in the clinical
- 18 trial.
- 19 It sounds like there is an ongoing discussion
- 20 with the division on this particular topic, and I think
- 21 this is a good topic to talk with the division on to
- 22 understand what types of information might be needed to

- 1 try and understand the quality of the product. It's
- 2 just like any product used under IND it's critical to
- 3 understand enough about the product to be sufficiently
- 4 comfortable with the quality of the product for use
- 5 under IND to make sure that it will perform as
- 6 expected; it won't have consequences due to either
- 7 inadequate quality of the drug either with regards to
- 8 safety or efficacy.
- 9 So I'm sure there was a complex discussion
- 10 going on with the division, and I think it's obviously
- 11 something that's probably worth talking with the
- 12 division to try and figure out what type of information
- 13 may be available.
- 14 And it sounds like too from the question
- 15 there also particular challenges in that the product
- 16 that's being used -- obtaining information about the
- 17 quality of the product given that the party that's
- 18 proposing to use it is not the party that's actually
- 19 manufacturing the product. And understandably, that
- 20 could be a much more challenging the setting of not
- 21 having the information from the manufacturer about the
- 22 quality of this product that's not approved for use in

- 1 the U.S.
- 2 So complicated issue. I think best the best
- 3 thing is to talk with the division more and try and
- 4 work through the issue further.
- 5 Okay. So at this point, I'll try and just
- 6 provide sort of a high-level recap of some of the
- 7 things that we heard over the course of the day,
- 8 recognizing that -- I think we all took a lot of notes.
- 9 There's a lot to digest here, so obviously I won't be
- 10 able to touch on all issues, but I just want to touch
- 11 on some of the things that were heard over the course
- 12 of the day.
- 13 And I think probably most important, at the
- 14 beginning of the day we started by hearing from
- 15 patients, and we started to hear from patients about
- 16 the issues that drug shortages create and the important
- 17 public health issue that drug shortages are currently
- 18 posing.
- 19 Another common theme I think as we went
- 20 throughout the day from all the stakeholders -- and I
- 21 want to thank all the speakers, panelists, folks who
- 22 joined us, folks who joined us on the Webcast for being

- 1 here today -- throughout all the presentations and
- 2 discussions we heard the commitment from folks to try
- 3 and address this important public health problem.
- 4 We heard about the impact on patients, delays
- 5 in therapy, using alternative agents that are less than
- 6 ideal that may have increased adverse effects, and that
- 7 this affects many different areas of medical practice,
- 8 oncology, anesthesia, parenteral nutrition,
- 9 antibacterial drugs, to name a few. And I don't mean
- 10 to exclude others, but it seems to be an issue that's
- 11 affecting all areas of medicine.
- 12 We also heard about the impact in the area of
- 13 clinical trials. The other things that we heard too
- 14 was that some of these modifications to regimens that
- 15 folks may be in a situation where they need to go to
- 16 alternatives may create issues with medication errors,
- 17 the differences in practices, the differences in the
- 18 way folks are approaching patient care.
- 19 We also heard discussion about quidelines or
- 20 recommendations as to how to approach alternative
- 21 therapy in the setting of a drug shortage.
- 22 Another general topic area beyond that of

- 1 impact on the patient was that of information. We
- 2 heard a lot of discussion about information and
- 3 information sharing; discussions about clarity of
- 4 definitions and common vocabulary; the idea of
- 5 increased reporting of information to FDA so that
- 6 information could be available. And then also comments
- 7 too from manufacturers that they see an important role
- 8 in manufacturers also communicating this information.
- 9 And then some discussion of that in fact the
- 10 information that we obtain at FDA in the Drug Shortage
- 11 Program is largely voluntary, and information that we
- 12 obtain from manufacturers from their voluntary
- 13 participation with us.
- 14 There was discussion about the type of
- 15 information to be communicated and what would be
- 16 helpful to practitioners such as reasons for drug
- 17 shortages and being able to estimate durations as best
- 18 as possible so that folks could make plans; time the
- 19 resolution of a shortage to the extent that that might
- 20 be possible. And then also targeting information to
- 21 particular healthcare group either through listservs or
- 22 other vehicles to try and get information to those who

- 1 need it.
- We also heard discussion about communication
- 3 with healthcare providers within an institution and
- 4 that ideally those communications are going on in
- 5 advance of the healthcare provider learning of a
- 6 shortage in the setting of a particular patient need.
- 7 And then the next topic area where there was
- 8 discussion -- and this was present throughout the day -
- 9 was the issue of gray marketers; concerns raised
- 10 regarding the pedigree of drug products that are
- 11 obtained through gray marketers.
- 12 And also I think throughout the day we heard
- 13 some of the complexities with regards to understanding
- 14 exactly how the gray market works, and mention of
- 15 additional general information on this topic could be
- 16 helpful.
- We heard throughout the day about the
- 18 complexity of the issues faced with regards to drug
- 19 shortages from complex economics issues. We heard
- 20 about product quality issues as being the major cause
- 21 of shortages which we're currently experiencing,
- 22 particularly in the area of sterile injectables.

- 1 We heard questions about the status of
- 2 manufacturing infrastructure, and then subsequent
- 3 information talking about the works that going on to
- 4 construct new facilities that will be available in the
- 5 future to try and address some of the issues with drug
- 6 shortages that we're seeing.
- 7 We heard people talking about stable supply
- 8 chain and a stable marketplace for medications and that
- 9 a stable supply will certainly help to address a number
- 10 of the issues that we're facing.
- 11 Discussion about redundancy and some of the
- 12 challenges in qualifying a new API or manufacturing
- 13 lines.
- 14 We also heard too of discussions of industry
- 15 picking up a product that they previously produced, had
- 16 stopped producing, and began to produce the product
- 17 again or picked the product up anew in order to be able
- 18 to provide a needed product in the setting of a drug
- 19 shortage.
- 20 And then also request for additional
- 21 information to understand best how to report drug
- 22 shortages. That was information for industry.

- 1 And then the issue of accelerating recovery,
- 2 capacity redundancy, and obtaining redundancy or
- 3 increased capacity is not always an easy thing to do
- 4 but that there are efforts being made to try and
- 5 increase capacity; and again, that will take some time.
- 6 Unanticipated shortages will continue to be
- 7 difficult issues to address.
- 8 And then we heard some about dynamic
- 9 allocations of the available products. There was some
- 10 discussion about the issue of fair and equitable
- 11 distribution and the idea of product distribution based
- 12 on past buying practices.
- 13 And I'll stop there. And just bring us back
- 14 to sort of where we started, and that is I want to
- 15 thank everyone for joining us here today, for all the
- 16 comments that were provided. I found the session to be
- 17 very helpful, and I'm sure that many folks share that
- 18 thought. And really the reason that we're all here and
- 19 trying to work through this problem is for the care of
- 20 patients. And I want to thanks everybody for joining
- 21 us and their commitments to the area.
- 22 And with that, I'll close. Thank you all

```
369
    very much for joining us today. Have a good evening.
 2
                     (Applause) (Whereupon, FDA Center for
                     Drug Evaluation and
 3
    Research Drug Shortage Workshop was concluded.)
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
```

		370
1	CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER	
2	I, NATASHA THOMAS, the officer before whom the	
3	foregoing meeting was taken, do hereby certify that the	
4	proceedings were taken by me in audio recording and	
5	thereafter reduced to typewriting under my supervision;	
6	that said transcription is a true record of the	
7	proceedings; that I am neither counsel for, related to,	
8	nor employed by any of the parties to the action in	
9	which this was taken; and, further, that I am not a	
10	relative or employee of any counsel or attorney	
11	employed by the parties hereto, nor financially or	
12	otherwise interested in the outcome of this action.	
13		
14		
15		
16		
17	NATASHA THOMAS	
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		

	1 44	,	
\$	100 41:4 56:6	155 278:17	195:15 199:5
\$1,200 265:10	63:22 230:9	156 4:18	360:3
\$158 281:17	320:5	15-minute 275:13	200 278:4
\$20 195:15	101 3:11	16 27:16 78:10	2000 342:4
\$216 64:18 329:16	108 3:15	82:21	2001 41:21
\$25.90 265:10	10903 1:12	16,000 132:2	2003 121:20
\$3 281:18	11 23:10 38:7	16,050 120:3	2004 120:3
\$415 264:5 329:18	58:6,7 82:14 227:11	160 98:5,18	2005 186:11
\$937 281:17	11,000 346:7	161 4:19	2006 186:11
	11:30 107:4,12	166 4:21	2007 42:3
1	166:1	17 2:9	2009 50:10 95:7,17
1 54:2 56:19 59:19 60:9,11,14 71:22	11th 277:16	18 151:15 296:15	96:7 193:1
80:8 112:8,12	12 28:12 90:12,13	180 4:22 5:2	357:14
156:22 280:1	92:2 125:20	181 5:3	2010 23:8,16 26:22 27:14 36:21 46:3
295:9 325:9,16 359:8	181:16 227:11 318:13	187 5:8	49:12
1,000 151:5 265:13	120 4:4	19 116:5	50:9,11,17,20
1,300 53:10	125 4:5	191 5:14	53:13 55:11 97:14 109:11
1,300-bed 328:20	12-cycle 96:6,11	194 5:15	121:17 137:4
1,400 140:9	12-years-old 85:22	196 5:18	199:16 203:22
1:05 202:10	13 27:19 56:18	197 5:21	206:11,16 233:20 239:20
1:1,000 112:9,13	132 4:7	1981 257:16	263:14,16,18
1:10,000	136 4:8	1982 89:17	281:18 357:13 360:15
112:10,11	14 126:12	1998 185:3	
1:1000 112:8	140 4:11	1999 20:16 198:11	2010-2011 48:4
10 2:2 39:10 48:7	143 4:13		2011 1:16 23:1,13 27:1 28:4,6
50:5,9,13 60:11	15 41:22 49:13	2	36:21 42:4 45:5
69:15,16 92:13 93:22 112:11,12	55:9 188:3 256:1	2 83:3 113:18 230:9	49:12 50:21 54:15 55:8
141:9 152:6	278:2 319:14	2,000 265:14	34.13 33.8 121:18
159:21	339:4	2,500 263:14 2,500 263:3	263:11,19
165:14,15 181:15 188:10	15,000 353:1	2,500 263.3 2:52 275:14	349:13
201:7 239:22	150 4:15 59:8	20 2:11 29:16 56:8	2012 145:6
257:14 312:4	1503 1:13	58:4 77:10	202 6:3
320:12 333:10	152 151:4	182:22 188:12	203 6:5

	1 42	,	
205 6:8	2-month 265:2	35,000 279:1 334:6	4th 230:14
20993 1:14	2-week 63:4	350 9:8	
20-percent 29:18 47:15 21 23:9 54:16	2-years 89:20	352 9:9 353 53:14 355 9:11	5 5 23:11 93:2 97:14 133:10 159:20 188:10 214:9
199:18 210 42:12 211 6:10 216 6:15 22 121:17 331:21	3 58:9 63:1 64:3 212:2 281:6,11 30 11:11 38:7 55:17 66:11 99:8 101:21 143:14 154:20 156:20	38 27:14 36:20 56:7 4 4 50:10 63:1 78:7 83:19 93:3 95:8	50 94:21 192:4 286:11 302:3 330:2 358:16 54 23:8 199:16 358:17 55 43:14 62:19
22.7 151:5,7 23 109:11 121:16 24 50:11 324:12 325:8 357:14	158:8,20 188:12 287:6 327:3 30,000 136:4 301 8:3	113:18 133:9 200:10 213:4 223:5 230:9 281:4	57 55:9 58 2:19 5-FU 96:15
245 263:15 25 78:9	302 8:5 304 8:6	4,000 265:11 4,500 265:8	97:1,18 100:8 182:12 332:3,6
250 92:4 256 7:4 257 7:5	305 8:8 306 213:12 30-day 151:12 154:17	4.5 82:2 4.7 151:8 40 56:17 128:7 177:19	6 6 56:21 61:2 133:10
258 151:11 26 1:16 85:18 260 42:14 81:22	30th 279:3 31 1:13 311 263:13	400 55:16 145:2 263:16 40-percent 29:13	60 29:7 42:18 163:12 60,000 144:5 148:22
263 7:7 268 7:9 27 78:6 274 80:10	32 89:17 329 8:12,13 332 8:15	40's 192:10 40-year-old 189:11 349:2 41st 89:18	60-years-old 278:4 62nd 89:18 636 265:2 650 265:7
276 7:16 277 7:17 28 279:2	334 8:17 338 8:19 34 126:12 319:15 322:18	45 265:12 47 56:16 48 152:9 182:22	6-month 55:10,18 332:18
29 87:22 292 7:19 296 203:9 299 7:21	340 9:2 343 9:4 346 9:6 35 203:21 319:15	483 45:4 483s 45:6 483's 45:14 49-years 94:22	7 89:20 325:8 70 62:14 295:22 70,000 263:4 700 346:11

	ا	,	
700,000 81:22	90s 184:9	73:9 75:22 76:14	academics 14:19
75-years 214:12	95-percent 122:8	84:15 89:19,21	Academy 144:1,22
78 61:1	99 28:7 36:21	90:3 95:13,21 96:16 100:8	accelerate 311:5
797 114:16	54:11 75:18	104:9 105:7,10	accelerating
115:5,22 118:17	204:1 302:22	134:4 154:5,14	302:15 368:1
·		158:11 159:5	
7-month-old 347:9		168:9 169:19	accept 17:8
	a.m 38:7	172:3 173:14	acceptable
8	A.S.P.E.N	175:12 177:21	131:3,12 254:17
8 27:22 83:14	225:11,12	183:4,5 186:7	access 56:10 61:11
165:15 199:14	235:4,5 251:7,8	194:13,20	62:3 74:7 78:9
230:9	· · · · · ·	195:6,9 198:15	79:14,15 101:6
8.3 151:7	AAP 144:2,4,13 145:4,17 146:18	201:22 202:1	120:15 121:15
80 264:1 278:9	147:16	203:21 228:2,12	124:13 135:3
80,000 346:3	148:14,21 150:3	238:21 244:14	185:22
		253:19 261:10	186:13,14
82 3:5 151:12	abate 348:2	273:1,3 302:12 304:20 306:17	190:14 192:21
820 54:4	abdominal 333:5	310:22 311:21	193:16,17,18
83 3:7	abhor 296:14	314:10 324:1	203:8,22 260:21 264:10 282:1
83,000 78:7	Abi 83:7,20 85:12	325:22 333:7	334:20 337:5
,	·	350:17 354:11	
84 28:8	Abigale 3:8 79:8	361:16 363:10	accident 88:1
85 163:12 164:22	82:10,17,21	365:17 367:17	157:15 159:11
87 3:8	86:3,19 87:11 145:7	abruptly 189:13	accommodate
89 263:21		- · ·	11:21 360:11
89 203:21	ability 36:22 57:19 63:6 99:11 114:8	abscesses 115:16	accommodating
9	149:5 213:9	absolute 153:8	269:16
9 69:14 96:14	218:9 219:21	218:9	accommodations
116:6 199:14	267:2 270:9	absolutely 19:7	150:17
200:14	271:21 304:8	110:18 195:13	accomplish 95:14
	321:6 341:6	228:13 229:9	306:8
9,000 340:7	357:3	280:17 296:1,13	accomplished
9:20 75:14	able 14:17 26:11	324:9 328:22	287:9
9:40 77:9,11,14	27:8,18 28:3,6	358:10	
90 88:3 140:11	30:3,8,20	absorb 88:7	account 38:3
154:17 165:13	31:1,4,9	93:13,15 103:7	249:7
281:11 351:10	33:5,14,15,19	abundant 55:19	ACCP 172:16
90-day 154:16	34:1,19 35:10,17	academic 55:21	accreditation
•	37:6 44:14 57:21	179:5 188:8	229:4
90-plus 319:19	61:6,21 62:2	328:20	accrual 123:5
	63:8,15 65:12		

	1 42	, 	1
accumulated	act 128:11 135:3	acts 216:7	268:17 280:7
188:12	144:20,21 203:8	actual 20:17	304:5 316:21
0000000 151·17	210:3 213:12	114:13 127:8,10	320:2 344:16
accuracy 151:17	286:7 293:9	*	346:20
accurate 62:1	294:10 298:3	148:16 271:18	
171:22 210:1		319:2	added 61:14 88:22
211:5 219:17	acted 216:11	actually 43:3 47:8	90:11 251:9
259:22 260:19	295:17	59:7,11 61:10	293:19 297:15
261:6 274:21	acting 24:7	64:19 66:5 69:10	299:20 300:13
accurately 218:7	159:4,15,20	70:10,12,18,20	329:3
· ·	160:5 324:20	71:2,14 74:6,7	adding 36:8 65:9
acetate 113:17	343:18 348:7	93:17 100:7	297:18 299:1
achieve 190:8	action 36:4 51:9	108:11,14	addition 70:3
327:4	61:22 64:2,6,11	114:10,17	91:19 93:21
achieving 144.21	155:7 245:9	117:16 151:8,9	98:13 102:6
achieving 144:21	I	152:21 153:1,2	103:5 122:1
189:3	260:1 285:9	154:3 158:20	
acid 115:21	286:12 295:3	160:12 166:5,15	140:17 193:18
acids 88:21 115:19	309:3 322:7	168:15	207:17 209:2
	355:21,22	171:19,21 173:7	218:1 219:9
acknowledge	370:8,12	175:12 181:14	221:3 231:14
16:17 207:9	actions 58:21	183:18 194:10	236:7 280:14
298:8 324:15	123:22 130:6	197:2 200:10	335:6 346:6,18
acquire 100:8	151:1 153:20	224:17,18	347:20 348:16
195:6	155:11 246:13	231:10 239:21	additional 30:12
	286:9 288:9	241:12 244:10	31:12 33:18
acquired 304:18	322:8		78:1,7 92:11
acquiring 168:9		252:7 260:1	140:20 143:14
	active 34:13 42:12	276:4 297:15	149:12 154:1
acquisition 155:15 297:17,18	114:11 124:8	298:10 305:14	155:3 189:15
304:19	126:7 191:9	307:21 313:7,11	206:22 207:12
304.19	267:1,4	321:1,5,18	211:10 217:12
acquisitions	280:5,11,12	324:15 351:15	220:19
297:12,15	283:7 286:20	358:6 362:18	
across 47:12	actively 74:12	acute 82:22 128:7	241:15,17 249:10,12 251:9
54:7,13 57:11	293:9	165:11 341:1	264:7 285:21
62:22 81:20		344:6 345:4	
97:13 117:2	activities 209:6,10		287:11 288:3
	296:14	acutely 277:6	290:10 295:5
122:6 131:9	activity 18:19	282:9 340:12	297:15,19
151:19 161:10 175:1 242:8	205:7 247:20	ad 338:1	329:18 334:13
	261:20	add 14:17 113:20	336:18 342:2,22
244:5 297:5	296:18,19	126:5 136:10	353:17 366:15
299:2 338:15	311:11	170:19 209:1	367:20
339:5			Additionally 285:3
		242:20 244:9	J 3010

	1 4 8	,	
288:22 295:17 342:13	129:6 166:11 209:17 269:1	adults 5:12 144:16 191:1 236:19	advocates 171:10 333:2
additive 111:2	adequately 237:21	advance 139:4	advocating 124:1
address 6:2 10:18	ADHD 191:4,7,14	147:11 161:11	aeruginosa 110:5
13:15 15:3,8	344:16	203:19 211:3 219:2 366:5	Affairs 4:17 6:9,11
16:1 20:17	adherence 344:8		139:6 150:8,13
25:5,8 26:5,11 33:19 38:8 73:9	adjective 179:3	advanced 39:20 63:2,9 147:14	205:15 211:12
127:18 130:10	Adjourn 9:14	163:14 169:5	242:12
177:7 184:15	ľ	218:19 219:5	affect 87:3 114:2
196:17 199:7	adjust 59:12 266:22 345:1	220:11	133:18 195:20
205:12,20		244:14,20 336:1	339:18 346:22
206:2,19 207:20	adjusting 308:19	advancement	349:17,19
209:12 213:10	adjuvant 181:22	120:5	affected 14:5 31:8
223:22 227:20 241:10 244:6	administer 30:9	advances 163:10	63:16 90:19 91:1 95:6 102:8 104:4
256:16 263:9	259:5,12 347:18	advancing 277:4	120:18 123:3
281:3 288:10	administered	o l	132:20,22
289:9 295:3	88:19 347:14	advantage 156:2 168:9 229:22	140:19 188:11
296:22 300:11	administers	251:5 264:22	191:4,13 198:18
327:16 336:19	322:2,3,7	296:20 351:20	223:7 227:10,12
353:16,22 364:3	administrating	adverse 49:8 55:2	237:12 239:15
367:5,9 368:7	127:7	58:9 121:11	256:7 258:5
addressable	administration	142:13 251:14	334:9
118:22	1:4,10 30:15	263:5 335:3	affecting 104:7
addressed 15:10	31:7 118:6	364:6	132:10,19 283:12 364:11
19:14 34:19,20	122:14 266:21	advise 267:15	
72:18 116:1	276:21 319:7	advisory 184:16	affects 23:20 99:11
127:19 237:10 286:13 294:15	336:17	208:5	364:7
	Admiral 16:4		affiliation 170:14
addresses 275:9	132:18	advocacy 3:6 5:17 9:4 79:7 125:18	191:20 328:15
addressing 13:6	admission 163:1	170:16 343:7	affiliations 52:18
14:15,20 18:20 179:14,22 221:3	admit 355:8	advocate 5:10	afford 189:5
283:6 290:7,20	admitted 105:10	79:11 170:21	affordable 282:3
291:1 292:11	admittedly 63:11	171:19 180:13	afternoon 10:17
293:8 308:3	adolescent 159:11	187:18 279:7 329:21	11:3 97:11,22
adequacy 53:8		329:21 331:16,18	137:9 138:20
adequate 25:18,19	adopting 311:21	333:12 351:16	202:17 203:3
62:15 88:8	adult 89:22 123:4	advocated 322:20	204:9 211:21 255:22 256:18
111:22 124:14	174:6 194:22	auvocateu 522.20	276:16 291:22
	l		210.10 271.22

	1 42	,	
337:20 343:4 350:15 355:13	aggregating 186:21	alarming 120:21	300:8 316:12,13
		Alaska 188:18	338:2,9,11 339:7
afternoon's 354:22	aggressively 290:7	albumins 185:7	allocations 230:13 368:9
against 148:12	aging 352:15	alcohol 89:14	
age 89:17 144:17	agitation 348:14	alert 35:21	allotted 11:6
agencies 75:10 78:19,21 115:9	ago 12:4 39:10 87:22	alerting 148:15	allow 10:13 21:6 31:1 33:6 35:19
145:17	90:11,16,20	Ali 4:4	36:1 149:12
155:14,22	116:16 126:16	119:19,20,22	168:17 214:6
166:17 168:9	128:7 145:10	174:9	261:11 267:12
180:7 190:7	157:4 181:16	alike 146:8	295:14
240:8 243:21	198:7 199:5		330:17,19
244:12 246:15	201:7 247:17,18	alive 105:20,22	345:2,3,15
248:10 283:11	248:3 278:15	106:9 333:6	allowed 28:11
307:2,3 310:13	318:11 333:4	all-day 110:21	192:12
312:9 314:7,11	338:1 348:22	Allen 5:14 107:9	allowing 82:19
agency 203:21	agreement 339:14	191:19 192:1	87:15 260:21
204:6 214:15	_	193:4	261:21 311:5
242:18 243:20	agreements	allergies 340:21	
245:3,14 288:17	269:15		allows 37:18 273:4
289:18 294:5	AHA 53:17	alleviate 12:19	alluded 16:17 74:5
308:2 310:7,8	54:4,8,16 55:6	14:10 15:3,12,20	177:4
324:13,17 336:1	56:13 57:10,18	152:22 156:1	alone 16:14 27:10
344:12 345:14	61:1 65:15 66:2	242:18 325:7	281:18
agency's 209:6	220:9 241:4	344:22 358:9	already 16:15
	248:8 250:13	alleviated 233:21	29:20 33:2
agenda 205:5	ahead 36:8 41:1	Alliance 5:8 7:8	36:5,20 38:19
216:9 354:13	75:15 107:7	8:16 9:5 262:19	49:14,21 68:17
agent 338:2,5,6	156:1 180:2	331:15,17 343:8	77:1,3 83:13
agents 110:12	318:9	allocate 61:6 63:6	85:7 95:8 107:20
121:18 163:6,8	AHRQ 261:7	241:15 260:9	108:9 109:5,18
237:1,3 238:8	AHSP 226:8	262:1 328:13	140:16 161:19
265:15,16	234:11	allocated 29:21	162:9 187:4
341:14 342:15	aid 209:6	193:22 208:14	218:2 241:13
353:11 364:5			289:16 292:14
aggregate	air 103:20 104:2	allocating 60:22 241:17 260:7	329:3 342:12
185:6,20 213:13	airway 157:21		354:7
251:18	158:3	allocation 61:4	alter 35:1
aggregated 210:7	Alabama 115:19	194:2 224:11	altercations 90:8
aggregates 262:22	Alan 95:18	260:7,20 268:12 271:15 272:1	altering 354:6
88 8 2 2 2 2 2 2		2/1.10 2/2.1	

	1 42	,	
alternate 218:22	370:7,9	164:7,16	anchor 328:20
alternative 25:17	amazing 40:8 74:2	among 14:13	Anchorage 188:18
48:9,10 55:2	amazingly 355:1	72:19 124:3	and/or 27:8 82:5
61:10,12 77:4		147:6 195:19	95:5 99:15
80:14,22 83:7	ambulances 60:5	224:1 231:20	207:21 335:13
109:21 110:12	ambulatory	243:14,21	
111:12,13	139:19 141:21	244:12 269:10	Andrew 9:4 340:3
113:7,16 115:11	amendments	292:8	343:3,4,6
116:21 122:17	165:5	amongst 172:7	Anestheologist 9:6
124:15		173:13 230:6	anesthesia 98:22
142:18,21	America 6:21 9:3	237:19 326:16	139:9,17 140:3
145:14,19 146:2	80:11 81:11 97:9		141:17,20 142:2
149:16,18 150:1	98:11 101:1	amount 64:20 88:8	152:20
163:6,8 164:6	106:17,18	90:18 105:1	157:12,22
167:6 168:19	223:21 320:4,18	163:18 175:16	160:12
193:17,19	340:7	176:22 183:9	237:13,16
223:3,6,13 226:1	American 2:18	206:20 247:19	346:4,5,10,11
237:1,3 238:20	4:6,7,9,11,18	266:22 312:6	348:5,6,18 364:8
263:4 274:13,18	5:20	319:13 335:11	, ,
340:16 342:14	6:6,9,16,18,19,2	339:18 351:9	anesthesiologist
346:15 348:11	0 52:3,6,22 53:1	amounted 64:18	17:20 196:13
349:22 353:11	71:21 79:1 97:15	amounts 287:3	237:9 346:1
361:6,10	110:21 125:8		anesthesiologists
364:5,20	131:22 136:3	amp 60:11	4:11 5:20 6:9,19
alternatives 41:8	138:22 139:1,7	ampoule 112:18	99:9 110:11
111:3 121:2	144:1 150:8	ampoules 112:12	119:5 138:22
142:10 153:4	156:18 184:7	<u> </u>	139:7,8,13,14
155:8 173:1	188:18 192:21	Amy 98:1 203:9	140:9 141:4
231:9 236:16	193:1 196:15	analgesic 231:21	142:8 205:9,16
248:17 261:9	202:18 205:8,15	analgesics 231:1	206:13 222:22
264:12 271:2,4	206:12,13,14		234:3 347:4
341:17 343:16	216:4 218:4	analog 184:6	anesthesiology
364:16	222:22 239:12	analyses 263:7	4:10 143:5
am 88:11 92:2	277:2 346:9	264:4	146:12 153:1
99:22 100:7	Americans 188:20	analysis 100:1	155:9 196:16
101:18,21	AmerisourceBerg	123:7 138:6	223:8 346:9
101:16,21	en 47:7	165:2	anesthetic 141:5
170:15 173:4		analytic 30:13	346:4
189:2 256:2	Amikacin 48:21	•	
257:2,15 278:13	110:8 146:14	analyzed 265:2	Anesthetists 139:1
331:15 333:5	amino 88:21	anaphylaxis 60:1	anesthetize 348:11
345:22 350:20	115:19,21	112:19	anew 367:17
	AML 86:2 122:12		

	1 48) 	
Angeles 116:15	110:6 146:12	230:4 250:13	appeared 360:15
anger 117:10	232:1	251:1 356:17	appears 186:20
angry 96:18	antibodies 20:12	anything 114:19	285:5 317:14
137:12	antibody 32:10	151:22 155:22	applaud 12:20
Anita 267:22	anticancer 121:18	156:10 170:18	190:2 342:20
268:16 273:12		193:11 199:2	353:15,20
319:15	anticipate 232:4	225:10 253:6 305:15	Applause 87:10
322:15,16	anticipated 145:16		94:15 101:13
anniversary 89:19	anticipating 253:2	anyway 94:13 109:7 160:15	106:21 369:2
279:3	antidepressant	166:2	application
announce 328:8	85:7		214:16,19,21
announced 295:8	anti-infective	anywhere 62:11 229:18 314:19	286:20
	340:13,15		338:8,10,19
annual 44:10 345:1	341:4,7	AP 148:6	339:1
	antimicrobial	apart 53:2	applied 64:17
annually 213:16	341:5	API 23:12 26:9	309:12
264:6 329:16	antimicrobials	124:8 247:5	applies 248:7
anonymously	48:19 340:20	258:16 269:16	apply 124:9
339:11 360:20	341:16	286:21 287:1,6 304:15 307:6	280:21 303:2
answer 67:14	antineoplastics	308:4 309:11	appreciate 36:17
71:22 80:4 92:17	48:12	367:12	38:3 119:22
127:5 166:20 180:8 241:6	antipsychotic	APIs 309:9	155:11 174:11
254:15,20 256:1	343:20		176:14 197:22
270:6 273:9	anti-trust 185:12	apologize 107:22 237:10 350:4	202:16 235:1,3 237:22 238:11
283:3 316:2,16	187:2 270:9		239:7 241:3
350:14,16,19	271:22	APP 8:6 97:16 297:18 299:10	276:22 306:17
352:1,6	anxiety 81:8 84:17	303:18 304:18	324:22 339:22
answered	163:1	317:8 325:12	appreciated 184:1
350:5,11,13	anxious 84:16	332:16	218:10 235:7,19
answers 124:21	anybody 17:12	appalling 265:6	appreciates 191:4
167:3 315:19	176:19 218:1	apparent 355:12	appreciation
anthracyclines	233:1,14 236:4,9	356:4	257:4
231:20	245:7 246:17	apparently 218:19	
antibacterial	260:1 317:20	222:17	appreciative 144:22
364:9	354:17		
antibiotic 99:2	anymore 160:16	appealing 250:8	approach 24:18 29:1 77:6 179:10
110:9	anyone 40:4 85:1	appear 145:16	230:13 293:7
antibiotics 49:22	86:10 196:1	146:17 266:15	364:20

		i	
approaches 20:8	201:20 219:16	52:18	ASHP-University
24:22 25:11 26:2 225:21	223:1 225:7 227:4,15 233:13	array 204:17	55:12 58:11
	252:12 308:16	arrest 105:15	aside 129:17
approaching 132:16 364:18	309:6 320:19	arrival 287:1	aspect 70:8 283:22
	321:12 326:6	arriving 82:14	assess 53:8
appropriate 35:16 57:22 153:6,10	360:16	artery 88:1	assessment 28:13
177:5 209:14	364:12,22 366:7,22 368:21	article 109:1,14	32:8 75:4 76:21
212:8 225:9	·	, i	242:11 243:4
238:17	areas 32:4 51:12 56:9 80:11	articulated 206:8	assist 232:8 317:19
261:7,8,12	109:14 132:9	articulates 114:20	assistance 232:9
321:12 322:7 334:22 341:8	161:14 174:7	articulations	236:7 308:6
	175:7 226:11	136:8	assistant 8:4 299:4
appropriately 236:16 237:3	228:2 251:20	A's 31:8	associate 2:19 4:16
336:14	271:21 274:7 308:1,9,10	ASA 139:7 143:7	277:9 339:14
approval 72:3	343:15 364:7,11	206:5 228:3	associated
124:6 207:15	arena 230:5	233:15,17	64:14,16 100:3
212:7 214:19		252:15,19	139:21 294:16
215:2,7 266:14	aren't 41:11,17 43:19 51:14	ascertained	344:1
267:4 280:17	43.19 31.14 150:20 199:21	265:22	association 2:18
287:7 289:6	238:6 252:4	ASCO 137:6	4:4 5:7 6:18,21
approve 287:5	argue 63:13	218:16 219:18 249:13,15	7:12,13,18 8:11 52:3 53:1 120:2
306:4	arguing 117:1	ĺ	139:1 184:4
approved	0 0	ASCP 240:12	185:18 206:12
72:5,9,14 148:2 193:20 214:13	arise 12:13 130:1 294:7 330:21	aseptic 114:15	216:7 239:12
255:10 280:13		116:12 159:13	267:21 268:1,20
284:4 332:1	arisen 122:5 128:13 208:6	ASHP 39:10,22	269:22
362:22		53:3,10 54:8,17 55:10 57:13 62:4	276:10,14,19
approximately	arises 169:10	67:18,20 137:6	associations 184:20 216:6,9
107:11 140:8	arm 137:20 138:2	153:16 172:16	235:20 243:15
April 95:7,17	278:5	216:13 219:12	256:9 276:6
103:12 140:8	arms 319:18	232:16	300:15 330:11
archaically 112:6	Arnold 4:11	243:12,18 253:8 261:7 314:13	assume 231:4
area 24:15 50:14	138:22 139:5 222:21 233:16		assumes 79:16
57:17 104:17		ashp.org/ shortages 39:14	197:15
108:18 111:6	arouse 338:18	ASHP's 200:12	assuming 72:1
153:22 173:20 175:5 193:4	arranged 141:13	231:12	assure 115:14
1/5.5 195.4	arrangements	<i>23</i> 1.1 <i>2</i>	198:17 228:2

	U	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
279:6 290:6	370:4	155:6,20 162:21	232:18 234:13
291:2 358:14	August 96:14	166:18 167:12	255:3 271:17
assured 91:10 96:3	121:17	175:16 185:17	277:6 282:10
240:17 253:15		190:15	298:1 330:5
	auspicious 12:13	219:2,20,21	338:1
assuring 282:1	authorities 21:10	230:18 241:10	awareness 220:5
astounding 281:18	149:10 287:5	259:13,21	239:5 342:19
asymptomatic	authority 21:12,19	260:7,9,14,22	
95:10	25:2 26:20 135:1	272:13,14,17	away 121:13
	208:7 209:10	282:3 285:5	225:21 274:1
Ativan 160:8	249:1 298:22	326:18 328:3,5	awkward 92:6
Atlanta 196:14	345:1,2,14	334:17,18	awoke 348:14
attacks 84:17	, , ,	339:18 343:16	awoke 540.14
	authorization	344:13 345:7,11	В
attended 350:9,10	149:11	348:15 349:15	
attending 110:20	authorized	352:13 359:10	babies 99:1 146:2
attention 50:3	71:10,16 209:14	361:2 362:13	backbone 332:6
87:7 149:6	224:19 315:13	365:6 367:4	backbones 332:4
184:14 187:10	automated 113:21	368:9	backed 263:17
191:11 208:9	198:13,14	Avastin 116:8,14	
230:21 238:3,5	AV 337:15	avenue 1:12 320:5	background 20:3
312:7			52:20 150:20
Attention-Deficit	availability 25:3	average 82:2	233:3,12 281:20
5:12	35:14 62:13 97:7	106:6 211:4 265:6	326:22
	100:3 126:8		backup 61:13
Attention-Deficit/	135:9 146:4	avert 31:10,16	295:11
Hyperactivity	184:17 233:9 293:20 294:6	35:10 244:15	backwards 256:5
191:2	293.20 294.6 354:6	289:10 339:20	bacterial/mold
attest 237:13		averted 225:6	34:10
attorney 5:14	available 11:12,15	avoid 68:6,10 89:1	
181:18 192:2	25:17,21 27:7	191:9 200:4	bad 48:5 95:13
213:13,22	28:14 40:20	203:21 266:2	108:10,19
370:10	48:16 53:9 59:20		bag 90:13
attractive 24:17	62:2,15,17,18,21	awake 84:11	91:9,17,21
250:2	64:1 69:1 78:14	awaken 110:10	92:1,4,12 104:5
	88:15 90:21 98:17 107:4	awakening 141:21	158:11,12
audience 68:15	113:8,18 121:2	142:5	bags 92:2
82:12 236:1,4	125:12 128:10	aware 11:9 13:2	103:15,17
254:9 327:9 356:16	129:1,4	36:19 37:22	ball 179:10
	133:15,16	106:12,14	
audiences 171:17	134:20 138:1,3	150:20 153:15	Baltimore 8:18
audio 337:6,10	145:15 149:16	164:6,22 223:14	333:21
		,	Bank 237:8 239:7

	1 46		
banking 351:18	Batalka's 107:1	begin 95:1 260:19	234:3
_	batch 93:1	277:14 279:9	benefit/risk 25:11
Barbara 3:11 97:20	bay 160:11	288:9 306:4	35:1
101:15,16,17	ř	355:4	benefits 4:16
106:22	bazillion 169:22	beginning 19:2	28:14 100:2
	Beall 92:22	74:22 91:22	150:15 239:2
barcoding 118:5	beard 157:20	199:11 230:7,14	353:14
barrier 161:2	beat 174:15 350:8	253:4 290:21	benefit-to-risk
170:6,7 183:17		326:22 363:14	353:9
Barrsyndrome	beautiful 90:3	begs 265:19	
278:16	became 60:2 83:11	behalf 79:10	benign 132:5
base 295:16	84:3,16 85:2	107:21 108:1	Benjamin 6:15
	90:16 91:5 137:6	180:15 253:8	215:22 216:1,2
based 28:13 29:13 30:5 74:10 126:3	338:1 355:12	277:9 290:22	218:15 219:7
175:9 210:7	356:4	314:13 334:1	220:9 221:11
213:16 229:14	become 36:19	behind 13:3,17	223:18,19
239:1 257:19	39:11 106:12,13	85:20 105:21	225:10 228:3
262:2 272:7	129:4 133:15,16	220:7	229:10 230:4
281:14 298:16	134:20 137:5		231:6 232:13,15
338:8 356:1	141:22 212:21	beings 82:6	234:5 235:4,20 236:4 237:6
359:4 368:11	219:21 234:1	believe 52:5 58:2	241:4 243:18
basic 213:14	becomes 253:3	101:3 117:19	244:13 245:8
	becoming 52:21	132:13 161:1	246:10 248:8
basically 108:22	84:18	170:5 177:9	249:13 250:13
111:1 112:13		180:5 207:21	251:7 252:15
221:18 351:8	bed 55:15 84:19	217:4 219:13 255:10 261:7	253:6 314:13
basis 17:1	102:17	279:21 284:17	317:20
56:17,18,19	bed-bound 102:16	285:3 287:17	Bennicoff 3:11
57:20 127:14	bed-bounded	288:18 290:8	101:15,17
137:11 140:19	101:20	296:11	Berman 8:17
163:4 185:2 210:3 232:17	Bedford 8:8 299:6	297:11,19	333:20
251:17 253:13	305:14 315:21	301:22 309:13	
260:16 270:15	355:17	317:15 319:15	Bernstein 72 16 10 10
272:18 289:15	beds 55:17 56:6	324:9 327:1	73:16,18,19
309:13 329:14		332:16 349:9	229:12 242:6
338:4,9 339:7	bedside 53:15	358:20 359:16	244:2,17 245:11 271:10,11
344:6 345:3	been-there-done-	believes 146:18	271:10,11 272:12 273:6,10
355:21 356:11	that 158:5	334:19 336:8	312:15,20,21
Batalka 93:18	beg 89:13	benefit 27:19	323:1,4 324:22
101:21	begging 131:9	122:4 144:17	325:19
101.21	begging 131.9	151:9 186:5	

	1 46		
Bernstein's 314:4	bidirectional	blast 313:6	183:10
Berry 4:11 139:2,5	148:18 166:9,12	blind 282:4 318:10	book 199:14
168:14 169:2	bigger 19:11 75:8	blinded 116:17	240:14
222:21 234:5	356:13	blindness 116:14	born 102:5 192:9
252:16	biggest 182:4		Boston 143:22
best 11:21 40:1	227:7 293:15	blood 5:4 84:3 103:4,9 104:20	bottle 360:8,14
44:7 59:17 74:17 82:9 84:20 98:22	bill 203:8,9 204:11	105:4,9 104.20	bound 44:3
99:1,4 101:6	292:15	184:16 265:9	
127:19 144:19	billion	318:12	boundaries 201:5
156:13 157:13	281:4,6,12,17,18	bloodstream	bow 234:18
160:1 174:15	bills 203:6 204:21	89:3,4 94:10	bowel 88:2,3,7,13
188:20	255:7	115:16 116:5	box 254:21 320:12
190:15,16 195:16 225:19	biologic 32:9	blue 49:12	Boxer 97:20
247:11 263:3	41:16	Blum 4:18 9:8	boxes 60:5
266:5,10	biologics 177:18	156:15,17 159:8	
271:9,17 286:6	biotechnology	161:4 169:2,3	BPCA 144:20
300:8 325:21	32:11 192:2	170:4 198:6 259:1 345:18	branches 311:2
326:18 342:15 349:7 353:21	bipartisan 204:19	350:3,4 359:14	brand 59:9 124:14
356:21 363:2	bipolar 343:11	Blum's 174:17	126:5 190:10 276:17
365:17 367:21	Birmingham 8:3		280:11,22 283:7
Beth 143:22	299:3 300:18,19	board 5:10 183:14 187:17 190:6	284:2,4,6,9,12
Bethesda 67:6	birthday 89:18	318:7 321:2,4	311:9 345:7,11
	bit 20:15 40:3 41:6	boards 115:3	brand-named
better 13:11,22 15:7 73:8 75:22	42:22 44:16,21	314:1 318:6	280:2,18
82:8 97:12	50:3 52:20 55:4	Bob 67:5 203:10	bread-and-butter
128:14,20 186:2	68:11 74:4 89:10	body 83:9 86:16	140:18
190:13 201:19	93:13 112:16	103:1 105:19	breadth 169:7
211:7 221:4 223:22 252:13	140:15,16 150:19 178:22	bolus 83:19 160:10	206:17
254:9 262:8	179:11 200:13		break 5:22 66:19
263:11 268:5,9	223:4 248:11	Bona 6:15 215:22 216:2 218:17	77:9 85:19
272:15 279:13	310:16 319:12	243:18 249:14	183:16 197:19
290:5 307:18	353:5,19 359:5	255:18 314:12	275:13 306:3 354:15
308:2 309:7	black 5:14 107:9	315:22 316:21	
323:14 326:2	191:19,22 192:1	355:14	breakdown 33:12 35:4
beyond 210:19	254:21	bone 85:10 122:22	
252:22 364:22	blame 45:19	132:4	breaking 195:13
bias 321:3	blanks 201:2	bones 157:20	breast 97:3 122:16
		l l	

	1 46		
348:21,22	brutal 87:3	321:17 322:8	campaign 342:19
349:13	Bryant 7:7 224:17	339:14 351:11 353:21 360:4	campus 202:7
breathing 103:21 347:5,8 348:1	256:15 262:15,18 268:2	businesses 44:5	cancellation 121:9 264:2
Brian's 269:4	273:12	278:10	cancellations
brief 190:21 203:4	budgets 195:14	busy 157:5	141:15 152:21
279:15 293:3	build 36:3 303:17 336:5 353:19	button 83:18	cancelled 141:10
briefly 13:1	354:9	buy 170:1,2	143:2 335:9
130:13,20 137:17 150:19	building 1:13	261:14,15 320:12	cancer 4:6 5:4,8,9
205:17 256:3	17:16,17 18:16	buyer 331:6	8:16,18 48:12 50:4 56:1 57:6
342:9	295:4 305:21	ľ	71:21 72:13 79:1
brilliant 355:1,9	311:9 327:3	buyers 195:18,19 224:6,22 230:16	80:9 83:9
bring 118:21	358:7	329:12	86:10,20 88:12
177:5 182:19	built 22:2 206:22 299:18	buying 68:6	95:8,16,21 96:2,4,9
189:6 221:14		126:20 175:8	98:6,14,19 99:8
228:5 269:13 294:17,19 298:6	bulk 97:6 98:7	240:16 260:6	100:7
331:21 368:13	bullets 73:22	261:17 262:3,22 268:6 270:2	120:5,8,12,14,15
bringing 32:1,17	Bult 107:8 183:21	368:12	,19 122:16 123:3,4 125:8
brings 332:11	184:2,3	bypassing 88:17	123.3,4 123.8 126:1,8,17 127:1
Briscoe-Dwyer	Bult184 5:6	Byrd 6:8	129:7,9
261:16	bunch 245:18	205:8,11,14	130:10,21 131:6
broad 208:12			136:6 137:19 161:14,20
341:9	burden 16:18 58:17 64:8 66:1	C	163:2,8,11,13,22
broadcast 324:18	187:9 209:1	cabinets 59:9	165:13 181:19
broaden 252:21	burdensome	Calabrese 4:15	182:10
broader 80:5	213:18	150:10,11,14 154:21	187:15,22 188:4 294:11
292:11 340:14	Burgunda 2:19	156:4,7,9,15	331:15,16,18,19,
broadly 23:18	9:11 51:22 52:4	calcium 49:4,6	20 332:1,2
53:15 54:5	burn 77:2	91:5,6,7 93:14	333:3,8,20
149:19	busiest 346:7	94:4 172:17	334:4,9,12,14,19 335:1,2 337:4
broke 347:14	business 19:4,5	183:9	348:22
broken 157:20	44:6 52:16	calculation 60:15	349:1,8,13 361:1
182:6	160:22 248:1	calculations 30:3	cancers 86:9 97:3
brought 85:6	250:7,11 254:5 280:3 281:22	calendar 230:13	121:16 125:16
Broviac 88:20	282:2 284:22	camera 194:14	capabilities

	1 46		
264:9,12 295:11	57:12	Care11	161:13,18
314:6 357:21		9 3:17	165:19
	care 3:4,12 5:8,19		
capability 305:1,3	9:10 17:1,6	career 38:18	categories 20:6
capacity 12:2	52:15 53:21	careful 89:16	23:6 54:13 57:11
13:20 18:4,9	54:20,22 55:20	177:13 288:2	170:22 171:17
21:20 23:10,19	56:11	351:4	188:3 268:3
29:20 33:18	57:12,20,22	carefully 15:16	categorize 323:5
144:3 199:19	58:3,16	26:16 325:15	category 72:2 75:3
210:5 233:8	59:1,20,21		268:4 343:17
258:13 283:16	60:10,17 63:10	caregiver 102:15	
289:20 290:2	64:12,22 65:12,22 66:11	caregivers 330:1	cath 139:17
295:4,5,13	74:17 79:5,18	caring 347:9	catheter 89:7
297:16,19	89:1 95:14 99:19	352:15	92:10 94:9
304:7,11	100:20		catheter-related
305:10,17,19	120:4,8,11,15,18	carried 130:17	89:3
314:17 315:1	,22 121:8,13	carry 121:3 131:1	
345:2,15	123:17,19	255:20	cause 18:11 23:4
358:6,14 359:22	131:14 136:6	carrying 92:4	31:13,14 33:5,6,12 45:21
368:2,3,5	137:15 138:2,18	ı S	62:20 63:12,14
capsule 280:15	139:9 140:5	cart 59:21 118:11	111:21 112:21
360:14	141:13 142:4	carts 60:6 202:6	178:5 182:9
capsules 360:7	143:21 144:5	case 66:17 82:2	186:14 195:11
_	151:8 152:2	105:6 118:15	245:10 247:2
CAPT 67:14 76:2	187:22 188:20	182:3 203:18	263:22 284:12
239:18 243:10	196:13 210:10	204:3,14 234:20	288:4,18 290:14
306:21	217:22 219:22	246:3,4 247:7	297:8,21 330:2
capture 224:12	232:21 233:9	250:10 265:9	336:20 350:13
car 87:22	234:4 236:13,18	303:21 317:8	356:13 366:20
	251:22 252:1,2	case-by-case	
cardiac 105:15	255:5 256:8	289:15	caused 83:16
139:17 346:4	258:4 263:13		258:9 277:7
Cardinal 7:11	264:1 271:3	cases 26:12 35:6	282:10 285:13
47:7 355:3	278:19 334:8	81:22 98:9 121:1	286:12
CardinalHealth	335:10 337:5	122:5 134:7	causes 2:13 13:21
7:6 256:15,20	340:14 342:15	148:19 234:14	17:5 38:15 73:22
260:4 272:12	346:3,19,20,22	258:6 266:5	74:1,10 101:9
321:17	348:18	284:4,13 315:20	109:21
	349:17,20	330:2 344:10	128:14,17 129:5
cardio 105:14	352:8,11,19	345:6 353:12	130:6 134:10
Cardiothoracic	353:2,6 355:8	Casey 203:10	184:12 191:14
5:19	356:10 364:18	CAT 158:3	199:8 206:18
cardiovascular	368:19		211:17 284:15
		catastrophic	286:2 293:1

	1 ag		
296:7 301:9	88:19	cervical 157:18	challenging 45:22
causing 17:17 35:5	centrally 154:8	CGMP 280:20	64:7 165:4
74:9 192:5 335:8	330:17	286:8,18	362:20
cautioned 91:8,20	cents 182:22	CHADD	chance 10:12
CBS 261:16	195:15	191:1,4,6,7,15	106:10 159:13
	century 198:12		217:17 326:4
cc 60:11 92:13	248:5	chain 7:2,3 10:21	change 15:18
182:22		46:16 51:12 64:9	28:10 38:15
CDC 179:19 208:5	CEO 184:3	65:6 68:14	92:3,8 93:7
342:5	276:14,18 278:7	151:22 152:1	100:17 114:3
	312:5 324:18	252:5 253:20	123:13 135:2
CDER 2:4 19:22	CEOs 54:1	256:6,11 257:9	148:20 162:15
20:3 31:21 67:15		260:13 261:2,22	189:18,19,20
242:9 324:14	certain 13:2 21:4	266:8 268:22	251:12 255:8
339:19	27:11 149:8	272:22 273:14	311:19
CDER's 20:8 37:3	197:3 282:5	279:15 280:4	
73:20 197:21	318:19 323:19	288:1 303:2	changed 112:6
ceased 121:14	335:11 337:1	315:8,16 319:5,6	113:22 122:3
	349:21	336:9,12,15	141:4 166:20
celebrate 279:3	certainly 11:21	354:6 355:19	198:8 248:15
celebrated 89:18	24:13 36:8	358:9,14	changes 27:22
	37:4,18 42:6	359:8,11 367:8	94:11 121:10
cell 132:6 161:15	43:22 44:8 51:12	chains 154:3	163:19 186:11
cells 83:9	57:7 70:6 77:6	chair 102:17 132:1	198:14 235:18
center 1:5 2:3,6,10	128:4 132:22	144:1 181:12	268:7 287:8
5:4,9,17 8:18	136:17 153:21	183:7 187:17	300:10 310:19
12:7 15:2 20:13	155:17 178:21		335:13
32:2 42:13 95:16	179:5 204:2,21	chairs 84:22	changing 58:15
97:5 143:22	217:10 218:22	challenge 12:14	59:15
156:22 173:5	219:5 222:10	17:4 18:6 19:14	
175:4,6,18 179:5	236:19,22	79:21 134:15	channel 266:7
187:16 188:20	268:20 269:12	164:15 165:11	317:7 338:17
213:21 216:14	270:7,12 274:3	189:7 314:3	channels 243:20
236:11 237:6	301:2,5,21	challenges 13:19	Chapter 114:16
328:20 330:4	324:12	18:10 24:14	115:5
333:21 369:2	353:13,20	47:10 119:11,12	
centers 55:22	354:10 356:19	120:17 166:4	characteristics
127:1 139:19	357:21 367:9	188:14 280:7	142:2 280:19
151:20	CERTIFICATE	283:18 285:21	chargeback 222:5
175:5,11,14,15	370:1	293:15 300:14	charged 195:15
188:7,8,15	certification 229:3	326:4 334:12	chart 42:20
231:11 248:12		344:8 361:5	
central 49:16	certify 370:3	362:15 367:12	CHC 230:7

	<u>U</u>		
CHCA 223:18	161:14	28:16 149:14	climb 84:19
230:4 234:5	163:10,22	234:13	Clinic 8:14 131:22
246:19	165:12	citation 22:8	187:19 328:19
cheaper 249:18	children 5:12	cities 116:15	329:4 331:1
check 91:9 311:17	86:9,16 89:20	citizens 192:21	clinical 2:19 4:9
checked 30:15	141:14 143:19 144:15,16,20	city 82:14	5:16 6:19 48:6
checks 117:22	145:9,12 147:4	<u> </u>	56:3 61:1 63:7
	150:2 161:18	Civil 278:3,5	65:12 123:3,4,8 133:4 134:3,6
cheeseburger 94:7	163:8 165:19	claimed 56:20	136:4
chemistry 177:20	178:2 189:6	clarify 231:8	137:18,19,21
chemo 83:4 88:14	191:1 341:3	303:22	161:22
96:4,16,20	348:14	clarity 365:3	163:9,12,14,15,1
97:2,4 100:9,21 333:11	children's 4:20	class 49:11 192:2	7 164:2,4,19,22
	5:17 75:17 161:9 163:21 164:21	213:14 340:20	165:3,6 173:4,21 189:9 197:6
chemotherapeutic 238:8	173:5,18 178:1	classes 49:15 50:1	206:14
	225:7	classified 109:14	261:8,9,12
chemotherapy 17:7	chloride 49:7	252:22	299:11 303:20
50:1,4,8,10,11,1	91:6,7,15	clean 85:1	329:13 335:5,9
9 83:1 86:6 87:5	choice 105:18	cleaning 44:12	337:1 339:16
88:11 96:3	134:8 194:1	84:18	344:5 361:9,17 364:13
100:15 110:18	choices 347:19	clear 39:21 41:14	
111:7,14	choir 90:5	95:20 162:10	clinically 153:10 156:21 195:11
121:9,10,16,20 122:15,21		225:3 229:8	
123:1,10,14	choose 133:20 340:16 346:15	244:17 274:21	clinician 133:6
162:3 163:5		312:9 328:2	clinicians 39:8,16
165:9 265:15	choosing 44:9	330:9	40:22 41:10
331:6 333:7	133:18	clearinghouse	60:18 61:9,17,22 62:11 63:10 64:8
361:1	chords 237:19	226:13,19	65:11 128:18
chest 102:20	Chris 329:6	clearly 22:20	132:3,11 134:19
chicken 351:14,20	chronic 80:10 82:5	56:11 99:4 100:1	225:15 277:7
chief 4:16 5:12	88:4 95:21 102:7	114:19 182:6	282:11 293:6,16
8:7,14 125:7	191:17	234:2 259:19 337:13 357:2	clinics 2:15 8:20
143:20 299:11	chuckles 143:17	358:5	38:13 47:6
303:19,20	circle 198:4	Cleveland 8:14	120:22 140:4
328:18	circumstance	328:19 329:4	151:5 303:12 326:12 337:19
child 6:21 86:11	197:9	331:1	
223:21 224:6	circumstances	clients 193:3	close 17:4 38:1,9 44:11 50:17 59:4
childhood 102:9	22:11,12 27:11	chemis 1/J.J	44.11 30.17 39.4
	,	I	

	1 ag	- 1	
84:10 99:9 165:7 190:21 192:13 233:18 247:22	co-convening 206:11	326:8 collaborations	colorectal 331:18,19,22 332:2
368:22	code 201:15	124:11	column 42:8
closed 53:13 81:22	COG 164:22	collaborative	
84:11 151:3	Cohen 3:15,18	289:6 327:5	columns 42:10
closely 32:11,12	69:21 70:3 71:18	collaboratively	Combined 264:4
234:7 240:20	87:13,14 94:16 107:15,19	204:20	combing 329:19
245:21 248:13 296:18 303:10,11,13	124:22 125:3 130:12,15,19	colleague 52:9 131:4 181:7 183:3 205:16	come-first-served 338:13
· · ·	131:15 135:21	218:21 219:18	comes 64:4 79:13
closer 290:11 closest 158:21	138:21 143:11,13,17	colleagues 136:15 145:20 209:5	195:10 231:13 245:2 304:7
closing 9:13 10:7 66:7 130:13	150:6 154:20 156:3,5,8,14 161:4 165:21	210:12 253:10,11	comfortable 83:21 362:4
267:16	167:19,21 169:2	305:15 330:3	coming 11:14
closure 50:19	170:13 174:9,12	335:1,21	71:13 118:2
347:7	176:13 178:15	collect 82:1 185:15	138:14 139:5 167:3 178:12
clotting 90:14,19	180:1,17 221:13 228:4 252:2	collected 54:2	193:9 195:17,22
185:8		collecting 186:21	196:8 218:12
cloud 173:12	Cohen8	collection 121:19	224:10 258:19
clustering 23:21	8 3:9	128:16 184:21	311:11 326:3
CMOP 151:13,16	coin 247:12	207:19	351:19
152:5,12	co-insurance 81:3	collective 207:1,10	commend 292:2
CMS 248:22 249:3		216:8,11	330:7
coagulation 132:6	collaborate 154:10 172:21 183:16	292:12,20	commended 81:18
coal 157:7	212:12 279:5	collectively 306:18	comment 4:22 5:2 8:12 71:19 73:17
coalesce 216:21	327:10,16	college 2:20 4:18	74:19 75:19 76:1
coalition	collaborating	90:1 150:8 156:18	78:4 135:19
278:1,4,7,9	20:20 164:13		144:8 156:6,7
327:3	298:5 303:5	colleges 100:19	178:16
Coast 354:3	collaboration	237:13	180:2,5,19,21
	39:21 43:7	collides 197:11	191:5 217:10
cocktails 96:4	173:8,13 182:15	colon 8:16 181:19	223:1 226:18 233:15 235:6,22
co-convener	191:8 213:20	182:10	236:5 240:12,22
207:17	234:11 236:22 291:9	331:15,16 333:3	241:3 242:6
co-conveners 6:7	306:13,16,17	Colorado 5:5	270:10 271:22
205:3	311:1 312:13	203:12	272:2 302:7
	5 1 1 1 1 5 1 2 1 1 5	<u> </u>	

		·	
315:7 317:3	commitments	241:19 242:8	284:9,22 285:21
320:20	368:21	243:14,19,21	286:20 297:22
322:15,16,17	committed 37:5	246:4 252:19	320:17 324:2
326:10 327:21	211:14 213:1	254:19 258:20	company 44:3
328:5 329:2	278:13 286:4	259:7,9	93:22 94:22
354:16,22	296:1 300:1	270:11,13,19,22	185:16,17 201:8
355:9,10	301:5	274:4 291:9	244:22 245:21
commented		294:3,8 323:15	285:20 296:3
304:17 308:14	committee 127:22	324:12 326:16	308:21 309:18
316:22 317:12	132:2 181:10,13	329:21 366:2	314:16 325:9,16
	183:7 184:16	communications	332:16 339:17
Commenting	196:16,20	14:9 62:5,7	346:9
234:6	249:22 267:15	75:20 124:3	
comments 2:4	committees 218:14	134:17 209:22	company's 288:20
10:2,8,10,11,13,	Commodine 94:10	210:8 211:5	comparative
16 11:2,4 13:7		224:9 235:12	231:19,22
16:5 71:19 73:6	commodity 65:18	252:17 253:4	compare 235:15
81:13,15	common 146:15	254:10 255:2	•
93:17,18 95:3	165:12 219:15	259:14 268:9,11	compared 110:1
107:5,11,12	301:10,14	271:9 293:16	133:22 138:3
134:11 150:12	306:18 363:19	300:4,6,7 324:14	265:4
161:16,21	365:4	342:10 366:4	compatible
176:15,16	commonest 182:9	communities	91:7,16
197:22 198:2,5		177:1	compels 291:8
218:16 232:22	commonly 60:21		•
257:12 258:15	113:3	community 54:1,6	competition
293:2 304:6	communicate	71:1 116:10	269:3,10,11 284:10
307:19 323:5	149:19	136:14,18,22	
324:7,10 325:20	260:14,17	149:20 172:19	competitive
330:10 356:16	293:8,21 298:3	175:6 181:5	185:14 269:13
365:6 368:16	303:7 317:4	182:5 202:2	304:9
comments/	326:11 330:5	230:3 291:14	competitor 193:7
thoughts 78:1	communicated	303:9 326:9,14	201:14
Commerce 55:22	225:14 293:17	328:21 335:2,22	competitors 17:21
204:15	365:15	community-based	•
	communicating	125:14	compile 129:1
commercial 8:7 115:21 303:20	224:7 225:2	companies 50:22	complete
	244:12 365:8	65:1 69:6,7	189:3,15,17
commitment		76:10 125:12	191:10 204:3
36:11 186:17	communication	149:4 155:4	209:17 297:10
208:2 277:1	108:18	193:22 200:3	303:13 311:7
282:18 291:1	166:8,9,12,13	201:6 247:20	326:6 339:1
301:8 364:2	172:2 195:19 224:1,3 225:14	273:8 281:9,10	completed 53:14
	224.1,3 223.14		1

	1 46		
90:1	238:21 283:5	125:22 148:6,14	323:19
completely 220:2	composed 334:6	163:7 173:3	confidentiality
263:15 347:15	compound 60:12	191:6 196:4	288:20
completes 354:14	compounders	198:16 201:11,20	configuration
completing 311:7	113:21 116:10	340:12	134:22
completion 337:1	compounding	concerning 162:16	configure 360:10
•	60:14 228:7	174:8 237:17	confirm 329:2
complex 14:9 24:13 51:11	331:7	concerns 81:5	confirming 266:9
128:4 162:10	compounds 114:9	129:18 195:21	conflict 206:4
177:18 204:10	comprehensive	206:8 265:18	
247:1 248:1	146:18 294:5	293:10 334:15	conflicts 52:17 87:17 109:9
282:17 344:18	337:5	343:14 366:9	125:8 150:16
362:9 366:19	compromise	conclude 101:2	161:7 206:6
complexities 366:13	341:12	concluded 96:7	276:19
	compromises	97:22 369:4	confronting 79:20
complexity 208:1 366:18	109:20	conclusion 347:22 348:13	confronts 286:22
compliance 32:13	compromising		confusion 250:16
73:20 185:12	58:15 215:4	concrete 327:15	congratulate 16:8
241:22 242:10	computer 118:4	concur 274:3	congratulated
243:1,5,11	concentrate	337:19	217:1
286:9,12 312:21 327:14	308:11	concurrently 290:6	congratulations
	concentration		12:11
compliant 187:2	114:1,2	condition 25:16 82:5 95:22 102:4	Congress 203:6
complicated 106:2	concentrations	195:22 344:1	204:12 287:18
210:10 211:19 212:21 213:6	113:16	347:7	292:17 336:17
215:13 341:15	concept 167:8	conditioning	congressional
363:2	concern 57:8	123:2	184:13
complications	71:17 84:4 86:13 121:7 138:9	conditions 104:13	Congressman
121:4	168:4 174:21	118:17 267:15	203:12
complied 185:5	176:22 186:8	conduct 271:9	congresswoman
comply 163:19	191:13 247:10	conducted 53:1	97:21,22 203:12
component 92:16	257:4 292:7 332:17 335:2,7	140:7	connected 139:20
145:21 146:5	338:7,18 341:22	conference 132:13	connection 98:19
162:14 227:9	342:2	240:15 278:3	consensus 205:22
283:8	concerned 70:7	confidence 172:4	207:14 291:10
components 91:8 211:17 227:12	72:13 123:18	confidential 124:7	327:4
411.1/44/.14	l		

	- J	i i	
consent 36:4	285:3,6	contains 91:18	continuum 303:14
192:19	297:4,5,8,20	contaminated	contract 24:3,7
consequence	357:22 358:3	116:18	51:17 116:22
323:7,10	constant 270:13	contamination	200:19 220:15
consequences	constantly 162:15	34:11 192:18	265:5
123:12,15 141:2	163:20 171:20		contracted 231:15
142:11 210:15	224:7	contemplated	278:15 350:22
362:6		245:9	351:1,2
	constraint 187:5	content 216:17	ŕ
Consequentially 88:2	constraints 43:13	context 14:5	contracting 24:6 264:10
	259:20		
conserve 153:6	construct 153:1	contingency 212:3,18,21	contraction
consider 26:15	367:4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	350:21
33:5 51:15 61:10	constructing 295:8	continue 23:4 25:3	contracts 61:15
103:19 124:2	_	37:4,9 44:3	154:4 222:7
147:17 266:14	consultant 4:16	78:18 95:10	264:17 268:8
286:16 296:6	239:10,12	124:20 135:6,13	269:18 300:3
297:1 309:14	331:16	144:13 163:19	contrary 284:17
339:12 351:16	consumer 14:18	188:13 190:4,16	· ·
considerable	consumers 36:15	198:15 207:3	contribute 18:20
65:19 202:8	37:16 278:10	208:22 212:1	89:21 121:7
247:8	282:1	214:17	135:8 185:9 277:13 282:14
consideration 59:2		215:16,18 240:1 241:15 246:2	
270:9 288:2	consuming 59:7	261:14 298:13	contributed
309:16	cont 3:1 4:1 5:1,2	303:3 308:18	119:12
	6:1 7:1 8:1 9:1	311:13 368:6	contributes 47:10
considered 41:17	contact 40:11		contributing
231:20	76:20 92:18	continued 39:12	70:13 269:7
considering 24:20	97:16 196:2	51:8 123:19 301:8	321:21
285:19	contacted 93:10		
consistent 57:9	97:15,19	continues 76:8	contributor 285:4
162:3 259:22	contacts 243:16	246:7 293:5	contributors 75:6
260:19 261:6		337:14	279:18
274:21 347:13	contain 88:21	continuing 14:20	control 21:21
consists 328:20	contained 90:13	37:3 50:21 240:9	45:8,10 315:9
	91:11	246:1 298:2	319:21 320:17
consolidated 151:14 154:12	containers 118:18	352:22	326:3 351:10
		continuous	controlled 191:11
consolidation	containing 147:21	83:17,18 197:2	213:5,9,12,14
13:18 23:20	containment	continuously	214:3,5 267:2
43:22 46:17 74:5	116:3	208:12	287:12 307:5
122:15 227:6		200.12	309:10 313:3

	1 ag		
344:17	corporations	country 41:10	4:22 6:4 9:13
convene 206:9	342:11	44:3 46:15 47:5	10:2 16:3 19:21
	correct 175:8	62:22 81:16	51:21 66:14
convening 181:4	275:14 286:18	90:22 91:1,3	67:1,22 69:19
205:12	303:19 315:10	102:2 108:8,22	70:1 71:18,20
conversation 13:5	321:5	115:3,6 117:18	72:4,9 73:8,15
249:15 293:12		129:20 131:9	75:14 77:8,14
303:14 318:5	correcting 36:12	151:4 175:1	79:3 87:11 94:17
conversations	correctly 322:11	177:9 178:3	101:14 106:22
206:22	correspondence	208:20 222:3	180:20 183:20
convinced 99:22	235:3	240:20 248:6	187:11 190:18
		310:4 345:6	191:18 194:7
cooperate 283:6	cost 43:18 58:18 64:14 65:18 68:8	346:7 349:5,18	196:9 197:18
cooperation		361:11	202:6,15 205:2
307:16	99:18 100:4	country's 143:19	215:21 216:1
	117:10 121:5 129:21	couple 11:18 41:15	235:21 236:3
cooperative 163:22	142:17,22 143:1	110:2 162:7	238:12 240:22
	154:18 187:1	165:10 188:14	255:18
coordinate 154:7	214:21	224:20 227:8	275:12,17
coordinated	249:10,11 263:6	235:8 248:3,11	328:8,11
326:15	264:5,7 281:14	279:18 286:2	361:8,12
coordinating	329:2,11,18	296:6 301:18	Cox's 198:4
242:16 244:5	345:8 348:19	308:1 341:20	199:12 200:14
	349:20	359:13	crap 350:20
coordination			351:22
32:14 216:14	cost/benefit 100:1	course 17:7 65:16	
258:20 262:5	costly 68:18	73:11 78:18	crash 59:21 60:6
coordinator 2:3	214:17 215:7	125:10 126:4	crazy 117:17
20:18,19 243:2	264:3	133:2,5 137:6	159:15
copayment 81:3	costs 65:14 116:20	156:8 166:9 190:3 192:15	create 46:6,13
	264:8 335:6	221:15 249:19	47:10 60:8 164:1
copays 345:10	346:20	261:1 282:20	194:2 264:18
coping 53:22	council 268:14	295:13 334:13	269:10 285:20
cords 347:8		339:2 363:7,11	288:3 363:16
	counsel 8:4 299:4	ŕ	364:16
core 269:5 336:19	370:7,10	COURT 370:1	created 104:6
corner 16:16	count 352:2	cover 255:9	314:4 358:1,18
cornered 351:7	counterfeit 117:7	coverage	creating 267:4,14
corporate 254:15	counterparts	248:14,15,16	311:10 326:4
Corporation	99:16	covered 81:2	creation 147:17
192:16 223:21	countries 155:16	243:7 248:20	creative 19:17
224:6	240:6	Cox 2:2,12 3:3,13	CICALIVE 17.1/
	l		

	1 48	C	
289:1	126:2,10,16	41:13,21,22 42:1	cyclophosphamide
creatively 19:14	142:14 157:9,15	50:20 115:1	122:11
	237:15 274:5	128:17 134:22	cysteine 183:7,8
crescendo 137:5	352:14 353:2	135:14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
crisis 104:3	critically-	148:15,16	cytarabine 46:2
130:7,10 212:1	necessary 287:2	164:15 207:10	122:14 130:22
216:20 242:3	critically-needed	214:11,14,18	164:5 177:22 294:11
264:19 266:11	219:3	215:1 269:7	
277:5 279:16		277:12 280:20	317:13,15,21 318:1
283:2 291:8	crop 108:5	282:13 289:3	
303:4,16	crossing 199:22	290:16,19	cytotoxic 357:7,8
criteria 212:5	crucial 56:10	295:14 334:3	
269:22	199:20 276:21	335:3,18 349:7	D
critical 9:10 15:9		currently 20:18	D.C 39:5 207:8
21:6 26:14 27:6	crucible 133:10	38:22 42:14	dad 82:11
30:21 31:11 32:8	crystallization	80:16 90:4 94:22	
37:15 49:20	34:13	98:5 140:12	daily 41:3 56:17
59:20 60:17 96:2	crystals 91:10,11	187:7 192:18	76:20 93:20
97:9 99:11 100:4	, in the second of the second	193:12 203:6	103:7 127:10
101:7,9 103:5	CT 96:8	208:13,17 210:4	140:19 216:15 232:17
114:7 129:15	cued 152:5	289:14,21	243:1,9,11,12
139:9 140:5,21	Cuetara 94:18,20	363:17 366:21	260:16 294:8,9
146:21	Cuetara	curves 45:13	329:14 356:6,11
147:7,8,14,17,22	Cuetara	custody 266:8	, and the second
149:2,7,8 150:4	.95 3:10	319:5	damage 288:17
168:15 196:13		customer 293:10	danced 182:20
204:11 212:3	culture 48:2		danger 115:7
214:11 215:10	cumulative 65:19	customers 260:15	Dangerous 240:14
227:20 233:16 236:13,18	curative 111:17	262:7 270:14,20 273:1 292:6	J
230.13,18	121:15 122:12	293:9,15 316:18	danuorubicin
241:1 259:12,15	123:16 178:2	317:2 319:13	122:11 176:5
283:2 293:11	cure 86:9 95:20	321:18 322:2	dark 87:2 222:14
294:11 298:4	100:17 105:21		darker 49:12
305:4	106:8 121:22	Customized 88:18	data 13:8 23:8,14
311:8,12,16	122:8 165:13,14	cut 104:2 119:18	28:7 29:14
352:8,11,19	189:3 349:9	290:11	30:18,21 48:14
361:13 362:2	cures 161:12	CyberKnife 96:11	54:2 55:5
criticality 239:3	163:14	cycle 96:13 100:11	74:2,7,10 82:1
310:21		189:13 338:21	121:19 123:7
	curious 315:6		138:6 143:3
critically 14:3	current 2:7 10:4	cycles 133:9	144:18 164:18
115:4 120:20	13:1 30:5	189:15	165:2 184:7,18
			r

	0	-	
185:1,6,10,16,17	155:20 169:14	246:6 251:11	163:4 186:2
,20,21	206:21,22	252:1 261:1	210:10
186:1,3,5,8,9,18,	243:13 258:19	329:16 344:5	declared 125:9
22 187:1,8	262:10 268:12	356:10	
200:12 210:8	277:16 287:6	deals 243:5	decrease 30:1 89:8
223:4 251:18	300:3 306:2,5,6		142:11 282:19
258:7,10	312:6 317:6	dealt 255:13	346:19
281:15,21	325:8,17 334:10	Dear 31:5 34:21	decreased 183:8
288:21 329:17	343:5,6	DEA-regulated	348:17
357:11,14	363:7,12,14,20	287:14	decreases 37:8
database 147:20	366:8,12,17		332:21
	days 11:11 74:14	death 100:18	
date 28:7 41:21	83:10 84:9,13	113:13 126:11	decreasing 175:19
145:2 193:10	85:12 133:4	142:13 146:6	decree 192:19
198:14 356:1,2,4	152:6 248:3	349:8	decrees 36:4
dates 63:21	263:17	deaths 115:19	
daughter	278:17,18 312:4	116:6	decrepit 247:1
85:2,4,5,8	317:6 320:14	debate 257:21	dedicated 57:2
daunorubicin 83:5	325:8 359:11	debilitating 21:15	125:15 208:21
164:14	day-to-day 17:6	82:5	298:2 330:7
	57:20 136:13		331:18 353:2
Dave 316:22 317:5		debt 183:18	deem 289:17
Davenport-Ennis	DEA 124:12 180:9	decade 165:15	deemed 212:10
3:5 77:22 78:3	191:8,16 230:12 268:14 283:10	248:5 281:17	
79:9 180:4	307:4 308:13,19	decades 126:7	deep 159:14 254:3
David 8:8 299:5	309:4,9,13 313:3	144:14 227:8	335:2
305:11,13	344:19		deeply 148:14
315:21 327:18	345:12,14	December 96:7 193:12 263:14	291:11 298:1
David's 319:12,15	ĺ	359:10	deficiencies 62:16
, in the second	Deaconess 143:22		111:22
Davria 3:9 87:13	deadly 349:3	DeChristoforo	deficiency 162:22
94:17 252:2	deal 56:6 78:17	66:22 67:5,6,21	•
Dawn 8:17 331:13	81:12 99:15	68:5	Deficit 191:12
333:16,18 337:9	158:12 181:15	decide 44:5 61:6	define 53:6 61:7
day 11:17 12:6	226:11,20	259:18	289:16
13:5 16:11 67:10	236:16 251:22	decided 46:22	defined 289:13
69:17 73:12	252:12	108:11,19	
81:20 84:9 85:18	329:5,9,13 330:1	192:19 206:9	definitely 136:22 170:21 305:18
96:13,17 97:12	dealers 168:5	decision 117:13	309:6 324:10
104:22		155:19 285:13	
105:19,20,22	dealing 81:6,7	339:14 353:21	definition
106:1 114:19	82:12 99:8,17 133:7 234:10,22		25:13,22 210:18
118:16 154:18	133.7 234.10,22	decisions 117:13	

definitions 259:16 demand 104:10 depends 33:16 determination 274:22 275:1 129:6 147:11 depleting 175:14 40:18 355:5 365:4 182:10 184:10 depression 248:5 343:12 degradants 34:17 264:12 269:2 depths 106:14 289:1* degree 78:12 90:1 308:20 309:15 343:12 determination 318:19 308:20 309:15 12:7 125:7 212:5 dehydration 88:5 310:9 332:21 310:9 332:21 212:5 318:19 308:20 309:15 12:7 125:7 212:5 delay 58:5 100:15 310:9 332:21 344:3,5 derived 184:6 describe 328:15 devasta 264:2 287:1 demonstrated 329:1 described 33:21 develop 309:17 329:1 329:1 describing 217:9 124:12 48:11,15 99:15 55:13 207:22 describing 217:9 147:24 48:11,15 99:15 257:19 190:14 289:14 48:11,15 99:15 257:19 design 61:21 289:5 310:14 49:19 19 20:3 335:8	
129:6 147:11	19 137:9
182:10 184:10 200:9 211:4 264:12 269:2 270:17 280:8 282:6 304:20 308:20 309:15 318:19 308:20 309:15 318:19 308:20 309:15 312:7 125:7 212:5 266:17 264:2 287:1 285:22 345:16 239:17 282:2 345:16 239:17 282:3 345:16 212:13,21 335:9 257:19 212:13,21 335:9 257:19 200:20 118:4 152:2,16 191:14 199:19 200:3 335:8 364:4 284:19 284:19 284:19 284:19 284:19 284:19 200:96 60:9 65:12 287:13 308:18 delivered 60:16 4eevise deevise deevise deevise deevise deevise deevise deevel de	ination
DeGette 203:12 200:9 211:4 264:12 269:2 270:17 280:8 264:12 269:2 270:17 280:8 depression 248:5 343:12 289:17 280:8 determi 147:16 289:17 280:8 degree 78:12 90:1 318:19 282:6 304:20 309:15 308:20 309:15 310:9 332:21 344:3,5 Deputy 2:6,10 12:7 125:7 197:21 2125:5 determi determ	}
degradants 34:17 264:12 269:2 270:17 280:8 282:6 304:20 308:20 309:15 310:9 332:21 344:3,5 343:12 depths 106:14 determi determi determi determi determi determi determi determi 12:7 125:7 197:21 212:5 design 61:21 287:1 described 33:21 329:1 describing 217:9 descri	ine 100:20
degradants 34:17 270:17 280:8 depths 106:14 253:1 degree 78:12 90:1 308:20 309:15 308:20 309:15 310:9 332:21 329:17 326:17 delay 58:5 100:15 demands 51:4 describe 328:15 devastar 282:2 delayed 17:8 54:22 demonstrated 329:17 describe 328:15 develop 104:16 demonstrates describing 217:9 develop 122:13,21 335:9 demonstrates describing 217:9 develop delays 23:10 demonstrative describing 217:9 describing 217:9 delays 23:10 demonstrative describing 217:9 describing 217:9 deligent of 19:14 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 deligent of 19:15 denical 182:2 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 deligent of 19:14 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 deligent of 19:14 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 describing 217:9 describing 218:0 deliberately dendical 182:2 desig	10 272:5
degree 78:12 90:1 282:6 304:20 Deputy 2:6,10 determi 318:19 308:20 309:15 310:9 332:21 12:7 125:7 212:5 dehydration 88:5 310:9 332:21 344:3,5 derived 184:6 determi delay 58:5 100:15 121:8 138:7 264:2 287:1 demands 51:4 describe 328:15 devasta 264:2 287:1 demonstrated 329:17 described 33:21 develop 329:17 demonstrates 329:1 describing 217:9 develop 104:16 demonstrates 329:1 describing 217:9 develop 48:11,15 99:15 55:13 207:22 describing 217:9 develop 48:11,15 99:15 257:19 describing 217:9 develop 109:20 118:4 257:19 design 61:21 289:5 310:14 119:19 200:3 335:8 364:4 denial 140:3 design 61:21 289:5 310:14 119:19 200:3 335:8 364:4 dental 140:3 design 61:21 289:5 36:10 119:19 deliberately department 4:17 74:21 134:14 150:7,13 157:12,19 169:8	
dehydration 88:5 308:20 309:15 310:9 332:21 344:3,5 12:7 125:7 197:21 212:5 266:1 244:3,5 determin 212:5.7 266:1 244:4 250:20 delivered 60:16 12:7 125:7 197:21 212:5 266:1 243:22 212:5 266:1 243:22 266:1 243:22 244:4 250:20 delivered 60:16 derived 184:6 describe 328:15 266:1 242:23 derived 184:6 describe 328:15 266:1 242:23 devastar 282:2 242	ines 334:22
delay 58:5 100:15 344:3,5 derived 184:6 develop 264:2 287:1 demands 51:4 285:22 345:16 described 33:21 develop 329:17 demonstrated 329:1 329:1 develop 104:16 demonstrates describing 217:9 145:13 122:13,21 335:9 55:13 207:22 description 259:3 147:22 delays 23:10 demonstrative 257:19 190:14 289:10 48:11,15 99:15 257:19 190:14 289:10 109:20 118:4 denied 182:2 design 61:21 289:5 310:14 129:19 200:3 335:8 364:4 dental 140:3 designate 212:6 develop deliberately Denver 5:5 designed 311:12 162:2 deliberately denying 192:21 desk 10:9 11:5,20 develop deliperate 277:19 despreate 197:10 234:2 deliperate 277:19 150:7,13 157:12,19 169:8 62:13 112:7 62:13 112:7 126:15 282:16 5:12 5 deliver 47:9 59:16 60:9 65:12 287:13 308:18 286:5 290:8	ining 211:3
delay 58:5 100:15 demands 51:4 describe 328:15 devastate 285:22 264:2 287:1 demonstrated 329:17 described 33:21 develop 329:17 104:16 demonstrates 329:17 describing 217:9 develop 124:17 104:16 demonstrates 329:17 describing 217:9 develop 124:17 104:16 demonstrates 329:17 describing 217:9 develop 124:17 48:11,15 99:15 55:13 207:22 description 259:3 <	
285:22 345:16 describe 328:15 develop 329:17 demonstrated 329:17 demonstrated 329:17 demonstrates 122:13,21 335:9 demonstrative 257:19 demonstrative 257:19 demonstrative 152:2,16 191:14 denied 182:2 denominations 335:8 364:4 deletion 194:5 deliberately 284:19 deliberations 207:21 delipted 277:19 deliver 47:9 59:16 60:9 65:12 delivered 60:16 describing 217:9 develop 329:1 describing 217:9 description 259:3 descrip	
264:2 287:1 demonstrated 329:17 described 33:21 develop 56:3 100:9 104:16 demonstrates 329:1 122:13,21 335:9 145:18 delays 23:10 demonstrative description 259:3 147:20 183:1 48:11,15 99:15 257:19 description 259:3 183:1 109:20 118:4 109:20 118:4 190:14 289:10 152:2,16 191:14 denied 182:2 design 61:21 289:5 310:14 199:19 200:3 278:11 designate 212:6 develop 335:8 364:4 dental 140:3 designed 311:12 162:2 deliberately denying 192:21 desk 10:9 11:5,20 develop 284:19 denying 192:21 desk 10:9 11:5,20 develop deliberations department 4:17 74:21 134:14 230:1 35:10 delighted 277:19 disperate 197:9 135:10 delighted 277:19 150:7,13 157:12,19 169:8 62:13 112:7 5:12:5 deliver 47:9 59:16 244:4 250:20 286:5 290:8 develop 60:9	_
delayed 17:8 54:22 329:17 329:1 develop 104:16 122:13,21 335:9 55:13 207:22 description 259:3 145:13 delays 23:10 demonstrative 257:19 description 259:3 183:1 109:20 118:4 152:2,16 191:14 199:19 200:3 336:10 develop 335:8 364:4 dental 140:3 designed 311:12 develop deliberately 284:19 denying 192:21 desk 10:9 11:5,20 develop deliberations 207:21 74:21 134:14 230:1 35:12 delipted 277:19 150:7,13 desperate 197:9 218:1 deliver 47:9 59:16 244:4 250:20 287:13 308:18 286:5 290:8 develop delivered 60:16 345:13 destroys 64:9 deviatio	
demonstrates describing 217:9 145:18 104:16 122:13,21 335:9 55:13 207:22 description 259:3 147:20 delays 23:10 demonstrative 257:19 deserve 171:12 206:18 109:20 118:4 152:2,16 191:14 199:19 200:3 335:8 364:4 denied 182:2 denominations 278:11 deliberately 284:19 denying 192:21 designed 311:12 184:8 deliberations department 4:17 230:1 desperate 197:9 230:1 delighted 277:19 deliver 47:9 59:16 60:9 65:12 delivered 60:16 description 259:3 147:20 demonstrates description 259:3 deserve 171:12 206:18 190:14 design 61:21 289:5 310:14 des	
104.16 122:13,21 335:9 55:13 207:22 description 259:3 147:24 183:1	18 146:21
delays 23:10 demonstrative deserve 171:12 206:13 109:20 118:4 152:2,16 191:14 199:19 200:3 336:10 developed 335:8 364:4 dental 140:3 designed 311:12 developed deliberately denying 192:21 desk 10:9 11:5,20 developed deliberations 207:21 74:21 134:14 230:1 desperate 197:9 135:10 delighted 277:19 department 4:17 74:21 134:14 230:1 developed deliver 47:9 59:16 60:9 65:12 244:4 250:20 despite 13:9 29:21 developed delivered 60:16 287:13 308:18 destroys 64:9 deviation delivered 60:16 283:20	20 148:17
48:11,15 99:15 257:19 190:14 289:16 109:20 118:4 denied 182:2 design 61:21 289:5 310:14 152:2,16 191:14 199:19 200:3 336:10 develop 335:8 364:4 dental 140:3 designate 212:6 126:4 deliberately Denver 5:5 designed 311:12 184:8 deliberations denying 192:21 desk 10:9 11:5,20 develop deliberations department 4:17 74:21 134:14 230:1 218:1 delighted 277:19 150:7,13 despite 13:9 29:21 develop deliver 47:9 59:16 244:4 250:20 287:13 308:18 286:5 290:8 129:8 delivered 60:16 345:13 destroys 64:9 deviation	11 197:14
109:20 118:4 152:2,16 191:14 199:19 200:3 335:8 364:4 dental 140:3 design 61:21 289:5 336:10 developed designed 311:12 126:4	18 10,13 290:5
152:2,16 191:14 199:19 200:3 278:11 designate 212:6 126:4 162:2 184:8 deliberately 284:19 department 4:17 207:21 delipted 277:19 delipted 277:19 deliver 47:9 59:16 60:9 65:12 delivered 60:16 denominations 278:11 denominations 278:11 denominations 278:11 denominations designate 212:6 126:4 162:2 184:8 designed 311:12 184:8 designed 311:12 designed 311:12 desk 10:9 11:5,20 develope desk 10:9 11:5,20 develope desperate 197:9 230:1 218:1 despite 13:9 29:21 despite 13:9 29:21 develope develope designate 212:6 designed 311:12 despite 197:10 develope despite 13:9 29:21 develope despite 13:9 29:21 develope develope develope develope designate 212:6 designate 212:6 develope desk 10:9 11:5,20 develope despite 13:9 29:21 develope develo	10,13 290.3
278:11 designate 212:6 126:4, delication 194:5 dental 140:3 designed 311:12 184:8	
deletion 194:5 dental 140:3 designed 311:12 162:2 deliberately 284:19 denying 192:21 desire 197:10 234:2 deliberations 207:21 department 4:17 74:21 134:14 desperate 197:9 135:10 delighted 277:19 delirium 348:15 despite 13:9 29:21 develop: 62:13 112:7 deliver 47:9 59:16 60:9 65:12 244:4 250:20 287:13 308:18 destroys 64:9 deviation 283:20 delivered 60:16 345:13 destroys 64:9 deviation 283:20	1,15 147:9
deliberately Denver 5:5 desire 197:10 234:2 deliberations department 4:17 desperate 197:9 135:10 207:21 74:21 134:14 230:1 218:1 delighted 277:19 150:7,13 despite 13:9 29:21 develope 13:5:22 delirium 348:15 199:9 241:14 62:13 112:7 develope 12:5:12:5 deliver 47:9 59:16 244:4 250:20 286:5 290:8 5:12:5 delivered 60:16 287:13 308:18 destroys 64:9 deviation 283:20	21 181:19
deliberately denying 192:21 desk 10:9 11:5,20 develop deliberations department 4:17 desperate 197:9 135:16 207:21 74:21 134:14 230:1 218:1 delighted 277:19 150:7,13 despite 13:9 29:21 develop delirium 348:15 199:9 241:14 62:13 112:7 develop deliver 47:9 59:16 244:4 250:20 286:5 290:8 5:12 5 delivered 60:16 287:13 308:18 destroys 64:9 deviation delivered 60:16 283:20	3 226:5
deliberations department 4:17 desperate 197:9 135:16 207:21 74:21 134:14 230:1 218:1 delighted 277:19 150:7,13 despite 13:9 29:21 355:22 delirium 348:15 159:9 241:14 62:13 112:7 develop deliver 47:9 59:16 244:4 250:20 286:5 290:8 5:12 5 60:9 65:12 287:13 308:18 destroys 64:9 deviation delivered 60:16 283:20	
207:21	
delighted 277:19 150:7,13 despite 13:9 29:21 355:22 delirium 348:15 157:12,19 169:8 62:13 112:7 develop: 62:13 12:7 deliver 47:9 59:16 244:4 250:20 286:5 290:8 129:8 delivered 60:16 287:13 308:18 destroys 64:9 deviation 283:20	10 149.22
delirium 348:15 157:12,19 169:8 62:13 112:7 develope 199:9 241:14 126:15 282:16 5:12 5 244:4 250:20 287:13 308:18 286:5 290:8 deviation delivered 60:16 345:13 destroys 64:9 283:20	
deliver 47:9 59:16 199:9 241:14 126:15 282:16 5:12 5 60:9 65:12 287:13 308:18 286:5 290:8 destroys 64:9 delivered 60:16 283:20	oment 2:17
60:9 65:12 delivered 60:16 287:13 308:18 345:13 destroys 64:9 283:20	52:3 64:10
delivered 60:16 345:13 destroys 64:9 deviatio 283:20	3 200:4
1 1 1 1 203.45	on 238:17
	20 325:22
103:22 104:8 detail 13:4 176:12 deviatio	
delivery 139:16	1,22 165:5
241.2 280.6 28:2 102:12 device 1	
346:20 349:17 184:10 details 44:19 devices	
depending 210:15 devoted	1 74:15

	1 46		
277:11 282:12	different 20:5 23:6	diligently 81:16	331:5 343:7
DeWayne 4:13	41:6,14 47:8	163:16	directors 5:10
143:12,20	48:2,3 49:10	Diller 95:16	53:11 58:12
dextrose 88:21	59:17 61:18,19	dilute 112:17	187:17
227:11	62:14 90:13	117:15	disabilities 278:12
DFP 209:10	104:11,12 109:14 116:15	dilution 112:17	
	121:10 122:3,20		disappeared 318:16
diagnosed 82:4,22 86:2 95:7 192:22	131:5 144:16	diminish 170:10	
333:3 334:12	167:1 188:1,3	264:8	disapproval 193:12
348:21 349:13	200:13 209:21	diminished 92:3	
	223:1 227:12	188:6 189:14	disaster 178:3
diagnoses 188:1	243:21 246:4	349:22	342:17 354:4,8
diagnosis 95:9	247:8 258:8,11	diminishing	disasters 35:5
122:20	280:10 296:16 300:21 302:2	125:17 190:3	discern 235:14
diagnostic 141:18	306:22 314:5,6	352:13	discharge 142:6
dialogue 215:18	330:18 350:18	direct 38:22 62:6	disciplinary 120:9
218:10,11 235:7	360:6,8,13 364:7	120:10 123:9	· · · ·
262:4 308:17	differentiate	155:7 172:2	disciplined 326:15
Diana 203:12	221:18	261:14,15 268:6 270:2 319:13	disclose 161:8
Diane 3:7 79:8	difficult 29:19	346:12	disclosing 338:19
82:10,16,20	47:14 60:15 64:5	directed 58:19	disclosure 38:21
Dianne 97:20	80:1 155:16	110:6 171:6	139:10 256:19
diarrhea 88:5	235:14 303:21	173:11 323:14	321:1
	311:20 319:8	directions 60:12	disclosures 132:8
dictate 21:21	329:22 331:3		disconnect 233:7
193:22	344:9,18 347:12	directly 21:11	
die 94:2 105:15	353:12 368:7	40:10,14 43:10 145:9 168:1	discontinuance 253:2
192:9	difficulties 50:22	184:20 185:9	
died 89:17 110:9	186:15	188:11 233:14	discontinuances
dies 158:13	difficulty 99:22	256:7 298:20	144:11
diet 88:7	241:5	316:18 317:8	discontinuation
	digest 88:7 363:9	318:20 320:7	21:13 22:9,14
dietician 92:19,22 225:19 252:2	digestion 88:18	339:20	23:11 203:19 258:13 268:9
	Dilaudid 83:17	director	
dieticians 252:4		2:6,10,17,20	discontinuations
difference 12:18	dilemma 178:3	5:3,8,19 6:8,15	13:20 211:2 267:10
49:5 50:9 244:19	189:2	9:4 12:7 52:2,9	
differences 113:12	diligence	143:21 187:15 197:21 205:14	discontinue
364:17	321:15,19,20	216:3 278:3	285:14
		210.5 270.5	

	1 46	ı	
discontinued	365:2,9,14	y 146:17	197:12
22:16 284:6	366:2,8 367:11	dispute 302:5	distributor 17:11
296:15	368:10	disrupt 261:21	71:10 270:1
discontinuing	discussions 10:19	-	316:13 322:18
186:19 244:22	124:20 208:11	disrupting 244:22 354:5	distributors 14:17
discourage 224:16	209:17,20		69:11 71:16
discourse 168:12	210:21 276:12 364:2 365:3	disruption 186:11	129:12 130:8
discrepancies	367:14	357:5,16,22	220:16,18
45:10		disruptions 121:8	246:14 251:4
	disease 25:16 29:9	288:4 302:16	262:1 266:3 270:15 271:1
discrepancy 315:6	80:14 81:7,8 93:19 101:19	360:17	270:15 271:1 273:15 283:9
discretion 27:17	102:5,8,10,22	disseminate	285:9,10 296:16
28:13 31:2 34:22	106:2,17 122:8	148:21	303:11 313:10
discretionary	132:6 161:15	dissemination	314:3 315:12,13
249:1	192:8 265:16	184:21 218:8	318:13,16
discuss 15:1 20:5,7	340:8 349:3	226:9	321:16 322:19
57:4 98:1 134:4	diseases 9:3 21:15	disservice 138:4	disturbing 69:8
206:17 211:10	80:10 121:21	distress 17:5	dive 74:8 254:4
256:10 263:7	161:13,16,19	282:10	
279:11 280:3	165:20 340:6,15	distressed 277:7	diverse 278:8
359:7	disincentive		diverted 51:15
discussed 13:4	214:10,17	distribute 272:6 273:3 322:5	divided 207:2
15:17 120:19	dislocation 159:12		division 361:20,21
204:9 292:10 311:6 329:20	dismiss 202:3	distributes 272:13	362:10,12 363:3
		distributing	divisions 32:2
discussing 52:19	disorder 5:13	175:13	125:21 213:21
138:19 236:21 293:3	132:5,6 191:2,12 192:8 278:16	distribution 7:13	doable 167:7
	343:11 344:3	35:19 47:4	
discussion 3:17	disorders 132:6	124:2,5 148:7,10	doc 161:1
4:21 6:12,13 7:2,3,9,14,15,21	227:22 343:11	168:3,7 174:22 191:10 195:5	docket 135:20
10:19,20 19:20		210:20 260:8	doctor 83:20 85:4
72:6 86:5 166:3	dispel 260:5	266:7 268:1	159:17 356:20
196:21 207:4	dispelling 293:1	269:21	doctors 33:4
216:10 237:1	dispensed	271:14,18	83:12,15 87:7
266:17 276:2,7	151:11,15 281:5	272:19 273:5	101:3 102:13
291:17	dispensers 322:3,7	296:9,13 315:15	106:8 113:8
298:15,17	dispensing 59:9,15	319:18 322:22	117:1 194:1
299:1,7 328:7	118:6 154:12	338:2,14,17	262:7
344:20 361:19		368:11	documentation
362:9 364:19	disproportionatel	distributive	

	1 ag	C	
163:18	dotting 199:22	174:9,16	282:19 321:8
documented 81:22	double 90:12	176:13,14	drawing 153:10,13
302:20	117:22	177:16 178:15,16,18	drinking 312:5
dog 350:19	doubt 165:2	180:20,22	drip 83:18
dollars 169:22	Doug 12:9 16:3,17	181:1,3,5,9	-
192:11 295:6	22:17	183:20	drive 142:22 344:21
358:13	Douglas 2:5 12:7	187:11,13	
domestic 147:21	Ü	190:5,18 191:18	drivers 74:9
done 15:7	doxil 176:4	192:1 194:7,11	drives 113:22
26:18,20 51:1	189:10,14	196:9,12	driving 81:14
60:10 65:16	doxorubicin	197:18,19	105:21 206:11
74:8,11 90:8	83:8,16 122:17	198:4,6 199:12	263:6 357:20
92:13 101:11	dozen 158:21	200:14 202:6,15 205:2 215:21	dropping 360:13
115:5,6 135:18	296:16	216:1 218:17	
138:18 156:1,11	dozens 201:1	221:12 222:21	drug 1:4,5,7,10
178:19 204:22	251:13	233:16 234:5	2:3,5,6,7,9,10,11 ,13,14,16,20,21
225:7 233:3	Dr 10:2 12:6,10	235:21 236:3	3:2,12,14 6:2,7
234:22 241:7,11	16:3,7 19:21	237:8 238:12	8:20 10:4,18
242:15 263:9	51:21 52:9,16	239:7 240:22	12:1,14
303:15 304:6	57:9 66:14	242:6 244:2,3,17	13:7,11,21 14:16
309:3 311:2	67:1,22	245:11 249:14	15:2,4,9,12,20
342:21 353:15	68:1,2,11 69:19	252:16 255:18	16:6,8,13,19
door 72:12 138:14	70:1 71:18,20	257:14 259:1	17:3 18:14,16
152:9,10 319:22	72:4,8,9,11	261:16	19:22
dosage 280:16	73:8,14,15 74:19	271:10,11	20:3,9,13,16,17
330:18 360:6	75:14 77:8,14	272:11 273:6,9 275:12,17	21:3,11,22
dosages 197:5	79:3 87:11 94:17 95:18 96:3	291:6,10 312:15	22:1,6,14,15 23:4,7
dose 60:16 112:20	101:14 106:22	314:4 318:3	25:1,15,17,21
117:16,17	108:5 125:1,3,6	323:1 324:22	26:3,7,22
118:16 158:16	130:12,13,16,20	325:19 328:8,11	27:8,19 28:19
192:20 226:5	131:15,17,19,20	331:11,12,14	29:1,3,5,10 30:4
338:20 341:14	136:1,9 138:21	340:4	31:22 32:8,17,22
doses 93:20 103:7	139:2	345:17,18,20	34:16 35:17
192:22 197:4	143:12,13,18	350:2,3,4 352:4	36:18 37:3,9,19
230:8 231:21	150:6,9	359:14 361:8,12	38:2,3,6,12,14,1
240:14 251:11	156:15,16,17	draft 206:2 207:9	8,22
dosing 49:7 99:15	159:8 161:4,5	dramatic 116:20	39:2,6,9,12,17
113:5,8,11	165:21	345:10	40:7 41:7
121:10	167:10,15,20 168:14 169:2,3	dramatically	42:13,19 43:1 44:4,21 45:1,21
	170:4,19 173:9	ui uiiiuvivuii y	46:5,8 47:11,12
	1/0.7,171/3.7		70.5,0 47.11,12

	1 46		
48:7,8,16	135:8,9,10,11,17	219:9,10,14	302:22 305:6
49:11,15	137:7,22	220:13,21	307:20,22 308:3
51:3,14,16	138:7,12,13,14	221:21 222:2	310:7 311:1
52:1,10,13,21	139:13 140:6,10	223:6 224:10	313:11 314:19
53:5,7,22	141:17,22	226:11,14 228:8	316:3 317:4
54:12,17,21	142:10,16 143:8	229:17	324:13 325:7,11
55:2,3,6,14,18	144:8,10,12	231:15,16	326:8 327:14
56:4,6,8,14,16,1	145:9	232:8,17,19	329:3,6,9,17,22
8,21,22 57:10,16	146:7,14,19	233:9,22	330:1,4,9
58:7,10,22	149:1 150:4,13	237:11,18	331:2,5
59:3,10 60:4	153:19	239:14,18	334:14,16,18,20,
61:7 62:4,5	158:2,8,21	241:8,10,16,17,2	21
63:2,5,8	159:3,18	0 242:9,10	335:4,11,12,18,2
64:1,3,5,15	160:1,5,11,12	243:3,5	2 336:2,9,21
65:14,21 67:15	161:17,20 162:2	244:15,21	337:17
71:15 74:15	164:1,11	245:4,10 246:16	338:3,13,17
76:17,19,22	165:1,4,8,9,18	248:17 251:1,5	339:9,13,18
77:1,7 79:21	166:18	252:6,14,20	340:12
80:14,18,22	169:11,14	253:3,9,16,18,21	341:4,9,16
81:1,2	170:1,11 171:2	254:2 255:14	342:16 343:22
82:13,16,20	172:9 174:17	257:13,17 258:3	345:21
83:4,6,7 84:13	175:1,2,8,9,12,1	259:5,6,12,13,16	346:12,19 348:2
86:6 87:5 88:14	5,19,20 176:3,17	,19 260:5,6	352:17 353:10
92:15 94:1	177:22 178:12	263:20 264:3	356:9,13 361:1,9
97:4,14,19	182:1,9 183:4	265:9	362:7 363:16,17
98:17,22	187:7 188:2,3	266:11,17,21	364:21
99:2,4,11,14	189:10,13,15	267:17 276:20	365:10,16
100:9,13,21	192:6	277:5	366:10,18
101:7,9 102:1	193:8,15,17,20,2	279:11,16,18	367:5,18,21
104:3,8	2 197:14	280:4,6,11,13,22	369:3,4
106:13,18	198:10,22 201:4	281:2,8	drug-related
107:16 108:4	204:16	282:19,21	121:4
110:1 111:10,11	205:4,12,21	285:5,12	
117:13 118:2,11	206:10,17	286:3,11,14	drugs 14:4
119:12	207:20	287:11,19	20:10,11 23:1,17
120:16,19	208:1,15,19	288:13,14 289:2	26:12,19 28:14
121:14	209:2,3,15,18	290:14,20	34:5 35:18 36:10
123:6,13,19,22	211:6,8,13,15,18	291:4,8,14	42:16 47:6
124:15,21 126:1	212:6	292:10,14,19	48:11,12 49:2,17
127:5,7,8	213:10,19,21	293:1,8,22	50:2,4,18,19 57:7,12,19 61:16
128:18,20	214:2,6,15,20	294:1,4,11,16,17	68:13 70:11,18
129:8,12,21	215:12,17,19	296:3,7 297:9	,
130:6,8 131:7	216:13,16,18	298:9,12	72:1,5,6,10,13,1 4 85:7,8
133:15 134:13	217:7,21 218:14	301:3,4,5,9	4 03.1,0

	1 ag		
86:9,15,21 87:8	18 250:2,7,12	321:15,19,20	
96:15,21	251:2 252:22	352:15 357:22	E
97:2,3,6,10	255:9,10	362:6	ear 232:10
98:5,7,19 99:21	263:2,15,18	dumb 160:22	earlier 57:9 98:18
100:4 110:14	264:21 265:4,22		99:6 112:16
113:12 114:21	266:15,18	dumbfounded	170:17 194:9,10
117:6,9 121:20	267:6,11 277:8	97:7	208:18
122:10 123:1,12	279:12 280:2,18	duration 40:16	210:13,16
124:7,16	281:2,7,11,16	63:20 158:9,22	210:13,10
126:6,8,12,15,21	282:2,5,12 284:5	168:17,21	221:22 231:8
127:3	286:5,9,18 287:2	184:11 209:18	237:10 238:19
128:6,10,21	289:11,14,17,21	210:6 211:8	244:3 250:15
129:2,10 133:9	290:1,2 295:22	257:12 258:2	257:14 260:20
135:13 136:21	308:14 325:10	259:17 340:18	261:10,13 275:6
139:21	329:19 331:21	341:15	284:21 293:2
140:13,14,18,22	332:1,9 334:4	durations 365:17	294:10 298:16
141:11	335:8 336:6		301:20 309:9
142:1,9,14,18,20	339:10	during 10:10	313:10 314:9
145:2 147:7	340:17,21,22	31:15 42:10	315:7 318:5
152:20	341:22 345:4	81:10 84:5,16	323:5 324:10
165:14,15	349:16 364:9	98:4 110:11	325:20 326:10
167:12	drug's 214:17	112:10 116:18	329:15 344:16
168:5,19,21	8	140:10,14 154:4	
169:18,21	Drugs 2:10 16:13	207:2 208:5	earliest 70:11
170:1,9	32:2,3,6 76:21	216:12 227:13	132:15 245:1
177:11,18,19,21	197:21 241:22	252:13 264:9	early 27:15 28:8
179:12,15	242:10,22 243:2	315:15 316:17	36:22 82:22
188:4,16 189:4,5	Ducca 267:22	341:17 347:10	156:10 187:6
190:10,15	269:20 271:20	350:9	203:16 223:14
191:11 200:22	273:17,19	dust 85:1 179:10	259:19,21
210:17	322:17	dwindling 103:16	260:15,18
212:4,7,10 213:7	due 23:9,10,11,14		264:13 274:20
214:8,19	27:15 28:8 31:17	dying 106:18	289:5 359:10
215:3,5,8 219:3	36:22 51:4 56:3	dynamic 260:7,20	earth 182:10
220:7,15,20	76:10 90:14	271:15 308:20	
223:2,3,8,11,14,	95:14	368:8	earthquake 35:9
17 225:1,8	122:6,14,17,21	dynamically 260:9	ease 99:3
228:1,10,13	123:1 163:11	, ,	easier 203:2
231:9,11,12,13	165:4 182:16	dynamics 308:21	235:17
236:21 237:14	192:17 194:12	309:17	
238:3,4,6,7,8,10,	199:19 200:3,9	dyskinesia 344:2	easily 34:19
12,21 242:4	223:5 270:8	dystrophy 102:6	East 354:3
248:19	283:18 294:13	ajstropnj 102.0	easy 231:5 304:16
249:2,7,9,12,17,			

	1 ag		
359:9 368:3	183:1 191:8	203:4 205:18	265:21 313:11
eat 84:1 88:6	224:2 263:2	207:5 209:11	350:8 351:18
93:12,13 94:6,7	286:5 295:21	277:4 286:6	elsewhere 126:22
146:2	323:9 335:15	327:5 339:20	127:2 189:4
	346:16 356:11	342:20	266:4 287:5,9
eating 88:18	effectively 61:21	353:15,17 368:4	,
echo 138:16	63:8 179:19	eight 316:8 327:5	EMA 26:21
219:18	219:11 236:17	332:13 333:3	email 38:3 40:6
economic 13:18	237:2		54:2 172:17
74:8 75:8		eighth 100:11	235:2
	effectiveness	356:21	emails 40:7 68:22
economically	154:18	either 27:20 32:9	
24:17	effects 49:8	34:20 76:10 82:2	emerged 348:14
economics 254:6	80:15,17 86:12	109:9 113:18	emergencies 46:13
366:19	96:6 102:22	123:9 154:4,8	112:11 141:1
economies 263:1	121:11 122:19	159:1 245:14	153:8 154:1
	123:15,18	263:15 317:1	167:14
Ed 12:10 16:2	150:21 151:20	362:6,7 365:21	emergency 4:18
83:12 242:7	188:11 335:16	elderly 151:6	46:7 49:18 57:11
educated 171:22	344:1 346:17	353:6	59:21 60:4,6
education 87:21	347:15,21 348:2		98:21 149:11
120:11 125:18	364:6	electrolyte 88:6	150:8 156:18,21
171:12 225:17	efficacy 98:8	294:20	157:19 158:5
229:16 230:2	100:16 144:18	electrolytes 49:3	159:12
	148:4 349:21	68:7 88:22 93:21	160:16,17
Edward 2:2,12	362:8	103:2,5,10 105:2	167:9,13
3:3,13 4:22 6:4	efficiencies 226:6	177:11 227:21	169:4,8,18 181:7
9:13		element 93:2,3	183:3 212:10
Eeckhout 223:20	efficiency 151:17	94:12 227:22	216:20 259:12
230:5 234:6,18	154:13,19	elements 88:22	317:10
246:20 318:3,4	346:19	184:19 259:9	354:11,12
effect 73:10	efficient 15:8		Emil 9:6 340:4
116:19 127:12	124:12 151:21	eliminate 186:8	345:17,20,22
152:18 175:10	191:16 326:2	eliminated 303:1	, f
263:5,12	efficiently 152:7	eliminating 125:16	Emily 302:21
effective 31:2 55:1	304:12		Emory 5:20
58:7 96:5 98:16		eloquent 259:2	196:14
99:14 103:8	effort 206:12	else 18:8 114:6	emotional 100:2
111:17 126:7,16	207:20	138:8 158:18	117:1
127:7 128:2,8	292:12,18	167:17 195:7	
131:13 133:19	efforts 13:9 74:14	225:10 230:4	emphasize 128:19
134:1 149:5	120:7,12,17	233:14 250:13	218:6
166:8 168:22	148:5 161:10	251:1 253:6	empire 18:16
100.0 100.22	L		

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
employ 25:7 329:4	321:19 322:8	entirety 261:2	113:18,19
employed 206:6	engaged 293:11	entities 7:2 212:13	equivalents 263:16
370:8,11	321:13 322:5,13	270:3 313:10	ER 218:20 356:19
employee 370:10	330:12	315:11 336:8,14	eradicate 319:11
employees 134:13	engaging 134:1	entity 250:5	Erin 2:14
employs 346:10	Engels 9:6 340:4	312:22 351:6	38:10,11,15
empowers 186:1	345:17,20,22	entrapped 157:14	51:21 62:19
*	enhance 124:3	entrepreneurial	63:12 68:18
enabled 144:21	155:12 270:19	320:4,9,10,18	73:21 162:3
enabling 308:3	enjoy 92:7	environment	231:17 234:11
enact 336:18	enormous 103:7	213:7 269:11	243:12
encountered 34:7	208:1 343:14	304:9,10	err 41:1
encountering	344:8 345:8	environmental	erroneous
56:14	enroll 78:5	354:5	224:4,10
encourage 26:4	enrolled 138:5	epidural 115:16	error 34:19 99:15
37:7 129:11	151:8 163:13	epilepticus	107:17
190:4 191:8	enrollment 56:2	160:7,14	108:14,18 252:6 264:1 304:3
232:10 249:4	164:7 189:12	epinephrine 59:19	
261:20 262:4 317:7,17	ensure 51:13 97:6	60:7,9 112:5	errors 3:14 49:7 60:20 109:13
ĺ	98:14 101:5	140:20	111:4 114:4
encourages 28:1 191:15	114:21 120:12	episode 347:11	118:6 251:14
	144:14 148:9	equally 231:21	252:6 364:16
encouraging 266:16	209:11 248:14 253:19 286:15	280:21 298:13	eruption 35:13
	288:2 293:10	355:1	erythromycin
endoscopy 139:17 347:10	298:3 336:10	equating 341:16	145:11
	337:4	equipment 35:4	escalated 220:3
endotoxins 200:1	ensuring 100:3	102:14,18	escalating 208:15
Energy 55:22	enter 149:12 215:9	105:17	
204:15	284:10	equitable 124:13	escaped 249:16
enforce 321:6	enteral 6:20 87:20	148:9 168:3	especially 86:11
enforced 221:8	110:22 218:5	174:22 271:13 338:13 368:10	93:14 147:4 149:20 173:20
enforcement 31:2	227:1 251:21		241:8 251:21
34:22 36:4 221:4	entertains 90:6	Equity 144:20	306:12 341:20
245:9 266:21	entire 205:19	equivalent 104:19	Esq 7:4,16
310:8	208:20 243:4	121:1 123:21 280:18	essence 24:5
312:8,10,14 313:15,22	257:8 259:10		
ĺ ĺ	329:5	equivalent/ml	essential 90:13 92:15 103:3
engage 266:16			74.13 103.3

	1 46		
248:4 273:14	271:18 295:11	everywhere 108:1	exceeded 12:2
essentially 60:8	308:7 354:12	evidence 111:16	exceeding 197:3
138:12 243:1	events 33:12 35:5	126:3 163:7	excellence 296:2
325:12	105:14 113:1,9	176:6 285:6	
	115:15 245:19		334:7
establish 61:15	251:14 269:17	evidence-based	excellent 163:11
147:13 148:9	302:22	41:9 48:17	271:20 292:22
211:4,7 212:5,8		exacerbates 130:4	excess 55:17 154:3
213:13,22	eventually	exacerbating	304:11 305:10
241:18	105:8,14 123:22	341:5	353:19
established 190:15	everybody 12:5		
243:20 338:16	16:7 18:8	exact 326:5	exchange 148:18
	107:19,22 136:2	exacting 280:16	exclude 364:10
estimate 365:17	153:21 167:4	Ü	
estimated 264:5	170:8 202:16	exactly 86:4 95:19	exclusively 192:17
estimating 30:9	217:2,17 230:12	145:10 183:2	executed 297:14
	234:18 253:15	235:14 319:22	executive 8:7
etcetera 57:12	255:6,13 325:5	351:12 366:14	278:2 299:10
71:4 118:3 119:6	355:9 368:20	exaggeration	2/8.2 299.10
247:6 343:12		243:8	exemption 36:3
ethanol 94:8	everybody's 153:15 182:20	examine 204:16	exercise 35:16
ethical 117:12,13	294:22	279:12 283:1	exhausted 346:15
197:12,15			
ĺ ,	everyone 86:19	examined 325:10	exist 129:3 199:5
ethics 196:16	101:8,9 113:4	examining 135:6	228:18 267:3
Ethiodol 27:2	125:6 131:2,8	example 26:8 34:3	279:21 293:13
Europe 287:5,9	163:16 176:15	42:12 59:7,18	existing 24:10 65:8
304:22	180:17 201:14	63:1 111:14	124:16 221:5
	203:3 206:5	112:19 113:16	238:16 295:4,15
European 192:20	216:16 272:20	112:19 113:10	308:8 345:1,14
233:21 361:4	276:17 291:22	152:18 167:3	exists 59:11 128:5
EU-sourced 361:2	327:7,8,9 343:5	186:9 187:8	133:8 149:16
evaluate 85:7	368:15	188:14 189:8	172:12,13 334:7
	everyone's 274:22	208:17 210:16	ŕ
evaluating 263:20	312:15,19	213:6 238:18	exited 357:18
Evaluation 1:5	ĺ	271:1 307:4,20	exorbitant 265:1
2:3,6,10 15:2	everything 25:2 90:7 108:16	317:13 320:10	expand 128:16
20:13 75:9	181:16 224:15	332:12 349:16	137:17 210:19
213:21 369:3			310:15,16
evening 92:4 369:1	231:4 241:8	examples 21:1	310.13,16
	247:4 264:20	35:7 150:21	
event 25:9 76:13	272:21,22	179:11 298:10	expanding 135:11
110:3 181:9	305:19 315:1	346:22	305:22 358:6
248:17 251:17	325:6 342:12	exasperate 213:19	
		1	

	<u> </u>		
expansions 306:1	311:4	extensive 310:20	facilitate 19:7
expect 11:10,17	experiences 94:18	361:4	20:19 32:21
23:2,14 45:13	145:8 162:2	extent 53:6 221:7	35:10 209:6
356:3		263:12 272:3	333:12 347:5
	experiencing 51:3	310:5 365:19	facilitated 225:8
expectation	54:11,16 55:7		228:1
269:12	56:18 85:13,17	external 20:21	
expected 40:15	148:10 328:22	externally 327:7	facilitation 21:2
45:16 63:20	331:1 366:21	extra 36:2 92:12	32:15
178:20 362:6	experimental	154:10	facilities 56:9 71:2
expecting 178:19	137:22		151:15 220:12
	expert 130:21	extract 151:18	283:15 285:22
expedite 26:7,10		extraordinarily	295:4 297:16
30:20 214:1	expertise 75:13	201:21 234:10	302:16 304:12
215:2 300:11	186:22 254:4		305:2,8 306:1
expedited 27:20	experts 20:21	extraordinary	310:19 357:16
28:9 76:12	32:1,17 72:20	130:5 233:3	358:21 359:19
213:11 287:14	100:14 149:22	290:9	360:5,16 367:4
311:2,13	252:12 299:2	extreme 48:6	ŕ
ĺ .		extremely 204:5	facility 17:15,22 26:19 29:7 50:17
expeditiously	explain 171:20	220:18 245:1	
128:12 129:14	explained 309:9	246:8 329:22	152:13,14
expenditures	explaining 292:22		189:17,20
64:16 65:19		eye 318:10	245:17,20
expense 187:4	explanation	eyes 84:10	295:10,13
310:6	171:21 314:4	233:11,12	302:8,9,10
	explore 149:10		305:22 306:1,4
expensive 99:21	167:16	F	308:8 311:9
214:20 264:6	explored 148:5	Fabrazyme 5:14	326:3 342:17
340:18 343:16	· •	192:11,15,20	357:4,22 360:10
experience 56:20	exploring 264:17	192.11,13,20	facility-related
68:3,17 72:20	express 180:12		357:2
75:22 76:17 78:6	expressed 210:13	Fabry 192:8	facing 79:15
82:20 85:20		face 157:21 158:12	132:13 247:3
87:12 107:1	expressing 335:2	188:15 287:21	334:4 336:21
190:10 203:16	exquisite 114:15	293:16 327:21	367:10
278:20 289:7	116:11	334:12	
295:11	extend 330:20	faced 152:14 183:7	fact 55:22 62:16
experienced 54:18		259:3 300:14	78:4 81:21
55:14,17 56:8,16	extended 51:1	308:21 321:7	100:11 106:16
140:10 145:21	344:15	346:13 353:10	126:15 138:1
188:2 263:21	extends 153:12	366:18	151:21
264:1 301:4	extension 342:17		192:18,22 199:3 221:20 224:13
201.1 301.7	extension 344.1/	facial 157:17	221.20 224.13
	l		

	1 ag	-	
228:11 250:10 259:4,13 265:8 275:5 282:16 285:12 296:13 319:4 365:9 factor 283:12	falling 224:11 fallopian 88:12 familiar 68:15 110:12 113:3,5 197:1 252:4,5 273:8 341:14	16:16,19 17:14 18:2,17 20:21 26:18 30:18,20 31:21 32:15,16,20 39:22 42:15 43:6 45:12,17 62:4	231:11 232:7,17 233:14,17,18,19 234:2,7 235:10,21 236:5,6 237:3 238:1,4 241:7,14,20
352:18 354:1 357:20 factored 64:22 factories 44:11 325:8	families 95:12 120:13 127:15 191:13 277:7 282:10 343:10	67:10,11,15,17 71:6 72:3 74:20 75:7,18,19 77:7 78:16,17,22 81:17 95:1	242:2,8 246:5,18 247:8 248:13 252:17,22 253:4,9 254:18 255:2,9,19
factors 77:5 185:8 213:16 269:6,7 277:12 282:14 290:14 336:19	family 79:18 82:6,12 85:17 89:22 141:12 334:14 345:9 349:12	108:16,18 109:3 114:7 115:9 123:20 124:5,6,8,10,12, 19 131:2 133:11	261:5,7 262:6 264:15,16 266:14,16 267:9,12,15,16 280:13,17
factory 44:9 47:21 facts 279:17 284:16 factual 186:8 failing 192:5	fanny 92:5 fashion 26:11 73:5 120:9 202:17 236:21 287:15 296:11 309:19	134:11,17 135:1 144:7 145:1,4 146:21 147:9,12,16,20 148:2,8,17 149:4,10,17,21	283:10 284:4 286:7,15,16 287:12 288:1,6,11 289:3,12,14,16,2 2 290:4,8,18
failure 45:9 141:1 259:7 failures 110:2 fair 148:9 168:3,7	fast 155:18 158:22 faster 149:18 261:6 fast-track 267:4 fast-tracking	150:3 155:21 156:9,11 166:5,13,15 167:22 172:3,4,21	291:1 292:3,17 293:12 294:1,3 296:1 298:20,21 306:3,13,16 307:1,11,12,16
174:22 268:12 271:13 273:4 300:8 321:2 368:10 fairer 272:18	238:4 fatal 110:3 111:5 112:22 113:9 115:15	178:19 179:13 180:6 181:4 182:16 184:18 185:3,10 187:4 190:2 191:16	310:13 313:4,7 314:9,21 323:14,22 327:13 330:8,12 332:15 336:4
fairest 260:11 262:2 Fairfax 9:7 346:1	fatigue 102:7 fault 19:9 45:1,13 favor 226:7	192:18 193:14,20 194:1 201:5,19 203:5,21 205:11	337:3 339:19 340:9 342:5,10,21 344:22 345:12
fairly 27:12 71:22 102:9 240:2 fall 46:3 72:2 132:9 208:6 213:16	favorite 159:19 fax 54:2 faxes 68:21 313:6 FDA 2:8,11 13:5,10 15:11,21	208:5 209:5,9,13,14,22 210:5 213:9,20 214:13 215:1 216:17,22 218:10 224:1 229:1 230:2	352:20 354:20 361:3 365:5,10 369:2 FDA-approved 26:19 192:22 FDA's 14:1 15:1

30:18 41:6,14	fellow 145:8	filters 35:20	finite 283:16
42:2 43:9	189:11 324:19	filtration 30:16	fire 35:7 312:5
45:1,19 148:14	fellows 173:22	final 160:13	fires 66:10
149:1,7 153:15 155:11 208:19	felt 62:14 141:5	186:21 189:8	firewall 185:16
209:1 212:7	fentanyl 230:9,19	193:21 262:9	
223:4 232:10	, , ,	322:3,6 325:2	firm 25:5
253:16 255:11	fewer 23:21 46:17 341:17	326:21 327:20	29:3,7,11,15,19, 21 46:4 246:5
280:20 288:14		finally 85:18	
293:21 294:19	fibers 34:12	129:11 149:3	firmly 101:2
303:7 326:11	field 22:4 23:20	161:4 165:7	firms 23:21 24:1,6
343:19 344:10	24:9 71:16 112:3	190:1 192:12	26:4 27:16
fear 80:11 81:8,12	119:11 153:2	194:3 262:1	28:1,3 214:5
feasible 286:19	179:11 233:12 242:12	267:14 279:19 281:13 290:18	286:18
February 96:9	244:15,18 245:6	349:21	first 14:1,22 29:11
fed 12:18	·		52:15 53:4 54:15
	fields 81:22 254:5	finance 254:5	55:7 61:2,7 83:1 90:10 95:17
Federal 71:7,8	fight 105:22 120:5	financial 52:18	96:17 102:3
128:16 145:17	figure 17:14	53:21 66:1 75:2	109:15 119:19
147:9,16 148:8 149:17,21	18:10,13	80:20 100:2 116:19 139:10	132:10 133:21
155:14,15,21	40:11,14 43:9	183:17 189:7	137:2 146:20
168:8 180:7	87:16 196:8	199:8 206:4,6	148:20 150:10
186:12 208:8,14	242:14 245:22	263:8 334:11	168:14 171:2
243:22 251:3	327:15 335:11 362:12	financially 370:11	174:21 176:20
307:3 313:2,14		·	178:13 180:22
336:16 351:19	figuring 59:16	finding 65:11	189:13 193:5
Fed-Ex 152:11	filing 214:19	66:10 152:15 244:19 342:22	194:4 198:7 202:18 204:11
feed 84:2	fill 103:17		209:21 211:1
feedback 109:3	152:12,15 201:2	Findings 54:21	217:6,20 232:15
110:17	281:11 316:6,9	fine 66:15,16	268:3 269:20
	359:7,12 360:12	71:11 72:10 90:8	274:20
feeding 88:17	filled 152:6,9	181:1 236:3	277:16,20
feel 45:1 69:2	191:15 281:6	298:8	284:17 288:11
86:21,22 103:19	316:15	fingers 178:6	292:2 296:10
218:1 228:14	filter 31:3,4,9	finish 296:5	299:15 300:18
234:14	33:21 60:11	finished 35:8	301:19 307:14,15
feeling 123:11	91:11 238:18	211:20 240:4	328:9,11 329:2
fees 209:2,3	filter-down 175:10	finished-dose	338:7,12 340:9
feet 45:19 86:16	filtering 30:14	280:6,14	343:17 359:9
Feinstein 97:20	31:6 77:19	finishing 91:21	first-come 338:8

	i ag		
first-come-first	flows 338:14	108:17 131:5	forgotten 231:3
339:6	fluids 88:8	202:4,8 204:17	form 60:18 78:8
firsthand 144:10		205:5 212:2,22	102:6 103:6,10
	fluorouracial	215:13 221:15	199:13 280:16
first-line 121:21	332:3	228:13 237:12	284:2 343:18
122:14	fluorouracil	241:7,22 246:6	360:6
first-served 338:9	114:10	256:10 258:22	
fighty 212.0	flush 91:21	259:1 275:18	formal 10:10,12
fishy 313:9		276:4 291:17	11:4 170:18
five 46:12 88:11	flushed 92:13	298:19,20	207:15 241:19
119:8,17 131:18	flusters 160:15	299:15 308:14	242:1 277:14
156:16 203:2		328:5,14 354:15	288:15
257:1 262:16	focus 14:1 64:13	363:21,22	formalize 288:12
263:17 297:13	72:9 75:7	364:2,15,18	
306:7 310:5	161:14,16,21	365:18 368:17	formalized 244:11
318:11 331:22	205:22 257:8		287:22
332:2,9 333:8	286:2 290:1,16	follow-up 69:21	former 279:1
348:22 359:4	302:14,15	235:9	forming 34:14
fix 16:18 17:15	306:11	food 1:4,10 84:1	ı I
44:9 51:10	focused 121:12	276:20 291:14	forms 45:4 330:18
101:11 127:16	174:14 209:21	303:2	formula 92:20
137:14 160:20	focusing 120:7	foot 295:9 305:22	formulary 81:1
182:7 245:22	207:4 217:14	footprint 295:14	formulas 88:19,21
248:6 266:11	326:6	force 105:21	ŕ
273:20 306:9	FOLFIRI 96:7	132:17 340:15	formulation
314:10	332:5		233:21
fixed 137:14 178:7		forced 133:20	forth 67:16 116:22
323:9	FOLFOX	163:3 210:9	176:19 273:22
	96:12,13 181:22	220:15 286:7	324:14 336:11
Fixing 323:7	332:5	345:9	fortunate 93:12
flags 313:8	folk 11:9	forces 13:18	100:7
flexibility 14:11	folks 10:12,13	forcing 341:13	fortunately 95:9
25:7 35:15,16	11:7,8,13,18,19,	forecasting 270:17	105:6 159:4
266:22 274:12	20,22 16:10		162:22 165:13
flood 153:11	17:13 18:7 21:6	foregoing 370:3	349:5
flora 341:10	22:12,18 25:22 28:21 29:10 30:7	foreign 34:11	Fortune 94:21
Florida 131:21,22	31:6 32:16 35:12	147:21	
203:13	36:19 37:18,21	155:13,16	forum 238:1,11
	38:2,7 40:6	168:10 280:10	forward 12:5
flow 118:14	66:20 67:2 68:2	foremost 14:1 15:1	15:18,22 18:7
209:20	70:9 77:15,17,19	55:21 171:2	19:20 41:21 79:2
311:15,21	107:6,7,10	forever 253:7	94:14 129:14
317:14,16	107.0,7,10	1010101 233.1	145:4 150:3

	1 ag	-	
180:10 217:18	199:13 295:13	117:10 173:11	290:17 291:15
272:18 290:1,21	317:14,16	frustrations 171:6	292:19 307:22
292:15 298:5	325:22 333:8	FTC 180:10	335:3 352:13
308:12 324:20 337:12 344:12	349:1		354:1 367:5
	free-standing	fulfilling 309:20	
Foscarnet 27:2	139:19	full 11:18 117:17	<u>G</u>
fosphenytoin	freezing 85:15	128:12 157:6 158:1 192:20,21	gained 285:1
46:10	frequency 258:2	233:8 314:17	game 351:14,20
foster 269:10	259:17	316:4 320:22	GAO 167:2
foundation 3:6	frequent 43:2	330:6 335:17	gaps 209:21
5:10 79:7,11	52:21 188:17	350:20 351:22	Gaugh 8:8 299:5
87:19 93:9,10	195:3	full-day 350:9,10	305:13 315:21
180:13 187:18 278:21 303:16	frequently	full-dose 193:18	320:2
founds 54:9	56:14,22 58:5 77:3 141:17	full-fledged 319:16	GBS 278:21 279:1
Fourteen 96:8	227:9 284:11	full-line 322:19	gene 106:8
fourth 17:7 290:4	Fresenius 297:17	full-service 322:19	general 8:4 27:4
Fox 2:14	304:18,22	full-time 20:18	132:9 146:7 160:12 207:13
38:10,11,16 57:9	Friday 56:1	95:11 329:5	213:13,22
68:20 74:11	110:21 204:16	fully 115:6 116:1	250:20 299:4,5
108:5 162:3	Friedman 248:4	180:13 234:13	351:7,11 364:22
194:11 231:17	friend 356:20	355:19 357:10	366:15
234:11 257:15	359:13	functioning 112:2	generally 20:10
fracture 157:18	friendly 171:14	222:16	68:10 285:15
fractured 157:17	friends 82:7 85:16	fundamental	generate 214:22
fragile 46:16	95:12 99:9	197:11 310:9	generates 40:6
fragility 106:14	157:22 192:13	fundamentally 275:4	generating 310:20
framework 258:9	frightened 93:11		generic 7:18 8:11
Francisco 94:21	137:12	funded 178:21	32:5,6 44:1
100:12	front 11:5 133:22	funding 39:2	76:20 98:7
Francisco's 95:16	234:12 357:14	209:15	126:12 190:10 209:2
frankly 129:17	frontline 164:7	fungus 200:1	214:10,12,20
177:12 204:6	252:8	funnel 359:12	241:21
257:19 344:9	frustrated 137:12	Furthermore	242:10,22 243:2
Fred 5:9 187:15	259:3	336:4	249:18 263:16
Frederick 4:18 9:8	frustrating 169:12	future 31:17	266:15 276:10,14,18
free 44:2 83:20	frustration 58:19	184:15 209:7	277:10
1100 44.2 03.20		277:13 282:14	277.10

	1 46		
279:10,14	240:18,19 247:9	goals 13:7 14:22	291:11
280:3,11,14,21	265:20 290:10	207:1	gravity 13:1
281:3,7,9,15,21	311:14 317:21	God 333:6	gray 51:15
282:12,17 283:4 284:2,7,10,11,18	319:19 320:9 334:18 361:5	gone 31:13 108:2	68:4,6,7,10,12
285:8,13,15		233:8	70:16 117:4,9
286:5 288:14	GI 57:12		118:1 129:17
289:21 292:5	giant 144:21	go-to 141:22	130:1 154:5
296:3	gigantic 351:14	gotten 19:12 93:16	168:4 194:11,19
297:2,7,13,20		177:17 298:21	195:1 196:2,4,8
304:10 343:16	given 10:8 30:4,21	gougers 265:18	220:17
345:7	32:6 48:13 57:17	gouging 130:3	221:3,13,16
generically 194:16	59:3 83:7,17 84:5 85:14 87:4	148:13 167:22	224:15,16
	96:14 98:17,20	195:12,16	229:15,16
generics 281:13	112:20 134:14	221:7,10 251:6	250:15,16,21
327:14 332:8,10	166:1 238:2	266:11 273:22	264:22 265:3
genetic 192:8	270:17 310:21	296:19	273:22 285:9 288:3
194:6	359:22 362:17	government 6:11	296:9,12,17
gentleman 158:10	gives 30:10 254:19	78:19 101:5	312:7,10,21,22
306:8 355:17		128:16 145:15	313:1 314:4
Genzyme	giving 89:14	178:9 194:2	315:15 317:18
192:4,16,19	106:20 112:18	208:8 211:12	318:5 319:11
i i	117:16 351:19	246:15 248:10	320:3,7 322:1
geographic 53:16 54:7 57:14,17	glad 76:6	283:11 313:2,14	323:7
125:20	glass 29:4 30:14	GPhA 277:6,14,22	366:9,11,14
	31:3,4,13 34:11	279:4,8 281:10	great 1:13 40:1
George 174:1	245:12	287:19 292:16	44:6,19 60:22
Georgia 196:15	glitch 46:20	324:19 327:2	75:20 115:8
gets 28:22 154:14		GPO 274:7	131:19 133:19
203:13 253:21	global 27:10 47:16 58:12 240:5		136:11 171:10
260:6 272:20,21	280:3,4 289:7	grace 333:6 337:9	173:7,13,17
275:13	341:22	grades 19:11	180:18 203:1
316:14,15 317:1		grant 192:12	236:8 251:22
getting 28:9 31:22	globalization	Granting 266:21	255:21 272:3
79:22 98:22	247:4 254:5	Ü	275:20 302:21
99:1,3 108:10	gluconate 49:6	grants 125:11	306:13,15
109:2 110:9	91:5 94:4 172:18	granular 55:5	315:14 327:18
111:22 137:21	GMP 23:9	graph 258:11	greater 8:18 13:4
152:16 182:18	goal 18:15 36:13	graphic 45:15	91:1 122:8
190:20 191:14	58:22 121:22	8 1	159:13 324:22
196:6 225:8,15	144:22 201:18	grasp 301:12	329:21 333:20
226:7 236:9	288:5 306:18	grateful 277:2	340:17,22

	1 ag	1	
greatest 63:7	233:11 243:9	1 1654 15 55 0 17	247:11 282:8
99:21	244:1 252:10	half 54:15 55:8,17	332:20
	292:17 316:13	56:15 58:14	
greatly 36:17		84:13 122:10	happened 33:2
90:19 99:17	grow 13:21 183:11	141:3 182:16	46:4,8 54:12
100:16 144:22	growing 13:11	216:12 278:18	59:18 90:11
235:18 276:22	341:5	312:4	109:22 115:16
306:17		hallowing 278:20	117:16 131:1
green 314:16	grown 120:16	_	133:20 199:5
	310:5	hallways 157:6	226:15 247:16
GREENBERG	growth 310:2,3,10	haloperidol	313:21 350:12
243:10	guarantees 319:6	343:18	351:6,12 356:22
ground 300:20		halted 56:3 104:16	360:15
306:3	guard 89:12,13	122:21 123:6	happens 48:15
4.2 10 12 14	guardrails 196:21		110:15 176:3,4,5
group 4:3,10,12,14 5:17 7:12	197:8	287:2	270:18 286:16
	70 11 100 (Hamil 79:8 82:21	314:20
14:6,8,13 18:6	guess 72:11 108:6	86:19 87:11	
74:13 90:4 101:3	119:19 246:8	Hamil's 145:7	happy 85:19
143:10	247:10		hard 13:17 117:19
163:21,22	guessing 171:22	Hamlin 3:7,8	125:5 134:20
164:21 167:12	guidance 150:1	82:10,11,17,18,2	169:7 177:9
168:13 170:17	153:2 164:1	1 86:20	201:3 208:21
172:14 176:9		Hamlins 109:22	249:20 254:3
178:2 197:7	222:10,19 271:4	hammer 234:16	290:8 291:3
199:10 205:4,6	guidelines 124:17		306:11 320:18
207:5,6,14,21	167:6 172:11	314:10	352:21
213:20 215:1	226:13,20	Hampshire 1:12	
222:6 224:5,17	271:7,16 342:14	hand 16:21	harm 121:6
232:19 243:12	364:19	17:1,10 63:5,8	Hartman 267:20
244:5 246:12,14	Guillain 278:15	64:6 66:21 84:10	Handmann 260.10
252:20 255:2		86:2 147:11	Hartmann 268:18
256:13 267:21	Gundy 52:9 66:14	217:16 220:20	274:3
268:19 269:9	354:19	232:13 287:4	Harvey 243:3
278:22 283:9	gut 112:2	317:22	haven't 22:10
311:1 316:4			74:11 176:19
318:12 325:5	guy 329:7	handle 79:17	178:19,20,21
334:5 365:21	guys 12:17	handling 80:11	228:15 298:20
group-purchasing	GW 174:3	208:19	307:8 342:8
62:6	3,, 1, 1.5		
	H	hands 18:7 253:22	having 21:5 27:20
groups 6:13,14		happen 12:13	37:18,20
14:6,18 21:9	Hagerty 4:8	44:8,17 50:15	47:11,12 50:16
154:9 172:22	135:22 136:1,3	81:9 106:11	58:5 64:5,6
207:3 216:21	138:21 218:17	126:22 198:12	66:13 72:3 80:17
	249:14,15		

<u></u>	<u> </u>		·
81:18 86:10	277:21 299:9	95:3 119:7,19	301:20 306:21
92:20 96:14	330:17,22 334:7	133:5 168:2	315:9 316:6
99:14 100:20	336:22 339:3	198:21 219:15	318:1 323:13
102:2 104:2	340:14 341:12	224:5 230:16	327:6 330:10
106:2 122:20	342:18 353:13	232:3 236:10	332:4 338:10
127:2 134:13	363:17 364:3	250:9 256:10,14	344:16 345:5
136:17 138:11	healthcare 6:13,21	262:14 274:5,8	350:15 353:5
140:12,22	7:8,13 10:6,21	299:7 300:16	363:7,11
152:14,21	21:8 30:8 31:5	315:19 333:15	364:2,4,12,13,19
167:9,11 171:20	34:21 35:21	337:13 340:2	365:2
172:2 193:18	36:15 37:16	343:2 363:15	366:2,12,17,19
241:5 247:2	63:18 66:1 78:9	heard 42:21 43:12	367:1,7,14 368:8
253:8 254:16	79:14,15 107:2	44:16,19 45:7,17	hearing 19:20 56:1
263:5 294:12	121:13 124:4	47:13 57:5,9	81:18 94:14
301:10 305:3,9	136:5 142:17,22	70:4 73:6 81:13	108:6 137:2,8
315:22 317:20	143:1,6 148:19	98:6 106:20	139:22 166:6
335:14 347:10	171:4 176:9	107:20	176:1 204:16,18
349:12 355:7	205:19 217:8	107.20	256:6 276:4
362:21	220:11 221:8	110:19 112:5	282:20 298:19
HDMA 271:6	225:18 229:22	126:10,13,14,19	301:7 314:18
319:16 322:20	230:3 245:15	120.10,13,14,19	363:14
	246:12 255:3	128:3,19 129:16	
head 98:12 153:1	256:8 262:19,21	133:1,17	hearings 184:13
157:16 160:17	263:6 267:22	136:9,15 140:15	heart 86:3 89:16
294:22 357:14	269:9,21 270:4	142:17 152:19	196:21 197:7
359:9 360:12	278:8,9 281:16	161:19 162:8	heartening 216:19
headline 248:4	283:10 317:2	164:5,14 166:14	G
health 2:9,21 3:12	329:4 334:21	167:7,8,10,22	heavily 212:20
7:11,12 8:5	335:6,20	168:8 169:17	heavy 92:6
13:14 16:6	342:11,17	175:2 176:19	he'd 66:12
18:17,18 26:15	346:20 352:10	187:21 188:5	
27:6	365:21 366:3,5	189:10 193:11	heightened 81:7
52:2,4,11,13	, i	197:22 210:18	held 84:8,10
53:7,12 54:5	Health-System	217:8 221:22	204:15
64:17 68:21	6:18 52:6,22	229:15 241:6	Helen 95:16
74:21 75:9 97:15	206:14	243:22 252:1	
99:7,12 106:14	Health-Systems	258:5,14,15,19	he'll 107:16
108:1 125:15,16	2:16 6:6,16	268:2,5,12	202:19
138:15 149:9	202:19 216:4	271:12 273:22	Hello 94:20 340:5
181:11 199:10	277:3	287:16 291:5	help 11:5,20 19:6
204:15 223:21	healthy 106:7	294:12,20 296:8	26:5 29:22
224:6 244:4	349:2	299:6,13	36:10,12 39:16
267:21 268:19	hear 29:10 73:11	300:2,3,20	44:15 46:10

Commonstrate Comm		<u> </u>		
Total Trick Tric	63:17 69:17	hematology 4:7	highest 121:18	161:5,6 165:21
133:1 161:15 181:10 18	76:14 78:8 98:2			hold 91.9 103.1
181:10	99:4 102:12	133:1 161:15	290:6 307:11	
129:14 134:18 135:12 151:1 155:11 156:1,10 166:5 167:4 169:5 173:6 190:12 193:9 214:8 219:10 222:9,18 225:13 227:1 235:12 246:16 255:14 264:8,20 270:16 271:1,8 278:21 287:19 295:20 299:1 305:20 307:12 323:8 328:9 330:15 333:12 333:12 342:14 356:9 358:8 367:9 helped 186:14 298:10 helped 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 229:21 237:8 229:21 337:16 166:4,6,10 204:5 229:21 237:8 229:21 337:16 169:22 229:21 335:16 169:22 229:21 237:8 229:21 237:8 229:21 237:8 229:21 237:8 229:21 237:10 279:13 239:21 235:16 highlighted 2		181:10	high-level 363·6	
135:12 131:1 120		Hematology/		
120:1				
hemmorrage 157:18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ç.		C
190:12 193:9 214:8 219:10 222:9;18 225:13 185:8 hemophilia 161:15 185:8 hence 128:1 224:16;18 278:21 224:16;18 278:12 239:1305:20 239:		hammarraga		238:1 292:3
highly 95:20			235:16	holdings 256:21
182:13 185:8 185:10			highly 95:20	home 64:22 97:11
227:1 235:12 246:16 255:14 264:8,20 270:16 271:1,8 278:21 287:19 295:20 299:1 305:20 307:12 323:8 328:9 330:15 333:12 342:14 356:9 358:8 367:9 helped 186:14 298:10 helpful 26:1 28:17,21 37:11 67:4 78:19 107:6 186:46,610 204:5 218:20 220:19 245:1 267:19 245:1 267:19 245:1 267:19 245:1 267:19 245:1 267:19 245:1 267:19 331:14 333:18 337:16 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 310:14 helps 28:5 204:2 359:13 hence 128:1 Herculean 330:9 hereby 370:3 hereby 370:3 hinders 122:8 hip 159:10,11,14 160:2 hip 159:10,11 18:20 hip 19:4 62:10 hip 19:4 62:10 hip 19:4 62:10 hip 19:4 62:10 hip		-	high-risk 162·10	
246:16 255:14 264:8,20 270:16 271:1,8 278:21 295:20 299:1 305:20 299:1 305:20 333:12 342:14 356:9 358:8 367:9 281:7 213:31:1 67:4 78:19 107:6 186:4,6,10 204:5 218:20 220:19 245:1 267:19 275:10 279:13 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 241:14,15 241:14,15 241:14,15 281:13 359:13 242:22 265:7 281:8 20 20:19 238:10 244:20 31:14 336:14 288:17 329:20 248:22 265:7 241:14,15 249:20 249:22 265:10 239:9 31:12 249:22 66:10 249:22 265:10 249:	· ·	185:8		
264:8,20 270:16 271:1,8 278:21 287:19 295:20 299:1 305:20 307:12 323:8 328:9 330:15 333:12 342:14 356:9 358:8 367:9 helped 186:14 298:10 helpful 26:1 28:17,21 37:11 67:4 78:19 107:6 186:4,6,10 204:5 218:20 220:19 245:1 267:19 245:1 267:19 275:10 279:13 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 310:14 288:5 204:2 helped 186:15 helpe 28:5 204:2 helped 186:16 36:16 368:17 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 310:14 242:16,18 hematologist/ oncologist hereto 370:11 hinders 122:8 hip 159:10,11,14 160:2 historic 198:9 211:4 historical 30:6 honestly 96:17 182:20 honor 292:1 honor 292:1 honor 292:1 honor 292:1 honor 18:14 153:11 HopA 120:6,11,17 123:18,20 174:20 hitting 157:8 hmm 17:9 hoarding 43:19 51:14 130:3 16:8 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 143:4 148:11 209:5 264:19 289:18 311:13 47:22 66:5 hodgkin's 164:11 homeatologist/ oncologist		hence 128:1		
271:1,8 278:21 287:19 295:20 299:1 305:20 307:12 323:8 328:9 330:15 333:12 342:14 356:9 358:8 367:9 helped 186:14 298:10 HHS 75:10 184:16 185:10 244:5,7 Hi 86:19 119:20 150:11 156:17 229:12 237:8 218:20 220:19 245:1 267:19 275:10 279:13 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 310:14 hereby 370:3 hereto 370:11 hereby 370:3 hereto 370:11 160:2 HIPAA 339:3 historic 198:9 211:4 historical 30:6 90:2 260:10 272:7,16 302:18 357:18 history 20:15 26:17 90:4 321:4 hit 249:20 hits 219:16 hitting 157:8 hmmm 17:9 hoarding 43:19 51:14 130:3 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hope 73:4 74:13 76:8 85:3 86:8 102:16 homecare 93:22 101:18 homes 90:6 honestly 96:17 182:20 honor 292:1 honored 38:16 hood 118:14 153:11 HOPA 120:6,11,17 123:18,20 174:20 HOPA's 120:4 124:19 hope 73:4 74:13 76:8 85:3 86:8 105:20 106:18 102:16 homecare 93:22 101:18 homes 90:6 honorestly 96:17 182:20 honored 38:16 hodd 118:14 153:11 HOPA 120:6,11,17 123:18,20 174:20 174:20 HOPA's 120:4 124:19 hope 73:4 74:13 76:8 85:3 86:8 105:20 106:18 124:19 hope 73:4 74:13 102:16 homecare 93:22 101:18 homes 90:6 honestly 96:17 182:20 honored 38:16 homed 30:16 homes 90:6 honorestly 96:17 182:20 honored 38:16 homed 30:16 homes 90:6 honorestly 96:17 182:20 honored 38:16 homed 30:16 homes 90:6 honorestly 96:17 182:20 honored 38:16 homed 30:16 homes 90:6 honorestly 96:17 182:20 honored 38:16 hodelfinition:		Herculean 330:9		
hereto 370:11	,		hinders 122:8	
hereto 370:11	*	· ·	hip 159:10,11,14	
307:12 323:8 hernia 348:9 HIPAA 339:3 homes 90:6 328:9 330:15 333:12 342:14 356:9 358:8 he's 131:5 158:1 historic 198:9 211:4 homes 90:6 367:9 hesitate 179:2 heistorical 30:6 honestly 96:17 182:20 helped 186:14 298:10 HHS 75:10 184:16 90:2 260:10 272:7,16 302:18 helpful 26:1 185:10 244:5,7 history 20:15 honor 292:1 28:17,21 37:11 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 hitzory 20:15 26:17 90:4 321:4 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 hit 249:20 120:6,11,17 123:18,20 174:20 174:20 275:10 279:13 337:16 hitting 157:8 16lping 29:15 73:2 331:14 333:18 337:16 hitmm 17:9 helping 29:15 73:2 151:17 188:12 265:9,11 268:15 283:17 329:2 hoarding 43:19 105:20 106:18 105:20 106:18 124:20 131:7 124:20 131:7 124:20 131:7 105:20 106:18 124:20 131:7 124:20 131:7 124:20 131:7 105:20 106:18 124:20		hereto 370:11	- , ,	
328:9 330:15 herpes 99:2 historic 198:9 homes 90:6 333:12 342:14 356:9 358:8 he's 131:5 158:1 historic 198:9 211:4 367:9 hesitate 179:2 historical 30:6 honor 292:1 helped 186:14 298:10 HHS 75:10 184:16 90:2 260:10 honor 292:1 helpful 26:1 185:10 244:5,7 history 20:15 honor 292:1 28:17,21 37:11 186:49 119:20 150:11 156:17 229:12 237:8 hitzory 20:15 153:11 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 hit 249:20 120:6,11,17 123:18,20 275:10 279:13 337:16 hitting 157:8 hmmm 17:9 hope 73:4 74:13 299:21 365:16 high 19:4 62:10 84:20 88:5 89:6 hmmm 17:9 hope 73:4 74:13 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 248:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hope 73:4 74:13 helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 209:5 264:19 289:18 311:13 hematologist/ 241:14,15 243:22 265:7 75:16 156:16 327:16 156:16 <td></td> <td>hernia 348:9</td> <td>НІРА А 339∙3</td> <td>101:18</td>		hernia 348:9	НІРА А 339∙3	101:18
333:12 342:14 he's 131:5 158:1 he's 131:5 158:1 heorestly 96:17 367:9 helped 186:14 298:10 hey 201:8 historical 30:6 90:2 260:10 honor 292:1 helpful 26:1 28:17,21 37:11 67:4 78:19 107:6 185:10 244:5,7 history 20:15 hood 118:14 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 239:9 312:20 hitz 249:20 120:6,11,17 245:1 267:19 239:9 312:20 331:14 333:18 337:16 hopp 4:20:4 366:16 368:17 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 hope 73:4 74:13 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 251:5 261:21 hope 73:4 74:13 310:14 283:17 329:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 hoc 388:2 hematologist/ oncologist 241:14,15 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 37:16 156:16 368:16		hernes 99·2		homes 90:6
helped 186:14 298:10 hesitate 179:2 historical 30:6 90:2 260:10 272:7,16 302:18 honore 38:16 hood 118:14 153:11 hood 118:14 153:14 hood 118:14 hood 118:14	333:12 342:14	*	l l	honestly 96·17
helped 186:14 Hey 201:8 90:2 260:10 honor 292:1 helpful 26:1 185:10 244:5,7 history 20:15 hood 118:14 28:17,21 37:11 186:4,6,10 204:5 29:12 237:8 153:11 153:11 467:4 78:19 107:6 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 229:12 237:8 26:17 90:4 321:4 hood 118:14 186:20 220:19 239:9 312:20 331:14 333:18 120:6,11,17 123:18,20 245:1 267:19 331:14 333:18 337:16 hitting 157:8 hope 73:4 74:13 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 hope 73:4 74:13 422:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 283:17 329:2 148:12 210:17 105:20 106:18 310:14 283:17 329:2 hoc 338:2 105:20 106:18 helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 359:13 47:22 66:5 Hodgkin's 164:11 289:18 311:13 hematologist/ 243:22 265:7 Hoffman 4:19 327:11 349:16 75:16 156:16 354:0 355:2	356:9 358:8			· ·
helped 186:14 Hey 201:8 90.2 260:10 298:10 HHS 75:10 184:16 272:7,16 302:18 honored 38:16 helpful 26:1 185:10 244:5,7 history 20:15 26:17 90:4 321:4 hood 118:14 28:17,21 37:11 150:11 156:17 26:17 90:4 321:4 153:11 HOPA 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 239:9 312:20 hit 249:20 120:6,11,17 245:1 267:19 331:14 333:18 337:16 hitting 157:8 hopp 4:20:4 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 124:19 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 265:9,11 268:15 265:9,11 268:15 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 105:20 106:18 359:13 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 105:20 106:18 124:20 131:7 hematologist/ oncologist 241:14,15 243:22 265:7 Hodgkin's 164:11 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16 325:2 255:2 255:2 255:2	367:9	hesitate 179:2		
298:10 HHS 75:10 184:16 272:7,16 302:18 honored 38:16 helpful 26:1 185:10 244:5,7 history 20:15 hood 118:14 28:17,21 37:11 28:17,21 37:11 29:12 237:8 26:17 90:4 321:4 hood 118:14 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 229:12 237:8 229:12 237:8 hits 249:20 120:6,11,17 218:20 220:19 239:9 312:20 331:14 333:18 337:16 hits 219:16 HOPA's 120:4 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 124:19 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 251:14 130:3 148:12 210:17 239:13 265:9,11 268:15 251:5 261:21 105:20 106:18 359:13 47:22 66:5 241:14,15 243:22 265:7 Hodgkin's 164:11 299:5 264:19 hematologist/ 243:22 265:7 Hoffman 4:19 327:11 349:16 254:9 355:2	helped 186 [.] 14	Hev 201:8		
helpful 26:1 185:10 244:5,7 history 20:15 hood 118:14 28:17,21 37:11 67:4 78:19 107:6 150:11 156:17 26:17 90:4 321:4 HOPA 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 229:12 237:8 120:6,11,17 218:20 220:19 239:9 312:20 331:14 333:18 1433:18 275:10 279:13 337:16 hitting 157:8 hoarding 43:19 299:21 365:16 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 hope 73:4 74:13 366:16 368:17 265:9,11 268:15 265:9,11 268:15 148:12 210:17 310:14 265:9,11 268:15 251:5 261:21 105:20 106:18 159:13 47:22 66:5 Hodgkin's 164:11 209:5 264:19 hematologist/ oncologist 243:22 265:7 Hoffman 4:19 327:11 349:16 75:16 156:16 325:20 325:20	_	•	*	honored 38:16
Hi 86:19 119:20 150:11 156:17 229:12 237:8 239:9 312:20 331:14 333:18 337:16 high 19:4 62:10 84:20 88:5 89:6 151:17 188:12 242:16,18 310:14 283:17 329:2 higher 23:3,15 hematologist/ oncologist 150:11 156:17 229:12 237:8 150:11 156:17 229:12 237:8 120:6,11,17 123:18,20 174:20 174:20 174:20 HOPA's 120:4 124:19 hoarding 43:19 hope 73:4 74:13 76:8 85:3 86:8 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 105:20 106:18 124:20 131:7 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 209:5 264:19 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16 255:9 255:2 255:9 255:2 255:9 255:2 255:9 255:2 255:9 255:2 255:9 255:2	halnful 26:1		357:18	hood 118:14
67:4 78:19 107:6 150:11 156:17 26:17 90:4 321:4 HOPA 186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 hit 249:20 120:6,11,17 218:20 220:19 239:9 312:20 hits 219:16 123:18,20 245:1 267:19 331:14 333:18 337:16 hitting 157:8 HOPA's 120:4 299:21 365:16 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 124:19 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 251:14 130:3 76:8 85:3 86:8 10:14 283:17 329:2 148:12 210:17 105:20 106:18 helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 359:13 47:22 66:5 Hodgkin's 164:11 209:5 264:19 hematologist/ oncologist 241:14,15 Hoffman 4:19 251:6 156:16 75:16 156:16 354:9 355:2	_	ŕ	history 20:15	153:11
186:4,6,10 204:5 229:12 237:8 hit 249:20 120:6,11,17 218:20 220:19 239:9 312:20 hits 219:16 123:18,20 245:1 267:19 331:14 333:18 hitting 157:8 HOPA's 120:4 299:21 365:16 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 hope 73:4 74:13 366:16 368:17 151:17 188:12 51:14 130:3 hope 73:4 74:13 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 251:5 261:21 105:20 106:18 310:14 283:17 329:2 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 hematologist/ oncologist 241:14,15 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 75:16 156:16 354:9 355:2	*		26:17 90:4 321:4	HOPA
218:20 220:19 245:1 267:19 275:10 279:13 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 310:14 helps 28:5 204:2 359:13 hits 219:16 hitting 157:8 hmmm 17:9 hoarding 43:19 51:14 130:3 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hoc 338:2 hits 219:16 hitting 157:8 hmmm 17:9 hoarding 43:19 51:14 130:3 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16 hits 219:16 hitting 157:8 hmmm 17:9 hoarding 43:19 51:14 130:3 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16			hit 249:20	
245:1 267:19 275:10 279:13 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 310:14 helps 28:5 204:2 359:13 hematologist/ oncologist 174:20 hitting 157:8 hmmm 17:9 hoarding 43:19 51:14 130:3 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hoc 338:2 HOPA's 120:4 124:19 hope 73:4 74:13 76:8 85:3 86:8 105:20 106:18 124:20 131:7 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16	* *		hits 210:16	
275:10 279:13 299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 helping 29:15 73:2 242:16,18 310:14 helps 28:5 204:2 helps 28:5 204:2 hematologist/ oncologist 337:16 high 19:4 62:10 84:20 88:5 89:6 151:17 188:12 265:9,11 268:15 283:17 329:2 higher 23:3,15 47:22 66:5 241:14,15 243:22 265:7 high 19:4 62:10 84:20 88:5 89:6 151:17 188:12 265:9,11 268:15 283:17 329:2 higher 23:3,15 47:22 66:5 241:14,15 243:22 265:7 hmmm 17:9 hoarding 43:19 51:14 130:3 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 209:5 264:19 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16				174:20
299:21 365:16 366:16 368:17 high 19:4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 hope 73:4 74:13 helping 29:15 73:2 151:17 188:12 242:16,18 151:17 188:12 148:12 210:17 105:20 106:18 310:14 283:17 329:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 124:19 hematologist/ oncologist 47:22 66:5 Hodgkin's 164:11 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16 75:16 156:16 354:0 355:2	275:10 279:13		hitting 157:8	HOPA's 120.4
366:16 368:17 high 19.4 62:10 hoarding 43:19 helping 29:15 73:2 151:17 188:12 51:14 130:3 76:8 85:3 86:8 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 148:12 210:17 105:20 106:18 310:14 283:17 329:2 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 hematologist/ oncologist 241:14,15 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 75:16 156:16 354:0 355:2	299:21 365:16		hmmm 17:9	
helping 29:15 73:2 151:17 188:12 51:14 130:3 76:8 85:3 86:8 242:16,18 265:9,11 268:15 148:12 210:17 105:20 106:18 310:14 283:17 329:2 higher 23:3,15 124:20 131:7 helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 hematologist/ oncologist 241:14,15 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 75:16 156:16 354:0 355:2	366:16 368:17	<u> </u>	hoarding 43·19	
242:16,18 310:14 265:9,11 268:15 283:17 329:2 helps 28:5 204:2 359:13 hematologist/ oncologist 148:12 210:17 251:5 261:21 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16	helping 29:15 73:2		_	-
310:14 helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hematologist/ oncologist 251:5 261:21 hoc 338:2 Hodgkin's 164:11 Hoffman 4:19 75:16 156:16 251:5 261:21 124:20 131:7 143:4 148:11 209:5 264:19 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16	1 0			
helps 28:5 204:2 higher 23:3,15 hoc 338:2 143:4 148:11 359:13 47:22 66:5 Hodgkin's 164:11 209:5 264:19 hematologist/oncologist 241:14,15 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16 354:0 355:2	*		l l	
359:13	helps 28·5 204·2		hoc 338·2	
hematologist/ oncologist 241:14,15 243:22 265:7 Hodgkin's 164:11 Hoffman 4:19 289:18 311:13 327:11 349:16				
nematologist/ oncologist 241:14,13 Hoffman 4:19 327:11 349:16 75:16 156:16 354:0 355:2				
1 /3 10 130 10 1 254.0 255.2	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
10/.14	<u> </u>		75:16 156:16	354:9 355:2
	10/.14	203.11 J T J.10		

359:13 337:18 346:1,3 152:9 155:20 325:8 328:4 101:14.22 107:14 109:17 135:31:1 152:1,13 152:9 155:20 325:8 328:4 107:14 109:17 119:17 180:4 119:17 180:4 181:3 190:22 203:7,11 204:15 181:3 190:22 203:11				
Hopkins Assistance House Si Si Si Si Si Si Si S	359:13	337:18 346:1,3	152:9 155:20	94:18,22
hoping 28:21 46:18 47:6 49:19 203:7,11 204:15 119:7 180:4 hoping 28:21 337:11 52:1,13 hopkins 187:19 53:12,15,18,20,2 horizontal 41:20 54:1,4,6,11,15,2 horrible 85:20 54:1,4,6,11,15,2 horrible 85:20 56:5,14,15,20 horsham 108:13 58:1,4,9,14 63:1 hospira 6:11 7:20 114:9,14 116:10 8:10 205:10 114:9,14 116:10 223:4 294:2,15 296:12 291:2 293:3 hospira 6:11 7:20 139:20,21,22 299:13 315:9 324:18 358:4 209:12 299:13 315:9 324:18 358:4 hospital 2:18 4:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:21 6:18 100:11,12 52:3 5:31,21 54:19 331:3,4 342:18 hospital 2:18 4:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:21 6:18 136:17 130:21 hospital 2:18 4:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 320:11 326:13 5:21 6:18 8:20 330:17,19 5:31 91:12 180:18 2:15,16 8:13 105:11,12 52:3 330:17,19 8:13 105:11,12 52:3 330:17,19 5:31 91:71 10:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 13:20 13:20 10:20 10:20 13:20 13:20	honefully 71·11	hosnitalists 99·10	325:8 328:4	101:14,22
hoping 28:21 337:11 46:18 47:6 49:19 52:1,13 53:12,15,18,20,2 2 horizontal 41:20 86:10,12 108:2 110:15 130:10 58:1,4,9,14 63:1 66:3 71:1 83:6 104:17 105:1 114:9,14 116:10 8:10 205:10 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 293:4 294:2,15 332:11 36:21 299:13 315:9 374:18 35:8 4 220:14 230:7 173:20 175:11 299:13 315:9 374:18 35:8 4 220:14 230:7 173:20 175:11 299:13 31:2 520 6:18 8:20 9:7 46:7 322:12 9:7 46:7 323:12 54:19 55:15 69:18 74:16 75:17 85:18 86:1 87:6 89:13 105:11,12 108:22 113:4 117:3 118:9 15:9 157:1 161:9,10,11 163:1 175:6 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 255:17,14 204:15 119:7 180:4 181:3 190:22 191:18 202:20 203:11 180:25:22 22:22:22 23:6 huge 50:11 225:22 256:19 277:15 229:2 293:3 human 74:21 299:2 296:2 2 30:118 82:4,6 199:10 244:4 263:8 82:4,6 199:10 30:611 315:18 82:4,6 199:10 30:613 316:13 18:13 103:14 18:21 18:31 18:31 13:14 19:14 10:10 117:21 12	, <u> </u>	<u>-</u>	House 55:22 86:7	107:14 109:17
Hopkins 187:19 52:1,13 53:12,15,18,20,2 203:11 52:1,20 21:9 215:21 21:9 1215:21 21:9 1215:21 22:22 23:3 22:22 23:3 22:22 23:3 22:22 23:3 22:22 23:3 23:4 23:11 23:12 23:11 23:13				119:7 180:4
Hopkins 187:19	1 2		, and the second	181:3 190:22
horizontal 41:20 horrible 85:20 86:10,12 108:2 110:15 130:10 Horsham 108:13 hose 312:5 Hospira 6:11 7:20 8:10 205:10 206:6 211:12,13 291:19 292:1,6 293:4 294:2,15 296:14 297:14 299:13 315:9 324:18 358:4 hospital 2:18 4:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 9:7 46:7 324:18 358:4 hospital 2:18 4:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 9:7 46:7 33:1,21 54:19 55:15 69:18 74:16 75:17 85:18 86:1 87:6 89:13 105:11,12 106:13 108:2 117:3 118:9 150:9 157:1 161:9,10,11 163:1 175:6 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 255:79,14,16 by 10g 50:11 225:22 251:12 338:15 huge 50:11 225:22 251:12 338:15 huge 50:11 225:22 256:19 277:15 252:22 33:26 225:22 233:6 256:19 277:15 252:22 33:18 306:11 315:18 323:12 324:10 306:11 315:18 323:12 324:10 329:13 30:17 324:18 68:8 329:7,11 330:14 340:13 34:14 359:21 344:4 263:8 humdred 8:8 hundred 8	337:11		houses 287:18	191:18 202:20
horizontal 41:20 horrible 85:20 86:10,12 108:2 110:15 130:10 Fril, 18,21 Horsham 108:13 hose 312:5 Hospira 6:11 7:20 206:6 211:12,13 291:19 292:1,6 293:4 294:2,15 296:14 297:14 299:13 315:9 324:18 358:4 hospital 2:18 4:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 9.7 46:7 47:3,11,12 52:3 53:1,21 54:19 55:15 69:18 74:16 75:17 85:18 86:1 87:6 89:13 105:11,12 108:22 113:4 1173:118:9 150:9 157:1 161:9,10,11 163:1 175:6 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 225:12 338:15 human 74:21 human 74:21 human 74:21 222:22 233:6 226:22 23:1:18 329:22 233:3 12 324:10 226:22 23:3 human 74:21 229:12 426:3 104:17 105:1 114:9,14 116:10 117:21 120:22 126:18 136:17 129:13 315:18 humanly 241:8 humanly 24:8 humanly 241:8 humanly 24:8 humanly 24	Hopkins 187:19			
horrible 85:20 86:10,12 108:2 56:5,14,15,20 56:5,14,15,20 56:5,14,15,20 56:3,14,15,20 57:1,18,21 58:1,4,9,14 63:1 66:3 71:1 83:6 66:3 71:1 83:6 104:17 105:1 114:9,14 116:10 117:21 120:22 126:18 136:17 290:622 131:4 329:7,11 330:14 340:9 343:17 344:14 354:20 329:19 292:1,6 293:4 294:2,15 296:14 297:14 154:2,3,8 162:11 173:20 175:11 1299:13 315:9 220:14 230:7 220:14 230:7 220:14 230:7 220:14 230:7 220:14 230:7 232:13 333:14 330:17,19 332:2,1 1336:13 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 74:16 75:17 85:18 86:1 87:6 89:13 105:11,12 108:22 113:4 117:3 118:9 150:9 157:1 161:9,10,11 163:1 175:6 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 200:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 255:14 266:15,17 78:3 register of the file of the f	horizontal 41:20		203:11	*
86:10,12 108:2 110:15 130:10 86:10,12 108:2 110:15 130:10 Formal 108:13 **Mose 312:5 **Hospira 6:11 7:20 8:10 205:10 206:6 211:12,13 291:19 292:1,6 293:4 294:2,15 296:14 297:14 299:13 315:9 324:18 358:4 **hospital 2:18 4:20 296:14 297:14 299:13 315:9 324:18 358:4 **hospital 2:18 4:20 320:11 320:17 320:17 320:17 5:11 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 **hospital 2:18 4:20 323:13 36:13 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 **hospital 2:18 4:20 323:13 36:4 323:13 36:4 323:13 36:4 328:21 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 **hospital 2:13:4 117:3 118:9 150:9 157:1 161:9,10,11 163:1 175:6 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 188:16,18 192:5 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 **hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 **hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 166:1,3 190:21 276:3 **hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 **hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 **hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 160:1,3 1	howible 95.20		huge 50:11 225:22	
Horsham 108:13			251:12 338:15	
Horsham 108:13			human 74:21	
hose 312:5				
hose 312:5	Horsham 108:13		,	
Hospira 6:11 7:20	hose 312:5			
8:10 205:10 117:21 120:22 hundred 68:8 343:134:20 206:6 211:12,13 126:18 136:17 139:20,21,22 126:18 136:17 293:4 294:2,15 151:4 153:22 151:4 153:22 14 153:22 299:13 315:9 173:20 175:11 173:20 175:11 103:18 136:12 299:13 315:9 173:20 175:11 103:18 136:12 103:18 136:12 4nospital 2:18 4:20 262:20 263:1,4 264:5,13 313:4 264:5,13 313:4 328:21 30:17,19 330:17,19 330:17,19 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 Hyperactivity ideal 111:13 364:6 ideal 111:13 364:6 <td>Hospira 6:11 7:20</td> <td></td> <td>humanly 241:8</td> <td>7</td>	Hospira 6:11 7:20		humanly 241:8	7
126:18 136:17 139:20,21,22 151:4 153:22 151:4 153:22 151:4 153:22 154:2,3,8 162:11 173:20 175:11 139:20,21,22 154:2,3,8 162:11 173:20 175:11 139:20,21,22 154:2,3,8 162:11 173:20 175:11 139:20,21,22 154:2,3,8 162:11 173:20 175:11 139:20		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	hundred 68:8	
139:20,21,22 295:5 358:13 295:5 358:13 295:14 297:14 295:14 153:22 295:14 297:14 299:13 315:9 324:18 358:4 220:14 230:7 262:20 263:1,4 264:5,13 313:4 320:11 326:13 328:21 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 328:21 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 408 130:14 203:5 246:17 248:11 288:6 246:17 248:11 288:6 246:17 248:11 288:6 246:17 248:11 288:6 261:13 261:			hundreds 158·19	
151:4 153:22 154:2,3,8 162:11 173:20 175:11 220:14 230:7 262:20 263:1,4 264:5,13 313:4 320:11 326:13 328:21 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 351:14 17:3 118:9 150:9 157:1 161:9,10,11 163:1 175:6 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 106:3,9 169:17 106:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 106:3,9 169:17 154:22 16:3 103:18 136:12 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 136:14 103:18 13				idarubicin 164:17
154:2,3,8 162:11 173:20 175:11 220:14 230:7 262:20 263:1,4 264:5,13 313:4 328:21 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 358:18 86:1 87:6 89:13 105:11,12 108:22 113:4 173:31 18:9 150:9 157:1 163:1 175:6 181:13	,			idea 30:10 70:5
173:20 175:11	,	154:2,3,8 162:11	hurtful 85:2	83:10 102:3
324:18 358:4 220:14 230:7 Hutchinson 5:9 166:3,9 169:17 hospital 2:18 4:20 5:20 6:18 8:20 368:11 368:11 9:7 46:7 320:11 326:13 328:21 310:3,4 368:11 47:3,11,12 52:3 328:21 330:17,19 311:3,25,8 310:3,4 ideal 111:13 364:6 55:15 69:18 hospital's 69:5 Hyperactivity 5:13 191:12 180:18 203:5 246:17 248:11 180:18 203:5 246:17 248:11 288:6 89:13 105:11,12 38:13 46:21 hypothetical 28:18,20 identifiable 327:22 identification 339:9,17 161:9,10,11 hosting 340:10 Inclandic 35:12 1CUs 46:11 206:1 207:2,10 206:1 207:2,10 208:18 304:3 325:11 336:20 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 276:3 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identifier 338:20 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identifiers 338:20			husband 87:18	103:18 136:12
hospital 2:18 4:20 262:20 263:1,4 264:5,13 313:4 320:11 326:13 328:21 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 74:16 75:17 85:18 86:1 87:6 89:13 105:11,12 108:22 113:4 117:3 118:9 150:9 157:1 161:9,10,11 163:1 175:6 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 262:20 263:1,4 264:5,13 313:4 368:11 326:13 313:4 320:11 326:13 328:21 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 hydromorphone 113:2,5,8 310:3,4 ideal 111:13 364:6 ideal 111:13 36:10 ideal 111:13 364:6 ideal 111:13 36:16 ideal 111:13 36:16 ideal 111:13 36:16 ideal 111:13 36:16 ideal 111:13		220:14 230:7	Hutchinson 5.9	166:3,9 169:17
hospital 2:18 4:20 264:5,13 313:4 320:11 326:13 368:11 9:7 46:7 320:11 326:13 328:21 310:3,4 ideal 111:13 364:6 47:3,11,12 52:3 330:17,19 310:3,4 ideally 366:4 55:15 69:18 331:3,4 342:18 Hyperactivity ideal 111:13 364:6 55:15 69:18 hospital's 69:5 Hyperactivity 5:13 191:12 180:18 203:5 85:18 86:1 87:6 Hospitals 2:15,16 38:13 46:21 hyperdynamic 246:17 248:11 288:6 89:13 105:11,12 58:21 hypothetical 28:18,20 identifiable 327:22 117:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 identification 339:9,17 161:9,10,11 hot 85:14 Icelandic 35:12 identified 29:4 181:13 hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 identified 29:4 195:5,9,14 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 51:21 52:16 66:7,15,17 78:3 325:11 336:20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identifiers 338:20		262:20 263:1,4		268:10 365:4
9:7 46:7 320:11 326:13 328:21 330:3,4 346:6 47:3,11,12 52:3 330:17,19 331:3,4 342:18 310:3,4 ideal 111:13 364:6 55:15 69:18 74:16 75:17 hospital's 69:5 Hyperactivity 5:13 191:12 180:18 203:5 85:18 86:1 87:6 89:13 105:11,12 38:13 46:21 hyperdynamic 246:17 248:11 288:6 17:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 hypothetical 28:18,20 identification 339:9,17 161:9,10,11 hot 85:14 hot 85:14 ICus 46:11 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 276:3 1'd 12:22 16:3 325:11 336:20 ideal 111:13 364:6 10:20	l -	264:5,13 313:4		368:11
47:3,11,12 52:3 328:21 330:17,19 310:3,4 ideally 366:4 53:1,21 54:19 55:15 69:18 hospital's 69:5 Hyperactivity 5:13 191:12 180:18 203:5 85:18 86:1 87:6 Hospitals 2:15,16 38:13 46:21 hyperdynamic 246:17 248:11 108:22 113:4 17:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 hypothetical 28:18,20 161:9,10,11 hosting 340:10 1 Icelandic 35:12 identification 188:16,18 192:5 hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 160:1,3 190:21 1'd 12:22 16:3 325:11 336:20 195:5,9,14 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 1'd 12:22 16:3 325:11 336:20 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 276:3 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identificer 338:22 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 276:3 190:21 276:3 190:21 276:3 190:21 276:3 190:21 276:3 190:21 276:3 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21 190:21		320:11 326:13		ideal 111·13 36/1·6
53:1,21 54:19 330:17,19 55:15 69:18 331:3,4 342:18 Hyperactivity 74:16 75:17 hospital's 69:5 hospital's 69:5 85:18 86:1 87:6 Hospitals 2:15,16 38:13 46:21 89:13 105:11,12 58:21 hyperdynamic 108:22 113:4 58:21 hypothetical 117:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 28:18,20 161:9,10,11 hosting 340:10 28:18,20 181:13 hot 85:14 Icelandic 35:12 188:16,18 192:5 hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 195:5,9,14 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 206:12 225:7 276:3 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6		328:21		
55:15 69:18 74:16 75:17 hospital's 69:5 85:18 86:1 87:6 Hospitals 2:15,16 89:13 105:11,12 38:13 46:21 108:22 113:4 58:21 117:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 150:9 157:1 hosted 342:3 161:9,10,11 hosting 340:10 163:1 175:6 hot 85:14 181:13 hour 91:19 118:14 195:5,9,14 157:15 159:17 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 ideas 15:6 155:12 180:18 203:5 246:17 248:11 288:6 identifiable 327:22 identification 339:9,17 identified 29:4 34:17 42:9 77:4 100:1,3 190:21 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6		330:17,19	, and the second	ideally 366:4
74:16 75:17 hospital's 69:5 85:18 86:1 87:6 Hospitals 2:15,16 89:13 105:11,12 38:13 46:21 108:22 113:4 58:21 117:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 150:9 157:1 hosting 340:10 163:1 175:6 hot 85:14 181:13 hour 91:19 118:14 195:5,9,14 157:15 159:17 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6	,	331:3,4 342:18	v 1 v 1	ideas 15:6 155:12
Hospitals 2:15,16 38:13 46:21 58:21 hypothetical 28:18,20 identification 339:9,17 identified 29:4 34:17 42:9 77:4 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 hours 65:2 66:9 feet along the process of th		hospital's 69·5	5:13 191:12	180:18 203:5
Respiration		-	hyperdynamic	246:17 248:11
108:22 113:4 58:21 hypothetical identifiable 327:22 117:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 28:18,20 identification 150:9 157:1 hosting 340:10 1 identification 163:1 175:6 hot 85:14 Icelandic 35:12 identified 29:4 181:13 hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 206:1 207:2,10 195:5,9,14 157:15 159:17 160:1,3 190:21 206:1 207:2,10 206:12 225:7 206:12 225:7 51:21 52:16 66:7,15,17 78:3 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identifiable 327:22				288:6
117:3 118:9 hosted 342:3 28:18,20 identification 339:9,17 161:9,10,11 hosting 340:10 Image: square of the color	,		hynothetical	identifiable 327:22
150:9 157:1			V -	
Table 10		hosted 342:3	20.10,20	
163:1 175:6 hot 85:14 Icelandic 35:12 Identified 29:4 181:13 188:16,18 192:5 hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 160:1,3 190:21 206:1 207:2,10 196:14,20 276:3 160:1,3 190:21 51:21 52:16 325:11 336:20 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identified 29:4 34:17 42:9 77:4 206:1 207:2,10 208:18 304:3 325:11 336:20 325:11 336:20 identifier 338:22 identifier 338:22		hosting 340:10		ĺ l
181:13 188:16,18 192:5 hour 91:19 118:14 157:15 159:17 157:15 159:17 160:1,3 190:21 206:12 225:7 276:3 1'd 12:22 16:3 34:17 42.9 77.4 195:5,9,14 157:15 159:17 160:1,3 190:21 208:18 304:3 206:12 225:7 276:3 51:21 52:16 66:7,15,17 78:3 identifier 338:22 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identifiers 338:20	163:1 175:6	hot 85·14		
157:15 159:17 195:5,9,14 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13	181:13			
193.3,9,14 196:14,20 206:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 160:1,3 190:21 276:3 160:1,3 190:21 51:21 52:16 66:7,15,17 78:3 79:3 80:6 1dentifier 338:20 identifiers 338:20	,		ICUs 46:11	
276:3 276:3 38:22 38:22 38:24 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identifier 338:22 identifier 338:20	7 7		I'd 12:22 16:3	
200:12 225:7 254:14 262:13 hours 65:2 66:9 79:3 80:6 identifiers 338:20	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	51:21 52:16	
19.5 oc. o			66:7,15,17 78:3	identifier 338:22
			79:3 80:6	identifiers 338:20
	278:17 313:5	83:19 91:19 92:2	87:12,18	

	1 46		
339:9	363:5 368:13,22	219:12	imminent 100:18
identifies 43:2	illegal 250:17	220:16,17	immunoglobulins
	_	221:6,18 222:21	184:9 185:7
identify 15:19 43:5	Illinois 339:5	223:20 225:10	
61:9 119:14,16	illness 9:5	229:2,12 230:14	immunology 192:1
206:18 208:4	343:8,10	231:7 237:8,13	impact 2:9,16 3:14
212:13 217:7	illustrate 62:10	239:9,11 244:17	12:17 14:7
261:8 271:2,9	165:18 346:21	246:11 247:10	16:6,11 30:1
289:4 311:17	349:16	249:14 253:6	35:14 36:19 48:6
336:18		255:16 261:3	49:18 51:8
identifying 36:11	I'm 13:2 16:12	262:17,18	52:1,13 53:21
289:8 290:19	20:10,19 28:21	267:19 271:16	56:11 57:3,19
320:13	38:16 42:20	275:20 276:17	58:2,3 59:1
identity 149:18	44:18,22 49:16	277:19	63:10 64:12 78:2
339:12 361:14	57:5 64:4 67:6	291:11,22	102:1 103:18
	70:7 71:22 72:13	297:10 300:19	107:16 125:22
IDSA 340:11	74:4,6 77:18	301:15	127:2 133:5
ignore 130:11	80:16,17 82:21	303:19,20	136:18 139:13
o o	86:19 88:5,13	307:10 314:18	140:6 141:14
II 213:15 308:14	89:12 90:15	315:11 317:14	142:16 143:5,15
309:10 310:1	92:10 93:9,12	322:15 323:21	144:10 146:7,11
344:17	94:22 95:13,14	324:5 328:18	161:17,20,21
Ilisa 73:19	99:6 100:10	331:14,15	162:7 163:7
229:11,12 244:2	109:6	333:2,19,21	165:18 188:8
312:18,20	119:2,13,17,18,2	337:17 340:5	214:4 215:6
ill 14:3 142:14	2 125:3,6,7	341:20 343:7	232:20 261:5
157:9,15 347:15	131:15,22 132:1	350:17,18	285:6 292:19
352:14 353:2	136:3 139:5,6	351:17 352:6,7	311:22 335:3
	143:20 144:3	354:19 355:22	340:14 354:4
I'll 12:6 15:13	150:19 153:14	356:3 362:9	356:6 357:3
19:21 20:2,22	156:3,5,17 157:3	368:17	364:4,12 365:1
28:20 34:5	158:5,11 160:22	imagine 64:10	impacted 35:13
38:1,9 74:19	161:8 166:5,15	157:22 291:14	50:2,12,18
107:6 111:5 125:4 140:16	167:10,16	312:4 331:2	53:7,20 55:20
	170:1,11 176:15	349:1,12	58:18 145:9
161:21 165:7	177:8,12,13	ŕ	164:4 165:1
170:1,2 202:9	179:4,21	imbalance 88:6	
216:1 219:8	181:5,9,17 184:3	immediate 46:6,13	impacting 99:18
232:15 239:19 244:20 256:3	187:13,14	47:2 130:9	136:16
	189:20 190:22	immediately 238:6	impacts 35:17
271:6 273:11,19 279:20 307:4	192:1 196:12,15	290:21 318:16	40:22 65:21,22
325:4 328:9	197:20 205:13	320:8 327:22	72:22 100:16
325:4 328:9	211:11 216:2	355:10	170:20 282:22
337.11 330.10	217:13,18	555.10	

	1 480		
298:1 339:21	245:2,5 246:8	improving 3:4	342:5 355:11
impeded 80:15	251:20 253:4,14	66:11 79:5	includes 62:3
impedes 134:8	257:7 261:18,19	134:16 300:4	142:4 187:18
	263:10 273:13 274:5 277:21	impurities 34:17	189:10 283:7
impediments 190:5	279:10 280:1	IMSL 281:15	including 11:14
	281:4 285:18,19	inability 73:3	34:10 51:16
impending 209:22	287:21 293:17	97:19 102:7	53:20 111:5
implanted 102:20	295:10	117:20 213:4	121:8 122:10
implement 61:3,22	298:12,13	inactive 280:5	129:2 141:7 142:13 185:4
114:15 288:9	301:4,13 305:5	inadequate 123:1	207:7 250:22
307:9 336:10	310:12 327:11	362:7	279:16 280:5
implementable	344:4,9 353:16 354:1 363:13,16		299:21 335:20
19:18 327:22	364:3 365:7	inappropriate 341:14	339:16 340:7
implementation	importantly 92:8		344:1
64:11	192:3 278:13	inaudible 34:22 78:4,5 221:12	inconsistency
implemented 59:3	291:2	265:19 337:6	174:4 195:10
266:13 343:1	importation 26:15	341:19	inconsistent 148:6
implementing	27:2,4 36:6	Inc 7:12	225:19
186:18	149:11 155:13		incorporates
implication 80:20	233:20	incentives 75:2 199:9 212:8,13	185:13
208:12	imported 27:1	250:1,6	increase 22:20
import 26:12	importing 228:1	incentivize 124:5	29:16,18 47:14
importance 241:1	imposes 187:3	215:8 250:10	51:4 73:3,4
	<u>-</u>	incentivized	76:13 116:20
important 13:14 14:15 15:9,15	impossible 169:16	247:15	121:3 148:5 172:4 200:9
23:4 33:4,9 37:9	impressions 58:12		208:22 210:17
39:18 52:15 65:7	impressive 75:18	inception 185:13	214:1 249:2
89:8 95:4 115:4	improve 135:5	incidents 140:21	267:13 270:19
117:20	232:9 236:7	include 10:20	295:17 305:19
126:2,10,16	255:5 295:6	22:10 34:10	306:15 348:18
139:14 156:19,20 157:3	307:19 309:4	41:16 42:10	357:12 368:5
164:10 170:9,18	improved 268:11	54:22 64:21 65:22 146:19,22	increased 28:4
174:18 179:17	270:10 293:17	153:7 210:20,22	58:19 90:10
190:1 200:16	324:11	266:7 287:22	104:10 121:4
201:22 207:8	improvement 6:15	293:20 340:17	123:15 132:21
209:12 216:8	216:3 306:14,15	351:17 353:4	142:6,19 162:4 175:15 182:9
223:9,12	308:10,11 309:7	included 25:13	188:6 220:4
225:3,16 234:1	improves 191:3	31:4 93:18	223:15 249:8
237:12,15		121:20 147:6	

	1 46	<u> </u>	
364:6 365:5	indications 248:21	294:14	62:1,3,10,12,15,
368:3	individual 66:9	296:12,20	16,18,21
increases 54:18	122:4 129:9	297:5,21,22	63:14,15,19
55:14 65:18 92:8	179:1 185:16,17	298:6,11 305:18	67:10,12,16
222:4 310:1	228:20 239:10	306:16 308:4	72:21 74:2,13,18
332:21 345:15	251:17 321:10	309:11	82:3 125:12
		324:15,20 325:3	128:17,20 129:4
increasing 12:1	individuals 104:7	355:14 356:2,22	134:21 145:3
42:1 58:17 99:18	120:4,18 131:10	358:4 367:14,22	147:21
120:20 124:11	225:17 232:21	industry's 19:9	148:19,22
148:22 165:10	261:11 334:9	20:7 36:7	153:18 155:5
175:20 197:5,16	induce 141:17		166:10,14,17
214:5 295:4	348:5	industry-wide	170:21
increasingly 52:21		184:18 185:20	171:4,9,18,20
146:15	induction 122:15	294:13	172:7
incredible 95:15	142:1 223:8,11	infant 347:10	176:7,11,16
247:19	indulgence 143:14	infants 49:5 341:2	178:12
	industrial 248:1		184:11,22
incredibly 46:16		infarcts 112:13	185:7,8,10
99:20 234:22	industry 7:12,14,15 10:22	infection 49:1 84:4	198:22 203:22
incremental 65:9	13:18 17:11 19:4	89:2,4,8	204:1 209:18,20
incrementally	20:21 22:3 23:21	92:9,10,11 94:10	210:2,11 211:6
179:2	24:5 32:16 74:6	110:4 341:8	216:19 217:21
	76:4 116:12	infections 115:17	218:8,11
incriminate	124:12 128:11	116:3,5	219:9,14,17
194:15	182:19 184:19	·	220:21 221:8
incumbent 318:19	185:22 186:17	infectious 9:3	222:12 224:4
IND 361:12	187:9 198:17	161:16 265:15	225:14
362:2,5	201:15 209:4	340:6,8,15	226:8,14,15
ĺ	210:12	influence 24:10	231:9,15,16
indeed 79:18	212:11,20 227:6	169:22	232:5 234:12
81:17 104:1	243:16	influences 19:12	235:1 236:2
250:3 270:4	246:11,14	75:1	240:7,8 245:2,3
286:11	247:16 250:9		252:10,11
independent 52:12	258:17 267:21	inform 22:5 31:6	254:13 255:4
102:11 171:15	268:19 269:9	information	259:21
185:15	276:1,4 277:10	2:14,20 14:8	260:2,14,17,18
indicate 57:13	279:11,14	21:4,5 22:4	261:6,13 264:16
	282:12,18 283:4	30:6,17 34:21	270:16
indicated 317:5	285:4 288:5,17	37:18,20 38:12	274:7,14,21
358:3,5	289:2 290:18	39:1,3,6,8,13,16	279:10 288:20
indication 147:3	291:18	40:2,7,17,19	293:18,21 294:5
197:5	292:16,20 293:4	41:2,7,9 42:13	303:8 311:18
	, - =	43:1 52:10 53:8	313:7 314:22

	1 46		
323:14 324:3	358:19	inside 83:22	institution's
326:12,18 330:4		186:13 254:22	194:12
338:14 339:4,15,16	initially 189:1 215:9	inspecting 247:9	Institutions 59:15
361:5,16,22	initiative 79:6	inspection 245:17 289:7	insufficient 208:14
362:12,16,21	117:22 171:10		209:14
365:1,2,3,5,6,8,1	initiatives 3:5	inspectional 26:17	intake 90:15
0,11,15,20,22	117:21 155:13	inspections	integral 121:21
366:15	266:12 292:13	26:18,20 45:3,12	
367:3,21,22 informative 343:6	injectable 22:22	289:9	integrity 30:16 253:16,20
informative 343:6	23:3,17 24:14,16 29:5 34:4	Inspector 250:20	265:21 315:7
186:2	42:16,19 96:15	instance 58:4	intended 121:3
	97:2,18 100:8	173:22 231:21	280:19
informing 22:14	102:21 104:5	245:8 280:9	intensive 5:19
124:10	115:11 146:10	347:16 348:7	61:20 143:21
infrastructure	214:10 228:20	instances 27:9	278:19 353:6
115:11 129:8	245:13 249:18	149:15 221:9	intent 121:15
367:2	280:15 283:14	248:18 260:16	
infuse 91:22 92:12	292:6 295:9,22	286:7,19	interact 307:4
	296:3 297:2,7	343:14,21	interaction 34:15
infused 91:18	304:10 343:18	instead 84:18	190:6 242:21
197:1	358:5 360:9	89:17 92:1	243:1,9 254:11
infusible 91:3	injectables 13:13	171:20 293:2	298:22 308:2
infusing 91:9	44:1 200:15	instill 94:9	interactions
92:1,2	214:12 283:17		243:10
infusion 89:15	297:13 366:22 injection 114:13	Institute 3:16 6:20	intercranial
90:12 91:20 97:5		8:18 107:17	157:17
102:14 103:13	injections 116:17	108:12 129:8 206:15 255:19	interdisciplinary
105:6,9,11 175:6,11 184:10	injured 157:16	333:20	251:22
196:22	354:8	instituted 288:19	interest 12:1,15
	inpatient 344:7	Instituting 264:13	52:17,18 87:18
ingredient 34:14 103:15 114:11	inpatients 150:22	institution 59:6	150:16 161:7 210:13 237:4
124:9 267:1,5	152:18	122:9 188:1	interested
280:11 286:21	in-person 207:7	194:15 339:13	
ingredients 145:22	input 124:19	366:3	29:15,22 101:10
146:5 191:9		institutions 61:2	109:2 129:3
280:5,6,12 283:8	153:3 187:3 326:14	64:22 65:7	190:9 219:6 370:12
in-hospital 136:16 initial 134:10	INR 90:19	122:13 136:17 194:17 195:2	interesting 72:15
1111111 134.1V	insane 195:13	303:12 341:11	140:11 248:3

l I			
256:22 257:11	181:2 183:22	2:21	ISMP 3:15 137:6
302:6	191:20 196:11		225:11 251:16
	216:2 256:4	investigations	
interests 125:9	276:13 300:19	266:10	isn't 17:9 19:9
interfaces 16:22	328:14	investigative	63:7 105:9 114:3
interim 81:10		240:13	115:5 136:9
	introduced 287:18	investigators	137:21 155:18
internally 327:6	introduction 6:3	investigators 164:1	166:11 176:18
international	208:8		183:17 219:20
184:5 278:22	Introduction	investing 295:5	312:22
	introduction	investment 358:11	Israel 143:22
internationalizatio	79 3:3		
n 258:16		invitation 95:2	issue 13:7
interpretation	Introduction	132:7	14:16,19,21
165:2	••••••	invite 16:4 51:21	15:4,9 23:18,20 27:18 32:7 33:7
inter-professional	107 3:13	79:4 87:12 94:19	36:19 73:5
253:10	introductory 2:4	101:15 107:15	
	12:9	187:11 191:18	78:1,17 79:15,21 82:12 95:4
interrelatedness	intubate 158:2	202:20 215:21	97:4,12 98:3
24:4		337:12	99:12 107:21
interrupted 360:1	intubated	invited 38:17	111:1,6 112:3
interruption	158:11,13 159:4		114:5 116:6
124:10 200:7	invaluable 344:5	inviting 81:19 292:3	118:19 124:20
203:17,18	invention 192:10		127:3 137:18,20
267:11		involve 33:10	150:4 174:15,21
	inventories 30:4	184:21 214:11	175:17,22
interruptions 37:8 144:12 211:2	46:19 77:3 129:1	involved 32:4 65:5	179:17,22
336:3	inventory 31:8	74:22 80:19	181:15 182:21
	35:6 59:4,13	87:22 136:6	188:22 190:12
interrupts 152:1	61:14 138:12	137:6 143:8	197:16 204:13
intertwined 128:5	295:18 314:17	184:20 212:19	208:11 211:17
intervention 80:21	invested 358:14	313:2,3 336:8	212:2,20 213:4
178:9		involves 65:4	214:9 221:4
	investigate 27:5	71:15 88:17	223:8 224:13,14
interventions	31:13 40:9 45:9		225:5,14 226:3
353:8	243:16	involving 34:4	227:7,17 230:11
intoxicated 157:16	investigated 71:5	61:18	234:10 235:1
intravenous	investigating	irinotecan	239:14 241:16
102:19 184:8	167:2 192:19	332:11,12,14,17	263:22
		ironic 99:20	274:15,16
intravenously 84:3	investigation		277:21 279:11
88:17 112:10	250:19,21	Irvine 50:17	282:16,17
146:4	Investigational	I's 199:22	283:12,22
introduce 82:16			285:19 286:13

288:10 291:2	331:2 337:15	182:21 190:1,5	146:13,16
292:11 305:17	353:16 357:2	193:15 195:1,13	162:20 184:9
308:15 309:20	363:10,16	197:1 199:13	333:2
318:18,21 319:5	364:16 [°]	201:7 204:6	I've 25:13,20
327:16 328:22	366:18,19,20	207:8 216:19	36:20 38:17,19
330:6 363:2,4,17	367:5,10 368:7	219:4,15 220:3	49:22 69:10
364:10 366:9	item 296:22	224:13	72:21 93:16
368:1,10		225:5,16,18	94:11 103:3
issues 12:14	items 147:22	226:3,15,16	118:7,9,10
13:11,20	it'll 305:14	229:1,3,6,8,9	126:13
23:9,10,12,15		231:5 233:16	130:16,17
25:6 26:7	it's 18:4 27:5,10	235:13 237:18	130:10,17
32:13,18	29:17 32:5	240:2 243:11	132.12 143.3
34:4,9,18 35:3	33:4,9 37:9,11	246:3,4 248:3	158:8,19,21
36:12 43:19	39:13,18 40:8 47:2 50:1 51:11	253:21 254:2,12	158.8,19,21
45:11 51:3 69:3		255:11 257:7,11	180:8 197:10
70:4 73:9 75:8	57:1 59:9	259:21,22	229:14 240:12
78:9 79:14 90:14	63:3,21 65:7 67:9,17 69:5,18	260:5,6,7,10,16	306:13 307:19
96:20 97:1	76:3 77:5 78:13	261:19	308:15 312:6
99:15,17 113:15		262:10,13 272:7	333:8 350:10
117:1 118:1,2	80:1,5 89:15 92:6,13 94:6	273:4,15 274:15	352:2 360:3
122:5 124:2	92.0,13 94.0	279:13 281:4	
174:21 179:1	107:20	292:1 295:19	IVs 103:6 114:9
184:16 186:13	107.20	298:13 301:13	
195:11 199:19	111:13,20	303:6 307:18	J
203:14 206:1,3,7	111:13,20	308:10 311:10	J.D 5:14 6:8 7:5
207:2,9 208:9	117:19 118:16	312:9 313:3,13	8:3
210:20 211:10	126:2,18	317:16	Jacksonville
216:8 218:6	127:10,18 131:3	320:1,16,18	131:21
223:22 225:2,13	132:22 133:5	321:2,12 324:9	
231:18 234:9	136:2,11,13,17,2	327:1,21	Jacobi 9:9 236:12
238:15 239:6,22	1 138:1,8,16	329:8,22 330:9	345:19 352:4,5,7
240:3 242:3	139:14	332:16 343:5	James 4:19 75:16
243:6,17 246:21	141:16,22	344:10 348:6,7	Jan 5:6 107:8
250:22	146:10 151:3	351:15 353:7	184:2
258:10,12	152:5,10 153:6	354:5 358:5	
263:10 273:21	154:22 157:2	360:6 362:1,2,10	Japan 35:8
274:6,17 276:11	158:14,22	IV 83:17 88:19	Jason 6:8 205:8,13
282:7 283:3	159:13 162:2	90:20 91:17	211:11,16,19
286:18 290:7,20	169:6,15	92:12 93:20 94:3	215:11
293:11 294:7,15	170:7,10,18	103:10,14,15,17	Jay 3:10 94:18,20
301:13 302:4	176:7,10,10	104:17 105:7,12	101:14 111:8
318:4 327:16	178:3 180:7,18	112:21 116:10	218:3,4
	170.5 100.7,10		210.J, T
		<u> </u>	

251:8 Jensen 67:14,15 76:2 201:7 239:18 306:21 jeopardize 346:12 jeopardized 349:19 jerked 84:11 jerks 84:11,12,14 Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	eph 6:5 202:18 ting 217:18 thayna 302:21 rnalist 240:13 90:5 ous 85:19 4:7 de 4:20 75:16 61:9 162:2,8 63:20 164:13 78:1 de's 150:9 161:5 lged 25:18 lgment 27:17	Kafer 8:5 299:8 301:15 310:15,16 319:12 325:19 356:19 359:18 Karen 4:8 135:21 136:3 219:7 249:14 Kathy 5:15 107:9 170:15 194:8 key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	knowingly 321:21 knowledge 48:2 75:5 168:16 297:11 known 90:5 96:20 98:10 266:3 281:13 344:1 Kweder 2:9 5:22 16:4,7 68:1,2,11 74:19 197:19,20 244:3
Jensen 67:14,15 76:2 201:7 239:18 306:21 jeopardize 346:12 jeopardized 349:19 jerked 84:11 jerks 84:11,12,14 Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	thayna 302:21 rnalist 240:13 90:5 ous 85:19 4:7 de 4:20 75:16 61:9 162:2,8 63:20 164:13 78:1 de's 150:9 161:5 lged 25:18	301:15 310:15,16 319:12 325:19 356:19 359:18 Karen 4:8 135:21 136:3 219:7 249:14 Kathy 5:15 107:9 170:15 194:8 key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	75:5 168:16 297:11 known 90:5 96:20 98:10 266:3 281:13 344:1 Kweder 2:9 5:22 16:4,7 68:1,2,11 74:19 197:19,20 244:3
jeopardized 349:19 jerked 84:11 jerks 84:11,12,14 Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	ous 85:19 4:7 le 4:20 75:16 61:9 162:2,8 63:20 164:13 78:1 le's 150:9 161:5 lged 25:18	Karen 4:8 135:21 136:3 219:7 249:14 Kathy 5:15 107:9 170:15 194:8 key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	98:10 266:3 281:13 344:1 Kweder 2:9 5:22 16:4,7 68:1,2,11 74:19 197:19,20 244:3
jeopardized 349:19 jerked 84:11 jerks 84:11,12,14 Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	4:7 le 4:20 75:16 61:9 162:2,8 63:20 164:13 78:1 le's 150:9 161:5 lged 25:18	136:3 219:7 249:14 Kathy 5:15 107:9 170:15 194:8 key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	281:13 344:1 Kweder 2:9 5:22 16:4,7 68:1,2,11 74:19 197:19,20 244:3 L
349:19 jerked 84:11 jerks 84:11,12,14 Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	le 4:20 75:16 61:9 162:2,8 63:20 164:13 78:1 le's 150:9 161:5 lged 25:18	249:14 Kathy 5:15 107:9 170:15 194:8 key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	16:4,7 68:1,2,11 74:19 197:19,20 244:3
jerks 84:11,12,14 Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	61:9 162:2,8 63:20 164:13 78:1 le's 150:9 161:5 ged 25:18	Kathy 5:15 107:9 170:15 194:8 key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	74:19 197:19,20 244:3 L
jerks 84:11,12,14 Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	61:9 162:2,8 63:20 164:13 78:1 le's 150:9 161:5 ged 25:18	170:15 194:8 key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	244:3 L
Jim 161:5 job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	78:1 le's 150:9 161:5 ged 25:18	key 32:20 33:2 43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	L
job 19:6 92:20 114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2 Jud jud jud jud jud jud jud jud	le's 150:9 161:5 ged 25:18	43:15 48:1,5 103:14 184:19	
114:14 180:18 181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	ged 25:18	103:14 184:19	
181:12 232:19 234:22 236:8 241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2			L5 96:10
241:11 277:16 292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2	gment 27:17	188:4 219:22	label 182:2 197:5
292:22 318:8 327:3 329:5,8 Joe 202:20 205:2		258:19 261:4	labeled 112:6,8
327:3 329:5,8 Jud Joe 202:20 205:2 Jul	gments 261:12	274:6 286:2 349:9	147:3,5
Joe 202:20 205:2	li 9:9 236:10,12	kick 276:9	labels 34:19
L. Jul	45:19 352:7	kidneys 103:1	labor 61:19
i Joe rstix 1079 - i	iana 6:10 205:9	, and the second	64:17,21 65:15
196:10,12 Jul	ie 205:17 206:5	kids 86:8 87:4 177:20 179:15	139:16 154:18
345:18	07:4 211:10,11	kill 83:8	264:7 329:11,16,19
John 223:20 235:4 Jul	y 263:14		346:7
246:20 jun	nbo 230:18	killed 38:19	Laboratories 8:8
Johns 187:19 jun	np 50:11 229:13	killer 331:20	305:14 315:22
Johnson 125:10	57:13 358:19	kinder 86:15	labor-intensive
join 38:7 52:7 jun	nped 50:10	kinds 104:12	64:12
183:22 335:1,21 Ju r	ne 45:5 53:17	197:3 200:5 313:5 331:1	labs 139:18
Joinea / 7. / 303.22	4:2 91:14 96:12		lack 24:8 36:14
joining 368:15,20	93:1	kits 60:8	45:10 96:20
507.1	tice 197:12	Klobuchar 203:9	122:6,14,17,21
l iointly 50.11	50:20 287:13 08:18 345:13	Klobuchar's 98:1	123:16 141:11
Ion 201:15 210:16	t-in-time 46:18	knees 84:19	149:8 197:4,6 209:17 212:3
325:18 Just	t-m-time 40.18	knew 86:3 95:18	226:9 272:15
Jonathan 8:5	K	98:16	282:20 315:4
${\mathbf{Ka}}$		Knoer 8:13	341:15
Jon's 304:6	bi 304:19,22	328:12,17,18	

	1 ag		
153:11	210:9 217:14	313:15	350:6 354:9
language 48:3	227:13 232:3	Lawrence 4:7	leave 81:21 284:9
259:18 355:6	235:7 246:11	laws 144:19	291:7 298:7
356:5	249:22 253:7	145:1,2,5	357:17
large 11:13 24:1	261:3 275:2,8	221:5,6,7 323:20	leaving 85:18,20
47:5 75:10 88:2	276:7 281:14	· ·	284:6
93:20 118:13	296:15 297:13	lay 45:18	
136:20 139:22	310:5 312:4	layers 187:3	led 123:13 269:7
156:21 160:20	324:12 327:4	lead 13:5 73:2	278:20 348:17
165:7 200:17	328:10 332:13	111:4 122:19	leftover 42:11
230:11 330:22	341:20 347:2	142:3 161:10	legal 70:17 187:3
346:2 351:6	350:9,12 357:12	188:5 190:12	222:17 250:17
	359:15 360:21	215:22 275:21	
largely 32:22	lasted 257:21	283:21	legislation 98:2
36:21 304:7,21	lastly 124:16		203:13 247:13
344:19 365:11	285:18 336:16	leadership 204:13	287:18 292:14
larger 13:6,21		254:15 278:3	319:10
75:1 175:5,13,18	lasts 159:20	leading 58:18	legislative 6:5 9:4
346:8	late 53:13 184:9	120:6 278:2	202:20 203:4
largest 55:16	219:16 234:21	331:19	207:5 212:12
281:8 292:5	311:22	leads 120:11 138:5	278:5 343:7
296:3 297:12	later 11:14 46:12	leak 302:8,9	legislature 255:7
331:17 334:5	85:13 96:8 133:4	·	legitimate 220:17
343:9	137:8 138:6,20	leakage 322:11	221:1 225:1
Larry 131:20	143:9 246:9	leaking 315:14	318:20 336:13
1	303:21 338:5	leaks 17:15	
laryngospasm 347:7,11,14	355:13 359:12		legitimize 319:2
	Laughter 159:7	lean 158:7	Leigh 261:16
Lasix 195:14	170:3 177:15	learn 15:5 148:20	Len 71:20 125:6
last 12:2 20:1	181:8 212:15	learned 98:4 99:7	lend 78:22
22:20 38:5	213:3 232:14	179:20 186:16	length 274:9
42:4,8 48:20	234:17 236:9	201:15 267:17	
49:21 64:1,3	273:18 277:18 304:1 312:17	303:4 310:17	lengthy 214:20
65:17 71:10 78:7 80:12 82:14	337:8	learning 366:5	Leonard 4:5
83:11 99:8 105:7		least 71:12 84:14	Leslie 9:2 333:17
108:6 131:7	launched 53:12	99:20 100:10	340:3,5
137:4,7 156:20	120:3	140:13 164:22	less 46:19 55:1
157:13,14	Laura 8:15	169:18 188:3	58:7 77:10 91:7
162:4,7	331:11,14	190:9 194:4,20	99:14 134:1
165:10,15 172:7	law 192:2 251:3	218:21 232:16	141:6 142:2
181:11,17 183:6	255:19 291:14	265:13,14 294:4	157:4 163:6
207:7 208:6		297:2 317:8	107.1100.0
L			

		-	
164:18 181:6	levels 12:15 30:5	Life-Saving 135:3	48:20 49:2 88:20
195:3 196:5	103:4,9 242:2	203:8	92:12 133:21
201:19 215:7	258:3 296:2		137:16 214:14
239:22 281:14	322:21	life-supporting	270:22 283:21
319:14 326:3		21:13	326:2 336:5
335:15 341:13	leverage 215:1	life-sustaining	
343:16	leveraged 129:7	21:14 104:8	lined 157:6
346:16,19 364:5	levoleucovorin	life-threatening	lines 44:13 81:20
lessen 292:19	27:3	59:22 82:5 94:5	238:20 308:5
		106:17 347:6	367:13
lessons 179:20	libel 351:4		lining 173:12
303:4 310:17	license 318:22	lifetime 86:13	link 223:16
let's 71:11 73:4,12	319:1	light 49:11 84:20	
101:11 119:19	licensed 171:15	91:9 314:16	link-coded 338:22
173:9	266:9 270:3	lighten 187:9	lipids 88:22
178:5,10,11	321:9 336:15		LIPs 173:8
208:8 260:3	licenses 192:16	likely 98:15 126:14 157:17,18	
275:12		184:11 195:1	Lisa 73:15 271:20
letter 31:5 34:22	licensing 314:2	207:11	list 14:16 22:16
135:19	318:8		67:12 80:5 98:19
	licensure 322:21	likewise 233:17	134:19 146:21
letters 93:16	Lichtenfeld 4:5	limit 89:9 159:16	147:2,7,8,15
letting 76:6,10	71:20,21 72:8,11	213:9 266:22	148:1 149:7
245:3 333:14	73:14 125:1,3,7	limitations 179:6	182:1 205:6
leucovorin 27:3	130:12,13,16,20	196:7	265:4 281:2
182:12	131:15,17 136:9		283:14 289:13
	167:10,15,20	limited 15:20	300:13 320:1
leucovorine	176:13,14	21:10 27:12	325:13 328:5
332:3,6	177:16 178:16	65:14 93:5	331:22 332:3,10
leukemia 82:22	291:6,10	100:21 105:3	341:21 343:19
128:8 130:21	_	147:2 194:12,18	344:11 350:5
132:4 165:12	life 89:7,22 92:3	202:9 210:5,11	354:15
178:1	95:11,22 97:9	220:13 241:9	listed 38:8 41:5
level 59:13 83:14	100:18 126:11	260:11,22 270:9	140:15 207:18
104:21 105:13	146:6 153:12	271:21	213:15 216:9
134:14 154:8	159:5 190:17	323:17,18	
156:22 171:14	349:3	343:21 344:3	listen 15:16 201:8
233:5 241:14,15	lifeline 196:5	357:21	293:8,9 298:2
243:22 244:5	lifesaving 15:10	limiting 72:4	listened 132:12
250:21 254:19	22:9 36:14 97:9	267:2 341:6,22	257:11
268:15 307:3	128:9 145:22	Linda 239:9	listening 293:14
314:6 315:5	298:17 347:16	line 24:10 26:8	325:5
351:19	349:14 353:8		lists 162:6 164:3
		33:12 44:9,10	11515 102.0 104.3

	1 46		
231:12	LNDQA 76:18	loss 35:5,6 99:2 123:9	low 104:20 105:13 348:7
listserv 172:14,17	local 151:15 175:1	1 1 1	
listservs 195:18	181:13 247:14	lot 21:1 24:3,5	lowest 304:13
218:13 365:21	localized 175:5	32:14 41:7 46:9	luckily 95:10
literally 105:19	locate 70:22	75:12 76:3,4	lunch 5:22 190:21
114:2 125:20		99:7,9 100:6	197:19
126:4 169:14	located 56:9 339:5	107:20 111:16	202:4,6,15
172:18 295:5	346:2	114:9 131:5	r r
	locations 90:3	136:15,18 137:8	lungs 95:9
literature 72:21	126:21 139:15	153:17 154:17	lymph 333:5
111:17 172:12	305:4	161:19 162:8	lymphoblastic
197:6	locks 94:8	163:1 166:20	165:12
Litigation 5:14		167:1 171:22	
little 11:14,18	log 73:12	172:12 176:7,12 177:10,13	lymphoma 132:4
20:15 40:3 41:6	logical 316:16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	164:11 188:22
68:11 74:4 75:4	long 14:16 63:17	179:4,7,14,15 195:13 197:22	
77:10,14 89:10	80:12 106:11	198:16 201:3	M
93:13 100:5	118:16 159:3,4		M.B.A 2:17
103:7 106:16	190:16 201:9	203:4,5 217:8	M.D 2:2,5,9,12
112:16 137:8	247:17,18	220:6 224:3,22	3:3,13
140:15 150:19	257:22 268:12	225:4,6 230:19 231:17 235:2	4:5,7,8,11,13,18,
157:4 176:2	343:5,17 358:15		22 5:3,8,18 8:15
178:22 179:11	·	242:15,16,17	9:6,8,13
190:13 198:9	longer 48:16,17	243:15,16 246:3 247:20 248:22	, ,
200:13 219:16	88:15 92:3	247.20 248.22 249:16 250:15	M.H.A 2:17
223:4 228:5	131:12 141:7	251:12 254:4,11	M.P.H 2:2,12
248:11 285:6	142:5,21 145:15	269:6 273:21	3:3,13
310:15,16	158:22 159:12	294:12 296:8	4:11,13,22 9:13
319:12 353:5,19	160:4 264:17	302:3 306:21	ma'am 170:13
357:17 359:5	268:8 276:10	311:10,15 313:4	
live 93:8 94:21	284:3,13 300:2	323:13 325:17	machine 60:7
95:11 106:16	349:8	342:8 344:20,22	machines 59:12,14
126:22 190:16	long-sedating	358:1 359:10	60:3
192:13 228:21	159:18	360:8,12 363:8,9	Madison 8:21
349:5 354:2	long-term 129:15	365:2	337:19
	130:9 163:7		
liver 333:4	165:11 295:18	lots 31:2 44:5	mag 104:17
lives 125:17		116:22	105:8,12
129:22 191:3	look-alike 117:21	loud 337:6,11	magic 328:2
192:13 238:10	looming 230:8	love 171:1 172:11	magnesium
298:2	Los 116:15	315:18	91:14,15,16
living 343:10	lose 248:1		93:20 103:2,14
nving JTJ.10	108C 240.1	loved 82:7	

	1 46		
104:11,21	malabsorption	manipulate 59:13	115:1 124:4
105:13	88:4	manmade 354:5	129:11 130:7
mail 151:16	malaria 342:1		135:12 147:22
152:10 154:9	Malcolm 8:17	manner 35:2 127:20 187:2	148:3 160:21
mail-out 151:14	333:20	213:11 262:2	185:4,9,19 191:9
152:8 154:13		272:14 288:19	200:17,18
	maldistribution	290:9	203:15 209:22
main 43:1 218:6	148:7		210:4,8 211:1
mainly 217:14	male 151:7	manufacture	213:10,17
maintain 17:18	malignant 132:4	130:9 149:5	214:7,15,16 215:8 223:13
21:7 102:21		191:10 214:10	213.8 223.13 227:6 228:12,19
120:8 146:21	man 171:7 187:6	246:1 267:11	230:14 238:19
147:20 286:17	257:1,3 350:19	281:10 325:22 332:22 358:18	250:14 236:19
288:19 296:2	manage 11:6	352.22 358.18 359:21	264:18
347:13 348:6	39:16 41:12		267:1,7,9,13
maintained	53:5,9 58:22	manufactured	269:1,10
120:13 122:2	65:10 151:2	47:21,22 167:13	274:14,16 277:9
133:12	219:10 232:19	245:20 281:9	279:22 280:22
	342:19	304:21 336:13	281:8,22 283:7
maintaining 62:17	management 4:16	manufacturer	284:11,12,19
103:4,9 124:14	6:8 7:13 80:14	21:17 29:5 30:12	285:8,15
233:4	82:3 121:12	31:8,11,20 40:14	286:6,15 287:22
maintenance	141:5 150:15	43:10 45:21	288:12,15
200:5	205:14 208:15	69:12 78:12	298:16 300:15
major 71:5,17	226:14 268:1	147:8 149:16	309:17 314:21
107:21 111:3,6	269:21 346:6	185:18 193:7,9	315:16 321:15
112:2,3 113:11	manager 2:14	201:1 233:7	322:4 332:13,19
125:16 127:1,3	8:9,17,20 299:5	245:14 253:1	335:22 336:5
184:5 240:16	333:19 337:17	264:11 270:2,16 273:2 286:22	365:7,8,12
278:1 279:17	managing 57:2,22	309:3,11,13	manufacturer's
305:17 316:7	61:17 64:15 65:8	314:20 316:12	285:13
320:9 327:1	220:1 249:11	318:15 319:7	Manufacturers
343:12 354:4	298:11	323:18 338:3	14:17 33:2,13
366:20	mandate 145:13	362:21	46:18 261:5
majorities 183:6		manufacturers	manufacturing
majority 65:2	mandatory 294:2	14:5 24:3,8 28:5	13:19 14:12
270:4 281:2	Mangum 7:7	32:21 33:17	21:20 22:6 23:19
Makayla 85:22	224:17 256:15	35:11 37:1,5,16	24:7,10,13,15
	262:15,16,18	40:11 43:4 44:1	25:4 26:8
Makayla's 145:8	274:6	47:13 51:16 62:7	27:18,21 28:10
makers 292:5	manifestly	73:3,7 75:21	29:7,12,20 33:12
350:22 351:14	298:12,13	97:17 104:9	34:4 35:4,6,8
		= •	, ,

	1 46		
36:9 43:13 44:17	44:2 47:15 51:15	299:9	311:2
45:11 47:20	68:4,6,7,10,12	marketplace 224:4	matters 78:20
50:21 51:13	70:16 78:13	269:3,15 309:1	mature 165:3
115:2 124:6	117:4,9 118:2	310:9 319:20	
129:13 198:12	126:12 129:17	367:8	maximal 12:17
199:18 210:19	149:13 154:5	markets 130:1	maximize 289:19
212:9 213:8	160:20 168:5	288:4 320:7	353:14
214:1 229:7	193:9 194:11,19		maximizing 290:2
230:10 250:7	195:1 196:2,4,8	markup 265:6,8	S
254:6 258:10	200:7,18 201:12	markups	may 11:17 13:3
264:9 275:4,7	215:9 220:17	265:11,14,17	14:16 25:22 26:5
280:2,21	221:4,13,16	marrow 5:4 85:11	27:7,10 28:15
283:15,18,20	224:15,16	122:22 132:4	33:18,22 34:1,14
284:22 290:7	226:17		35:4,5,7,22 44:6
295:6,10,14,16	229:15,17	Maryland 1:14	47:1 48:9 49:3
300:14 303:9	240:17	67:7 239:11	51:3 55:20 61:11
304:12,16 305:7	250:15,16,21	mass 227:20	67:18 68:15
308:5,7,8,20	261:17	Massachusetts	70:12 73:8,11
309:19 316:5	264:11,19,22	144:1	75:3 78:19
326:9,14	265:3 267:3,15		81:1,2 91:5
332:16,19 336:3	269:9,19 273:22	massive 112:13	126:20 127:4
345:2,15 353:18	274:11 280:7	match 233:10	130:16
357:1,4,21 360:9	281:21 284:3,9	matched 42:4	133:3,18,21
362:19 367:2,12	285:9 288:21	49:14	134:14 135:8
manufacturing-	289:4 293:13		143:13 148:20
related 302:4	294:17,20	material 23:11	155:7 166:16
map 25:21	296:9,12,17 299:22 304:21	35:7 36:9 43:14	175:7,15 194:21
_	309:15 310:2	47:16 124:11	195:2,5 201:11
mapped 45:17	311:5	239:20 240:3	202:7 210:17,19
maps 45:16		267:8 269:16	213:9 214:21,22
Marc 5:8 107:8	312:7,10,21 313:1 314:5	287:1	215:8 222:1
187:12,13	315:15	materials 34:15	223:16 230:2
, and the second	317:15,17	239:16,19,22	237:3 243:14
marcescens 116:4	318:5,21 320:3	258:14 276:5	245:16 249:4
March 83:1	322:1 323:7	282:8 286:21	266:4,19 267:1 269:17 277:22
263:11	351:8,10 355:15	math 275:14 359:9	280:9 286:9
margin 78:12	357:19 366:14		310:13 312:2
200:6		matter 13:12	330:14 335:15
mark 219:17	marketer 317:18	34:11 44:4 57:7	349:14,21
	marketers 312:7	78:20 104:4	351:22 353:20
marked 265:12,14	319:11 366:9,11	126:11 146:5	357:5 361:5
market 24:2	marketing 8:5	149:22 200:1	362:13
29:8,13 43:22	29:14 70:19	228:10 301:3	302.13
	27.17 /U.17		

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
364:6,15,16	means 18:3 46:19	278:11 298:4	66:10 85:12
Maya 8:3 299:3,4	89:11 93:8 106:3	328:20 329:12	102:14,18,19,21
300:12,19	126:21 161:12	331:16 333:21	105:17 106:3,9
327:18	212:9 259:16,17	349:6 364:7	116:21 118:7
	272:1 311:4	medically 25:14	121:15 122:7
maybe 17:9	357:9 359:3	44:4 215:2	127:3 135:3
44:1,14 67:12	meant 60:6 83:10	238:14 245:20	146:22
69:16 117:3,15	89:11	253:1 266:17	147:1,8,14 148:1
158:20,21 166:4		267:5 285:16	149:7 152:17
167:11 171:5,13	meantime 106:10	289:13	161:8 191:7
172:22 173:2,20	mechanics 28:22		203:8 223:15
179:20 200:12	31:18	medically-	254:7 265:12
221:17,19,20 223:7 228:22	mechanism 147:13	necessary 14:4 29:8 31:10	274:18 305:4
229:1,6 230:20	222:5 241:19	36:1,3,10 41:17	346:14,16
238:2,4,5 240:16	mechanisms	215:7 231:12	348:11 349:10
242:1 246:10	148:21	246:2 266:15	350:1 367:8
309:17 315:12		277:8 282:11,21	medicine 9:10
325:4 331:6	Mechlorethamine	286:9,14,17	107:18 135:14
	164:9	289:11,17,20,22	156:21
Mayo 131:21	MedAssets 267:20		160:16,18
187:19	268:18	Medicare 73:1	236:13 281:22
McBride 4:4	media 43:9 57:6	78:10 248:12,15	352:8,19 364:11
119:20,21,22	172:1 184:13	medication	medicines 15:10
174:10,11,13		3:14,16 6:15,20	144:14 146:17
McDonald 86:6	mediate 206:2	36:15 59:17,20	265:20 281:9
McGorman 9:2	Medicaid 78:11	60:18,20 78:13	282:3 283:13
333:17 340:3,5,6	248:12	99:15 103:22	284:1,20 285:1
	medical	107:17	meds 265:16
McKesson 47:7	5:3,8,17,19 8:18	108:12,14,17	
181:11	14:2 16:22 24:20	109:12 117:22	MedWatch 108:16
Meacham 8:6	25:13,16,18	118:9 123:11,16 139:10 147:17	meet 14:2 33:15
299:10 303:18	55:21 66:4 95:15	161:10	73:5 129:6
304:2,5 316:21	100:13 101:4	161.10	147:11 148:3
325:4	102:3,14,17,20	175:21 197:2	163:16 207:1
mean 51:7	104:12 106:4	206:15 216:3	211:3 264:12
68:12,13 80:13	125:7 132:16	252:6 263:22	285:21 293:5,9
152:10 182:10	139:8 143:22	292:21 294:13	327:13 345:15
245:7 250:17	144:6 173:5	343:20 346:14	meeting 10:9
275:1 306:12,14	175:5,13,18	347:4 348:3,4	11:8,11,16
307:18 325:14	179:5 187:14	349:14 364:16	12:12,16 15:14
359:20 364:9	196:13 197:12		16:9 67:2 77:1
meaning 230:8	202:1 239:1	medications 4:20	110:21 206:10
	254:15 263:2	49:17,19,20 61:4	217:2 240:12

		İ	
276:22 280:7	120:10	met 95:17 207:6	237:7 275:21
300:1 350:9,10	memorable 291:5	217:6	326:20
370:3	men 331:20	metal 34:12 200:1	microphones
meetings 76:19		245:12	354:16
138:11 167:1	meningitis 115:16	metastatic 88:12	middle 171:7
207:8 291:15	mental 9:5 99:3	131:6	200:16 257:2,3
352:3	343:8,10		351:15,16
member 16:21	mention 42:8	method 338:13	mid-June 54:3
181:11 196:15	45:20 47:18	methodologies	
211:13 270:1	107:4 119:7	135:8	mid-November
281:10 284:21	134:3 139:11	methodology	53:13
327:2 349:12	140:16 252:2	53:19	Midwest 354:4
members 6:17	271:6 279:20	methods 47:4	migrates 306:6
7:10 8:2 53:2,11	284:1 309:5	211:5,7	S
120:3,18 132:3	344:14 366:14	l '	Mike 3:15,18
136:5 137:2,11	mentioned 63:12	methotrexate	119:21 174:11
140:2,7,22	98:18 110:3	146:10	221:11 226:4
148:22 164:21	112:15 118:1	Meticulous 89:1	Mike's 224:14
174:20 183:14	127:19 137:3,19	mg 112:8 230:9	269:4
185:4 187:19	141:16 163:2		mild 102:10
204:12	164:10	mg/10 59:19	
217:5,9,21 218:6	167:15,17	60:9,14	milieu 247:7
219:6,10,15	168:15 169:3	mg/mL 60:11,14	million 64:18 78:8
226:8 233:10,22	177:3 199:8	Miami 116:15	82:2 145:12
236:15 237:2	200:9,21 203:14		151:6,8,11 264:6
262:22 269:13	218:2 226:4	mic 78:3,5	295:9 305:22
270:13 272:4	228:6 244:1,3	Michael 7:5	329:16,18
274:18 277:9	271:15 281:1	107:15	millions 125:20
286:4 287:20	284:21 297:1	256:3,14,17	295:6 358:13
290:22 292:16	305:21	268:3 271:14	mind 19:15 64:20
301:5 314:14,18	307:17,19	272:9 273:12	181:14 183:13
319:16 322:18	324:10 326:22	320:20 355:2,3	284:17 319:16
324:19 329:18	330:14 332:5	Michigan 2:21	357:6
334:15 340:7,12	mentioning 88:14	9:12 52:4,11	mindful 25:9
345:6 352:22	284:8	53:3 55:13 58:11	
Members/	meperidine 310:6	59:8 329:15	mine 19:11 45:7
Presenters 4:2	· •	354:20 359:2	131:4 159:6
membership	mesenteric 88:1	Michigan/ASHP	minimal 96:6
218:13 237:5	mess 87:9	64:13	minimize 14:7
269:22 271:8	message 130:17	microbial 341:10	35:17 90:15
memberships	131:2 242:2		171:6 277:12
membersmps	328:1	microphone 10:14	1,1.0 2,1,12

	1 ag		
282:13 322:11	missing 63:20	7:4,16 8:12	Monsanto 256:21
minimizes 64:11	mission 20:16	modernize 295:15	month 64:4 333:10
minimizing 25:3	161:11	modification	monthly 56:19
58:22 290:17	mistrust 117:10	207:11	185:2,6 216:15
Minnesota 203:10	mitigate 16:11	modifications	months 12:2,4
minor 90:10 114:4	25:1,8 32:22	364:14	21:18 22:13 53:2
116:6 199:22	33:1 34:2 35:20	modified 110:18	54:15 55:8 56:21
minorities 278:11	37:6 192:5 193:10 201:16	164:12	61:3 64:2 96:8 99:8 105:8 133:8
minute 46:9	209:15 238:16	modify 225:20	188:2 201:12
77:16,18	242:19 261:5	molecule 310:10	203:19 211:2
84:7,9,12 85:15	268:5 277:12		227:17 274:10
105:7 111:6	282:14 288:17	molecules 325:10	296:15 311:3
140:17 174:1	289:2 295:20	mom 87:2	316:15 324:12
			355:18 359:13
203:2 232:3	mitigated 27:18	moment 158:7	
273:11	mitigating 22:11	281:3	Moore 7:19 8:10
minutes 46:12	26:3 28:16	Monday 311:20	291:19,21,22
66:16 77:10	268:10 299:19	Mone 7:5	299:12 307:15
83:19 107:11	307:14	256:15,18	309:12 324:8
109:8 119:8,17		272:11 273:9	358:4
131:18 156:16	mitigation 20:8	274:19 320:22	moral 117:12
159:21 160:3	24:19 25:10		
165:22 166:2	300:6,10 323:6,8	355:2	Moreover 280:20
187:12 190:19	mitochondrial	money 160:22	286:16
191:21 196:10	93:19 101:19	177:2,10 182:21	morning 10:16
256:1 257:1	102:5,22	187:1 190:12	16:7,9 52:8
262:16 328:13	, and the second	192:12 318:9	82:18 87:14
337:14	mix 246:18 300:17	339:21 351:9	107:19 136:1
mirror 45:7 84:21	mixed 115:20	money's 182:18	184:2 190:20
	mixed-up 113:13	monitor 37:12	194:11 198:1
mirroring 45:14	mix-ups 112:11,16	38:19 70:10	203:15 209:19
mirrors 272:17	113:7	253:12 296:18	210:18 218:2,18
Mirtallo 111:9			228:6 249:16
218:4 225:12	ml 59:19 60:9,14	monitored 179:16	256:6 257:12
235:5 251:8	92:4 112:11,12	226:6	258:6,11 271:13
	113:18	monitoring 235:10	273:20 291:5
misallocations	model 147:19	Ŭ I	301:20 302:6
130:2	272:16 273:4	monitors 231:12	317:12 323:13
misinformation	282:2	monoclonal 20:12	350:7 354:21
326:17	moderate 119:2	32:10	morning's 66:18
misses 219:17		monopoly 193:8	202:12 206:8
11113303 217.17	Moderator 3:18	1 0	
	4:22 6:4,15		morphine

	<u> </u>	İ	
113:2,6,9 230:9	multiple 24:9,11	82:22	226:12 334:4
310:6	51:19 56:6 59:1	myeloma	336:21
mostly 108:7	61:17,18 75:6	189:10,12	national 3:6
109:13	115:22	, i	5:10,17 9:5
	118:16,19 128:3	Mylan 97:16	52:12 79:6
mother 82:10,21	142:9 157:16,20	myocardium	108:14 121:19
102:15 349:2	179:21 189:9,11	112:14	129:7 135:10
motive 255:5	190:7 200:21	myoclonic	145:10
Mountain 5:4	207:3,6 212:20	84:11,12	147:17,18
	287:7 294:9	ŕ	148:11 150:14
mouth 83:22	305:4 357:3	myself 93:8 97:8 100:22 104:7	173:5,18 178:3
84:6,10,22	360:5	197:10 216:2	180:13 183:17
move 10:3,5,13,17	multiple-dose	219:13 231:7	187:17 191:2
19:21 27:13 38:9	118:12	300:19	205:21 209:12
60:3 77:15	multi-stakeholder	351:5,16,17	216:20 226:19
107:1,14 131:16	282:17 291:9	355:11	242:3 253:12
143:12	292:11		278:7 330:11
180:10,21		myth 297:1	343:8
217:18 219:8	multi-	myths 293:2	nationally 146:9
221:21 222:3	stakeholders	296:6,7	154:9
224:7 231:6	206:10		
247:5 290:1	multisystemic	N	nation's 55:21
336:11 344:12	106:2	NABP 224:19	278:8 343:9
moved 80:21	multi-trace 93:2	nabut 221:20	nationwide 53:7
247:20 248:19	multitude 187:7		57:16 59:22
325:13		NADP 321:13	64:18 104:3,7
movement 59:5	multivitamin	NAMI 343:8,14	121:1 125:14,19
278:6	90:12 162:19,20	Nancy 3:5 77:21	127:13 151:3
moving 26:2	multivitamins	78:2 79:3,6	Native 188:18,20
230:10 254:1	90:20 91:4	97:21 127:13	natural 35:5
306:5 308:6	muscle 102:7		
	237:15	Nancy's 183:14	nature 27:10,12 204:19 274:15
Mt 192:4,15	347:4,18,21	narcotic 310:2	280:4
mucositis 83:16,22	muscular 102:6	narcotics 85:14	
84:22 85:11		230:8	nausea 142:6
mucus 84:6	mustard 164:9	narrow 353:9	348:7,17
multi 93:2 211:16	mutations 341:11		NCI 167:11
330:17 334:20	MVI 90:12	narrowest 341:7	NDA 200:19
		nasty 157:21	214:18,19
multidisciplinary	MVI-12 90:16	NATASHA	NDAs 214:16
65:4	MVI-13 90:16,18	370:2,17	
multipatient 157:7	myelogenous	· ·	nearly 54:10,15
	J B	nation 74:18 122:6	55:17 56:15

	1 ag		
58:16 76:20	147:4 353:4 neonatology	nitrogen 164:9	114:1 168:6
136:4 145:2		nobody 194:14	192:13 265:13
257:18,22 278:4	143:21 145:21	232:13 254:21	339:11
281:11	226:22	272:20,21	normally 100:17
Neas 7:17 8:11	nervous 49:17	313:11 350:5,17	110:12 111:2,19
276:13,16,17	nervousness 99:5	Nobody's	134:4 183:12
277:19 279:8 299:7 312:2 313:20 326:21	net 14:9	350:10,13 nodes 333:5	265:10 Norman 76:18
necessarily 72:12	network 195:18 244:12 283:6	noises 337:6,11	77:8 242:21 North 184:7
112:9 113:3,20 116:9 126:5 137:22	networking 225:5 neurological	noisy 105:17 nomenclature	northern 237:9 339:5 346:2
199:15,20	278:16 344:3	359:6	Northwestern
207:14 238:6	Nevertheless 286:5	nominally 161:14	187:20
247:10 319:2	newborns 112:1	nonavailability	nose 84:2
necessary 14:2	146:3	239:16	
25:14 44:4 106:9	newly 34:16	noncancer 98:15	notable 22:21
127:8 131:9		none 47:2 57:14	162:6
147:10 177:10 215:3 238:14,21	news 103:13,18 212:22	174:3 272:21 338:4 347:19	note 27:4 32:19 38:5 65:7 66:11 134:13 186:21
245:20 253:1 263:1 266:18,19 267:6 283:19	newsletter 108:21 109:10,11 155:1	nonetheless 344:4	190:1 193:21 239:19 258:18
284:20 285:17	NG 84:2	non-FDA 68:3	281:10 284:10
289:14	nice 43:7 45:5	nonhospital 64:22	345:5 355:11
necessity 24:20	329:7	nonmembers	noted 29:6 56:2 62:9 211:16
25:14 31:6 239:1	NICKU 173:6	185:5 218:7	
neck 360:11	174:5 Nicole 92:22	nonprofit 108:13 120:2 144:4	212:19 263:18 285:14
necrosis 159:13 needle 60:11	NICU 5:16	191:3 nonregulatory	notes 66:9 235:15 304:4 355:9
negative 58:1,2	night 82:14 157:5 327:4	217:12	363:8
65:20 306:14		nontraditional	not-for-profit
negatively 258:5	nightmare 127:10 NIH 67:6 192:11	68:13	262:20 nothing 86:8
neither 52:16	193:6,11 208:5	nor 52:16 90:1	91:18 98:6 302:1
370:7	nine 91:19 92:1	370:8,11	329:7
neonatal 143:21	115:19 281:7	norepinephrine	notice 39:20 46:12 63:2,5 218:19
173:4 183:8,10	316:8 328:21	27:3	
neonates 145:22	332:1	normal 95:11 102:9 104:22	219:5 332:18

	1 46		
336:2	87:6 99:10	339:2 361:16	240:6,9
noticed 11:22	102:13 108:7	365:10,12	occurs 12:16
249:17 257:13	159:16 173:14	obtained 255:4	216:20 260:22
	189:19 220:2	366:11	
notification	334:6 335:21		OCD 84:17
21:12,18 22:13 27:15 28:8	353:1	obtaining 294:13 362:16 368:2	o'clock 82:15
36:18,22 38:4	nursing 90:6 176:9		October 53:13
63:4 70:11	333:22 334:1,8	obvious 193:6	279:2
124:7,9 156:10	nutrient 226:3,4	312:12	odd 47:11
169:5	ĺ	obviously 14:11	
210:6,13,16	nutrients 88:8 251:12	70:4 109:19	offer 263:9 354:15
244:15,20		112:21 116:20	offered 189:12
267:10	nutrition 6:20	127:11 138:8	265:7,10
287:17,20 288:3	84:2 87:20	163:16 193:8	offering 265:1,4
notifications 63:9	88:9,16,17	237:11 241:21	offers 229:19
76:7	89:5,6,11,17	247:5 256:19 269:6 276:11	265:3,12 313:6
notified 31:22	91:8,20 92:16,19 110:22 112:1,3	332:20 362:10	r
264:15	113:14 115:20	363:9	office 2:10
	146:1,3,4		16:12,13 32:3,6,7,11,12
notify 156:11	162:9,12 183:11	occasion 169:10	73:20 75:9
210:5 264:14	218:5 225:17	331:7	76:20,21 98:1
noting 146:16	227:1,5,10	occasionally	149:1 150:15
notion 297:3	251:21 364:8	90:2,9 286:6	197:21 241:21
354:10 358:11	nutritional 111:21	occasions 252:8	242:1,10,11,22
nourishing 93:8	nutritionals	occur 30:7 139:19	243:2,3,5 293:22
Novation	111:20	141:1 207:1	294:4 298:8
39:3,10,22		210:2 225:20	307:20 312:21
r r	nutshell 54:8	226:16 227:8	324:13 327:13
November 97:14	351:21	274:9 294:10	officer 4:20 5:12
206:10,16 359:8		309:17 359:17	8:7,14 125:7
nowhere 103:8	0	occurred 34:9	161:9 299:11
numerous 65:20	objective 217:6	35:13 84:12	303:20 328:19
102:18 106:3	266:18	131:11 149:3	370:2
122:5,19 188:15	objectives 119:3	157:3 186:11	offices 140:3
264:21	observations	251:15	official 144:3
nurse 8:17 89:13	32:19	297:12,17	officially 95:7
101:18 139:1	obsessive 84:18	occurring 15:15	·
158:17 159:16	obtain 91:3 92:17	23:8 35:22	officials 101:5
225:19 333:19	122:10 139:21	37:2,14 56:22	off-label 196:18
334:10	175:8 251:2	57:10 113:7	236:21
nurses 65:5 84:7	292:21 298:4	146:20 204:5	
	272,21 270.T		

	1 46		
offline 176:4,5	95:18 181:6	open 4:22 5:2 8:12	183:14 191:5
offs 325:15	188:19 335:20	11:2 66:17	205:13 236:14
offset 214:21	oncologists 17:19	107:12 118:6	256:22 267:17
	50:12 119:4	235:22 267:20	283:5 289:2
offshore 47:20,21	oncology 4:3,9	270:22 322:14	299:15 301:16
Oftentimes 24:9	6:19 120:6	324:1,2 327:21	328:18 331:8
Oh 225:10 236:9	121:14 122:6	328:5,7 354:16	334:2 338:11 345:21 354:21
Ohio 47:19	123:19 124:17	opened 19:15	
	136:4,14 163:21	72:12 338:7	oppose 285:8
ointment	164:8,21 165:11	opening 10:10	287:20
145:11,12	175:22 178:1	operate 108:14	opposed 194:5
280:15	181:10 206:14	256:10 304:9	optimal 48:9 91:12
okay 17:3,13,14	218:18,21 234:9	operating 45:8	120:18 141:6
18:11 19:6 30:17	249:19 251:20	49:18 139:16	142:2 226:5
66:14 70:3 72:11	265:11 286:1	141:7 157:11	optimize 120:4
73:13,15	319:18 331:21 333:22	159:8 187:4	295:15
87:16,17 119:19	334:1,5,8,10	296:17 348:12	option 134:5
127:4 131:17 154:20,21 156:4	335:3,8,20,21	operational 296:2	160:13 167:16
159:9,22 160:17	357:7,8,10 364:8	-	
165:22 167:21	ONDQA	operations 17:6	options 124:2
173:8 180:1,20	242:21,22	198:15 292:1	128:21 153:5,9 249:5 286:17
201:13 218:16	ĺ	Operations/	349:7
232:6,15 240:11	ones 111:5 116:14	Publishing 5:12	
272:11 312:20	200:11 222:20	ophthalmic 145:11	oral 102:18 162:19 360:5
314:22 327:19	228:16,17,19 332:9	opiates 231:22	
350:3,5 363:5		opinion 168:12	orally 103:8
old 89:20 94:22	one-week 100:15	303:6 358:1,19	order 19:18 26:10
101:22 183:6	ongoing 187:3	·	31:3,16 33:15,19
214:12 235:15	197:15 209:4	opportunistic 285:9	35:17 37:6
247:1 294:21	215:14 236:18		46:21,22 61:6,21
older 23:17 24:15	335:5 353:17	opportunities	97:12 102:2
135:13 200:15	361:19	179:21 279:20	129:21 139:12
214:10,11,20	online 27:21	361:8	140:6 152:7 190:7 238:21
215:8 343:20	ONS 334:5,19	opportunity 79:10	242:14 245:21
oldest 278:8	335:17 336:8,16	82:19 90:2	249:7 284:20
331:17	onset 158:9 159:3	106:20 110:20	286:13 298:3
Oley 87:19 93:9	onslaught 74:15	135:19 144:8 150:5,12 161:6	339:12 346:21
Omincell 59:9	G	165:17 166:2	353:14 367:17
	onto 67:10 103:1	167:16 173:7,13	ordered 263:17
Omnicell 60:3,7	op-ed 248:3	179:7 182:13	orders 263:18
oncologist 17:9			014015 205.10

	1 46		
organization	orthopedists	151:20	
79:13 87:21	159:10	outreach 21:7	P
108:13 111:8	others 14:14,17	37:15	P&T 196:20
120:3,7 125:15	32:13 73:8 74:7		PA 108:13
127:13 139:8	78:8 95:5 109:22	outside 19:1,10,15 26:13 32:15	pace 208:22
144:5 191:3	136:9 137:3,7	139:15 149:21	•
207:16,17 218:3	138:4,16 142:12	201:4 202:7	Pacific 247:5
222:6,7 229:2	145:17 150:4	266:6 267:8	pack 92:5
232:8,18 236:15	163:2 202:7	307:12 338:16	packaging 34:20
246:13 279:1	204:10 219:7	361:11	
293:10 331:18 333:11,12	222:3 230:2		packet 93:17,19
338:16 343:9	244:7 254:18	outsourcing 47:16	paclitaxel 122:18
	265:7 273:7	outstanding	page 2:1 3:1 4:1
organizations 21:8	278:12 288:8,13	188:19	5:1 6:3 7:1 8:1
62:6 115:13	307:6 313:5	outstrip 100:4	9:1 41:6 109:15
119:4 124:4	316:7 327:14	outweigh 190:10	153:16 205:6
143:7 156:11 172:8 182:16	350:6 353:2 364:10		pages 109:15
190:7 206:9,11		outweighed 27:19 28:15	• •
207:19 216:16	otherwise 105:5		paid 149:6 150:17 192:11
222:15,18	273:1 288:4	ovarian 97:3 131:6	
226:21 242:17	370:12	ovary 333:4	pain 57:12
246:15 251:16	ought 248:13	overall 24:2	83:11,14,15,17,2
261:8 277:4	ours 338:16	-	0 85:12,14 86:22
278:4,9 279:6	ourselves 18:12	overdose 112:5,13	102:7 139:10
283:9 327:2	338:10	overflow 11:19	140:4 248:5 346:5
organizers		overrepresented	
12:11,20 95:1	outcome 48:14	146:18	painted 136:11
·	58:9 81:9 335:4	overseas 192:20	pancreas 333:5
organizing 12:12 276:21	336:22 370:12	193:15,16	panel 3:17 4:2
	outcomes 4:20	, and the second	6:12,13,17
organs 86:14	55:3 141:6	oversees 187:8	7:2,3,10,14,15
102:8	142:3,13 161:8	oversight 36:2	8:2 10:19 66:17
orient 41:20	340:18	114:21 253:17	67:22 68:15
original 200:19	outlets 109:1	313:1	73:10 119:2,3,14
284:2,5	outlined 215:11	overview 279:15	131:2 180:15,18
originally 12:3	287:17 292:13	owned 262:20	202:12 216:6,10
	342:12		217:5,14,15
orphan 135:11	outlining 211:20	ownership 125:10	229:14
ORs 118:10		oxycodone 83:14	246:9,11,12
orthopedic 159:12	outpatient 65:1	oxygen 104:14	255:17 256:4,9
-	151:10 348:8,12	347:13	276:2,7 291:17
orthopedist 160:2	outpatients 150:22		298:15

	1 46		
299:12,14	119:14 130:8	partly 136:19	patented 192:15
300:12 320:21	205:6 207:22 208:2 273:14	partner 18:22	pathway 214:14
323:2,12 324:6 325:3 343:13		213:2	pathways 215:2
360:20	participate 164:22 189:22 222:5	partnered 53:3	patient 3:2,4,6
panelist 72:20	292:4	partners 13:10	5:10 17:1,7 21:8
219:12 254:8		45:18	39:17 51:8 53:20
256:1 302:7	participated	147:9,12,16	54:20,22 55:3,20
	207:19 213:1	148:8 149:17,21	56:12 57:3,20,22
panelists 180:20	participating	321:17 353:18	58:2,3,5,9,16
202:11 217:10	15:22 207:16	nautnaughin 20:10	59:1,21 60:10
275:19 310:11	336:14	partnership 39:10	61:9 63:10 64:12
352:20 356:17		145:1 179:8,13	65:22 66:11
363:21	participation 22:2	212:14 290:4	69:18 78:6
panels 11:1 327:20	81:4 163:11	313:13	79:5,7,11,12,14
_	365:13	partnerships	99:18 101:16,19
par 59:13	particles 34:11	178:8	105:4 110:4,9
paralytic 158:8	particular 12:14	party 362:17,18	111:11
paralyze 158:13	21:21 25:8 31:17	pass 62:22 67:16	120:11,22
paralyzed 278:20	32:3 33:17 34:16	passed 67:10	121:8,13 122:9
paramount 121:7	70:7 119:11	280:16	123:5,19 127:9
*	169:10 194:16		133:3,13 134:2
paraphrase 291:4	228:18 257:2	passionate 127:11	137:15
360:22 361:7	264:10 280:10	136:8	138:13,17
parent 86:4 171:9	300:22 321:12	passive 148:17	141:6,12 145:8
_	334:16,22 336:2	-	151:14 152:2
parenteral 6:20	338:5 343:14	past 9:10 14:10	157:14 159:11
87:20 88:9,16	361:20 362:15	36:6 48:6,7	160:4,6,14
89:5,6,11,16	365:21 366:6	49:11 50:5,9,13	162:18,19,21
91:8,20 92:16	particularly 13:10	56:1 59:19 68:9	169:8 175:17
110:22 111:7	78:14 152:20	72:3,16 91:5	177:1 180:13
112:3 113:14	165:9 172:14	96:9,12,14	181:17 186:13
115:19 146:1	198:5 225:6	115:18 118:13	187:18 188:21
162:8,12 218:5	231:1 234:8	132:12 140:8,15	232:21
225:16 226:22	242:9 251:19	188:2 208:7	237:18,20
227:5,10 251:21		213:16 216:12	252:1,11
364:8	285:22 304:9	220:4 227:8,16	257:8,9,10 258:4
parents 171:11	336:6 366:22	236:12 260:11	261:19
_ -	particulate 104:4	262:3 278:6	262:11,12,13
partial 352:5,6	200:1	281:17 288:22	263:6,13,21
partially 352:15	parties 18:22	347:22 352:7	264:1 271:3
participant 215:12	129:4 171:19	368:12	282:22 292:16
participants	177:5 370:8,11	patent 192:16	319:8 331:15,17
participants			333:2,12 335:4

	1 ag	-	
338:19	165:14 171:11	232:12	236:20
339:8,11,18	175:12 177:11	pay 19:11 129:20	pedigree 71:9
340:14 341:12	180:15 183:10	142:19 182:16	220:21 222:11
342:15 345:8	186:1 187:22	230:21 345:9	266:8 366:10
346:13	188:4 190:14	351:8	
347:5,11,15	191:13		peers 330:11
349:20 351:16	192:4,12,21	payer 182:2	Pelosi 97:21
353:3 364:18	193:16 194:5	payers 14:19	pennies 358:13
365:1 366:6	202:2 210:10	248:11,20	-
patients 14:3,6	217:8,22 220:2	ŕ	Pennsylvania
16:22 17:6 25:4	221:2 227:21	paying 68:9 249:8	101:22 203:10
30:9 33:4 35:18	230:22 233:1	payment 72:22	people 10:8 19:10
36:15 40:22 44:7	234:3 236:18	73:1,9,10 77:21	41:11 45:1 51:14
46:10 48:18 55:1	238:10,22 242:4	78:1	61:19 69:9 71:1
	253:14 254:14	payments 75:1,8	76:4 80:9 85:3
56:2 58:6,8	255:5 256:7	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	91:3 94:3,9
63:16 65:13 78:7	257:5 264:20	PBM 153:3 154:8	101:6 106:17
79:10,20 80:5,7	271:5 277:7	PCA 83:18	108:15 109:2
82:2 93:11	278:14 279:1,7	peace 253:7	110:10 111:22
98:15,20,22	282:1,10 291:2		113:3 116:17
99:2,3,12	292:21 293:5	peaked 166:21	117:5 130:17
100:8,21	296:20 298:1,3	pediatric 5:17	131:10 157:8
104:12,20 105:5	300:22 301:2	122:7 123:4	160:1 172:3
114:3 115:7	330:5 333:9	144:6,12,20	177:14 182:17
116:4 117:14	335:14 336:22	145:3	191:4 196:3
118:19	338:20 339:2,4	146:8,11,17	199:3,8 204:20
120:13,14 121:6	341:10	147:1 148:16	225:4,8 226:9
122:1,4,16,20	348:5,12,13,16	161:12	228:14 229:21
123:4 124:13	349:6,8,17	163:10,13 164:8	230:21
126:1,9,22	351:15	165:11	234:8,13,14
127:15 128:7,18	352:14,18 353:4	170:16,20	235:9 247:14
129:20	354:7 363:15	172:15 173:19	252:1 254:20
130:11,22	364:4 368:20	341:1 346:5	260:21 261:21
131:13,14		pediatrician 144:9	264:20 278:12
132:10,21	patient's 10:6 349:18		312:3 315:17
134:4,8 136:6		pediatricians	317:7 318:8,20
137:13 138:5,16 141:2	Patients 5:14	119:5 144:5	321:15 323:22
141.2	80:19 81:6	146:7 148:15	334:12,14,19
142:3,12,14	122:12 123:9	179:13	337:4 340:21
157:7,9,11	127:17 185:22	pediatrics 4:12	341:18 343:9
161:20,21	192:9 294:12	143:12	350:14,15
163:12,13	pattern 272:16	144:2,3,11 147:2	355:10 367:7
164:16,17		172:10 174:5	
104.10,1/	Pause 87:17	179:12 194:18	people's 249:16

	1 46		
per 151:11	310:7	320:3 334:3	8:6 97:17 144:19
309:11,12	perinatal 144:2	345:21	289:21 299:6,10
346:4,8	period 4:22 5:2	perspectives 3:17	pharmacies 70:20
perceived 186:19	8:12 10:7,11,17	19:22 120:12	71:1 114:20,22
percent	11:2 55:10,18	PET 96:8	115:3 116:10,18
23:9,10,11,14	64:4 81:10		191:15 228:7
24:2 29:7,16	107:4,7,12	petitioned 193:6,14	229:3,5 266:2
42:18 43:14	180:19,21 202:9		pharmacist 96:22
54:11 55:9	235:22 265:2	petitions 112:7	97:5 108:7 133:7
56:7,16,17,19	306:2,6 316:10	Pfizer 256:21	176:9 202:19
58:4,6,7,9 61:1	322:15 357:15	ph 92:22 94:10	225:18 245:14
62:7,14,19	358:21	173:6 291:6	258:22 259:1
78:6,9,10 88:3	permanent 344:2	Ph.D 5:14 192:1	262:12 329:5
140:12 141:9	permit 248:16		331:5 337:17
151:13,15 163:13 165:13		Pham 5:15 107:9	pharmacists 4:4
188:10,12	perplexed 317:1	170:15 194:8,9	6:6,16,18
199:16,18	persistent 146:12	Pharm.D 2:14,19	52:6,22 65:3
200:11 223:5	persists 347:22	4:4,15,19 5:15	97:16 101:3
239:22 263:21	person 81:11	7:19 9:11	117:1 206:15
264:1	99:13 106:7	Pharma 97:16	216:4 219:22 230:1 239:13
265:7,8,11,12,13	175:3 224:17	pharmaceutical	252:7 253:14
,14 281:11	320:6	7:14,18 8:11	263:13 277:3
283:13 286:11	personal 17:4	10:22 17:11 19:3	313:5 315:2
302:3 319:19	98:13 149:11	97:17 101:4	329:13 353:1
320:6 330:2	277:15 301:3	114:11 116:12	pharmacologic
351:10 358:17	348:20	124:9 125:11	141:19
percentage 200:17	personally 86:20	155:1 169:21	
perception 208:13	95:4 104:3 118:8	212:11 247:15	Pharmacopeia 114:17
per-cycle 338:4	132:13 278:13	252:5 254:6 258:16 262:6	
• •	personnel 53:5	267:5	pharmacotherape
perfect 125:1	64:14 65:22	276:1,10,14,18	utic 231:19
perforated 88:2		279:14 280:2,5	pharmacy 2:20
perform 362:5	perspective 2:4	286:21 292:6	4:16 5:16,17 7:8
performance	3:2,12 10:6 15:1,2 16:5 17:5	297:5,21 321:16	8:14 52:5 53:11
45:11 280:19	87:13 107:2	332:15 342:11	58:12,19 65:3
	162:17	356:1	66:4 102:14 103:13 105:7
perhaps 43:18 59:17 80:17	163:3,9,15	pharmaceutical/	103:13 105:7
134:1 226:12,18	164:2,19,20	industrial	116:1 120:1,6,7
241:18 307:8	165:8 171:16	246:22	150:15
308:4,21 309:18	257:1,3,20	pharmaceuticals	151:9,14,17
200,21207.10	278:14 279:16	P	, , ·

	<u> </u>	i	1
152:8 153:3	220:1,12 253:15	347:5	pleaded 83:12
154:9,13	254:14 335:10	plan 21:6 37:18	pleasant 86:12
170:16,20 171:6	340:8 341:19	61:22 64:2,7,11	please 70:1 89:13
173:4,12,14,19,2 1 181:12 195:18	353:1	107:7 153:19	103:18 180:2
224:5 239:10	physician's 169:4	156:12 159:22	191:19 196:10
247:18	181:18	168:18 169:16	218:3 317:18
257:12,16	Physicians 4:18	212:18,21	322:16 323:3
262:7,19 266:4	150:8 156:19	219:21 220:12 241:21 306:3	357:6
314:2 318:6,8	physiologic 158:15	311:7 326:16	pleased 211:13
321:2,4 328:19 331:6	physiology 144:15	330:4	pledge 279:4
pharmacy-made	pick 317:18	planned 12:3	plenty 46:11 86:5
60:8	picked 367:17	267:10 335:5	plus 98:5,18
phenomena	picking 367:15	planning 12:3,12	253:10
359:14	picture 13:6 41:13	36:8 75:10 268:8 342:18	PNT 183:7
Philadelphia	136:11 182:19	plans 212:3 336:1	podium 12:8 16:4
279:2	pie 42:20	355:21,22	38:11 51:22 79:4
phone 68:21	piece 16:18 63:19	365:18	87:13 94:19
317:18	259:15 310:12		101:15 107:15
phosphate		plant 26:17 51:2 104:6 308:7	187:12 191:19 196:11 202:21
91:17,18 92:5	pieces 204:19 268:15 274:4		256:3 291:18
183:9 295:2	275:8	plants 51:2,5	298:7 328:13
phosphorus 93:5,6		151:18,19 295:7,12,15	point 3:17 13:12
	piggyback 89:15	304:12	60:10 71:10 77:8
phrases 291:5	pill 103:6	plasma 5:7 184:3,6	97:7 114:6 126:2
PhRMA 8:3 299:4	pin-hole 302:9	· ·	133:12 160:15
physical 334:11	Pink 45:4	plate 201:16	164:20 169:20
359:22	pipeline	play 14:15,19,20	177:17 189:14
physically 59:13	316:5,6,10,14,15	33:2 43:20	224:15,22
physician 14:6	341:16	256:12 269:11	227:3,12,20
125:2 133:7	Pittsburgh 192:3	314:12	233:9 236:22
139:9 158:6	_	played 208:5	245:1 255:22 256:7 269:4
176:8 189:19	placebo 137:20	344:19	270:11 275:12
225:19	placed 135:20	players 299:22	281:1 284:8
physicians 39:8	346:18	playing 13:20	298:9,18,21
48:16 65:5 80:1	places 62:9 173:18	86:17 351:14	301:19 310:3,17
119:6 136:5	189:6 315:4	plays 32:20	311:19 315:15
138:10 140:4	318:2	_ · ·	319:7,13,15
173:14 182:8	placing 197:7	plea 323:21	321:14 324:8
186:2 187:21			325:19 326:9

	1 46		
338:4 344:21	portfolio 325:11	142:6	136:13,14 140:2
353:21 356:10	portion 39:2 107:2	postponed 141:10	143:5 144:10
359:1 363:5	-	143:2	197:6,11 205:14
pointed 314:9	posed 80:4		226:13 234:1
341:18	posing 363:18	potassium 90:9	257:16 273:7
	- 0	93:6 103:2	346:2,8 347:1
pointing 178:6	position 100:19 187:6 202:22	113:17 295:1	356:6 364:7
points 13:9 46:15	253:12 266:1	potent 113:6	practiced 156:20
116:9 133:17 174:14 227:19	positive 25:12	potential 12:16	practices 3:16
	possibility 130:3	15:17 20:17	6:20 59:16
policies 72:22 73:1	167:18 247:13	25:10 28:5 30:22	107:18 108:12
248:14,15	252:18	35:9 36:7 41:8	115:2 136:19
249:1,6 289:3		121:4,6 123:7,14	137:1 138:10
290:19	possible 14:8,12	147:12 148:15	162:16 206:16
336:10,18	25:2 29:17 37:8	186:8 188:11	229:7
policy 2:17 3:5	41:1 72:19 83:21	198:22 199:17	250:17,18,21
8:20 52:2 69:5	84:4 86:12	247:3 263:22	251:6 262:3
79:6 135:1	103:13 118:5	274:8 279:12	266:5 271:18
207:15 271:22	143:19 144:17	286:3,8 287:13	272:8 280:21
335:18 337:18	149:20 156:12	289:4 290:20	300:8 336:10,18
noliovimalions	168:16 188:21	potentially 73:1	364:17 368:12
policymakers 336:16	190:16 218:12	100:17	practicing 139:9
	223:14 238:15	152:15,16 206:2	144:9 261:11
pool 172:22	239:5 241:8	236:14 330:16	346:1
173:17	259:20 261:15	349:3 352:17	
poor 224:9	274:20 289:5,19	powder 114:11	practitioner 119:4
poorer 340:17	294:18 304:14	-	195:7 233:4
-	324:16 327:10	powders 115:22	259:11
poorly 93:13	342:16	power 102:17	practitioners
popping 98:11	365:18,20	126:20 136:20	119:10 142:19
population 56:12	possibly 189:5	175:8 260:6	168:18 172:8,20
61:10 78:6,10,11	post 11:11 37:21	262:22 325:6	232:2,22 252:19
147:1 151:7	40:20 293:17	PPAG 171:10	340:16 341:2,13
175:17			342:11,13
194:18,22	post-1935 72:2	PPTA 185:3,19	352:11 365:16
352:16,17	Postal 152:11	186:1 187:8	practitioner's
ĺ	posted 235:13	practicable 203:17	171:16 341:6
populations 195:3	264:14	practical 19:17	pray 86:8
port 88:20 89:12 102:19,21	posting 93:16	practice 6:8 58:15	PREA 144:21
Porter 8:15	postoperative	66:12 71:2	precarious 106:15
331:11,12,14	348:16	120:6,14 131:21	•
331.11,12,14	post-operative	132:2,22 133:18	preceding 56:21
	post-operative		

_	1 ag		
precipitate 34:14	prescribers 14:18	205:8,17	146:20 191:16
46:1	63:16	preservative-free	193:14 194:4
predict 169:7	prescription 38:6	99:1	197:3 204:4
211:7 250:22	152:3,4,8,12,15		209:15 211:15
		preserve 60:4	212:18 239:4
289:4 311:20	154:15 209:3	63:17 89:7 159:5	242:19 246:16
predictable 264:18	228:20 279:11	preserving 135:3	251:3 287:19
prefer 178:10	281:16	153:8 203:7	292:18 298:11
202:22	prescriptions		
	151:10,11	president 6:11	prevented
preference 57:15	191:14 281:5,12	7:6,8,20 8:5,7	27:13,15,16,20
preferential 194:4	present 52:11	9:10 111:8 139:6	28:1,8,9,12,19
•	72:17 79:10	184:3 211:12	33:10 36:21
premature 49:5 99:1	146:8 182:14	236:12 262:18	37:17 75:18 76:9
	190:22 205:13	267:22	201:22 300:5
premeds 96:15	190.22 203.13 277:4 279:15	276:13,18 278:7	309:18
Premier 7:8,12	291:15 346:22	291:19,22	preventing 26:3
224:17 256:16	291:13 346:22 366:8	299:5,8,11 352:7	35:10 268:4,6
262:15,19,20,22	300.8	President/CEO	298:12 299:18
263:3,11	presentation 3:17	5:6 7:18	307:13,21
264:8,11,14	10:5 44:20		308:22 347:8
265:2 266:1,5,13	66:15,18 73:21	President/General	
267:18 329:17	79:5 139:11	8:9	prevention
	143:10 198:5	press 284:18	20:8,20 24:18
Premier's 265:5	199:13 203:14	pressing 360:7	33:8 36:13
preop 158:2	205:3,22 211:9	•	125:17 161:12
	276:15	pressure 145:17	299:20 300:9
preoxygenate 158:14	277:15,20 279:9	265:9 340:22	323:6,8
136.14	presentations	pressures 199:9	325:20,21
preparation	94:14 256:14	341:10	previous 42:11
116:18	276:6,9 301:20	pretty 40:22 95:11	49:15 83:5
preparations	364:1	109:5 117:19	140:10 194:10
146:13,16			207:18
·	presented 33:7	119:8 170:11	previously 26:18
prepare 162:11 198:17 237:2	81:15 143:3,9	176:15 254:3	127:14 129:16
	189:1 207:13	310:20	141:16 285:15
prepared 170:18	238:18 314:9	prevalent 57:16	367:15
preparing 76:19	329:15 330:3	prevent 15:12,20	
271:17	338:9 339:1	18:13,21 19:1	price 130:3 148:13
	357:11	25:16 31:15	167:22 183:1
prescribe 87:7	presenter 167:20	32:21 36:9,14	195:12,16 221:7
196:19	337:10	37:1,6 51:16	222:4 251:5
prescribed 79:22		76:12 84:14	263:3
prescriber 46:22	presenters 317:12	94:10 123:22	265:5,13,18
preserioer 40.22	presenting 120:17	,	266:11 284:20

	1 ag		
296:19 304:14	77:6 289:12	275:4,6,7 283:7	208:7 212:7
prices 73:3 142:19	proactively 36:11	291:4 295:19	213:18,22 214:4
221:9 249:8	216:10 288:13	301:12,22 305:9	215:2 228:1
265:1 285:11	289:16	307:7,13	239:17 247:4,14
		308:8,21 309:19	257:3 259:9,10
pricing 269:14	probably 11:22	314:11 323:16	260:8,20 261:10
Pricken 291:6	22:18 35:12	327:21 333:13	262:8 264:10
primarily 80:4	40:20 43:17	341:1,5 350:13	266:14 271:16
	45:13 75:4,6	356:8 358:8	272:19 280:17
primary 33:7	153:21 158:1	364:3 368:19	287:21
144:5 163:21	170:22 172:3	problematic 47:17	288:12,16,18
223:6 240:18	177:19	-	289:6 290:21
266:3,6 322:18	195:13,17,21	problems 17:17	300:10 303:2,3
prime 155:5	196:4,7 216:14	25:5 33:11	311:15 316:2
principal 312:10	217:6 243:13	34:6,8,10 43:13	320:16 321:13
314:2	248:13 257:14	44:17 47:20 51:8	322:13
	316:8,16 319:5,9	66:12 74:5 75:3	330:15,16
principle 197:12	321:12 354:3	110:14 112:21	360:1,17
prior 30:15 31:7	359:6 362:11	113:15 123:7 138:6 169:8	processes 24:13
104:22 142:5	363:13		162:13 224:3
220:22 276:12	problem 16:1	198:19 199:18 210:20 214:7	254:1 289:10
287:7	18:18 24:10	210.20 214.7 225:6 252:18	310:19
priorities 14:3	31:14,15 33:1	263:8 274:17	produce 19:4
129:19	39:6,11 50:13	295:12 337:6,10	214:6 359:22
	51:1,10,20 76:11	356:13 359:17	367:16
prioritization	94:4,5,8 101:11		
163:3	111:4,19 113:19	procedure 139:18	produced 21:22
prioritize 164:16	125:16 127:17	142:21 153:13	359:10 367:15
266:18 289:22	129:15 130:4	346:18 347:11	producer 17:12
prioritizing 238:2	131:11 135:8	348:1	producers 184:6
_	136:22 137:4	procedures 45:9	332:18
priority 171:3	152:22 155:14	109:20 114:15	
185:12 242:4 289:8 307:11,12	156:1 160:19	116:12	producing 106:4
325:9,16	178:13 182:4	141:11,19 143:2	135:13 212:9
, in the second	192:18 193:6,10	289:4 348:8	215:10 223:16
private 153:22	195:4,20 196:17	proceedings	276:5 286:4
154:2 193:21	199:20 201:14 205:21 209:12	370:4,7	367:16
266:12 338:3			product 17:18
339:16	212:17,18 213:2 227:2 230:15,17	process 40:4 61:20	19:5 21:16
privilege 136:2	245:11,16,22	64:13 65:3,4	22:9,16 23:9,15
205:17 278:1	247:3 250:3	88:18 115:4 124:7 129:13	24:20,21 25:15
proactive 76:18	247.3 230.3 253:2 263:12	130:9 148:9	29:5,6,8,12
proactive /0.10	264:22 269:5	157:10 191:16	30:8,14,17,21
	204.22 209.3	137.10 191.10	

	1 ag		
31:1,7,10	51:3,5 76:14	310:2,19,22	profound 146:11
32:5,7,9 33:17	104:16 129:6	311:8,12	program 2:3 5:4
34:1,16 35:8,19	198:18 201:10	317:4,9,10	8:20 20:1,3,16
46:21 47:1 59:11	203:16,17 211:3	318:12 322:4	22:1 29:3 30:4
64:1,4,9 65:11	213:8,14	326:13 330:18	31:22 36:18 37:4
104:18 105:3	214:1,8,17 233:8	336:11,12,13	65:6 67:15
115:21 124:5	239:17 244:22	354:7	
147:3,10 186:10	245:1 246:7	357:3,6,7,10	76:17,22 77:1,7
199:17,21	252:18 253:2	358:12 359:21	107:3,15
200:20 201:10	258:13 267:3,13	361:3,4,13	108:15,17
203:18 214:22	283:16,21	366:10 368:9	184:7,18,21
219:19 238:17	286:15 287:1		185:6 186:1
239:2 240:5	294:16 295:12	profession 16:22	187:1,8 197:3
241:1,2	302:12,17,19	99:7	208:19 216:17
245:12,18,19	306:4 336:5	professional	232:17,21
246:1,2,5 253:16	359:3,8,17	6:13,14 14:18	241:9,18,20
256:11	• •	21:8 31:5 38:18	242:9 245:4
258:12,13	productive 12:6	66:2 117:11	253:9 255:17
260:8,9,22	204:18	120:2,7 124:4	337:18 365:11
261:9,21 262:2	products 14:2	138:11 144:4	programs 124:13
265:1 266:8	20:12 23:3,22	172:15 173:8	198:15 272:5
	24:9,11,12,14,16	177:1 182:16	
272:7 273:17,21	32:4,12 33:3	216:5,7 230:3	program's 185:13
274:2,11 284:13	35:22 36:1,3	235:20 246:12	Programs 5:16
285:14	40:20 41:16,17	256:8 334:5	12:8
293:19,20	47:9,21 63:11		progress 190:2
294:9,10,20,21,2	68:22 69:3,9	professionals	206:20 211:19
2 304:21 305:2,8	105:10 106:4	10:21 16:15	308:16 342:8
311:5 315:5,14	115:12 124:3	37:16 70:9,22	
316:1,11 325:22 344:4	145:14 147:4,6	100:13 101:4	progressed 102:11
	148:1,7,10,16	108:1 136:5	progression
355:14,16,18	149:6,7,9 187:7	138:15 176:10	338:21
356:3 358:22	195:6 200:2	229:22 245:15	prohibits 308:22
359:3,4 360:10	201:2 202:1	317:2 334:7	*
361:6,10,14,17	214:6,14	352:12	projectionist
362:1,2,3,4,15,1	230:11,16	Professor 2:19	139:3
7,19,22 366:20 367:15,16,17,18	265:19 269:2	proffer 279:19	prolong 213:18
368:11	280:7,14	profile 133:19	prolonged 51:7
	283:14,17	141:19	142:4 340:18
production 17:19	284:21 285:2,17		prolonging 97:10
18:1,3 24:4,5	287:14 292:8	profitability 44:9	100:18 168:22
26:5 28:2 29:16	294:6 298:1,4,16	profiteering	
30:5 31:16 33:14	304:13 306:5	296:12	promising 136:7
44:14 47:14	308:6 309:1		promote 334:7

	1 46		
promptly 36:12	80:13	149:20 155:8	334:11
prompts 163:18	protocols 100:15	253:5 283:6	public 2:9 13:14
	164:7,11,12	319:3 334:21	16:6 18:17,18
prone 227:21	334:21	338:15 366:5	21:4 26:15 27:6
properly 69:5	335:14,15 337:2	providers 30:8	39:13 40:5
112:17 228:15	i '	35:18,21 36:16	128:12 149:9,19
prophylaxis	proud 145:1	63:18 148:19	153:22 156:11
1	proven 98:8 122:4	171:5 210:2,8	191:5 210:5
145:13,19	186:3 255:11	211:6 217:8	220:4 259:20
propofol 26:22	mmovido 16.5 10.22	220:14 221:9	277:20,21
118:10	provide 16:5 19:22		,
140:16,18	21:3 22:4,7 27:8	248:18 249:8	291:15 322:15
141:16,19	39:3,12,15 40:1	255:3 256:8	325:1 326:12
146:10	41:3,5,8	261:14 262:21	340:14 354:16
159:20,22	57:20,21 60:5	270:4 278:10	363:17 364:3
181:20 182:22	63:15 77:22 79:4	283:10 291:3	publication 71:8
223:9 233:21	97:19 103:6	296:21 324:20	publications 71:7
304:20	105:11 120:18	335:20	-
348:4,10,15	128:12 129:9	346:11,13,15	publicly 185:11
proposals 180:14	139:16 141:18	366:3	233:19 298:8
	144:8 150:12	provides 22:8	350:17
206:2,18 207:9	171:18 172:3	141:20 185:6	publicly-posted
proposed 208:9	175:12 177:10	283:4 349:6	219:14
209:8 210:21	186:7 187:22	providing 34:20	muhlia muivada
212:4 213:19	188:20 190:17	39:7 56:10	public-private 178:8
214:22 279:19	203:15 211:5	60:11,17 74:17	
284:16 288:6	261:5 263:1	95:22 140:3	public's 292:7
361:17	264:16 267:9	185:21 202:19	publish 173:2
proposing 217:11	273:3 289:18	221:21 228:19	•
362:18	295:10 304:13	249:5 257:2	published 47:19
	311:18 323:14	285:1 309:1	154:22
propoven 233:20	334:2 341:7	326:14 345:20	Puerto 247:17,20
proprietary	342:15 346:3,4,9		pull 121:12 131:12
254:12 288:20	353:9 363:6	provision 334:8	159:19 233:4
protect 148:12	367:18	provisions 146:19	303:11,12 320:8
158:2	provided 25:20	149:12 269:16	ŕ
	63:21 114:20	provoking 198:3	pump 88:20 92:5
protected 339:3	122:2 171:13		pumps 196:22
protecting 261:2	176:2,7,11	Pseudomonas	purchase 47:2
protein 5:7 32:10	217:14 220:22	110:5	69:6 71:2 114:12
184:4	221:8 356:1	psychologists 85:6	147:13 155:16
	368:16	psychosis 344:6	220:15,22 222:6
proteins 20:11	provider 3:12	1 1	264:6 267:1
protocol 79:22	34:21 107:2	psychosocial	285:10 322:4
	JT.41 10/.4		=======================================

	1 ag		
purchased 69:7		310:22	80:4,5,6 81:5
142:20	Q	anastion 4:22.5:2	107:5,13 129:19
	Quakertown	question 4:22 5:2	189:1,18 208:6
purchasers 51:15	101:22	8:12 66:22 67:7	217:13,15
154:10 273:16		71:22	225:22 256:1,16
300:2 329:12	qualified 302:3	73:12,18,19,20	265:19 310:12
351:2,13	318:15,17	77:21 97:8 98:10	313:18 337:22
purchases 260:10	qualify 269:20	100:22 107:21	356:16 360:22
266:6	270:5 308:4,5	166:19	361:16 367:1
purchasing 7:12	qualifying 311:8	180:9,18,21	
70:13 71:15	367:12	189:21 194:10	quick 141:20
117:9 128:21		217:20 219:8	159:21 262:16
	quality 6:8,15 7:6	231:7 232:6,7	306:9 309:3
136:20 154:13	13:19 19:5	233:2 236:1	322:17 345:3
175:8 246:15	23:9,15 25:4	237:10,22 238:1	quicker 130:6
256:13 266:3	27:18 32:7,8	239:13 241:2,6	215:6 345:3
267:21 268:19	34:3,9 36:11	243:19 244:18	anialdy 12.12
269:9 272:8,16	45:8 47:22	246:11 254:16	quickly 12:13
283:9 336:9	76:11,21 92:3	268:17 271:20	29:17 43:21 89:2
purpose 22:8	95:22	281:21 284:9	148:21 149:4
53:4,19 120:4	120:8,15,22	303:21 312:2,3	177:4,6,7 213:5
327:1 353:7	190:17	313:16	215:11 218:12
purposes 123:16	199:17,21	314:8,12,14	220:3 228:9
154:14 206:16	205:14 215:4	315:18 316:17	238:15,22 239:3
	216:3 241:1	320:17 323:1,12	294:15,18
Pursley 4:13	242:11 243:4	325:21 338:12	302:18 308:4,19
143:12,13,18,20	246:1,6 253:18	339:8,15	320:19
150:6 178:17,18	258:12 274:16	350:5,16 352:2,6	347:13,19
Pursley's 170:19	280:19 290:6	354:18 355:13	quite 13:2 42:21
pursuant 228:20	294:15 309:19	356:20	44:16,18,21 50:3
	334:8 337:5	360:20,21	56:10 59:7 66:8
pursuing 361:9	349:19	361:8,15 362:14	68:18 75:17
push 83:18 273:1	362:1,4,7,17,22	Question/	182:20 185:1
284:20	366:20	Answers	188:9 220:1
puts 64:8 115:7	quantify 53:4	6	231:5 252:8
117:4 242:18	64:14	6 2:22	257:19 276:12
340:22	quantity 21:21	questionable	287:12 310:8
	154:16 257:19	195:21 224:21	314:15 321:5,8
putting 16:9 66:9			343:19 344:8,11
72:14 232:5 271:7 323:22	quantity-limited	questions 6:13	361:4
	149:13	7:3,15	quota 309:9,20
326:1 350:4 360:7	quarter 42:5	10:7,11,14,16	quotas 44:10
	230:15 265:13	11:2 66:18,20	213:8,14,15,17
puzzle 16:18	quarterbacked	67:22 71:19,21	214:2,5 266:22
	quai tei vaekeu		217.2,5 200.22

	1 46		
307:6 308:15,19	rampant 296:20	286:21 287:1	reallocation
309:4,12 345:1	ramping 42:3	reach 27:6 84:20	209:13
quotes 66:7	ran 172:17	216:21 243:15	really 12:18 16:8 17:21 19:15
	range 34:7 132:5	reached 255:21	
R	335:17	298:18	20:22 21:1,6,19
R.N 3:11		reaches 131:8	22:1,2,7 23:19
R.Ph 3:15,18	rapid 19:18		25:1 28:19,22
7:4,16 8:8	158:3,9 166:12	reaching 106:13	29:20,21 34:6
	rapidly 208:15	137:5 242:16	36:13 39:16
radiation 96:11	214:5 238:4	react 22:5 37:19	40:1,19 42:3
radical 179:3	248:15	304:8	43:7,15,16
182:6	vanid vasnansa	magating 226:17	45:6,12 46:4
madiaally 170:22	rapid-response 53:18	reacting 326:17	48:8 49:5,19
radically 179:22		reaction 60:1	51:9 62:16 63:14
radiology 139:18	rare 26:12 327:21	96:17 155:18	68:9 69:16 70:8
RADM 2:9 5:22	rarely 63:2 90:8	reactive 289:15	76:3,8 92:6 95:13 107:20
raise 16:21 17:1,10	rate 45:15 77:2	readily 128:10	108:20 114:7
66:20 72:15	120:21 122:8	ready 78:5 275:17	128:6 129:18
89:20 130:2	189:3 197:2	314:18 337:3	134:11 136:11
217:16 249:6	338:14,15		137:5,15 151:20
265:18 317:21	rates 30:5 165:13	real 15:17 24:14	152:1 159:21
354:17	249:2,6	39:11 51:8 80:11	162:4,12,13,16
raised 18:7 270:11	ŕ	81:5,8 133:10	163:14 164:6
276:11 354:22	rather 49:6 119:14	136:2,22 186:4	165:9 166:11
366:9	153:12 166:11	191:13 199:4	167:2 169:5
	264:21 284:10	216:20 230:15	170:10 171:1,21
raises 129:18	329:7 330:15	250:18 258:6	174:13,14,18
232:13	ratio 25:11 112:8	288:7 318:21	182:18 183:15
raising 241:2	190:11	346:22	190:6 198:1
Ralph 7:17 8:11	ration 168:21	realistically 349:9	199:2 200:16
276:13,14,17	346:14	reality 95:13 128:9	201:3,4,16
279:7 291:13	rational 194:2	179:12 231:4	203:13 204:2,11
292:22 297:1		282:4	216:10 217:11
299:6,15,20	rationing 100:20	realization 234:20	221:6
312:1 326:19	335:10		224:2,13,21
Ralph's 320:16	ratios 353:9	realize 43:3 280:1	225:3,16,22
ramp 18:1,2 26:4	raw 23:11 35:7	realized 106:15	226:7 232:1,7 236:20
28:1 44:14 47:14	36:9 43:13 47:16	311:15 338:18	230:20
201:8,9,13 214:7	124:10	355:21 356:7	240:19 242:15
223:5 267:3	239:16,19,20,21	realizing 251:10	240.19 242.13
354:11	240:3 258:14	reallocate 209:9	247:22 250:4,17
33 1.11	267:8 282:7	reamocate 207.7	271.22 230. 7 ,17

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
253:13 255:10	145:6	347:9 348:4	recommended
257:7	rebuilding	receptive 232:22	58:8 149:18
258:1,12,21	360:2,17	*	292:15 333:7
259:3 261:18	, ´	recognize 33:9	recommending
269:4 272:2	recalculate 92:20	37:20 200:12	237:4
274:11,15 275:9	recalculations	204:3,22 206:21	
319:6 325:5	309:14	217:17 219:13	recommends
327:9 329:7	recall 35:12	229:3 231:7	123:20 147:16
355:12	46:4,12 137:19	236:17 241:1	reconciliation
356:2,4,5,9	153:19 360:3	354:2,3	117:22
358:18 368:18		recognized 217:16	record 70:2 71:11
realm 44:18	recalls 45:21,22	232:2	74:20 77:12,13
	46:6,13 106:6	recognizes 210:14	180:8 202:13,14
real-time 148:18	329:6	J	208:22 258:3
Rear 16:4 132:18	recap 363:6	recognizing 363:8	275:15,16
reared 359:15	receive 39:1,18,19	recollection	315:13 322:20
	47:6 49:6 58:8	257:20	345:5 370:6
reason 31:17	63:2,3 68:21	recombinant	
40:15	83:6 100:21	184:6	record-breaking
43:1,2,4,5,8 46:3	102:19 103:9		42:6
48:1 63:9 76:14	125:11 152:6	recommend	recorded 67:2
88:13 91:2 98:9	185:19 188:15	149:10 155:21	recording 370:4
104:20 151:16	193:1 231:14	209:9,13 246:13	
154:5 199:1	356:3	270:22 273:16	recover 85:11
216:7 231:10		recommendation	160:4
244:14 257:6	received 54:4 58:6	174:15 185:5	recovered 347:15
284:6 312:22	83:5 140:8	205:3 225:15	recovery 141:7
327:1 331:20	189:13 320:1	253:3 273:13	142:5,21
368:18	349:10	recommendations	302:15,17
reasonable 73:4	receives 272:13	6:2,7,12 7:2,14	348:19 358:20
260:12	receiving 38:4	10:17 123:20	368:1
reasonably 243:8	95:15 103:5	134:9,16 138:20	
-	338:21	143:9 145:18	rectal 95:8,21 96:4
reasons 13:3,17		150:1 151:2	recurrences 333:4
20:6 23:7,16	recent 2:16 34:3	155:10 176:1,2	recurrent 166:8
37:13 41:15	53:6 116:14	184:17 207:13	
42:21	145:7 297:6	211:20 226:20	red 313:8
43:6,12,16,17	310:2	227:16 232:9	redistributing
50:16 97:18	recently 71:6	252:13,21	175:17
128:5 167:1	72:21 90:21	268:2,21	reduce 99:4
249:19 282:5	122:18 145:20	275:3,22 292:18	123:22 159:10
365:16	188:21 268:13	334:3 342:6	190:4 232:20
reauthorization	293:19 295:8	364:20	246:16 284:19
	325:9 332:15	JUT.2U	240.10 284.19

287:19 330:20	186:2 228:6	regulated 20:13	relabeled 145:3
reduced 154:15	252:17 290:19	212:20 255:9	related 21:11 26:7
370:5	296:6 329:22	298:20	45:11 139:11
reduces 63:5 134:8	334:3 366:10	regulates 32:3	199:17 201:1
	regardless 99:12	regulating 115:4	225:13,16
redundancies 36:8	120:13 148:1		226:11
124:6 212:9	regards 20:4 21:19	regulation 163:17	239:20,21
289:20 290:2	22:9 35:15 73:9	228:17	240:1,3 302:4
304:14 311:10	235:8 362:7	regulations 155:15	337:21 358:18
336:6	366:13,18	163:19 213:8	370:7
redundancy 24:8	, in the second of the second	229:6 253:17	relates 189:8
304:8,15 305:3	regimen 48:16,17	280:20 283:19	
311:7 326:6	96:6,12 111:14,18	regulators 185:21	relations 296:16
353:19 354:10	123:10 124:18	293:16 298:6	relationship 66:4
358:7 367:11	133:18,20	307:6,12	233:15,17,18
368:2	145:19 181:22	,	253:8 352:13,16
redundant 309:5	189:16,17	regulatory 3:4 6:9 7:6 12:8 26:20	relationships
Reed 6:10	ĺ	27:16 28:12	63:17 66:2
205:9,17 206:5	regimens 48:13	51:13 79:5 170:7	117:11
211:10,11	110:18 121:10	205:15 207:5	relative 370:10
212:16 213:4	122:7,10,17	208:15 212:12	
	123:2,14 124:17 133:8 219:1	213:7 217:12	relatively 102:10
reenter 215:9		230:5,21 233:13	156:21 157:2
reexamine 289:3	340:16 364:14	240:7 242:12	159:2 181:15
290:19	region 53:16 222:2	244:1 282:7	286:13 351:1
reference 22:8	regional 87:19	287:4 298:22	relaxant 237:16
25:14,20 26:1	93:9 175:1 222:1	300:1,10 307:2	347:4,18,21,22
38:2 205:7	regions 54:7	314:7 351:19	release 31:1 36:1
224:22		reheard 193:13	145:18 316:11
referenced 41:9	Register 71:7,8		317:4 344:15
	registration 10:9	reimbursement	359:4,10
refill 152:5	11:5,20 229:4	79:16 124:14	released 31:9 64:4
refined 287:22	registries 133:12	182:3 186:12	281:14 317:9
reflect 207:15		248:16 249:2,6	
reflects 162:1	registry 135:10	reinvent 41:11	releasing 317:5
	regret 292:7	reinvigoration	relevance 198:9
reform 278:9	regrettable 282:4	247:15	relevant 63:14
regard 52:17,19	regular 17:1 91:19	reiterate 241:13	79:12 123:21
208:7 248:11,14	100:10 111:18	296:5	342:7
regarding 58:13	127:14 137:11		reliability 358:15
86:5 150:12	163:4 184:10	reiterating 235:6 293:2	·
168:16 184:18	293:11 355:21	493.4	reliant 198:13,14
100.10 101.10			

		e 70	
religious 278:11	repeat 273:19	335:7	339:9 348:11
rely 106:3 146:3	305:15	represent 24:14	359:5
202:2	repetitious 228:5	136:4 149:9	requirement 21:13
remain 14:4	replacement 106:8	180:16 188:8	229:6
126:16 215:9	•	192:4 204:11	requirements
250:11 286:14	Replagal 193:18	207:10,13 230:7	135:7
remainder 215:18	report 39:19 40:5	278:10 333:22	210:14,16,17
remained 263:18	43:9,11 55:11 57:1	representative	214:18 252:21
	58:1,5,6,7,14,16,	53:15 54:6	283:19,20 300:1
remaining 211:21	17 63:1 97:15	169:21 170:16	321:9 360:13
267:12	108:15 127:22	representatives	361:3
remarks 5:21 12:9	154:22 210:7	76:4 101:4	requires 59:12
132:8,9 277:16	211:1 221:9	131:11 216:15	61:15 187:3
304:18	233:6 245:13,15	342:5	213:13 215:14
Remarks	288:13 313:17	representing 52:5	292:12
363	367:21	120:1 131:22	requiring 48:10
9:13	reported 41:19	144:4 156:18	71:9 203:15
remediate 302:11	54:11,16 55:7,9	205:19 239:11	267:8,9 348:1
	56:16,17,19 58:9	268:19 279:6	rescue 141:1
remediated 357:10	65:9 67:8,11,17	340:6 343:9	142:14
remedy 155:11	110:4 112:11	represents 42:9	research 1:5
remember 60:16	113:10 116:16	49:12 82:4	2:3,6,10 4:20 5:9
85:4 90:22 111:9	121:17 127:13	207:18 263:3	20:14 41:7 55:21
281:4 285:18	141:4,10 184:22	request 54:1	75:17 87:21 98:4
320:3	185:2,9,10	143:14 152:3,4	111:16 120:11
remembers 85:3	251:15 284:18	213:17 294:19	125:18 136:7
remind 206:4	358:17	316:19 338:3	144:20 150:9
314:8	REPORTER	367:20	153:19
	370:1	require 21:17	161:9,13,17
reminded 181:17	reporting 28:4	61:13 91:17	163:17 165:19
198:6	37:7 41:2 66:3	93:20 105:2	181:10 187:16
remiss 176:21	108:15 146:9	124:7 185:22	188:8,9 189:9,22
208:4	186:18,22 199:3	207:11 211:1	213:21 278:22
remission 88:11	210:7 252:21	213:20 283:14	369:4
	288:16 294:1,2	288:8	researched
remote 56:10	315:3,4 335:19	required 39:14	67:9,12
removed 30:14	365:5	53:5 61:4 114:17	researcher 56:2
271:3	reports 57:6 62:8	116:13 210:4	researchers 47:20
renew 145:4	109:12 126:12	286:1 294:8	
repackage 330:18	191:6 231:14	310:21 332:18	researching 97:12
	302:2 318:1	336:1 338:19	Research's 15:2

	1 46	-	
resection 181:19	208:14	112:22 196:18	retained 317:9
resell 285:10	209:5,9,11,13	216:13 319:19	return 100:12
reseller 318:22	219:10 229:11	responsive 234:10	355:19
	241:10,16,17 242:14,18	rest 94:14 97:11	returned 355:15
reservation 277:10	242.14,18	211:21 245:5	returning 85:5
reserve 219:3	329:9 331:4	254:8 293:4	S
Residency 5:16	respect 197:5	300:12	revealing 339:12
resident 159:17	229:15 297:2,20	restore 149:5	revenues 214:22
resiliency 46:20	308:13 312:9	239:4	reversed 162:22
resistance	352:22	restrict 61:11 64:2	reversible 278:17
341:6,11	respective 269:13	restructure 183:1	review 14:12
resistant 49:1	respirator 278:19	restructuring	26:10 27:20 28:9
resituate 158:3	respond 28:6	179:3 182:7	29:13 30:19,20
	213:5 228:9	rests 335:19	32:2 76:12 289:15 311:2,13
resolute 282:18	239:3 287:13	result 54:21 55:3	
resolution 20:20	299:16 356:21	58:10 61:16	reviewed 52:12
209:7 365:19	357:17	65:10 66:5	reviews 289:9
resolve 78:20 98:2	respondents 53:14	110:2,9 141:1	310:20
124:21 129:5 206:3 211:15	54:5 62:9,14	142:3 185:16	revised 213:17
214:8 238:14	65:9	206:7 210:15,21 220:6 245:17	RFIs 51:17
275:3 337:11	responding 32:17	249:9 251:15	RFP 318:11,13
resolved 78:21	33:3 54:16	283:15 286:8	rheumatologists
79:16 105:9	response 33:1	303:15 323:11	146:9
188:22 220:14	115:12 122:3 128:2 184:8	348:13 351:3,5	Rick 156:17
227:14,16,18	194:10,12 214:2	resulted 116:3	345:18
315:1 323:16	218:1 228:7	141:6 163:1	Rico 247:17,20
324:5 337:15	312:3 345:3	186:12 264:2	ŕ
resort 55:1	355:16	307:21	Rifkin 5:3 107:8 181:1,3,5,9
resource 187:5	responses 32:21	resulting 65:21	183:20
194:16 195:16	54:4 140:8 173:1	113:13 123:6	Rifkin's 190:5
196:5 216:14	responsibilities	341:8	
226:22 231:11	279:21	results 2:16 35:1	rights 278:3,5
260:12	responsibility 19:3	52:11 55:4 57:13	339:3
resources 53:5,9	40:8 292:20	109:4 152:1 186:13 264:4	rigorous 280:16
57:2 62:2,14 63:6 64:17,21	303:7 312:11,14	265:6 308:19	Rim 247:5
65:15,22	313:20 326:11	324:11	rise 345:2
121:11,13 149:1	335:18	retail 351:6,7,11	risk 25:3,9,10
151:1 196:2	responsible 76:5		27:17 28:15 34:2

	1 ag		
47:22 88:5	100:14 101:8,10	RPh 6:15	161:8,10 162:17
89:5,8 92:9,11	107:22 131:3	rude 85:2,16	170:9 184:17
117:5,8 134:6	139:16 141:7	, and the second	215:5 237:18
144:13 189:2	142:5 157:11	Rufkin 180:22	253:17 258:5
222:14 228:4	159:8,9,17 160:3	rules 314:5	261:19
238:16 266:20	182:14	rumors 186:6	263:6,21,22
290:17 346:18	183:3,15,18,21		265:18 280:18
risk/bad 134:6	205:19 211:22	run 90:4 107:6	346:13 349:18
risk/benefit 24:21	212:22 249:21	117:12 118:7	353:13 362:8
	255:13 279:5	187:2 232:2 304:11 317:17	salad 94:7
risking 283:17	299:3 301:11	329:13	sales 8:5 213:17
risks 33:22 132:14	302:11 348:19		265:3 299:9
239:2	350:16	running 108:8	
road 138:6 358:9	rooms 11:19,20	182:11,12	saline 60:12 91:21
	49:18,19 348:12	224:12 238:20	92:14
Robert 5:3 107:8	Rooney 203:13	rural 56:9 157:1	salt 49:4
181:5	root 31:14 33:5,6	331:3	San 94:21 100:12
robust 224:5	73:22 74:10	Russell 5:11 107:8	Sandra 2:9 5:22
Rocky 5:4	101:8 130:5	190:18,22	8:17 16:4 197:20
rocuronium 153:5	178:5 199:7	, ,	333:19
	296:6 297:8,21	S	
role 2:11 13:6	301:9 336:20	S296 135:3	Sandy 16:6 19:21
14:1,15,19,20	356:13		75:14
20:7,8 32:20	Ros 221:11	sadness 86:3	sank 86:3
33:2 36:7		safe 3:16 6:20	Sara 8:19 331:13
37:3,15 45:21	rose 210:22	107:18 108:12	333:17
120:10 180:9 208:5 260:4	Roslyn 222:11	115:10,14	337:12,16
298:11 310:13	Roslyne 2:17	118:15 120:15	Sarah 93:18
314:2 322:12	51:22 52:2 66:14	149:5 206:15	101:21
344:19 365:7		221:1 228:2	
	roughly 258:10	286:4 295:21	satisfaction 142:12
Rome 206:21	round 83:1,3	346:19	348:18 349:20
Ron 237:8 267:20	85:20	safeguards 148:12	satisfactory
268:16,18	rounding 299:12	185:14	353:12
273:12		safely 114:22	saturations 347:13
Ronald 86:6	route 112:21	142:9	
room 1:13 11:17	routed 152:5	safer 252:13	save 100:5 129:22 256:2
13:10 14:14 15:5	routine 44:12 96:8		
16:20 17:2 18:8	200:4 270:15	safety 4:20 69:3	saved 157:13
19:10 60:6	routinely 224:4	99:18 115:4	281:16
76:4,5 81:11	235:2,10	117:20 120:8,21	saving 125:17
84:21 86:1	233.2,10	121:6 129:18	saw 23:16 42:2
01.21 00.1		144:18 148:4	54W 2J.10 42.2

71:7 85:22 93:17	209:18 210:6	144:2 213:12	sees 16:22 18:8
113:1 181:17,22	263:7	sector 78:15	segment
258:3,8,10	scores 114:3	266:12 300:14	297:2,7,13
scale 263:1	Scott 8:6,13	secure 61:16 255:1	segue 327:20
scan 96:9 158:3	299:10 303:18	security 106:16	seizure 49:20
scarce 92:21	304:2,5 316:20 325:18	sedation 139:17	160:8
scared 86:22	328:12,17,18	141:18 159:14	seizures 46:11
scariest 86:20	scrambling 220:6	265:16	105:14 160:11
scary 86:20 92:15	scratching 294:22	seeing 23:2 30:22	select 27:11 310:1
scenarios 33:22	Ü	60:19 132:15 133:13 175:10	selected 257:6,7
scenes 220:7	screaming 17:20	355:16 367:6	selenium 93:3,4
schedule 100:10	seal 158:12	seek 162:12	sell 265:1,4 272:1
186:12 213:15	seat 328:9	168:18 274:18	315:10,11,13
214:6 308:14	seatbelt 88:1	seeking 15:19	316:18 320:6,14
309:10 310:1	seated 202:22	124:19	321:16
344:17	seats 77:15,17	seem 222:9 228:21	seller 266:9
scheduling 133:2	275:18	seemed 84:8 137:4	selling 270:2 285:2 315:16 318:19
schizophrenia	Seattle 5:8 187:15	seemingly 59:6	313.10 318.19
343:11	189:6	seems 23:18 71:4	sells 265:10
Schmuff 76:16,18 242:20,21	second 13:12 53:6 85:10 154:20	169:13 179:7,18	seminal 251:17
school 86:17	158:1 175:22	222:13 312:11	
247:18	189:4,21 193:8	364:10	Senate 203:7,8,9
Schulman 2:17	210:1 211:4	seen 20:1,4,6	Senator 98:1 203:9,10
51:22 52:8	227:3 248:19 277:22 289:12	22:18,19,22 28:4 34:8,13 37:10	Senators 97:20
220:10 241:5	296:9,22 331:19	43:22 48:8,19	
248:9 250:14	338:18 339:8	57:15 66:12	send 30:17 152:13
science 105:20	344:14	71:14 72:16,21	sending 70:19
134:8	secondary 33:1	118:8,10 144:9 186:7 208:21	senior 8:4 191:1
scientific 5:10	70:15 220:16,18	227:8 253:11	299:3
30:13,18 45:10 139:6 187:17	221:17 240:17 251:4 261:17	264:21 265:15	sense 12:21 44:6 169:18 310:6
scientists 106:7	286:20 296:16	297:6 302:20	
340:8	315:11,12 316:9	306:13 307:19 308:16 310:18	sensitive 110:6,7 151:22
scope 139:12	Secondly 248:22	311:3 324:11	sent 53:10,17 54:1
168:16,20	seconds 143:14	326:7 341:19	67:13 193:15
184:11 206:17	section 22:13	342:8 358:3	sentence 349:8
	Section 22.13		Sentence 349.6

	ı ag		
sentiments 170:19	262:19 330:16	severe 40:22 46:2	186:12
separate 91:17	346:5,6,10	140:22 141:2	shifts 345:8
281:1 305:2	session 11:3 95:3	154:16 257:18 343:22	ship 192:20 319:13
separately 53:1	202:17 215:22		Shipley 107:8
separating 186:10	275:22 276:8 322:14 327:21	severed 88:1	190:18,20,22
September 1:16	328:10,12	severely 49:18	Shipley
38:7 41:22 49:13	354:22 368:16	shaking 160:17	190 5:11
109:11	sessions 255:20	shameful 178:4	shocking 349:1
series 10:5 49:7	setting 21:15,17	shards 29:4 30:14	shooting 222:14
200:22 245:19	26:14 27:5	31:3,4,14	shores 132:16
serious 12:20	33:13,16 119:6	share 29:8,13	short 48:21 61:5
25:16 29:9 49:8	120:14	40:17 47:15	
80:16 89:5 97:4	136:16,19	80:3,6 87:15	63:5 88:7,13
109:13 112:21	141:21 218:22	101:15 102:1	97:10 98:5
120:17 129:18	355:7 361:12	127:12 134:11	104:17 120:20
217:7 278:16	362:20 364:21	154:11 171:5	121:17,19
290:14 293:13	366:6 367:18	173:18 240:8	122:18
331:2 335:7		267:17 277:15	123:11,12
343:10	settings 4:14 26:6	292:19 331:9	124:3,16 126:13
343.10	48:13 150:7		129:2,14 140:21
seriously 198:16	344:7	345:21 351:11	142:15,20 148:8
294:3	settlement 287:7	368:17	158:9 159:20
seriousness 34:8		shared 62:19	162:14 165:15
130:4 211:7	seven 24:1 44:1	173:17 330:16	168:20 169:11
130.4 211.7	71:14 107:10		
Serratia 116:4	113:6 151:18	shares 292:6	188:16 189:11 190:11 197:13
serve 24:2 79:11	200:17,18 306:7	sharing 14:8 87:12	
82:1 194:17	318:16 352:2	94:17 106:22	223:2,7,9 261:9
	several 10:20	154:7 240:7	263:15,19 282:6
230:22 293:6		270:16 279:9	284:1,13
served 278:2 339:7	12:2,4 20:2 22:20 35:9 84:17	365:3	286:10,13 290:3
servers 134:19	90:20 105:5	shavings 200:2	292:9 295:1
service 2:14 38:12	116:2,16 122:7	245:12	332:9 347:3
	128:14 157:8,10		348:3,6,10
39:1,7,22 40:8	166:6 174:14	Sheet 45:4	349:11
43:1 79:17		shelf 47:1 153:12	short-acting 347:3
133:13 152:11	186:7 265:19	194:21	S
186:13 221:21	271:12 278:6		shortage 1:7 2:3,8
231:16	284:16 338:1	she'll 38:13 79:7	12:1,15,20
services 2:21 4:16	346:10,22 350:8	she's 52:5 98:2	13:7,11 14:16,20
7:8 52:10 74:22	355:10 357:15	348:22	15:4,9 16:8,19
199:10 244:4	358:20 359:19		17:3 19:22
	360:16	shift 157:5 160:17	20:3,16 21:3
248:12 249:3			,

	1 46	-	
22:1,15 24:18,19	186:4,6,10,19	317:5,15	54:12,14,17,18,2
25:1,9,21	188:22 189:2	325:7,12	1
26:6,11 28:11,19	192:6 194:3	326:8,11	55:3,6,10,11,14,
29:1,3,10	197:16 198:10	331:5,22 332:3	18,20
30:2,4,7,22	200:8,10 201:4	334:4,14 339:10	56:4,7,8,11,14,1
31:10,19,22	205:21 208:19	341:4,17 343:19	8,21,22
32:18,22	210:9 211:14	344:11 345:22	57:3,10,14,15,19
33:5,6,13,14,16	212:6 213:5,19	346:13 361:10	58:1,10,13,15,16
36:18 37:3	214:7 215:12	364:21	,18,22 61:17
38:2,3 39:2,17	216:17 217:1,2	365:10,19 366:6	62:4,5 63:3
40:4,5,10,12,13,	218:8 219:9	367:19 369:4	64:15 65:14,21
15 43:2 46:1,3	220:13 223:17	showtogo moletod	67:8 72:5,19
47:2 51:1 56:17	226:11,15	shortage-related 187:6	73:2 74:1,16
57:6,16	227:2,11 228:8		75:18 76:9 79:21
59:3,10,18	229:18 230:8	shortages	81:14 86:6 97:14
62:12,20	231:10,11,13	2:7,9,11,13,16	98:9 101:9
63:4,12,20	232:4,17	3:2,12,14 6:2,7	106:6,18 107:16
67:11,15,17	233:2,22 234:8	10:4,18	111:10 116:19
70:12,13 74:9	237:11,17	13:3,12,21	119:12
76:13,17,19,22	238:3,13,15	14:7,10 15:12,20	120:16,20,21
77:1,7 78:2	239:4,19	16:6,10,14	121:7,12,14,16,2
80:8,12	241:9,18,20	18:14,16 19:1	0 122:6,19
82:13,16,20 83:4	242:9,13 243:5	20:5,6,9,17,20	123:13,19
92:15 98:19	245:4,10 248:18	21:11	124:1,21 126:1
99:11 102:2	249:7,9,17 251:1	22:19,21,22	128:18,20
104:3,7,22 105:9	252:14,20	23:5,7,16 25:8	129:3,5,6
106:13 108:4	254:16 259:5,16	26:3,8	135:9,17 139:13
114:13 115:13	260:22 265:1,4	27:9,14,15	140:7 141:6
116:7,9 124:18	266:11,16 267:6	28:5,7 31:17	142:10,17
128:5 130:7	270:18	33:3,10 35:17	143:18
134:13 136:21	271:14,19	36:10,13,20	144:8,10,11
137:7	274:8,9 277:5,8	37:2,7,10,11,13,	145:9,21
140:10,12,14	279:16 281:2	17 38:4,6,14,19	146:7,9,11,12,14
143:8	282:11	39:6,9,11,12,19	,19 148:16 149:1
145:11,14,16	283:3,12,14	41:4,12,16,18	150:4,13,21
146:20 147:12	284:5 285:20	42:1,9,11,13,14,	151:2 154:22
148:11 149:3	288:14,18	21 43:16 44:21	161:17,20
152:19 154:4,16	290:20 291:8	45:1,15,22	162:2,4,7,13,15
159:2 162:19	292:14 293:1,22	48:7,8,10,19	163:5 164:2,4
163:17	294:4,11 297:9	49:10	165:1,4,8,9,18
164:5,10,15	298:9 299:20	50:4,8,10,11,12	168:17,18 176:3
166:18 175:20	302:3,22 305:6	51:4,17	188:2,13 190:3
182:9 183:8	308:3 311:1	52:1,13,21	191:7,9,12,17
184:8,12	314:10 316:3	53:6,7,9,20,22	195:20 198:22
L		L	

	1 ag		
199:1,16,17	289:2,5,7,9	129:9 167:12,13	319:10 334:15
200:20,22	290:14,15,16,17	295:19 344:6	357:15
203:21 204:4,16	291:4	should've 98:17	significantly 63:5
205:4,12	292:7,10,19		310:4 345:10
206:10,18,19	293:8 294:1,9,14	showed 22:17	357:13
207:20	295:3,20 296:7	42:15 61:1	
208:1,16,19,22	298:11,12	66:2,5 74:4	signing 339:14
209:7,15,19	299:18,19	108:5 162:3	sign-on 39:14
210:1,2,5,6,19	300:4,9	242:7	silly 160:19
211:6,8,15,18	301:3,4,6,9	showing 55:6	silo 179:6
212:4,11 213:10	307:13,21,22	shown 14:11 30:13	
214:2,8,11	311:16 323:11	58:13 65:17	silos 179:4
215:4,13,17,20	324:13 327:14	175:7	silver 1:14 173:12
216:13 217:7,21	329:3,6,10,17,22	shows 43:15	similar 42:15 54:9
218:14	330:1,9,20 331:2	57:10,14 150:16	55:11 66:5
219:11,14 220:1	332:7 335:4,8,19	281:15	247:16 276:7
222:1 223:5,10	336:7,20,21		287:8 316:22
225:20 227:4	339:20	Shull 8:19 331:13	351:5 359:20,21
232:8,20 236:16	340:12,13,15	333:17	360:5,16
239:14,20,22	341:12,20	337:12,16	· ·
240:4,5,6,9	342:16 345:4	shut 104:6 200:6	similarly 53:17
241:10,16	346:12,19,21	shutting 283:21	183:22 287:6
242:19	349:17,19		simple 48:9 49:3
244:16,21	352:9,10,17	Sickle 132:6	59:6 71:22
246:16 249:11	353:10,22 356:9,13 358:17	161:15	112:16 158:14
250:22 251:5,11 253:9 254:2	363:16,17	sight 227:18	212:16,17
255.9 254.2	365:17	sign 10:8 11:4,7	294:21 355:1
257:13,17	366:19,21	209:4	356:5
258:3,9 259:19	367:6,22 368:6		simply 15:11 21:5
260:5	· ·	signature 339:2	43:4 50:12 51:4
263:5,20,21	Shortages	signed 107:6	63:7 69:11 74:14
264:1,3,5,14	12	354:15	78:13 104:19
266:4,20 267:18	2:5	significant 2:13	123:17 136:20
268:4,5,6,10	shorten 182:1	34:1,9 38:15	138:17 148:17
269:16 272:6	shortening 266:14	57:2,3,7 58:1	180:5 287:12
277:12,13		65:17 69:2 88:4	Sinai 192:5,15
279:12,17,18	shorter 287:9	141:9,15 142:12	· ·
282:8,13,15,19	shortfall 26:5	143:4 195:16	singing 90:5
283:2 284:12	33:15,20	199:18 207:22	single 16:11 81:11
285:5,7,12	shortly 57:4	209:1 283:13	82:3,6 124:8
286:3,11	183:11 280:4	285:4 287:3	173:20 182:3
287:11,14,19	short-term 46:20	297:4 306:2	201:1 259:8
288:13,16	SHULL-LELIH 40.20	310:1 316:6,10	
L			

	1 ag	-	
singled 284:11	219:4 222:4	162:1,6 164:3	278:11
single-dose	228:22 258:2	200:14,16	society 4:6,7,9,11
118:12,18	259:8,13 269:8	207:18 242:7	5:20
,	270:18 272:6	257:6,7 261:3	
single-source	292:12 297:8	262:9 274:20	6:6,9,16,18,19,2
135:13 332:17	317:10 339:10	275:2,8	0 9:3,10 52:6,22
sit 167.4 106.16 20	344:18 359:18	, and the second	71:21 79:1 89:21
sit 167:4 196:16,20		slides 11:12,13	97:15 110:21
320:14 321:1	360:4 364:15	37:10 45:7 132:8	125:8,11,14
site 11:15 22:15	situations 21:5	139:3 199:14	132:1,2,3,7
25:21 27:21	47:11 59:22 60:1	272:10	136:3 138:22
28:10 35:8 37:21	70:8 72:16 98:21	slightest 202:20	139:7 173:4
38:2 39:13,15	108:8 110:10	slightest 283:20	174:8 196:15,17
40:5,19,21	115:15 135:15	slightly 258:8	202:18 205:9,15
41:2,3 43:9,10	154:2 230:1	slowed 121:14	206:13,14 216:4
62:4,5 67:18	235:8 298:17		218:5 222:22
84:4 109:12	300:11	slowing 267:7	236:13 239:12
		slurry 348:13	277:2 333:22
125:13	six 21:17 22:12	, and the second	334:1 340:7
153:13,14,15,16	53:2 54:15 55:7	small 68:22 88:2	
164:13 166:10	71:14 80:4 103:3	90:18 127:1	352:7,19
173:3 182:8	133:8 157:7	154:3 157:1	sodium 91:17,18
185:11 216:18	188:2 201:12	159:2 227:5	92:5 93:5 113:17
224:18 226:19	203:19 211:2	230:8 239:21	soft 63:21
231:12,16 232:5	227:17 274:10	240:2 256:20	SOIL 03.21
264:15 293:18	327:5	319:14 331:3	software 113:22
sites 62:3,18		smaller 56:9	Solberg 4:7
153:17 155:2	sixth 96:13	112:20 126:18	131:19,20
162:11 175:18	size 10:9 54:19		, and the second
	55:15 230:18	175:6,11,18 195:2 226:21	sold 170:1 280:12
263:4 304:16			284:2
311:8	sizes 360:11	351:1	sole 102:15 147:7
sits 16:14	sketch 254:1	smallest 56:5	solely 239:21
sitting 118:10	skip 272:10	230:22	-
182:17 304:10	-	smart 196:22	240:3 303:6
	sky 224:11	350:15	sole-source 21:16
situation 13:1	sleep 84:9,15		solicitations 70:19
28:14,20 30:22	348:5	Smith 239:9	
33:21 60:17 64:5	-1	240:11	soliciting 70:19
78:2 91:13 97:13	sleeping 84:18	So-And-So 173:9	solid 360:6
98:14 99:3 108:3	85:1		
115:10	slide 11:12 13:8	social 79:17	solo 188:19
135:12,14	22:7,17 42:2,15	societal 100:2	solution 51:10
138:15,17	55:5,12 56:7	141:14 143:1	60:13 81:17 90:9
155:12 169:14	57:8 58:14 62:1	societies 14:18	146:19 160:18
175:9 184:15	73:21 92:18		167:17 172:20
	- 7-2	172:15 225:18	

173:6,15 178:10	307:13	250:19 253:22	161:7 168:13
204:4,21 212:17		271:15 300:20	170:17 232:11
213:19 214:4	solving 101:10	308:2 319:5	253:7 278:19
215:1,6 255:12	211:18 213:2	354:11 363:6	303:9 328:18
282:19 283:4	215:13 269:5	368:14	356:18
295:18,19	301:5 356:9		
314:12 328:1,3	somebody 90:22	sorts 242:2	speaker 38:10
333:13 356:8	168:13 169:20	sound 45:10 49:3	183:21 194:7
Solution-based	222:9 229:2,17	306:15	196:9 202:18
	355:20	sound-alike	257:14 291:16 328:11,14
6:13 7:3,15	somehow 245:14	117:21	328.11,14
solution-oriented	315:14 353:22		
127:20		sounded 67:8	speakers 68:3
solutions 6:2,12	someone 39:4	131:18	202:11 206:9
7:2,14 10:18	75:19 103:19	sounds 212:16	255:22 331:12
15:11 19:17 36:7	112:19 167:17	221:20	363:21
37:1	200:9 254:3,4 350:7 351:18	229:15,21	speaking 98:13
51:9,11,13,20		243:19	253:8 268:7
127:17 128:3	sometime 44:11	361:15,19	321:17 355:5
129:15 130:10	69:18 70:17	362:14	special 88:20
131:13 143:19	71:14 231:3	source 142:21	149:6 194:17
173:1,16,17	284:18	146:3,4 152:16	279:7 285:22
178:7,11 180:11	somewhat 92:6	287:11	
204:9 208:3,10	108:4 136:12	sourced 25:22	specialist 144:7
209:8 210:22	somewhere 71:17	361:4	173:5 196:13
211:15,18 212:5	195:7 351:3		Specialist/
215:19 217:12		sources 26:13,14	Director 5:16
244:6 268:17	sophisticated	35:9 68:13,17	specialists 102:13
276:1 279:12,19	156:22 157:2	77:4 142:18	-
283:1 284:16	349:6	168:10 249:12	specialized 88:6
285:19 286:4	SOPs 244:11	sourcing 97:6	283:15
288:7,8 290:16	sorry 119:17	99:22 249:12	specialties 218:19
298:6	131:16 156:5	South 356:20	specialty 4:14
299:17,18,19	170:11 171:8		119:5 139:8
300:13,16 304:7	221:12 225:11	space 256:12	150:7 181:11
306:22 307:1,8,9	322:15	297:17,19 358:6	319:17
310:14 323:6		360:12	
342:22	sort 28:17,20	span 120:10	specialty-specific
356:11,12	31:18 75:9	spasm 237:20	134:18
solvable 18:19	136:11,13	-	specific 21:11 46:8
	158:5,6 159:15	speak 11:3 20:10	48:13,14 129:5
solve 212:1 215:17	169:13,19 170:5	38:17 44:21 67:3	134:16 140:14
275:6,7 277:4	179:1 186:14	95:2 96:22 98:14	144:18 164:3
291:3 301:11	201:15 231:3	143:15 150:5	184:17 207:15
			101, 20,2

	0		
209:18 210:15 284:15 294:7 319:18 334:20 341:8 358:5 360:11 specifically 49:16 73:1 97:2 146:22 250:6 316:2 340:13	spheres 18:19 sphincter 181:6 sphincter- tightening 158:6 spike 357:12,20 358:2,17 spine 157:18	201:4 216:17 226:22 232:17,21 235:9,17 241:9,17 243:4 253:9 254:11,15 262:8 288:14 329:12 330:8 staffers 208:18,20	45:8 114:16 133:22 134:5 138:2 158:16 189:4 259:15 265:5 268:11 311:14,21 321:22 standardize 162:13
specification 35:1 207:12	spite 197:4 spoke 92:21 194:9 240:14	staffing 53:16 148:22	standardized 162:16 184:22
specifications 27:22 28:11 specifics 315:22	spoken 330:11 sponsored 1:9 203:9,11	stage 95:8 260:18 333:2 stages 302:17	225:21 251:13 standards 148:4 355:4
specified 118:17 spectrum 13:21 34:6 341:7,9	sponsoring 98:2 spot 18:5	357:16 stakeholder 6:7 172:22 211:17	standpoint 169:4 175:4 182:5 251:17 324:16
speculate 55:19 speculated 166:22 speculations	spread 89:2 95:8 96:10 spring 1:14 50:17 108:6 137:3,4	253:11 268:14 277:11 303:13 stakeholders 20:21 21:9 22:3 81:19	start 20:2 77:9,15,20 90:4 115:8 119:16 133:3 202:9,10,17
315:19 speed 262:17 289:6 spend 66:9 99:17	185:3 233:19 square 295:9 305:22	123:21 129:12 134:17 166:13 182:14 183:15 205:4,18	216:22 256:19 275:17 300:18 325:4 332:16 340:9
100:5 119:15 169:22 256:22 293:3 325:17 329:9 339:21	St 4:20 75:16 150:9 161:5,9 162:1,8 163:20 164:13 178:1 stability 153:12	206:1,21 207:2 208:13 211:22 212:19,21 215:15 246:14,18	started 12:3 42:3 96:11 108:6 109:8 115:21 121:19 137:2
spending 65:11 95:12 116:21 spends 97:6	264:19 stable 160:21 268:22	266:16 267:14 277:1 279:5 282:13 287:16 288:1,6	198:10,21 257:16 262:10 363:14,15 368:14
spent 38:18 64:20 65:2 97:11 198:16 278:18 312:7 329:16	269:8,14,19 299:22 367:7,8,9 staff 16:8,19 18:14,16 20:18	293:14,22 300:21 306:12 326:16 337:4 340:11 363:20	starting 71:9 114:10 230:6 308:9
Sperling 9:4 340:4 343:3,4,7 sphere 18:22	25:18 58:20 65:8 66:4 95:15 138:11 153:2 191:1 198:10,20	stand 106:10 131:10 337:3 standard 39:7	startling 56:15 starts 306:6 359:12

	1 46		
state 47:19 52:16	stay 78:13,18	96:16 125:9	strategic 147:18
67:3 69:19 70:1	105:20,22 142:5	154:1 155:20	strategies 2:8,11
82:13 157:1	160:9,10 250:11	169:20	35:20 59:2 61:18
191:19 218:3	stayed 86:7	stockpile 147:18	153:4,6 217:9
221:5,6 228:18	I	169:19,20	290:5
239:10 247:14	staying 119:9	354:10,11	
251:3 277:10	256:2	stockpiling	strategy 61:3 342:19
282:9 307:3	Stefanik 8:17	167:9,18 179:18	
313:14 314:1,5	331:13	,	straw 350:19
318:6,7 319:1	333:16,18,19	stocks 154:3 159:2	street 47:12
321:2,4,10	stem 62:16 130:6	stolen 117:7	67:7,13 117:2
322:21 351:4	step 23:17 28:18	stomach 84:1	324:9
352:16	30:16 65:10	158:1	strengthen 145:5
stated 99:6 305:16	80:13 129:13		251:3
329:15	148:3 204:11	stood 84:22	
statement 38:21	271:3 293:3	stop 74:20 156:3	strengthening
101:18 190:21	304:20	160:8 201:18	342:10
259:2 337:13,21	327:11,12	215:19 266:11	stress 358:9
statements 337:20	stepped 201:16	285:16 332:19	stretch 114:5
	**	368:13	stretched 329:3
states 48:1 97:9	stepping 187:9	stopped 160:9,10	
98:11 101:1	steps 128:15	367:16	strict 253:16
114:17,18 115:6	134:12 251:2	stopper 34:16	stricter 322:21
117:18 145:13	292:15		strictly 175:22
247:1,16 280:12	sterile 22:22	stopping 336:2	· ·
281:6,16 287:8 297:3 313:1	23:3,17 24:13,15	storage 147:13	strides 144:21
321:6 322:12	29:5 34:4 88:19	195:22	179:14
323:10 334:6	104:5 200:15	stored 69:4 71:4	strikes 301:11
346:10 351:7	228:6,19 249:18	117:8 118:3	strikingly 54:9
	295:9 357:1	336:13	strive 21:3,7
static 337:10	366:22	stories 107:20	, ,
statistical 272:15	sterility 34:10	206:7 301:1	strong 148:11
273:4	118:1 283:18		244:12 285:8
statistics 255:11		story 82:9,15	stronger 242:1
257:13 258:4	stewardship	87:15 101:16	strongly 286:16
status 2:7,13 10:4	196:18	107:1 109:5	
38:14 50:20	Stewart 5:8 107:8	157:3 160:7 348:20	struck 44:22 301:1
135:12 158:15	187:12,13,14		312:6
160:7,13 294:6	stick 86:2 266:2	straight 84:3	structure 183:2
367:1	328:15	112:18	299:16
statutes 321:7,8	stimulants 344:15	strained 66:1,3	structured 288:16
Statutes J21.1,0	stock 46:7 59:5	117:10	struggle 274:8
	310CN 70./ 33.3		2755-27 1.0

330:8	344:17	sudden 36:14	summarize 15:13
struggling 41:12	substantial 176:22	166:21 182:11	217:19
78:16 187:22	184:13 187:5	229:19	summary 5:21
188:19 246:22	188:10 189:7	suddenly 128:9	45:5 65:20 97:14
stuck 160:3	substantially	224:11	190:5,14 330:22
studied 144:15	99:13	suffer 88:4 105:14	summation 342:20
stuff 318:14	substantive	suffered 348:16	summertime 90:9
Subcommittee	210:11	suffering 125:17	Summit 6:7 97:14
56:1 204:15	substitute 17:8	132:22	137:7 143:8
subgroup 172:15	25:19 49:4 94:1 104:13,14,19	suffers 54:21	205:5 206:16 207:3,20 208:6
subject 115:1	131:1 237:14	sufficient 135:1	211:14 212:2
149:22 184:13	238:9	209:11 269:3	213:1 215:12
254:4 257:21	substituted 90:17	sufficiently 362:3	217:1 252:20
266:9 352:21	91:6,16 164:17	sugar 89:6	Summit's 211:20
submission 214:18	substitutes 264:7	suggest 286:3	sums 182:3
submit 214:15 258:7 286:20	substitution 138:7	suggested 178:8	superb 234:12
	163:4 188:5	226:12 299:17	superhero 234:15
submitted 112:7	substitutions	338:22	supervision 370:5
360:20	123:6	suggesting 250:5	supplemental
suboptimal 251:11	subwholesalers	252:9	34:21 287:6
subpopulations	316:8,9	suggestion 133:11	
194:6	success 75:20	235:12 355:4	supplements 26:10
subsequent 367:2	190:8 346:17	suggestions 132:11	supplied 213:7 339:10
subsequently	successful 290:5	202:4 229:14	
347:12	306:19	suing 192:4	supplier 26:9
subsiding 85:11	succinycholine	suitable 111:13	28:10 68:22 216:18 225:1
subspecialist	140:20	suite 357:1,8,9	238:20 267:3
173:19,21	succinylcholine	· · ·	284:7 286:22
subspecialists	152:20 153:8,11	suites 357:6	325:12
144:6 146:8	158:16,17,19	sulfamethoxazole	suppliers 27:7,21
substance 191:11	159:1 181:20	146:14	46:17 61:15
213:15 214:5	237:15 238:7	sulfamethoxazole/	168:6 267:5
313:4	347:2,3,14,16,17 ,20	trimethoprim	270:14,20
substances	ŕ	48:22	274:13 280:10
213:6,9,12 214:3	suck 84:6	sulfate 91:14,16	283:8 287:6
267:2 287:12	sucked 84:22	93:20 103:14 104:11,18 105:8	304:15 308:5 317:16
307:5 309:10	suction 84:5 86:1	104.11,18 103.8	
			supplies 35:14

36:9 60:22	239:4 252:5	270:7 278:22	141:12,21 153:3
102:20 124:10	253:18,20	292:12,13	265:16 348:9,14
129:9 151:12	256:6,11 257:9	296:19 298:14	,
153:7 154:18	260:13	342:9,21 361:6	surgical 98:21
167:9 169:1	261:2,9,22		144:7
192:17 197:13	263:15,19	supportive 204:21	surgically 102:20
212:10 220:13	264:11	236:18	surpassed
263:2 279:19	268:8,13,22	supportive-care	49:14,21
285:10,17	269:19	123:10	ŕ
286:17	272:13,14,17,22	supports 111:16	surprised 96:18
	273:14 279:14	252:19	223:4
supply 7:2,3 10:21	280:4 282:6,20		surprising 57:1
25:18 31:16	283:5	supposed 90:15	• •
36:20 37:8,19	284:1,14,19	104:5	surrounded
43:13,19 46:16	285:14,20	sure 17:9 25:11	102:17
51:2,6,12 61:14	286:10 288:1,4	30:16 57:5 64:3	survey 3:15
63:4 64:9 65:6	289:22 290:3	67:1 68:20 74:16	53:10,12,14,18
93:5 97:1,4,10	292:9 293:18,19	77:18 115:10	54:1,16,17
98:5 103:14,20	295:1 302:16	125:4 153:14	55:6,10 56:13
104:2,17 105:4	309:1 315:8	162:9 166:15	57:10,13,18 61:1
114:13 120:20		167:17 171:21	62:8 65:9,15
121:17,19	319:6 330:20	174:12 176:15	66:2,5,8 107:17
122:18	332:9	179:21 217:22	109:3,4 110:4
123:1,11,12	336:9,11,15	220:7 221:6	140:7,11 141:3
124:3,16,18	339:11 346:15	222:10 229:2	263:13 329:15
126:13 129:2,13	347:3 348:3,10	237:13 246:7	surveyed 61:2
140:21	349:11 354:6	247:10 292:20	ř
142:15,20	355:19 358:9,14	294:5 299:21	surveys 52:12,20
144:12 147:14	359:7,11 367:7,9	307:15 313:21	53:2 54:9,10,20
148:5,8,20	supply/demand	317:14 321:20	65:16
149:8,12,15	73:5	342:22 362:5,9	Surveys52
151:22 152:1	supplying 46:5	368:17	2:16
154:17 162:14	106:5 281:22		survival 93:21
165:16 169:11	285:16	surely 105:2	103:3,22 106:3
175:15,16,19		surface 210:22	131:7 188:6
177:22	support 78:22	surfaced 208:12	
184:16,18 185:7	87:20 92:19	209:16	survive 88:9
186:3,10,17,20,2	120:5 124:5		103:10,16
2 188:16,17	127:3 135:2	surgeon 140:2	104:14
189:11,14	156:9 180:6,14	152:21	survived 181:21
190:11 194:18	197:6 209:4,6	surgeries 139:18	survivor 333:3
195:10 196:6	217:9 251:10	surgery 57:11	
197:17 223:2,7,9	253:16 255:6	88:11 110:11	Susan 7:4,16 8:12
228:12 233:4	268:20	139:19	255:19,20
	269:2,14,15	137.17	256:18 262:16

	1 46		
274:19 275:21	157:1 168:7	295:3 296:20	tardive 344:2
276:2,16 290:10	182:6 186:14,18	talk 12:17,22	target 198:2
312:2 320:22 321:5 323:1	187:6 197:14 205:20 216:19	20:4,7 27:13	targeted 96:3
326:22 328:11	220:11 262:5	52:1 109:6,17	targeting 356:3
susceptibilities	264:13 268:8,13	111:5 118:21 119:10 130:21	365:20
232:1	281:17	133:1 173:9	task 59:6 61:5
suspect 258:22	287:17,20 288:3	178:5,11 183:19	330:9
354:2	302:10 323:10	201:6 211:22	taught 288:22
	329:4 330:17,19 346:20 349:6	217:2,17 224:2	355:7
suspend 337:14	353:20	243:13 246:9	tax 192:11 353:13
suspended 123:5		254:13 256:9	
164:8 335:9	systemic 259:8	259:1 260:3,4 298:18 306:21	taxing 86:13
suspending 178:2	systems 8:5	312:12,13 315:9	Taxol 349:10,14
suspicious 229:20	52:2,14 53:7,12 54:5 64:18 75:3	329:11 333:14	teach 192:2
sustain 94:7	102:9 118:4,5	343:13,17	team 16:14 40:1,9
sustained 186:17	194:3 198:13	361:21 363:3	102:13 157:10
	251:13,19	talked 36:5,20	302:22 311:18
Sweet 2:19 9:11 51:22 52:9,16	262:21 272:5	49:22 115:22	tear 161:2 170:6
58:21 354:19	299:9 326:1	130:18 165:8	technician 331:7
	330:22 342:18	216:15 220:10	
switch 93:2	353:13	223:2 231:8,17	technicians 65:3
switched 122:16		248:10 249:10,21	technique 60:21
335:14	<u>T</u>	250:1,14 261:17	techniques 59:4
symptoms 102:10	T10 96:10	274:4 307:7	61:13
syndrome 88:7,13	table 17:2,12	talking 20:11	technologies
278:21	72:15 134:7	38:13 39:5 48:11	359:20,21
syringe 60:12	241:7 320:6 327:8 356:18	72:1,22 92:10	technology 94:22
112:10 113:20	tablet 280:15	95:19 107:16	teed 276:11
syringes 59:19		220:16,17	temporarily 26:12
60:2,4 92:14	tablets 360:7	231:18 258:12	27:1 200:6 249:2
153:11	tact 350:18	259:18 270:8,15 298:19 316:1	357:19
system 2:21 46:9	takeaway 327:19	318:6 319:4,14	temporary 27:1,12
47:8 49:17	take-away 328:1	352:9,10 362:11	36:5 249:6
52:4,11 68:21	taking 17:6 58:21	367:3,7	Ten 198:7
74:16 97:16 118:9 132:16	83:13 85:8 87:4	talks 22:11,14	tend 75:7 201:21
143:1,6	162:19 179:11	224:19 274:20	
148:15,17,18	222:14 229:22	tangible 307:20	tended 105:1
151:3,21 152:7	251:4 288:9	324:11	tendencies 84:17

	1 48		
Tennessee 116:15	97:17 299:9	218:15,17 219:7	359:9,11
tentative 193:12	301:16 310:16	221:11 233:19	that's 14:12 17:18
	311:6	234:5 235:3	18:15 19:6 21:16
term 129:7 249:11	thank 15:13,21	237:6 239:7	22:2 24:5 25:21
264:17 268:8	16:2,3 19:19,21	241:3 256:18	29:9 31:18 33:1
272:15 288:10	38:9,16 51:20,21	262:13,14	36:21 41:6 43:15
300:2 322:11	52:8 66:13,14	267:16,19	44:13 46:10
358:15		271:11	
terminology 359:2	67:4,21 69:19 71:18 73:14,19	275:10,12,20	50:11 51:1 60:21 63:19 64:7 69:17
terms 54:14 55:15	75:14 76:15	276:16,20	71:11 72:10,11
81:13 112:8	77:11,16 79:3,9	291:1,12,13,21	75:12 76:8 91:1
	82:18 86:17	298:14 301:16	111:3,19
125:8 143:5	87:11,14	304:4 306:19	115:8,14 116:13
151:12 172:4,8	94:13,17	307:15 312:1	117:16
190:11 218:20	′	320:22 325:18	
224:10 231:1	101:12,14 106:19	328:16,17	118:15,21
234:12,22		331:8,10	125:15 127:8,22
240:21 244:21	119:18,21 120:9	333:13,15 334:2	130:12,15
245:7 247:9	124:19,22	337:6,9 339:19	131:17 134:21
249:5 273:7	125:3,5	340:2 343:1,2,5	137:16 138:8
307:16 308:3	131:14,15 132:7	345:16,17,20	151:21 155:20
309:14 310:2,9	135:18,20,21	350:1,2 352:4,20	156:19,22
322:10	136:1 138:20,21	354:13,14,20	160:20 164:15
323:15,17,18,22	139:2	356:14,15	166:7,18,20
324:3	143:10,11,13	360:19 363:21	167:17 169:12
terrible 329:8	144:7 150:4,6,11	368:15,22	170:9,11 171:2
terribly 177:16	156:14,15	, i	173:13 174:18
223:9	161:4,6	thankful 204:12	175:16 178:10
	165:17,21 169:2	Thankfully 348:22	179:12,16,18
terrific 114:14	170:13 174:9	thanking 95:1	180:3,22 182:1
241:11	176:13 178:15	340:9	183:3 193:12
tertiary 346:3	180:16,17,20		196:22 199:10
	181:3,4	thanks 12:9,10	200:15,16
test 105:17 337:1	183:19,20 184:1	71:20 77:8 79:1	209:19 220:6
tested 111:15	187:9,11,13	106:22 125:6	221:17 224:21
121:3	190:17	150:11 174:11	226:18 227:11
testified 249:22	191:17,18,21,22	205:2,11 230:3	228:22 230:18
	194:6,7 196:9	235:4 238:10	234:20 235:13
testifying 204:17	197:17,18	240:22 249:14	236:3 238:17
testimony 126:19	202:10,11,12	255:18 327:17	240:2 245:19
127:11 177:4	203:1 204:22	328:11 340:1	246:7 247:7,10
testing 36:2 135:7	205:11 211:11	368:20	249:19 252:9
359:4	212:14	that'll 11:5 67:3	257:8 260:1
	215:20,21 216:1	184:1 342:14	262:2 268:7
Teva 8:5 50:16			

	1 46	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
270:17 271:21	106:8 122:21	113:20 114:21	307:14 370:2,17
272:10 273:13	181:22 184:10	115:14	Thomas's 310:18
282:2 295:1	252:13 364:5,21	118:11,12,13	
296:8,19 304:16	thereafter 370:5	136:21	Thor 234:15
305:9,17 308:17		137:11,12 154:4	314:10
309:6	thereby 260:21	170:5 172:5,9	thoroughly 91:21
311:4,11,20	therefore 149:17	174:5 195:7	thoughts 229:10
315:6,14,18,19	175:13,14,19,20	199:4 217:3	263:9 307:14
319:8,9 323:10	271:3 286:22	220:8 221:16	310:11 325:2
324:8 328:2,3	there's 18:11	222:15,16,17	
342:1,12 348:4		223:15 224:6,12	331:9
351:7,12,21	22:10 23:19	228:13 233:12	thousand 109:12
352:1,16 356:1,2	24:3,8 32:14	238:9 245:22	thousands 95:5
357:10,11	40:12 47:2 51:10	248:20 252:5	98:15 101:6
359:15 361:14	64:4 66:19 67:17	318:10 319:19	129:20 158:20
362:11,16,17,18,	109:15 111:16	320:10 321:7	
22 364:10	113:17 114:16	342:7,22 345:9	threat 149:9
	117:8 127:20	351:17 353:6	263:20
thaw 235:21	133:4 143:1	357:6	threaten 120:21
theme 209:19	166:7 174:3		336:21
210:18 300:3	179:20,21 193:7	they've 29:4 30:15	three-fold 53:4
363:19	214:9 224:18	31:12 69:4 76:5	
themes 252:16	225:13 227:6,9	77:3 79:13 111:2	three-minute
	235:13 237:14	136:10 141:13	328:16
themselves 80:2	238:17 242:8	173:2 220:3	three-pronged
255:3 320:11	243:14 244:19	241:11 315:3	293:7
321:8 328:14	245:11,12 251:1	thiamine 162:21	three-yards-and-
therapeutic 20:11	270:21 301:18	thiotepa 27:2	a-cloud-of 179:9
32:4,10 61:12	313:1,2 315:5	176:4 234:8	
121:1 141:18	328:1 329:7		throat 83:13,22
144:18 231:9	341:21 358:13	third 50:18 53:8	Throckmorton 2:5
248:16 338:2	360:8,12 363:9	159:3 180:7	10:3 12:7,10
therapeutics 5:7	they'd 217:10	211:6 248:19	ŕ
181:13 184:4	they'll 10:20 29:16	277:22 289:19	throughout 59:5
	69:14 70:20	297:16 330:7	89:2 300:3
therapies 21:14	226:21 228:10	339:15	363:20 364:1
48:20,21 109:21	320:4,13	third-party 36:2	366:8,12,17
122:3 124:15	ĺ	185:15	throw 113:19
149:19 150:1	they're 17:17	Thirty-two 278:15	179:10 234:15
167:6 175:2	29:12 44:13,14	l I	300:16 323:21
176:3 184:7	60:18 61:8	Thomas 7:19 8:10	324:5
185:4,18 215:10	70:16,18,19 71:4	248:4	thrown 349:3
337:2	72:6 80:21	291:18,20,22	
therapy 61:4,7	81:4,5 109:13	299:12,15,20	thus 207:1 267:2

	1 46		
tie 159:22	140:1 141:21	tonsils 348:8	183:8
tied 24:5	142:18 143:3,9	tool 159:19	trace 88:22 93:3
tier 81:3 248:19	144:3 150:5 156:19 161:7	344:5,9	94:11 227:22
tight 181:6,7 200:7	172:18 180:15	tools 15:19 158:7	track 37:9 154:14
tightening 321:11	187:21 198:10	top 24:1 45:5	track-and-trace
tightly 29:20	199:2 200:21	118:11 166:4	323:9
319:21	205:16 207:10 208:18,21	168:11 244:9 325:13	tracking 59:5
time-consuming	215:15,18 216:6		200:11
61:5,19	221:22 249:11	topic 38:17 52:19 71:5 79:12	trade 184:5,19
timeframe 30:10	252:16 258:1,20	361:20,21	325:14
287:10 328:16	263:6 277:1 279:4 282:20	364:22 366:7,15	traditional 139:15
timeline 339:7	287:16 291:7,11	total 41:18 42:4	traditionally 178:20
timely 15:8,17	292:2,10,13	49:15 121:16	
26:11 57:22 63:9	294:12,21	146:1 151:6 162:8,12 309:15	trained 142:8
73:4 181:4 186:3	296:8,18 297:9 300:21 306:21	totally 102:12	training 225:17
202:16 209:21 210:1 211:5	307:8 328:2,18	278:20	352:12
218:7 252:17	329:1,15,17	touch 252:11	trajectory 135:4
274:7,14 276:21	330:10,14 332:5	363:10	transactions
337:5	333:6,22 339:19 340:11 341:18	touched 118:5	336:12
tip 156:22	342:7,12 343:13	138:3 218:18	transcends 283:3
tired 105:16	344:20 353:5	300:21	transcript 11:10
tirelessly 294:17	358:8 364:1	touches 59:11	transcription
titrated 110:13	368:15 369:1	71:15	370:6
today 12:18,22	today's 95:2 342:4	tough 18:5 351:10	transcriptionist 67:4
19:13 38:17 39:5	token 315:2	toward 11:19	
43:13 52:9,19	tolerable 110:1	77:15 144:21	transfer 48:2
72:1 74:21 80:4,5,19	tolerance	204:8,20 211:14 225:22 230:10	transferred 122:13 189:16
81:13,18 82:9,11	135:15,16 341:2	241:16 242:18	translational
88:14 98:7	tolerated 58:4	311:14 312:19	188:9
101:5,12,20	toll 263:8	town 127:1 141:13	transparency
102:16 109:4 111:9 119:22	Tom 203:13	toxicity 133:19	124:1 172:6
125:6	304:17 305:21	188:6 340:17	220:19 325:1
126:3,10,13,19	316:22 327:7 358:4	TPN 88:9 89:19	329:21
127:6,11,19	tomorrow 100:11	90:7,13	transparent
128:4,8,19 129:16 136:15	tomorrow 100.11	93:1,4,8,11 146:1,3 162:14	324:1,3,16
129.10 130.13		140.1,3 102.14	

	1 ag		
transplant 5:4	161:13,18	364:13	294:17 301:11
132:4	165:19 178:2		317:19 327:3,15
	186:3 192:14	trickles 198:21	328:15 344:12
transplantations	193:2,16 264:2	200:7	345:13 350:18
122:22	266:19 332:1,4	tried 15:6 232:4	356:21 362:1,12
transportation	334:17,21	253:22 315:3	363:3,5 364:2
35:13	335:8,13	triagors 200.0	365:22 367:5
trauma 156:22	340:18,19 349:7	triggers 289:8	368:4
	ĺ ,	trimethoprim	
157:7,10	treatments 86:11	146:13	trying 17:14 18:1
travel 127:2	96:11 109:20	tripled 182:11	29:22 41:11
150:17 189:5	122:2 126:3,17	-	78:19 135:4
traveled 82:13	136:7 193:19	trouble 294:13	153:19 154:6
	219:1 337:2	317:21	169:22 170:22
treat 25:15 46:10	340:16 349:21	troubling 54:10	171:10 172:5
48:12,17,22	tremendous 64:8	265:17	180:10 196:7
59:22 95:21	138:8 163:18	truck 157:8	200:3 215:16
99:12 104:20	165:4 242:8		217:19 232:19
105:4,5,8	303:16 326:7	true 111:15	238:16 241:5
111:10,21		186:10,14	244:6 253:12
130:22 132:3,5	tremendously	221:17 222:8	259:5 301:12
188:3 191:7,11	24:16	236:19,20	322:10 368:19
265:9 342:1	trend 42:1,3,6	274:15 296:13	T's 199:22
344:15 347:6	48:4,5 50:5	297:11 305:18	
treated 131:6	267:8	370:6	tsunami 132:14,17
188:21 192:13	trends 13:17 20:5	truly 29:21 40:9	tube 84:2,6 347:5
	199:16	65:4 146:5 191:4	348:1
treating 21:15 55:1 79:22 96:2		274:17 347:16	tuberculosis 342:1
134:2 237:19	Trends	357:20	
341:8 342:16	38 2:13	trust 64:9 302:8	tubes 105:16
352:18	triage 138:13		tubing 91:10
treatment 29:9	trial 134:6	truth 283:4	turn 13:16 77:21
48:11,15 54:13	138:1,5,7	try 11:12 12:19	158:15 198:12
57:11 58:6,8	163:9,15 164:2	16:10,16 19:1,16	208:9 211:9,21
80:21 83:11	189:12 361:9,18	20:19 23:17	255:17 275:20
98:6,20 99:16	trials 56:3	24:22 25:1,5	288:6 291:19
100:9,16	123:3,5,8 134:3	26:7,9 29:16,22	318:9 320:14
121:9,21	137:18,20,21	30:1 35:16,20	turned 92:18
122:9,13,15	161:22	36:14 37:1,6,21	312:19
123:17 126:8,10	163:12,14	40:11 75:11	
127:8 128:7,22	164:4,20	81:16 125:5	turning 132:20
133:4,21,22	165:1,3,6	201:2,6,16	134:9
134:2,5 137:19	188:9,10 335:5,9	218:22 238:14	TV 95:13 177:13
138:2 145:22	337:1 361:1	239:3 259:11	
130.2 1 13.22	337.1 301.1		

		i	
twice 243:13 350:8	189:16 268:21	130:2	unforeseen 33:11
two-fold 209:9	269:8,19 341:9	underresourced	35:3
two-part 232:7	unable 43:4 92:16	330:12	unfortunate
two-thirds 66:3	101:20 122:9	underscore 291:7	177:17
	197:7 278:19 357:9	understand 13:14	unfortunately
two-way 67:13 218:11 324:9		19:16 21:6 25:10	44:13 116:2
	unacceptable 58:3	26:17 37:13	176:11 177:2
Ty 82:11	123:17 138:17	43:16 97:13	181:12,18 234:19 282:8
type 89:4 135:16	unanticipated	128:4 139:12,14	318:18 340:20
321:20 362:12	33:11 35:3 269:17 311:16	140:6 177:6 179:5 190:13	342:3,6
365:14	368:6	197:9 254:20	unheard 201:7
types 34:6 53:15		263:12 274:17	
114:4 230:15 251:14 326:4	unapproved 26:13 72:6 215:3	283:2 305:20,21	unintended 121:11 123:15
361:22		316:5 326:1	210:14
	unavailability 104:1 258:14	357:1 361:14,22	
typewriting 370:5	282:7 289:10	362:1,3 367:21	uninterrupted 334:20
typical 343:20	335:19	understandably	
typically 79:15	unavailable 60:2	362:19	unintubated 157:19
98:20 152:3	90:16 91:6,15	understanding	
285:12 304:11	104:18 106:10	24:22 80:20	Union 361:4
317:9 344:7	110:8 263:16,19	128:13 171:15	unions 278:10
typing 157:11	318:2 347:17	176:17 177:3	unique 55:6,17
	unavoidable 33:13	279:13 301:21 366:13	165:5 182:13
U	142:11		unit 5:19 59:21
U.S 26:13 27:8,9	unaware 104:2	understands 101:8 335:17	60:10 118:18
97:20 98:1	220:2		143:22 278:19
114:16 145:9,15 148:2,3 149:13	unbearable 83:12	understates 64:19	unit-based 59:8
151:19 152:11	unclear 330:15	understood 128:14	United 48:1 97:8
181:10 192:11		undertaken	98:10 101:1
194:5 267:8	uncomfortable	205:20	117:18 247:1,16
276:20 292:1	105:1	undesirable 92:20	280:12 281:5,16
363:1	underlies 75:3	346:17	287:8 297:3
UC-San 95:15	underline 128:19	unequivocally	323:10 334:6
UCSF 97:1,5	underlying 79:17	282:9	351:6
100:8	128:17 356:8	unexpected 282:6	units 140:5 353:6
ultimate 137:15	undermines	290:15	universe 54:6
313:20	336:22	unfamiliar 341:13	university 2:15,21
ultimately 171:1	underproduction	unfavorable 35:2	5:9,20 8:20 9:12
<i>J</i> ,	I	umayorable 33.2	38:12,22 39:4

46:9 52:4,10	updated 73:21	usual 68:14 88:18	variabilities 360:8
53:3 59:8 64:13	155:4 289:13	usually 19:16	variability 47:9
67:9,18,19 68:20	updates 41:3,4	57:21 68:18	variable 47:4
174:1 187:16,20	209:3 293:18,19	110:5 111:11	338:14
192:3 196:14 216:18 329:14	310:18	112:20 152:2	
330:3 337:18	updating 118:4	272:7 278:16	variances 175:2
339:22 354:20	upfront 189:8	353:7	varies 321:5
355:7 359:1	-	Utah 2:15 38:12	variety 40:6 50:1
unknowingly	upheaval 349:4	39:4 46:9	various 111:3
321:21	upon 11:6 28:2,13	67:9,18,20 68:20 216:18 330:3	125:11 232:1
unknown	29:13 36:19 173:6 211:3		282:5 302:16
43:3,11,14 62:20	257:20 262:2	Utah's 38:22	313:3,13 322:20
Í , ,		utilization 66:1	357:16
unlabeled 179:12,15	upper 347:10	197:15 224:16	vary 321:8
ĺ	UPS 152:10	utilize 149:21	varying 302:17
unless 280:12	upset 258:22	168:21	vast 173:12 183:6
unlikely 95:20	upsetting 133:2,5	utilized 179:19	270:3 297:5
unplanned 269:18	uptake 309:2	195:2 223:3	vehicles 365:22
336:3 353:7	_	utter 96:17	
unpleasant 85:16	urge 146:21 148:8,17 149:4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	vendor 155:5 185:15
unprecedented	183:15 255:6	V	
12:15 182:15	336:4 345:12	VA	vendors 70:16
227:3,15 291:8	urgency 119:6	150:15,18,20,22	264:22 265:3 266:2
unrelated 88:12	127:20 134:12	151:3,12 152:21	
unsafe 170:10,11	149:6	153:14 154:8	Venook 95:18 96:3
<u> </u>	urgent 60:17	155:14,22 168:8	ventilate 347:12
unsatisfied 142:4	258:2	vacationing 95:12	ventilated 237:21
unscrupulous 251:4	urges 336:16	vacations 44:12	venture 202:7
	urging 335:22	Val 67:14 76:2	venue 277:20
unsolicited 265:3	USA 7:20	201:7 234:7	venues 22:18
unsuccessful 83:6		239:18 243:11 244:20 254:11	verified 336:15
untenable 138:15	usage 30:5,6 77:2	302:21 311:18	verifying 266:8
unusual 59:10	useful 135:11	314:16	• •
63:3	user 171:14	value 37:20	version 135:4
update 2:13 6:5	209:2,3 253:22		284:3
38:14 171:18	314:20 315:5	values 48:3 90:19	versions 344:15
202:20 203:4	355:15,19	van 157:8 223:20	versus 171:15
235:13,14,17	users 184:9	230:5 234:6,18	299:18
		246:20 318:3,4	

_			
vertebrae 96:10	visit 90:2 353:7	160:1	wealth 74:2
vested 101:10	visiting 102:12	waiting 159:10	weaned 85:12
veterans 4:17	vitamin	160:4	wear 160:2
150:7,13 151:6	90:14,15,17	waive 339:3	Web 11:15 22:15
152:3,16	93:14 227:21	waivers 168:8	25:21 37:21
vetted 228:15	vitamins 89:1	walk 20:22 28:20	38:2,8 39:13,15
via 54:2 83:17	90:14 94:3	34:5 102:8	40:5,19,21
287:12	177:11 227:7	217:13	41:2,3 43:9,10 62:4,5 109:11
viability 335:5	vocabulary	walking 92:7	125:12
vial 90:12 118:16	301:10,14 365:4	wards 346:7	153:14,15,16,17
174:2 175:3	vocal 237:19 347:7	warning 187:6	155:2 166:10
182:22 195:15	voice 216:8,11	203:16 220:11	173:2 182:8
360:11	volcano 35:12	264:13 336:1	185:11
vials 34:12 63:22	volume 151:10	warrant 289:8	216:13,18 224:19 226:19
68:7 69:16	281:8 309:2	warranted 322:6	231:11,16 232:5
118:10,12,13	volumes 264:18	warrants 283:22	264:15 293:18
vice 6:11 7:6,8	302:19 357:18		Webcast 363:22
8:5,7,9 139:6 211:12 262:18	voluntarily 129:13	Washington 5:9 39:5 82:14 174:1	webcasted 11:9
267:22	196:1 285:16	187:16 207:8	webinar 38:6
299:5,8,10	288:15	wasn't 45:16 67:11	
view 19:15 194:4	voluntary 22:2	96:18 198:19	we'd 77:20 171:1 172:11 187:11
266:10	37:7 39:19	199:19	227:19 229:4
vinblastine 113:11	125:15 210:3,7	304:19,22	251:10 344:21
Vincent 4:15	231:14 271:7 285:14	wastage 230:19	Wednesday 92:21
150:10	365:11,12	waste 329:8	week 41:4 85:10
vincristine 113:11	volunteer 93:10	330:20	100:10 103:17
122:11		watch 306:11	108:22 133:14
Vinny 150:14	volunteers 87:19 125:20	325:15	249:22
· ·		watching 95:13	281:14,19 294:4
violations 45:6 116:2 286:8	vomiting 142:7 348:17	water 302:9,10	325:8 327:4
		312:5	weekend 131:1
Virginia 9:7 237:9 346:2	vulnerable 56:12 60:19 106:6	wave 132:15	weekly 56:18
	212:4,6,10 215:3		105:17 138:11
virtually 38:18 42:4 169:16	230:22 336:7	ways 15:7,8 25:1 53:21 59:16	155:1 216:15
351:7		106:15 139:22	232:16
visible 104:4	W	168:22 225:13	weeks 29:18 30:10
V15101C 1U4.4	wait 70:17,20	289:4 327:15	84:8 86:3 93:22
			103:21 116:16

	1 ag	_ ·	
228:10 274:10	77:14 78:22	368:18	314:14 315:1
338:1,5 359:4	80:3,10 108:13	we've 14:10 18:12	317:8 324:11
ĺ ,	116:21 119:7		330:10 345:5
weigh 272:9	132:13,15 134:4	20:1,4,6 22:22	350:13,14
305:11	137:14,21	28:4,7 34:8,13	353:10
welcome 2:2	143:11 152:21	36:4,5	
12:5,6	153:19 154:5	43:12,21,22	whatever 104:20
38:7,11,15 52:7	171:7,21 173:3	44:16 46:16	131:9 221:5
202:15,21	171.7,21 173.3	47:13 48:7,8,19	222:20 224:12
205:10 291:13	174.1 173.17	50:21 51:7	234:19 284:6
		66:12,16 70:3	318:10 319:1
welcoming 12:9	178:18	71:14 72:15 76:7	whatsoever 193:2
15:13	179:1,4,22	81:13 98:6 108:4	
we'll	182:18 190:20	110:10,19 112:4	wheel 41:11
10:3,5,7,13,18	201:11,19 202:3	114:3 118:7,20	whenever 216:19
11:1 38:9 57:3	204:21 215:16	119:8 126:10,18	239:5 266:6
75:15	222:14,18	127:6,10	whereby 247:4
77:9,10,15,17	228:21 230:6	128:3,18 129:16	•
107:1 169:14	237:4 238:12	136:15 139:22	Whereupon 369:2
180:21	240:7,9 244:10	140:15 142:17	wherever 14:8,12
202:10,17	246:8,21	154:12 159:2	144:17 149:20
211:20 215:18	247:2,22 248:2	161:19 162:8	261:15
217:17 245:13	250:5 251:11	163:10	
255:18 279:17	252:9 256:9	164:4,16,17	whether 26:18
291:16 298:15	258:12 259:18	165:8 166:1	40:9,18 99:13
299:7 317:11,19	261:1,10 264:17	172:1 177:17	127:6 146:10
320:21	275:17 294:3,19	186:6 188:2	148:1 152:10
328:12,13	295:3,8 297:22	197:22 210:18	178:8,9 182:6
333:15	298:2,19 299:1	217:7 218:9,10	212:6 222:8
337:12,14 340:2	301:11,12	221:14 225:6,7	225:18 229:3
343:2 350:3	303:1,5 305:22	227:8 234:21	230:2,10 238:15
	307:7 310:18,22	235:7 243:22	246:5 247:22
well-being 336:22	311:8,9 314:22	248:10 249:10	248:2 264:10
we're 14:5	316:4 317:1		266:17 273:15
18:10,11,15 19:6	319:9,14 322:10	251:9 255:21	280:2,15 282:6
21:1 23:2	323:16,18	256:5 267:17	302:8 334:16
24:19,21	326:1,2,5,16,17	268:12 273:21	338:12 354:4
30:3,9,11,22	327:12 328:22	274:4 292:10,14	whole 38:18 46:7
31:1	330:5 337:11	293:17	70:5 74:21 111:6
32:1,5,12,22	342:21 351:8	294:11,20	
37:5 40:13 42:18	352:9,18 355:5	295:21 296:8	115:10 245:18
	356:12 358:7,12	297:6 298:18	247:7 299:14
48:11 52:19	359:2,3 360:1,17	300:20 302:2	302:22 309:11
60:17 66:16	366:21 367:6,10	306:21	342:8
72:1,4 74:12,17	300.21 307.0,10	311:3,6,21	wholesale 270:1,15
75:14 76:6,14,19			,

	1 ag		
314:2 322:18,21	273:11	Wonderfully	345:12 347:19
ĺ	275:10,21 276:3	198:18	352:21,22 357:8
wholesaler 155:5	291:13 298:15		363:4 368:19
224:8 316:13	304:3 305:11	wondering 73:16	
318:22 321:10	309:8 310:11	74:4,6 271:16	workable 208:2
wholesalers 47:5	312:1,18 313:16	314:15	288:7
62:6 70:10,16	314:1 316:20	work 16:10,14,16	workaround 127:7
221:17 224:19	318:3 320:20	24:19 25:5 30:13	workarounds
240:16,18	322:14 323:3	31:12 36:22 37:4	127:4
261:15 262:6	324:7 325:2,18	61:8 74:20 76:11	
273:15 283:8	326:19 327:18	78:18 81:15,19	worked 14:10
315:3 316:7	331:10 333:15	94:21 105:19	144:14 225:5
319:17 320:10	337:9 340:2	108:11,17	234:7 236:5
whom 193:22	343:2 345:17	110:13 129:3,14	294:16 313:4
205:18 321:16	350:2 352:4	132:14 139:15	Workgroup 6:7
370:2	354:14 356:15	140:4 148:3	143:8
	360:19	149:4,17 150:14	
who's 61:7 79:15		152:7 155:3,7,21	working 14:5
111:9 131:5	window 18:9 86:1	157:9 163:18	15:3,22 29:1
167:2 181:18	wipe 89:14	176:10 186:20	30:11 31:19
276:13 299:3,5	wiping 46:7	193:4 196:14	32:5,11,12,15,20 35:11 40:13
whose 17:7 19:10		197:16 200:18	74:12 75:11
98:7 181:6	wires 105:16	201:3,6,21 203:5	89:22 95:11
220:20 255:4	wiry 157:20	205:4,6 206:5,22	145:4 147:9
329:5	Wisconsin 8:20,21	207:3,5,6,14,21	150:3 166:17
whys 316:2	337:18,19	208:21 211:18	179:6 198:17,21
	339:5,22	212:1	199:10 204:20
wide 50:1 132:5	,	215:12,14,17	208:18 211:14
204:17 309:11	wish 131:17	217:2 218:14	214:15 216:22
widely 113:4	withdrawals	232:16	233:18 234:7
widespread	85:13,17	233:11,14,19	238:19 244:10
145:10	woke 348:13	236:15 238:14	248:13 256:5
		245:4,21 252:20	267:7 274:22
widgets 351:9	woman 94:5	254:18 256:20	275:3 277:11
wife 131:4 181:18	women 101:22	264:15 267:12	282:12 286:18
348:21 349:10	331:20	274:16 277:2	289:21 291:3
willing 19:6 22:4	wonder 75:19	283:1 286:15	292:16 296:1
27:8 350:17	135:11 139:3	288:5,11 289:12	302:18 303:5,10
353:18 358:12	216:5 229:20	290:9,15 298:8	307:20 325:7
Winckler 7:4,16	230:14 281:7	302:21 303:1,4	339:6 356:12
8:12 255:19,21	314:19	306:18 310:22	workload 65:8,10
262:14 267:19	wonderful 76:6	311:13,14,17	152:14
271:10 272:9	95:14	312:11 313:18 336:4,17 337:3	
2/1,10 2/2,7	73.17	330.4,1/33/.3	works 27:11 40:4