

 **Short-Term Energy Outlook**

March 9, 2010 Release

Highlights

- Although spot crude oil prices continue to fluctuate on a daily basis, EIA's projections for West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil spot prices have remained relatively stable over the last 4 *Outlooks*. EIA expects WTI prices to average above \$80 per barrel this spring, rising to an average of about \$82 per barrel by the end of the year and to \$85 per barrel by the end of 2011.
- Projected economic growth this year is higher in this forecast, with U.S. real gross domestic product (GDP) growing by 2.8 percent and world oil-consumption-weighted real GDP growing by 3.4 percent, compared with 2.3 percent and 2.7 percent growth, respectively, in last month's *Outlook*. The 2011 forecast for real GDP growth is relatively unchanged at 2.6 percent and 3.5 percent for the United States and the world, respectively.
- EIA forecasts that the annual average regular grade retail gasoline price will increase from \$2.35 per gallon in 2009 to \$2.84 in 2010 and to \$2.96 in 2011 because of the projected rising crude oil prices. Average U.S. pump prices likely will exceed \$3 per gallon at times during the forthcoming spring and summer driving season. Projected annual average retail diesel fuel prices are \$2.96 and \$3.14 per gallon, respectively, in 2010 and 2011.
- EIA expects this year's annual average natural gas Henry Hub spot price to be \$5.17 per million Btu (MMBtu), a \$1.22-per-MMBtu increase over the 2009 average. EIA projects price increases to continue in 2011, averaging \$5.65 per MMBtu for the year. Projected working gas inventories end the first quarter of 2010 at about 1,550 billion cubic feet (Bcf) compared with 1,644 Bcf in the previous *Outlook* because of colder-than-normal weather in February. Natural-gas-weighted heating degree-days were nearly 11 percent above the 30-year norm last month.

- The annual average residential electricity price changes only slightly over the forecast period, averaging 11.5 cents per kilowatthour (kWh) in both 2009 and 2010, and then rising to 11.6 cents per kWh in 2011.
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions from fossil fuels, which declined by 6.4 percent in 2009, increase by 1.5 percent and 1.2 percent in 2010 and 2011, respectively, in the forecast as economic growth fuels higher energy consumption.

Global Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels

Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Overview. EIA's more optimistic updated expectation for global economic growth during 2010 drives the 2010 forecast for oil consumption growth upwards to 1.5 million barrels per day (bbl/d) from 1.2 million bbl/d in last month's *Outlook*. This increased growth in 2010 oil consumption supports a firming of crude oil prices at above \$80 per barrel this summer and accommodates a further drawdown of commercial oil inventories. While EIA has also reduced its projections for surplus production capacity in the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), surplus capacity remains ample, dampening the likelihood of a large upward swing in prices.

Global Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Consumption. As noted above, the upward adjustment of 0.3 million bbl/d in the 2010 forecast for global liquid fuels consumption growth in this *Outlook* is largely due to expectations for greater economic growth ([World Liquid Fuels Consumption Chart](#)). Most of the increased economic growth in 2010 is expected in the Asia-Pacific and Middle East regions, thus largely outside of the countries in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). EIA's expectations for both economic and oil consumption growth in 2011 remain about the same as in the previous *Outlook*.

Non-OPEC Supply. Non-OPEC supply increased by 590,000 bbl/d in 2009, the largest annual increase since 2004. Non-OPEC supply is projected to increase by 550,000 bbl/d in 2010 before declining slightly in 2011, as declining production in mature areas more than offsets any new production growth. The largest source of supply growth in 2010 is the United States, followed by Brazil, Azerbaijan, and Kazakhstan. Further declines in mature fields in Mexico, the United Kingdom, and Norway are expected in 2010.

OPEC Supply. The forecast assumes that OPEC does not change its target production levels at its scheduled meeting in mid-March. Given expected oil demand growth in 2010, oil prices should continue to firm despite expected increases in both non-OPEC and OPEC production this year. EIA projects that OPEC production of crude oil and

non-crude petroleum liquids, the latter of which are not subject to OPEC production targets, will increase by about 0.4 and 0.6 million bbl/d each year, respectively, about the same as in the previous *Outlook*. Overall, EIA also projects a slight decrease in OPEC surplus crude oil production capacity from the previous *Outlook* ([OPEC Surplus Crude Oil Production Capacity Chart](#)).

OECD Petroleum Inventories. EIA has revised its estimate of OECD commercial oil inventories at the end of 2009 downwards to 2.67 billion barrels, equivalent to about 57 days of forward cover and about 63 million barrels more than the 5-year average for the corresponding time of year ([Days of Supply of OECD Commercial Stocks Chart](#)). OECD oil inventories are still projected to remain at the upper end of the historical range over the forecast period.

Crude Oil Prices. WTI crude oil spot prices averaged \$76.39 per barrel in February 2010, almost \$2 per barrel lower than the prior month's average and very near the \$76 per barrel forecast in last month's *Outlook*. Last month, the WTI spot price reached a low of \$71.15 on February 5 and peaked at \$80.04 on February 22. EIA expects WTI prices to average above \$80 per barrel this spring, rising to an average of about \$82 per barrel by the end of the year and to \$85 per barrel by the end of 2011 ([West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil Price Chart](#)).

Following a slight increase in expected WTI price volatility early in February, implied volatility trended lower through the rest of the month, continuing a trend begun in the fourth quarter of 2009. Over the 5-day period ending March 4, May 2010 WTI futures averaged \$80.21 per barrel. Over the same 5-day period, the lower and upper limits for the 95-percent confidence interval for May 2010 futures were \$65 and \$99 per barrel, respectively, based on the May 2010 implied volatility, calculated from New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) near-the-money options on WTI futures (see [Energy Price Volatility and Forecast Uncertainty](#)).

One year ago, WTI delivered into Cushing, Oklahoma, in May 2009 averaged about \$45 per barrel and implied volatility, at 74 percent, was more than twice the rate now trading in the options markets. The 95-percent confidence interval for May 2009 WTI futures thus had lower and upper limits of \$28 and \$75 per barrel, respectively.

U.S. Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels

U.S. Liquid Fuels Consumption. U.S. liquid fuels consumption declined by 810,000 bbl/d (4.2 percent) to 18.7 million bbl/d in 2009, the fourth consecutive annual decline ([U.S. Liquid Fuels Consumption Growth Chart](#)). Motor gasoline was the only major petroleum product whose annual consumption did not decline. Distillate fuel

consumption declined by 310,000 bbl/d (8.0 percent) in 2009, led by a sharp economy-related decline in transportation usage.

The economic recovery contributes to projected growth in total liquid fuels consumption of 200,000 bbl/d in 2010 and 210,000 bbl/d in 2011. Nevertheless, expected U.S. consumption in 2011 is lower than total consumption was in 1999 and is 1.7 million bbl/d lower than the highest level of annual consumption reached in 2005.

EIA projects gasoline consumption will begin to show modest, but consistent, increases over the previous year, growing by 60,000 bbl/d in 2010 and 70,000 bbl/d in 2011. Projected distillate fuel consumption begins showing year-over-year growth this month, with an increase in average annual consumption of 20,000 bbl/d and 90,000 bbl/d in 2010 and 2011, respectively. However, this forecast for recovery in distillate fuel consumption remains highly uncertain because of the continuing observed weak diesel fuel demand.

U.S. Liquid Fuels Supply and Imports. Domestic crude oil production averaged 5.32 million bbl/d in 2009, up about 370,000 bbl/d from 2008 ([U.S. Crude Oil Production Chart](#)). Projected growth in domestic crude oil production is more moderate in 2010, increasing by about 210,000 bbl/d. Production growth in 2011 slows sharply to 20,000 bbl/d, as substantial declines in the Federal Gulf of Mexico and Alaska almost offset gains in lower-48 on-shore production.

Ethanol production continues to grow to meet the volume requirements of the Renewable Fuel Standard. Ethanol production, which averaged 700,000 bbl/d in 2009, increases to an average of 800,000 bbl/d in 2010 and 850,000 bbl/d in 2011 in the forecast.

The decline in liquid fuels consumption in 2009 along with growth in domestic crude oil and ethanol production led to a 1.4-million-bbl/d drop in total liquid fuel net imports (including both crude oil and refined products). EIA forecasts that total liquid fuel net imports will fall by 150,000 bbl/d in 2010 and then rise by 100,000 bbl/d in 2011.

U.S. Petroleum Product Prices. Regular-grade gasoline prices averaged \$2.35 per gallon in 2009, increasing from an average of \$1.79 per gallon in January 2009 to \$2.61 per gallon in December. EIA expects these prices will average \$2.84 per gallon in 2010 and \$2.96 per gallon in 2011. Average regular-grade pump prices likely will exceed \$3 per gallon at times during the upcoming spring and summer and will easily pass that benchmark in high-cost regions, such as the West Coast. Due to forecast growth in

motor gasoline consumption, the difference between the average gasoline retail price and the average cost of crude oil increases slightly in both 2010 and 2011.

On-highway diesel fuel retail prices, which averaged \$2.46 per gallon in 2009, average \$2.96 per gallon in 2010 and \$3.14 in 2011 in this forecast. As with motor gasoline, the forecast recovery in the consumption of diesel fuel in the United States, as well as growth in distillate fuel usage outside the United States, slowly strengthens refining margins for distillate throughout the forecast period.

Natural Gas

U.S. Natural Gas Consumption. EIA expects total natural gas consumption to increase by 0.7 percent to 62.9 billion cubic feet per day (Bcf/d) in 2010 and decline by 0.4 percent in 2011 (Total U.S. Natural Gas Consumption Growth Chart). Cold weather drives this year's natural gas consumption increases. Total natural-gas-weighted heating degree-days during the first 2 months of this year were 5.5 percent above the 30-year normal level and the highest for the period since 2004.

The combination of frigid temperatures and electric space heating in the Southeast contributed not only to increases in residential and commercial sector natural gas consumption but also to very strong natural gas consumption in the electric power sector. Even with the assumption of near-normal weather in March, EIA expects first-quarter natural gas use in the electric power sector to increase by about 3 percent above the same period last year and about 17 percent above the previous 5-year average. This increase in first quarter 2010 electric power sector consumption has all but eliminated the projected 1.3-percent year-over-year decline in natural gas consumption for this sector in last month's *Outlook*.

The 2011 outlook for a small decline in total natural gas consumption reflects the projected return to near-normal weather, which is expected to reduce consumption in the residential, commercial, and electric power sectors. Continued economic recovery contributes to a projected 2.1-percent increase in natural gas consumption in the industrial sector.

U.S. Natural Gas Production and Imports. EIA expects total marketed natural gas production to decline by 2.7 percent to 58.7 Bcf/d in 2010 and increase by 1.1 percent in 2011. The number of working natural gas rigs has been increasing this year in response to higher prices in both the spot and forward markets. According to Smith International, natural gas rigs have increased by more than 17 percent, or by nearly 140, since the start of this year. There are currently almost 570 working horizontal rigs, a new record. EIA still anticipates a decline in 2010 production because of the lag

time arising from low drilling rates last year and steep decline rates associated with newly- drilled wells. However, continued recovery of drilling rig activity, increasing drilling efficiency, and the potential for higher production rates from shale gas wells could lead to higher-than-expected production this year and next.

EIA expects U.S. net imports to be slightly higher in 2010 as a projected decline in pipeline imports is offset by lower exports and higher imports of liquefied natural gas (LNG). While cold weather across the northern hemisphere has helped absorb some of the new LNG supply that has recently come on-stream, U.S. LNG imports are forecast to increase by nearly 0.8 Bcf/d over last year in the first quarter 2010. For 2010 as a whole, U.S. LNG imports are forecast to increase by about 45 percent (or 0.56 Bcf/d). As global LNG demand and import capacity expand next year, EIA expects U.S. LNG imports to show little year-over-year growth in 2011.

U.S. Natural Gas Inventories. On February 26, 2010, working natural gas in storage was 1,737 Bcf (U.S. Working Natural Gas in Storage Chart), 21 Bcf above the previous 5-year average (2005–2009) and 71 Bcf below the level during the corresponding week last year. Persistent cold weather so far this year has taken a toll on inventories. The estimated total inventory withdrawal in January and February is 1,406 Bcf. The 5-year average withdrawal for these 2 months is 1,159 Bcf. EIA now expects working natural gas inventories to finish the first quarter of 2010 at around 1,549 Bcf, or about 3.5 percent above the previous 5-year average. In addition, resilient domestic production and higher U.S. LNG imports contribute to a projected end-of-October 2010 inventory that remains above the previous 5-year average.

U.S. Natural Gas Prices. The Henry Hub spot price averaged \$5.32 per MMBtu in February, \$0.51 per MMBtu lower than the average spot price in January and \$0.14 per MMBtu lower than the forecast for February in last month's Outlook ([Henry Hub Natural Gas Price Chart](#)). Historically, colder-than-normal weather and correspondingly high demand has contributed to large storage withdrawals and elevated prices during the winter. For example, similar natural-gas-weighted heating degree-days and working natural gas storage withdrawals were recorded in January and February of this year and in 2003. While the cold weather in 2003 contributed to a 63-percent increase in the monthly average spot price from December 2002 to February 2003, the monthly average spot price in February 2010 was virtually unchanged from the average price in December 2009.

Much of the subdued price action this winter is attributable to the level of, as opposed to the change in, working inventories. By the end of February 2003, working stocks stood at 851 Bcf compared with an estimated 1,729 Bcf this February. Prices may strengthen slightly in the coming months as demand to rebuild natural gas in storage

from risk-averse local distribution companies begins. However, the potential for higher domestic production, increasing LNG supply, and limited consumption growth all reduce the possibility of sustained high prices as inventories are replenished over the next several months. The Henry Hub spot price forecast averages \$5.17 per MMBtu in 2010 and \$5.65 per MMBtu in 2011.

Volatility in the April and May 2010 futures and options markets trended lower over the last month. For the 5-day period ended March 4, May futures averaged \$4.77 per MMBtu, while the lower and upper limits of the 95-percent confidence interval calculated based on the implied volatility calculated from near-the-money options were \$3.57 and \$6.39 per MMBtu, respectively. A year earlier, natural gas delivered to the Henry Hub in May 2009 was trading at \$4.30 per MMBtu, with lower and upper limit for the 95-percent confidence interval calculated based on implied volatility of \$2.80 and \$6.60 per MMBtu, respectively.

Electricity

U.S. Electricity Consumption. EIA's assumption of 5.5 percent growth in manufacturing output during 2010 translates to an expected growth in electricity sales to the industrial sector of about 1 percent. EIA forecasts electricity sales to the residential sector to grow by 3.5 percent during 2010 since summer temperatures this year are expected to return to their normal levels after a relatively cool summer last year. Total consumption of electricity across all sectors is expected to grow by 2.0 percent during 2010 and by 1.5 percent next year ([U.S. Total Electricity Consumption Chart](#)).

U.S. Electricity Generation. Natural gas generation during January and February was estimated to be about 10 percent higher than the same months last year because of the cold weather experienced in the South. This higher-than-expected level of natural gas generation during the early part of this year will pull up the projected 2010 annual growth rate to 0.6 percent, in contrast to the relatively flat growth projected in last month's *Outlook*.

U.S. Electricity Retail Prices. The estimated average U.S. residential electricity price during 2009 was about 11.5 cents per kWh. EIA projects U.S. residential electricity prices will be about the same in 2010, followed by an increase of 1.4 percent in 2011 resulting primarily from higher natural gas generation fuel costs ([U.S. Residential Electricity Prices Chart](#)).

Coal

U.S. Coal Consumption. Anticipated increases in electricity demand and higher natural gas prices will contribute to modest growth in coal-fired generation in 2010 and 2011. Forecast coal consumption in the electric power sector increases by about 3 percent in 2010, though staying under 1 billion short tons. EIA projects coal consumption in the electric power sector will increase by 1.6 percent in 2011, but remain below the 1-billion-short-ton level for the third consecutive year ([U.S. Coal Consumption Growth Chart](#)).

U.S. Coal Supply. EIA estimates that 2009 coal production fell by nearly 8 percent in response to lower U.S. coal consumption, fewer exports, and higher coal inventories. Production declines by an additional 7 percent in 2010 in this forecast despite increases in domestic consumption and exports. The balance between production and consumption is satisfied through significant reductions in end-user (secondary) inventories. EIA projects a 7-percent increase in coal production in 2011 to meet continued growth in coal consumption and exports as existing inventories are reduced ([U.S. Annual Coal Production Chart](#)).

U.S. Coal Prices. EIA estimates that the 2009 delivered electric-power-sector coal price increased by nearly 7 percent in 2009 despite decreases in spot coal prices, lower prices for other fossil fuels, and declines in coal-fired electricity generation. This higher cost of delivered coal reflects the impact of longer-term power-sector coal contracts that were initiated during a period of high prices for all fuels. The projected electric-power-sector delivered coal price falls by almost 6 percent to average \$2.08 per MMBtu in 2010 and declines by an additional 2.4 percent in 2011.

U.S. Carbon Dioxide Emissions

Projected improvements in the economy contribute to an expected 1.5-percent increase in CO₂ emissions in 2010 ([U.S. Carbon Dioxide Emissions Growth Chart](#)). Increased use of coal in the electric power sector and continued economic growth, combined with the expansion of transportation-related petroleum consumption, lead to a 1.2-percent increase in CO₂ emissions in 2011. However, even with increases in 2010 and 2011, projected CO₂ emissions in 2011 are lower than annual emissions from 1999 through 2008.

Table WF01. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook -- March 2010

Fuel / Region	Winter of							Forecast	
	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08	Avg.03-08	08-09	09-10	% Change
Natural Gas									
Northeast									
Consumption (mcf**)	80.6	80.4	74.6	75.5	75.9	77.4	81.4	78.8	-3.1
Price (\$/mcf)	11.78	12.65	16.41	14.70	15.11	14.07	16.09	14.12	-12.3
Expenditures (\$)	949	1,017	1,224	1,109	1,148	1,089	1,309	1,113	-15.0
Midwest									
Consumption (mcf)	81.9	81.4	78.7	81.1	84.8	81.6	87.5	85.9	-1.8
Price (\$/mcf)	8.77	10.04	13.46	11.06	11.40	10.93	11.45	9.85	-14.0
Expenditures (\$)	718	818	1,059	898	966	892	1,002	846	-15.6
South									
Consumption (mcf)	53.5	52.0	52.0	52.8	51.6	52.4	54.8	60.5	10.4
Price (\$/mcf)	10.69	12.18	16.47	13.61	14.22	13.42	14.08	12.18	-13.5
Expenditures (\$)	572	634	856	718	733	703	771	736	-4.6
West									
Consumption (mcf)	48.7	49.7	49.7	50.2	52.3	50.1	49.8	51.5	3.4
Price (\$/mcf)	8.84	10.18	12.96	11.20	11.30	10.91	10.81	10.10	-6.6
Expenditures (\$)	431	506	644	562	592	547	539	520	-3.5
U.S. Average									
Consumption (mcf)	66.3	66.0	64.1	65.3	66.8	65.7	68.8	69.6	1.2
Price (\$/mcf)	9.81	11.05	14.58	12.35	12.71	12.08	12.90	11.29	-12.4
Expenditures (\$)	651	729	934	807	849	794	887	786	-11.4
Households (thousands)	55,578	55,920	56,229	56,423	56,640	56,158	57,053	57,441	0.7
Heating Oil									
Northeast									
Consumption (gallons)	723.3	723.1	668.9	676.2	684.0	695.1	732.4	704.7	-3.8
Price (\$/gallon)	1.46	1.94	2.45	2.51	3.31	2.32	2.66	2.80	5.1
Expenditures (\$)	1,057	1,401	1,641	1,696	2,267	1,612	1,949	1,971	1.1
Midwest									
Consumption (gallons)	542.0	538.7	517.5	536.2	564.2	539.7	585.9	572.5	-2.3
Price (\$/gallon)	1.34	1.84	2.37	2.39	3.31	2.26	2.23	2.61	17.0
Expenditures (\$)	725	991	1,227	1,280	1,870	1,219	1,305	1,493	14.4
South									
Consumption (gallons)	533.6	513.2	507.1	494.3	484.7	506.6	551.2	582.3	5.7
Price (\$/gallon)	1.45	1.95	2.46	2.38	3.34	2.30	2.56	2.78	8.7
Expenditures (\$)	775	999	1,249	1,177	1,620	1,164	1,412	1,621	14.8
West									
Consumption (gallons)	435.0	443.4	438.1	436.6	468.6	444.3	437.2	439.2	0.4
Price (\$/gallon)	1.45	1.99	2.49	2.60	3.40	2.40	2.38	2.86	20.0
Expenditures (\$)	632	882	1,091	1,134	1,592	1,066	1,042	1,256	20.5
U.S. Average									
Consumption (gallons)	694.9	692.2	648.4	653.9	662.2	670.3	708.9	689.6	-2.7
Price (\$/gallon)	1.45	1.93	2.45	2.49	3.32	2.31	2.63	2.79	6.0
Expenditures (\$)	1,006	1,337	1,590	1,628	2,197	1,552	1,864	1,921	3.1
Households (thousands)	9,314	9,040	8,703	8,475	8,169	8,740	7,903	7,725	-2.2

Table WF01. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter
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Fuel / Region	Winter of							Forecast	
	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08	Avg.03-08	08-09	09-10	% Change
Propane									
Northeast									
Consumption (gallons)	933.2	932.0	865.5	874.0	882.6	897.5	942.1	909.3	-3.5
Price (\$/gallon)	1.65	1.88	2.20	2.30	2.78	2.15	2.73	2.61	-4.4
Expenditures (\$)	1,538	1,751	1,903	2,006	2,454	1,930	2,568	2,369	-7.8
Midwest									
Consumption (gallons)	908.5	900.3	872.5	900.4	944.7	905.3	969.2	960.1	-0.9
Price (\$/gallon)	1.20	1.42	1.67	1.74	2.12	1.63	2.16	1.75	-19.0
Expenditures (\$)	1,089	1,282	1,453	1,569	2,004	1,479	2,096	1,683	-19.7
South									
Consumption (gallons)	651.6	629.6	632.0	635.7	622.4	634.3	665.5	723.4	8.7
Price (\$/gallon)	1.57	1.79	2.11	2.16	2.66	2.05	2.53	2.35	-7.0
Expenditures (\$)	1,025	1,126	1,336	1,375	1,653	1,303	1,681	1,699	1.1
West									
Consumption (gallons)	717.8	735.3	735.2	743.7	776.1	741.6	732.8	766.6	4.6
Price (\$/gallon)	1.53	1.78	2.08	2.16	2.64	2.05	2.32	2.24	-3.5
Expenditures (\$)	1,100	1,308	1,532	1,609	2,048	1,519	1,701	1,718	1.0
U.S. Average									
Consumption (gallons)	778.1	772.7	760.7	775.1	794.3	776.2	821.3	842.5	2.6
Price (\$/gallon)	1.42	1.65	1.95	2.01	2.45	1.90	2.37	2.12	-10.8
Expenditures (\$)	1,102	1,275	1,482	1,560	1,947	1,473	1,950	1,785	-8.5
Households (thousands)	6,786	6,749	6,541	6,333	6,026	6,487	5,820	5,674	-2.5
Electricity									
Northeast									
Consumption (kwh***)	9,644	9,625	9,146	9,210	9,256	9,376	9,689	9,471	-2.3
Price (\$/kwh)	0.114	0.117	0.133	0.139	0.144	0.129	0.152	0.150	-1.2
Expenditures (\$)	1,099	1,126	1,213	1,280	1,335	1,210	1,472	1,421	-3.4
Midwest									
Consumption (kwh)	10,677	10,621	10,405	10,617	10,950	10,654	11,146	11,068	-0.7
Price (\$/kwh)	0.075	0.077	0.081	0.085	0.089	0.082	0.097	0.097	0.0
Expenditures (\$)	805	816	838	906	977	868	1,085	1,077	-0.7
South									
Consumption (kwh)	8,115	7,993	7,974	7,993	7,916	7,998	8,212	8,567	4.3
Price (\$/kwh)	0.078	0.081	0.092	0.096	0.098	0.089	0.109	0.105	-3.4
Expenditures (\$)	630	651	735	769	779	713	893	900	0.7
West									
Consumption (kwh)	7,807	7,886	7,865	7,895	8,102	7,911	7,858	7,999	1.8
Price (\$/kwh)	0.091	0.092	0.097	0.102	0.104	0.097	0.107	0.109	2.0
Expenditures (\$)	707	725	760	808	840	768	842	874	3.8
U.S. Average									
Consumption (kwh)	8,319	8,250	8,170	8,217	8,252	8,241	8,438	8,655	2.6
Price (\$/kwh)	0.085	0.088	0.096	0.101	0.104	0.095	0.112	0.111	-1.5
Expenditures (\$)	704	722	787	830	858	780	947	957	1.0
Households (thousands)	34,496	35,542	36,384	37,146	38,153	36,344	38,898	39,731	2.1
All households (thousands)	106,175	107,252	107,857	108,378	108,987	107,730	109,674	110,572	0.8
Average Expenditures (\$)	728	813	971	923	1,014	890	1,035	978	-5.5

Note: Winter covers the period October 1 through March 31.

Fuel consumption per household is based only on households that use that fuel as the primary space-heating fuel.

Included in fuel consumption is consumption for water heating, appliances, and lighting (electricity).

Per household consumption based on an average of EIA 2001 and 2005 Residential Energy Consumption Surveys corrected for actual and projected heating degree-days.

* Prices include taxes

** thousand cubic feet

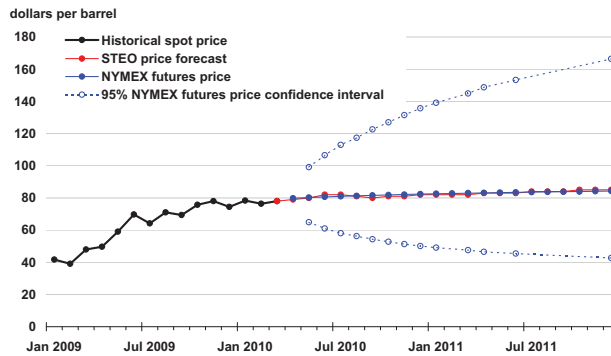
*** kilowatthour



Short-Term Energy Outlook

Chart Gallery for March 2010

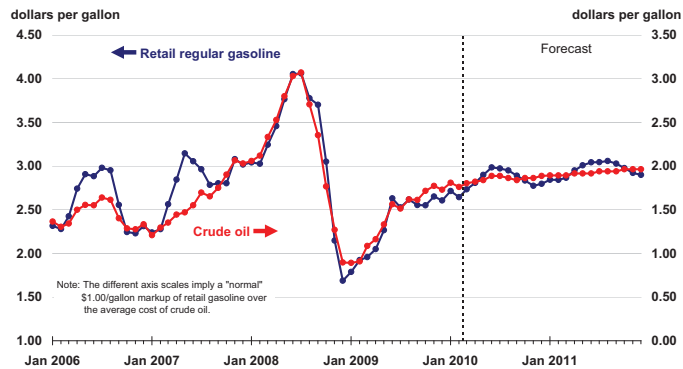
West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Crude Oil Price



Note: Confidence interval derived from options market information on March 4, 2010
Intervals not calculated for months with sparse trading in "close-to-the-money" options contracts

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010; Reuters News Service; and CME Group

U.S. Gasoline and Crude Oil Prices

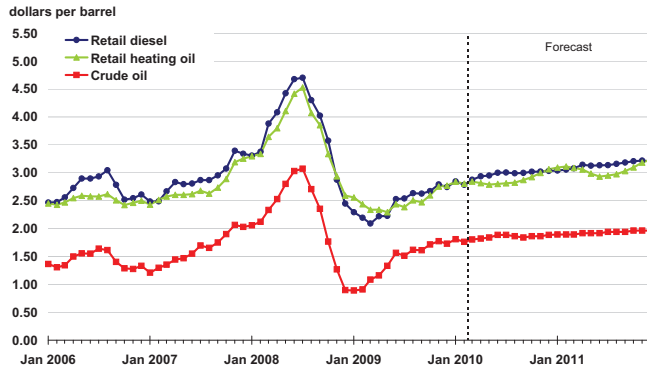


Note: The different axis scales imply a "normal" \$1.00/gallon markup of retail gasoline over the average cost of crude oil.

Note: Crude oil price is refiner average acquisition cost. Retail gasoline price includes State and Federal taxes.

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010

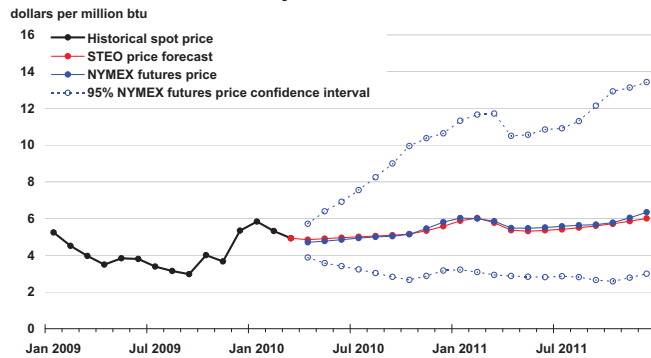
U.S. Diesel Fuel and Crude Oil Prices



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



Henry Hub Natural Gas Price

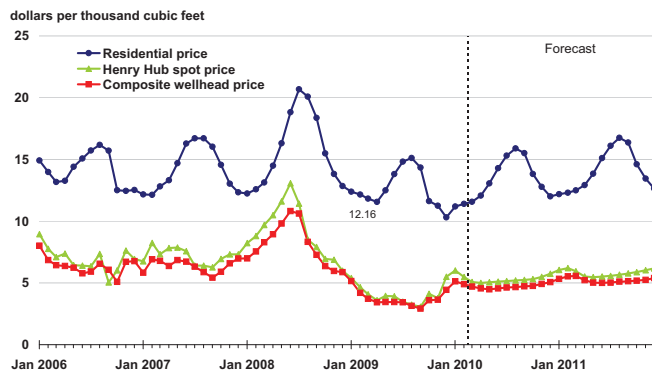


Note: Confidence interval derived from options market information from 5 trading days ending March 4, 2010
Intervals not calculated for months with sparse trading in "close-to-the-money" options contracts

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010; Reuters News Service; and CME Group



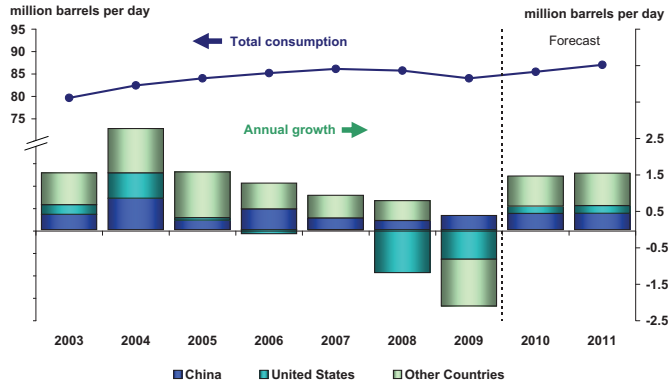
Natural Gas Prices



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010; Reuters News Service



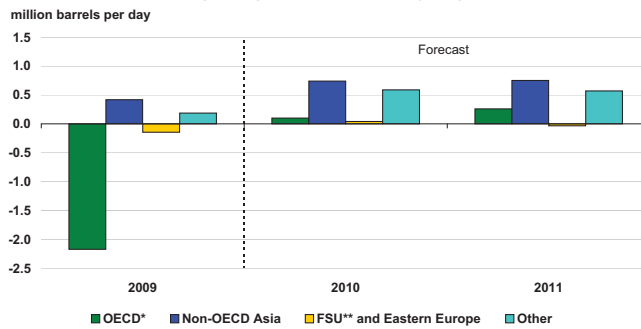
World Liquid Fuels Consumption



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



World Liquid Fuels Consumption Growth (change from previous year)

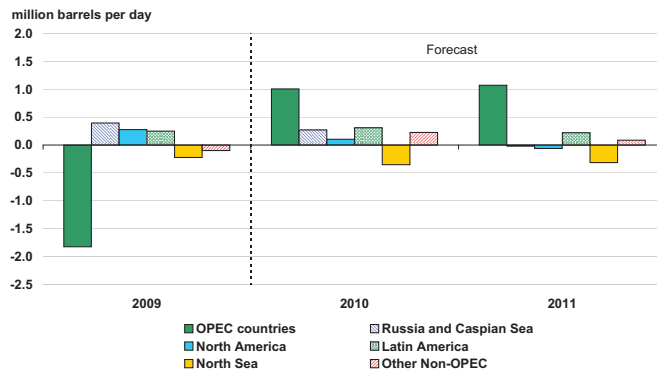


* Countries belonging to Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
 ** Former Soviet Union

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



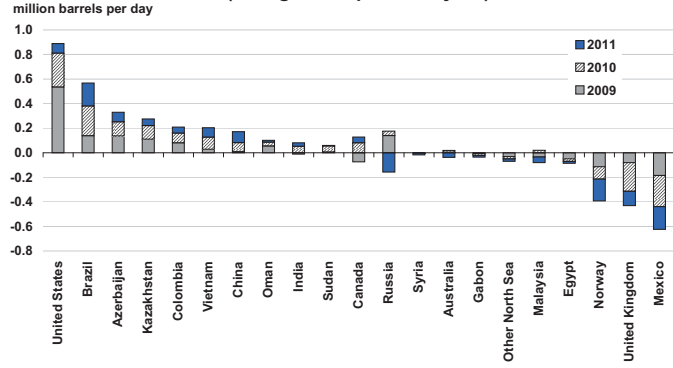
World Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Production Growth (change from previous year)



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



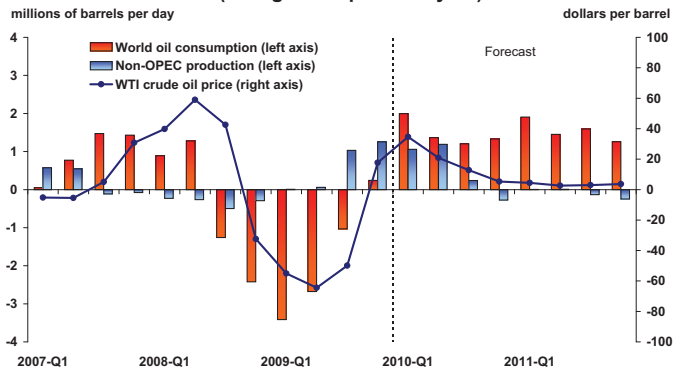
Non-OPEC Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Production Growth (change from previous year)



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



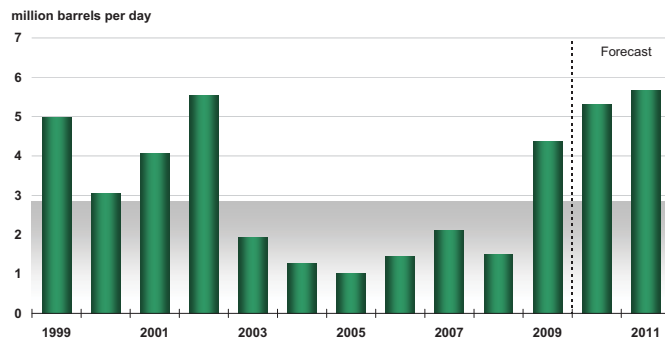
World Consumption and Non-OPEC Production (change from previous year)



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



OPEC Surplus Crude Oil Production Capacity

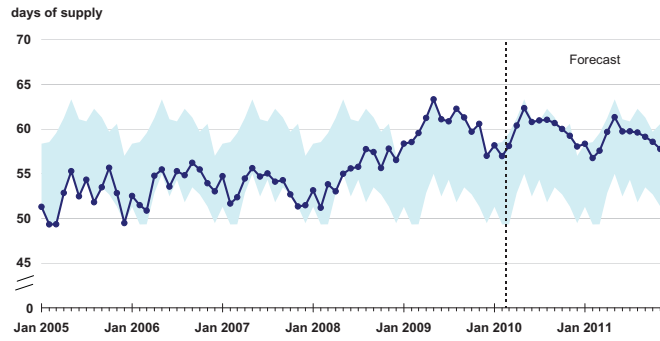


Note: Shaded area represents 1999-2009 average (2.8 million barrels per day)

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



OECD Commercial Oil Stocks

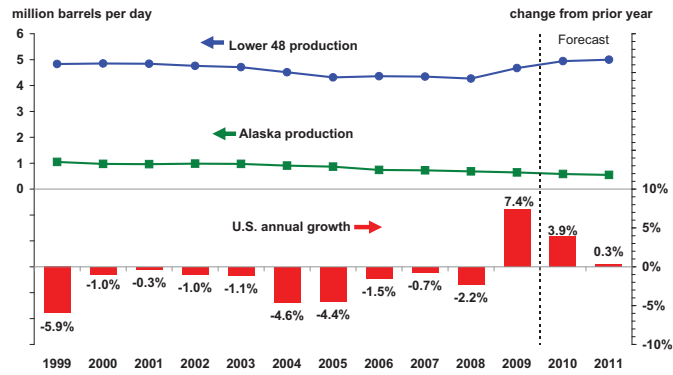


Note: Colored band represents the range between the minimum and maximum observed inventories from Jan. 2005 - Dec. 2009.

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



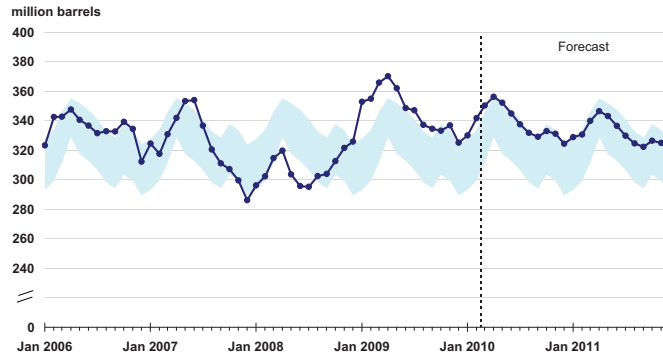
U.S. Crude Oil Production



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



U.S. Crude Oil Stocks

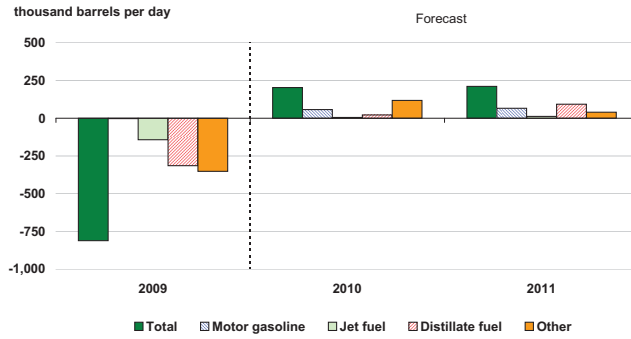


Note: Colored band represents "normal" range published in EIA Weekly Petroleum Status Report, Appendix A.

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



U.S. Liquid Fuels Consumption Growth (change from previous year)

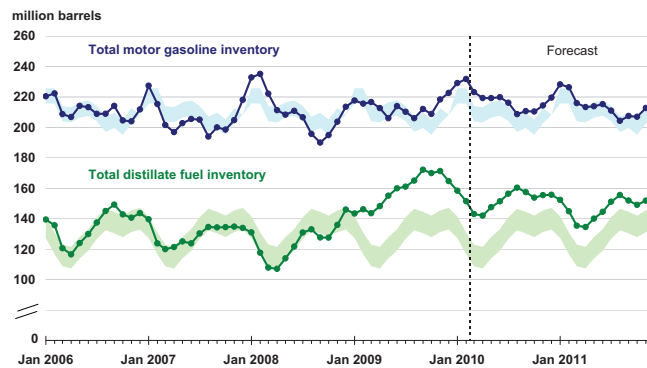


Note: Percent change labels refer to total petroleum products growth

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



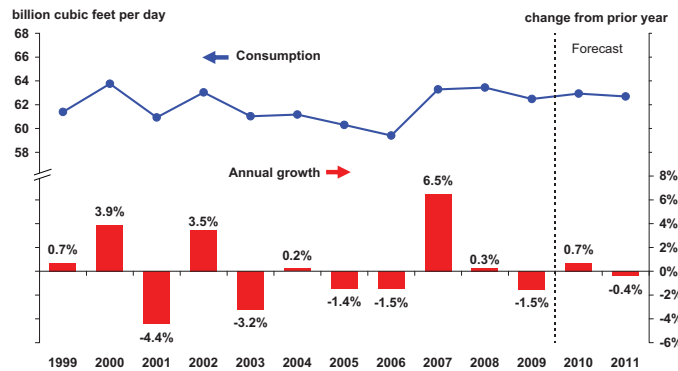
U.S. Gasoline and Distillate Inventories



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



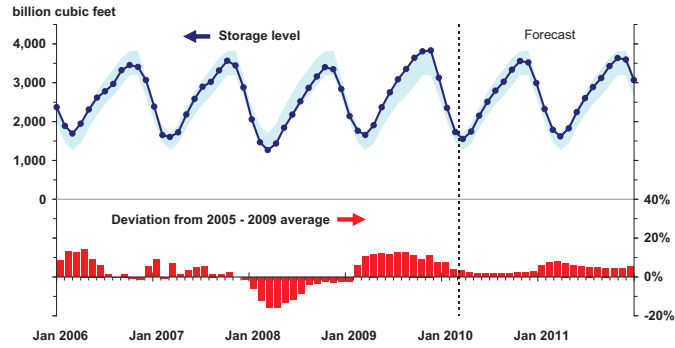
U.S. Total Natural Gas Consumption



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



U.S. Working Natural Gas in Storage

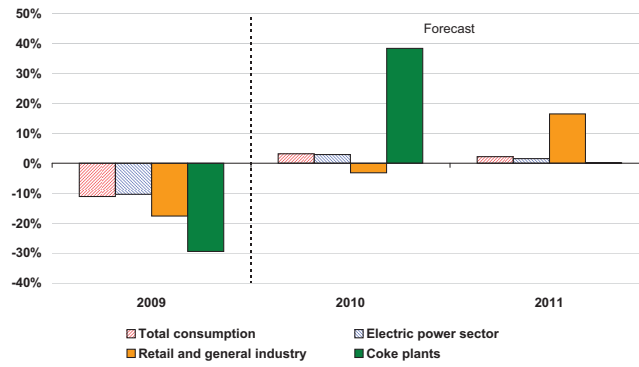


Note: Colored band around storage levels represents the range between the minimum and maximum from Jan. 2005 - Dec. 2009

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



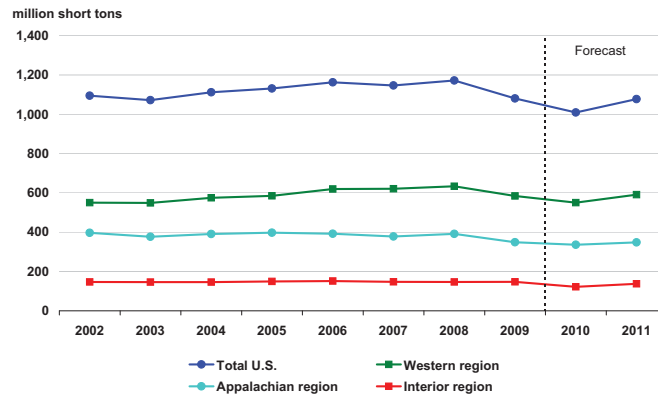
U.S. Coal Consumption Growth (change from previous year)



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



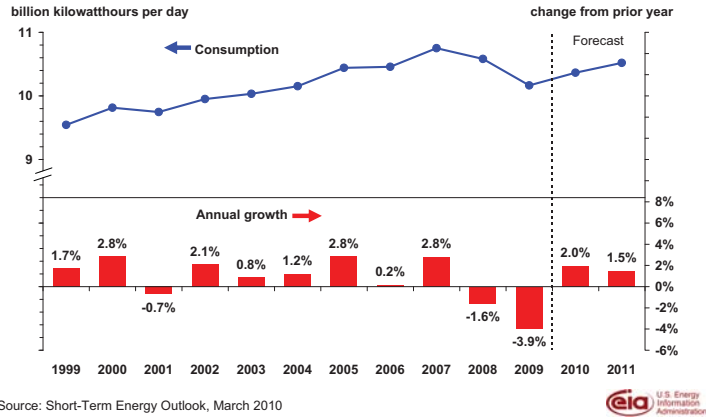
U.S. Annual Coal Production



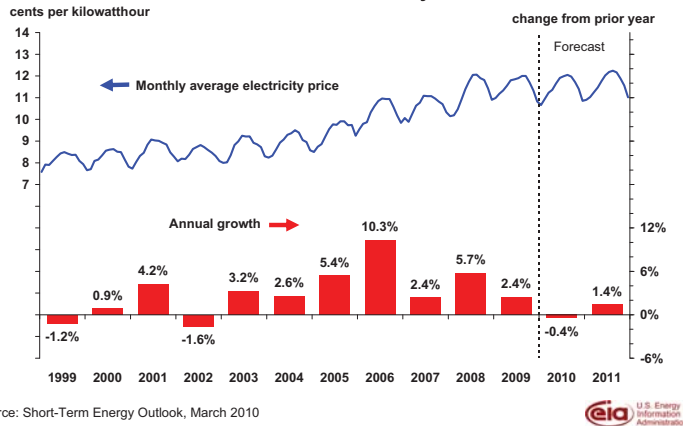
Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



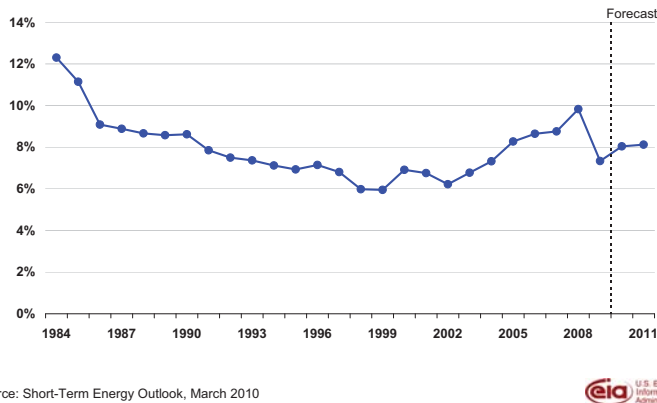
U.S. Total Electricity Consumption



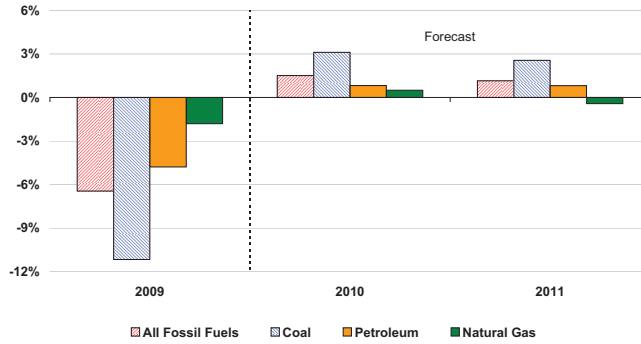
U.S. Residential Electricity Price



U.S. Annual Energy Expenditures Share of Gross Domestic Product



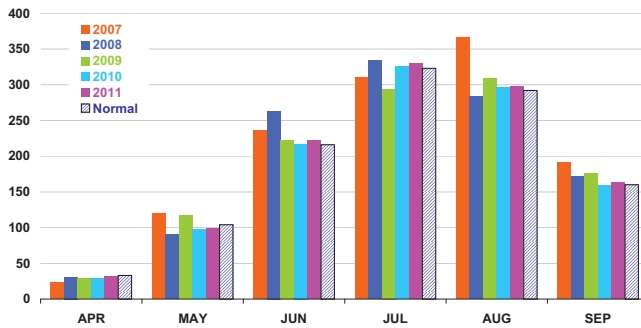
U.S. Carbon Dioxide Emissions Growth (change from previous year)



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



U.S. Summer Cooling Degree-Days (population-weighted)

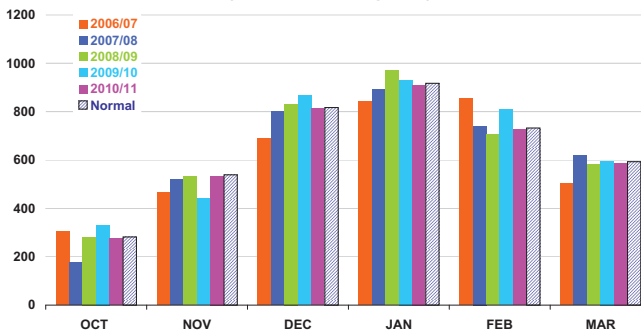


Data source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Weather Service
http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis_monitoring/cdus/degree_days/

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



U.S. Winter Heating Degree-Days (population-weighted)

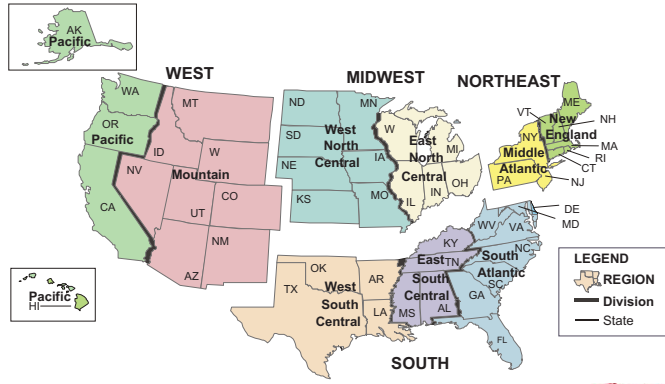


Data source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Weather Service
http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis_monitoring/cdus/degree_days/

Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



U.S. Census Regions and Census Divisions



Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2010



Table 1. U.S. Energy Markets Summary

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Energy Supply															
Crude Oil Production (a) (million barrels per day)	5.24	5.26	5.32	5.45	<i>5.51</i>	<i>5.50</i>	<i>5.48</i>	<i>5.61</i>	<i>5.56</i>	<i>5.56</i>	<i>5.52</i>	<i>5.53</i>	5.32	5.53	5.54
Dry Natural Gas Production (billion cubic feet per day)	58.26	57.92	57.24	57.77	<i>56.23</i>	<i>56.06</i>	<i>55.73</i>	<i>56.38</i>	<i>56.51</i>	<i>56.65</i>	<i>56.59</i>	<i>57.00</i>	57.79	56.10	56.69
Coal Production (million short tons)	281	263	269	267	<i>241</i>	<i>239</i>	<i>261</i>	<i>268</i>	<i>264</i>	<i>260</i>	<i>279</i>	<i>274</i>	1,080	1,009	1,077
Energy Consumption															
Liquid Fuels (million barrels per day)	18.84	18.47	18.62	18.82	<i>18.97</i>	<i>18.80</i>	<i>18.79</i>	<i>18.99</i>	<i>19.26</i>	<i>18.94</i>	<i>19.00</i>	<i>19.19</i>	18.69	18.89	19.10
Natural Gas (billion cubic feet per day)	79.68	52.48	53.88	64.14	<i>82.28</i>	<i>52.92</i>	<i>53.95</i>	<i>62.89</i>	<i>79.17</i>	<i>53.54</i>	<i>54.50</i>	<i>63.83</i>	62.48	62.93	62.69
Coal (b) (million short tons)	255	232	260	250	<i>258</i>	<i>236</i>	<i>278</i>	<i>257</i>	<i>264</i>	<i>241</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>261</i>	997	1,029	1,052
Electricity (billion kilowatt hours per day)	10.23	9.59	11.13	9.71	<i>10.38</i>	<i>9.78</i>	<i>11.53</i>	<i>9.75</i>	<i>10.36</i>	<i>9.98</i>	<i>11.77</i>	<i>9.96</i>	10.17	10.36	10.52
Renewables (c) (quadrillion Btu)	1.69	1.92	1.71	1.82	<i>1.82</i>	<i>1.99</i>	<i>1.86</i>	<i>1.85</i>	<i>1.98</i>	<i>2.15</i>	<i>1.97</i>	<i>1.92</i>	7.13	7.52	8.02
Total Energy Consumption (d) (quadrillion Btu)	25.31	22.39	23.30	24.34	<i>25.76</i>	<i>22.86</i>	<i>23.96</i>	<i>24.25</i>	<i>25.89</i>	<i>23.27</i>	<i>24.39</i>	<i>24.63</i>	95.33	96.82	98.18
Nominal Energy Prices															
Crude Oil (e) (dollars per barrel)	40.45	56.91	66.42	73.03	<i>75.29</i>	<i>77.68</i>	<i>78.28</i>	<i>78.59</i>	<i>79.50</i>	<i>80.50</i>	<i>81.50</i>	<i>82.50</i>	59.34	77.49	81.02
Natural Gas Wellhead (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	4.36	3.44	3.17	3.90	<i>4.91</i>	<i>4.53</i>	<i>4.67</i>	<i>4.91</i>	<i>5.47</i>	<i>5.08</i>	<i>5.09</i>	<i>5.27</i>	3.72	4.76	5.23
Coal (dollars per million Btu)	2.26	2.23	2.20	2.15	<i>2.13</i>	<i>2.10</i>	<i>2.07</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.03</i>	<i>2.05</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.02</i>	2.21	2.08	2.04
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product (billion chained 2005 dollars - SAAR)	12,925	12,902	12,973	13,155	<i>13,246</i>	<i>13,312</i>	<i>13,380</i>	<i>13,458</i>	<i>13,538</i>	<i>13,625</i>	<i>13,749</i>	<i>13,874</i>	12,989	13,349	13,697
Percent change from prior year	-3.3	-3.8	-2.6	0.1	<i>2.5</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>2.2</i>	<i>2.4</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>3.1</i>	-2.4	2.8	2.6
GDP Implicit Price Deflator (Index, 2005=100)	109.7	109.7	109.8	109.9	<i>110.6</i>	<i>110.7</i>	<i>111.0</i>	<i>111.7</i>	<i>112.4</i>	<i>112.5</i>	<i>112.9</i>	<i>113.6</i>	109.8	111.0	112.9
Percent change from prior year	1.9	1.5	0.6	0.7	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>1.7</i>	1.2	1.1	1.7
Real Disposable Personal Income (billion chained 2005 dollars - SAAR)	9,926	10,078	10,042	10,095	<i>10,106</i>	<i>10,194</i>	<i>10,253</i>	<i>10,263</i>	<i>10,230</i>	<i>10,314</i>	<i>10,392</i>	<i>10,449</i>	10,035	10,204	10,346
Percent change from prior year	1.0	0.2	2.1	1.8	<i>1.8</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>2.1</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.4</i>	<i>1.8</i>	1.3	1.7	1.4
Manufacturing Production Index (Index, 2002=100)	98.3	96.2	98.4	99.9	<i>101.6</i>	<i>103.0</i>	<i>104.3</i>	<i>105.5</i>	<i>106.4</i>	<i>107.6</i>	<i>109.4</i>	<i>111.2</i>	98.2	103.6	108.7
Percent change from prior year	-13.9	-14.6	-10.5	-4.4	<i>3.4</i>	<i>7.1</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>5.6</i>	<i>4.7</i>	<i>4.4</i>	<i>5.0</i>	<i>5.4</i>	-11.0	5.5	4.9
Weather															
U.S. Heating Degree-Days	2,257	502	78	1,640	<i>2,336</i>	<i>538</i>	<i>96</i>	<i>1,623</i>	<i>2,224</i>	<i>535</i>	<i>98</i>	<i>1,619</i>	4,478	4,593	4,476
U.S. Cooling Degree-Days	31	367	779	68	<i>22</i>	<i>343</i>	<i>781</i>	<i>79</i>	<i>36</i>	<i>352</i>	<i>790</i>	<i>83</i>	1,245	1,225	1,261

- = no data available

(a) Includes lease condensate.

(b) Total consumption includes Independent Power Producer (IPP) consumption.

(c) Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly, as inputs to marketed energy.

EIA does not estimate or project end-use consumption of non-marketed renewable energy.

(d) The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations of gross energy consumption in EIA's Monthly Energy Review (MER).

Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the MER or the Annual Energy Review (AER).

(e) Refers to the refiner average acquisition cost (RAC) of crude oil.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208; *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121; and *International Petroleum Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0520.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy.

Weather projections from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

Table 2. U.S. Energy Nominal Prices

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Crude Oil (dollars per barrel)															
West Texas Intermediate Spot Average	42.90	59.48	68.20	76.06	<i>77.57</i>	<i>80.33</i>	<i>81.00</i>	<i>81.33</i>	<i>82.00</i>	<i>83.00</i>	<i>84.00</i>	<i>85.00</i>	61.66	<i>80.06</i>	<i>83.50</i>
Imported Average	40.47	57.50	66.37	73.04	<i>75.03</i>	<i>77.43</i>	<i>78.03</i>	<i>78.33</i>	<i>79.00</i>	<i>80.00</i>	<i>81.00</i>	<i>82.00</i>	58.99	<i>77.23</i>	<i>80.52</i>
Refiner Average Acquisition Cost	40.45	56.91	66.42	73.03	<i>75.29</i>	<i>77.68</i>	<i>78.28</i>	<i>78.59</i>	<i>79.50</i>	<i>80.50</i>	<i>81.50</i>	<i>82.50</i>	59.34	<i>77.49</i>	<i>81.02</i>
Liquid Fuels (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Prices for Resale															
Gasoline	132	176	194	200	<i>212</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>217</i>	<i>224</i>	<i>238</i>	<i>239</i>	<i>228</i>	176	<i>222</i>	<i>233</i>
Diesel Fuel	137	161	184	200	<i>210</i>	<i>221</i>	<i>223</i>	<i>225</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>236</i>	<i>238</i>	<i>241</i>	171	<i>220</i>	<i>236</i>
Heating Oil	145	151	175	197	<i>205</i>	<i>211</i>	<i>213</i>	<i>220</i>	<i>224</i>	<i>225</i>	<i>226</i>	<i>235</i>	166	<i>211</i>	<i>228</i>
Refiner Prices to End Users															
Jet Fuel	137	159	184	200	<i>211</i>	<i>220</i>	<i>222</i>	<i>225</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>235</i>	<i>236</i>	<i>241</i>	170	<i>219</i>	<i>236</i>
No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil (a)	105	124	150	162	<i>174</i>	<i>177</i>	<i>179</i>	<i>182</i>	<i>186</i>	<i>186</i>	<i>187</i>	<i>192</i>	133	<i>178</i>	<i>188</i>
Propane to Petrochemical Sector	68	72	86	103	<i>120</i>	<i>115</i>	<i>114</i>	<i>122</i>	<i>129</i>	<i>118</i>	<i>118</i>	<i>127</i>	84	<i>119</i>	<i>124</i>
Retail Prices Including Taxes															
Gasoline Regular Grade (b)	189	232	257	260	<i>270</i>	<i>290</i>	<i>294</i>	<i>280</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>300</i>	<i>304</i>	<i>293</i>	235	<i>284</i>	<i>296</i>
Gasoline All Grades (b)	194	237	262	266	<i>275</i>	<i>295</i>	<i>299</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>290</i>	<i>305</i>	<i>310</i>	<i>298</i>	240	<i>289</i>	<i>301</i>
On-highway Diesel Fuel	220	233	260	274	<i>284</i>	<i>296</i>	<i>300</i>	<i>302</i>	<i>306</i>	<i>314</i>	<i>316</i>	<i>321</i>	246	<i>296</i>	<i>314</i>
Heating Oil	246	235	246	272	<i>283</i>	<i>280</i>	<i>284</i>	<i>301</i>	<i>310</i>	<i>301</i>	<i>299</i>	<i>319</i>	252	<i>288</i>	<i>310</i>
Propane	235	213	185	195	<i>224</i>	<i>228</i>	<i>215</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>247</i>	<i>242</i>	<i>223</i>	<i>240</i>	212	<i>225</i>	<i>241</i>
Natural Gas															
Average Wellhead (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	4.36	3.44	3.17	3.90	<i>4.91</i>	<i>4.53</i>	<i>4.67</i>	<i>4.91</i>	<i>5.47</i>	<i>5.08</i>	<i>5.09</i>	<i>5.27</i>	3.72	<i>4.76</i>	<i>5.23</i>
Henry Hub Spot (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	4.71	3.82	3.26	4.47	<i>5.52</i>	<i>5.05</i>	<i>5.20</i>	<i>5.52</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>5.50</i>	<i>5.67</i>	<i>6.03</i>	4.06	<i>5.32</i>	<i>5.82</i>
Henry Hub Spot (dollars per Million Btu)	4.57	3.71	3.17	4.34	<i>5.36</i>	<i>4.91</i>	<i>5.05</i>	<i>5.36</i>	<i>5.88</i>	<i>5.34</i>	<i>5.50</i>	<i>5.85</i>	3.95	<i>5.17</i>	<i>5.65</i>
End-Use Prices (dollars per thousand cubic feet)															
Industrial Sector	6.52	4.62	4.25	5.42	<i>6.79</i>	<i>5.90</i>	<i>5.79</i>	<i>6.42</i>	<i>7.27</i>	<i>6.43</i>	<i>6.24</i>	<i>6.96</i>	5.27	<i>6.25</i>	<i>6.75</i>
Commercial Sector	10.63	9.27	9.24	8.83	<i>9.80</i>	<i>9.51</i>	<i>9.86</i>	<i>10.23</i>	<i>10.70</i>	<i>10.13</i>	<i>10.34</i>	<i>10.67</i>	9.75	<i>9.86</i>	<i>10.55</i>
Residential Sector	12.17	12.25	14.75	10.80	<i>11.37</i>	<i>12.78</i>	<i>15.56</i>	<i>12.53</i>	<i>12.31</i>	<i>13.60</i>	<i>16.40</i>	<i>13.20</i>	11.97	<i>12.22</i>	<i>13.08</i>
Electricity															
Power Generation Fuel Costs (dollars per million Btu)															
Coal	2.26	2.23	2.20	2.15	<i>2.13</i>	<i>2.10</i>	<i>2.07</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.03</i>	<i>2.05</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.02</i>	2.21	<i>2.08</i>	<i>2.04</i>
Natural Gas	5.44	4.43	4.07	5.19	<i>6.05</i>	<i>5.58</i>	<i>5.66</i>	<i>5.90</i>	<i>6.52</i>	<i>6.05</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.28</i>	4.69	<i>5.78</i>	<i>6.20</i>
Residual Fuel Oil (c)	7.26	8.61	11.00	11.40	<i>12.05</i>	<i>12.41</i>	<i>12.50</i>	<i>12.66</i>	<i>12.97</i>	<i>13.08</i>	<i>13.09</i>	<i>13.35</i>	9.25	<i>12.35</i>	<i>13.11</i>
Distillate Fuel Oil	11.40	12.39	14.43	15.50	<i>15.87</i>	<i>16.37</i>	<i>16.77</i>	<i>17.00</i>	<i>17.22</i>	<i>17.35</i>	<i>17.59</i>	<i>18.02</i>	13.44	<i>16.50</i>	<i>17.54</i>
End-Use Prices (cents per kilowatthour)															
Industrial Sector	6.8	6.9	7.1	6.5	<i>6.5</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>7.0</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>7.1</i>	<i>6.6</i>	6.8	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>
Commercial Sector	10.1	10.2	10.6	9.9	<i>9.9</i>	<i>10.2</i>	<i>10.7</i>	<i>10.1</i>	<i>10.0</i>	<i>10.3</i>	<i>10.8</i>	<i>10.2</i>	10.2	<i>10.3</i>	<i>10.3</i>
Residential Sector	11.2	11.7	12.0	11.2	<i>10.9</i>	<i>11.7</i>	<i>12.0</i>	<i>11.3</i>	<i>11.0</i>	<i>11.8</i>	<i>12.2</i>	<i>11.5</i>	11.5	<i>11.5</i>	<i>11.6</i>

- = no data available

(a) Average for all sulfur contents.

(b) Average self-service cash price.

(c) Includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, and topped crude.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Prices exclude taxes unless otherwise noted

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380; *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Monthly Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0035.

 Natural gas Henry Hub and WTI crude oil spot prices from Reuter's News Service (<http://www.reuters.com>).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3a. International Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply, Consumption, and Inventories
Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Supply (million barrels per day) (a)															
OECD	21.16	20.61	20.71	21.32	<i>21.01</i>	<i>20.78</i>	<i>20.41</i>	<i>20.63</i>	<i>20.50</i>	<i>20.37</i>	<i>20.00</i>	<i>20.19</i>	20.95	<i>20.70</i>	<i>20.26</i>
U.S. (50 States)	8.76	8.99	9.11	9.33	<i>9.23</i>	<i>9.36</i>	<i>9.32</i>	<i>9.40</i>	<i>9.33</i>	<i>9.43</i>	<i>9.43</i>	<i>9.42</i>	9.05	<i>9.33</i>	<i>9.40</i>
Canada	3.38	3.08	3.26	3.38	<i>3.39</i>	<i>3.30</i>	<i>3.32</i>	<i>3.40</i>	<i>3.42</i>	<i>3.35</i>	<i>3.37</i>	<i>3.46</i>	3.27	<i>3.35</i>	<i>3.40</i>
Mexico	3.06	2.99	2.96	2.98	<i>2.86</i>	<i>2.80</i>	<i>2.69</i>	<i>2.64</i>	<i>2.62</i>	<i>2.63</i>	<i>2.52</i>	<i>2.48</i>	3.00	<i>2.75</i>	<i>2.56</i>
North Sea (b)	4.40	4.02	3.81	4.07	<i>3.95</i>	<i>3.76</i>	<i>3.51</i>	<i>3.67</i>	<i>3.61</i>	<i>3.45</i>	<i>3.19</i>	<i>3.37</i>	4.08	<i>3.72</i>	<i>3.41</i>
Other OECD	1.54	1.53	1.56	1.56	<i>1.57</i>	<i>1.56</i>	<i>1.56</i>	<i>1.52</i>	<i>1.52</i>	<i>1.50</i>	<i>1.48</i>	<i>1.46</i>	1.55	<i>1.56</i>	<i>1.49</i>
Non-OECD	62.28	62.85	63.68	63.98	<i>64.73</i>	<i>65.07</i>	<i>64.99</i>	<i>65.22</i>	<i>66.21</i>	<i>66.41</i>	<i>66.46</i>	<i>66.60</i>	63.20	<i>65.00</i>	<i>66.42</i>
OPEC	33.36	33.59	34.26	34.30	<i>34.60</i>	<i>34.79</i>	<i>35.02</i>	<i>35.12</i>	<i>35.57</i>	<i>35.72</i>	<i>36.22</i>	<i>36.31</i>	33.88	<i>34.89</i>	<i>35.96</i>
Crude Oil Portion	28.88	28.86	29.34	29.34	<i>29.49</i>	<i>29.49</i>	<i>29.57</i>	<i>29.46</i>	<i>29.65</i>	<i>29.64</i>	<i>30.14</i>	<i>30.14</i>	29.10	<i>29.50</i>	<i>29.89</i>
Other Liquids	4.49	4.74	4.92	4.96	<i>5.12</i>	<i>5.30</i>	<i>5.45</i>	<i>5.66</i>	<i>5.93</i>	<i>6.07</i>	<i>6.08</i>	<i>6.17</i>	4.78	<i>5.38</i>	<i>6.06</i>
Former Soviet Union	12.60	12.88	12.99	13.12	<i>13.16</i>	<i>13.25</i>	<i>13.10</i>	<i>13.10</i>	<i>13.18</i>	<i>13.20</i>	<i>13.03</i>	<i>13.03</i>	12.90	<i>13.15</i>	<i>13.11</i>
China	3.93	3.99	4.02	4.03	<i>4.04</i>	<i>4.08</i>	<i>4.06</i>	<i>4.08</i>	<i>4.12</i>	<i>4.17</i>	<i>4.14</i>	<i>4.18</i>	3.99	<i>4.07</i>	<i>4.15</i>
Other Non-OECD	12.38	12.39	12.42	12.54	<i>12.94</i>	<i>12.94</i>	<i>12.81</i>	<i>12.92</i>	<i>13.34</i>	<i>13.32</i>	<i>13.07</i>	<i>13.08</i>	12.43	<i>12.90</i>	<i>13.20</i>
Total World Supply	83.44	83.46	84.39	85.30	<i>85.74</i>	<i>85.85</i>	<i>85.39</i>	<i>85.86</i>	<i>86.71</i>	<i>86.78</i>	<i>86.46</i>	<i>86.79</i>	84.15	<i>85.71</i>	<i>86.69</i>
Non-OPEC Supply	50.08	49.87	50.14	51.00	<i>51.13</i>	<i>51.05</i>	<i>50.37</i>	<i>50.73</i>	<i>51.14</i>	<i>51.06</i>	<i>50.24</i>	<i>50.48</i>	50.27	<i>50.82</i>	<i>50.73</i>
Consumption (million barrels per day) (c)															
OECD	46.40	44.36	44.89	45.88	<i>46.33</i>	<i>44.53</i>	<i>45.01</i>	<i>46.06</i>	<i>46.56</i>	<i>44.78</i>	<i>45.35</i>	<i>46.28</i>	45.38	<i>45.48</i>	<i>45.74</i>
U.S. (50 States)	18.84	18.47	18.62	18.82	<i>18.97</i>	<i>18.80</i>	<i>18.79</i>	<i>18.99</i>	<i>19.26</i>	<i>18.94</i>	<i>19.00</i>	<i>19.19</i>	18.69	<i>18.89</i>	<i>19.10</i>
U.S. Territories	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>	0.27	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.27</i>
Canada	2.20	2.08	2.16	2.23	<i>2.24</i>	<i>2.09</i>	<i>2.20</i>	<i>2.24</i>	<i>2.23</i>	<i>2.14</i>	<i>2.25</i>	<i>2.24</i>	2.17	<i>2.19</i>	<i>2.21</i>
Europe	14.91	14.23	14.47	14.59	<i>14.67</i>	<i>14.24</i>	<i>14.68</i>	<i>14.84</i>	<i>14.70</i>	<i>14.33</i>	<i>14.79</i>	<i>14.92</i>	14.55	<i>14.61</i>	<i>14.68</i>
Japan	4.72	4.03	4.10	4.48	<i>4.60</i>	<i>3.80</i>	<i>3.83</i>	<i>4.19</i>	<i>4.47</i>	<i>3.71</i>	<i>3.74</i>	<i>4.08</i>	4.33	<i>4.10</i>	<i>4.00</i>
Other OECD	5.47	5.28	5.27	5.49	<i>5.58</i>	<i>5.34</i>	<i>5.25</i>	<i>5.53</i>	<i>5.62</i>	<i>5.39</i>	<i>5.29</i>	<i>5.58</i>	5.38	<i>5.43</i>	<i>5.47</i>
Non-OECD	37.01	39.27	39.33	39.01	<i>39.08</i>	<i>40.46</i>	<i>40.42</i>	<i>40.16</i>	<i>40.75</i>	<i>41.66</i>	<i>41.67</i>	<i>41.19</i>	38.66	<i>40.03</i>	<i>41.32</i>
Former Soviet Union	4.09	4.19	4.23	4.32	<i>4.16</i>	<i>4.18</i>	<i>4.33</i>	<i>4.29</i>	<i>4.13</i>	<i>4.18</i>	<i>4.32</i>	<i>4.29</i>	4.21	<i>4.24</i>	<i>4.23</i>
Europe	0.77	0.77	0.82	0.82	<i>0.79</i>	<i>0.77</i>	<i>0.83</i>	<i>0.83</i>	<i>0.76</i>	<i>0.75</i>	<i>0.80</i>	<i>0.80</i>	0.79	<i>0.80</i>	<i>0.78</i>
China	7.62	8.44	8.33	8.48	<i>8.42</i>	<i>8.78</i>	<i>8.66</i>	<i>8.77</i>	<i>9.02</i>	<i>9.25</i>	<i>9.12</i>	<i>9.04</i>	8.22	<i>8.66</i>	<i>9.11</i>
Other Asia	9.32	9.54	9.18	9.34	<i>9.74</i>	<i>9.85</i>	<i>9.39</i>	<i>9.61</i>	<i>10.13</i>	<i>10.13</i>	<i>9.66</i>	<i>9.90</i>	9.35	<i>9.65</i>	<i>9.95</i>
Other Non-OECD	15.21	16.33	16.77	16.04	<i>15.97</i>	<i>16.88</i>	<i>17.22</i>	<i>16.66</i>	<i>16.71</i>	<i>17.35</i>	<i>17.76</i>	<i>17.17</i>	16.09	<i>16.68</i>	<i>17.25</i>
Total World Consumption	83.41	83.62	84.23	84.88	<i>85.41</i>	<i>84.99</i>	<i>85.43</i>	<i>86.21</i>	<i>87.31</i>	<i>86.44</i>	<i>87.02</i>	<i>87.47</i>	84.04	<i>85.51</i>	<i>87.06</i>
Inventory Net Withdrawals (million barrels per day)															
U.S. (50 States)	-0.65	-0.48	-0.06	0.74	<i>0.09</i>	<i>-0.44</i>	<i>-0.05</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>-0.45</i>	<i>-0.08</i>	<i>0.34</i>	-0.11	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.02</i>
Other OECD	-0.07	0.19	-0.15	0.33	<i>-0.23</i>	<i>-0.16</i>	<i>0.03</i>	<i>-0.01</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.04</i>	<i>0.25</i>	<i>0.14</i>	0.08	<i>-0.09</i>	<i>0.14</i>
Other Stock Draws and Balance	0.68	0.46	0.05	-1.49	<i>-0.19</i>	<i>-0.26</i>	<i>0.05</i>	<i>-0.02</i>	<i>0.19</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.21</i>	-0.08	<i>-0.10</i>	<i>0.22</i>
Total Stock Draw	-0.03	0.16	-0.16	-0.42	<i>-0.33</i>	<i>-0.86</i>	<i>0.04</i>	<i>0.36</i>	<i>0.60</i>	<i>-0.34</i>	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.68</i>	-0.11	<i>-0.20</i>	<i>0.38</i>
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
U.S. Commercial Inventory	1,082	1,115	1,119	1,050	<i>1,042</i>	<i>1,082</i>	<i>1,086</i>	<i>1,051</i>	<i>1,026</i>	<i>1,067</i>	<i>1,074</i>	<i>1,043</i>	1,050	<i>1,051</i>	<i>1,043</i>
OECD Commercial Inventory	2,740	2,753	2,770	2,670	<i>2,683</i>	<i>2,738</i>	<i>2,739</i>	<i>2,705</i>	<i>2,668</i>	<i>2,705</i>	<i>2,690</i>	<i>2,646</i>	2,670	<i>2,705</i>	<i>2,646</i>

- = no data available

OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

Former Soviet Union = Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

(a) Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, biofuels, other liquids, and refinery processing gains.

(b) Includes offshore supply from Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and the United Kingdom.

(c) Consumption of petroleum by the OECD countries is synonymous with "petroleum product supplied," defined in the glossary of the EIA *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109.

Consumption of petroleum by the non-OECD countries is "apparent consumption," which includes internal consumption, refinery fuel and loss, and bunkering.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3b. Non-OPEC Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply (million barrels per day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
North America	15.21	15.06	15.34	15.69	<i>15.48</i>	<i>15.46</i>	<i>15.33</i>	<i>15.44</i>	<i>15.37</i>	<i>15.41</i>	<i>15.33</i>	<i>15.36</i>	15.33	<i>15.43</i>	<i>15.37</i>
Canada	3.38	3.08	3.26	3.38	<i>3.39</i>	<i>3.30</i>	<i>3.32</i>	<i>3.40</i>	<i>3.42</i>	<i>3.35</i>	<i>3.37</i>	<i>3.46</i>	3.27	<i>3.35</i>	<i>3.40</i>
Mexico	3.06	2.99	2.96	2.98	<i>2.86</i>	<i>2.80</i>	<i>2.69</i>	<i>2.64</i>	<i>2.62</i>	<i>2.63</i>	<i>2.52</i>	<i>2.48</i>	3.00	<i>2.75</i>	<i>2.56</i>
United States	8.76	8.99	9.11	9.33	<i>9.23</i>	<i>9.36</i>	<i>9.32</i>	<i>9.40</i>	<i>9.33</i>	<i>9.43</i>	<i>9.43</i>	<i>9.42</i>	9.05	<i>9.33</i>	<i>9.40</i>
Central and South America	4.45	4.48	4.49	4.62	<i>4.84</i>	<i>4.83</i>	<i>4.78</i>	<i>4.83</i>	<i>5.08</i>	<i>5.08</i>	<i>4.99</i>	<i>5.01</i>	4.51	<i>4.82</i>	<i>5.04</i>
Argentina	0.82	0.81	0.77	0.79	<i>0.79</i>	<i>0.79</i>	<i>0.78</i>	<i>0.77</i>	<i>0.78</i>	<i>0.78</i>	<i>0.77</i>	<i>0.76</i>	0.80	<i>0.78</i>	<i>0.77</i>
Brazil	2.52	2.55	2.58	2.63	<i>2.84</i>	<i>2.82</i>	<i>2.78</i>	<i>2.82</i>	<i>3.04</i>	<i>3.04</i>	<i>2.96</i>	<i>2.96</i>	2.57	<i>2.81</i>	<i>3.00</i>
Colombia	0.65	0.67	0.68	0.73	<i>0.74</i>	<i>0.75</i>	<i>0.76</i>	<i>0.78</i>	<i>0.79</i>	<i>0.80</i>	<i>0.81</i>	<i>0.83</i>	0.68	<i>0.76</i>	<i>0.81</i>
Other Central and S. America	0.46	0.45	0.46	0.47	<i>0.46</i>	<i>0.47</i>	<i>0.46</i>	<i>0.46</i>	<i>0.46</i>	<i>0.46</i>	<i>0.45</i>	<i>0.45</i>	0.46	<i>0.46</i>	<i>0.46</i>
Europe	5.26	4.89	4.67	4.94	<i>4.80</i>	<i>4.59</i>	<i>4.33</i>	<i>4.48</i>	<i>4.42</i>	<i>4.25</i>	<i>3.97</i>	<i>4.16</i>	4.94	<i>4.55</i>	<i>4.20</i>
Norway	2.53	2.21	2.29	2.38	<i>2.37</i>	<i>2.26</i>	<i>2.16</i>	<i>2.21</i>	<i>2.17</i>	<i>2.09</i>	<i>1.97</i>	<i>2.06</i>	2.35	<i>2.25</i>	<i>2.07</i>
United Kingdom (offshore)	1.55	1.51	1.22	1.41	<i>1.29</i>	<i>1.21</i>	<i>1.08</i>	<i>1.18</i>	<i>1.17</i>	<i>1.09</i>	<i>0.96</i>	<i>1.06</i>	1.42	<i>1.19</i>	<i>1.07</i>
Other North Sea	0.32	0.30	0.30	0.28	<i>0.29</i>	<i>0.29</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.26</i>	<i>0.25</i>	0.30	<i>0.28</i>	<i>0.26</i>
FSU and Eastern Europe	12.60	12.88	12.99	13.12	<i>13.16</i>	<i>13.25</i>	<i>13.10</i>	<i>13.10</i>	<i>13.18</i>	<i>13.20</i>	<i>13.03</i>	<i>13.03</i>	12.90	<i>13.15</i>	<i>13.11</i>
Azerbaijan	0.93	1.07	1.04	1.01	<i>1.07</i>	<i>1.14</i>	<i>1.14</i>	<i>1.16</i>	<i>1.21</i>	<i>1.22</i>	<i>1.20</i>	<i>1.18</i>	1.01	<i>1.13</i>	<i>1.20</i>
Kazakhstan	1.49	1.51	1.55	1.62	<i>1.64</i>	<i>1.66</i>	<i>1.65</i>	<i>1.65</i>	<i>1.70</i>	<i>1.71</i>	<i>1.70</i>	<i>1.71</i>	1.54	<i>1.65</i>	<i>1.71</i>
Russia	9.77	9.88	9.99	10.08	<i>10.04</i>	<i>10.04</i>	<i>9.91</i>	<i>9.88</i>	<i>9.87</i>	<i>9.87</i>	<i>9.75</i>	<i>9.76</i>	9.93	<i>9.97</i>	<i>9.81</i>
Turkmenistan	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	<i>0.20</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.20</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.21</i>	0.20	<i>0.20</i>	<i>0.21</i>
Other FSU/Eastern Europe	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.41	<i>0.41</i>	<i>0.41</i>	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.39</i>	0.42	<i>0.41</i>	<i>0.39</i>
Middle East	1.53	1.55	1.58	1.57	<i>1.58</i>	<i>1.57</i>	<i>1.55</i>	<i>1.55</i>	<i>1.57</i>	<i>1.56</i>	<i>1.53</i>	<i>1.54</i>	1.56	<i>1.56</i>	<i>1.55</i>
Oman	0.79	0.80	0.84	0.84	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.84</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.86</i>	<i>0.87</i>	<i>0.86</i>	<i>0.86</i>	0.82	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.86</i>
Syria	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.38</i>	<i>0.38</i>	0.40	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.38</i>
Yemen	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.28	<i>0.28</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.26</i>	<i>0.26</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.26</i>	<i>0.25</i>	<i>0.25</i>	0.29	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.26</i>
Asia and Oceania	8.50	8.50	8.56	8.57	<i>8.77</i>	<i>8.84</i>	<i>8.80</i>	<i>8.82</i>	<i>8.95</i>	<i>8.97</i>	<i>8.87</i>	<i>8.89</i>	8.53	<i>8.81</i>	<i>8.92</i>
Australia	0.59	0.58	0.60	0.59	<i>0.60</i>	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.62</i>	<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.58</i>	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.54</i>	0.59	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.57</i>
China	3.93	3.99	4.02	4.03	<i>4.04</i>	<i>4.08</i>	<i>4.06</i>	<i>4.08</i>	<i>4.12</i>	<i>4.17</i>	<i>4.14</i>	<i>4.18</i>	3.99	<i>4.07</i>	<i>4.15</i>
India	0.87	0.88	0.87	0.89	<i>0.91</i>	<i>0.93</i>	<i>0.93</i>	<i>0.95</i>	<i>0.98</i>	<i>0.97</i>	<i>0.95</i>	<i>0.94</i>	0.88	<i>0.93</i>	<i>0.96</i>
Indonesia	1.04	1.02	1.02	1.02	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.03</i>	<i>1.03</i>	<i>1.03</i>	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.02</i>	1.02	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.03</i>
Malaysia	0.71	0.70	0.70	0.67	<i>0.73</i>	<i>0.72</i>	<i>0.71</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.68</i>	<i>0.66</i>	<i>0.64</i>	0.69	<i>0.71</i>	<i>0.67</i>
Vietnam	0.32	0.34	0.35	0.36	<i>0.43</i>	<i>0.44</i>	<i>0.44</i>	<i>0.45</i>	<i>0.51</i>	<i>0.51</i>	<i>0.51</i>	<i>0.53</i>	0.34	<i>0.44</i>	<i>0.52</i>
Africa	2.52	2.51	2.51	2.51	<i>2.52</i>	<i>2.52</i>	<i>2.49</i>	<i>2.51</i>	<i>2.57</i>	<i>2.58</i>	<i>2.52</i>	<i>2.49</i>	2.51	<i>2.51</i>	<i>2.54</i>
Egypt	0.59	0.59	0.58	0.58	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>0.54</i>	<i>0.54</i>	0.58	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.55</i>
Equatorial Guinea	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.34	<i>0.33</i>	<i>0.33</i>	<i>0.32</i>	<i>0.31</i>	<i>0.32</i>	<i>0.32</i>	<i>0.31</i>	<i>0.31</i>	0.35	<i>0.32</i>	<i>0.32</i>
Gabon	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	<i>0.23</i>	<i>0.23</i>	<i>0.22</i>	<i>0.22</i>	<i>0.22</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.20</i>	0.24	<i>0.23</i>	<i>0.21</i>
Sudan	0.46	0.48	0.50	0.50	<i>0.51</i>	<i>0.53</i>	<i>0.54</i>	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>0.53</i>	<i>0.51</i>	0.49	<i>0.54</i>	<i>0.54</i>
Total non-OPEC liquids	50.08	49.87	50.14	51.00	<i>51.13</i>	<i>51.05</i>	<i>50.37</i>	<i>50.73</i>	<i>51.14</i>	<i>51.06</i>	<i>50.24</i>	<i>50.48</i>	50.27	<i>50.82</i>	<i>50.73</i>
OPEC non-crude liquids	4.49	4.74	4.92	4.96	<i>5.12</i>	<i>5.30</i>	<i>5.45</i>	<i>5.66</i>	<i>5.93</i>	<i>6.07</i>	<i>6.08</i>	<i>6.17</i>	4.78	<i>5.38</i>	<i>6.06</i>
Non-OPEC + OPEC non-crude	54.56	54.60	55.06	55.96	<i>56.25</i>	<i>56.35</i>	<i>55.82</i>	<i>56.40</i>	<i>57.06</i>	<i>57.14</i>	<i>56.32</i>	<i>56.65</i>	55.05	<i>56.21</i>	<i>56.79</i>

- = no data available

FSU = Former Soviet Union

OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, biofuels, other liquids, and refinery processing gains.

Not all countries are shown in each region and sum of reported country volumes may not equal regional volumes.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3c. OPEC Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply (million barrels per day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Crude Oil															
Algeria	1.30	1.30	1.36	1.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.33	-	-
Angola	1.78	1.75	1.84	1.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.82	-	-
Ecuador	0.50	0.49	0.48	0.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.49	-	-
Iran	3.77	3.80	3.80	3.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.79	-	-
Iraq	2.28	2.38	2.45	2.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	-	-
Kuwait	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.30	-	-
Libya	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.65	-	-
Nigeria	1.82	1.73	1.71	1.96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.80	-	-
Qatar	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.83	-	-
Saudi Arabia	8.07	8.13	8.40	8.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.22	-	-
United Arab Emirates	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.30	-	-
Venezuela	2.30	2.20	2.20	2.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.20	-	-
OPEC Total	28.88	28.86	29.34	29.34	29.49	29.49	29.57	29.46	29.65	29.64	30.14	30.14	29.10	29.50	29.89
Other Liquids	4.49	4.74	4.92	4.96	<i>5.12</i>	<i>5.30</i>	<i>5.45</i>	<i>5.66</i>	<i>5.93</i>	<i>6.07</i>	<i>6.08</i>	<i>6.17</i>	4.78	<i>5.38</i>	<i>6.06</i>
Total OPEC Supply	33.36	33.59	34.26	34.30	<i>34.60</i>	<i>34.79</i>	<i>35.02</i>	<i>35.12</i>	<i>35.57</i>	<i>35.72</i>	<i>36.22</i>	<i>36.31</i>	33.88	<i>34.89</i>	<i>35.96</i>
Crude Oil Production Capacity															
Algeria	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.37	-	-
Angola	1.92	2.03	2.06	2.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.02	-	-
Ecuador	0.50	0.49	0.48	0.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.49	-	-
Iran	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.90	-	-
Iraq	2.28	2.38	2.45	2.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	-	-
Kuwait	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.60	-	-
Libya	1.78	1.80	1.80	1.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.79	-	-
Nigeria	1.82	1.73	1.71	1.96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.80	-	-
Qatar	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.07	-	-
Saudi Arabia	10.60	10.80	11.63	12.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.26	-	-
United Arab Emirates	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.60	-	-
Venezuela	2.30	2.20	2.20	2.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.20	-	-
OPEC Total	32.74	32.96	33.86	34.30	34.57	34.87	34.88	34.90	35.41	35.47	35.62	35.77	33.47	34.81	35.57
Surplus Crude Oil Production Capacity															
Algeria	0.07	0.07	0.01	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-
Angola	0.15	0.28	0.22	0.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.20	-	-
Ecuador	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
Iran	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.11	-	-
Iraq	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
Kuwait	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-
Libya	0.13	0.15	0.15	0.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Nigeria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
Qatar	0.25	0.24	0.22	0.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.23	-	-
Saudi Arabia	2.53	2.67	3.23	3.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.04	-	-
United Arab Emirates	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.30	-	-
Venezuela	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
OPEC Total	3.86	4.10	4.52	4.96	5.08	5.37	5.31	5.44	5.77	5.83	5.48	5.63	4.36	5.30	5.67

- = no data available

OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 3d. World Liquid Fuels Consumption (million barrels per day)
Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				2009	2010	2011
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
North America	23.10	22.57	22.89	23.15	23.29	23.00	23.05	23.30	23.58	23.20	23.32	23.51	22.93	23.16	23.40
Canada	2.20	2.08	2.16	2.23	2.24	2.09	2.20	2.24	2.23	2.14	2.25	2.24	2.17	2.19	2.21
Mexico	2.05	2.01	2.10	2.09	2.07	2.10	2.05	2.06	2.08	2.11	2.06	2.07	2.06	2.07	2.08
United States	18.84	18.47	18.62	18.82	18.97	18.80	18.79	18.99	19.26	18.94	19.00	19.19	18.69	18.89	19.10
Central and South America	6.03	6.35	6.23	6.32	6.26	6.52	6.50	6.49	6.43	6.69	6.67	6.66	6.23	6.44	6.61
Brazil	2.44	2.57	2.63	2.60	2.58	2.69	2.75	2.72	2.71	2.82	2.88	2.85	2.56	2.68	2.82
Europe	15.68	15.00	15.29	15.41	15.46	15.01	15.51	15.66	15.46	15.08	15.59	15.72	15.34	15.41	15.46
FSU and Eastern Europe	4.09	4.19	4.23	4.32	4.16	4.18	4.33	4.29	4.13	4.18	4.32	4.29	4.21	4.24	4.23
Russia	2.73	2.81	2.80	2.90	2.78	2.80	2.89	2.85	2.77	2.82	2.91	2.87	2.81	2.83	2.85
Middle East	6.15	6.98	7.64	6.69	6.55	7.23	7.68	7.04	7.03	7.46	7.92	7.28	6.87	7.13	7.42
Asia and Oceania	25.09	25.29	24.79	25.71	26.28	25.67	25.08	26.06	27.18	26.38	25.78	26.54	25.22	25.77	26.46
China	7.62	8.44	8.33	8.48	8.42	8.78	8.66	8.77	9.02	9.25	9.12	9.04	8.22	8.66	9.11
Japan	4.72	4.03	4.10	4.48	4.60	3.80	3.83	4.19	4.47	3.71	3.74	4.08	4.33	4.10	4.00
India	3.20	3.20	2.99	3.12	3.42	3.38	3.10	3.35	3.67	3.53	3.25	3.50	3.13	3.31	3.49
Africa	3.28	3.25	3.15	3.28	3.41	3.37	3.28	3.38	3.51	3.45	3.41	3.48	3.24	3.36	3.46
Total OECD Liquid Fuels Consumption	46.40	44.36	44.89	45.88	46.33	44.53	45.01	46.06	46.56	44.78	45.35	46.28	45.38	45.48	45.74
Total non-OECD Liquid Fuels Consumption	37.01	39.27	39.33	39.01	39.08	40.46	40.42	40.16	40.75	41.66	41.67	41.19	38.66	40.03	41.32
Total World Liquid Fuels Consumption	83.41	83.62	84.23	84.88	85.41	84.99	85.43	86.21	87.31	86.44	87.02	87.47	84.04	85.51	87.06
World Real Gross Domestic Product (a)															
Index, 2007 Q1 = 100	101.10	101.60	102.43	103.56	104.35	105.18	106.02	106.88	107.76	108.71	109.81	110.91	102.18	105.62	109.31
Percent change from prior year	-2.8	-2.8	-1.7	0.9	3.2	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.8	-1.6	3.4	3.5
Real U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate (a)															
Index, January 2007 = 100	104.10	100.90	97.91	95.55	95.71	96.38	96.64	96.82	96.56	96.37	95.87	95.94	99.59	96.39	96.18
Percent change from prior year	13.8	12.0	6.5	-5.6	-8.1	-4.5	-1.3	1.3	0.9	0.0	-0.8	-0.9	6.3	-3.2	-0.2

- = no data available

FSU = Former Soviet Union

OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland,

France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal,

Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

(a) Weighted geometric mean of real indices for various countries with weights equal to each country's share of world oil consumption in the base period. Exchange rate is measured in foreign currency per U.S. dollar.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *International Petroleum Monthly*; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4a. U.S. Crude Oil and Liquid Fuels Supply, Consumption, and Inventories
Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Supply (million barrels per day)															
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production (a)	5.24	5.26	5.32	5.45	<i>5.51</i>	<i>5.50</i>	<i>5.48</i>	<i>5.61</i>	<i>5.56</i>	<i>5.56</i>	<i>5.52</i>	<i>5.53</i>	5.32	5.53	5.54
Alaska	0.70	0.63	0.59	0.66	<i>0.65</i>	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.52</i>	<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.58</i>	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.53</i>	<i>0.51</i>	0.65	0.58	0.54
Federal Gulf of Mexico (b)	1.39	1.48	1.60	1.68	<i>1.72</i>	<i>1.68</i>	<i>1.70</i>	<i>1.73</i>	<i>1.60</i>	<i>1.51</i>	<i>1.52</i>	<i>1.54</i>	1.54	1.71	1.54
Lower 48 States (excl GOM)	3.14	3.15	3.13	3.12	<i>3.14</i>	<i>3.25</i>	<i>3.26</i>	<i>3.29</i>	<i>3.39</i>	<i>3.49</i>	<i>3.47</i>	<i>3.47</i>	3.13	3.24	3.46
Crude Oil Net Imports (c)	9.48	9.12	9.07	8.41	<i>8.60</i>	<i>8.96</i>	<i>8.95</i>	<i>8.53</i>	<i>8.55</i>	<i>9.02</i>	<i>9.04</i>	<i>8.69</i>	9.02	8.76	8.83
SPR Net Withdrawals	-0.12	-0.12	-0.01	-0.02	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	-0.07	0.00	0.00
Commercial Inventory Net Withdrawals	-0.44	0.19	0.15	0.10	<i>-0.28</i>	<i>0.06</i>	<i>0.17</i>	<i>0.05</i>	<i>-0.17</i>	<i>0.04</i>	<i>0.15</i>	<i>0.04</i>	0.00	0.00	0.02
Crude Oil Adjustment (d)	-0.02	0.13	0.09	0.02	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	<i>0.05</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	0.06	0.02	0.03
Total Crude Oil Input to Refineries	14.11	14.55	14.63	13.97	<i>13.84</i>	<i>14.59</i>	<i>14.62</i>	<i>14.16</i>	<i>13.99</i>	<i>14.69</i>	<i>14.73</i>	<i>14.23</i>	14.31	14.31	14.41
Other Supply															
Refinery Processing Gain	0.93	1.00	1.00	0.99	<i>0.94</i>	<i>0.97</i>	<i>0.98</i>	<i>0.99</i>	<i>0.96</i>	<i>0.98</i>	<i>0.99</i>	<i>1.00</i>	0.98	0.97	0.98
Natural Gas Liquids Production	1.79	1.90	1.91	1.95	<i>1.83</i>	<i>1.92</i>	<i>1.87</i>	<i>1.82</i>	<i>1.81</i>	<i>1.88</i>	<i>1.89</i>	<i>1.85</i>	1.89	1.86	1.86
Renewables and Oxygenate Production (e)	0.67	0.70	0.76	0.80	<i>0.82</i>	<i>0.83</i>	<i>0.84</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.87</i>	<i>0.88</i>	<i>0.89</i>	<i>0.90</i>	0.74	0.84	0.89
Fuel Ethanol Production	0.64	0.67	0.73	0.77	<i>0.78</i>	<i>0.80</i>	<i>0.81</i>	<i>0.82</i>	<i>0.83</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.86</i>	<i>0.87</i>	0.70	0.80	0.85
Petroleum Products Adjustment (f)	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.13	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.14</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.13</i>	0.13	0.13	0.13
Product Net Imports (c)	1.29	0.74	0.41	0.32	<i>1.04</i>	<i>0.86</i>	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.71</i>	<i>1.06</i>	<i>0.87</i>	<i>0.60</i>	<i>0.77</i>	0.68	0.79	0.82
Pentanes Plus	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	<i>-0.01</i>	<i>-0.01</i>	<i>-0.02</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>-0.01</i>	<i>-0.02</i>	<i>-0.01</i>	-0.03	-0.01	-0.01
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.13	0.06	0.01	0.08	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.05</i>	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.12</i>	<i>0.06</i>	<i>0.05</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.07</i>	0.07	0.08	0.07
Unfinished Oils	0.68	0.68	0.74	0.57	<i>0.67</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.67</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.70</i>	0.67	0.69	0.69
Other HC/Oxygenates	-0.04	-0.03	-0.02	-0.02	<i>-0.05</i>	<i>-0.04</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	<i>-0.02</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	-0.03	-0.04	-0.03
Motor Gasoline Blend Comp.	0.85	0.71	0.65	0.61	<i>0.73</i>	<i>0.77</i>	<i>0.68</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.81</i>	<i>0.72</i>	<i>0.72</i>	0.70	0.72	0.74
Finished Motor Gasoline	0.09	0.05	0.03	-0.06	<i>0.04</i>	<i>0.03</i>	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.03</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.04</i>	0.03	0.04	0.06
Jet Fuel	0.02	0.01	0.04	-0.03	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>-0.01</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	0.01	0.00	-0.01
Distillate Fuel Oil	-0.26	-0.43	-0.43	-0.33	<i>-0.09</i>	<i>-0.32</i>	<i>-0.47</i>	<i>-0.36</i>	<i>-0.17</i>	<i>-0.38</i>	<i>-0.49</i>	<i>-0.35</i>	-0.36	-0.31	-0.35
Residual Fuel Oil	0.06	0.00	-0.23	-0.11	<i>0.04</i>	<i>-0.03</i>	<i>-0.13</i>	<i>-0.13</i>	<i>0.04</i>	<i>-0.06</i>	<i>-0.13</i>	<i>-0.11</i>	-0.07	-0.06	-0.07
Other Oils (g)	-0.21	-0.28	-0.34	-0.37	<i>-0.36</i>	<i>-0.30</i>	<i>-0.33</i>	<i>-0.28</i>	<i>-0.23</i>	<i>-0.28</i>	<i>-0.31</i>	<i>-0.27</i>	-0.30	-0.32	-0.27
Product Inventory Net Withdrawals	-0.08	-0.55	-0.20	0.66	<i>0.37</i>	<i>-0.50</i>	<i>-0.22</i>	<i>0.34</i>	<i>0.45</i>	<i>-0.49</i>	<i>-0.23</i>	<i>0.30</i>	-0.04	-0.01	0.01
Total Supply	18.84	18.47	18.62	18.82	<i>18.97</i>	<i>18.80</i>	<i>18.79</i>	<i>18.99</i>	<i>19.26</i>	<i>18.94</i>	<i>19.00</i>	<i>19.19</i>	18.69	18.89	19.10
Consumption (million barrels per day)															
Natural Gas Liquids and Other Liquids															
Pentanes Plus	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.10	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.08</i>	0.07	0.08	0.07
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	2.07	1.76	1.87	2.37	<i>2.22</i>	<i>1.79</i>	<i>1.81</i>	<i>2.03</i>	<i>2.21</i>	<i>1.77</i>	<i>1.82</i>	<i>2.05</i>	2.02	1.96	1.96
Unfinished Oils	0.00	-0.19	-0.05	-0.08	<i>0.00</i>	<i>-0.06</i>	<i>-0.06</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>-0.06</i>	<i>-0.06</i>	<i>0.00</i>	-0.08	-0.03	-0.03
Finished Liquid Fuels															
Motor Gasoline	8.79	9.09	9.15	8.91	<i>8.78</i>	<i>9.13</i>	<i>9.21</i>	<i>9.05</i>	<i>8.87</i>	<i>9.18</i>	<i>9.26</i>	<i>9.12</i>	8.99	9.04	9.11
Jet Fuel	1.38	1.39	1.46	1.35	<i>1.34</i>	<i>1.42</i>	<i>1.44</i>	<i>1.41</i>	<i>1.37</i>	<i>1.43</i>	<i>1.45</i>	<i>1.41</i>	1.40	1.40	1.41
Distillate Fuel Oil	3.91	3.48	3.44	3.71	<i>3.80</i>	<i>3.59</i>	<i>3.48</i>	<i>3.74</i>	<i>4.00</i>	<i>3.65</i>	<i>3.55</i>	<i>3.79</i>	3.63	3.65	3.75
Residual Fuel Oil	0.61	0.59	0.39	0.50	<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.58</i>	<i>0.49</i>	<i>0.49</i>	<i>0.63</i>	<i>0.57</i>	<i>0.50</i>	<i>0.49</i>	0.52	0.54	0.55
Other Oils (f)	2.05	2.30	2.27	1.94	<i>2.15</i>	<i>2.29</i>	<i>2.35</i>	<i>2.18</i>	<i>2.11</i>	<i>2.33</i>	<i>2.42</i>	<i>2.25</i>	2.14	2.24	2.28
Total Consumption	18.84	18.47	18.62	18.82	<i>18.97</i>	<i>18.80</i>	<i>18.79</i>	<i>18.99</i>	<i>19.26</i>	<i>18.94</i>	<i>19.00</i>	<i>19.19</i>	18.69	18.89	19.10
Total Liquid Fuels Net Imports	10.76	9.86	9.48	8.72	<i>9.64</i>	<i>9.82</i>	<i>9.51</i>	<i>9.24</i>	<i>9.61</i>	<i>9.89</i>	<i>9.64</i>	<i>9.46</i>	9.70	9.55	9.65
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
Commercial Inventory															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	365.8	348.7	334.6	325.1	<i>350.3</i>	<i>344.9</i>	<i>329.1</i>	<i>324.5</i>	<i>339.9</i>	<i>336.6</i>	<i>322.3</i>	<i>318.6</i>	325.1	324.5	318.6
Pentanes Plus	15.8	17.0	15.0	10.6	<i>10.6</i>	<i>12.5</i>	<i>13.3</i>	<i>11.2</i>	<i>11.5</i>	<i>13.3</i>	<i>14.1</i>	<i>11.7</i>	10.6	11.2	11.7
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	90.2	132.3	155.6	102.7	<i>68.9</i>	<i>110.4</i>	<i>140.3</i>	<i>109.2</i>	<i>72.3</i>	<i>111.9</i>	<i>141.8</i>	<i>109.7</i>	102.7	109.2	109.7
Unfinished Oils	93.8	91.7	85.6	80.5	<i>87.7</i>	<i>87.1</i>	<i>88.7</i>	<i>82.3</i>	<i>92.9</i>	<i>89.3</i>	<i>89.4</i>	<i>82.8</i>	80.5	82.3	82.8
Other HC/Oxygenates	17.2	15.1	16.5	18.8	<i>19.3</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>20.0</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>20.3</i>	<i>20.6</i>	<i>20.9</i>	<i>20.5</i>	18.8	19.6	20.5
Total Motor Gasoline	216.7	214.0	212.1	222.7	<i>223.2</i>	<i>219.8</i>	<i>210.7</i>	<i>219.6</i>	<i>216.0</i>	<i>215.3</i>	<i>207.5</i>	<i>218.2</i>	222.7	219.6	218.2
Finished Motor Gasoline	88.2	87.9	84.2	85.9	<i>79.5</i>	<i>81.6</i>	<i>80.5</i>	<i>86.3</i>	<i>81.0</i>	<i>83.8</i>	<i>81.0</i>	<i>86.4</i>	85.9	86.3	86.4
Motor Gasoline Blend Comp.	128.5	126.1	127.9	136.8	<i>143.7</i>	<i>138.2</i>	<i>130.2</i>	<i>133.3</i>	<i>135.0</i>	<i>131.6</i>	<i>126.6</i>	<i>131.8</i>	136.8	133.3	131.8
Jet Fuel	41.6	43.9	45.5	43.4	<i>42.4</i>	<i>42.9</i>	<i>42.6</i>	<i>41.0</i>	<i>40.6</i>	<i>41.4</i>	<i>41.9</i>	<i>40.8</i>	43.4	41.0	40.8
Distillate Fuel Oil	143.6	160.0	172.2	164.7	<i>143.1</i>	<i>151.4</i>	<i>157.4</i>	<i>155.7</i>	<i>135.4</i>	<i>144.5</i>	<i>151.9</i>	<i>153.3</i>	164.7	155.7	153.3
Residual Fuel Oil	39.0	37.0	35.4	37.8	<i>40.1</i>	<i>39.3</i>	<i>38.0</i>	<i>39.0</i>	<i>38.9</i>	<i>38.7</i>	<i>37.4</i>	<i>38.7</i>	37.8	39.0	38.7
Other Oils (f)	58.5	55.2	47.0	43.4	<i>56.2</i>	<i>54.0</i>	<i>46.2</i>	<i>48.8</i>	<i>58.3</i>	<i>55.4</i>	<i>47.1</i>	<i>49.0</i>	43.4	48.8	49.0
Total Commercial Inventory	1,082	1,115	1,119	1,050	<i>1,042</i>	<i>1,082</i>	<i>1,086</i>	<i>1,051</i>	<i>1,026</i>	<i>1,067</i>	<i>1,074</i>	<i>1,043</i>	1,050	1,051	1,043
Crude Oil in SPR	713	724	725	727	<i>727</i>	<i>727</i>	<i>727</i>	<i>727</i>	<i>727</i>	<i>727</i>	<i>727</i>	<i>727</i>	727	727	727
Heating Oil Reserve															

Table 4b. U.S. Petroleum Refinery Balance (Million Barrels per Day, Except Utilization Factor)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Refinery and Blender Net Inputs															
Crude Oil	14.11	14.55	14.63	13.97	<i>13.84</i>	<i>14.59</i>	<i>14.62</i>	<i>14.16</i>	<i>13.99</i>	<i>14.69</i>	<i>14.73</i>	<i>14.23</i>	14.31	<i>14.31</i>	<i>14.41</i>
Pentanes Plus	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.18	<i>0.15</i>	<i>0.16</i>	<i>0.16</i>	<i>0.18</i>	<i>0.16</i>	<i>0.16</i>	<i>0.16</i>	<i>0.18</i>	0.16	<i>0.16</i>	<i>0.17</i>
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.35	0.28	0.28	0.41	<i>0.34</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.34</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>0.38</i>	0.33	<i>0.32</i>	<i>0.32</i>
Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates	0.73	0.78	0.81	0.85	<i>0.87</i>	<i>0.90</i>	<i>0.92</i>	<i>0.94</i>	<i>0.95</i>	<i>0.97</i>	<i>0.98</i>	<i>1.00</i>	0.79	<i>0.91</i>	<i>0.98</i>
Unfinished Oils	0.57	0.90	0.85	0.71	<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.77</i>	<i>0.74</i>	<i>0.75</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>0.78</i>	<i>0.75</i>	<i>0.77</i>	0.76	<i>0.72</i>	<i>0.72</i>
Motor Gasoline Blend Components	0.66	0.60	0.41	0.45	<i>0.58</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>0.54</i>	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.71</i>	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.54</i>	0.53	<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.60</i>
Aviation Gasoline Blend Components	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	0.00	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>
Total Refinery and Blender Net Inputs	16.56	17.26	17.14	16.56	<i>16.37</i>	<i>17.39</i>	<i>17.28</i>	<i>16.96</i>	<i>16.60</i>	<i>17.58</i>	<i>17.47</i>	<i>17.10</i>	16.88	<i>17.00</i>	<i>17.19</i>
Refinery Processing Gain	0.93	1.00	1.00	0.99	<i>0.94</i>	<i>0.97</i>	<i>0.98</i>	<i>0.99</i>	<i>0.96</i>	<i>0.98</i>	<i>0.99</i>	<i>1.00</i>	0.98	<i>0.97</i>	<i>0.98</i>
Refinery and Blender Net Production															
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.50	0.82	0.77	0.44	<i>0.52</i>	<i>0.82</i>	<i>0.75</i>	<i>0.41</i>	<i>0.51</i>	<i>0.82</i>	<i>0.74</i>	<i>0.41</i>	0.63	<i>0.62</i>	<i>0.62</i>
Finished Motor Gasoline	8.52	8.85	8.81	8.88	<i>8.57</i>	<i>8.94</i>	<i>8.86</i>	<i>8.94</i>	<i>8.68</i>	<i>8.97</i>	<i>8.89</i>	<i>8.98</i>	8.76	<i>8.83</i>	<i>8.88</i>
Jet Fuel	1.40	1.40	1.43	1.36	<i>1.33</i>	<i>1.42</i>	<i>1.44</i>	<i>1.40</i>	<i>1.39</i>	<i>1.44</i>	<i>1.46</i>	<i>1.39</i>	1.40	<i>1.40</i>	<i>1.42</i>
Distillate Fuel	4.14	4.09	4.00	3.96	<i>3.66</i>	<i>4.01</i>	<i>4.01</i>	<i>4.08</i>	<i>3.94</i>	<i>4.14</i>	<i>4.12</i>	<i>4.16</i>	4.05	<i>3.94</i>	<i>4.09</i>
Residual Fuel	0.58	0.57	0.61	0.64	<i>0.58</i>	<i>0.60</i>	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.63</i>	<i>0.60</i>	<i>0.63</i>	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.62</i>	0.60	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.61</i>
Other Oils (a)	2.36	2.54	2.53	2.28	<i>2.65</i>	<i>2.57</i>	<i>2.59</i>	<i>2.49</i>	<i>2.44</i>	<i>2.58</i>	<i>2.64</i>	<i>2.54</i>	2.43	<i>2.58</i>	<i>2.55</i>
Total Refinery and Blender Net Production	17.49	18.26	18.14	17.55	<i>17.31</i>	<i>18.35</i>	<i>18.26</i>	<i>17.95</i>	<i>17.56</i>	<i>18.56</i>	<i>18.46</i>	<i>18.10</i>	17.86	<i>17.97</i>	<i>18.17</i>
Refinery Distillation Inputs	14.43	14.86	14.91	14.36	<i>14.16</i>	<i>14.93</i>	<i>14.96</i>	<i>14.51</i>	<i>14.34</i>	<i>15.02</i>	<i>15.07</i>	<i>14.59</i>	14.64	<i>14.64</i>	<i>14.75</i>
Refinery Operable Distillation Capacity	17.67	17.66	17.67	17.69	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>	17.67	<i>17.69</i>	<i>17.69</i>
Refinery Distillation Utilization Factor	0.82	0.84	0.84	0.81	<i>0.80</i>	<i>0.84</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.82</i>	<i>0.81</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.82</i>	0.83	<i>0.83</i>	<i>0.83</i>

- = no data available

(a) "Other Oils" includes aviation gasoline blend components, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt and road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4c. U.S. Regional Motor Gasoline Prices and Inventories
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Wholesale Price	132	176	194	200	<i>212</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>217</i>	<i>224</i>	<i>238</i>	<i>239</i>	<i>228</i>	176	222	233
Gasoline Regular Grade Retail Prices Excluding Taxes															
PADD 1 (East Coast)	140	183	204	210	<i>222</i>	<i>238</i>	<i>241</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>235</i>	<i>247</i>	<i>251</i>	<i>241</i>	185	233	244
PADD 2 (Midwest)	142	186	201	208	<i>217</i>	<i>238</i>	<i>241</i>	<i>227</i>	<i>234</i>	<i>248</i>	<i>252</i>	<i>239</i>	185	231	243
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	136	180	200	205	<i>216</i>	<i>235</i>	<i>239</i>	<i>226</i>	<i>232</i>	<i>246</i>	<i>249</i>	<i>238</i>	181	229	241
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	128	182	210	207	<i>214</i>	<i>238</i>	<i>250</i>	<i>232</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>248</i>	<i>259</i>	<i>244</i>	182	234	246
PADD 5 (West Coast)	157	197	233	231	<i>236</i>	<i>254</i>	<i>256</i>	<i>242</i>	<i>248</i>	<i>265</i>	<i>266</i>	<i>256</i>	205	247	259
U.S. Average	142	185	206	211	<i>221</i>	<i>240</i>	<i>244</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>236</i>	<i>250</i>	<i>254</i>	<i>243</i>	187	234	246
Gasoline Regular Grade Retail Prices Including Taxes															
PADD 1	187	229	254	259	<i>270</i>	<i>289</i>	<i>292</i>	<i>279</i>	<i>284</i>	<i>298</i>	<i>302</i>	<i>293</i>	233	283	294
PADD 2	187	231	248	254	<i>264</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>289</i>	<i>275</i>	<i>280</i>	<i>296</i>	<i>301</i>	<i>287</i>	230	278	291
PADD 3	178	221	241	246	<i>258</i>	<i>277</i>	<i>281</i>	<i>269</i>	<i>274</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>291</i>	<i>281</i>	222	271	284
PADD 4	173	226	257	254	<i>262</i>	<i>286</i>	<i>299</i>	<i>281</i>	<i>278</i>	<i>297</i>	<i>309</i>	<i>294</i>	228	282	295
PADD 5	210	251	292	288	<i>293</i>	<i>313</i>	<i>314</i>	<i>301</i>	<i>306</i>	<i>324</i>	<i>326</i>	<i>315</i>	261	305	318
U.S. Average	189	232	257	260	<i>270</i>	<i>290</i>	<i>294</i>	<i>280</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>300</i>	<i>304</i>	<i>293</i>	235	284	296
Gasoline All Grades Including Taxes	194	237	262	266	<i>275</i>	<i>295</i>	<i>299</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>290</i>	<i>305</i>	<i>310</i>	<i>298</i>	240	289	301
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
Total Gasoline Inventories															
PADD 1	56.5	56.0	59.0	60.8	<i>57.6</i>	<i>58.1</i>	<i>55.3</i>	<i>59.5</i>	<i>57.1</i>	<i>57.6</i>	<i>54.3</i>	<i>59.6</i>	60.8	59.5	59.6
PADD 2	51.9	51.1	50.9	52.9	<i>55.0</i>	<i>52.1</i>	<i>50.9</i>	<i>50.3</i>	<i>49.2</i>	<i>48.8</i>	<i>48.8</i>	<i>49.4</i>	52.9	50.3	49.4
PADD 3	72.5	71.2	67.9	71.5	<i>72.6</i>	<i>72.0</i>	<i>68.7</i>	<i>72.1</i>	<i>72.6</i>	<i>72.6</i>	<i>69.2</i>	<i>72.2</i>	71.5	72.1	72.2
PADD 4	6.3	6.0	6.1	5.7	<i>5.9</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>6.6</i>	<i>6.4</i>	<i>6.1</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>6.7</i>	5.7	6.6	6.7
PADD 5	29.4	29.7	28.1	31.7	<i>32.1</i>	<i>31.6</i>	<i>29.8</i>	<i>31.1</i>	<i>30.7</i>	<i>30.2</i>	<i>29.0</i>	<i>30.3</i>	31.7	31.1	30.3
U.S. Total	216.7	214.0	212.1	222.7	<i>223.2</i>	<i>219.8</i>	<i>210.7</i>	<i>219.6</i>	<i>216.0</i>	<i>215.3</i>	<i>207.5</i>	<i>218.2</i>	222.7	219.6	218.2
Finished Gasoline Inventories															
PADD 1	18.6	18.6	19.1	18.4	<i>14.8</i>	<i>16.4</i>	<i>16.6</i>	<i>19.1</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>16.7</i>	<i>16.0</i>	<i>19.2</i>	18.4	19.1	19.2
PADD 2	28.4	26.8	26.1	27.9	<i>27.3</i>	<i>26.1</i>	<i>26.5</i>	<i>27.8</i>	<i>26.7</i>	<i>26.7</i>	<i>26.8</i>	<i>28.0</i>	27.9	27.8	28.0
PADD 3	31.5	32.6	29.6	31.6	<i>28.0</i>	<i>29.4</i>	<i>28.1</i>	<i>31.1</i>	<i>30.2</i>	<i>31.3</i>	<i>29.5</i>	<i>31.5</i>	31.6	31.1	31.5
PADD 4	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.9	<i>4.0</i>	<i>4.2</i>	<i>4.2</i>	<i>4.5</i>	<i>4.4</i>	<i>4.3</i>	<i>4.4</i>	<i>4.6</i>	3.9	4.5	4.6
PADD 5	5.8	5.9	5.3	4.1	<i>5.4</i>	<i>5.6</i>	<i>5.0</i>	<i>3.9</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>4.3</i>	<i>3.1</i>	4.1	3.9	3.1
U.S. Total	88.2	87.9	84.2	85.9	<i>79.5</i>	<i>81.6</i>	<i>80.5</i>	<i>86.3</i>	<i>81.0</i>	<i>83.8</i>	<i>81.0</i>	<i>86.4</i>	85.9	86.3	86.4
Gasoline Blending Components Inventories															
PADD 1	38.0	37.4	39.9	42.4	<i>42.8</i>	<i>41.7</i>	<i>38.7</i>	<i>40.4</i>	<i>42.1</i>	<i>40.9</i>	<i>38.3</i>	<i>40.4</i>	42.4	40.4	40.4
PADD 2	23.4	24.3	24.9	25.0	<i>27.7</i>	<i>26.0</i>	<i>24.4</i>	<i>22.5</i>	<i>22.5</i>	<i>22.1</i>	<i>22.0</i>	<i>21.4</i>	25.0	22.5	21.4
PADD 3	41.1	38.7	38.3	39.8	<i>44.5</i>	<i>42.7</i>	<i>40.5</i>	<i>41.0</i>	<i>42.4</i>	<i>41.3</i>	<i>39.7</i>	<i>40.7</i>	39.8	41.0	40.7
PADD 4	2.4	1.9	2.1	1.8	<i>1.9</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>2.1</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>1.8</i>	<i>1.8</i>	<i>2.1</i>	1.8	2.1	2.1
PADD 5	23.6	23.8	22.8	27.7	<i>26.8</i>	<i>26.0</i>	<i>24.9</i>	<i>27.2</i>	<i>26.0</i>	<i>25.4</i>	<i>24.7</i>	<i>27.2</i>	27.7	27.2	27.2
U.S. Total	128.5	126.1	127.9	136.8	<i>143.7</i>	<i>138.2</i>	<i>130.2</i>	<i>133.3</i>	<i>135.0</i>	<i>131.6</i>	<i>126.6</i>	<i>131.8</i>	136.8	133.3	131.8

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD).

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380; *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4d. U.S. Regional Heating Oil Prices and Distillate Inventories
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Wholesale Prices															
Heating Oil	145	151	175	197	<i>205</i>	<i>211</i>	<i>213</i>	<i>220</i>	<i>224</i>	<i>225</i>	<i>226</i>	<i>235</i>	166	<i>211</i>	<i>228</i>
Diesel Fuel	137	161	184	200	<i>210</i>	<i>221</i>	<i>223</i>	<i>225</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>236</i>	<i>238</i>	<i>241</i>	171	<i>220</i>	<i>236</i>
Heating Oil Residential Prices Excluding Taxes															
Northeast	238	226	236	260	<i>270</i>	<i>268</i>	<i>272</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>296</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>286</i>	<i>304</i>	242	<i>275</i>	<i>296</i>
South	228	211	225	260	<i>269</i>	<i>258</i>	<i>259</i>	<i>282</i>	<i>294</i>	<i>277</i>	<i>275</i>	<i>301</i>	236	<i>271</i>	<i>292</i>
Midwest	190	194	220	240	<i>251</i>	<i>258</i>	<i>266</i>	<i>275</i>	<i>276</i>	<i>276</i>	<i>281</i>	<i>293</i>	210	<i>261</i>	<i>282</i>
West	217	233	258	277	<i>274</i>	<i>287</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>298</i>	<i>300</i>	<i>304</i>	<i>305</i>	<i>317</i>	246	<i>285</i>	<i>307</i>
U.S. Average	235	224	234	259	<i>269</i>	<i>267</i>	<i>271</i>	<i>287</i>	<i>295</i>	<i>287</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>304</i>	240	<i>274</i>	<i>296</i>
Heating Oil Residential Prices Including State Taxes															
Northeast	250	237	247	273	<i>284</i>	<i>281</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>302</i>	<i>311</i>	<i>302</i>	<i>300</i>	<i>319</i>	254	<i>289</i>	<i>311</i>
South	238	220	235	272	<i>281</i>	<i>270</i>	<i>271</i>	<i>295</i>	<i>307</i>	<i>290</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>314</i>	246	<i>283</i>	<i>305</i>
Midwest	201	205	233	253	<i>265</i>	<i>272</i>	<i>281</i>	<i>291</i>	<i>291</i>	<i>291</i>	<i>297</i>	<i>309</i>	222	<i>275</i>	<i>298</i>
West	225	241	266	287	<i>284</i>	<i>296</i>	<i>296</i>	<i>309</i>	<i>310</i>	<i>314</i>	<i>314</i>	<i>329</i>	255	<i>295</i>	<i>318</i>
U.S. Average	246	235	246	272	<i>283</i>	<i>280</i>	<i>284</i>	<i>301</i>	<i>310</i>	<i>301</i>	<i>299</i>	<i>319</i>	252	<i>288</i>	<i>310</i>
Total Distillate End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
PADD 1 (East Coast)	54.2	67.9	75.2	68.3	<i>56.3</i>	<i>62.7</i>	<i>71.7</i>	<i>69.1</i>	<i>52.3</i>	<i>59.9</i>	<i>68.4</i>	<i>66.6</i>	68.3	<i>69.1</i>	<i>66.6</i>
PADD 2 (Midwest)	34.6	32.8	33.3	32.4	<i>29.9</i>	<i>30.0</i>	<i>29.7</i>	<i>29.4</i>	<i>29.5</i>	<i>29.5</i>	<i>30.2</i>	<i>30.6</i>	32.4	<i>29.4</i>	<i>30.6</i>
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	38.8	43.6	48.2	47.5	<i>42.0</i>	<i>43.1</i>	<i>41.1</i>	<i>40.8</i>	<i>38.4</i>	<i>39.5</i>	<i>38.3</i>	<i>39.4</i>	47.5	<i>40.8</i>	<i>39.4</i>
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.1	<i>3.3</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>3.2</i>	3.1	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>
PADD 5 (West Coast)	12.6	12.6	12.2	13.4	<i>11.5</i>	<i>12.4</i>	<i>12.1</i>	<i>13.2</i>	<i>12.1</i>	<i>12.5</i>	<i>12.2</i>	<i>13.4</i>	13.4	<i>13.2</i>	<i>13.4</i>
U.S. Total	143.6	160.0	172.2	164.7	<i>143.1</i>	<i>151.4</i>	<i>157.4</i>	<i>155.7</i>	<i>135.4</i>	<i>144.5</i>	<i>151.9</i>	<i>153.3</i>	164.7	<i>155.7</i>	<i>153.3</i>

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) for inventories and to U.S. Census regions for prices.

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" and "Census region" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380;

Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 4e. U.S. Regional Propane Prices and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Propane Wholesale Price (a)	68	72	86	103	<i>120</i>	<i>115</i>	<i>114</i>	<i>122</i>	<i>129</i>	<i>118</i>	<i>118</i>	<i>127</i>	84	<i>119</i>	<i>124</i>
Propane Residential Prices excluding Taxes															
Northeast	255	248	240	242	<i>254</i>	<i>256</i>	<i>257</i>	<i>261</i>	<i>273</i>	<i>273</i>	<i>270</i>	<i>273</i>	249	<i>257</i>	<i>273</i>
South	237	212	191	205	<i>235</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>219</i>	<i>237</i>	<i>254</i>	<i>243</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>248</i>	218	<i>233</i>	<i>248</i>
Midwest	204	176	143	151	<i>177</i>	<i>181</i>	<i>174</i>	<i>188</i>	<i>201</i>	<i>192</i>	<i>178</i>	<i>195</i>	175	<i>180</i>	<i>195</i>
West	218	197	170	195	<i>228</i>	<i>221</i>	<i>208</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>249</i>	<i>233</i>	<i>214</i>	<i>239</i>	200	<i>224</i>	<i>238</i>
U.S. Average	223	203	175	185	<i>213</i>	<i>217</i>	<i>204</i>	<i>218</i>	<i>234</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>212</i>	<i>228</i>	202	<i>214</i>	<i>229</i>
Propane Residential Prices including State Taxes															
Northeast	267	260	251	253	<i>266</i>	<i>267</i>	<i>270</i>	<i>273</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>285</i>	<i>283</i>	<i>286</i>	260	<i>269</i>	<i>285</i>
South	249	223	201	216	<i>247</i>	<i>242</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>249</i>	<i>267</i>	<i>256</i>	<i>242</i>	<i>261</i>	229	<i>245</i>	<i>260</i>
Midwest	215	186	151	159	<i>187</i>	<i>191</i>	<i>184</i>	<i>198</i>	<i>212</i>	<i>203</i>	<i>188</i>	<i>205</i>	184	<i>191</i>	<i>206</i>
West	229	208	179	205	<i>241</i>	<i>234</i>	<i>219</i>	<i>242</i>	<i>263</i>	<i>246</i>	<i>226</i>	<i>252</i>	211	<i>237</i>	<i>251</i>
U.S. Average	235	213	185	195	<i>224</i>	<i>228</i>	<i>215</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>247</i>	<i>242</i>	<i>223</i>	<i>240</i>	212	<i>225</i>	<i>241</i>
Propane End-of-period Inventories (million barrels)															
PADD 1 (East Coast)	3.1	3.6	4.5	4.7	<i>2.2</i>	<i>4.0</i>	<i>4.7</i>	<i>4.4</i>	<i>2.4</i>	<i>4.0</i>	<i>4.6</i>	<i>4.3</i>	4.7	<i>4.4</i>	<i>4.3</i>
PADD 2 (Midwest)	13.4	24.2	31.5	19.3	<i>9.6</i>	<i>18.1</i>	<i>24.8</i>	<i>20.0</i>	<i>9.2</i>	<i>17.7</i>	<i>24.3</i>	<i>19.6</i>	19.3	<i>20.0</i>	<i>19.6</i>
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	22.5	35.9	36.6	25.1	<i>12.8</i>	<i>24.0</i>	<i>33.5</i>	<i>28.7</i>	<i>14.3</i>	<i>24.3</i>	<i>34.0</i>	<i>28.2</i>	25.1	<i>28.7</i>	<i>28.2</i>
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.4</i>	0.4	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.4</i>
PADD 5 (West Coast)	0.5	1.2	2.3	1.4	<i>0.4</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>2.4</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>2.4</i>	<i>1.7</i>	1.4	<i>1.7</i>	<i>1.7</i>
U.S. Total	40.0	65.3	75.3	50.8	<i>25.2</i>	<i>47.6</i>	<i>65.7</i>	<i>55.1</i>	<i>26.7</i>	<i>47.6</i>	<i>65.8</i>	<i>54.2</i>	50.8	<i>55.1</i>	<i>54.2</i>

- = no data available

(a) Propane price to petrochemical sector.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) for inventories and to U.S. Census regions for prices.

 See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" and "Census region" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380;

Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 5a. U.S. Natural Gas Supply, Consumption, and Inventories
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Supply (billion cubic feet per day)															
Total Marketed Production	60.70	60.48	59.82	60.46	<i>58.86</i>	<i>58.67</i>	<i>58.34</i>	<i>59.02</i>	<i>59.15</i>	<i>59.30</i>	<i>59.24</i>	<i>59.67</i>	60.36	<i>58.72</i>	<i>59.34</i>
Alaska	1.22	1.06	0.93	1.14	<i>1.21</i>	<i>1.00</i>	<i>0.95</i>	<i>1.18</i>	<i>1.22</i>	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.00</i>	<i>1.20</i>	1.09	<i>1.09</i>	<i>1.11</i>
Federal GOM (a)	6.51	6.91	7.09	6.70	<i>7.00</i>	<i>7.08</i>	<i>6.69</i>	<i>6.78</i>	<i>6.69</i>	<i>6.62</i>	<i>6.23</i>	<i>6.14</i>	6.80	<i>6.89</i>	<i>6.42</i>
Lower 48 States (excl GOM)	52.97	52.51	51.80	52.62	<i>50.65</i>	<i>50.58</i>	<i>50.69</i>	<i>51.06</i>	<i>51.23</i>	<i>51.66</i>	<i>52.01</i>	<i>52.33</i>	52.47	<i>50.75</i>	<i>51.81</i>
Total Dry Gas Production	58.26	57.92	57.24	57.77	<i>56.23</i>	<i>56.06</i>	<i>55.73</i>	<i>56.38</i>	<i>56.51</i>	<i>56.65</i>	<i>56.59</i>	<i>57.00</i>	57.79	<i>56.10</i>	<i>56.69</i>
Gross Imports	11.19	9.53	10.41	9.57	<i>11.31</i>	<i>9.38</i>	<i>10.04</i>	<i>9.84</i>	<i>10.41</i>	<i>8.75</i>	<i>9.63</i>	<i>9.79</i>	10.17	<i>10.14</i>	<i>9.64</i>
Pipeline	10.23	7.82	9.21	8.49	<i>9.56</i>	<i>7.44</i>	<i>8.18</i>	<i>8.18</i>	<i>8.62</i>	<i>6.81</i>	<i>7.77</i>	<i>8.03</i>	8.93	<i>8.34</i>	<i>7.81</i>
LNG	0.96	1.71	1.21	1.08	<i>1.75</i>	<i>1.93</i>	<i>1.86</i>	<i>1.66</i>	<i>1.79</i>	<i>1.94</i>	<i>1.86</i>	<i>1.76</i>	1.24	<i>1.80</i>	<i>1.84</i>
Gross Exports	3.55	2.45	2.60	2.89	<i>3.24</i>	<i>2.21</i>	<i>2.29</i>	<i>2.95</i>	<i>3.34</i>	<i>2.36</i>	<i>2.37</i>	<i>3.10</i>	2.87	<i>2.67</i>	<i>2.79</i>
Net Imports	7.63	7.08	7.82	6.67	<i>8.07</i>	<i>7.16</i>	<i>7.74</i>	<i>6.90</i>	<i>7.07</i>	<i>6.39</i>	<i>7.26</i>	<i>6.69</i>	7.30	<i>7.46</i>	<i>6.85</i>
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.19	0.14	0.17	0.19	<i>0.18</i>	<i>0.15</i>	<i>0.17</i>	<i>0.18</i>	<i>0.18</i>	<i>0.15</i>	<i>0.17</i>	<i>0.18</i>	0.17	<i>0.17</i>	<i>0.17</i>
Net Inventory Withdrawals	13.00	-12.19	-9.88	5.59	<i>17.57</i>	<i>-10.56</i>	<i>-8.98</i>	<i>3.76</i>	<i>15.24</i>	<i>-10.78</i>	<i>-9.00</i>	<i>3.88</i>	-0.91	<i>0.39</i>	<i>-0.22</i>
Total Supply	79.09	52.94	55.35	70.23	<i>82.05</i>	<i>52.81</i>	<i>54.66</i>	<i>67.22</i>	<i>79.00</i>	<i>52.41</i>	<i>55.02</i>	<i>67.75</i>	64.35	<i>64.12</i>	<i>63.49</i>
Balancing Item (b)	0.59	-0.46	-1.47	-6.09	<i>0.23</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>-0.71</i>	<i>-4.33</i>	<i>0.17</i>	<i>1.12</i>	<i>-0.52</i>	<i>-3.93</i>	-1.87	<i>-1.19</i>	<i>-0.80</i>
Total Primary Supply	79.68	52.48	53.88	64.14	<i>82.28</i>	<i>52.92</i>	<i>53.95</i>	<i>62.89</i>	<i>79.17</i>	<i>53.54</i>	<i>54.50</i>	<i>63.83</i>	62.48	<i>62.93</i>	<i>62.69</i>
Consumption (billion cubic feet per day)															
Residential	25.43	8.10	3.82	15.06	<i>26.52</i>	<i>8.38</i>	<i>3.85</i>	<i>15.00</i>	<i>25.54</i>	<i>8.36</i>	<i>3.84</i>	<i>15.07</i>	13.05	<i>13.38</i>	<i>13.15</i>
Commercial	14.36	6.01	4.31	9.55	<i>14.93</i>	<i>6.20</i>	<i>4.23</i>	<i>9.29</i>	<i>14.36</i>	<i>6.13</i>	<i>4.19</i>	<i>9.29</i>	8.53	<i>8.63</i>	<i>8.47</i>
Industrial	18.17	15.53	15.71	17.90	<i>18.71</i>	<i>15.98</i>	<i>15.87</i>	<i>17.61</i>	<i>18.94</i>	<i>16.45</i>	<i>16.23</i>	<i>18.00</i>	16.82	<i>17.04</i>	<i>17.40</i>
Electric Power (c)	15.90	17.81	25.01	16.27	<i>16.38</i>	<i>17.41</i>	<i>25.08</i>	<i>15.76</i>	<i>14.61</i>	<i>17.62</i>	<i>25.27</i>	<i>16.21</i>	18.76	<i>18.67</i>	<i>18.45</i>
Lease and Plant Fuel	3.50	3.49	3.45	3.48	<i>3.39</i>	<i>3.38</i>	<i>3.36</i>	<i>3.40</i>	<i>3.41</i>	<i>3.42</i>	<i>3.41</i>	<i>3.44</i>	3.48	<i>3.38</i>	<i>3.42</i>
Pipeline and Distribution Use	2.22	1.47	1.51	1.79	<i>2.24</i>	<i>1.47</i>	<i>1.47</i>	<i>1.74</i>	<i>2.20</i>	<i>1.46</i>	<i>1.45</i>	<i>1.72</i>	1.75	<i>1.73</i>	<i>1.71</i>
Vehicle Use	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.11</i>	<i>0.11</i>	<i>0.11</i>	<i>0.11</i>	0.09	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.11</i>
Total Consumption	79.68	52.48	53.88	64.14	<i>82.28</i>	<i>52.92</i>	<i>53.95</i>	<i>62.89</i>	<i>79.17</i>	<i>53.54</i>	<i>54.50</i>	<i>63.83</i>	62.48	<i>62.93</i>	<i>62.69</i>
End-of-period Inventories (billion cubic feet)															
Working Gas Inventory	1,656	2,752	3,643	3,131	<i>1,549</i>	<i>2,510</i>	<i>3,336</i>	<i>2,990</i>	<i>1,618</i>	<i>2,599</i>	<i>3,427</i>	<i>3,070</i>	3,131	<i>2,990</i>	<i>3,070</i>
Producing Region (d)	734	1,003	1,164	1,012	<i>582</i>	<i>822</i>	<i>952</i>	<i>908</i>	<i>617</i>	<i>865</i>	<i>981</i>	<i>938</i>	1,012	<i>908</i>	<i>938</i>
East Consuming Region (d)	644	1,322	1,988	1,686	<i>685</i>	<i>1,289</i>	<i>1,898</i>	<i>1,635</i>	<i>718</i>	<i>1,317</i>	<i>1,948</i>	<i>1,684</i>	1,686	<i>1,635</i>	<i>1,684</i>
West Consuming Region (d)	279	427	490	433	<i>281</i>	<i>399</i>	<i>486</i>	<i>446</i>	<i>282</i>	<i>417</i>	<i>498</i>	<i>449</i>	433	<i>446</i>	<i>449</i>

- = no data available

(a) Marketed production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

(b) The balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

(c) Natural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

(d) For a list of States in each inventory region refer to *Methodology for EIA Weekly Underground Natural Gas Storage Estimates* (<http://tonto.eia.doe.gov/oog/info/ngs/methodology.html>).

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

LNG: liquefied natural gas.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 5b. U.S. Regional Natural Gas Consumption (Billion Cubic Feet/ Day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Residential Sector															
New England	0.98	0.33	0.13	0.43	<i>0.95</i>	<i>0.37</i>	<i>0.15</i>	<i>0.46</i>	<i>1.00</i>	<i>0.38</i>	<i>0.15</i>	<i>0.47</i>	0.47	<i>0.48</i>	<i>0.50</i>
Middle Atlantic	4.79	1.43	0.64	2.60	<i>4.67</i>	<i>1.54</i>	<i>0.64</i>	<i>2.65</i>	<i>4.63</i>	<i>1.54</i>	<i>0.64</i>	<i>2.67</i>	2.35	<i>2.36</i>	<i>2.36</i>
E. N. Central	7.50	2.25	0.92	4.23	<i>7.48</i>	<i>2.27</i>	<i>0.89</i>	<i>4.45</i>	<i>7.37</i>	<i>2.25</i>	<i>0.89</i>	<i>4.43</i>	3.71	<i>3.76</i>	<i>3.72</i>
W. N. Central	2.52	0.71	0.28	1.36	<i>2.71</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>1.34</i>	<i>2.53</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.28</i>	<i>1.36</i>	1.21	<i>1.25</i>	<i>1.21</i>
S. Atlantic	2.44	0.56	0.32	1.56	<i>2.79</i>	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.32</i>	<i>1.55</i>	<i>2.43</i>	<i>0.60</i>	<i>0.32</i>	<i>1.54</i>	1.22	<i>1.31</i>	<i>1.22</i>
E. S. Central	1.03	0.24	0.12	0.56	<i>1.23</i>	<i>0.26</i>	<i>0.12</i>	<i>0.54</i>	<i>1.07</i>	<i>0.25</i>	<i>0.12</i>	<i>0.55</i>	0.49	<i>0.53</i>	<i>0.49</i>
W. S. Central	1.71	0.53	0.28	1.04	<i>2.15</i>	<i>0.54</i>	<i>0.29</i>	<i>0.88</i>	<i>1.82</i>	<i>0.52</i>	<i>0.29</i>	<i>0.90</i>	0.89	<i>0.96</i>	<i>0.88</i>
Mountain	1.68	0.68	0.31	1.30	<i>1.87</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.32</i>	<i>1.19</i>	<i>1.87</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.32</i>	<i>1.20</i>	0.99	<i>1.01</i>	<i>1.02</i>
Pacific	2.80	1.36	0.81	1.96	<i>2.67</i>	<i>1.40</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>1.93</i>	<i>2.82</i>	<i>1.44</i>	<i>0.84</i>	<i>1.95</i>	1.73	<i>1.71</i>	<i>1.76</i>
Total	25.43	8.10	3.82	15.06	<i>26.52</i>	<i>8.38</i>	<i>3.85</i>	<i>15.00</i>	<i>25.54</i>	<i>8.36</i>	<i>3.84</i>	<i>15.07</i>	13.05	<i>13.38</i>	<i>13.15</i>
Commercial Sector															
New England	0.61	0.24	0.14	0.31	<i>0.55</i>	<i>0.24</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.31</i>	<i>0.56</i>	<i>0.24</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>0.31</i>	0.32	<i>0.31</i>	<i>0.31</i>
Middle Atlantic	2.81	1.12	0.93	1.78	<i>2.69</i>	<i>1.15</i>	<i>0.86</i>	<i>1.75</i>	<i>2.66</i>	<i>1.14</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>1.76</i>	1.66	<i>1.61</i>	<i>1.60</i>
E. N. Central	3.78	1.28	0.79	2.36	<i>3.91</i>	<i>1.31</i>	<i>0.74</i>	<i>2.31</i>	<i>3.82</i>	<i>1.31</i>	<i>0.73</i>	<i>2.31</i>	2.04	<i>2.06</i>	<i>2.04</i>
W. N. Central	1.53	0.52	0.30	0.96	<i>1.63</i>	<i>0.52</i>	<i>0.30</i>	<i>0.92</i>	<i>1.53</i>	<i>0.52</i>	<i>0.30</i>	<i>0.93</i>	0.82	<i>0.84</i>	<i>0.82</i>
S. Atlantic	1.62	0.69	0.56	1.16	<i>1.75</i>	<i>0.72</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>1.14</i>	<i>1.58</i>	<i>0.72</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>1.12</i>	1.00	<i>1.04</i>	<i>0.99</i>
E. S. Central	0.63	0.24	0.18	0.40	<i>0.73</i>	<i>0.25</i>	<i>0.18</i>	<i>0.40</i>	<i>0.64</i>	<i>0.25</i>	<i>0.17</i>	<i>0.39</i>	0.36	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.36</i>
W. S. Central	1.11	0.60	0.46	0.78	<i>1.33</i>	<i>0.68</i>	<i>0.50</i>	<i>0.75</i>	<i>1.19</i>	<i>0.61</i>	<i>0.48</i>	<i>0.74</i>	0.74	<i>0.81</i>	<i>0.75</i>
Mountain	0.95	0.48	0.28	0.76	<i>1.07</i>	<i>0.49</i>	<i>0.29</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>1.06</i>	<i>0.49</i>	<i>0.29</i>	<i>0.71</i>	0.62	<i>0.63</i>	<i>0.63</i>
Pacific	1.32	0.84	0.67	1.04	<i>1.27</i>	<i>0.84</i>	<i>0.68</i>	<i>1.03</i>	<i>1.32</i>	<i>0.85</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>1.03</i>	0.96	<i>0.95</i>	<i>0.97</i>
Total	14.36	6.01	4.31	9.55	<i>14.93</i>	<i>6.20</i>	<i>4.23</i>	<i>9.29</i>	<i>14.36</i>	<i>6.13</i>	<i>4.19</i>	<i>9.29</i>	8.53	<i>8.63</i>	<i>8.47</i>
Industrial Sector															
New England	0.38	0.26	0.22	0.32	<i>0.37</i>	<i>0.26</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.30</i>	<i>0.38</i>	<i>0.27</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.30</i>	0.29	<i>0.29</i>	<i>0.29</i>
Middle Atlantic	0.98	0.72	0.66	0.85	<i>1.00</i>	<i>0.75</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.88</i>	<i>1.00</i>	<i>0.76</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.88</i>	0.80	<i>0.83</i>	<i>0.83</i>
E. N. Central	3.30	2.18	2.07	2.85	<i>3.45</i>	<i>2.34</i>	<i>2.20</i>	<i>2.95</i>	<i>3.54</i>	<i>2.46</i>	<i>2.31</i>	<i>3.02</i>	2.60	<i>2.73</i>	<i>2.83</i>
W. N. Central	1.71	1.34	1.35	1.66	<i>1.57</i>	<i>1.23</i>	<i>1.23</i>	<i>1.44</i>	<i>1.59</i>	<i>1.27</i>	<i>1.30</i>	<i>1.50</i>	1.51	<i>1.37</i>	<i>1.42</i>
S. Atlantic	1.38	1.26	1.27	1.39	<i>1.43</i>	<i>1.28</i>	<i>1.24</i>	<i>1.31</i>	<i>1.40</i>	<i>1.29</i>	<i>1.23</i>	<i>1.30</i>	1.32	<i>1.32</i>	<i>1.30</i>
E. S. Central	1.14	1.02	1.07	1.23	<i>1.24</i>	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.02</i>	<i>1.14</i>	<i>1.21</i>	<i>1.04</i>	<i>1.00</i>	<i>1.16</i>	1.11	<i>1.11</i>	<i>1.10</i>
W. S. Central	5.96	5.81	5.94	6.29	<i>6.32</i>	<i>6.09</i>	<i>6.16</i>	<i>6.29</i>	<i>6.43</i>	<i>6.35</i>	<i>6.36</i>	<i>6.48</i>	6.00	<i>6.22</i>	<i>6.40</i>
Mountain	0.88	0.70	0.64	0.84	<i>0.91</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.67</i>	<i>0.83</i>	<i>0.90</i>	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.68</i>	<i>0.84</i>	0.76	<i>0.77</i>	<i>0.78</i>
Pacific	2.45	2.25	2.48	2.47	<i>2.42</i>	<i>2.30</i>	<i>2.43</i>	<i>2.48</i>	<i>2.48</i>	<i>2.32</i>	<i>2.43</i>	<i>2.52</i>	2.41	<i>2.41</i>	<i>2.44</i>
Total	18.17	15.53	15.71	17.90	<i>18.71</i>	<i>15.98</i>	<i>15.87</i>	<i>17.61</i>	<i>18.94</i>	<i>16.45</i>	<i>16.23</i>	<i>18.00</i>	16.82	<i>17.04</i>	<i>17.40</i>

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

 See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 5c. U.S. Regional Natural Gas Prices (dollars per thousand cubic feet)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Wholesale/Spot															
U.S. Average Wellhead	4.36	3.44	3.17	3.90	<i>4.91</i>	<i>4.53</i>	<i>4.67</i>	<i>4.91</i>	<i>5.47</i>	<i>5.08</i>	<i>5.09</i>	<i>5.27</i>	3.72	<i>4.76</i>	<i>5.23</i>
Henry Hub Spot Price	4.71	3.82	3.26	4.47	<i>5.52</i>	<i>5.05</i>	<i>5.20</i>	<i>5.52</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>5.50</i>	<i>5.67</i>	<i>6.03</i>	4.06	<i>5.32</i>	<i>5.82</i>
Residential															
New England	17.27	17.28	17.61	15.00	<i>15.82</i>	<i>16.70</i>	<i>19.37</i>	<i>16.97</i>	<i>16.80</i>	<i>17.71</i>	<i>19.91</i>	<i>17.63</i>	16.77	<i>16.54</i>	<i>17.40</i>
Middle Atlantic	15.08	15.18	18.03	13.71	<i>13.93</i>	<i>15.22</i>	<i>18.78</i>	<i>15.53</i>	<i>14.93</i>	<i>15.84</i>	<i>19.53</i>	<i>16.30</i>	14.92	<i>14.92</i>	<i>15.78</i>
E. N. Central	10.96	10.87	14.53	9.44	<i>10.20</i>	<i>11.67</i>	<i>14.81</i>	<i>11.21</i>	<i>11.13</i>	<i>12.59</i>	<i>15.64</i>	<i>11.91</i>	10.73	<i>11.00</i>	<i>11.85</i>
W. N. Central	10.21	10.86	14.90	9.35	<i>9.91</i>	<i>11.57</i>	<i>15.71</i>	<i>11.07</i>	<i>10.78</i>	<i>12.39</i>	<i>16.43</i>	<i>11.67</i>	10.33	<i>10.78</i>	<i>11.59</i>
S. Atlantic	14.49	17.95	22.77	13.42	<i>13.88</i>	<i>17.97</i>	<i>24.29</i>	<i>15.86</i>	<i>15.07</i>	<i>19.23</i>	<i>25.86</i>	<i>16.62</i>	15.09	<i>15.59</i>	<i>16.79</i>
E. S. Central	13.43	14.78	17.30	11.15	<i>11.96</i>	<i>14.85</i>	<i>19.76</i>	<i>14.17</i>	<i>13.28</i>	<i>15.80</i>	<i>20.56</i>	<i>14.68</i>	13.17	<i>13.31</i>	<i>14.43</i>
W. S. Central	11.35	13.16	16.72	10.15	<i>10.07</i>	<i>14.26</i>	<i>19.02</i>	<i>12.96</i>	<i>11.36</i>	<i>15.24</i>	<i>20.08</i>	<i>13.66</i>	11.70	<i>12.01</i>	<i>13.24</i>
Mountain	10.55	10.51	13.36	9.33	<i>9.84</i>	<i>10.56</i>	<i>13.26</i>	<i>10.18</i>	<i>10.52</i>	<i>11.25</i>	<i>13.96</i>	<i>10.90</i>	10.36	<i>10.33</i>	<i>11.03</i>
Pacific	10.62	10.09	10.51	10.17	<i>10.64</i>	<i>10.74</i>	<i>11.19</i>	<i>10.58</i>	<i>11.22</i>	<i>11.51</i>	<i>11.90</i>	<i>11.05</i>	10.37	<i>10.71</i>	<i>11.31</i>
U.S. Average	12.17	12.25	14.75	10.80	<i>11.37</i>	<i>12.78</i>	<i>15.56</i>	<i>12.53</i>	<i>12.31</i>	<i>13.60</i>	<i>16.40</i>	<i>13.20</i>	11.97	<i>12.22</i>	<i>13.08</i>
Commercial															
New England	14.23	12.75	11.46	11.06	<i>12.65</i>	<i>12.10</i>	<i>12.13</i>	<i>12.95</i>	<i>13.66</i>	<i>12.87</i>	<i>12.67</i>	<i>13.41</i>	12.96	<i>12.57</i>	<i>13.35</i>
Middle Atlantic	12.19	10.14	9.50	10.22	<i>11.19</i>	<i>10.28</i>	<i>9.99</i>	<i>11.57</i>	<i>12.14</i>	<i>10.93</i>	<i>10.41</i>	<i>11.87</i>	11.10	<i>10.97</i>	<i>11.66</i>
E. N. Central	9.69	8.05	7.84	7.61	<i>8.97</i>	<i>9.26</i>	<i>9.79</i>	<i>9.56</i>	<i>10.08</i>	<i>9.85</i>	<i>10.25</i>	<i>9.98</i>	8.75	<i>9.23</i>	<i>10.03</i>
W. N. Central	9.44	8.05	8.23	7.68	<i>8.85</i>	<i>8.73</i>	<i>9.01</i>	<i>8.75</i>	<i>9.35</i>	<i>9.22</i>	<i>9.46</i>	<i>9.17</i>	8.62	<i>8.82</i>	<i>9.29</i>
S. Atlantic	12.22	11.31	11.11	10.63	<i>11.14</i>	<i>11.07</i>	<i>11.54</i>	<i>12.18</i>	<i>12.43</i>	<i>11.85</i>	<i>12.13</i>	<i>12.66</i>	11.49	<i>11.42</i>	<i>12.35</i>
E. S. Central	12.33	11.02	10.41	9.50	<i>10.38</i>	<i>10.52</i>	<i>11.08</i>	<i>11.81</i>	<i>11.77</i>	<i>11.31</i>	<i>11.70</i>	<i>12.31</i>	11.12	<i>10.84</i>	<i>11.83</i>
W. S. Central	9.61	8.68	8.95	8.11	<i>8.47</i>	<i>8.29</i>	<i>9.16</i>	<i>9.69</i>	<i>9.31</i>	<i>8.96</i>	<i>9.67</i>	<i>10.11</i>	8.93	<i>8.81</i>	<i>9.49</i>
Mountain	9.32	8.77	9.42	8.29	<i>8.48</i>	<i>8.32</i>	<i>8.90</i>	<i>8.91</i>	<i>9.14</i>	<i>8.95</i>	<i>9.46</i>	<i>9.43</i>	8.91	<i>8.61</i>	<i>9.22</i>
Pacific	10.05	8.95	8.94	9.26	<i>9.85</i>	<i>8.68</i>	<i>8.80</i>	<i>9.20</i>	<i>10.16</i>	<i>9.21</i>	<i>9.27</i>	<i>9.61</i>	9.44	<i>9.25</i>	<i>9.67</i>
U.S. Average	10.63	9.27	9.24	8.83	<i>9.80</i>	<i>9.51</i>	<i>9.86</i>	<i>10.23</i>	<i>10.70</i>	<i>10.13</i>	<i>10.34</i>	<i>10.67</i>	9.75	<i>9.86</i>	<i>10.55</i>
Industrial															
New England	13.70	11.71	9.64	10.92	<i>12.34</i>	<i>11.33</i>	<i>10.60</i>	<i>11.77</i>	<i>13.20</i>	<i>12.37</i>	<i>11.51</i>	<i>12.73</i>	12.05	<i>11.71</i>	<i>12.66</i>
Middle Atlantic	11.41	8.83	7.88	9.02	<i>10.16</i>	<i>9.07</i>	<i>8.93</i>	<i>10.54</i>	<i>11.33</i>	<i>9.77</i>	<i>9.57</i>	<i>11.40</i>	9.83	<i>9.86</i>	<i>10.79</i>
E. N. Central	9.38	6.58	6.24	6.90	<i>8.07</i>	<i>7.60</i>	<i>7.73</i>	<i>8.06</i>	<i>8.80</i>	<i>8.23</i>	<i>8.11</i>	<i>8.57</i>	7.84	<i>7.94</i>	<i>8.54</i>
W. N. Central	7.80	5.11	4.48	5.91	<i>7.45</i>	<i>5.96</i>	<i>5.81</i>	<i>6.71</i>	<i>7.95</i>	<i>6.46</i>	<i>6.24</i>	<i>7.23</i>	6.01	<i>6.58</i>	<i>7.07</i>
S. Atlantic	8.67	6.30	5.91	6.65	<i>8.52</i>	<i>7.58</i>	<i>8.00</i>	<i>8.86</i>	<i>9.26</i>	<i>8.18</i>	<i>8.51</i>	<i>9.45</i>	7.00	<i>8.27</i>	<i>8.89</i>
E. S. Central	7.99	5.56	5.08	5.93	<i>8.05</i>	<i>6.60</i>	<i>6.87</i>	<i>7.72</i>	<i>8.47</i>	<i>7.07</i>	<i>7.38</i>	<i>8.29</i>	6.24	<i>7.37</i>	<i>7.86</i>
W. S. Central	4.70	3.76	3.59	4.55	<i>5.60</i>	<i>5.24</i>	<i>5.24</i>	<i>5.43</i>	<i>5.93</i>	<i>5.74</i>	<i>5.66</i>	<i>5.93</i>	4.15	<i>5.38</i>	<i>5.81</i>
Mountain	8.30	7.03	6.63	7.38	<i>8.01</i>	<i>7.53</i>	<i>7.37</i>	<i>8.35</i>	<i>8.97</i>	<i>8.34</i>	<i>8.07</i>	<i>8.98</i>	7.44	<i>7.87</i>	<i>8.65</i>
Pacific	8.26	7.07	7.18	7.44	<i>7.95</i>	<i>6.79</i>	<i>6.41</i>	<i>7.69</i>	<i>8.52</i>	<i>7.48</i>	<i>6.94</i>	<i>8.11</i>	7.56	<i>7.26</i>	<i>7.83</i>
U.S. Average	6.52	4.62	4.25	5.42	<i>6.79</i>	<i>5.90</i>	<i>5.79</i>	<i>6.42</i>	<i>7.27</i>	<i>6.43</i>	<i>6.24</i>	<i>6.96</i>	5.27	<i>6.25</i>	<i>6.75</i>

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

 See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130.

 Natural gas Henry Hub spot price from Reuter's News Service (<http://www.reuters.com>).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 6. U.S. Coal Supply, Consumption, and Inventories
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Supply (million short tons)															
Production	281.4	262.6	268.6	267.5	<i>240.7</i>	<i>239.3</i>	<i>260.8</i>	<i>268.4</i>	<i>263.9</i>	<i>259.7</i>	<i>279.1</i>	<i>274.4</i>	1080.2	<i>1009.1</i>	<i>1077.2</i>
Appalachia	94.8	84.1	80.7	89.0	<i>79.6</i>	<i>80.7</i>	<i>87.6</i>	<i>88.5</i>	<i>85.9</i>	<i>84.6</i>	<i>90.5</i>	<i>87.4</i>	348.5	<i>336.4</i>	<i>348.4</i>
Interior	37.1	37.5	36.9	36.0	<i>30.0</i>	<i>28.7</i>	<i>31.3</i>	<i>32.2</i>	<i>33.7</i>	<i>33.2</i>	<i>35.7</i>	<i>35.1</i>	147.5	<i>122.2</i>	<i>137.6</i>
Western	149.6	141.0	151.1	142.5	<i>131.1</i>	<i>129.9</i>	<i>141.9</i>	<i>147.7</i>	<i>144.3</i>	<i>142.0</i>	<i>152.9</i>	<i>151.9</i>	584.2	<i>550.6</i>	<i>591.1</i>
Primary Inventory Withdrawals	-6.6	-2.8	2.3	0.4	<i>-2.4</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>-1.7</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>1.2</i>	-6.6	<i>5.6</i>	<i>5.2</i>
Imports	6.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	<i>4.2</i>	<i>6.3</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>7.0</i>	<i>5.4</i>	<i>7.7</i>	<i>7.6</i>	<i>6.9</i>	22.6	<i>23.7</i>	<i>27.6</i>
Exports	13.3	13.0	15.2	17.7	<i>11.7</i>	<i>14.8</i>	<i>17.0</i>	<i>18.7</i>	<i>12.6</i>	<i>17.7</i>	<i>18.9</i>	<i>19.5</i>	59.1	<i>62.2</i>	<i>68.7</i>
Metallurgical Coal	8.5	6.5	10.4	11.9	<i>8.3</i>	<i>10.6</i>	<i>11.5</i>	<i>11.2</i>	<i>7.9</i>	<i>11.2</i>	<i>12.7</i>	<i>11.8</i>	37.3	<i>41.7</i>	<i>43.6</i>
Steam Coal	4.9	6.4	4.8	5.8	<i>3.4</i>	<i>4.2</i>	<i>5.5</i>	<i>7.5</i>	<i>4.7</i>	<i>6.6</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>7.7</i>	21.8	<i>20.5</i>	<i>25.1</i>
Total Primary Supply	267.9	252.4	261.2	255.7	<i>230.8</i>	<i>232.3</i>	<i>256.1</i>	<i>257.0</i>	<i>261.6</i>	<i>248.0</i>	<i>268.8</i>	<i>262.9</i>	1037.2	<i>976.1</i>	<i>1041.2</i>
Secondary Inventory Withdrawals	-12.7	-21.0	-1.5	9.8	<i>16.5</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>18.8</i>	<i>-3.4</i>	<i>-1.2</i>	<i>-9.8</i>	<i>13.3</i>	<i>-4.7</i>	-25.4	<i>32.8</i>	<i>-2.4</i>
Waste Coal (a)	3.0	2.8	3.2	3.7	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.2</i>	12.8	<i>12.7</i>	<i>12.7</i>
Total Supply	258.2	234.2	262.9	269.2	<i>250.4</i>	<i>236.3</i>	<i>278.2</i>	<i>256.8</i>	<i>263.6</i>	<i>241.4</i>	<i>285.3</i>	<i>261.3</i>	1024.5	<i>1021.6</i>	<i>1051.6</i>
Consumption (million short tons)															
Coke Plants	4.4	3.4	3.4	4.3	<i>5.7</i>	<i>4.9</i>	<i>5.7</i>	<i>5.3</i>	<i>5.7</i>	<i>4.9</i>	<i>5.7</i>	<i>5.3</i>	15.6	<i>21.6</i>	<i>21.6</i>
Electric Power Sector (b)	237.5	217.0	245.2	234.2	<i>241.2</i>	<i>220.4</i>	<i>260.5</i>	<i>239.0</i>	<i>243.7</i>	<i>223.4</i>	<i>266.2</i>	<i>242.7</i>	934.0	<i>961.1</i>	<i>976.0</i>
Retail and Other Industry	13.2	11.3	11.8	11.6	<i>10.9</i>	<i>10.9</i>	<i>12.0</i>	<i>12.5</i>	<i>14.1</i>	<i>13.1</i>	<i>13.3</i>	<i>13.4</i>	47.8	<i>46.3</i>	<i>53.9</i>
Residential and Commercial	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.9	<i>1.1</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.9</i>	3.3	<i>3.2</i>	<i>3.1</i>
Other Industrial	12.1	10.6	11.2	10.7	<i>9.8</i>	<i>10.3</i>	<i>11.3</i>	<i>11.6</i>	<i>13.2</i>	<i>12.5</i>	<i>12.7</i>	<i>12.4</i>	44.5	<i>43.1</i>	<i>50.9</i>
Total Consumption	255.1	231.7	260.5	250.2	<i>257.8</i>	<i>236.3</i>	<i>278.2</i>	<i>256.8</i>	<i>263.6</i>	<i>241.4</i>	<i>285.3</i>	<i>261.3</i>	997.4	<i>1029.0</i>	<i>1051.6</i>
Discrepancy (c)	3.1	2.5	2.5	19.1	<i>-7.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	27.1	<i>-7.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>
End-of-period Inventories (million short tons)															
Primary Inventories (d)	41.3	44.0	41.7	41.3	<i>43.7</i>	<i>42.2</i>	<i>36.0</i>	<i>35.7</i>	<i>30.9</i>	<i>32.6</i>	<i>31.6</i>	<i>30.5</i>	41.3	<i>35.7</i>	<i>30.5</i>
Secondary Inventories	184.6	205.6	207.1	197.3	<i>180.8</i>	<i>180.0</i>	<i>161.2</i>	<i>164.5</i>	<i>165.7</i>	<i>175.5</i>	<i>162.2</i>	<i>166.9</i>	197.3	<i>164.5</i>	<i>166.9</i>
Electric Power Sector	176.6	198.2	199.9	189.8	<i>174.2</i>	<i>173.1</i>	<i>153.9</i>	<i>157.0</i>	<i>159.0</i>	<i>168.5</i>	<i>154.7</i>	<i>159.1</i>	189.8	<i>157.0</i>	<i>159.1</i>
Retail and General Industry	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.5	<i>4.6</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>5.3</i>	<i>5.5</i>	<i>4.6</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>5.3</i>	<i>5.5</i>	5.5	<i>5.5</i>	<i>5.5</i>
Coke Plants	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.5	<i>1.5</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>1.8</i>	1.5	<i>1.6</i>	<i>1.8</i>
Coal Market Indicators															
Coal Miner Productivity															
(Tons per hour)	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>	6.00	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.06</i>
Total Raw Steel Production															
(Million short tons per day)	0.146	0.153	0.186	0.214	<i>0.231</i>	<i>0.241</i>	<i>0.246</i>	<i>0.238</i>	<i>0.234</i>	<i>0.249</i>	<i>0.257</i>	<i>0.250</i>	0.175	<i>0.239</i>	<i>0.248</i>
Cost of Coal to Electric Utilities															
(Dollars per million Btu)	2.26	2.23	2.20	2.15	<i>2.13</i>	<i>2.10</i>	<i>2.07</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.03</i>	<i>2.05</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.02</i>	2.21	<i>2.08</i>	<i>2.04</i>

- = no data available

(a) Waste coal includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

(b) Coal used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

(c) The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period.

(d) Primary stocks are held at the mines and distribution points.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121; and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7a. U.S. Electricity Industry Overview

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Electricity Supply (billion kilowatthours per day)															
Electricity Generation	10.71	10.41	11.73	10.25	<i>10.83</i>	<i>10.55</i>	<i>12.17</i>	<i>10.39</i>	<i>10.83</i>	<i>10.77</i>	<i>12.42</i>	<i>10.59</i>	10.78	<i>10.99</i>	<i>11.16</i>
Electric Power Sector (a)	10.34	10.05	11.33	9.87	<i>10.44</i>	<i>10.19</i>	<i>11.78</i>	<i>10.02</i>	<i>10.45</i>	<i>10.41</i>	<i>12.02</i>	<i>10.22</i>	10.40	<i>10.61</i>	<i>10.78</i>
Industrial Sector	0.36	0.35	0.37	0.36	<i>0.37</i>	<i>0.34</i>	<i>0.37</i>	<i>0.35</i>	<i>0.36</i>	<i>0.34</i>	<i>0.37</i>	<i>0.35</i>	0.36	<i>0.36</i>	<i>0.36</i>
Commercial Sector	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	0.02	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>
Net Imports	0.06	0.08	0.13	0.09	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.06</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.11</i>	<i>0.07</i>	0.09	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.08</i>
Total Supply	10.78	10.50	11.86	10.34	<i>10.92</i>	<i>10.62</i>	<i>12.27</i>	<i>10.45</i>	<i>10.91</i>	<i>10.84</i>	<i>12.53</i>	<i>10.66</i>	10.87	<i>11.07</i>	<i>11.24</i>
Losses and Unaccounted for (b) ...	0.55	0.90	0.73	0.63	<i>0.54</i>	<i>0.84</i>	<i>0.74</i>	<i>0.69</i>	<i>0.55</i>	<i>0.86</i>	<i>0.76</i>	<i>0.70</i>	0.70	<i>0.70</i>	<i>0.72</i>
Electricity Consumption (billion kilowatthours per day)															
Retail Sales	9.86	9.24	10.74	9.34	<i>10.00</i>	<i>9.43</i>	<i>11.14</i>	<i>9.39</i>	<i>9.99</i>	<i>9.63</i>	<i>11.38</i>	<i>9.59</i>	9.80	<i>10.00</i>	<i>10.15</i>
Residential Sector	3.98	3.29	4.25	3.42	<i>4.11</i>	<i>3.36</i>	<i>4.52</i>	<i>3.47</i>	<i>3.99</i>	<i>3.42</i>	<i>4.60</i>	<i>3.54</i>	3.73	<i>3.86</i>	<i>3.89</i>
Commercial Sector	3.51	3.56	3.96	3.47	<i>3.49</i>	<i>3.59</i>	<i>4.07</i>	<i>3.51</i>	<i>3.56</i>	<i>3.70</i>	<i>4.19</i>	<i>3.61</i>	3.62	<i>3.67</i>	<i>3.77</i>
Industrial Sector	2.35	2.37	2.51	2.43	<i>2.38</i>	<i>2.46</i>	<i>2.53</i>	<i>2.39</i>	<i>2.41</i>	<i>2.49</i>	<i>2.57</i>	<i>2.42</i>	2.42	<i>2.44</i>	<i>2.47</i>
Transportation Sector	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	0.02	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>
Direct Use (c)	0.37	0.35	0.39	0.37	<i>0.38</i>	<i>0.35</i>	<i>0.38</i>	<i>0.36</i>	<i>0.37</i>	<i>0.35</i>	<i>0.39</i>	<i>0.37</i>	0.37	<i>0.37</i>	<i>0.37</i>
Total Consumption	10.23	9.59	11.13	9.71	<i>10.38</i>	<i>9.78</i>	<i>11.53</i>	<i>9.75</i>	<i>10.36</i>	<i>9.98</i>	<i>11.77</i>	<i>9.96</i>	10.17	<i>10.36</i>	<i>10.52</i>
Prices															
Power Generation Fuel Costs (dollars per million Btu)															
Coal	2.26	2.23	2.20	2.15	<i>2.13</i>	<i>2.10</i>	<i>2.07</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.03</i>	<i>2.05</i>	<i>2.04</i>	<i>2.02</i>	2.21	<i>2.08</i>	<i>2.04</i>
Natural Gas	5.44	4.43	4.07	5.19	<i>6.05</i>	<i>5.58</i>	<i>5.66</i>	<i>5.90</i>	<i>6.52</i>	<i>6.05</i>	<i>6.06</i>	<i>6.28</i>	4.69	<i>5.78</i>	<i>6.20</i>
Residual Fuel Oil	7.26	8.61	11.00	11.40	<i>12.05</i>	<i>12.41</i>	<i>12.50</i>	<i>12.66</i>	<i>12.97</i>	<i>13.08</i>	<i>13.09</i>	<i>13.35</i>	9.25	<i>12.35</i>	<i>13.11</i>
Distillate Fuel Oil	11.40	12.39	14.43	15.50	<i>15.87</i>	<i>16.37</i>	<i>16.77</i>	<i>17.00</i>	<i>17.22</i>	<i>17.35</i>	<i>17.59</i>	<i>18.02</i>	13.44	<i>16.50</i>	<i>17.54</i>
End-Use Prices (cents per kilowatthour)															
Residential Sector	11.2	11.7	12.0	11.2	<i>10.9</i>	<i>11.7</i>	<i>12.0</i>	<i>11.3</i>	<i>11.0</i>	<i>11.8</i>	<i>12.2</i>	<i>11.5</i>	11.5	<i>11.5</i>	<i>11.6</i>
Commercial Sector	10.1	10.2	10.6	9.9	<i>9.9</i>	<i>10.2</i>	<i>10.7</i>	<i>10.1</i>	<i>10.0</i>	<i>10.3</i>	<i>10.8</i>	<i>10.2</i>	10.2	<i>10.3</i>	<i>10.3</i>
Industrial Sector	6.8	6.9	7.1	6.5	<i>6.5</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>7.0</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>7.1</i>	<i>6.6</i>	6.8	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>

- = no data available

(a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

(b) Includes transmission and distribution losses, data collection time-frame differences, and estimation error.

(c) Direct Use represents commercial and industrial facility use of onsite net electricity generation; and electrical sales or transfers to adjacent or collocated facilities for which revenue information is not available. See Table 7.6 of the EIA *Monthly Energy Review*.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7b. U.S. Regional Electricity Retail Sales (Million Kilowatthours per Day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Residential Sector															
New England	143	108	132	120	145	112	138	122	140	113	139	124	126	129	129
Middle Atlantic	399	306	379	329	400	313	412	334	392	319	420	340	353	365	368
E. N. Central	571	434	515	480	572	452	591	495	581	464	607	508	500	527	540
W. N. Central	317	241	290	262	322	254	340	271	323	261	349	278	278	297	303
S. Atlantic	993	837	1,102	854	1,053	854	1,165	872	994	868	1,185	887	947	986	984
E. S. Central	355	276	370	281	379	285	404	294	353	286	406	295	321	341	335
W. S. Central	499	493	717	451	532	486	702	450	485	490	709	454	540	543	535
Mountain	240	230	323	230	244	231	326	226	245	237	334	232	256	257	262
Pacific contiguous	442	354	410	395	444	363	425	394	464	373	437	405	400	406	420
AK and HI	15	13	13	15	16	14	14	15	16	14	14	15	14	14	15
Total	3,976	3,293	4,250	3,418	4,106	3,362	4,517	3,474	3,993	3,424	4,599	3,540	3,734	3,865	3,890
Commercial Sector															
New England	128	118	131	118	129	124	139	123	131	127	142	126	124	129	132
Middle Atlantic	449	422	476	417	445	427	489	425	453	438	502	437	441	447	458
E. N. Central	555	536	567	520	544	545	600	533	554	558	614	546	544	556	568
W. N. Central	265	260	281	257	265	270	304	267	273	277	312	274	266	277	284
S. Atlantic	787	827	918	795	781	821	935	793	800	854	973	825	832	833	863
E. S. Central	216	224	253	209	218	227	266	218	217	231	270	221	225	232	235
W. S. Central	426	463	546	442	421	460	535	435	423	474	552	449	469	463	475
Mountain	236	249	281	241	237	257	291	250	247	266	301	258	252	259	268
Pacific contiguous	432	445	490	449	435	443	496	450	444	454	508	461	454	456	467
AK and HI	17	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	17	17	18	18	17	17	18
Total	3,510	3,559	3,960	3,467	3,493	3,591	4,072	3,511	3,560	3,696	4,192	3,615	3,625	3,668	3,767
Industrial Sector															
New England	77	75	79	76	76	78	81	77	76	78	80	77	77	78	78
Middle Atlantic	177	175	184	174	175	178	184	174	173	176	183	172	178	177	176
E. N. Central	443	434	456	459	447	452	458	438	449	455	460	440	448	449	451
W. N. Central	204	201	215	214	200	206	218	209	204	209	221	213	208	208	212
S. Atlantic	348	358	375	359	357	375	380	356	360	378	384	359	360	367	370
E. S. Central	309	298	311	328	328	325	325	332	339	337	336	344	312	327	339
W. S. Central	375	385	409	385	371	391	401	367	375	396	406	371	389	383	387
Mountain	196	207	226	203	200	218	232	206	205	223	238	211	208	214	219
Pacific contiguous	211	221	240	221	216	225	242	216	217	226	244	218	223	225	226
AK and HI	13	14	14	14	13	14	14	14	13	14	14	14	14	14	14
Total	2,353	2,367	2,510	2,433	2,383	2,461	2,535	2,389	2,413	2,492	2,566	2,419	2,417	2,442	2,472
Total All Sectors (a)															
New England	350	303	344	316	352	316	359	324	349	320	363	328	328	338	340
Middle Atlantic	1,039	913	1,050	931	1,032	929	1,096	944	1,030	944	1,115	960	983	1,000	1,012
E. N. Central	1,570	1,405	1,539	1,461	1,565	1,450	1,650	1,467	1,586	1,478	1,683	1,496	1,494	1,533	1,561
W. N. Central	786	702	786	733	787	730	861	747	800	747	882	765	752	782	799
S. Atlantic	2,132	2,026	2,398	2,012	2,194	2,053	2,484	2,024	2,158	2,104	2,545	2,075	2,142	2,189	2,221
E. S. Central	880	797	934	819	925	837	995	844	910	853	1,012	860	858	900	909
W. S. Central	1,301	1,342	1,672	1,278	1,324	1,337	1,639	1,252	1,284	1,360	1,666	1,274	1,399	1,388	1,397
Mountain	672	686	831	675	681	706	849	682	696	726	873	702	716	730	750
Pacific contiguous	1,087	1,021	1,142	1,068	1,097	1,032	1,166	1,062	1,129	1,055	1,192	1,086	1,080	1,090	1,116
AK and HI	45	44	45	46	46	44	45	46	46	45	46	47	45	45	46
Total	9,862	9,239	10,741	9,338	10,004	9,434	11,145	9,394	9,987	9,632	11,378	9,592	9,796	9,996	10,150

- = no data available

(a) Total retail sales to all sectors includes residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sector sales.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Retail Sales represents total retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.**Historical data:** Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7c. U.S. Regional Electricity Prices (Cents per Kilowatthour)
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Residential Sector															
New England	17.9	18.1	17.3	17.0	16.7	17.7	17.2	17.3	17.7	18.4	17.8	17.6	17.5	17.2	17.9
Middle Atlantic	14.1	15.1	16.1	14.5	14.3	15.3	16.4	14.7	14.4	15.4	16.5	14.9	14.9	15.2	15.3
E. N. Central	10.4	11.3	11.3	10.7	10.3	11.2	11.1	10.5	10.3	11.2	11.2	10.5	10.9	10.8	10.8
W. N. Central	8.2	9.5	10.0	8.6	8.2	9.4	9.9	8.5	8.2	9.4	10.0	8.5	9.1	9.0	9.0
S. Atlantic	10.9	11.4	11.5	11.1	10.8	11.3	11.5	11.2	10.7	11.2	11.6	11.3	11.2	11.2	11.2
E. S. Central	9.5	9.8	9.6	9.2	8.7	9.4	9.7	9.3	8.9	9.6	10.0	9.4	9.5	9.3	9.5
W. S. Central	11.4	11.5	11.3	10.7	10.7	11.6	11.7	11.1	11.3	11.9	12.2	11.5	11.3	11.3	11.8
Mountain	9.3	10.3	10.9	9.9	9.4	10.2	10.7	9.9	9.4	10.3	10.8	10.0	10.2	10.1	10.2
Pacific	11.5	12.3	13.7	11.8	11.6	12.2	13.7	11.7	11.7	12.3	13.8	11.8	12.3	12.3	12.4
U.S. Average	11.2	11.7	12.0	11.2	10.9	11.7	12.0	11.3	11.0	11.8	12.2	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.6
Commercial Sector															
New England	16.7	16.1	16.0	15.3	15.1	15.2	15.7	15.5	15.5	15.7	16.2	15.8	16.0	15.4	15.8
Middle Atlantic	13.1	13.3	14.3	12.9	13.0	13.5	14.8	13.4	13.3	13.7	15.0	13.6	13.4	13.7	13.9
E. N. Central	8.9	9.0	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.1	9.2	9.1	8.9	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.0	9.1	9.1
W. N. Central	6.9	7.6	8.0	7.0	6.7	7.4	7.9	6.8	6.7	7.3	7.9	6.8	7.4	7.2	7.2
S. Atlantic	9.8	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.5	9.3	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.6	9.5	9.5
E. S. Central	9.5	9.3	9.2	8.9	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.0	9.1
W. S. Central	9.5	9.1	9.0	8.8	9.5	9.3	9.5	9.1	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.1	9.1	9.4	9.4
Mountain	8.0	8.6	9.1	8.5	8.0	8.5	8.9	8.3	7.8	8.5	8.9	8.4	8.6	8.4	8.4
Pacific	10.7	12.0	13.6	11.1	10.9	12.3	13.9	11.3	11.1	12.4	14.0	11.4	11.9	12.2	12.3
U.S. Average	10.1	10.2	10.6	9.9	9.9	10.2	10.7	10.1	10.0	10.3	10.8	10.2	10.2	10.3	10.3
Industrial Sector															
New England	12.2	12.1	12.2	12.8	12.6	12.3	12.5	12.5	12.6	12.4	12.6	12.6	12.3	12.5	12.6
Middle Atlantic	8.2	8.5	8.3	7.8	8.1	8.3	8.4	7.8	8.1	8.4	8.4	7.9	8.2	8.2	8.2
E. N. Central	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.5	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.1	6.6	6.3	6.3
W. N. Central	5.5	5.8	6.2	5.3	5.3	5.5	6.0	5.2	5.1	5.5	6.0	5.2	5.7	5.5	5.5
S. Atlantic	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.3	6.5	6.4	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.4	6.3
E. S. Central	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.6
W. S. Central	7.1	6.4	6.1	5.8	6.1	6.2	6.4	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.0	6.3	6.1	6.1
Mountain	5.6	6.0	6.8	5.8	5.7	6.0	6.8	5.8	5.7	6.0	6.8	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.1
Pacific	7.2	7.9	9.0	7.8	7.2	7.9	9.0	8.0	7.5	8.1	9.2	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.3
U.S. Average	6.8	6.9	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.7	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.7	7.1	6.6	6.8	6.7	6.7
All Sectors (a)															
New England	16.2	15.8	15.6	15.3	15.2	15.3	15.6	15.4	15.7	15.8	16.0	15.7	15.7	15.4	15.8
Middle Atlantic	12.6	12.9	13.9	12.5	12.7	13.1	14.3	12.8	12.8	13.3	14.5	13.0	13.0	13.2	13.4
E. N. Central	8.8	9.0	9.2	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.1	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.2	8.7	8.9	8.9	8.9
W. N. Central	7.1	7.7	8.3	7.1	7.0	7.5	8.2	7.0	6.9	7.5	8.2	7.0	7.5	7.4	7.4
S. Atlantic	9.8	9.8	10.0	9.7	9.6	9.6	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.6	10.1	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.8
E. S. Central	8.3	8.2	8.3	7.6	7.6	7.8	8.3	7.8	7.7	7.9	8.4	7.7	8.1	7.9	7.9
W. S. Central	9.6	9.2	9.3	8.6	9.1	9.2	9.7	8.9	9.2	9.3	9.9	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.4
Mountain	7.8	8.4	9.2	8.2	7.8	8.3	9.0	8.1	7.7	8.3	9.1	8.2	8.4	8.3	8.4
Pacific	10.4	11.2	12.7	10.7	10.4	11.3	12.8	10.8	10.6	11.5	12.9	10.9	11.3	11.4	11.5
U.S. Average	9.7	9.9	10.3	9.5	9.5	9.8	10.4	9.6	9.6	9.9	10.5	9.7	9.9	9.9	9.9

- = no data available

(a) Volume-weighted average of retail prices to residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7d. U.S. Electricity Generation by Fuel and Sector (Billion Kilowatthours per day)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Electric Power Sector (a)															
Coal	4.966	4.448	5.000	4.754	4.999	4.511	5.235	4.804	5.050	4.557	5.330	4.859	4.792	4.888	4.950
Natural Gas	1.958	2.148	3.033	2.004	2.037	2.128	3.079	1.959	1.832	2.170	3.127	2.031	2.288	2.303	2.293
Other Gases	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.011	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.008	0.010	0.010
Petroleum	0.130	0.094	0.099	0.070	0.117	0.101	0.112	0.089	0.110	0.096	0.119	0.094	0.098	0.105	0.105
Residual Fuel Oil	0.067	0.041	0.048	0.033	0.061	0.044	0.046	0.028	0.040	0.033	0.049	0.031	0.047	0.045	0.038
Distillate Fuel Oil	0.024	0.016	0.015	0.012	0.021	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.018	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.017	0.014	0.014
Petroleum Coke	0.035	0.035	0.034	0.022	0.032	0.044	0.051	0.047	0.048	0.048	0.054	0.049	0.031	0.044	0.050
Other Petroleum	0.005	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002
Nuclear	2.274	2.130	2.295	2.014	2.228	2.185	2.324	2.156	2.265	2.191	2.331	2.162	2.178	2.223	2.237
Pumped Storage Hydroelectric	-0.012	-0.010	-0.014	-0.012	-0.014	-0.014	-0.016	-0.015	-0.015	-0.015	-0.017	-0.016	-0.012	-0.015	-0.016
Other Fuels (b)	0.018	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.018	0.018	0.019	0.020	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019
Renewables:															
Conventional Hydroelectric	0.697	0.910	0.630	0.700	0.684	0.839	0.659	0.627	0.737	0.885	0.665	0.608	0.734	0.702	0.723
Geothermal	0.041	0.039	0.040	0.041	0.043	0.043	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.044	0.045	0.045	0.040	0.044	0.045
Solar	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.004	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.006	0.008	0.004	0.002	0.003	0.005
Wind	0.188	0.192	0.147	0.199	0.238	0.291	0.230	0.249	0.317	0.372	0.306	0.324	0.182	0.252	0.329
Wood and Wood Waste	0.030	0.027	0.030	0.029	0.030	0.027	0.031	0.030	0.031	0.028	0.032	0.030	0.029	0.030	0.030
Other Renewables	0.039	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.043	0.044	0.046	0.045	0.045	0.046	0.047	0.046	0.041	0.044	0.046
Subtotal Electric Power Sector	10.338	10.046	11.333	9.868	10.435	10.186	11.780	10.018	10.448	10.408	12.024	10.216	10.398	10.607	10.777
Commercial Sector (c)															
Coal	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.004
Natural Gas	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.010	0.012	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.012	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011
Petroleum	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001
Other Fuels (b)	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
Renewables (d)	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.005
Subtotal Commercial Sector	0.021	0.021	0.022	0.020	0.021	0.021	0.023	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.024	0.022	0.021	0.022	0.023
Industrial Sector (c)															
Coal	0.041	0.040	0.041	0.036	0.043	0.044	0.046	0.044	0.045	0.044	0.045	0.043	0.039	0.044	0.044
Natural Gas	0.201	0.193	0.213	0.208	0.212	0.187	0.204	0.189	0.203	0.188	0.207	0.193	0.204	0.198	0.198
Other Gases	0.018	0.018	0.023	0.022	0.019	0.018	0.023	0.021	0.019	0.018	0.023	0.021	0.020	0.020	0.020
Petroleum	0.009	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.008	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.009	0.008	0.008	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.008
Other Fuels (b)	0.008	0.010	0.010	0.009	0.008	0.010	0.010	0.009	0.008	0.010	0.010	0.009	0.010	0.009	0.010
Renewables:															
Conventional Hydroelectric	0.005	0.006	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Wood and Wood Waste	0.071	0.069	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.068	0.073	0.071	0.072	0.068	0.074	0.072	0.072	0.071	0.072
Other Renewables (e)	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
Subtotal Industrial Sector	0.356	0.345	0.374	0.361	0.372	0.342	0.368	0.348	0.363	0.343	0.373	0.353	0.359	0.358	0.358
Total All Sectors	10.715	10.413	11.730	10.249	10.828	10.549	12.172	10.388	10.833	10.773	12.421	10.591	10.778	10.986	11.158

- = no data available

(a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

(b) "Other" includes non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tires and miscellaneous technologies.

(c) Commercial and industrial sectors include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

(d) "Renewables" in commercial sector includes wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy and wind.

(e) "Other Renewables" in industrial sector includes black liquor, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy and wind.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Values of 0.000 may indicate positive levels of generation that are less than 0.0005 billion kilowatthours per day.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 7e. U.S. Fuel Consumption for Electricity Generation by Sector
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Electric Power Sector (a)															
Coal (mmst/d)	2.63	2.37	2.66	2.54	<i>2.67</i>	<i>2.41</i>	<i>2.82</i>	<i>2.59</i>	<i>2.70</i>	<i>2.45</i>	<i>2.88</i>	<i>2.63</i>	2.55	<i>2.62</i>	<i>2.66</i>
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	15.00	16.96	24.13	15.43	<i>15.49</i>	<i>16.63</i>	<i>24.18</i>	<i>14.84</i>	<i>13.66</i>	<i>16.71</i>	<i>24.24</i>	<i>15.22</i>	17.90	<i>17.80</i>	<i>17.48</i>
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.23	0.17	0.18	0.12	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.19</i>	<i>0.21</i>	<i>0.17</i>	<i>0.20</i>	<i>0.18</i>	<i>0.22</i>	<i>0.18</i>	0.18	<i>0.19</i>	<i>0.19</i>
Residual Fuel Oil (mmb/d)	0.11	0.07	0.08	0.05	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.05</i>	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.06</i>	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.05</i>	0.08	<i>0.07</i>	<i>0.06</i>
Distillate Fuel Oil (mmb/d)	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.02	<i>0.04</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.03</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.04</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.03</i>	<i>0.03</i>	0.03	<i>0.03</i>	<i>0.03</i>
Petroleum Coke (mmst/d)	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.04	<i>0.06</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.11</i>	<i>0.10</i>	0.06	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.10</i>
Other Petroleum (mmb/d)	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	0.01	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>
Commercial Sector (c)															
Coal (mmst/d)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	0.00	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.09	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.08</i>	<i>0.10</i>	<i>0.09</i>	0.09	<i>0.09</i>	<i>0.09</i>
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>	0.00	<i>0.00</i>	<i>0.00</i>
Industrial Sector (c)															
Coal (mmst/d)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>	0.01	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.02</i>
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	1.35	1.33	1.45	1.42	<i>1.49</i>	<i>1.35</i>	<i>1.46</i>	<i>1.36</i>	<i>1.45</i>	<i>1.35</i>	<i>1.49</i>	<i>1.39</i>	1.39	<i>1.41</i>	<i>1.42</i>
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>	0.01	<i>0.01</i>	<i>0.01</i>
Total All Sectors															
Coal (mmst/d)	2.64	2.39	2.67	2.55	<i>2.68</i>	<i>2.43</i>	<i>2.84</i>	<i>2.60</i>	<i>2.71</i>	<i>2.46</i>	<i>2.90</i>	<i>2.64</i>	2.56	<i>2.64</i>	<i>2.68</i>
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	16.44	18.38	25.67	16.94	<i>17.06</i>	<i>18.06</i>	<i>25.73</i>	<i>16.29</i>	<i>15.19</i>	<i>18.15</i>	<i>25.83</i>	<i>16.69</i>	19.37	<i>19.30</i>	<i>18.99</i>
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.24	0.18	0.19	0.13	<i>0.22</i>	<i>0.20</i>	<i>0.22</i>	<i>0.18</i>	<i>0.22</i>	<i>0.19</i>	<i>0.23</i>	<i>0.19</i>	0.18	<i>0.20</i>	<i>0.21</i>
End-of-period Fuel Inventories Held by Electric Power Sector															
Coal (mmst)	176.6	198.2	199.9	189.8	<i>174.2</i>	<i>173.1</i>	<i>153.9</i>	<i>157.0</i>	<i>159.0</i>	<i>168.5</i>	<i>154.7</i>	<i>159.1</i>	189.8	<i>157.0</i>	<i>159.1</i>
Residual Fuel Oil (mmb)	22.0	21.8	20.0	18.0	<i>17.5</i>	<i>18.1</i>	<i>16.8</i>	<i>17.8</i>	<i>17.9</i>	<i>18.4</i>	<i>16.2</i>	<i>17.1</i>	18.0	<i>17.8</i>	<i>17.1</i>
Distillate Fuel Oil (mmb)	18.7	19.5	19.9	18.3	<i>17.7</i>	<i>17.8</i>	<i>17.9</i>	<i>18.4</i>	<i>17.8</i>	<i>18.0</i>	<i>18.1</i>	<i>18.6</i>	18.3	<i>18.4</i>	<i>18.6</i>
Petroleum Coke (mmb)	3.8	4.0	5.2	7.0	<i>6.8</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>5.5</i>	7.0	<i>6.2</i>	<i>5.5</i>

- = no data available

(a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

(b) Petroleum category may include petroleum coke, which is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

(c) Commercial and industrial sectors include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Physical Units: mmst/d = million short tons per day; mmb/d = million barrels per day; bcf/d = billion cubic feet per day; mmb = million barrels.

Values of 0.00 may indicate positive levels of fuel consumption that are less than 0.005 units per day.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 8. U.S. Renewable Energy Supply and Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Supply															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.617	0.820	0.595	0.630	<i>0.613</i>	<i>0.760</i>	<i>0.604</i>	<i>0.575</i>	<i>0.661</i>	<i>0.801</i>	<i>0.609</i>	<i>0.557</i>	2.662	2.552	2.629
Geothermal	0.088	0.086	0.088	0.090	<i>0.093</i>	<i>0.094</i>	<i>0.098</i>	<i>0.098</i>	<i>0.096</i>	<i>0.095</i>	<i>0.099</i>	<i>0.100</i>	0.352	0.383	0.389
Solar	0.021	0.023	0.024	0.022	<i>0.022</i>	<i>0.024</i>	<i>0.026</i>	<i>0.023</i>	<i>0.023</i>	<i>0.026</i>	<i>0.028</i>	<i>0.024</i>	0.090	0.095	0.101
Wind	0.167	0.173	0.134	0.181	<i>0.212</i>	<i>0.261</i>	<i>0.209</i>	<i>0.226</i>	<i>0.282</i>	<i>0.334</i>	<i>0.278</i>	<i>0.295</i>	0.655	0.909	1.188
Wood	0.482	0.473	0.506	0.513	<i>0.502</i>	<i>0.475</i>	<i>0.510</i>	<i>0.500</i>	<i>0.499</i>	<i>0.478</i>	<i>0.515</i>	<i>0.505</i>	1.973	1.987	1.998
Ethanol (b)	0.203	0.215	0.237	0.251	<i>0.253</i>	<i>0.258</i>	<i>0.264</i>	<i>0.267</i>	<i>0.266</i>	<i>0.273</i>	<i>0.280</i>	<i>0.284</i>	0.907	1.041	1.103
Biodiesel (b)	0.013	0.015	0.018	0.022	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.018</i>	<i>0.026</i>	<i>0.027</i>	<i>0.026</i>	<i>0.028</i>	<i>0.028</i>	<i>0.028</i>	0.068	0.078	0.110
Other Renewables	0.108	0.106	0.107	0.108	<i>0.119</i>	<i>0.106</i>	<i>0.122</i>	<i>0.125</i>	<i>0.122</i>	<i>0.109</i>	<i>0.126</i>	<i>0.128</i>	0.428	0.472	0.485
Total	1.699	1.910	1.709	1.815	<i>1.821</i>	<i>1.996</i>	<i>1.858</i>	<i>1.840</i>	<i>1.976</i>	<i>2.145</i>	<i>1.962</i>	<i>1.920</i>	7.133	7.516	8.003
Consumption															
Electric Power Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.620	0.818	0.573	0.637	<i>0.608</i>	<i>0.754</i>	<i>0.600</i>	<i>0.571</i>	<i>0.656</i>	<i>0.796</i>	<i>0.605</i>	<i>0.553</i>	2.648	2.533	2.610
Geothermal	0.077	0.074	0.077	0.078	<i>0.082</i>	<i>0.082</i>	<i>0.086</i>	<i>0.086</i>	<i>0.084</i>	<i>0.083</i>	<i>0.087</i>	<i>0.088</i>	0.306	0.336	0.343
Solar	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.005</i>	<i>0.002</i>	<i>0.002</i>	<i>0.005</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.003</i>	0.008	0.012	0.018
Wind	0.167	0.173	0.134	0.181	<i>0.212</i>	<i>0.261</i>	<i>0.209</i>	<i>0.226</i>	<i>0.282</i>	<i>0.334</i>	<i>0.278</i>	<i>0.295</i>	0.655	0.909	1.188
Wood	0.044	0.041	0.046	0.043	<i>0.045</i>	<i>0.041</i>	<i>0.048</i>	<i>0.046</i>	<i>0.045</i>	<i>0.041</i>	<i>0.049</i>	<i>0.046</i>	0.174	0.179	0.182
Other Renewables	0.060	0.060	0.061	0.060	<i>0.062</i>	<i>0.065</i>	<i>0.067</i>	<i>0.066</i>	<i>0.066</i>	<i>0.068</i>	<i>0.070</i>	<i>0.068</i>	0.240	0.260	0.271
Subtotal	0.969	1.168	0.893	0.986	<i>1.011</i>	<i>1.207</i>	<i>1.015</i>	<i>0.997</i>	<i>1.135</i>	<i>1.328</i>	<i>1.096</i>	<i>1.053</i>	4.016	4.229	4.612
Industrial Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	<i>0.005</i>	<i>0.005</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.005</i>	<i>0.005</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	0.018	0.018	0.018
Geothermal	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>	0.005	0.005	0.005
Wood and Wood Waste	0.299	0.292	0.319	0.327	<i>0.314</i>	<i>0.293</i>	<i>0.320</i>	<i>0.312</i>	<i>0.309</i>	<i>0.295</i>	<i>0.324</i>	<i>0.315</i>	1.236	1.239	1.243
Other Renewables	0.039	0.038	0.039	0.040	<i>0.050</i>	<i>0.034</i>	<i>0.046</i>	<i>0.052</i>	<i>0.050</i>	<i>0.034</i>	<i>0.047</i>	<i>0.052</i>	0.156	0.182	0.183
Subtotal	0.346	0.341	0.366	0.375	<i>0.374</i>	<i>0.337</i>	<i>0.375</i>	<i>0.373</i>	<i>0.369</i>	<i>0.340</i>	<i>0.380</i>	<i>0.377</i>	1.429	1.459	1.466
Commercial Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	0.001	0.001	0.001
Geothermal	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	<i>0.004</i>	0.015	0.015	0.015
Wood and Wood Waste	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.020	<i>0.020</i>	<i>0.018</i>	<i>0.020</i>	<i>0.020</i>	<i>0.022</i>	<i>0.019</i>	<i>0.020</i>	<i>0.020</i>	0.074	0.078	0.081
Other Renewables	0.009	0.008	0.008	0.007	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.008</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.008</i>	<i>0.009</i>	<i>0.008</i>	0.032	0.030	0.031
Subtotal	0.032	0.030	0.030	0.032	<i>0.032</i>	<i>0.030</i>	<i>0.032</i>	<i>0.032</i>	<i>0.033</i>	<i>0.031</i>	<i>0.033</i>	<i>0.033</i>	0.124	0.126	0.130
Residential Sector															
Geothermal	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	<i>0.007</i>	0.026	0.026	0.027
Biomass	0.121	0.122	0.124	0.123	<i>0.123</i>	<i>0.123</i>	<i>0.123</i>	<i>0.123</i>	<i>0.123</i>	<i>0.123</i>	<i>0.123</i>	<i>0.123</i>	0.490	0.492	0.492
Solar	0.020	0.021	0.021	0.021	<i>0.021</i>	<i>0.021</i>	<i>0.021</i>	<i>0.021</i>	<i>0.021</i>	<i>0.021</i>	<i>0.021</i>	<i>0.021</i>	0.083	0.083	0.083
Subtotal	0.148	0.149	0.151	0.151	<i>0.150</i>	<i>0.151</i>	<i>0.150</i>	<i>0.150</i>	<i>0.150</i>	<i>0.150</i>	<i>0.150</i>	<i>0.150</i>	0.599	0.601	0.601
Transportation Sector															
Ethanol (b)	0.200	0.226	0.238	0.249	<i>0.252</i>	<i>0.261</i>	<i>0.270</i>	<i>0.276</i>	<i>0.272</i>	<i>0.280</i>	<i>0.286</i>	<i>0.292</i>	0.914	1.059	1.130
Biodiesel (b)	0.004	0.012	0.015	0.017	<i>0.002</i>	<i>0.014</i>	<i>0.023</i>	<i>0.023</i>	<i>0.023</i>	<i>0.024</i>	<i>0.024</i>	<i>0.024</i>	0.049	0.062	0.095
Total Consumption	1.687	1.919	1.707	1.816	<i>1.817</i>	<i>1.995</i>	<i>1.861</i>	<i>1.846</i>	<i>1.978</i>	<i>2.148</i>	<i>1.965</i>	<i>1.925</i>	7.130	7.518	8.016

- = no data available

(a) Conventional hydroelectric power only. Hydroelectricity generated by pumped storage is not included in renewable energy.

(b) Fuel ethanol and biodiesel supply represents domestic production only. Fuel ethanol and biodiesel consumption in the transportation sector includes production, stock change, and imports less exports. Some biodiesel may be consumed in the residential s

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226 and *Renewable Energy Annual*, DOE/EIA-0603; *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 9a. U.S. Macroeconomic Indicators and CO₂ Emissions
Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product															
(billion chained 2005 dollars - SAAR)	12,925	12,902	12,973	13,155	<i>13,246</i>	<i>13,312</i>	<i>13,380</i>	<i>13,458</i>	<i>13,538</i>	<i>13,625</i>	<i>13,749</i>	<i>13,874</i>	12,989	<i>13,349</i>	<i>13,697</i>
Real Disposable Personal Income															
(billion chained 2005 Dollars - SAAR)	9,926	10,078	10,042	10,095	<i>10,106</i>	<i>10,194</i>	<i>10,253</i>	<i>10,263</i>	<i>10,230</i>	<i>10,314</i>	<i>10,392</i>	<i>10,449</i>	10,035	<i>10,204</i>	<i>10,346</i>
Real Fixed Investment															
(billion chained 2005 dollars-SAAR)	1,688	1,632	1,627	1,641	<i>1,652</i>	<i>1,666</i>	<i>1,683</i>	<i>1,719</i>	<i>1,776</i>	<i>1,840</i>	<i>1,907</i>	<i>1,974</i>	1,647	<i>1,680</i>	<i>1,874</i>
Business Inventory Change															
(billion chained 2005 dollars-SAAR)	-28.88	-39.76	-55.27	-11.35	<i>-7.46</i>	<i>-5.40</i>	<i>15.07</i>	<i>19.16</i>	<i>13.25</i>	<i>9.03</i>	<i>10.93</i>	<i>13.65</i>	-33.81	<i>5.34</i>	<i>11.71</i>
Housing Stock															
(millions)	123.5	123.5	123.5	123.5	<i>123.5</i>	<i>123.6</i>	<i>123.6</i>	<i>123.6</i>	<i>123.7</i>	<i>123.8</i>	<i>123.9</i>	<i>124.1</i>	123.5	<i>123.6</i>	<i>124.1</i>
Non-Farm Employment															
(millions)	132.8	131.1	130.1	129.6	<i>129.6</i>	<i>129.9</i>	<i>129.9</i>	<i>130.0</i>	<i>130.5</i>	<i>131.1</i>	<i>132.0</i>	<i>132.9</i>	130.9	<i>129.9</i>	<i>131.6</i>
Commercial Employment															
(millions)	88.9	87.9	87.5	87.4	<i>87.5</i>	<i>87.7</i>	<i>88.1</i>	<i>88.4</i>	<i>88.8</i>	<i>89.4</i>	<i>90.1</i>	<i>90.7</i>	87.9	<i>87.9</i>	<i>89.7</i>
Industrial Production Indices (Index, 2002=100)															
Total Industrial Production	99.1	96.4	98.0	99.7	<i>101.0</i>	<i>101.7</i>	<i>102.6</i>	<i>103.6</i>	<i>104.2</i>	<i>105.0</i>	<i>106.2</i>	<i>107.5</i>	98.3	<i>102.2</i>	<i>105.7</i>
Manufacturing	98.3	96.2	98.4	99.9	<i>101.6</i>	<i>103.0</i>	<i>104.3</i>	<i>105.5</i>	<i>106.4</i>	<i>107.6</i>	<i>109.4</i>	<i>111.2</i>	98.2	<i>103.6</i>	<i>108.7</i>
Food	108.9	110.4	110.9	112.6	<i>112.9</i>	<i>113.3</i>	<i>113.7</i>	<i>114.2</i>	<i>114.9</i>	<i>115.6</i>	<i>116.5</i>	<i>117.4</i>	110.7	<i>113.5</i>	<i>116.1</i>
Paper	80.6	80.6	83.6	83.8	<i>84.4</i>	<i>84.6</i>	<i>85.1</i>	<i>85.8</i>	<i>86.3</i>	<i>87.2</i>	<i>88.6</i>	<i>89.9</i>	82.2	<i>85.0</i>	<i>88.0</i>
Chemicals	100.9	102.8	105.1	108.2	<i>110.4</i>	<i>110.6</i>	<i>111.1</i>	<i>111.7</i>	<i>112.1</i>	<i>112.9</i>	<i>114.4</i>	<i>115.6</i>	104.2	<i>111.0</i>	<i>113.8</i>
Petroleum	107.7	108.1	108.1	106.9	<i>107.3</i>	<i>107.3</i>	<i>107.5</i>	<i>107.6</i>	<i>107.7</i>	<i>108.0</i>	<i>108.6</i>	<i>109.0</i>	107.7	<i>107.4</i>	<i>108.3</i>
Stone, Clay, Glass	84.4	82.3	85.1	81.7	<i>81.1</i>	<i>81.4</i>	<i>82.1</i>	<i>83.1</i>	<i>84.5</i>	<i>86.4</i>	<i>88.4</i>	<i>90.3</i>	83.4	<i>81.9</i>	<i>87.4</i>
Primary Metals	64.2	60.2	71.0	76.7	<i>78.7</i>	<i>78.7</i>	<i>79.6</i>	<i>80.8</i>	<i>81.6</i>	<i>83.7</i>	<i>87.7</i>	<i>90.8</i>	68.0	<i>79.4</i>	<i>86.0</i>
Resins and Synthetic Products	90.3	94.9	94.8	98.4	<i>100.7</i>	<i>100.6</i>	<i>100.3</i>	<i>100.4</i>	<i>100.3</i>	<i>100.8</i>	<i>102.3</i>	<i>103.9</i>	94.6	<i>100.5</i>	<i>101.8</i>
Agricultural Chemicals	87.1	96.6	96.4	97.6	<i>96.6</i>	<i>95.3</i>	<i>94.6</i>	<i>94.4</i>	<i>94.1</i>	<i>94.4</i>	<i>95.8</i>	<i>96.8</i>	94.4	<i>95.2</i>	<i>95.3</i>
Natural Gas-weighted (a)	90.5	92.4	95.0	96.7	<i>97.6</i>	<i>97.5</i>	<i>97.6</i>	<i>98.0</i>	<i>98.3</i>	<i>99.2</i>	<i>101.0</i>	<i>102.4</i>	93.6	<i>97.7</i>	<i>100.2</i>
Price Indexes															
Consumer Price Index (all urban consumers)															
(index, 1982-1984=1.00)	2.13	2.13	2.15	2.17	<i>2.19</i>	<i>2.19</i>	<i>2.20</i>	<i>2.21</i>	<i>2.23</i>	<i>2.23</i>	<i>2.24</i>	<i>2.26</i>	2.15	<i>2.20</i>	<i>2.24</i>
Producer Price Index: All Commodities															
(index, 1982=1.00)	1.71	1.70	1.73	1.78	<i>1.83</i>	<i>1.81</i>	<i>1.82</i>	<i>1.85</i>	<i>1.87</i>	<i>1.86</i>	<i>1.87</i>	<i>1.90</i>	1.73	<i>1.83</i>	<i>1.87</i>
Producer Price Index: Petroleum															
(index, 1982=1.00)	1.37	1.69	1.93	2.02	<i>2.15</i>	<i>2.27</i>	<i>2.29</i>	<i>2.24</i>	<i>2.30</i>	<i>2.39</i>	<i>2.40</i>	<i>2.37</i>	1.75	<i>2.24</i>	<i>2.36</i>
GDP Implicit Price Deflator															
(index, 2005=100)	109.7	109.7	109.8	109.9	<i>110.6</i>	<i>110.7</i>	<i>111.0</i>	<i>111.7</i>	<i>112.4</i>	<i>112.5</i>	<i>112.9</i>	<i>113.6</i>	109.8	<i>111.0</i>	<i>112.9</i>
Miscellaneous															
Vehicle Miles Traveled (b)															
(million miles/day)	7,599	8,368	8,290	7,873	<i>7,640</i>	<i>8,401</i>	<i>8,339</i>	<i>7,970</i>	<i>7,691</i>	<i>8,471</i>	<i>8,390</i>	<i>8,025</i>	8,034	<i>8,089</i>	<i>8,145</i>
Air Travel Capacity															
(Available ton-miles/day, thousands)	494	513	518	494	<i>490</i>	<i>515</i>	<i>531</i>	<i>519</i>	<i>503</i>	<i>528</i>	<i>544</i>	<i>530</i>	505	<i>514</i>	<i>526</i>
Aircraft Utilization															
(Revenue ton-miles/day, thousands)	275	305	319	300	<i>281</i>	<i>311</i>	<i>326</i>	<i>311</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>319</i>	<i>336</i>	<i>318</i>	300	<i>307</i>	<i>315</i>
Airline Ticket Price Index															
(index, 1982-1984=100)	252.7	249.8	260.6	268.8	<i>264.3</i>	<i>273.7</i>	<i>296.2</i>	<i>293.0</i>	<i>281.4</i>	<i>285.2</i>	<i>306.0</i>	<i>302.0</i>	258.0	<i>281.8</i>	<i>293.7</i>
Raw Steel Production															
(million short tons per day)	0.146	0.153	0.186	0.214	<i>0.231</i>	<i>0.241</i>	<i>0.246</i>	<i>0.238</i>	<i>0.234</i>	<i>0.249</i>	<i>0.257</i>	<i>0.250</i>	0.175	<i>0.239</i>	<i>0.248</i>
Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) Emissions (million metric tons)															
Petroleum	582	571	574	592	<i>582</i>	<i>583</i>	<i>583</i>	<i>590</i>	<i>587</i>	<i>587</i>	<i>589</i>	<i>595</i>	2,319	<i>2,339</i>	<i>2,358</i>
Natural Gas	385	255	265	314	<i>396</i>	<i>257</i>	<i>264</i>	<i>308</i>	<i>380</i>	<i>260</i>	<i>267</i>	<i>313</i>	1,219	<i>1,225</i>	<i>1,220</i>
Coal	481	437	490	480	<i>487</i>	<i>447</i>	<i>526</i>	<i>486</i>	<i>501</i>	<i>459</i>	<i>541</i>	<i>496</i>	1,888	<i>1,947</i>	<i>1,996</i>
Total Fossil Fuels	1,449	1,263	1,329	1,387	<i>1,465</i>	<i>1,287</i>	<i>1,374</i>	<i>1,384</i>	<i>1,468</i>	<i>1,305</i>	<i>1,397</i>	<i>1,404</i>	5,428	<i>5,510</i>	<i>5,574</i>

- = no data available

(a) Natural gas share weights of individual sector indices based on EIA *Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey*, 2002.

(b) Total highway travel includes gasoline and diesel fuel vehicles.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical release G17; Federal Highway Administration; and Federal Aviation Administration.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Macroeconomic projections are based on the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy and Regional Economic Information and simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 9b. U.S. Regional Macroeconomic Data
 Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Real Gross State Product (Billion \$2005)															
New England	622	622	626	634	<i>638</i>	<i>641</i>	<i>644</i>	<i>647</i>	<i>650</i>	<i>654</i>	<i>660</i>	<i>665</i>	626	<i>643</i>	<i>657</i>
Middle Atlantic	1,748	1,746	1,757	1,778	<i>1,788</i>	<i>1,798</i>	<i>1,806</i>	<i>1,816</i>	<i>1,826</i>	<i>1,837</i>	<i>1,853</i>	<i>1,869</i>	1,757	<i>1,802</i>	<i>1,846</i>
E. N. Central	1,570	1,565	1,574	1,590	<i>1,600</i>	<i>1,607</i>	<i>1,613</i>	<i>1,622</i>	<i>1,630</i>	<i>1,637</i>	<i>1,649</i>	<i>1,662</i>	1,575	<i>1,610</i>	<i>1,645</i>
W. N. Central	722	721	725	736	<i>741</i>	<i>744</i>	<i>747</i>	<i>751</i>	<i>754</i>	<i>757</i>	<i>763</i>	<i>769</i>	726	<i>746</i>	<i>761</i>
S. Atlantic	2,030	2,026	2,036	2,067	<i>2,082</i>	<i>2,094</i>	<i>2,106</i>	<i>2,120</i>	<i>2,134</i>	<i>2,151</i>	<i>2,173</i>	<i>2,195</i>	2,040	<i>2,100</i>	<i>2,163</i>
E. S. Central	529	528	531	538	<i>541</i>	<i>543</i>	<i>546</i>	<i>549</i>	<i>552</i>	<i>555</i>	<i>560</i>	<i>566</i>	531	<i>545</i>	<i>558</i>
W. S. Central	1,221	1,220	1,230	1,252	<i>1,263</i>	<i>1,270</i>	<i>1,278</i>	<i>1,285</i>	<i>1,294</i>	<i>1,304</i>	<i>1,317</i>	<i>1,330</i>	1,231	<i>1,274</i>	<i>1,311</i>
Mountain	732	729	732	742	<i>746</i>	<i>750</i>	<i>754</i>	<i>758</i>	<i>763</i>	<i>769</i>	<i>776</i>	<i>784</i>	734	<i>752</i>	<i>773</i>
Pacific	1,964	1,959	1,968	1,998	<i>2,014</i>	<i>2,024</i>	<i>2,036</i>	<i>2,049</i>	<i>2,062</i>	<i>2,076</i>	<i>2,096</i>	<i>2,115</i>	1,972	<i>2,031</i>	<i>2,087</i>
Industrial Output, Manufacturing (Index, Year 1997=100)															
New England	96.8	95.9	98.2	99.1	<i>100.3</i>	<i>101.5</i>	<i>102.5</i>	<i>103.3</i>	<i>103.9</i>	<i>104.9</i>	<i>106.3</i>	<i>107.7</i>	97.5	<i>101.9</i>	<i>105.7</i>
Middle Atlantic	93.1	91.8	94.5	95.9	<i>97.9</i>	<i>99.1</i>	<i>100.3</i>	<i>101.6</i>	<i>102.5</i>	<i>103.7</i>	<i>105.5</i>	<i>107.2</i>	93.8	<i>99.7</i>	<i>104.7</i>
E. N. Central	92.5	88.9	91.6	93.6	<i>95.3</i>	<i>96.6</i>	<i>97.6</i>	<i>98.6</i>	<i>99.3</i>	<i>100.4</i>	<i>102.1</i>	<i>103.8</i>	91.6	<i>97.0</i>	<i>101.4</i>
W. N. Central	108.1	105.6	107.6	109.8	<i>112.0</i>	<i>114.0</i>	<i>115.4</i>	<i>116.7</i>	<i>117.7</i>	<i>119.0</i>	<i>121.0</i>	<i>122.9</i>	107.8	<i>114.5</i>	<i>120.1</i>
S. Atlantic	93.0	91.0	92.5	93.7	<i>95.2</i>	<i>96.5</i>	<i>97.7</i>	<i>98.8</i>	<i>99.6</i>	<i>100.7</i>	<i>102.3</i>	<i>103.9</i>	92.6	<i>97.0</i>	<i>101.6</i>
E. S. Central	96.0	94.1	97.4	99.1	<i>100.8</i>	<i>102.0</i>	<i>103.2</i>	<i>104.7</i>	<i>105.7</i>	<i>107.3</i>	<i>109.6</i>	<i>111.9</i>	96.7	<i>102.7</i>	<i>108.6</i>
W. S. Central	109.6	107.6	108.8	110.1	<i>111.8</i>	<i>113.2</i>	<i>114.5</i>	<i>115.7</i>	<i>116.6</i>	<i>117.9</i>	<i>120.0</i>	<i>121.9</i>	109.0	<i>113.8</i>	<i>119.1</i>
Mountain	111.2	110.0	112.1	113.9	<i>116.1</i>	<i>118.2</i>	<i>119.8</i>	<i>121.4</i>	<i>122.8</i>	<i>124.1</i>	<i>126.1</i>	<i>128.0</i>	111.8	<i>118.9</i>	<i>125.2</i>
Pacific	102.6	101.0	103.5	104.7	<i>106.2</i>	<i>107.9</i>	<i>109.3</i>	<i>110.7</i>	<i>111.7</i>	<i>113.0</i>	<i>115.0</i>	<i>116.9</i>	102.9	<i>108.5</i>	<i>114.1</i>
Real Personal Income (Billion \$2005)															
New England	566	573	571	572	<i>574</i>	<i>578</i>	<i>581</i>	<i>582</i>	<i>585</i>	<i>589</i>	<i>592</i>	<i>594</i>	571	<i>579</i>	<i>590</i>
Middle Atlantic	1,508	1,538	1,537	1,540	<i>1,545</i>	<i>1,561</i>	<i>1,571</i>	<i>1,578</i>	<i>1,587</i>	<i>1,601</i>	<i>1,613</i>	<i>1,623</i>	1,531	<i>1,564</i>	<i>1,606</i>
E. N. Central	1,406	1,413	1,409	1,414	<i>1,423</i>	<i>1,434</i>	<i>1,440</i>	<i>1,442</i>	<i>1,446</i>	<i>1,455</i>	<i>1,461</i>	<i>1,465</i>	1,410	<i>1,435</i>	<i>1,457</i>
W. N. Central	640	641	638	642	<i>646</i>	<i>650</i>	<i>651</i>	<i>652</i>	<i>653</i>	<i>657</i>	<i>660</i>	<i>662</i>	640	<i>650</i>	<i>658</i>
S. Atlantic	1,854	1,864	1,856	1,863	<i>1,877</i>	<i>1,895</i>	<i>1,907</i>	<i>1,913</i>	<i>1,925</i>	<i>1,941</i>	<i>1,958</i>	<i>1,970</i>	1,859	<i>1,898</i>	<i>1,948</i>
E. S. Central	489	494	491	491	<i>494</i>	<i>498</i>	<i>499</i>	<i>501</i>	<i>503</i>	<i>507</i>	<i>510</i>	<i>512</i>	491	<i>498</i>	<i>508</i>
W. S. Central	1,064	1,059	1,054	1,059	<i>1,068</i>	<i>1,080</i>	<i>1,088</i>	<i>1,093</i>	<i>1,101</i>	<i>1,110</i>	<i>1,120</i>	<i>1,127</i>	1,059	<i>1,082</i>	<i>1,114</i>
Mountain	651	649	645	646	<i>651</i>	<i>657</i>	<i>660</i>	<i>661</i>	<i>665</i>	<i>671</i>	<i>676</i>	<i>680</i>	648	<i>657</i>	<i>673</i>
Pacific	1,707	1,701	1,695	1,701	<i>1,713</i>	<i>1,730</i>	<i>1,741</i>	<i>1,750</i>	<i>1,762</i>	<i>1,777</i>	<i>1,790</i>	<i>1,801</i>	1,701	<i>1,734</i>	<i>1,782</i>
Households (Thousands)															
New England	5,491	5,495	5,500	5,506	<i>5,515</i>	<i>5,525</i>	<i>5,536</i>	<i>5,550</i>	<i>5,564</i>	<i>5,579</i>	<i>5,594</i>	<i>5,604</i>	5,506	<i>5,550</i>	<i>5,604</i>
Middle Atlantic	15,199	15,210	15,224	15,238	<i>15,260</i>	<i>15,289</i>	<i>15,318</i>	<i>15,357</i>	<i>15,395</i>	<i>15,437</i>	<i>15,473</i>	<i>15,498</i>	15,238	<i>15,357</i>	<i>15,498</i>
E. N. Central	17,747	17,735	17,727	17,719	<i>17,721</i>	<i>17,761</i>	<i>17,795</i>	<i>17,839</i>	<i>17,879</i>	<i>17,916</i>	<i>17,956</i>	<i>18,037</i>	17,719	<i>17,839</i>	<i>18,037</i>
W. N. Central	8,068	8,080	8,094	8,107	<i>8,124</i>	<i>8,144</i>	<i>8,163</i>	<i>8,187</i>	<i>8,219</i>	<i>8,246</i>	<i>8,271</i>	<i>8,289</i>	8,107	<i>8,187</i>	<i>8,289</i>
S. Atlantic	22,221	22,253	22,297	22,350	<i>22,419</i>	<i>22,495</i>	<i>22,573</i>	<i>22,678</i>	<i>22,772</i>	<i>22,874</i>	<i>22,971</i>	<i>23,054</i>	22,350	<i>22,678</i>	<i>23,054</i>
E. S. Central	7,046	7,056	7,068	7,080	<i>7,095</i>	<i>7,113</i>	<i>7,138</i>	<i>7,168</i>	<i>7,192</i>	<i>7,218</i>	<i>7,242</i>	<i>7,268</i>	7,080	<i>7,168</i>	<i>7,268</i>
W. S. Central	12,672	12,711	12,751	12,790	<i>12,832</i>	<i>12,881</i>	<i>12,928</i>	<i>12,988</i>	<i>13,048</i>	<i>13,111</i>	<i>13,169</i>	<i>13,218</i>	12,790	<i>12,988</i>	<i>13,218</i>
Mountain	7,894	7,909	7,927	7,947	<i>7,971</i>	<i>8,003</i>	<i>8,037</i>	<i>8,070</i>	<i>8,102</i>	<i>8,146</i>	<i>8,184</i>	<i>8,221</i>	7,947	<i>8,070</i>	<i>8,221</i>
Pacific	16,865	16,886	16,917	16,956	<i>17,010</i>	<i>17,072</i>	<i>17,134</i>	<i>17,207</i>	<i>17,280</i>	<i>17,358</i>	<i>17,428</i>	<i>17,488</i>	16,956	<i>17,207</i>	<i>17,488</i>
Total Non-farm Employment (Millions)															
New England	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.7	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.8</i>	<i>6.8</i>	6.8	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.7</i>
Middle Atlantic	18.2	18.0	18.0	17.9	<i>17.9</i>	<i>17.9</i>	<i>17.9</i>	<i>17.9</i>	<i>18.0</i>	<i>18.1</i>	<i>18.2</i>	<i>18.3</i>	18.0	<i>17.9</i>	<i>18.1</i>
E. N. Central	20.5	20.1	20.0	19.9	<i>19.9</i>	<i>19.9</i>	<i>19.9</i>	<i>19.9</i>	<i>19.9</i>	<i>20.0</i>	<i>20.1</i>	<i>20.2</i>	20.1	<i>19.9</i>	<i>20.0</i>
W. N. Central	10.0	9.9	9.8	9.8	<i>9.8</i>	<i>9.8</i>	<i>9.8</i>	<i>9.8</i>	<i>9.8</i>	<i>9.9</i>	<i>9.9</i>	<i>10.0</i>	9.9	<i>9.8</i>	<i>9.9</i>
S. Atlantic	25.3	25.0	24.8	24.7	<i>24.7</i>	<i>24.8</i>	<i>24.8</i>	<i>24.8</i>	<i>24.9</i>	<i>25.1</i>	<i>25.3</i>	<i>25.5</i>	25.0	<i>24.8</i>	<i>25.2</i>
E. S. Central	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.3	<i>7.3</i>	<i>7.3</i>	<i>7.3</i>	<i>7.3</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>7.5</i>	7.4	<i>7.3</i>	<i>7.4</i>
W. S. Central	15.1	15.0	14.8	14.8	<i>14.9</i>	<i>14.9</i>	<i>14.9</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>15.1</i>	<i>15.2</i>	<i>15.4</i>	14.9	<i>14.9</i>	<i>15.2</i>
Mountain	9.4	9.2	9.1	9.1	<i>9.1</i>	<i>9.1</i>	<i>9.1</i>	<i>9.1</i>	<i>9.1</i>	<i>9.2</i>	<i>9.2</i>	<i>9.3</i>	9.2	<i>9.1</i>	<i>9.2</i>
Pacific	19.9	19.6	19.4	19.3	<i>19.3</i>	<i>19.4</i>	<i>19.4</i>	<i>19.5</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>19.7</i>	<i>19.8</i>	<i>20.0</i>	19.6	<i>19.4</i>	<i>19.8</i>

- = no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical release G17.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Macroeconomic projections are based on the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy.

Table 9c. U.S. Regional Weather Data

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook - March 2010

	2009				2010				2011				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2009	2010	2011
Heating Degree-days															
New England	3,379	861	165	2,234	3,102	929	172	2,241	3,218	922	190	2,253	6,638	6,444	6,583
Middle Atlantic	3,032	662	94	1,984	2,963	752	119	2,045	2,967	745	126	2,046	5,773	5,879	5,884
E. N. Central	3,337	764	172	2,264	3,295	796	153	2,306	3,218	792	158	2,299	6,537	6,550	6,467
W. N. Central	3,345	765	168	2,541	3,539	730	182	2,496	3,288	725	180	2,496	6,819	6,947	6,688
South Atlantic	1,588	215	8	1,047	1,759	249	24	1,057	1,522	245	23	1,041	2,858	3,089	2,831
E. S. Central	1,868	271	17	1,408	2,198	300	32	1,375	1,889	296	32	1,360	3,564	3,905	3,577
W. S. Central	1,087	112	8	990	1,519	122	8	859	1,200	107	7	879	2,197	2,508	2,192
Mountain	2,135	688	102	2,015	2,308	719	164	1,920	2,253	706	172	1,941	4,940	5,111	5,071
Pacific	1,429	491	43	1,177	1,324	521	100	1,142	1,413	540	95	1,119	3,140	3,087	3,168
U.S. Average	2,257	502	78	1,640	2,336	538	96	1,623	2,224	535	98	1,619	4,478	4,593	4,476
Heating Degree-days, 30-year Normal (a)															
New England	3,219	930	190	2,272	3,219	930	190	2,272	3,219	930	190	2,272	6,611	6,611	6,611
Middle Atlantic	2,968	752	127	2,064	2,968	752	127	2,064	2,968	752	127	2,064	5,911	5,911	5,911
E. N. Central	3,227	798	156	2,316	3,227	798	156	2,316	3,227	798	156	2,316	6,497	6,497	6,497
W. N. Central	3,326	729	183	2,512	3,326	729	183	2,512	3,326	729	183	2,512	6,750	6,750	6,750
South Atlantic	1,523	247	25	1,058	1,523	247	25	1,058	1,523	247	25	1,058	2,853	2,853	2,853
E. S. Central	1,895	299	33	1,377	1,895	299	33	1,377	1,895	299	33	1,377	3,604	3,604	3,604
W. S. Central	1,270	112	9	896	1,270	112	9	896	1,270	112	9	896	2,287	2,287	2,287
Mountain	2,321	741	183	1,964	2,321	741	183	1,964	2,321	741	183	1,964	5,209	5,209	5,209
Pacific	1,419	556	108	1,145	1,419	556	108	1,145	1,419	556	108	1,145	3,228	3,228	3,228
U.S. Average	2,242	543	101	1,638	2,242	543	101	1,638	2,242	543	101	1,638	4,524	4,524	4,524
Cooling Degree-days															
New England	0	35	355	0	0	69	365	0	0	81	366	1	390	434	447
Middle Atlantic	0	109	483	0	0	141	526	5	0	151	510	5	592	672	665
E. N. Central	1	190	352	0	1	197	504	8	1	207	520	8	543	710	735
W. N. Central	2	251	465	0	3	263	651	12	3	264	659	15	718	929	941
South Atlantic	85	630	1,117	220	68	565	1,094	210	113	578	1,105	222	2,052	1,937	2,019
E. S. Central	26	529	952	31	18	458	1,012	63	31	467	1,011	65	1,539	1,551	1,575
W. S. Central	97	865	1,470	160	51	759	1,428	187	87	793	1,442	189	2,592	2,425	2,511
Mountain	22	429	924	57	10	388	859	69	18	391	866	77	1,432	1,326	1,352
Pacific	9	110	542	23	4	165	531	42	7	162	552	55	684	742	776
U.S. Average	31	367	779	68	22	343	781	79	36	352	790	83	1,245	1,225	1,261
Cooling Degree-days, 30-year Normal (a)															
New England	0	81	361	1	0	81	361	1	0	81	361	1	443	443	443
Middle Atlantic	0	151	508	7	0	151	508	7	0	151	508	7	666	666	666
E. N. Central	1	208	511	10	1	208	511	10	1	208	511	10	730	730	730
W. N. Central	3	270	661	14	3	270	661	14	3	270	661	14	948	948	948
South Atlantic	113	576	1,081	213	113	576	1,081	213	113	576	1,081	213	1,983	1,983	1,983
E. S. Central	29	469	1,002	66	29	469	1,002	66	29	469	1,002	66	1,566	1,566	1,566
W. S. Central	80	790	1,424	185	80	790	1,424	185	80	790	1,424	185	2,479	2,479	2,479
Mountain	17	383	839	68	17	383	839	68	17	383	839	68	1,307	1,307	1,307
Pacific	10	171	526	49	10	171	526	49	10	171	526	49	756	756	756
U.S. Average	34	353	775	80	34	353	775	80	34	353	775	80	1,242	1,242	1,242

- = no data available

(a) 30-year normal represents average over 1971 - 2000, reported by National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html>) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Association (NOAA).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Based on forecasts by the NOAA Climate Prediction Center.