

Virginia: 2000

Summary Population and Housing Characteristics

Issued November 2002

PHC-1-48

2000 Census of Population and Housing



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United States
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2000

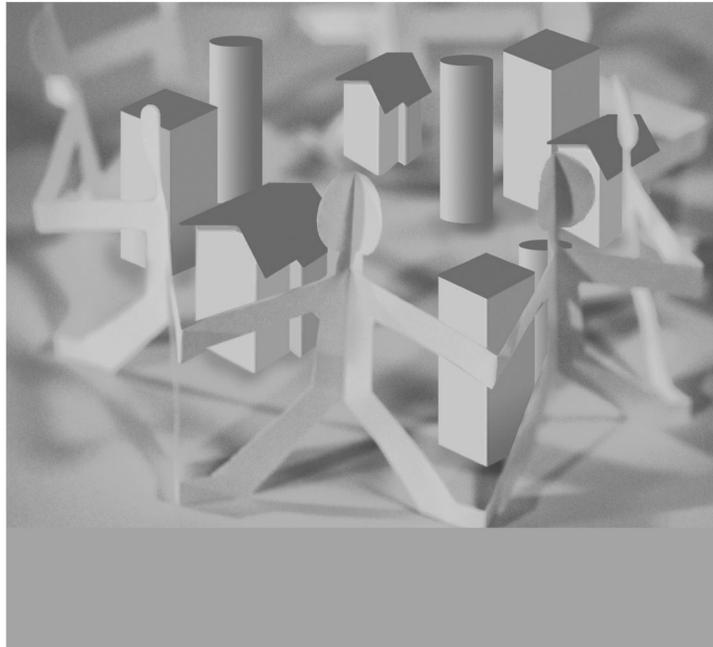
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U.S. Department of Commerce

Donald L. Evans,

Secretary

Samuel W. Bodman,

Deputy Secretary

Economics and Statistics Administration

Kathleen B. Cooper,

Under Secretary for

Economic Affairs

U.S. CENSUS BUREAU

Charles Louis Kincannon,

Director

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**Economics
and Statistics
Administration**

Kathleen B. Cooper,
Under Secretary
for Economic Affairs



U.S. CENSUS BUREAU
Charles Louis Kincannon,
Director

Vacant,
Deputy Director and
Chief Operating Officer

Nancy A. Potok,
Principal Associate Director
and Chief Financial Officer

Vacant,
Principal Associate
Director for Programs

Preston Jay Waite,
Associate Director
for Decennial Census

Nancy M. Gordon,
Associate Director
for Demographic Programs

Cynthia Z.F. Clark,
Associate Director
for Methodology and
Standards

Marvin D. Raines,
Associate Director
for Field Operations

Arnold A. Jackson,
Assistant Director
for Decennial Census

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How to Use This Census Report

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INTRODUCTION

Data from Census 2000 are presented in three printed report series:

1. PHC-1, *Summary Population and Housing Characteristics*
2. PHC-2, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*
3. PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*

The data from Census 2000 were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions, found on the “short form”), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions, found on the “long form”). Appendix D presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages used to collect the data included in this report.

The PHC-1, *Summary Population and Housing Characteristics*, report series provides data based on the 100-percent questions. The subjects are age, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, race, sex, tenure (owner- or renter-occupied), and vacancy characteristics. Land area measurements and population density also are provided. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-1 series.

The PHC-2, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, report series provides sample data based on both the 100-percent and the sample questions. Sample subjects include place of birth; residence in 1995; language; educational attainment and school enrollment; veteran status; disability status; employment status; journey to work; work status, earnings, income, and poverty status in 1999; physical housing characteristics; units in structure; fuel and equipment characteristics; owner and renter household characteristics, such as year owner moved into unit; home value; contract and gross rent; and mortgage and rental cost characteristics. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-5 series.

The PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series provides Census 2000 and historical comparisons of the 100-percent population and housing unit counts. It provides land and water area measurements, and population density. The user notes section documents geographic changes over the past decade. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-2 series.

In each series, there is one report for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico, plus a United States summary report. Many tables in the United States summary reports include data for Puerto Rico. See Appendix E for detailed information about additional Census 2000 data products and release media.

HOW TO FIND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND SUBJECT MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the desired data. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, by geographic area, the subjects shown in this report. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the lefthand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for the desired type of geographic area. Figure I-1 is an example of a table finding guide.

The table finding guide does not include cross-classifications of subject-matter items. Additional information to locate data within specific reports is provided in the headnote at the top of the table finding guide and in the footnotes at the bottom of the guide.

HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) heading, (2) boxhead, (3) stub, and (4) data field. A typical census report table is illustrated in Figure I-2.

The heading consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the subjects and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table.

The boxhead is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a spanner appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

Figure I-1.

Table Finding Guide

SUBJECTS BY TYPE OF GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. Table numbers shown in bold indicate that either all or part of the table is presented for the American Indian and Alaska Native population in American Indian and Alaska Native areas, or for the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population in Hawaiian home lands. For a description of area classifications, see Appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see Appendix B.

Subject	The state ¹	County ²	Place		County subdivision		American Indian and Alaska Native Area ⁴	Hawaiian home land ⁵
			By county and county subdivision	Alphabetically for the state	By county	Alphabetically for the state ³		
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS								
Age	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
Average family size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Average household size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Families and family characteristics	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Group quarters population	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Hispanic or Latino	3, 4	3, 4	3	4	3	4	18	26
Households and household characteristics	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 9	8, 10	7, 9	8, 10	20, 21	28, 29
Nonfamily households	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Race	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 5	4, 6	3, 5	4, 6	18, 19	26, 27
Relationship to householder	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Sex	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS								
Hispanic or Latino origin of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Average household size	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Occupancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Race of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Tenure	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Vacancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
GEOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Land area	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32

¹State, District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico.

²Parish in Louisiana; borough, census area, city and borough, and municipio in Alaska; and municipio in Puerto Rico; in Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia, one or more cities are independent of counties and are treated as statistical equivalents of counties; the entire District of Columbia, which has no counties, is treated as a county equivalent.

³County subdivisions within the state are shown alphabetically with places for the following 12 states: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

⁴American Indian and Alaska Native areas include state and federal American Indian reservations; Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSA); tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA) (federal areas); state designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) (state areas); Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA) (Alaska); and Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs) (Alaska).

⁵Tables for these areas appear only in the report for Hawaii.

Figure I-2.

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE

Table number and title: Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000

Headnote: For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text.

Spanner: Selected combinations of two races

Column head: Race alone or in combination with one or more other races

Boxhead: State, County, Place and (if Selected) State's County Subdivision

Stub: COUNTY

Sidehead: PLACE

Page number and state name: 16 Alabama

Report title: Summary Population and Housing Characteristics U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

State	White, Black or African American		White, Indian and Alaska Native		Black or African American, Indian and Alaska Native		American Indian and Alaska Native		Asian		Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander		Some other race
	White	Black or African American	White	Indian and Alaska Native	Black or African American	Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race		
The State	6 336	17 966	4 772	2 326	3 199 953	1 168 998	48 448	39 458	4 288	38 261			
Adams County	41	188	77	13	39 989	7 549	410	297				223	
Barbour County	155	725	151	37	123 706	14 722	1 614	795				1 000	
Bartow County	34	96	19	18	15 036	13 020	225	143				41	
Bell County	18	56	8	8	18 344	4 811	115	25				1 154	
Blount County	34	273	41	10	48 893	664	565	132				24	
Bozart County	10	27	-	11	3 096	8 613	84	42				16	
Buller County	21	23	7	10	12 038	8 713	84	47				3	
Burns County	96	131	40	25	25 433	14 326	95	101				87	
Calhoun County	34	95	17	5	22 451	1 381	179	87				113	
Cherokee County	34	137	21	7	24 376	4 299	289	712				16	
Choctaw County	19	23	2	3	8 832	7 066	53	11				7	
Clackson County	28	29	9	21	15 885	12 055	129	62				14	
Clay County	14	62	13	1	11 846	2 239	122	23				8	
Clayton County	108	265	166	45	34 239	8 234	737	875				100	
Colbert County	99	233	28	25	45 236	5 513	478	186				42	
Conecuh County	12	42	11	5	7 883	6 160	79	31				20	
Coosa County	6	46	3	10	7 893	6 847	100	13				111	
Covadonga County	27	129	26	5	32 066	4 686	323	95				12	
Crenshaw County	28	47	7	2	10 189	3 424	109	24				99	
Cullman County	60	442	95	1	79 743	829	899	224				61	
Cummins County	155	317	124	82	37 654	10 259	721	603				184	
Dallas County	95	47	9	20	18 885	29 472	138	291				49	
Dale County	48	625	42	2	65 833	1 544	1 289	178				2 282	
Dawson County	102	261	82	26	51 338	1 814	65	26				413	
DeKalb County	48	255	30	19	25 143	11 922	1 441	140				219	
DeKalb County	172	396	83	32	87 565	19 464	1 628	969				466	
Franklin County	20	41	6	7	18 180	2 237	83	37				3	
Fayette County	39	124	14	2	28 270	1 268	233	84				1 581	
Geneva County	13	113	15	6	22 611	2 772	316	53				16	
Greene County	7	6	-	-	1 616	8 622	48	17				8	
Hale County	21	16	-	13	6 910	10 183	65	47				2	
Henry County	24	65	19	8	12 812	2 258	90	24				153	
Houston County	145	298	82	54	65 588	22 119	724	899				63	
Jackson County	79	454	26	18	52 581	2 335	1 535	178				282	
Jackson County	811	1 432	629	26	36 387	202 626	3 352	7 109				611	
Jasper County	22	32	12	4	13 887	1 534	64	14				3	
Lauderdale County	102	321	42	19	79 380	9 442	651	261				40	
Lawrence County	53	931	16	25	28 102	4 726	2 836	81				6	
Lee County	180	369	180	29	89 172	20 368	729	2 165				119	
Lincoln County	112	285	48	16	55 879	8 900	622	302				895	
Limestone County	9	4	-	11	3 816	8 829	42	11				19	
Madison County	38	116	5	81	7 440	20 950	114	129				37	
Madison County	760	1 978	748	324	323 732	84 546	4 498	6 926				2 650	
Marengo County	18	24	2	19	10 732	11 712	79	53				172	
Marshall County	12	121	22	6	19 779	1 802	1 161	101				10	
Marshall County	180	401	82	6	77 607	1 371	876	296				2 860	
Mobile County	557	1 292	610	326	255 515	134 981	4 573	6 526				2 600	
Monroe County	67	89	14	14	14 310	19 919	283	19				8	
Montgomery County	367	375	411	168	110 884	109 558	1 226	2 931				331	
Morgan County	226	669	73	37	95 898	12 813	1 543	646				1 703	
Murray County	8	49	-	2	2 894	8 164	26	30				20	
Nash County	41	162	21	68	18 287	10 988	450	165				34	
Neshoba County	29	66	2	2	12 021	9 517	117	64				6	
Newton County	79	154	63	27	28 610	20 525	387	313				110	
Newton County	127	263	49	3	28 836	12 544	699	172				1 247	
Opika County	18	391	211	25	128 820	10 788	686	1 791				43	
Ozark County	149	188	48	21	54 317	25 578	427	267				69	
Polk County	51	96	6	11	30 654	10 610	223	103				24	
Polk County	209	424	163	73	113 445	48 780	957	1 304				1 246	
Randolph County	17	239	47	12	65 786	4 847	468	298				428	
Randolph County	4	8	11	6	3 839	4 494	34	22				6	
Russell County	11	128	13	-	24 588	110	343	83				17	
Shelby County	6	2	-	-	1 703	1 203	2	4				90	
Shelby County	8	1	-	-	9 790	1 147	11	2				20	
Shelby County	-	1	-	-	720	1	2	1				2	
Shelby County	-	-	-	-	80	438	11	1				2	
Shelby County	25	62	31	2	19 983	2 287	141	187				12	
Shelby County	31	64	31	5	18 086	458	143	62				1 762	
Shelby County	9	5	5	1	3 284	371	17	28				5	
Shelby County	7	4	-	-	640	1 723	12	11				9	
Shelby County	-	2	-	-	548	2	5	-				94	
Shelby County	-	6	1	-	949	25	10	1				9	
Shelby County	-	9	1	-	154	25	10	1				9	

The stub is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the stubhead. The stubhead is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the stub, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a sidehead. The sidehead, similar to a spanner, describes and classifies the stub entries following it. The use of indentation in a stub indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that, in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally

in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total.

The data field is that part of the statistical table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the boxhead to the bottom of the table and from the right of the stub to the right edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in Appendix A. Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percentages, and ratios. These and other subject-matter terms are defined in Appendix B.

Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in Census 2000 reports:

- A dash “-” represents zero or a derived measure that rounds to less than 0.1.
- (X) means not applicable. In the 1990 and earlier decennial census reports, three dots “...” meant not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.

-
- The superscript prefix “r” indicates that the count has been revised since the publication of the 1990 census reports, or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1990 census reports. This symbol appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series.
 - A dagger “†” next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information was published for the 1990 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series. The geographic change information for the entities in a state is shown in the “User Notes” section of the Census 2000 PHC-3 report for that state.
 - A plus sign “+” is appended to the lower bound of the highest interval when the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A minus sign “-” is appended to the upper bound of the lowest interval when the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution. For more information on medians, see the section on “Derived Measures” in Appendix B.
 - A minus sign “-” preceding a figure denotes decrease. The minus sign appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series.

The following geographic abbreviations and terms may be used in the tables in this report:

- A “(part)” next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is located only partially in the superior geographic entity. For example, a “(part)” next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be “split” by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be “split” by a higher level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- ANVSA is Alaska Native village statistical area.
- ANRC is Alaska Native Regional Corporation.
- CCD is census county division.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- OTSA is Oklahoma tribal statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- SDAISA is state designated American Indian statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- UT is unorganized territory.

GRAPHICS

Charts, statistical maps, and other graphic summaries are included in some Census 2000 reports.

USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. This section appears directly before the statistical tables in census reports. It presents information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves. However, sometimes this information becomes available too late to be

reflected even in the user notes. Census 2000 user updates are available on the Census Bureau's Internet site at www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. To receive notification of user notes, subscribe to the Census Product Update (<http://www.census.gov/mp/www/cpu.html>), a biweekly e-mail newsletter available from the Customer Services Center of the Marketing Services Office at the U.S. Census Bureau, or contact the Customer Services Center directly on 301-763-INFO (4636) or at webmaster@census.gov.

APPENDIXES

Appendix A, Geographic Terms and Concepts. Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census products.

Appendix B, Definitions of Subject Characteristics. Contains definitions for the subject-matter terms used in census products, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. Population characteristics are defined first, followed by the definitions of the housing subjects.

Appendix C, Collection and Processing Procedures. Explains the enumeration and residence rules used in counting the population and housing units in the United States and Puerto Rico. It also describes the major components of the operational plan for Census 2000, and includes a glossary of terms.

Appendix D, Questionnaire Facsimile. Presents a facsimile of the Census 2000 questionnaire used to collect the data in this report.

Appendix E, Data Products and User Assistance. Summarizes the Census 2000 data products by describing the information available in printed reports and through electronic media such as CD-ROM, DVD, and the Internet. It also describes Census 2000 maps and other geographic products, reference materials, and sources of assistance.

Appendix F, Maps. Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

Appendix G, Accuracy of the Data. Provides information on confidentiality of the data, imputation of housing unit status and population counts, sources of errors in the data, and editing of unacceptable data.

Appendix H, Acknowledgments. Lists many of the U.S. Census Bureau staff who participated in the various activities of Census 2000.

Table Finding Guide

SUBJECTS BY TYPE OF GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

Subjects covered in this guide are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. Table numbers shown in bold indicate that either all or part of the table is presented for the American Indian and Alaska Native population in American Indian and Alaska Native areas, or for the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population in Hawaiian home lands. For a description of area classifications, see Appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see Appendix B.

Subject	The state ¹	County ²	Place		County subdivision		American Indian and Alaska Native area ⁴	Hawaiian home land ⁵
			By county and county subdivision	Alphabetically for the state	By county	Alphabetically for the state ³		
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS								
Age	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
Average family size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Average household size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Families and family characteristics ...	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Group quarters population	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Hispanic or Latino	3, 4	3, 4	3	4	3	4	18	26
Households and household characteristics	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 9	8, 10	7, 9	8, 10	20, 21	28, 29
Nonfamily households	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Race	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 5	4, 6	3, 5	4, 6	18, 19	26, 27
Relationship to householder	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Sex	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS								
Average household size by tenure ...	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Hispanic or Latino origin of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Occupancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Race of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Tenure	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Vacancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
GEOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Land area	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32

¹State, District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico.

²Parish in Louisiana; city and borough, municipality, borough, or census area in Alaska; and municipio in Puerto Rico; in Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia, one or more cities are independent of counties and are treated as statistical equivalents of counties; the entire District of Columbia, which has no counties, is treated as a county equivalent.

³County subdivisions within the state are shown alphabetically with places for the following 12 states: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

⁴American Indian and Alaska Native areas include state and federal American Indian reservations; Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs); tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) (federal areas); state designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) (state areas); Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs); and Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs).

⁵Tables for these areas appear only in the report for Hawaii.

User Notes

Additional information concerning this Census 2000 product and its source file, Summary File 1, may become available after this report is published. This information, called Notes and Errata, is available in portable document format (PDF) on the U.S. Census Bureau's Internet site at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html>. To receive notification of user notes, subscribe to the Census Product Update (<http://www.census.gov/mp/www/cpu.html>), a biweekly e-mail newsletter available from the Customer Services Center of the Marketing Services Office at the U.S. Census Bureau, or contact the Customer Services Center directly on 301-763-INFO (4636) or at webmaster@census.gov.

ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF THE DATA

User Note 1

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
The State	7 078 515	35.7	461 982	1 276 280	300 370	379 028	1 036 965	1 200 690	999 256	358 442	273 169
Accomack County	38 305	39.4	2 336	6 983	1 413	1 714	4 311	5 716	5 167	2 212	2 064
District 1	4 324	46.1	180	597	113	127	442	627	677	343	316
Chincoteague town	4 317	46.1	179	597	112	125	439	627	677	343	316
District 2	7 498	37.0	526	1 522	263	390	874	1 268	862	478	400
Hallwood town	290	32.0	21	76	8	9	42	35	34	16	13
Saxis town	337	47.3	7	49	11	7	31	52	54	19	19
Tangier town	604	42.7	30	100	15	25	53	94	106	30	39
District 3	3 761	36.2	252	788	144	177	451	616	476	165	190
District 4	3 505	39.5	213	643	135	146	394	524	494	193	163
Bloxom town	395	37.8	22	64	17	31	49	47	54	32	21
Parksley town	837	40.6	39	156	23	26	103	132	101	41	36
District 5	4 076	33.7	307	787	204	264	550	501	470	205	157
District 6	3 825	39.0	228	667	157	199	456	527	516	197	201
Accomac town	547	40.1	29	52	27	33	81	87	76	28	28
District 7	3 678	45.6	194	566	109	119	319	504	563	227	207
Onancock town	1 525	45.3	87	237	51	52	130	200	226	68	73
Onley town	496	46.3	23	70	13	12	42	81	70	31	25
District 8	3 749	41.6	197	642	121	115	419	584	566	211	214
Keller town	173	40.2	13	18	8	9	27	34	16	7	10
Meifa town	450	38.0	32	69	18	23	61	73	61	19	17
Wachapreague town	236	55.6	4	14	4	5	22	26	38	19	21
District 9	3 889	38.6	239	771	167	177	406	565	543	193	216
Belle Haven town (part)	421	42.5	20	69	13	14	43	66	59	17	39
Painter town	246	40.6	18	38	16	7	25	32	21	16	11
Albemarle County	79 236	37.4	4 961	14 722	2 210	3 548	11 129	13 358	12 071	4 108	3 209
Jack Jouett district	8 981	32.2	483	1 106	245	972	2 063	1 117	1 010	345	311
Rio district	12 451	35.2	805	2 089	351	772	2 164	1 830	1 533	578	438
Rivanna district	18 904	37.9	1 294	3 951	459	520	2 246	3 579	2 925	910	788
Samuel Miller district	11 253	41.9	627	2 351	282	234	967	1 872	2 196	767	539
Scottsville district	14 222	35.5	957	2 484	494	677	2 354	2 624	2 069	689	535
Scottsville town (part)	530	38.9	31	89	19	19	74	85	63	41	20
White Hall district	13 425	40.0	795	2 741	379	373	1 335	2 336	2 338	819	598
Crozet CDP	2 820	39.1	196	565	68	62	327	487	402	184	127
Alleghany County	12 926	41.1	721	2 230	403	401	1 508	1 954	2 038	926	720
Boiling Spring district	2 793	41.9	154	462	79	99	337	403	458	231	149
Clifton district	2 777	41.7	149	455	94	88	322	414	460	160	154
Iron Gate town	404	46.2	12	55	15	18	38	59	59	24	28
Covington district	1 727	39.9	101	344	60	60	180	229	259	129	80
Falling Spring district	3 406	40.2	208	604	104	88	400	581	512	251	181
Jackson River district	2 223	42.1	109	365	66	66	269	327	349	155	156
Low Moor CDP	367	40.8	19	62	10	8	49	62	57	15	19
Selma CDP	485	40.8	22	96	12	15	63	58	66	26	31
Amelia County	11 400	38.5	716	2 173	357	412	1 365	1 969	1 605	718	571
District 1	2 532	37.6	157	516	65	93	326	428	370	156	127
District 2	1 926	38.5	137	335	86	72	229	319	261	131	105
District 3	2 192	38.0	121	463	70	70	270	387	301	144	115
District 4	2 519	39.1	173	447	73	96	301	421	317	157	112
District 5	2 231	39.5	128	412	63	81	239	414	356	130	112
Amherst County	31 894	38.0	1 820	5 666	1 705	1 394	3 907	4 930	4 613	1 863	1 599
District 1	6 792	35.7	430	1 423	244	260	960	1 096	1 010	370	298
Madison Heights CDP (part)	1 487	35.7	88	291	60	69	220	205	196	77	84
District 2	6 594	37.5	322	972	739	395	653	805	854	405	342
Amherst town	2 251	43.4	129	358	73	64	238	311	281	132	117
District 3	6 758	37.4	387	1 402	340	236	763	1 144	972	413	329
District 4	5 518	39.2	338	919	189	240	720	815	779	330	329
Madison Heights CDP (part)	3 865	39.4	242	626	131	166	503	565	542	244	242
District 5	6 232	40.3	343	950	193	263	811	1 070	998	345	301
Madison Heights CDP (part)	6 232	40.3	343	950	193	263	811	1 070	998	345	301
Appomattox County	13 705	39.1	842	2 541	453	520	1 660	2 152	1 898	883	731
Clover Hill district	3 500	38.4	227	699	104	121	400	567	442	217	211
Appomattox town (part)	203	33.8	20	40	4	7	34	36	25	4	6
Pamplin City town (part)	192	33.0	17	44	9	6	23	35	13	6	5
Southside district	6 405	38.3	402	1 185	225	262	794	1 010	875	399	300
Appomattox town (part)	1 558	39.5	116	245	69	72	179	234	193	74	65
Stonewall district	3 800	41.1	213	657	124	137	466	575	581	267	220
Arlington County	189 453	34.0	10 397	20 842	4 992	14 717	47 675	32 664	25 841	8 816	5 747
Arlington	189 453	34.0	10 397	20 842	4 992	14 717	47 675	32 664	25 841	8 816	5 747
Arlington CDP	189 453	34.0	10 397	20 842	4 992	14 717	47 675	32 664	25 841	8 816	5 747
Augusta County	65 615	39.0	3 715	11 852	2 098	2 423	8 130	11 414	10 274	4 048	3 232
Beverly Manor district	8 829	37.4	556	1 608	316	372	1 196	1 442	1 344	467	401
Jolivue CDP	1 037	42.4	33	151	24	39	149	165	135	42	40
Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	1 181	29.2	112	260	53	71	228	203	114	29	36
Verona CDP (part)	3 242	37.7	201	596	134	122	427	520	515	190	164
Middle River district	8 962	38.0	553	1 706	261	337	1 125	1 599	1 348	527	426
Crimora CDP	1 796	37.8	95	338	67	79	230	315	250	103	108
Dooms CDP (part)	26	45.5	1	5	1	-	-	4	2	2	3
Grottoes town (part)	4	21.5	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Weyers Cave CDP (part)	1 213	36.7	81	249	40	38	154	216	187	69	42
North River district	9 213	39.6	531	1 748	316	303	1 020	1 594	1 504	584	425
Verona CDP (part)	396	37.2	25	70	14	20	60	57	52	24	23
Weyers Cave CDP (part)	12	52.5	1	-	-	-	2	1	3	2	1
Pastures district	8 488	40.1	367	1 410	278	330	1 077	1 519	1 403	537	441
Craigsville town	9 373	37.6	60	184	36	42	127	163	135	40	37
Riverheads district	9 373	39.0	462	1 576	318	395	1 192	1 716	1 501	568	498
Greenville CDP	886	37.1	27	117	24	45	175	197	128	33	38
Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	836	40.9	39	155	33	32	79	146	136	66	47
South River district	10 526	37.1	679	2 077	351	394	1 406	1 833	1 517	616	473

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
432 456	272 611	87 266	3 606 620	96.3	5 340 253	2 757 460	792 333	469 532	24.6	11.2	The State
3 505	2 129	755	19 715	94.3	28 986	15 255	6 389	3 679	24.3	16.7	Accomack County
519	320	63	2 225	94.3	3 547	1 830	902	504	18.0	20.9	District 1
519	320	63	2 221	94.4	3 541	1 827	902	504	18.0	20.9	Chincoteague town
566	247	102	3 674	104.1	5 450	2 728	915	487	27.3	12.2	District 2
18	14	4	144	101.4	193	96	36	22	33.4	12.4	Hallwood town
44	31	13	175	92.6	281	143	88	51	16.6	26.1	Saxis town
72	32	8	300	101.3	474	237	112	66	21.5	18.5	Tangier town
300	154	48	1 975	90.4	2 721	1 480	502	269	27.7	13.3	District 3
324	219	57	1 809	93.8	2 649	1 411	600	360	24.4	17.1	District 4
24	30	4	199	98.5	309	155	58	38	21.8	14.7	Bloxom town
92	77	11	449	86.4	642	354	180	109	23.3	21.5	Parkley town
281	214	136	2 131	91.3	2 982	1 580	631	389	26.8	15.5	District 5
347	228	102	1 873	104.2	2 930	1 459	677	400	23.4	17.7	District 6
48	47	11	236	131.8	466	197	106	63	14.8	19.4	Accomack town
440	324	106	1 963	87.4	2 918	1 610	870	516	20.7	23.7	District 7
179	164	58	846	80.3	1 201	694	401	255	21.2	26.3	Onancock town
72	37	20	269	84.4	403	226	129	84	18.8	26.0	Onley town
357	244	79	2 007	86.8	2 910	1 588	680	393	22.4	18.1	District 8
12	13	6	91	90.1	142	76	31	18	17.9	17.9	Keller town
41	27	9	245	83.7	349	197	77	45	22.4	17.1	Melfa town
41	32	10	126	87.3	218	119	83	46	7.6	35.2	Wachapreague town
371	179	62	2 058	89.0	2 879	1 569	612	361	26.0	15.7	District 9
44	26	11	229	83.8	332	192	81	50	21.1	19.2	Belle Haven town (part)
33	21	8	140	75.7	190	112	62	44	22.8	25.2	Painter town
5 348	3 413	1 159	41 234	92.2	59 553	31 572	9 920	5 761	24.8	12.5	Albemarle County
515	520	294	4 751	89.0	7 392	3 954	1 329	815	17.7	14.8	Jack Jouett district
850	731	310	6 743	84.7	9 557	5 307	1 891	1 218	23.2	15.2	Rio district
1 289	734	209	9 883	91.3	13 659	7 325	2 232	1 231	27.7	11.8	Rivanna district
831	480	107	5 716	96.9	8 275	4 292	1 418	761	26.5	12.6	Samuel Miller district
843	389	107	7 173	98.3	10 781	5 491	1 339	751	24.2	9.4	Scottsville district
52	29	8	285	86.0	410	223	89	52	22.6	16.8	Scottsville town (part)
1 020	559	132	6 968	92.7	9 889	5 203	1 711	985	26.3	12.7	White Hall district
228	136	38	1 515	86.1	2 059	1 126	402	260	27.0	14.3	Crozet CDP
1 101	717	207	6 476	99.6	9 975	5 107	2 025	1 149	22.8	15.7	Alleghany County
200	156	65	1 401	99.4	2 177	1 084	421	246	22.1	15.1	Boiling Spring district
281	154	46	1 389	99.9	2 173	1 112	481	272	21.8	17.3	Clifton district
57	31	8	206	96.1	337	173	96	47	16.6	23.8	Iron Gate town
155	92	38	880	96.3	1 282	691	285	172	25.8	16.5	Covington district
277	165	35	1 686	102.0	2 594	1 302	477	260	23.8	14.0	Falling Spring district
188	150	23	1 120	98.5	1 749	918	361	199	21.3	16.2	Jackson River district
34	30	2	180	103.9	286	155	66	42	22.1	18.0	Low Moor CDP
57	36	3	238	103.8	367	187	96	47	24.3	19.8	Selma CDP
817	484	213	5 778	97.3	8 511	4 383	1 514	866	25.3	13.3	Amelia County
176	86	32	1 250	102.6	1 859	934	294	160	26.6	11.6	District 1
146	71	34	980	96.5	1 454	747	251	134	24.5	13.0	District 2
133	99	19	1 092	100.7	1 608	808	251	134	26.6	11.5	District 3
201	136	85	1 331	89.3	1 899	1 024	422	267	24.6	16.8	District 4
161	92	43	1 125	98.3	1 691	870	296	171	24.2	13.3	District 5
2 520	1 415	462	16 686	91.1	24 408	13 043	4 397	2 522	23.5	13.8	Amherst County
438	208	55	3 457	96.5	4 939	2 543	701	395	27.3	10.3	District 1
123	62	12	800	85.9	1 108	604	197	113	25.5	13.2	Madison Heights CDP (part)
540	374	193	3 833	72.0	5 300	3 205	1 107	662	19.6	16.8	District 2
216	190	142	1 219	84.7	1 764	995	548	363	21.6	24.3	Amherst town
462	251	59	3 318	103.7	4 969	2 483	772	406	26.5	11.4	District 3
529	257	73	2 904	90.0	4 261	2 254	859	491	22.8	15.6	District 4
367	189	48	2 063	87.3	2 997	1 594	604	344	22.5	15.6	Madison Heights CDP (part)
551	325	82	3 174	96.3	4 939	2 558	958	568	20.7	15.4	District 5
551	325	82	3 174	96.3	4 939	2 558	958	568	20.7	15.4	Madison Heights CDP (part)
1 128	679	218	7 034	94.8	10 322	5 401	2 025	1 146	24.7	14.8	Appomattox County
294	165	53	1 812	93.2	2 574	1 352	512	288	26.5	14.6	Clover Hill district
17	7	3	119	70.6	143	85	27	19	29.6	13.3	Appomattox town (part)
19	8	7	98	95.9	131	72	34	20	31.8	17.7	Pamplin City town (part)
515	318	120	3 276	95.5	4 818	2 541	953	554	24.8	14.9	Southside district
133	120	58	847	83.9	1 197	680	311	203	23.2	20.0	Appomattox town (part)
319	196	45	1 946	95.3	2 930	1 508	560	304	22.9	14.7	Stonewall district
8 330	6 914	2 518	94 010	101.5	158 214	78 826	17 762	10 782	16.5	9.4	Arlington County
8 330	6 914	2 518	94 010	101.5	158 214	78 826	17 762	10 782	16.5	9.4	Arlington
8 330	6 914	2 518	94 010	101.5	158 214	78 826	17 762	10 782	16.5	9.4	Arlington CDP
4 868	2 705	856	32 620	101.1	50 048	25 050	8 429	4 757	23.7	12.8	Augusta County
649	384	94	4 593	92.2	6 665	3 550	1 127	690	24.5	12.8	Beverley Manor district
114	112	33	595	74.3	853	500	259	195	17.7	25.0	Jolivet CDP
47	24	4	629	87.8	809	453	75	45	31.5	6.4	Stuarts Draft CDP (part)
241	99	33	1 652	96.2	2 445	1 277	373	217	24.6	11.5	Verona CDP (part)
666	330	84	4 463	100.8	6 703	3 412	1 080	565	25.2	12.1	Middle River district
145	52	14	917	95.9	1 363	704	211	108	24.1	11.7	Crimora CDP
4	1	2	13	100.0	20	10	7	3	23.1	26.9	Dooms CDP (part)
-	-	-	2	100.0	2	1	-	-	50.0	-	Grottoes town (part)
73	54	10	592	104.9	883	448	137	72	27.2	11.3	Weyers Cave CDP (part)
670	396	122	4 576	101.3	6 934	3 486	1 188	647	24.7	12.9	North River district
40	8	3	188	110.6	301	148	51	28	24.0	12.9	Verona CDP (part)
1	1	-	7	71.4	11	7	2	1	8.3	16.7	Weyers Cave CDP (part)
683	332	111	3 938	115.5	6 711	3 026	1 126	620	20.9	13.3	Pastures district
84	55	16	534	83.3	735	402	155	98	24.9	15.8	Craigsville town
707	342	98	4 398	113.1	7 335	3 396	1 147	614	21.7	12.2	Riverheads district
64	30	8	312	184.0	742	249	102	56	16.3	11.5	Greenville CDP
69	29	5	435	92.2	642	328	103	52	23.2	12.3	Stuarts Draft CDP (part)
678	366	136	5 372	95.9	7 770	4 042	1 180	664	26.2	11.2	South River district

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Augusta County—Con.												
South River district—Con.												
Lyndhurst CDP (part)	1 352	40.6	70	251	49	43	149	216	214	110	77	
Sherando CDP (part)	665	37.9	46	108	20	23	91	136	93	38	39	
Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	6 350	36.7	415	1 282	223	235	845	1 127	908	339	247	
Wayne district	10 224	41.7	567	1 727	258	292	1 114	1 711	1 657	749	568	
Dooms CDP (part)	1 256	41.8	52	216	27	33	144	231	199	89	72	
Fishersville CDP	4 998	41.6	321	786	129	145	561	822	720	332	280	
Lyndhurst CDP (part)	175	38.8	10	30	4	10	20	32	24	12	6	
Sherando CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bath County	5 048	41.8	222	840	129	148	604	822	754	353	332	
Cedar Creek district	862	45.4	44	107	27	22	98	126	139	57	63	
Millboro district	1 028	42.0	46	193	25	30	97	186	148	67	73	
Valley Springs district	1 012	43.3	37	184	22	20	105	164	150	73	60	
Warm Springs district	953	39.8	53	163	25	35	122	153	151	61	54	
Williamsville district	1 193	40.3	42	193	30	41	182	193	166	95	82	
Bedford County	60 371	39.7	3 527	10 973	1 614	1 892	7 305	10 723	9 711	3 932	2 956	
Blue Ridge district	14 407	39.6	831	2 427	413	480	1 832	2 587	2 487	979	665	
Center district	8 632	40.9	469	1 547	232	246	987	1 421	1 326	573	489	
Jefferson district	18 664	37.7	1 250	3 964	475	533	2 251	3 724	2 995	1 048	720	
Forest CDP	8 006	37.6	518	1 632	215	274	1 036	1 484	1 323	449	311	
Lakes district	11 711	42.5	625	1 840	295	377	1 366	1 836	1 791	847	727	
Peaks district	6 957	40.2	352	1 195	199	256	869	1 155	1 112	485	355	
Bland County	6 871	40.3	308	1 026	220	302	1 000	1 105	1 123	419	375	
Mechanicsburg district	2 291	37.9	97	296	61	117	438	426	373	131	129	
Rocky Gap district	2 316	42.6	88	366	84	90	271	341	374	130	149	
Seddon district	1 566	40.9	68	246	62	66	202	247	270	109	62	
Sharon district	698	40.1	55	118	13	29	89	91	106	49	35	
Botetourt County	30 496	40.7	1 749	5 389	901	854	3 358	5 442	5 242	1 985	1 564	
Amsterdam district	6 225	42.2	342	1 160	163	164	531	1 105	1 144	448	312	
Cloverdale CDP (part)	182	47.5	6	24	3	11	16	23	32	10	14	
Daleville CDP	1 454	44.0	80	259	27	31	128	231	254	130	81	
Hollins CDP (part)	140	41.5	7	27	2	3	13	30	20	8	8	
Blue Ridge district	5 505	40.9	304	1 059	143	108	572	995	993	368	313	
Blue Ridge CDP (part)	3 100	40.1	174	606	88	59	329	597	597	190	149	
Laymantown CDP	2 034	43.5	102	379	52	37	174	333	360	159	146	
Buchanan district	5 302	40.8	290	872	139	158	671	912	871	331	284	
Buchanan town	1 233	40.6	63	191	35	46	178	182	161	71	63	
Fincastle district	5 327	42.1	271	850	181	165	585	884	901	380	303	
Fincastle town	359	39.4	15	56	18	22	50	66	54	21	12	
Valley district	8 137	38.6	542	1 448	275	259	999	1 546	1 333	458	352	
Blue Ridge CDP (part)	88	46.8	4	12	4	4	6	11	11	8	3	
Cloverdale CDP (part)	2 804	38.5	177	596	112	82	250	559	476	168	114	
Troutville town	432	43.4	25	57	17	15	56	59	70	26	21	
Brunswick County	18 419	38.1	914	2 853	834	997	2 692	2 962	2 601	1 006	881	
Meherrin district	3 730	39.7	231	665	130	163	451	531	553	224	226	
Brodnax town (part)	272	37.3	20	55	12	5	37	38	34	11	12	
Powellton district	1 921	45.8	109	277	51	55	182	267	304	160	146	
Red Oak district	2 735	41.5	137	502	90	97	277	421	428	155	161	
Alberta town	306	39.3	18	64	8	8	35	48	44	15	15	
Sturgeon district	2 319	40.5	117	446	84	78	254	359	352	151	115	
Totaro district	7 714	34.8	320	963	479	604	1 528	1 384	964	316	233	
Lawrenceville town	1 275	24.7	52	169	269	154	114	109	150	45	37	
Buchanan County	26 978	38.8	1 288	4 485	1 029	1 252	3 666	4 740	4 305	1 647	1 474	
Garden district	4 571	37.8	177	616	161	275	800	896	724	292	231	
Hurricane district	3 705	38.9	162	637	141	176	490	650	597	226	187	
Knox district	3 781	37.5	198	669	162	140	544	688	614	212	193	
North Grundy district	4 284	38.5	210	844	164	171	532	665	639	251	246	
Grundy town (part)	389	15.5	14	231	18	4	19	21	29	5	8	
Prater district	3 553	39.6	190	566	152	169	422	624	624	212	200	
Vansant CDP (part)	243	42.8	9	38	8	9	29	42	48	17	18	
Rock Lick district	3 991	39.2	211	684	151	172	508	711	624	253	230	
South Grundy district	3 093	41.6	140	469	98	149	370	506	483	201	187	
Grundy town (part)	716	44.5	25	86	21	35	77	120	120	45	43	
Vansant CDP (part)	746	43.4	28	113	20	28	84	120	118	62	52	
Buckingham County	15 623	38.2	775	2 724	503	665	2 242	2 748	2 276	820	752	
Curdsville No. 2 district	2 138	35.5	136	514	58	71	276	279	263	119	80	
Dillwyn town	447	48.3	26	66	9	10	47	49	58	26	24	
Francisco No. 3 district	2 271	41.1	119	460	76	73	209	358	331	110	127	
Gold Hill No. 7 district	2 918	36.3	54	187	76	234	784	826	465	101	64	
James River No. 5 district	2 175	41.4	114	405	76	62	218	350	378	121	131	
Marshall No. 1 district	1 937	38.5	102	391	71	51	236	315	253	115	105	
Maysville No. 4 district	1 978	38.8	119	361	69	74	243	302	252	123	119	
Slate River No. 6 district	2 206	38.7	131	406	77	100	276	318	334	131	126	
Campbell County	51 078	38.3	2 985	9 251	1 672	2 238	6 795	8 169	7 507	2 989	2 593	
Alta Vista district	7 155	40.6	389	1 295	245	242	819	1 076	1 040	421	372	
Altavista town	3 425	42.6	185	584	115	116	374	438	480	213	173	
Brookneal district	6 561	39.2	371	1 321	184	228	773	1 018	917	335	296	
Brookneal town	1 259	41.8	75	239	34	36	134	173	172	46	58	
Concord district	7 384	38.7	444	1 278	240	340	973	1 145	1 122	421	439	
Rustburg district	7 684	37.5	442	1 406	246	309	1 101	1 311	1 160	426	339	
Rustburg CDP	1 271	37.4	53	224	48	55	193	216	168	67	70	
Seneca district	7 895	37.7	495	1 443	281	299	1 050	1 353	1 222	493	372	
Timberlake CDP (part)	162	39.0	9	33	3	6	22	28	21	10	7	
Sunburst district	7 552	35.3	477	1 291	272	506	1 196	1 171	1 061	427	370	
Timberlake CDP (part)	3 674	36.2	214	581	110	260	594	561	464	202	184	
Timberlake district	6 847	39.3	367	1 217	204	314	883	1 095	985	466	405	
Timberlake CDP (part)	6 847	39.3	367	1 217	204	314	883	1 095	985	466	405	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
104	44	25	688	96.5	1 031	528	173	100	23.7	12.8	Augusta County—Con. South River district—Con.
46	18	7	335	98.5	511	264	71	44	23.2	10.7	Lyndhurst CDP (part)
406	235	88	3 267	94.4	4 653	2 449	729	419	26.7	11.5	Sherando CDP (part)
815	555	211	5 280	93.6	7 930	4 138	1 581	957	22.4	15.5	Stuarts Draft CDP (part)
124	56	13	645	94.7	988	515	193	112	21.3	15.4	Wayne district
407	330	165	2 617	91.0	3 891	2 079	902	578	22.1	18.0	Dooms CDP (part)
12	14	1	89	96.6	135	65	27	17	22.9	15.4	Fishersville CDP
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Lyndhurst CDP (part)
515	250	79	2 516	100.6	3 986	2 001	844	483	21.0	16.7	Sherando CDP (part)
105	61	13	433	99.1	711	370	179	106	17.5	20.8	Bath County
107	47	9	507	102.8	789	396	163	86	23.2	15.9	Cedar Creek district
100	62	35	535	89.2	791	428	197	130	21.8	19.5	Millboro district
96	31	9	490	94.5	737	373	136	74	22.7	14.3	Valley Springs district
107	49	13	551	116.5	958	434	169	87	19.7	14.2	Warm Springs district
4 692	2 363	683	30 264	99.5	45 871	23 222	7 738	4 196	24.0	12.8	Williamsville district
1 053	505	148	7 111	102.6	11 149	5 553	1 706	908	22.6	11.8	Bedford County
727	443	172	4 413	95.6	6 616	3 406	1 342	771	23.4	15.5	Blue Ridge district
1 070	516	118	9 427	98.0	13 450	6 915	1 704	936	27.9	9.1	Center district
477	238	49	4 069	96.8	5 856	3 040	764	433	26.9	9.5	Jefferson district
1 274	586	147	5 830	100.9	9 246	4 618	2 007	1 033	21.0	17.1	Forest CDP
568	313	98	3 483	99.7	5 410	2 730	979	548	22.2	14.1	Lakes district
560	323	110	3 124	119.9	5 537	2 495	993	561	19.4	14.5	Peaks district
144	59	20	832	175.4	1 898	637	223	116	17.2	9.7	Bland County
230	138	55	1 159	99.8	1 862	948	423	241	19.6	18.3	Mechanicsburg district
121	93	20	776	101.8	1 252	641	234	136	20.1	14.9	Rocky Gap district
65	33	15	357	95.5	525	269	113	68	24.8	16.2	Seddon district
2 474	1 205	333	15 269	99.7	23 358	11 772	4 012	2 194	23.4	13.2	Sharon district
557	229	70	3 111	100.1	4 723	2 390	856	454	24.1	13.8	Botetourt County
25	11	7	91	100.0	152	75	43	27	16.5	23.6	Amsterdam district
150	70	13	724	100.8	1 115	569	233	120	23.3	16.0	Cloverdale CDP (part)
13	6	3	84	66.7	106	66	22	14	24.3	15.7	Daleville CDP
434	171	45	2 831	94.5	4 142	2 136	650	351	24.8	11.8	Hollins CDP (part)
212	81	18	1 603	93.4	2 320	1 203	311	178	25.2	10.0	Blue Ridge district
196	71	25	1 046	94.5	1 553	799	292	151	23.6	14.4	Blue Ridge CDP (part)
435	261	78	2 728	94.4	4 140	2 156	774	463	21.9	14.6	Laymantown CDP
139	84	20	654	88.5	979	526	243	150	20.6	19.7	Buchanan district
470	254	83	2 648	101.2	4 206	2 107	807	448	21.0	15.1	Buchanan town
24	16	5	165	117.6	288	127	45	29	19.8	12.5	Fincastle district
578	290	57	3 951	105.9	6 147	2 983	925	478	24.5	11.4	Fincastle town
15	8	2	49	79.6	72	41	25	14	18.2	28.4	Valley district
172	85	13	1 435	95.4	2 031	1 062	270	147	27.6	9.6	Blue Ridge CDP (part)
49	33	4	222	94.6	350	177	86	48	19.0	19.9	Cloverdale CDP (part)
1 532	871	276	8 643	113.1	14 652	6 802	2 679	1 583	20.5	14.5	Troutville town
360	146	50	1 931	93.2	2 834	1 497	556	315	24.0	14.9	Brunswick County
35	11	2	145	87.6	197	105	48	31	27.6	17.6	Meherrin district
232	105	33	958	100.5	1 535	776	370	201	20.1	19.3	Brodnax town (part)
277	149	41	1 433	90.9	2 096	1 134	467	274	23.4	17.1	Powellton district
33	13	5	164	86.6	224	128	51	33	26.8	16.7	Red Oak district
209	120	34	1 233	88.1	1 756	951	363	230	24.3	15.7	Alberta town
454	351	118	3 088	149.8	6 431	2 444	923	563	16.6	12.0	Sturgeon district
88	70	18	722	76.6	1 054	608	176	112	17.3	13.8	Totaro district
1 863	937	292	13 297	102.9	21 205	10 482	3 092	1 815	21.4	11.5	Lawrenceville town
239	124	36	1 870	144.4	3 778	1 495	399	226	17.3	8.7	Buchanan County
283	123	33	1 847	100.6	2 906	1 472	439	245	21.6	11.8	Garden district
223	113	25	1 909	98.1	2 914	1 493	361	220	22.9	9.5	Hurricane district
316	185	61	2 237	91.5	3 230	1 681	562	327	24.6	13.1	Knox district
22	14	4	216	80.1	144	85	40	25	63.0	10.3	North Grundy district
230	124	40	1 814	95.9	2 797	1 446	394	248	21.3	11.1	Grundy town (part)
13	7	5	124	96.0	196	105	25	19	19.3	10.3	Prater district
273	137	37	2 012	98.4	3 096	1 584	447	251	22.4	11.2	Vansant CDP (part)
299	131	60	1 608	92.4	2 484	1 311	490	298	19.7	15.8	Rock Lick district
77	42	25	366	95.6	605	304	144	86	15.5	20.1	South Grundy district
77	30	14	399	87.0	605	326	121	67	18.9	16.2	Grundy town (part)
1 159	726	233	7 049	121.6	12 124	5 352	2 118	1 160	22.4	13.6	Vansant CDP (part)
156	126	60	1 110	92.6	1 488	794	342	200	30.4	16.0	Buckingham County
43	52	37	262	70.6	355	211	132	86	20.6	29.5	Curdsville No. 2 district
235	138	35	1 180	92.5	1 692	905	408	221	25.5	18.0	Dillwyn town
70	44	13	491	494.3	2 677	373	127	71	8.3	4.4	Francisco No. 3 district
193	101	26	1 104	97.0	1 656	841	320	164	23.9	14.7	Gold Hill No. 7 district
170	101	27	1 018	90.3	1 444	763	298	161	25.5	15.4	James River No. 5 district
163	122	31	1 015	94.9	1 498	794	316	169	24.3	16.0	Marshall No. 1 district
172	94	41	1 131	95.0	1 669	882	307	174	24.3	13.9	Maysville No. 4 district
4 040	2 230	609	26 154	95.3	38 842	20 194	6 879	3 925	24.0	13.5	Slate River No. 6 district
656	447	153	3 843	86.2	5 471	2 991	1 256	765	23.5	17.6	Campbell County
358	273	116	1 928	77.6	2 656	1 546	747	488	22.5	21.8	Alta Vista district
594	378	146	3 410	92.4	4 869	2 576	1 118	652	25.8	17.0	Altavista town
135	104	53	701	79.6	945	534	292	190	24.9	23.2	Brookneal district
560	342	80	3 758	96.5	5 662	2 901	982	550	23.3	13.3	Brookneal town
593	289	62	3 749	105.0	5 836	2 860	944	530	24.0	12.3	Concord district
120	44	13	605	110.1	994	466	177	94	21.8	13.9	Rustburg district
554	269	64	3 979	98.4	5 957	3 059	887	479	24.5	11.2	Rustburg CDP
16	7	-	82	97.6	120	55	23	11	25.9	14.2	Seneca district
508	224	49	3 908	93.2	5 784	3 061	781	431	23.4	10.3	Timberlake CDP (part)
331	142	31	1 954	88.0	2 879	1 559	504	284	21.6	13.7	Sunburst district
575	281	55	3 507	95.2	5 263	2 746	911	518	23.1	13.3	Timberlake CDP (part)
575	281	55	3 507	95.2	5 263	2 746	911	518	23.1	13.3	Timberlake district
											Timberlake CDP (part)

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

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State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
Caroline County	22 121	37.7	1 381	4 095	716	927	2 915	3 696	3 188	1 318	1 028
Bowling Green district	4 251	40.6	242	755	115	157	495	653	564	253	208
Bowling Green town (part)	860	48.6	48	99	22	26	96	101	88	53	37
Madison district	6 000	35.4	448	1 201	201	246	864	1 052	879	308	234
Mattaponi district	3 843	38.6	235	725	121	145	466	624	563	270	197
Bowling Green town (part)	76	48.0	1	12	2	3	6	11	17	6	2
Port Royal district	3 925	37.1	248	630	152	214	559	650	531	242	191
Port Royal town	170	37.0	16	30	4	8	22	28	21	8	1
Reedy Church district	4 102	38.4	208	784	127	165	531	717	651	245	198
Carroll County	29 245	40.7	1 642	4 523	934	1 186	3 842	4 337	4 365	1 862	1 581
Fancy Gap district	4 926	39.1	294	798	154	215	695	709	721	319	310
Cana CDP	1 228	38.3	66	209	40	55	186	175	167	79	84
Fancy Gap CDP (part)	23	46.5	2	2	2	-	4	1	5	2	-
Laurel Fork district	4 769	44.8	226	662	153	167	514	674	715	327	278
Fancy Gap CDP (part)	128	42.3	10	18	5	4	17	15	19	9	12
Hillsville town (part)	539	51.8	17	46	21	21	49	70	77	33	16
Pine Creek district	3 623	43.1	189	522	101	139	452	513	558	216	192
Hillsville town (part)	538	49.4	16	64	14	19	57	59	103	41	30
Piper Gap district	7 530	39.3	448	1 246	244	309	1 024	1 100	1 073	474	397
Fancy Gap CDP (part)	109	42.5	4	18	2	3	18	12	15	13	4
Hillsville town (part)	679	35.2	45	115	25	63	89	93	80	36	26
Woodlawn CDP (part)	811	39.3	52	139	31	29	101	109	110	50	43
Sulphur Springs district	8 397	39.7	485	1 295	282	356	1 157	1 341	1 298	526	404
Hillsville town (part)	851	39.2	61	126	32	57	100	103	108	52	35
Woodlawn CDP (part)	1 438	41.3	64	184	41	65	207	262	272	97	66
Charles City County	6 926	39.9	388	1 145	241	281	786	1 215	1 207	456	333
Chickahominy district	2 117	41.2	114	369	58	74	217	347	390	144	122
Harrison district	2 354	39.9	143	367	81	92	289	423	419	161	105
Tyler district	2 455	38.9	131	409	102	115	280	445	398	151	106
Charlotte County	12 472	40.0	689	2 344	428	470	1 409	1 860	1 662	773	654
Bacon district	2 915	38.7	185	538	101	132	341	435	417	154	133
Central district	1 627	38.9	79	330	54	61	197	244	214	110	84
Drakes Branch town	504	44.0	20	83	17	16	56	67	68	41	34
Madison district	2 390	39.5	136	459	85	89	266	367	323	166	121
Charlotte Court House town (part)	129	42.1	1	28	7	4	13	20	20	4	6
Midway district	778	39.2	50	151	35	21	80	126	88	47	38
Roanoke district	2 002	40.8	97	379	74	61	222	285	259	115	118
Charlotte Court House town (part)	180	35.3	11	18	11	13	35	26	17	11	7
Phenix town	200	44.3	5	32	10	11	19	25	31	10	10
Walton district	2 760	42.0	142	487	79	106	303	403	361	181	160
Charlotte Court House town (part)	95	51.5	3	12	1	6	6	9	15	14	6
Keysville town	817	45.1	4	125	20	27	86	106	89	40	34
Chesterfield County	259 903	35.7	17 513	55 914	9 974	9 922	33 702	47 270	42 597	13 336	8 668
Bermuda district	51 943	35.3	3 663	10 702	1 975	2 173	7 202	9 593	7 906	2 674	1 896
Bellwood CDP	5 974	33.6	481	1 214	221	293	919	984	735	341	235
Bensley CDP (part)	4 540	32.2	333	841	237	295	770	729	542	189	190
Chester CDP (part)	16 461	36.3	1 084	3 293	612	643	2 213	3 020	2 602	884	659
Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	34	43.0	1	7	2	1	1	6	8	5	1
Clover Hill district	45 759	37.1	2 834	9 672	1 445	1 563	5 807	8 003	8 255	2 661	1 525
Dale district	47 890	34.7	3 340	9 940	1 702	2 066	7 175	8 602	7 248	2 251	1 636
Bensley CDP (part)	895	37.4	50	162	32	34	142	126	155	57	50
Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	2 996	33.2	151	581	143	200	512	521	377	121	80
Matoaca district	65 575	33.5	5 019	14 441	3 348	2 633	9 010	12 798	9 660	2 844	1 786
Chester CDP (part)	1 429	19.6	251	430	60	91	210	169	139	29	14
Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	528	42.5	15	105	19	11	37	113	83	38	36
Ettrick CDP	5 627	21.7	240	752	1 573	681	558	600	468	137	127
Matoaca CDP	2 273	37.7	147	471	55	85	279	397	327	111	82
Midlothian district	48 736	39.2	2 657	11 159	1 504	1 487	4 508	8 274	9 528	2 906	1 825
Bon Air CDP	16 213	40.0	819	3 498	502	420	1 650	2 619	2 846	952	686
Clarke County	12 652	40.6	660	2 298	359	378	1 359	2 318	1 988	794	652
Berryville district	2 043	41.8	107	345	50	76	214	346	245	87	98
Berryville town (part)	2 043	41.8	107	345	50	76	214	346	245	87	98
Buckmarsh district	2 696	39.3	150	485	86	72	350	511	439	168	114
Berryville town (part)	329	38.8	16	62	8	15	37	58	41	13	12
Millwood district	2 489	42.3	112	452	44	70	219	485	440	179	143
Boyce town (part)	133	35.6	6	24	2	6	26	24	16	6	9
Russell district	3 017	39.8	187	586	84	66	294	548	445	216	180
Berryville town (part)	591	40.8	45	109	10	9	62	91	65	42	33
White Post district	2 407	39.9	104	430	95	94	282	428	419	144	117
Boyce town (part)	293	38.4	13	67	8	6	35	49	45	21	7
Craig County	5 091	39.6	292	910	147	181	633	877	777	322	261
Craig City district	967	35.8	66	180	41	46	132	163	140	42	51
Craig Creek district	1 007	41.9	52	172	23	30	101	194	168	86	60
New Castle district	1 041	39.2	65	187	24	51	129	167	140	71	51
New Castle town	179	36.8	17	24	5	17	23	19	20	14	11
Potts Mountain district	1 028	39.7	42	195	32	38	123	183	182	53	41
Simmonsville district	1 048	40.2	67	176	27	16	148	170	147	70	58
Culpeper County	34 262	36.5	2 186	6 627	1 189	1 573	4 637	6 020	4 762	1 818	1 386
Catalpa district	4 650	36.2	296	996	154	164	610	805	653	265	198
Cedar Mountain district	5 656	36.2	269	901	211	337	981	1 087	802	257	207
East Fairfax district	4 360	32.8	360	806	178	282	682	721	497	161	152
Culpeper town (part)	4 360	32.8	360	806	178	282	682	721	497	161	152
Jefferson district	6 007	37.3	430	1 261	156	185	690	1 173	900	391	275
Salem district	4 592	39.2	242	939	138	161	512	805	757	305	220
Stevensburg district	4 960	34.2	350	1 106	201	240	642	809	639	268	175
Culpeper town (part)	1 267	26.5	131	328	74	75	195	194	123	31	26
West Fairfax district	4 037	39.5	239	618	151	204	520	620	514	171	159
Culpeper town (part)	4 037	39.5	239	618	151	204	520	620	514	171	159

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
1 569	960	328	11 110	99.1	16 645	8 429	2 857	1 616	24.8	12.9	Caroline County
397	271	141	2 230	90.6	3 254	1 740	809	498	23.5	19.0	Bowling Green district
84	118	88	505	70.3	713	427	290	209	17.1	33.7	Bowling Green town (part)
347	169	51	3 003	99.8	4 351	2 219	567	312	27.5	9.5	Madison district
280	172	45	1 988	93.3	2 883	1 499	497	265	25.0	12.9	Mattaponi district
7	6	3	47	61.7	63	38	16	10	17.1	21.1	Bowling Green town (part)
273	192	43	1 868	110.1	3 047	1 437	508	283	22.4	12.9	Port Royal district
14	14	4	85	100.0	124	62	32	17	27.1	18.8	Port Royal town
272	156	48	2 021	103.0	3 110	1 534	476	258	24.2	11.6	Reedy Church district
2 789	1 648	536	14 829	97.2	23 080	11 893	4 973	2 893	21.1	17.0	Carroll County
457	190	64	2 473	99.2	3 834	1 939	711	408	22.2	14.4	Fancy Gap district
114	42	11	636	93.1	953	492	167	94	22.4	13.6	Cana CDP
5	-	-	11	109.1	19	9	5	2	17.4	21.7	Fancy Gap CDP (part)
554	362	137	2 451	94.6	3 881	2 029	1 053	617	18.6	22.1	Laurel Fork district
12	7	-	65	96.9	100	52	19	11	21.9	14.8	Fancy Gap CDP (part)
83	56	50	288	87.2	476	264	189	121	11.7	35.1	Hillsville town (part)
379	244	118	1 881	92.6	2 912	1 524	741	439	19.6	20.5	Pine Creek district
77	38	20	283	90.1	458	244	135	81	14.9	25.1	Hillsville town (part)
691	422	102	3 807	97.8	5 836	3 013	1 215	703	22.5	16.1	Piper Gap district
13	6	1	61	78.7	87	50	20	15	20.2	18.3	Fancy Gap CDP (part)
57	39	11	354	91.8	519	282	107	67	23.6	15.8	Hillsville town (part)
102	40	5	412	96.8	620	317	147	83	23.6	18.1	Woodlawn CDP (part)
708	430	115	4 217	99.1	6 617	3 388	1 253	726	21.2	14.9	Sulphur Springs district
87	66	24	491	73.3	664	395	177	129	22.0	20.8	Hillsville town (part)
112	51	17	691	108.1	1 190	584	180	99	17.2	12.5	Woodlawn CDP (part)
557	248	69	3 528	96.3	5 393	2 769	874	505	22.1	12.6	Charles City County
172	76	34	1 093	93.7	1 634	861	282	166	22.8	13.3	Chickahominy district
179	79	16	1 167	101.7	1 844	933	274	156	21.7	11.6	Harrison district
206	93	19	1 268	93.6	1 915	975	318	183	22.0	13.0	Tyler district
1 158	795	230	6 495	92.0	9 439	4 950	2 183	1 275	24.3	17.5	Charlotte County
259	173	47	1 512	92.8	2 192	1 155	479	293	24.8	16.4	Bacon district
141	88	25	851	91.2	1 218	636	254	140	25.1	15.6	Central district
52	42	8	267	88.8	401	210	102	56	20.4	20.2	Drakes Branch town
213	143	22	1 224	95.3	1 795	917	378	207	24.9	15.8	Madison district
10	10	6	72	79.2	100	55	26	15	22.5	20.2	Charlotte Court House town (part)
68	56	18	408	90.7	577	303	142	81	25.8	18.3	Midway district
214	147	31	1 026	95.1	1 526	790	392	215	23.8	19.6	Roanoke district
14	12	5	75	140.0	151	64	31	20	16.1	17.2	Charlotte Court House town (part)
29	16	2	105	90.5	163	88	47	24	18.5	23.5	Phenix town
263	188	87	1 474	87.2	2 131	1 149	538	339	22.8	19.5	Walton district
14	6	3	47	102.1	80	41	23	13	15.8	24.2	Charlotte Court House town (part)
94	92	60	487	67.8	648	387	246	166	20.7	30.1	Keysville town
12 525	6 742	1 740	133 315	95.0	186 476	97 473	21 007	12 131	28.3	8.1	Chesterfield County
2 546	1 324	289	26 190	98.3	37 578	19 173	4 159	2 355	27.7	8.0	Bermuda district
328	182	41	3 011	98.4	4 279	2 185	551	322	28.4	9.2	Bellwood CDP
235	151	28	2 283	98.9	3 366	1 707	414	229	25.9	9.1	Bensley CDP (part)
918	447	86	8 348	97.2	12 084	6 173	1 451	788	26.6	8.8	Chester CDP (part)
1	1	-	16	112.5	26	12	2	2	23.5	5.9	Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)
2 347	1 348	299	23 611	93.8	33 253	17 560	3 994	2 257	27.3	8.7	Clover Hill district
2 395	1 211	324	24 674	94.1	34 610	18 096	3 930	2 306	27.7	8.2	Dale district
62	23	2	450	98.9	683	340	87	46	23.7	9.7	Bensley CDP (part)
91	118	101	1 492	100.8	2 264	1 136	310	240	24.4	10.3	Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)
2 422	1 286	328	33 859	93.7	46 115	24 315	4 036	2 325	29.7	6.2	Matoaca district
25	10	1	832	71.8	748	504	36	25	47.7	2.5	Chester CDP (part)
54	17	-	260	103.1	408	210	71	39	22.7	13.4	Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)
269	179	43	3 151	78.6	4 635	2 660	491	292	17.6	8.7	Etrick CDP
162	126	31	1 196	90.1	1 655	887	319	192	27.2	14.0	Matoaca CDP
2 815	1 573	500	24 981	95.1	34 920	18 329	4 888	2 888	28.3	10.0	Midlothian district
1 249	753	219	8 391	93.2	11 896	6 399	2 221	1 328	26.6	13.7	Bon Air CDP
1 024	604	218	6 391	98.0	9 694	4 931	1 846	1 080	23.4	14.6	Clarke County
193	176	106	1 151	77.5	1 591	934	475	344	22.1	23.3	Berryville district
193	176	106	1 151	77.5	1 591	934	475	344	22.1	23.3	Berryville town (part)
193	104	24	1 377	95.8	2 061	1 029	321	171	23.6	11.9	Buckmarsh district
33	26	8	162	103.1	251	133	67	36	23.7	20.4	Berryville town (part)
221	96	28	1 212	105.4	1 925	953	345	177	22.7	13.9	Millwood district
10	1	3	62	114.5	103	51	14	9	22.6	10.5	Boyce town (part)
244	134	33	1 518	98.7	2 244	1 152	411	233	25.6	13.6	Russell district
66	51	8	322	83.5	437	242	125	77	26.1	21.2	Berryville town (part)
173	94	27	1 133	112.4	1 873	863	294	155	22.2	12.2	White Post district
26	13	3	144	103.5	213	108	42	22	27.3	14.3	Boyce town (part)
392	225	74	2 503	103.4	3 889	1 930	691	392	23.6	13.6	Craig County
70	31	5	490	97.3	721	363	106	59	25.4	11.0	Craig City district
75	36	10	497	102.6	783	388	121	65	22.2	12.0	Craig Creek district
73	58	25	538	93.5	789	415	156	102	24.2	15.0	New Castle district
21	5	3	98	82.7	138	72	29	17	22.9	16.2	New Castle town
80	48	11	467	120.1	791	369	139	75	23.1	13.5	Potts Mountain district
94	52	23	511	105.1	805	395	169	91	23.2	16.1	Simmonsville district
2 289	1 349	426	16 851	103.3	25 449	12 523	4 064	2 316	25.7	11.9	Culpeper County
326	156	27	2 402	93.6	3 358	1 707	509	265	27.8	10.9	Catalpa district
339	190	75	2 177	159.8	4 486	1 647	604	341	20.7	10.7	Cedar Mountain district
285	187	49	2 333	86.9	3 194	1 762	521	333	26.7	11.9	East Fairfax district
285	187	49	2 333	86.9	3 194	1 762	521	333	26.7	11.9	Culpeper town (part)
361	146	39	2 973	102.1	4 316	2 158	546	287	28.2	9.1	Jefferson district
310	154	49	2 337	96.5	3 411	1 738	513	279	25.7	11.2	Salem district
293	180	57	2 518	97.0	3 504	1 812	530	294	29.4	10.7	Stevensburg district
54	30	6	700	81.0	808	465	90	57	36.2	7.1	Culpeper town (part)
375	336	130	2 111	91.2	3 180	1 699	841	517	21.2	20.8	West Fairfax district
375	336	130	2 111	91.2	3 180	1 699	841	517	21.2	20.8	Culpeper town (part)

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
Cumberland County	9 017	38.4	564	1 667	307	353	1 126	1 395	1 279	527	460
District 1	1 627	37.2	117	305	54	64	222	241	220	92	91
District 2	1 866	37.2	128	349	53	77	256	284	268	106	78
District 3	1 975	38.4	109	413	63	72	217	318	286	119	84
District 4	1 765	38.5	101	329	76	63	211	299	249	98	105
District 5	1 784	40.8	109	271	61	77	220	253	256	112	102
Farmville town (part)	477	37.3	35	73	21	33	66	58	59	24	19
Dickenson County	16 395	39.7	875	2 744	701	765	1 961	2 572	2 589	959	856
Clintwood district	3 491	40.4	189	576	133	142	439	527	555	204	192
Clinchco town (part)	2	45.0	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Clintwood town (part)	777	45.2	49	97	22	39	93	87	102	56	52
Ervinton district	3 064	39.1	160	553	127	122	360	500	473	189	151
Clinchco town (part)	422	39.3	27	73	15	15	62	51	57	28	23
Kenady district	3 594	38.8	180	636	170	194	430	550	573	181	172
Sand Lick district	2 843	38.0	171	507	133	132	338	478	444	171	135
Haysi town (part)	186	42.3	11	24	14	5	15	31	29	11	10
Willis district	3 403	42.1	175	472	138	175	394	517	544	214	206
Clintwood town (part)	772	48.5	36	73	25	42	84	95	114	58	48
Haysi town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dinwiddie County	24 533	38.5	1 367	4 518	793	852	3 151	4 432	3 704	1 484	1 238
District 1	5 049	39.6	266	892	152	167	601	921	806	353	260
District 2	5 129	34.6	341	1 147	173	174	770	921	669	238	228
District 3	6 285	38.4	324	1 064	172	238	888	1 288	947	364	253
District 4	4 031	40.7	225	679	166	155	449	625	634	257	288
District 5	4 039	40.9	211	736	130	118	443	677	648	272	209
McKenney town	441	42.1	25	66	16	17	55	65	64	25	25
Essex County	9 989	40.3	520	1 771	310	393	1 183	1 515	1 487	575	502
Central district	2 565	39.1	141	498	74	104	300	423	383	131	119
North district	2 314	39.3	128	411	84	85	293	355	365	145	124
South district	2 412	43.3	118	404	66	79	234	370	414	160	133
Town district	2 698	39.8	133	458	86	125	356	367	325	139	126
Tappahannock town	2 068	38.7	103	361	68	107	287	271	235	97	97
Fairfax County	969 749	35.9	67 781	178 483	28 856	43 468	150 257	178 871	157 350	53 268	34 597
Braddock district	91 780	37.2	5 538	17 383	4 511	4 207	10 970	16 023	15 489	5 790	4 046
Annandale CDP (part)	21 860	37.4	1 460	3 657	602	919	3 323	3 962	3 403	1 222	1 018
Burke CDP (part)	16 111	37.4	1 009	3 405	523	631	1 919	2 833	3 276	1 123	601
North Springfield CDP	9 173	37.7	657	1 557	224	342	1 277	1 730	1 297	505	379
Springfield CDP (part)	1 361	38.0	87	258	43	48	157	267	232	107	56
West Springfield CDP (part)	7 305	39.3	460	1 547	210	220	688	1 278	1 228	512	395
Dranesville district	106 155	38.3	7 162	22 203	2 816	3 567	11 769	18 631	19 248	6 609	4 075
Great Falls CDP	8 549	42.1	533	1 985	188	160	497	1 391	1 817	781	472
Herndon town	21 655	31.5	1 711	4 156	872	1 332	4 161	4 132	3 210	751	481
Idylwood CDP (part)	372	34.4	13	18	4	12	146	90	39	14	5
McLean CDP (part)	38 929	43.4	2 390	7 587	717	850	3 022	6 111	7 282	2 948	1 896
Pimmit Hills CDP	6 152	36.3	329	967	189	354	1 070	1 147	882	319	247
Reston CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wolf Trap CDP (part)	2 633	43.4	164	550	61	48	185	392	514	269	185
Hunter Mill district	110 697	36.5	8 025	19 538	2 685	4 344	17 620	20 243	18 332	6 959	4 339
Oakton CDP (part)	3 769	38.6	198	724	109	150	493	659	628	246	186
Reston CDP (part)	56 407	36.2	3 932	8 762	1 339	2 540	10 353	10 104	9 311	3 715	2 228
Tysons Corner CDP (part)	3 992	39.6	263	632	70	130	590	693	612	258	195
Vienna town (part)	14 328	40.1	928	2 439	330	394	1 756	2 608	2 293	913	697
Wolf Trap CDP (part)	11 368	40.8	853	2 498	257	232	712	2 032	2 213	969	644
Lee district	112 514	34.9	8 474	19 077	3 349	5 346	20 241	22 154	16 864	5 214	3 539
Franconia CDP	31 907	35.4	2 340	4 632	678	1 311	6 619	7 214	5 225	1 467	909
Groveton CDP (part)	17 513	34.0	1 379	2 941	567	980	3 236	3 343	2 539	754	525
Hybla Valley CDP (part)	5 622	30.9	493	1 217	240	319	992	971	631	232	172
Mount Vernon CDP (part)	18 007	31.8	1 441	3 646	648	1 074	3 170	3 425	2 471	710	517
Newington CDP (part)	2 182	32.8	209	439	57	84	386	428	347	113	37
Rose Hill CDP	15 058	38.4	1 032	2 392	368	486	2 240	2 885	2 500	961	643
Springfield CDP (part)	22 206	35.6	1 580	3 810	776	1 088	3 598	3 888	3 151	977	736
Mason district	101 929	35.9	7 121	15 793	3 251	5 537	17 449	17 565	14 739	5 242	3 878
Annandale CDP (part)	25 576	39.4	1 604	4 035	767	1 086	3 480	4 226	4 095	1 472	1 137
Bailey's Crossroads CDP	23 166	33.1	1 812	3 518	833	1 612	4 626	3 961	2 744	966	699
Jefferson CDP (part)	12 193	36.8	765	1 893	361	581	2 070	2 173	1 804	706	530
Lake Barcroft CDP	8 906	41.8	545	1 284	159	316	1 235	1 418	1 508	586	420
Lincolnia CDP	15 788	33.3	1 262	2 727	567	998	2 806	2 761	2 218	683	511
Mantua CDP (part)	749	43.1	46	178	8	16	41	109	183	62	50
Seven Corners CDP	8 701	32.3	657	1 188	368	636	2 007	1 610	1 082	369	246
Springfield CDP (part)	6 850	37.6	430	970	188	292	1 184	1 307	1 105	398	285
Mount Vernon district	91 505	36.2	6 691	16 135	2 264	4 002	14 557	17 093	13 410	4 618	3 227
Belle Haven CDP	6 269	41.4	344	737	90	167	1 043	1 151	1 097	412	296
Fort Belvoir CDP	7 176	22.5	1 056	2 129	225	502	1 700	1 265	232	36	10
Fort Hunt CDP	12 923	44.6	855	2 355	179	180	809	2 187	2 324	887	673
Groveton CDP (part)	3 783	38.0	232	671	141	135	508	693	554	184	140
Huntington CDP	8 325	35.6	384	696	162	673	2 135	1 463	1 181	450	318
Hybla Valley CDP (part)	11 099	35.8	797	1 871	354	578	1 799	1 757	1 529	588	435
Lorton CDP (part)	17 786	32.9	1 338	3 152	476	1 023	3 816	4 218	2 444	547	310
Mount Vernon CDP (part)	10 575	43.1	638	1 793	240	288	949	1 727	1 846	780	639
Newington CDP (part)	7 536	36.3	602	1 520	213	226	1 027	1 473	1 080	353	181
Occoquan town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providence district	107 941	34.8	7 208	15 507	2 785	6 397	22 490	19 170	15 954	5 501	3 866
Annandale CDP (part)	7 558	34.7	486	1 197	208	461	1 457	1 345	1 206	431	265
Dunn Loring CDP	7 861	36.9	613	1 276	195	295	1 200	1 477	1 222	390	341
Idylwood CDP (part)	15 633	33.2	1 024	2 098	383	1 100	3 803	2 714	2 209	694	488
Jefferson CDP (part)	15 229	33.3	1 122	2 183	463	932	3 442	2 800	1 966	676	489
McLean CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mantua CDP (part)	6 736	43.8	379	1 229	146	244	526	988	1 107	387	302
Memfield CDP	11 170	32.8	790	1 380	335	819	2 803	1 962	1 574	486	333
Oakton CDP (part)	24 959	35.6	1 693	4 069	664	1 307	4 469	4 480	4 114	1 443	961
Tysons Corner CDP (part)	14 548	35.0	815	1 592	323	959	3 577	2 612	2 003	781	544
Vienna town (part)	125	36.6	13	29	4	-	11	35	26	3	3

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000—Con.**

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State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Fairfax County—Con.												
Springfield district	101 032	38.9	5 814	22 364	3 165	3 403	9 405	18 166	20 924	7 139	4 052	
Burke CDP (part)	41 626	37.7	2 411	9 283	1 493	1 590	4 272	7 504	8 432	2 802	1 457	
Centreville CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Clifton town	185	37.3	12	31	6	8	23	37	41	14	5	
Lorton CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Newington CDP (part)	10 066	37.1	659	2 218	319	347	1 124	1 958	2 093	590	364	
West Springfield CDP (part)	21 073	38.9	1 198	4 064	589	747	2 449	3 911	3 788	1 350	934	
Sully district	146 196	33.0	11 748	30 483	4 030	6 665	25 756	29 826	22 390	6 196	3 575	
Centreville CDP (part)	48 661	31.1	4 362	9 467	1 382	2 604	10 938	10 317	5 726	1 417	859	
Chantilly CDP	41 041	33.8	3 065	7 634	1 108	2 090	7 581	8 176	6 288	1 928	1 215	
Oakton CDP (part)	620	44.0	35	127	15	12	38	93	132	52	41	
Fauquier County	55 139	37.8	3 526	11 269	1 781	1 745	6 365	10 355	8 692	3 312	2 305	
Cedar Run district	9 500	38.4	581	1 874	339	306	1 078	1 742	1 483	638	503	
Warrenton town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Center district	11 443	37.8	744	2 337	368	349	1 343	2 099	1 700	565	425	
Warrenton town (part)	6 670	38.1	431	1 160	206	240	930	1 140	846	288	265	
Lee district	12 023	33.4	952	2 816	430	480	1 678	2 492	1 576	499	331	
Remington town	624	32.9	51	123	22	42	98	118	83	27	17	
Marshall district	11 281	41.4	567	2 025	343	327	1 177	1 974	2 073	834	550	
Scott district	10 892	39.3	682	2 217	301	283	1 089	2 048	1 860	776	496	
The Plains town	266	41.8	18	38	4	11	30	55	40	15	15	
Floyd County	13 874	40.5	779	2 301	450	512	1 774	2 057	2 141	908	746	
Burks Fork district	2 530	42.7	113	391	80	89	309	359	400	151	169	
Court House district	2 930	40.7	156	489	95	92	371	431	403	202	153	
Floyd town	432	48.4	17	63	9	11	48	50	55	25	21	
Indian Valley district	2 880	39.5	176	491	106	127	368	424	479	191	136	
Little River district	2 912	40.2	175	495	83	89	386	451	425	175	145	
Locust Grove district	2 622	39.9	159	435	86	115	340	392	434	189	143	
Fluvanna County	20 047	38.3	1 294	3 428	552	725	2 799	3 557	2 772	1 108	1 012	
Columbia district	3 255	38.4	219	615	84	115	409	566	461	182	165	
Columbia town	49	47.5	2	9	1	2	3	7	12	7	3	
Cunningham district	3 262	36.4	224	626	128	151	420	559	525	168	114	
Scottsville town (part)	25	53.5	-	3	-	1	3	3	3	2	3	
Fork Union district	2 906	39.9	170	538	128	98	291	467	434	167	149	
Palmyra district	3 467	36.9	167	464	99	203	629	787	525	180	146	
Rivanna district	7 157	39.2	514	1 185	113	158	1 050	1 178	827	411	438	
Lake Monticello CDP	6 852	39.4	487	1 130	105	149	997	1 128	789	390	426	
Franklin County	47 286	39.7	2 569	7 931	1 899	1 937	5 726	7 605	7 213	3 127	2 514	
Blackwater district	6 897	38.4	406	1 292	226	246	886	1 126	1 134	415	314	
Ferrum CDP (part)	90	42.0	4	17	6	2	8	13	22	2	1	
Rocky Mount town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Blue Ridge district	5 591	34.6	302	855	624	397	653	800	741	314	242	
Ferrum CDP (part)	1 223	20.8	38	120	481	212	98	107	74	25	23	
Boone district	6 812	40.0	387	1 141	181	224	895	1 200	1 141	466	326	
Boones Mill town	285	36.2	7	51	12	14	51	43	46	5	13	
Gills Creek district	8 683	43.8	398	1 356	221	260	938	1 324	1 454	737	619	
North Shore CDP	2 112	53.6	51	206	31	42	148	241	401	268	228	
Westlake Corner CDP	899	49.5	35	114	17	27	96	114	125	94	81	
Rocky Mount district	5 735	40.6	328	933	199	266	674	819	759	280	275	
Rocky Mount town (part)	4 064	41.9	231	639	137	178	466	557	515	199	182	
Snow Creek district	6 680	37.7	378	1 259	219	261	877	1 217	960	387	317	
Union Hall district	6 888	41.1	370	1 095	229	283	803	1 119	1 024	528	421	
Penhook CDP	726	48.6	28	101	17	18	58	108	111	84	59	
Rocky Mount town (part)	2	49.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	
Union Hall CDP	957	50.6	33	121	20	24	75	127	173	115	98	
Frederick County	59 209	36.7	3 825	11 778	1 975	2 189	7 944	10 924	8 503	3 201	2 567	
Back Creek district	10 354	39.9	559	2 026	281	317	1 093	1 897	1 701	669	485	
Gainsboro district	11 406	39.6	627	2 127	400	306	1 296	2 052	1 863	728	582	
Opequon district	12 082	34.1	881	2 671	441	470	1 753	2 294	1 645	551	401	
Middletown town	1 015	35.5	63	208	41	44	140	194	132	43	33	
Stephens City town	1 146	35.6	72	200	47	54	186	187	148	71	54	
Shawnee district	10 712	35.3	744	2 027	400	522	1 601	1 911	1 417	534	438	
Stonewall district	14 655	35.6	1 014	2 927	453	574	2 201	2 770	1 877	719	661	
Giles County	16 657	40.2	944	2 724	495	634	2 203	2 525	2 429	1 112	809	
Central district	5 638	40.5	330	941	153	208	708	822	808	361	277	
Pearisburg town	2 729	40.8	162	440	71	114	348	380	362	176	135	
Eastern district	5 672	39.6	291	915	177	212	811	922	924	360	261	
Pembroke town	1 134	37.9	65	187	28	40	181	173	146	66	56	
Western district	5 347	40.5	323	868	165	214	684	781	697	391	271	
Glen Lyn town	151	35.3	12	30	9	8	16	27	15	5	4	
Narrows town	2 111	39.4	131	352	68	84	284	313	251	142	98	
Rich Creek town	665	47.5	27	89	12	21	74	81	98	48	35	
Gloucester County	34 780	38.0	2 027	7 089	1 129	1 237	4 113	6 468	5 067	1 994	1 548	
Abingdon district	6 624	37.7	369	1 456	213	210	731	1 291	1 049	390	254	
Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)	195	42.3	10	37	6	3	16	35	35	16	13	
Gloucester Point district	6 361	37.0	377	1 132	233	315	922	1 108	918	379	262	
Gloucester Point CDP (part)	6 361	37.0	377	1 132	233	315	922	1 108	918	379	262	
Petsworth district	7 089	36.6	439	1 608	216	251	812	1 405	966	351	315	
Ware district	7 984	38.7	450	1 630	237	253	878	1 525	1 116	391	370	
Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)	2 074	45.9	96	310	47	68	175	311	267	112	97	
York district	6 722	39.7	392	1 263	230	208	770	1 139	1 018	483	347	
Gloucester Point CDP (part)	3 068	38.7	186	607	94	97	348	535	458	198	150	
Goochland County	16 863	40.5	875	2 712	369	518	2 161	3 250	2 887	1 165	817	
District 1	3 329	38.9	176	638	80	109	414	611	524	216	151	
District 2	3 653	38.7	237	664	96	108	485	665	520	213	153	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
4 303	1 738	559	51 323	96.9	72 854	37 676	6 600	3 609	27.9	6.5	Fairfax County—Con.
1 391	653	338	21 292	95.5	29 932	15 657	2 382	1 426	28.1	5.7	Springfield district
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Burke CDP (part)
3	5	-	79	134.2	142	63	8	5	23.2	4.3	Centreville CDP (part)
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Clifton town
269	101	24	5 079	98.2	7 189	3 682	394	210	28.6	3.9	Lorton CDP (part)
1 408	553	82	10 864	94.0	15 811	8 300	2 043	1 103	25.0	9.7	Newington CDP (part)
3 494	1 586	447	73 353	99.3	103 965	52 820	5 527	3 163	28.9	3.8	West Springfield CDP (part)
958	516	115	24 624	97.6	34 832	17 897	1 589	964	28.4	3.3	Sully district
1 218	551	187	20 690	98.4	30 342	15 471	1 956	1 122	26.1	4.8	Centreville CDP (part)
40	31	4	302	105.3	458	231	75	35	26.1	12.1	Chantilly CDP
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Oakton CDP (part)
3 280	1 865	644	27 889	97.7	40 344	20 648	5 789	3 260	26.8	10.5	Fauquier County
593	296	67	4 659	103.9	7 045	3 453	956	484	25.8	10.1	Cedar Run district
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Warrenton town (part)
680	571	262	6 002	90.7	8 362	4 537	1 513	973	26.9	13.2	Center district
480	459	225	3 609	84.8	5 079	2 856	1 164	779	23.9	17.5	Warrenton town (part)
435	262	72	6 065	98.2	8 255	4 184	769	424	31.3	6.4	Lee district
25	14	4	337	85.2	450	240	43	30	27.9	6.9	Remington town
853	415	143	5 675	98.8	8 689	4 431	1 411	772	23.0	12.5	Marshall district
719	321	100	5 488	98.5	7 993	4 043	1 140	607	26.6	10.5	Scott district
22	14	4	139	91.4	210	113	40	25	21.1	15.0	The Plains town
1 115	792	299	7 025	97.5	10 794	5 488	2 206	1 289	22.2	15.9	Floyd County
238	183	48	1 278	98.0	2 026	1 019	469	259	19.9	18.5	Burks Fork district
264	210	64	1 551	88.9	2 285	1 224	538	336	22.0	18.4	Court House district
59	56	18	253	70.8	352	212	133	99	18.5	30.8	Floyd town
196	134	52	1 406	104.8	2 213	1 081	382	209	23.2	13.3	Indian Valley district
239	160	89	1 463	99.0	2 242	1 133	488	292	23.0	16.8	Little River district
178	105	46	1 327	97.6	2 028	1 031	329	193	22.7	12.5	Locust Grove district
1 842	755	203	10 742	86.6	15 325	8 413	2 800	1 465	23.6	14.0	Fluvanna County
256	142	41	1 690	92.6	2 421	1 248	439	233	25.6	13.5	Columbia district
1	2	-	29	69.0	38	22	3	3	22.4	6.1	Columbia town
209	106	32	1 646	98.2	2 412	1 249	347	193	26.1	10.6	Cunningham district
4	3	-	14	78.6	22	12	7	5	12.0	28.0	Scottsville town (part)
253	147	64	1 513	92.1	2 198	1 149	464	261	24.4	16.0	Fork Union district
173	71	23	2 178	59.2	2 836	1 881	267	146	18.2	7.7	Palmyra district
951	289	43	3 715	92.7	5 458	2 886	1 283	632	23.7	17.9	Rivanna district
928	282	41	3 557	92.6	5 235	2 766	1 251	616	23.6	18.3	Lake Monticello CDP
3 964	2 158	643	23 980	97.2	36 786	18 737	6 765	3 750	22.2	14.3	Franklin County
466	300	86	3 481	98.1	5 199	2 624	852	474	24.6	12.4	Blackwater district
10	4	1	49	83.7	69	35	15	9	23.3	16.7	Ferrum CDP (part)
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Rocky Mount town (part)
371	213	79	2 810	99.0	4 434	2 186	663	358	20.7	11.9	Blue Ridge district
23	17	5	542	125.6	1 065	456	45	24	12.9	3.7	Ferrum CDP (part)
511	269	71	3 445	97.7	5 284	2 681	851	466	22.4	12.5	Boone district
26	15	2	149	91.3	227	115	43	29	20.4	15.1	Boones Mill town
917	383	76	4 305	101.7	6 929	3 467	1 376	672	20.2	15.8	Gills Creek district
352	125	19	1 058	99.6	1 855	933	496	234	12.2	23.5	North Shore CDP
137	51	8	433	107.6	750	367	196	86	16.6	21.8	Westlake Corner CDP
553	460	189	3 059	87.5	4 474	2 435	1 202	764	22.0	21.0	Rocky Mount district
410	378	172	2 197	85.0	3 194	1 764	960	622	21.4	23.6	Rocky Mount town (part)
490	243	72	3 368	98.3	5 043	2 564	805	465	24.5	12.1	Snow Creek district
656	290	70	3 512	96.1	5 423	2 780	1 016	551	21.3	14.8	Union Hall district
111	24	7	363	100.0	597	302	142	65	17.8	19.6	Penhook CDP
-	-	-	1	100.0	2	1	-	-	-	-	Rocky Mount town (part)
118	46	7	472	102.8	803	407	171	81	16.1	17.9	Union Hall CDP
3 667	2 011	625	29 589	100.1	43 606	22 167	6 303	3 543	26.4	10.6	Frederick County
760	450	116	5 090	103.4	7 769	3 871	1 326	722	25.0	12.8	Back Creek district
742	471	212	5 656	101.7	8 652	4 354	1 425	799	24.1	12.5	Gainesboro district
566	329	80	6 140	96.8	8 530	4 446	975	565	29.4	8.1	Opequon district
56	47	14	536	89.4	744	400	117	81	26.7	11.5	Middletown town
62	43	22	615	86.3	874	464	127	74	23.7	11.1	Stephens City town
693	349	76	5 427	97.4	7 941	4 115	1 118	623	25.9	10.4	Shawnee district
906	412	141	7 276	101.4	10 714	5 381	1 459	834	26.9	10.0	Stonewall district
1 456	1 042	284	8 516	95.6	12 989	6 758	2 782	1 667	22.0	16.7	Giles County
532	407	91	2 909	93.8	4 367	2 300	1 030	617	22.5	18.3	Central district
258	233	50	1 447	88.6	2 127	1 171	541	345	22.1	19.8	Pearisburg town
445	268	86	2 814	101.6	4 466	2 242	799	473	21.3	14.1	Eastern district
102	62	28	591	91.9	882	468	192	124	22.2	16.9	Pembroke town
479	367	107	2 793	91.4	4 156	2 216	953	577	22.3	17.8	Western district
12	9	4	78	93.6	109	61	25	16	27.8	16.6	Glen Lyn town
180	169	39	1 141	85.0	1 628	897	388	243	22.9	18.4	Narrows town
78	64	38	355	87.3	549	306	180	115	17.4	27.1	Rich Creek town
2 290	1 311	507	17 700	96.5	25 664	13 307	4 108	2 386	26.2	11.8	Gloucester County
390	213	58	3 338	98.4	4 799	2 470	661	385	27.6	10.0	Abingdon district
13	9	2	99	97.0	148	76	24	15	24.1	12.3	Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)
411	243	61	3 244	96.1	4 852	2 504	715	414	23.7	11.2	Gloucester Point district
411	243	61	3 244	96.1	4 852	2 504	715	414	23.7	11.2	Gloucester Point CDP (part)
453	213	60	3 569	98.6	5 042	2 578	726	391	28.9	10.2	Petsworth district
514	378	242	4 163	91.8	5 904	3 152	1 134	709	26.1	14.2	Ware district
195	203	193	1 196	73.4	1 668	984	591	404	19.6	28.5	Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)
522	264	86	3 386	98.5	5 067	2 603	872	487	24.6	13.0	York district
241	124	30	1 559	96.8	2 275	1 185	395	212	25.8	12.9	Gloucester Point CDP (part)
1 297	594	218	8 369	101.5	13 276	6 696	2 109	1 156	21.3	12.5	Goochland County
258	125	27	1 694	96.5	2 515	1 302	410	230	24.5	12.3	District 1
254	169	89	1 887	93.6	2 752	1 456	512	297	24.7	14.0	District 2

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Henry County—Con.												
Horsepasture district—Con.												
Horse Pasture CDP (part)	1 845	41.8	90	292	56	65	217	294	267	135	111	
Iriswood district	9 816	38.2	592	1 823	321	459	1 225	1 589	1 540	685	511	
Chatmoss CDP	1 742	43.1	97	300	40	53	132	303	333	158	95	
Laurel Park CDP	781	35.9	41	142	22	53	110	125	126	69	32	
Sandy Level CDP	689	34.1	59	144	17	43	103	83	98	33	37	
Reed Creek district	9 285	42.1	452	1 337	290	366	1 197	1 375	1 368	659	597	
Bassett CDP (part)	813	45.0	39	116	20	29	104	98	99	64	53	
Collinsville CDP (part)	906	40.8	52	109	30	54	140	114	135	58	50	
Oak Level CDP	885	44.3	50	112	26	29	117	117	143	62	69	
Stanleytown CDP	1 515	42.2	66	203	46	87	176	235	168	101	119	
Ridgeway district	9 810	39.6	540	1 694	297	345	1 268	1 635	1 444	663	513	
Horse Pasture CDP (part)	410	42.5	24	65	17	10	36	75	50	28	29	
Ridgeway town	775	38.9	42	155	28	19	94	121	108	50	62	
Highland County	2 536	46.0	94	410	52	51	218	403	420	186	185	
Blue Grass district	624	45.2	21	110	16	14	43	106	115	44	44	
Monterey district	1 225	47.8	52	182	20	25	107	180	214	91	89	
Monterey town	158	53.4	6	17	1	1	9	18	33	13	11	
Stonewall district	687	44.5	21	118	16	12	68	117	91	51	52	
Isle of Wight County	29 728	38.9	1 790	5 754	937	1 025	3 289	5 515	4 552	1 787	1 441	
Carrsville district	5 332	39.2	287	1 024	198	202	586	944	819	297	247	
Hardy district	5 831	39.9	348	1 049	190	210	624	1 042	951	428	288	
Rushmere CDP	1 083	42.2	69	165	32	29	101	207	184	84	55	
Newport district	6 748	39.4	403	1 307	160	184	725	1 371	1 073	417	380	
Smithfield district	6 324	37.7	453	1 253	205	236	730	1 124	920	294	247	
Smithfield town	6 324	37.7	453	1 253	205	236	730	1 124	920	294	247	
Windsor district	5 493	38.4	299	1 121	184	193	624	1 034	789	351	279	
Windsor town	916	38.0	46	172	30	38	124	142	141	67	42	
James City County	48 102	40.8	2 709	8 504	1 319	1 771	5 273	7 866	7 043	2 931	2 589	
Berkeley district	11 460	39.5	669	1 807	352	591	1 556	1 757	1 479	609	554	
Jamestown district	9 438	41.8	498	1 791	216	297	839	1 607	1 471	537	462	
Powhatan district	10 676	40.5	689	1 955	278	313	1 143	1 685	1 587	725	690	
Roberts district	7 966	44.3	353	1 251	246	319	786	1 124	1 107	531	498	
Stonehouse district	8 562	39.1	500	1 700	227	251	949	1 693	1 399	529	385	
King and Queen County	6 630	40.9	355	1 152	199	267	708	1 072	1 005	457	327	
Buena Vista district	1 245	42.1	69	213	34	44	126	193	187	87	54	
Newtown district	1 360	39.4	63	266	44	54	149	239	184	92	62	
St. Stephens Church district	1 387	42.2	77	219	49	61	128	221	230	88	78	
Shanghai district	1 314	39.6	64	229	29	55	165	219	193	91	61	
Stevensville district	1 324	42.0	82	225	43	53	140	200	211	99	72	
King George County	16 803	35.1	1 272	3 399	658	719	2 317	3 011	2 304	871	642	
Dahlgren district	4 106	30.1	369	828	256	260	669	656	426	158	135	
Dahlgren CDP	997	37.3	56	180	36	43	146	159	114	44	50	
James Madison district	4 467	35.1	349	940	128	157	653	890	614	206	170	
James Monroe district	4 228	39.2	255	798	132	141	495	748	663	299	185	
Fairview Beach CDP	230	46.3	10	22	15	8	23	31	42	18	11	
Shiloh district	4 002	35.9	299	833	142	161	500	717	601	208	152	
King William County	13 146	37.0	912	2 521	360	421	1 866	2 274	1 959	783	517	
Acquinton district	5 753	35.1	478	1 062	163	196	962	1 019	849	332	200	
Mangochick district	2 853	36.9	189	567	93	92	382	583	422	157	117	
West Point district	4 540	40.4	245	892	104	133	522	672	688	294	200	
West Point town	2 866	39.4	170	575	59	91	330	401	436	171	121	
Lancaster County	11 567	49.8	481	1 711	282	292	828	1 444	1 571	828	835	
Bayside district	2 471	54.2	89	326	50	49	163	260	326	186	212	
Kilmarnock town (part)	913	52.8	37	126	17	24	74	107	85	45	46	
Christ Church district	2 011	45.4	111	331	66	57	169	261	260	125	133	
Kilmarnock town (part)	283	50.8	10	48	10	7	22	27	37	20	9	
White Stone town (part)	40	37.0	1	8	4	1	3	8	7	2	-	
Mantua district	2 391	41.8	120	465	75	90	209	360	347	150	146	
White Chapel district	2 272	52.0	82	293	45	57	152	297	313	197	185	
White Stone district	2 422	55.9	79	296	46	39	135	266	325	170	159	
Irvington town	673	62.8	18	75	11	6	24	65	79	40	43	
White Stone town (part)	318	44.0	17	45	10	10	28	52	45	20	19	
Lee County	23 589	39.7	1 374	3 998	846	1 039	2 975	3 503	3 522	1 429	1 262	
Jonesville district	5 280	41.2	312	832	190	225	638	746	833	309	290	
Jonesville town	995	44.2	67	113	39	45	121	125	148	41	64	
Rocky Station district	7 688	39.1	432	1 330	298	357	976	1 167	1 115	462	392	
Dryden CDP (part)	77	37.3	4	16	5	7	5	14	12	4	1	
Pennington Gap town	1 781	42.5	99	266	56	72	210	243	247	114	90	
St. Charles town	159	30.4	13	35	8	11	28	17	22	5	3	
Rose Hill district	4 391	40.4	236	755	148	196	514	660	634	275	264	
Ewing CDP	436	39.6	22	89	9	21	50	58	67	14	34	
Rose Hill CDP	714	39.4	45	140	15	19	78	133	79	49	46	
White Shoals district	1 995	39.9	117	335	69	70	264	281	279	126	109	
Yokum Station district	4 235	38.4	277	746	141	191	583	649	661	257	207	
Dryden CDP (part)	1 176	39.3	82	185	39	53	173	151	179	70	53	
Keokee CDP	316	39.6	13	67	9	11	38	50	51	13	18	
Loudoun County	169 599	33.6	16 461	34 094	3 934	5 718	29 920	36 086	22 232	7 227	4 389	
Blue Ridge district	15 367	37.9	1 133	3 488	354	307	1 570	3 064	2 540	913	609	
Hamilton town	562	37.2	46	113	11	14	72	115	91	38	17	
Hillsboro town	96	41.0	5	14	4	4	11	16	13	11	5	
Purcellville town	3 584	34.7	310	864	79	83	482	707	426	148	115	
Round Hill town	500	35.8	52	105	10	14	61	104	71	18	26	
Broad Run district	33 330	32.2	3 473	6 820	702	1 289	6 509	7 497	3 980	1 136	583	
Catoctin district	19 073	35.8	1 684	4 126	409	478	2 530	3 933	2 863	1 061	681	
Leesburg town (part)	7 142	32.1	819	1 591	157	223	1 229	1 547	887	265	172	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
192	106	20	953	93.6	1 463	751	318	179	20.7	17.2	Henry County—Con. Horsepasture district—Con. Horse Pasture CDP (part)
656	315	100	5 064	93.8	7 401	3 863	1 071	601	24.6	10.9	Iriswood district
126	74	31	896	94.4	1 345	694	231	124	22.8	13.3	Chatmoss CDP
39	8	4	417	87.3	588	325	51	29	24.7	6.5	Laurel Park CDP
43	33	6	374	84.2	496	270	82	51	28.0	11.9	Sandy Level CDP
969	529	146	4 607	101.5	7 496	3 777	1 644	946	19.3	17.7	Reed Creek district
105	61	25	398	104.3	658	320	191	110	19.1	23.5	Bassett CDP (part)
97	53	14	457	98.2	745	383	164	94	17.8	18.1	Collinsville CDP (part)
91	59	10	438	102.1	723	360	160	90	18.3	18.1	Oak Level CDP
197	86	31	736	105.8	1 246	611	314	173	17.8	20.7	Stanleytown CDP
854	452	105	5 032	95.0	7 576	3 954	1 411	822	22.8	14.4	Ridgeway district
48	23	5	221	85.5	321	180	76	50	21.7	18.5	Horse Pasture CDP (part)
59	30	7	416	86.3	578	320	96	59	25.4	12.4	Ridgeway town
265	207	45	1 282	97.8	2 032	1 034	517	277	19.9	20.4	Highland County
53	47	11	311	100.6	493	245	111	55	21.0	17.8	Blue Grass district
132	111	22	628	95.1	991	519	265	144	19.1	21.6	Monterey district
17	27	5	93	69.9	135	82	49	32	14.6	31.0	Monterey town
80	49	12	343	100.3	548	270	141	78	20.2	20.5	Stonewall district
2 139	1 160	339	15 190	95.7	22 184	11 575	3 638	2 077	25.4	12.2	Isle of Wight County
419	260	49	2 750	93.9	4 021	2 063	728	409	24.6	13.7	Carrsville district
441	201	59	2 949	97.7	4 434	2 297	701	386	24.0	12.0	Hardy district
91	47	19	543	99.4	849	443	157	92	21.6	14.5	Rushmere CDP
474	210	44	3 346	101.7	5 038	2 558	728	378	25.3	10.8	Newport district
452	290	120	3 341	89.3	4 618	2 532	862	533	27.0	13.6	Smithfield district
452	290	120	3 341	89.3	4 618	2 532	862	533	27.0	13.6	Smithfield town
353	199	67	2 804	95.9	4 073	2 125	619	371	25.9	11.3	Windsor district
52	47	15	486	88.5	698	378	114	73	23.8	12.4	Windsor town
4 591	2 628	878	24 808	93.9	36 889	19 310	8 097	4 467	23.3	16.8	James City County
1 045	755	286	6 026	90.2	8 984	4 799	2 086	1 186	21.6	18.2	Berkeley district
734	646	340	4 929	91.5	7 149	3 822	1 720	1 025	24.3	18.2	Jamestown district
1 171	370	70	5 572	91.6	8 032	4 303	1 611	842	24.8	15.1	Powhatan district
1 066	574	111	3 956	101.4	6 362	3 141	1 751	905	20.1	22.0	Roberts district
575	283	71	4 325	98.0	6 362	3 245	929	509	25.7	10.9	Stonehouse district
585	385	118	3 397	95.2	5 123	2 661	1 088	609	22.7	16.4	King and Queen County
102	109	27	660	88.6	963	507	238	133	22.7	19.1	Buena Vista district
122	72	13	678	100.6	1 031	529	207	112	24.2	15.2	Newtown district
128	76	32	715	94.0	1 091	577	236	131	21.3	17.0	St. Stephens Church district
118	67	23	665	97.6	1 021	517	208	120	22.3	15.8	Shanghai district
115	61	23	679	95.0	1 017	531	199	113	23.2	15.0	Stevensville district
885	541	184	8 360	101.0	12 132	6 083	1 610	881	27.8	9.6	King George County
197	116	36	2 003	105.0	2 909	1 417	349	182	29.2	8.5	Dahlgren district
84	65	20	507	96.6	761	389	169	92	23.7	17.0	Dahlgren CDP
207	116	37	2 252	98.4	3 178	1 609	360	204	28.9	8.1	James Madison district
260	169	83	2 104	101.0	3 175	1 601	512	282	24.9	12.1	James Monroe district
27	20	3	1 111	107.2	1 98	93	50	24	13.9	21.7	Fairview Beach CDP
221	140	28	2 001	100.0	2 870	1 456	389	213	28.3	9.7	Shiloh district
863	504	166	6 676	96.9	9 713	5 009	1 533	870	26.1	11.7	King William County
304	144	44	2 860	101.2	4 213	2 120	492	261	26.8	8.6	Acquinton district
147	71	33	1 438	98.4	2 097	1 092	251	151	26.5	8.8	Mangochick district
412	289	89	2 378	90.9	3 403	1 797	790	458	25.0	17.4	West Point district
262	185	65	1 515	89.2	2 121	1 134	512	307	26.0	17.9	West Point town
1 632	1 214	449	6 193	86.8	9 375	5 166	3 295	1 884	19.0	28.5	Lancaster County
369	298	143	1 314	88.1	2 056	1 136	810	467	16.8	32.8	Bayside district
106	144	102	545	67.5	750	465	352	243	17.9	38.6	Kilmarnock town (part)
274	169	55	1 081	86.0	1 569	869	498	281	22.0	24.8	Christ Church district
44	39	10	164	72.6	225	131	93	58	20.5	32.9	Kilmarnock town (part)
3	2	1	22	81.8	31	18	6	5	22.5	15.0	White Stone town (part)
226	154	49	1 273	87.8	1 806	1 002	429	256	24.5	17.9	Mantua district
364	237	50	1 206	88.4	1 897	1 012	651	352	16.5	28.7	White Chapel district
399	356	152	1 319	83.6	2 047	1 147	907	528	15.5	37.4	White Stone district
108	121	83	375	79.5	580	336	312	196	13.8	46.4	Irvington town
35	31	6	168	89.3	256	139	72	45	19.5	22.6	White Stone town (part)
1 923	1 286	432	12 145	94.2	18 217	9 521	3 641	2 156	22.8	15.4	Lee County
507	297	101	2 702	95.4	4 136	2 125	905	525	21.7	17.1	Jonesville district
126	86	20	531	87.4	815	439	232	143	18.1	23.3	Jonesville town
584	434	141	3 989	92.7	5 926	3 134	1 159	703	22.9	15.1	Rocky Station district
7	1	1	36	113.9	57	27	9	4	26.0	11.7	Dryden CDP (part)
176	157	51	982	81.4	1 416	811	384	255	20.5	21.6	Pennington Gap town
7	9	1	84	89.3	111	60	17	13	30.2	10.7	St. Charles town
408	225	76	2 323	89.0	3 400	1 833	709	419	22.6	16.1	Rose Hill district
40	24	8	232	87.9	325	176	72	42	25.5	16.5	Ewing CDP
49	44	17	410	74.1	529	302	110	72	25.9	15.4	Rose Hill CDP
158	147	40	1 008	97.9	1 543	797	345	202	22.7	17.3	White Shoals district
266	183	74	2 123	99.5	3 212	1 632	523	307	24.2	12.3	Yokum Station district
80	70	41	622	89.1	909	489	191	122	22.7	16.2	Dryden CDP (part)
26	16	4	151	109.3	236	117	46	25	25.3	14.6	Keokee CDP
5 402	3 143	993	85 762	97.8	119 044	60 901	9 538	5 495	29.8	5.6	Loudoun County
784	468	137	7 785	97.4	10 746	5 532	1 389	748	30.1	9.0	Blue Ridge district
22	14	9	300	87.3	403	224	45	29	28.3	8.0	Hamilton town
6	6	1	52	84.6	77	40	13	7	19.8	13.5	Hillsboro town
183	139	48	1 850	93.7	2 410	1 294	370	218	32.8	10.3	Purcellville town
16	19	4	249	100.8	343	177	39	24	31.4	7.8	Round Hill town
758	437	146	16 929	96.9	23 037	11 822	1 341	786	30.9	4.0	Broad Run district
784	404	120	9 590	98.9	13 263	6 760	1 308	722	30.5	6.9	Catoctin district
154	76	22	3 607	98.0	4 732	2 461	252	147	33.7	3.5	Leesburg town (part)

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Loudoun County—Con.												
Catoctin district—Con.												
Lovettsville town	853	34.8	70	181	28	24	126	156	134	33	19	
Dulles district	29 477	32.1	3 248	6 100	617	926	5 961	6 697	3 412	982	582	
Leesburg district	15 983	34.2	1 425	3 009	435	659	2 737	3 121	2 111	724	450	
Leesburg town (part)	15 983	34.2	1 425	3 009	435	659	2 737	3 121	2 111	724	450	
Mercer district	19 904	33.5	2 015	3 238	419	760	4 176	3 937	2 528	876	629	
Leesburg town (part)	5 186	31.8	532	935	101	241	1 206	1 161	562	156	117	
Middleburg town	632	44.2	36	71	17	20	82	104	74	52	39	
Sterling district	13 764	33.0	1 096	2 672	486	666	2 504	2 622	1 867	690	420	
Sugarland Run district	22 701	33.6	2 387	4 641	512	633	3 933	5 215	2 931	845	435	
Louisa County	25 627	38.8	1 524	4 731	776	915	3 096	4 560	3 904	1 518	1 288	
Cuckoo district	3 724	39.2	214	715	112	129	414	652	577	247	217	
Green Spring district	4 191	37.2	266	801	134	152	537	818	638	216	166	
Gordonsville town (part)	11	47.5	-	2	1	1	-	1	2	2	1	
Jackson district	3 712	38.1	208	687	106	136	517	676	596	219	174	
Louisa district	3 560	38.4	233	661	93	149	445	561	434	193	185	
Louisa town	1 401	37.7	102	245	36	75	185	214	140	67	62	
Mineral district	3 344	41.5	173	578	103	122	324	567	539	224	210	
Mineral town	424	39.5	26	77	15	16	52	63	61	25	16	
Mountain Road district	3 570	38.6	220	626	103	110	480	664	600	187	161	
Patrick Henry district	3 526	39.1	210	663	125	117	379	622	520	232	175	
Lunenburg County	13 146	40.5	644	2 159	451	597	1 577	2 120	1 985	732	671	
Beaver Creek district	1 901	41.7	100	367	59	70	173	279	321	88	92	
Browns Store district	1 640	43.2	91	246	57	67	194	209	241	114	108	
Kenbridge town (part)	707	43.4	40	96	28	35	91	76	120	52	33	
Hounds Creek district	1 714	39.0	103	336	82	73	178	245	223	101	83	
Kenbridge town (part)	546	38.4	25	113	39	21	61	60	57	34	29	
Loves Mill district	2 691	38.0	87	285	65	167	537	656	400	104	102	
Victoria town (part)	245	40.5	11	53	11	10	20	37	38	19	21	
Meherrin River district	1 715	40.6	90	317	64	68	154	270	283	107	87	
Plymouth district	1 675	43.0	84	288	48	81	172	208	233	87	91	
Victoria town (part)	1 576	42.8	81	271	47	76	169	191	214	84	85	
Rehoboth district	1 810	42.0	89	320	76	71	169	253	284	131	108	
Madison County	12 520	40.0	720	2 297	414	445	1 389	2 065	1 914	765	628	
Locust Dale district	4 775	39.2	285	950	181	186	477	829	685	289	215	
Rapidan district	3 520	41.0	193	594	107	108	404	571	556	191	212	
Madison town	210	44.6	7	32	9	6	26	27	28	9	10	
Robertson district	4 225	40.4	242	753	126	151	508	665	673	285	201	
Mathews County	9 207	46.2	420	1 411	227	251	848	1 282	1 397	721	657	
Chesapeake district	2 237	46.6	95	362	54	49	167	333	359	174	163	
Piankatank district	3 633	47.2	167	493	97	129	344	472	548	299	282	
Westville district	3 337	44.8	158	556	76	73	337	477	490	248	212	
Mecklenburg County	32 380	40.9	1 737	5 247	1 002	1 319	3 909	4 965	4 595	1 981	1 849	
District 1	3 396	43.9	171	531	89	147	347	466	595	219	211	
Clarksville town (part)	194	35.7	20	32	5	8	30	22	22	4	7	
District 2	3 530	38.4	166	513	110	183	531	642	497	196	169	
Boydton town	454	39.5	17	53	22	39	54	75	67	16	18	
Chase City town (part)	621	37.9	51	123	20	34	58	82	108	25	30	
District 3	4 437	43.5	233	680	126	142	487	635	613	347	312	
Brodnax town (part)	45	44.3	1	7	2	1	4	9	6	3	1	
La Crosse town (part)	603	40.0	38	100	28	29	63	98	69	45	27	
South Hill town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District 4	3 512	38.3	210	628	170	171	400	557	506	206	172	
La Crosse town (part)	15	55.3	-	-	-	-	5	1	1	3	-	
South Hill town (part)	1 100	36.4	58	223	57	62	128	184	146	40	46	
District 5	3 503	41.1	224	556	91	142	414	495	450	168	207	
South Hill town (part)	3 303	41.3	211	530	87	127	386	460	424	157	199	
District 6	3 848	37.8	175	595	139	197	621	728	506	210	180	
District 7	3 124	42.5	180	536	98	119	335	403	407	159	166	
Chase City town (part)	1 836	41.1	127	322	40	72	221	217	215	82	94	
District 8	3 702	40.0	215	704	99	128	416	583	535	228	212	
Chase City town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District 9	3 328	45.4	163	504	80	90	358	456	486	248	220	
Clarksville town (part)	1 135	47.1	59	158	25	36	157	108	150	85	65	
Middlesex County	9 932	46.8	375	1 534	260	249	890	1 385	1 515	828	666	
Jamaica district	1 727	44.0	66	303	62	45	147	269	270	125	110	
Pine Top district	4 326	48.7	173	634	95	94	392	569	618	393	325	
Saluda district	3 879	46.5	136	597	103	110	351	547	627	310	231	
Urbanna town	543	48.7	18	83	13	7	46	70	82	48	38	
Montgomery County	83 629	25.9	3 980	10 360	13 021	13 131	11 722	9 728	8 737	3 215	2 530	
District A-91	10 650	29.0	534	1 262	713	1 929	1 793	1 263	1 249	494	368	
Blacksburg town (part)	8 265	26.7	403	798	664	1 867	1 578	859	770	290	237	
District B-91	12 424	35.0	901	2 185	381	613	2 136	1 981	1 768	666	480	
Blacksburg town (part)	51	35.3	2	8	3	2	10	11	5	3	3	
Christiansburg town (part)	8 812	34.2	678	1 531	264	426	1 642	1 376	1 186	440	315	
District C-91	10 593	37.0	706	1 844	302	516	1 606	1 708	1 621	571	468	
Christiansburg town (part)	3 909	35.7	295	641	105	209	665	608	575	191	173	
Elliston-Lafayette CDP	1 241	34.6	88	249	45	71	173	218	144	64	55	
Shawsville CDP	1 029	33.9	82	181	28	60	177	148	149	62	39	
District D-91	12 797	36.7	791	2 262	435	538	1 968	2 109	1 858	757	565	
Christiansburg town (part)	4 034	37.3	263	581	150	178	710	580	524	230	182	
District E-91	13 764	20.3	321	956	6 582	13 386	1 134	951	769	266	239	
Blacksburg town (part)	8 399	19.6	49	106	6 428	10 015	247	115	101	27	34	
Christiansburg town (part)	192	36.5	16	27	8	14	27	33	33	13	10	
Merrimac CDP (part)	1 751	39.9	90	211	51	142	276	214	148	64	57	
District F-91	10 107	22.9	443	963	1 816	2 748	1 560	915	762	247	198	
Blacksburg town (part)	9 765	22.8	427	897	1 805	2 736	1 535	855	707	209	166	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
											Loudoun County—Con.
											Catoctin district—Con.
											Lovettsville town
											Dulles district
											Leesburg district
											Leesburg town (part)
											Mercer district
											Leesburg town (part)
											Middleburg town
											Sterling district
											Sugarland Run district
											Louisa County
											Cuckoo district
											Green Spring district
											Gordonsville town (part)
											Jackson district
											Louisa district
											Louisa town
											Mineral district
											Mineral town
											Mountain Road district
											Patrick Henry district
											Lunenburg County
											Beaver Creek district
											Browns Store district
											Kenbridge town (part)
											Hounds Creek district
											Kenbridge town (part)
											Loves Mill district
											Victoria town (part)
											Meherrin River district
											Plymouth district
											Victoria town (part)
											Rehoboth district
											Madison County
											Locust Dale district
											Rapidan district
											Madison town
											Robertson district
											Mathews County
											Chesapeake district
											Piankatank district
											Westville district
											Mecklenburg County
											District 1
											Clarksville town (part)
											District 2
											Boydton town
											Chase City town (part)
											District 3
											Brodnax town (part)
											La Crosse town (part)
											South Hill town (part)
											District 4
											La Crosse town (part)
											South Hill town (part)
											District 5
											South Hill town (part)
											District 6
											District 7
											Chase City town (part)
											District 8
											Chase City town (part)
											District 9
											Clarksville town (part)
											Middlesex County
											Jamaica district
											Pine Top district
											Saluda district
											Urbanna town
											Montgomery County
											District A-91
											Blacksburg town (part)
											District B-91
											Blacksburg town (part)
											Christiansburg town (part)
											District C-91
											Christiansburg town (part)
											Elliston-Lafayette CDP
											Shawsville CDP
											District D-91
											Christiansburg town (part)
											District E-91
											Blacksburg town (part)
											Christiansburg town (part)
											Merrimac CDP (part)
											District F-91
											Blacksburg town (part)

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Montgomery County—Con.												
District F-91—Con.												
Merrimac CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District G-91	13 294	22.2	284	888	2 792	5 401	1 525	801	710	214	212	
Blacksburg town (part)	13 093	22.1	276	855	2 787	5 392	1 494	768	675	201	203	
Nelson County	14 445	42.8	759	2 374	464	456	1 475	2 217	2 474	980	826	
Lovingsston district	5 029	41.0	302	903	148	157	565	774	784	300	273	
Massies Mill district	2 346	41.4	115	409	90	86	237	361	360	163	119	
Rockfish district	4 484	45.6	198	637	138	137	420	668	855	376	304	
Schuyler district	2 586	42.2	144	425	88	76	253	414	475	141	130	
New Kent County	13 462	38.4	759	2 604	396	398	1 666	2 646	2 323	815	587	
District 1	2 728	37.6	164	568	76	63	332	572	501	148	101	
District 2	2 688	39.0	178	525	79	52	312	521	539	176	108	
District 3	2 988	36.9	144	565	116	125	435	586	438	163	130	
District 4	2 522	40.3	152	437	59	78	290	498	446	176	129	
District 5	2 536	38.8	121	509	66	80	297	469	399	152	119	
Northampton County	13 093	42.4	724	2 324	452	481	1 215	1 881	1 804	741	700	
District 1	2 549	39.5	113	544	97	87	262	406	332	113	137	
Cheriton town (part)	39	43.8	-	7	1	-	7	5	8	2	2	
District 2	1 676	44.1	115	254	45	70	152	225	229	89	105	
Cape Charles town	1 134	44.2	76	175	31	50	103	146	149	63	71	
Cheriton town (part)	453	44.5	33	67	10	12	41	67	62	20	32	
District 3	2 263	40.4	143	417	88	88	210	370	293	109	116	
District 4	2 244	45.1	123	341	77	93	163	319	357	158	113	
Cheriton town (part)	7	37.5	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	
Eastville town	203	40.8	6	29	12	19	15	38	36	2	9	
District 5	2 263	43.2	121	405	75	78	247	268	302	164	133	
Belle Haven town (part)	59	55.3	-	9	1	1	5	8	4	4	4	
Exmore town	1 136	38.6	71	215	43	47	142	138	145	65	54	
District 6	2 098	44.0	109	363	70	65	181	293	291	108	96	
Nassawadox town	572	53.5	36	74	17	16	38	46	68	20	23	
Northumberland County	12 259	50.1	527	1 759	290	301	949	1 532	1 611	1 047	1 036	
District 1	2 535	51.9	110	305	52	66	201	306	375	236	220	
District 2	2 341	44.1	117	398	62	71	211	342	316	158	145	
District 3	2 475	40.6	159	494	72	68	249	370	297	159	163	
Kilmarnock town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District 4	2 472	56.8	69	291	47	46	146	256	296	256	280	
Kilmarnock town (part)	48	62.5	2	6	-	-	6	4	2	3	5	
District 5	2 436	56.2	72	271	57	50	142	258	327	238	228	
Nottoway County	15 725	38.6	878	2 720	514	753	2 098	2 505	2 027	812	722	
District 1	2 834	42.7	154	511	73	91	292	419	390	153	151	
Burkeville town	489	39.8	22	92	17	26	50	73	69	21	28	
District 2	3 188	37.1	223	670	102	135	370	480	378	164	124	
Crewe town	2 378	35.8	178	514	76	104	288	336	266	100	86	
District 3	3 555	35.6	131	447	130	283	735	692	476	143	139	
District 4	3 125	39.1	195	554	122	135	362	490	425	178	157	
Blackstone town (part)	1 120	37.5	71	209	55	49	132	159	139	62	53	
District 5	3 023	41.4	175	538	87	109	339	424	358	174	151	
Blackstone town (part)	2 555	40.9	157	457	73	96	304	337	293	140	108	
Orange County	25 881	40.4	1 552	4 403	774	904	3 015	4 169	3 559	1 555	1 506	
District 1	4 280	40.4	222	651	133	178	587	722	680	287	231	
Orange town (part)	257	31.6	-	4	18	36	99	58	27	8	1	
District 2	4 878	38.0	315	885	178	218	574	872	687	230	235	
Gordonsville town (part)	1 487	37.8	105	251	55	81	187	237	204	68	68	
Orange town (part)	33	41.8	2	6	2	1	2	7	5	-	2	
District 3	4 678	39.1	326	787	150	187	604	669	565	206	230	
Orange town (part)	3 833	38.5	279	638	118	165	511	545	444	156	176	
District 4	5 432	38.5	341	1 034	171	188	644	989	794	361	268	
District 5	6 613	46.2	348	1 046	142	133	606	917	833	471	542	
Page County	23 177	39.0	1 286	4 037	813	977	2 991	3 573	3 251	1 441	1 164	
East Luray District 201	4 504	40.6	218	825	146	158	507	688	634	269	256	
Luray town (part)	2 634	40.9	128	477	82	78	310	397	324	161	162	
Marksville District 301	4 883	37.2	308	896	170	229	664	814	634	308	211	
Luray town (part)	27	44.8	2	5	2	-	3	2	5	4	1	
Stanley town (part)	964	36.4	66	169	43	58	130	149	105	56	42	
Newport District 401	4 142	38.7	226	708	172	195	533	648	634	273	207	
Stanley town (part)	362	40.0	16	66	18	11	55	37	41	27	26	
Shenandoah District 501	4 779	38.1	272	834	169	202	680	746	689	270	208	
Shenandoah town	1 878	37.6	115	340	64	82	266	291	267	89	71	
West Luray District 101	4 869	41.2	262	774	156	193	607	677	660	321	282	
Luray town (part)	2 210	40.5	137	329	73	90	297	305	226	124	111	
Patrick County	19 407	40.5	1 114	3 104	584	792	2 513	2 922	2 768	1 282	1 132	
Blue Ridge district	3 583	46.1	176	486	107	127	357	491	440	265	243	
Stuart town (part)	947	40.2	52	160	42	47	100	140	103	65	53	
Dan River district	4 097	38.8	250	675	139	185	590	582	586	252	217	
Mayo River district	4 147	37.8	254	712	103	173	625	651	633	265	207	
Patrick Springs CDP (part)	407	36.5	15	84	8	14	70	77	53	21	24	
Peters Creek district	3 629	41.0	216	598	124	155	415	552	549	244	203	
Patrick Springs CDP (part)	1 584	40.8	105	264	59	57	186	210	227	129	97	
Smith River district	3 951	40.2	218	633	111	152	526	646	560	256	262	
Patrick Springs CDP (part)	77	40.8	5	13	1	1	11	13	13	5	2	
Stuart town (part)	14	39.0	1	2	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	
Pittsylvania County	61 745	39.6	3 514	10 716	2 136	2 311	7 443	10 322	9 492	3 848	3 104	
Banister district	7 774	40.0	423	1 473	276	251	857	1 244	1 219	464	416	
Chatham town (part)	79	51.3	2	6	3	6	10	7	14	7	5	
Gretna town (part)	289	33.3	24	81	13	7	36	42	29	9	13	
Callands-Gretna district	8 301	42.7	387	1 316	249	278	909	1 309	1 260	547	504	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

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Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Montgomery County—Con. District F-91—Con.
291	141	35	5 713	132.7	12 122	5 136	467	255	8.8	3.5	Merrimac CDP (part)
274	134	34	5 619	133.0	11 962	5 060	442	241	8.6	3.4	District G-91 Blacksburg town (part)
1 410	777	233	7 414	94.8	11 312	5 909	2 420	1 357	21.7	16.8	Nelson County
451	272	100	2 588	94.3	3 824	2 012	823	466	24.0	16.4	Lovington district
229	153	24	1 188	97.5	1 822	939	406	240	22.3	17.3	Massies Mill district
504	197	50	2 298	95.1	3 649	1 894	751	403	18.6	16.7	Rockfish district
226	155	59	1 340	93.0	2 017	1 064	440	248	22.0	17.0	Schuyler district
783	387	98	6 643	102.6	10 099	5 053	1 268	686	25.0	9.4	New Kent County
137	59	7	1 375	98.4	1 996	1 021	203	107	26.8	7.4	District 1
135	52	11	1 344	100.0	1 985	1 007	198	103	26.2	7.4	District 2
166	95	25	1 402	113.1	2 279	1 065	286	155	23.7	9.6	District 3
168	67	22	1 264	99.5	1 933	993	257	140	23.4	10.2	District 4
177	114	33	1 258	101.6	1 906	967	324	181	24.8	12.8	District 5
1 502	917	352	6 967	87.9	10 045	5 455	2 771	1 582	23.3	21.2	Northampton County
260	159	39	1 299	96.2	1 892	981	458	256	25.8	18.0	District 1
5	-	2	18	116.7	32	16	7	1	17.9	17.9	Cheriton town (part)
200	144	48	946	77.2	1 307	735	392	236	22.0	23.4	District 2
132	104	34	643	76.4	883	502	270	167	22.1	23.8	Cape Charles town
60	37	12	255	77.6	353	194	109	60	22.1	24.1	Cheriton town (part)
246	141	42	1 239	82.6	1 703	953	429	253	24.7	19.0	District 3
292	166	42	1 158	93.8	1 780	916	500	260	20.7	22.3	District 4
1	1	-	5	40.0	5	3	2	1	28.6	28.6	Cheriton town (part)
24	8	5	89	128.1	168	66	37	21	17.2	18.2	Eastville town
260	142	68	1 183	91.3	1 737	948	470	272	23.2	20.8	District 5
11	6	5	39	51.3	50	33	22	14	15.3	37.3	Belle Haven town (part)
114	60	42	602	88.7	850	480	216	133	25.2	19.0	Exmore town
244	165	113	1 142	83.7	1 626	922	522	305	22.5	24.9	District 6
78	76	80	316	81.0	462	273	234	143	19.2	40.9	Nassawadox town
1 841	1 082	284	6 411	91.2	9 973	5 294	3 207	1 732	18.6	26.2	Northumberland County
382	229	53	1 333	90.2	2 120	1 119	664	352	16.4	26.2	District 1
286	181	54	1 235	89.6	1 826	974	521	293	22.0	22.3	District 2
257	141	46	1 307	89.4	1 822	1 000	444	255	26.4	17.9	District 3
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Kilmarnock town (part)
453	271	61	1 287	92.1	2 112	1 113	785	403	14.6	31.8	District 4
9	8	3	28	71.4	40	23	20	11	16.7	41.7	Kilmarnock town (part)
463	260	70	1 249	95.0	2 093	1 088	793	429	14.1	32.6	District 5
1 387	956	353	7 612	106.6	12 127	5 869	2 696	1 652	22.9	17.1	Nottoway County
320	219	61	1 457	94.5	2 169	1 151	600	355	23.5	21.2	District 1
50	26	15	255	91.8	375	197	91	55	23.3	18.6	Burkeville town
292	193	57	1 699	87.6	2 295	1 267	542	342	28.0	17.0	District 2
220	164	46	1 272	86.9	1 686	937	430	273	29.1	18.1	Crewe town
219	116	44	1 196	197.2	2 977	905	379	224	16.3	10.7	District 3
268	192	47	1 608	94.3	2 376	1 245	507	290	24.0	16.2	District 4
105	73	13	603	85.7	840	457	191	111	25.0	17.1	Blackstone town (part)
288	236	144	1 652	83.0	2 310	1 301	668	441	23.6	22.1	District 5
237	216	137	1 422	79.7	1 941	1 119	590	397	24.0	23.1	Blackstone town (part)
2 564	1 461	419	13 357	93.8	19 926	10 395	4 444	2 475	23.0	17.2	Orange County
350	184	55	2 078	106.0	3 407	1 655	589	322	20.4	13.8	District 1
2	2	2	27	851.9	253	25	6	3	1.6	2.3	Orange town (part)
385	223	76	2 544	91.7	3 678	1 952	684	396	24.6	14.0	District 2
116	80	35	828	79.6	1 131	643	231	153	23.9	15.5	Gordonville town (part)
5	1	-	17	94.1	25	13	6	3	24.2	18.2	Orange town (part)
410	372	172	2 603	79.7	3 565	2 043	954	632	23.8	20.4	District 3
335	311	155	2 172	76.5	2 916	1 697	801	544	23.9	20.9	Orange town (part)
396	185	61	2 694	101.6	4 057	2 014	642	327	25.3	11.8	District 4
1 023	497	55	3 438	92.4	5 219	2 731	1 575	798	21.1	23.8	District 5
2 017	1 236	391	11 811	96.2	17 854	9 182	3 644	2 119	23.0	15.7	Page County
463	266	74	2 330	93.3	3 461	1 835	803	488	23.2	17.8	East Luray District 201
293	167	55	1 408	87.1	2 029	1 128	515	333	23.0	19.6	Luray town (part)
354	242	53	2 456	98.8	3 679	1 862	649	357	24.7	13.3	Marksville District 301
1	2	-	16	68.8	20	11	3	3	25.9	11.1	Luray town (part)
74	62	10	498	93.6	729	390	146	98	24.4	15.1	Stanley town (part)
333	169	44	2 092	98.0	3 208	1 603	546	295	22.5	13.2	Newport District 401
34	25	6	209	73.2	280	163	65	43	22.7	18.0	Stanley town (part)
411	241	57	2 465	93.9	3 673	1 922	709	414	23.1	14.8	Shenandoah District 501
166	102	25	997	88.4	1 423	776	293	182	24.2	15.6	Shenandoah town
456	318	163	2 468	97.3	3 833	1 960	937	565	21.3	19.2	West Luray District 101
220	184	114	1 178	87.6	1 744	942	518	341	21.1	23.4	Luray town (part)
1 720	1 092	384	9 856	96.9	15 189	7 794	3 196	1 839	21.7	16.5	Patrick County
401	318	172	1 914	87.2	2 921	1 578	891	558	18.5	24.9	Blue Ridge district
79	82	24	512	85.0	735	404	185	117	22.4	19.5	Stuart town (part)
366	192	63	2 016	103.2	3 172	1 579	621	341	22.6	15.2	Dan River district
309	175	40	2 095	97.9	3 181	1 622	524	293	23.3	12.6	Mayo River district
16	22	3	198	105.6	308	153	41	27	24.3	10.1	Patrick Springs CDP (part)
304	220	49	1 887	92.3	2 815	1 477	573	340	22.4	15.8	Peters Creek district
120	109	21	833	90.2	1 215	645	250	147	23.3	15.8	Patrick Springs CDP (part)
340	187	60	1 944	103.2	3 100	1 538	587	307	21.5	14.9	Smith River district
7	5	1	38	102.6	59	30	13	9	23.4	16.9	Patrick Springs CDP (part)
3	2	-	6	133.3	11	4	5	2	21.4	35.7	Stuart town (part)
5 000	2 990	869	31 599	95.4	47 515	24 627	8 859	5 145	23.0	14.3	Pittsylvania County
620	398	133	4 081	90.5	5 878	3 127	1 151	691	24.4	14.8	Banister district
9	9	1	39	102.6	71	37	19	13	10.1	24.1	Chatham town (part)
22	10	3	179	61.5	184	125	35	23	36.3	12.1	Gretna town (part)
831	538	173	4 290	93.5	6 598	3 458	1 542	917	20.5	18.6	Callands-Gretna district

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Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
159	131	68	543	78.3	842	486	358	241	13.0	37.0	Pittsylvania County—Con. Callands-Gretna district—Con. Gretna town (part)
738	453	131	4 885	98.8	7 459	3 804	1 322	760	23.2	13.6	Chatham-Blairs district
108	111	40	630	99.8	1 005	499	259	164	20.2	20.6	Chatham town (part)
744	392	96	4 882	95.5	7 234	3 754	1 232	689	24.2	12.9	Dan River district
701	415	126	4 202	92.2	6 295	3 287	1 242	719	22.1	15.4	Staunton River district
140	72	14	680	87.6	999	535	226	141	21.7	17.7	Hurt town
684	397	118	4 728	98.3	7 138	3 653	1 199	701	23.9	12.8	Tunstall district
682	397	92	4 531	97.9	6 913	3 544	1 171	668	22.9	13.1	Westover district
1 155	583	145	10 064	122.3	17 008	7 501	1 883	1 017	24.0	8.4	Powhatan County
273	108	25	2 175	99.1	3 288	1 660	406	211	24.1	9.4	District 1
268	138	49	2 512	100.8	3 713	1 880	455	257	26.4	9.0	District 2
194	73	12	1 818	106.1	2 796	1 350	279	149	25.4	7.4	District 3
239	155	35	2 353	96.3	3 314	1 693	429	230	28.3	9.3	District 4
181	109	24	1 206	284.3	3 897	918	314	170	15.9	6.8	District 5
1 352	984	459	10 079	95.7	15 728	8 142	2 795	1 701	20.2	14.2	Prince Edward County
169	165	78	2 649	65.6	3 962	2 429	412	269	9.7	9.4	District 101
93	81	21	2 162	62.1	3 255	2 027	195	131	7.1	5.6	Farmville town (part)
170	106	27	1 131	93.4	1 634	860	303	175	25.3	13.9	District 201
4	6	-	34	91.2	49	27	10	5	24.6	15.4	Farmville town (part)
209	109	38	1 361	93.8	1 934	1 006	356	198	26.7	13.5	District 301
140	69	29	789	163.1	1 669	615	238	133	19.6	11.5	District 401
35	18	7	200	327.0	752	156	60	36	11.9	7.0	Hampden Sydney CDP (part)
221	145	41	1 247	148.7	2 532	979	407	221	18.3	13.1	District 501
3	2	1	78	73.1	95	51	6	3	29.6	4.4	Farmville town (part)
1	-	1	11	3 627.3	404	9	2	-	1.5	0.5	Hampden Sydney CDP (part)
-	2	2	6	16.7	6	5	4	4	14.3	57.1	Pamplin City town (part)
206	124	50	1 362	95.3	1 918	1 015	380	219	27.9	14.3	District 601
158	193	175	893	70.1	1 234	757	526	378	18.8	34.6	District 701
158	192	175	890	69.9	1 228	754	525	377	18.8	34.7	Farmville town (part)
79	73	21	647	78.1	845	481	173	108	26.6	15.0	District 801
79	73	21	647	78.1	845	481	173	108	26.6	15.0	Farmville town (part)
1 492	740	168	15 226	117.0	24 742	11 202	2 400	1 338	25.1	7.3	Prince George County
284	107	32	1 823	96.9	2 714	1 375	423	214	24.4	11.8	Blackwater district
490	244	53	7 174	111.1	11 196	5 253	787	447	26.1	5.2	Bland district
6	-	1	2 246	147.7	4 299	1 652	7	5	22.7	0.1	Fort Lee CDP (part)
72	49	11	575	444.7	2 877	462	132	72	8.1	4.2	Brandon district
430	227	44	3 910	97.0	5 378	2 804	701	407	30.2	9.1	Rives district
1	2	1	884	92.9	945	503	4	2	44.6	0.2	Fort Lee CDP (part)
216	113	28	1 744	99.3	2 577	1 308	357	198	25.9	10.3	Templeton district
8 490	3 856	1 127	140 746	99.5	195 364	98 984	13 473	7 857	30.4	4.8	Prince William County
1 446	642	216	21 654	101.9	30 375	15 146	2 304	1 324	30.5	5.3	Brentsville district
10	15	6	279	95.3	392	205	31	24	28.1	5.7	Bull Run CDP (part)
109	36	9	4 332	99.0	5 572	2 841	154	88	35.4	1.8	Linton Hall CDP
84	48	5	615	101.0	914	461	137	66	26.1	11.1	Nokesville CDP
225	74	24	3 254	106.9	4 776	2 260	323	179	29.1	4.8	Yorkshire CDP
855	317	73	21 499	97.3	28 776	14 751	1 245	693	32.1	2.9	Coles district
412	148	39	11 700	98.1	15 191	7 723	599	331	34.5	2.6	Dale City CDP (part)
166	76	11	5 681	92.1	7 653	4 060	253	152	29.9	2.3	Lake Ridge CDP (part)
925	405	85	20 635	104.4	28 666	14 033	1 415	796	32.0	3.4	Dumfries district
163	51	17	2 483	98.8	3 211	1 664	231	132	35.0	4.7	Dumfries town
368	139	24	7 986	96.9	10 636	5 519	531	289	32.4	3.4	Montclair CDP
27	14	6	252	122.6	444	193	47	25	20.9	8.4	Quantico town
6	2	-	2 537	150.1	4 221	1 498	8	6	33.5	0.1	Quantico Station CDP (part)
219	108	14	2 720	102.2	3 972	1 975	341	188	27.8	6.2	Triangle CDP
1 741	741	212	21 803	100.8	31 878	16 014	2 694	1 563	27.2	6.2	Gainesville district
235	151	37	5 473	97.2	7 942	4 106	423	303	26.4	3.9	Bull Run CDP (part)
315	100	21	2 220	97.4	3 311	1 700	436	242	24.4	9.9	Gainesville CDP
19	11	2	417	110.8	614	298	32	16	30.1	3.6	Haymarket town
198	52	10	1 649	106.9	2 410	1 181	260	140	29.3	7.6	Loch Lomond CDP
261	87	14	3 894	98.2	5 475	2 769	362	203	29.1	4.7	Sudley CDP
272	159	82	3 664	104.5	5 302	2 621	513	323	29.2	6.8	West Gate CDP
1 098	400	84	17 128	97.5	23 206	11 943	1 582	917	31.4	4.7	Neabsco district
1 044	384	81	16 609	97.5	22 476	11 569	1 509	875	31.5	4.6	Dale City CDP (part)
938	698	250	18 490	93.5	25 444	13 402	1 886	1 152	28.9	5.3	Occoquan district
572	509	187	10 125	92.5	13 769	7 311	1 268	793	29.4	6.5	Lake Ridge CDP (part)
64	15	5	402	88.8	675	351	84	49	11.1	11.1	Occoquan town (part)
1 487	653	207	19 537	100.2	27 019	13 695	2 347	1 412	30.9	6.0	Woodbridge district
1 363	583	190	15 775	102.5	22 363	11 172	2 136	1 270	30.0	6.7	Woodbridge CDP
2 887	1 875	571	17 793	97.4	27 888	14 288	5 333	3 225	20.6	15.2	Pulaski County
476	344	113	3 495	92.3	5 324	2 818	933	560	20.8	13.9	Cloyd district
208	156	76	1 169	89.1	1 801	978	440	267	18.5	19.9	Fairlawn CDP
571	292	79	3 549	98.5	5 442	2 788	942	550	22.8	13.4	Draper district
48	33	3	374	88.5	527	287	84	51	25.2	11.9	Dublin town (part)
141	93	21	943	96.1	1 410	733	255	154	23.7	13.8	Pulaski town (part)
597	380	109	3 791	111.9	6 595	3 092	1 086	630	17.9	13.5	Ingles district
109	90	19	722	119.3	1 343	615	218	142	15.2	13.8	Dublin town (part)
669	497	178	3 689	88.8	5 579	3 010	1 344	837	19.9	19.3	Massie district
-	-	-	(X)	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Dublin town (part)
469	351	123	2 411	84.3	3 536	1 974	943	610	20.4	21.2	Pulaski town (part)
574	362	92	3 269	94.6	4 948	2 580	1 028	648	22.2	16.2	Robinson district
253	223	60	1 691	88.1	2 469	1 337	536	361	22.4	16.9	Pulaski town (part)
567	309	87	3 512	98.8	5 424	2 749	963	497	22.3	13.8	Rappahannock County
89	70	15	606	105.9	971	482	174	88	22.2	13.9	Hampton district
14	20	2	106	72.6	157	93	36	18	14.2	12.7	Washington town
134	54	16	778	104.0	1 224	614	204	98	22.9	19.9	Jackson district
112	67	19	647	95.2	1 023	527	198	107	19.0	15.7	Piedmont district
110	63	17	694	98.1	1 085	547	190	88	21.1	13.8	Stonewall-Hawthorne district
122	55	20	787	91.9	1 121	579	197	116	25.8	13.0	Wakefield district

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
757	545	255	3 870	127.6	7 192	3 102	1 557	952	18.4	17.7	Richmond County
121	79	15	599	97.0	914	477	215	123	22.5	18.2	District 1
146	75	20	761	253.4	2 303	581	241	127	14.4	9.0	District 2
2	1	2	6	83.3	10	5	5	3	9.1	45.5	Warsaw town (part)
166	105	27	785	119.5	1 410	640	298	189	18.2	17.3	District 3
72	43	16	330	148.5	705	271	131	92	14.0	16.0	Warsaw town (part)
167	137	73	818	91.0	1 233	659	377	225	21.1	24.1	District 4
157	149	120	907	82.5	1 332	745	426	288	19.5	25.7	District 5
58	107	104	344	58.1	477	309	269	199	12.3	49.4	Warsaw town (part)
7 184	4 757	1 704	45 243	89.6	66 278	35 760	13 645	8 229	22.7	15.9	Roanoke County
1 370	866	432	8 560	92.1	12 701	6 748	2 668	1 638	22.8	16.2	Catawba district
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Hollins CDP (part)
1 409	877	209	9 032	91.5	13 532	7 145	2 495	1 423	21.8	14.4	Cave Spring district
1 117	736	174	6 855	89.4	10 303	5 521	2 027	1 167	20.6	15.6	Cave Spring CDP (part)
1 754	1 322	583	10 275	82.4	14 783	8 402	3 659	2 312	21.1	19.5	Hollins district
1 426	1 189	563	7 967	77.8	11 465	6 711	3 178	2 071	19.1	22.4	Hollins CDP (part)
1 290	818	305	8 379	90.1	12 180	6 580	2 413	1 492	23.5	15.1	Vinton district
594	467	223	4 203	85.2	6 001	3 358	1 284	859	22.9	16.5	Vinton town
1 361	874	175	8 997	93.0	13 082	6 885	2 410	1 364	24.6	13.9	Windsor Hills district
1 055	719	139	6 286	90.2	9 136	4 897	1 913	1 099	23.6	16.0	Cave Spring CDP (part)
1 942	1 027	290	10 381	100.4	16 179	8 171	3 259	1 744	22.2	15.7	Rockbridge County
434	277	63	2 049	101.0	3 251	1 618	774	389	21.1	18.8	Buffalo district
423	211	48	2 224	105.3	3 601	1 780	682	358	21.1	14.9	Kerrs Creek district
309	151	40	1 527	101.0	2 305	1 185	500	287	24.9	16.3	Natural Bridge district
110	62	18	543	92.6	796	424	190	115	23.9	18.2	Glasgow town
376	173	61	2 220	97.4	3 379	1 733	610	343	22.9	13.9	South River district
400	215	78	2 361	98.0	3 643	1 855	693	367	22.1	14.8	Walkers Creek district
44	19	5	220	84.5	310	172	68	40	23.6	16.7	Goshen town
5 051	3 252	1 128	34 385	97.0	51 046	26 267	9 431	5 479	24.6	13.9	Rockingham County
1 281	982	398	9 604	94.9	13 960	7 282	2 661	1 553	25.4	14.2	Ashby district
333	401	242	2 862	81.8	4 221	2 385	976	642	18.9	18.8	Bridgewater town
118	77	15	678	98.2	1 020	519	210	120	24.1	15.6	Dayton town
15	17	3	130	95.4	196	102	35	18	22.8	13.8	Mount Crawford town
845	587	334	5 408	95.4	8 020	4 196	1 766	1 065	24.1	16.7	Central district
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Massanutten CDP (part)
481	290	59	3 680	104.7	5 607	2 750	830	455	25.6	11.0	Linville district
1 081	643	170	6 483	97.6	9 802	5 004	1 894	1 094	23.5	14.8	Plains district
177	116	19	1 153	90.1	1 666	881	312	190	24.0	14.2	Broadway town
166	137	67	934	86.2	1 356	762	370	239	22.0	21.3	Timberville town
1 363	750	167	9 210	96.5	13 657	7 035	2 280	1 312	24.5	12.6	Stonewall district
161	108	36	1 078	89.4	1 574	837	305	197	22.9	14.9	Elkton town
134	86	11	1 112	89.7	1 541	834	231	148	27.0	10.9	Grotoes town (part)
136	47	2	970	100.5	1 472	750	185	95	24.3	9.5	Massanutten CDP (part)
2 311	1 284	446	14 955	102.7	23 887	11 750	4 041	2 352	21.2	13.3	Russell County
670	366	98	3 735	95.8	5 712	2 940	1 134	655	21.9	15.5	Castlewood district
225	115	24	1 054	93.2	1 621	851	364	210	20.4	17.9	Castlewood CDP
26	17	6	73	102.7	135	66	49	26	8.8	33.1	Cleveland town
13	15	1	116	86.2	169	89	29	20	21.8	13.4	St. Paul town (part)
1 095	613	243	7 073	110.7	11 865	5 570	1 951	1 143	20.4	13.1	Lebanon district
322	221	105	1 738	88.3	2 626	1 423	648	426	19.8	19.8	Lebanon town
546	305	105	4 147	95.1	6 310	3 240	956	554	22.0	11.8	New Garden district
69	45	15	519	82.1	728	421	129	91	23.0	13.7	Honaker town
18	8	2	219	91.3	328	166	28	18	21.7	6.7	Raven CDP (part)
2 239	1 397	524	12 106	93.3	18 573	9 738	4 160	2 492	20.6	17.8	Scott County
360	215	105	1 984	87.2	2 976	1 604	680	418	19.9	18.3	District 1
182	115	72	749	78.0	1 110	629	369	242	16.7	27.7	Weber City town
360	214	61	1 963	101.0	3 140	1 592	635	361	20.4	17.1	District 2
368	225	78	2 023	95.5	3 123	1 599	671	390	21.0	17.0	District 3
45	32	14	252	77.8	350	196	91	61	21.9	20.3	Nickelsville town
393	275	75	1 965	89.9	2 973	1 614	743	475	20.3	19.9	District 4
252	180	47	1 150	87.7	1 727	954	479	314	20.0	22.2	Gate City town
380	207	65	2 064	97.8	3 245	1 650	652	369	20.5	16.0	District 5
25	14	5	167	89.8	241	127	44	23	24.0	13.9	Dungannon town
378	261	140	2 107	88.7	3 116	1 679	779	479	21.6	19.6	District 6
8	2	-	35	120.0	57	25	10	3	26.0	13.0	Clinchport town
4	3	1	34	82.4	49	26	8	3	21.0	12.9	Duffield town
3 302	2 119	662	18 000	94.9	27 264	14 140	6 083	3 507	22.3	17.3	Shenandoah County
649	435	126	3 180	93.4	4 954	2 575	1 210	689	19.5	19.7	District 1
146	50	12	373	106.7	672	332	208	95	12.8	27.0	Basye-Bryce Mountain CDP (part)
187	138	33	864	89.5	1 336	713	358	219	18.4	21.9	New Market town
467	249	69	2 648	101.2	4 073	2 064	785	434	23.6	14.7	District 2
14	5	-	112	92.0	148	78	19	11	31.2	8.8	Basye-Bryce Mountain CDP (part)
141	101	21	843	97.4	1 256	645	263	158	24.5	15.8	Mount Jackson town
535	278	80	2 868	95.7	4 369	2 243	893	475	22.2	15.9	District 3
84	58	32	422	92.7	666	354	174	101	18.1	21.4	Edinburg town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Woodstock town (part)
626	564	236	3 314	87.7	4 880	2 662	1 426	895	21.5	22.9	District 4
420	436	206	2 178	81.5	3 138	1 799	1 062	704	20.6	26.9	Woodstock town (part)
518	299	69	2 949	100.7	4 588	2 296	886	486	22.5	15.0	District 5
9	13	2	134	90.3	198	104	24	15	22.4	9.4	Toms Brook town
507	294	82	3 041	92.1	4 400	2 300	883	528	24.7	15.1	District 6
342	211	63	2 143	87.4	3 025	1 628	616	390	24.7	15.3	Strasburg town
2 953	1 848	603	17 073	93.8	25 934	13 611	5 404	3 311	21.6	16.3	Smyth County
470	331	127	2 518	86.5	3 777	2 046	928	587	19.6	19.8	Atkins district
91	61	14	598	90.3	892	478	166	104	21.6	14.6	Atkins CDP
215	181	92	836	71.3	1 225	727	488	330	14.5	34.1	Marion town (part)
411	342	161	2 743	89.6	4 067	2 205	914	603	21.8	17.6	Chilhowie district
192	209	125	1 021	78.9	1 512	859	526	369	17.2	28.8	Chilhowie town
429	269	73	2 249	96.1	3 490	1 813	771	449	20.9	17.5	North Fork district

Table 1. Age and Sex: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Smyth County—Con.												
Park district	4 597	37.7	276	764	243	276	597	599	614	257	207	
Marion town (part)	3 306	37.3	201	545	198	213	415	424	399	173	144	
Royal Oak district	4 261	39.4	231	657	149	206	584	720	627	256	242	
Adwolf CDP (part)	421	42.4	23	61	17	19	49	60	68	22	20	
Marion town (part)	1 611	39.8	74	206	60	79	243	304	218	91	106	
Rye Valley district	5 499	38.5	290	983	175	222	764	924	822	309	269	
Adwolf CDP (part)	1 036	40.8	47	162	44	41	119	195	190	70	53	
Sugar Grove CDP	741	35.4	46	132	23	27	138	91	95	45	27	
Saltville district	4 416	40.2	225	747	175	177	546	677	644	254	274	
Saltville town (part)	1 939	38.9	109	333	78	83	235	317	271	93	97	
Southampton County	17 482	38.6	899	3 074	680	864	2 128	2 971	2 470	984	921	
Berlin and Ivor district	2 573	39.1	145	519	79	91	278	429	356	161	134	
Ivor town	320	44.4	13	51	11	10	29	49	40	31	17	
Boykins district	2 129	41.0	112	392	80	56	195	357	309	119	117	
Boykins town	620	43.0	41	98	24	11	55	96	71	45	41	
Branchville town	123	44.1	3	27	4	3	9	20	17	5	7	
Capron district	2 137	41.9	102	361	62	81	210	368	332	144	127	
Capron town	167	40.6	8	32	5	5	17	34	15	14	10	
Newsoms town (part)	45	36.5	1	9	4	—	7	9	5	—	—	
Drewryville district	2 736	33.8	83	294	195	372	482	418	288	156	156	
Franklin district	2 173	40.6	112	393	77	63	223	401	361	135	118	
Jerusalem district	3 116	38.1	176	575	95	100	433	516	442	158	158	
Courtland town	1 270	38.5	68	226	47	49	165	178	171	68	55	
Newsoms district	2 618	37.4	169	540	92	101	307	482	382	111	111	
Newsoms town (part)	237	43.4	12	36	13	5	27	34	32	15	13	
Spotsylvania County	90 395	34.3	6 879	20 229	2 935	3 691	12 552	16 510	12 846	4 184	3 043	
Battlefield district	10 364	34.5	756	2 114	350	533	1 504	1 861	1 515	483	368	
Berkeley district	10 325	36.2	703	2 247	357	351	1 293	1 885	1 582	599	415	
Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP (part)	1 908	32.5	144	498	69	63	260	387	274	78	42	
Chancellor district	17 798	33.6	1 440	4 465	508	554	2 365	3 537	2 474	800	558	
Courtland district	10 910	38.2	666	2 063	410	507	1 333	1 555	1 637	545	363	
Lee Hill district	18 827	32.1	1 715	4 076	552	880	3 143	3 531	2 310	706	581	
Livingston district	10 529	36.5	656	2 299	368	411	1 263	1 895	1 572	605	505	
Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP (part)	1 925	30.1	151	519	86	84	265	368	227	72	52	
Salem district	11 642	32.1	943	2 965	390	455	1 651	2 246	1 756	446	253	
Stafford County	92 446	33.1	7 172	21 997	3 101	4 094	12 853	18 272	12 958	4 067	2 458	
Aquia district	11 534	34.8	822	2 609	398	456	1 525	2 253	1 794	580	338	
Aquia Harbour CDP (part)	2 885	37.3	172	643	104	129	294	518	518	194	102	
Falmouth district	12 883	34.0	910	2 643	420	683	2 000	2 244	1 801	700	467	
Falmouth CDP (part)	3 156	37.5	188	666	93	137	380	521	439	219	155	
George Washington district	12 398	36.6	834	2 753	364	415	1 495	2 128	1 817	635	453	
Falmouth CDP (part)	406	50.3	20	58	10	15	33	38	73	21	17	
Griffis-Widewater district	15 381	29.9	1 219	3 384	610	1 211	2 611	2 803	2 018	593	343	
Aquia Harbour CDP (part)	4 971	36.6	288	1 258	189	137	464	1 032	1 037	266	115	
Quantico Station CDP (part)	226	25.0	—	—	12	102	112	—	—	—	—	
Hartwood district	26 189	31.9	2 347	6 848	820	934	3 604	5 740	3 345	943	546	
Falmouth CDP (part)	62	30.3	5	11	5	4	15	15	3	—	—	
Rock Hill district	14 061	33.8	1 040	3 760	489	395	1 618	3 104	2 183	616	311	
Surry County	6 829	39.4	385	1 336	247	245	700	1 198	976	444	337	
Bacons Castle district	1 259	37.1	69	252	56	64	131	244	178	60	66	
Carsley district	1 362	38.5	94	279	48	47	147	234	177	86	66	
Claremont district	1 387	40.1	65	270	45	50	143	238	212	82	66	
Claremont town	343	44.3	8	60	9	11	32	56	67	27	14	
Dendron district	1 363	38.9	76	284	44	46	150	212	200	99	62	
Dendron town	297	38.3	24	50	8	18	40	28	45	13	13	
Surry district	1 458	41.8	81	251	54	38	129	270	209	117	77	
Surry town	262	39.1	19	38	14	8	31	56	34	14	8	
Sussex County	12 504	37.6	576	1 881	388	733	2 054	2 242	1 802	604	549	
Courthouse district	1 229	39.6	69	243	39	45	128	215	200	68	57	
Henry district	1 428	40.7	88	258	39	52	150	204	192	80	99	
Jarratt town (part)	171	36.8	17	30	4	10	21	26	21	6	14	
Newville district	3 083	34.2	23	94	101	408	979	764	425	90	55	
Stony Creek district	1 517	41.1	82	238	50	46	180	260	269	68	79	
Stony Creek town	202	44.8	7	27	3	5	31	29	33	12	12	
Wakefield district	1 959	39.8	116	371	58	65	222	316	279	117	96	
Wakefield town	1 038	40.5	62	196	35	29	118	152	142	61	52	
Waverly district	3 288	38.4	198	677	101	117	395	483	437	181	163	
Waverly town	2 309	39.6	123	463	72	67	275	340	307	121	112	
Tazewell County	44 598	40.7	2 359	7 206	1 761	1 964	5 283	6 854	7 222	2 710	2 317	
Eastern district	8 603	41.8	435	1 321	426	393	910	1 287	1 328	486	434	
Bluefield town	5 078	44.8	209	704	288	228	465	663	799	309	280	
Northern district	7 205	41.0	348	1 201	268	326	826	1 080	1 195	453	419	
Pocahontas town	441	41.3	35	74	16	22	44	49	72	16	34	
Northwestern district	7 279	40.5	383	1 185	296	319	844	1 179	1 157	401	348	
Raven CDP (part)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Richlands town	4 144	41.4	218	616	154	190	493	654	643	208	201	
Southern district	9 054	42.2	456	1 419	299	376	1 093	1 305	1 483	572	482	
Tazewell town	4 206	43.3	208	575	138	203	533	572	612	257	195	
Western district	12 457	39.1	737	2 080	472	550	1 610	2 003	2 059	798	634	
Cedar Bluff town	1 085	40.4	76	171	42	37	134	157	159	80	61	
Claypool Hill CDP	1 719	42.4	87	256	59	55	221	244	357	126	97	
Raven CDP (part)	2 174	37.8	135	374	93	106	293	314	308	143	108	
Warren County	31 584	37.1	2 100	5 983	1 151	1 235	4 079	5 593	4 453	1 727	1 370	
Fork district	5 912	38.3	387	1 036	203	274	754	959	879	347	264	
Front Royal town (part)	2 383	35.8	181	391	83	157	351	356	297	114	86	
Happy Creek district	7 643	36.3	600	1 528	206	266	1 021	1 481	986	388	305	
Front Royal town (part)	4 109	37.7	315	794	123	161	491	650	485	235	207	
North River district	5 549	37.6	348	1 054	191	203	735	911	785	306	275	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
414	270	80	2 495	84.2	3 557	1 968	764	495	22.6	16.6	Smyth County—Con.
303	221	70	1 836	80.1	2 560	1 446	594	397	22.6	18.0	Park district
356	182	51	2 040	108.9	3 373	1 606	589	355	20.8	13.8	Marion town (part)
51	26	5	213	97.7	337	167	82	48	20.0	19.5	Royal Oak district
130	73	27	703	129.2	1 331	574	230	146	17.4	14.3	Adwolf CDP (part)
456	230	55	2 734	101.1	4 226	2 144	741	409	23.1	13.5	Marion town (part)
74	37	4	517	100.4	827	419	115	60	20.2	11.1	Rye Valley district
56	49	12	380	95.0	563	291	117	69	24.0	15.8	Adwolf CDP (part)
417	224	56	2 294	92.5	3 444	1 829	697	413	22.0	15.8	Sugar Grove CDP
185	111	27	1 016	90.8	1 497	802	323	202	22.8	16.7	Saltville district
											Saltville town (part)
1 298	946	247	8 256	111.7	13 509	6 356	2 491	1 432	22.7	14.2	Southampton County
191	150	40	1 304	97.3	1 909	988	381	228	25.8	14.8	Berlin and Ivor district
35	29	5	167	91.6	256	139	69	42	20.0	21.6	Ivor town
207	146	39	1 101	93.4	1 625	870	392	230	23.7	18.4	Boykins district
70	54	14	328	89.0	481	270	138	85	22.4	22.3	Boykins town
15	11	2	70	75.7	93	57	28	20	24.4	22.8	Branchville town
183	136	31	1 093	95.5	1 674	868	350	200	21.7	16.4	Capron district
11	12	4	82	103.7	127	65	27	16	24.0	16.2	Capron town
5	5	-	23	95.7	35	18	10	7	22.2	22.2	Newsoms town (part)
166	110	16	739	270.2	2 359	551	292	136	13.8	10.7	Drewryville district
163	107	20	1 081	101.0	1 668	835	290	155	23.2	13.3	Franklin district
205	186	72	1 569	98.6	2 365	1 222	463	295	24.1	14.9	Jerusalem district
83	106	54	655	93.9	976	520	243	167	23.1	19.1	Courtland town
183	111	29	1 369	91.2	1 909	1 022	323	188	27.1	12.3	Newsoms district
19	23	8	139	70.5	189	107	50	33	20.3	21.1	Newsoms town (part)
4 342	2 443	741	45 863	97.1	63 287	32 797	7 526	4 385	30.0	8.3	Spotsylvania County
540	280	60	5 330	94.4	7 494	3 949	880	509	27.7	8.5	Battlefield district
555	256	82	5 195	98.7	7 375	3 780	893	498	28.6	8.6	Berkeley district
64	23	6	978	95.1	1 266	655	93	50	33.6	4.9	Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP (part)
735	306	56	8 897	100.0	11 893	6 045	1 097	611	33.2	6.2	Chancellor district
695	770	366	5 771	89.0	8 181	4 465	1 831	1 198	25.0	16.8	Courtland district
840	400	93	9 640	95.3	13 036	6 796	1 333	753	30.8	7.1	Lee Hill district
615	283	57	5 218	101.8	7 574	3 807	955	513	28.1	9.1	Livingston district
66	31	4	948	103.1	1 255	653	101	55	34.8	5.2	Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP (part)
362	148	27	5 812	100.3	7 734	3 955	537	303	33.6	4.6	Salem district
3 256	1 670	548	45 960	101.1	63 277	31 719	5 474	3 103	31.6	5.9	Stafford County
426	249	84	5 757	100.3	8 103	4 050	759	419	29.7	6.6	Aquia district
123	75	13	1 436	100.9	2 070	1 038	211	110	28.2	7.3	Aquia Harbour CDP (part)
584	355	76	6 535	97.1	9 330	4 785	1 015	577	27.6	7.9	Falmouth district
186	141	31	1 616	95.3	2 302	1 198	358	210	27.1	11.3	Falmouth CDP (part)
798	484	222	6 318	96.2	8 811	4 575	1 504	899	28.9	12.1	George Washington district
38	46	37	236	72.0	328	192	121	82	19.2	29.8	Falmouth CDP (part)
375	164	50	7 252	112.1	10 778	5 013	589	323	29.9	3.8	Griffis-Widewater district
127	48	10	2 469	101.3	3 425	1 704	185	92	31.1	3.7	Aquia Harbour CDP (part)
-	-	-	4	5 550.0	226	4	-	-	-	-	Quantico Station CDP (part)
707	285	70	13 136	99.4	16 994	8 643	1 062	582	35.1	4.1	Hartwood district
3	1	-	33	87.9	46	24	4	3	25.8	6.5	Falmouth CDP (part)
366	133	46	6 962	102.0	9 261	4 653	545	303	34.1	3.9	Rock Hill district
529	341	91	3 525	93.7	5 108	2 660	961	531	25.2	14.1	Surry County
78	49	12	649	94.0	938	488	139	76	25.5	11.0	Bacons Castle district
103	60	21	688	98.0	989	505	184	94	27.4	13.5	Carsley district
134	62	20	727	90.8	1 052	560	216	119	24.2	15.6	Claremont district
36	17	6	178	92.7	275	143	59	33	19.8	17.2	Claremont town
96	72	22	725	88.0	1 003	541	190	114	26.4	13.9	Dendron district
23	25	10	166	78.9	223	125	58	37	24.9	19.5	Dendron town
118	98	16	736	98.1	1 126	566	232	128	22.8	15.9	Surry district
13	24	3	132	98.5	205	104	40	26	21.8	15.3	Surry town
889	575	211	5 319	135.1	10 047	4 147	1 675	1 006	19.6	13.4	Sussex County
94	54	17	617	99.2	917	472	165	95	25.4	13.4	Courthouse district
143	98	25	744	91.9	1 082	584	266	156	24.2	18.6	Henry district
8	10	4	93	83.9	124	73	22	14	27.5	12.9	Jarratt town (part)
89	44	11	352	775.9	2 966	299	144	79	3.8	4.7	Newville district
130	83	32	820	85.0	1 197	662	245	152	21.1	16.2	Stony Creek district
20	14	9	103	96.1	168	89	43	25	16.8	21.3	Stony Creek town
162	125	32	1 046	87.3	1 472	806	319	199	24.9	16.3	Wakefield district
82	88	21	556	86.7	780	435	191	122	24.9	18.4	Wakefield town
271	171	94	1 740	89.0	2 413	1 324	536	325	26.6	16.3	Waverly district
211	130	88	1 227	88.2	1 723	955	429	267	25.4	18.6	Waverly town
3 819	2 364	739	23 229	92.0	35 033	18 565	6 922	4 193	21.4	15.5	Tazewell County
833	548	202	4 567	88.4	6 847	3 719	1 583	959	20.4	18.4	Eastern district
569	398	166	2 728	86.1	4 165	2 295	1 133	704	18.0	22.3	Bluefield town
567	424	98	3 660	96.9	5 656	2 897	1 089	631	21.5	15.1	Northern district
45	28	6	233	89.3	332	182	79	47	24.7	17.9	Pocahontas town
700	386	81	3 915	85.9	5 711	3 122	1 167	730	21.5	16.0	Northwestern district
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Raven CDP (part)
439	261	67	2 278	81.9	3 310	1 849	767	492	20.1	18.5	Richlands town
790	550	229	4 676	93.6	7 179	3 770	1 569	972	20.7	17.3	Southern district
411	325	177	2 190	92.1	3 423	1 828	913	600	18.6	21.7	Tazewell town
929	456	129	6 411	94.3	9 640	5 057	1 514	901	22.6	12.2	Western district
81	61	26	573	89.4	838	459	168	111	22.8	15.5	Cedar Bluff town
150	59	8	906	89.7	1 376	727	217	116	20.0	12.6	Claypool Hill CDP
186	93	21	1 114	95.2	1 665	877	300	180	23.4	13.8	Raven CDP (part)
2 134	1 360	399	16 054	96.7	23 501	12 055	3 893	2 302	25.6	12.3	Warren County
433	281	95	2 998	97.2	4 489	2 316	809	491	24.1	13.7	Fork district
157	150	60	1 230	93.7	1 811	957	367	251	24.0	15.4	Front Royal town (part)
485	318	59	3 897	96.1	5 515	2 847	862	511	27.8	11.3	Happy Creek district
340	259	49	2 190	87.6	3 000	1 639	648	395	27.0	15.8	Front Royal town (part)
400	258	83	2 861	94.0	4 147	2 152	741	435	25.3	13.4	North River district

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

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State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Warren County—Con.												
North River district—Con.												
Front Royal town (part)	3 138	36.1	205	602	112	129	462	482	412	159	158	
Shenandoah district	6 608	36.2	399	1 219	376	297	855	1 206	930	388	254	
Front Royal town (part)	2 062	37.5	122	369	95	95	265	302	269	140	88	
South River district	5 872	37.9	366	1 146	175	195	714	1 036	873	298	272	
Front Royal town (part)	1 897	35.2	146	362	69	87	276	271	277	96	75	
Washington County	51 103	40.3	2 592	8 013	2 097	2 369	6 339	8 124	7 758	3 215	2 762	
Harrison district	7 276	43.0	373	938	243	338	925	1 036	1 080	478	368	
Abingdon town (part)	4 559	44.1	217	552	145	207	595	621	661	280	239	
Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)	22	35.0	-	7	-	-	4	4	2	1	2	
Jefferson district	6 902	40.6	344	1 121	235	294	860	1 142	1 060	474	376	
Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)	86	35.0	8	18	3	5	9	16	9	4	4	
Saltville town (part)	265	41.8	9	39	4	13	37	41	38	7	21	
Madison district	8 978	40.8	428	1 414	332	430	1 070	1 484	1 448	514	505	
Abingdon town (part)	3 221	40.4	164	494	125	159	409	507	461	169	175	
Monroe district	6 980	37.5	340	1 025	607	491	781	1 016	970	420	345	
Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)	2 158	26.7	91	223	465	269	167	246	257	112	73	
Glade Spring town	1 374	41.0	68	246	39	59	145	217	187	83	80	
Taylor district	7 549	39.9	400	1 250	252	273	1 027	1 182	1 131	468	391	
Damascus town	981	45.3	41	135	28	33	108	141	136	84	58	
Tyler district	6 586	39.9	329	1 126	211	266	811	1 125	987	428	403	
Wilson district	6 832	39.9	378	1 139	217	277	865	1 139	1 082	433	374	
Westmoreland County	16 718	42.8	866	2 980	492	563	1 633	2 369	2 407	1 167	1 068	
Cople district	5 199	44.7	248	884	163	151	466	711	773	423	387	
Montross district	3 188	42.4	157	570	91	124	326	439	468	220	195	
Montross town	315	48.5	12	50	2	9	25	48	44	26	21	
Washington district	8 331	41.9	461	1 526	238	288	841	1 219	1 166	524	486	
Colonial Beach town	3 228	43.8	181	530	93	110	315	433	442	212	186	
Wise County	40 123	37.8	2 313	6 921	2 026	2 078	5 236	6 012	5 986	2 131	1 832	
District 1	9 661	38.5	575	1 667	415	451	1 274	1 502	1 417	515	457	
Appalachia town	1 839	37.0	129	336	82	96	243	235	249	91	85	
Pound town (part)	930	38.8	74	150	47	38	107	176	120	30	40	
Wise town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District 2	9 888	37.9	528	1 646	422	535	1 383	1 523	1 463	558	454	
Coeburn town (part)	1 240	39.6	66	207	46	59	170	182	178	60	60	
Pound town (part)	159	41.2	8	29	4	7	18	23	28	12	4	
Wise town (part)	3 239	38.0	152	487	155	211	475	517	419	184	152	
District 3	10 109	38.9	605	1 784	385	487	1 280	1 416	1 582	575	483	
Big Stone Gap town	4 856	39.8	322	803	196	239	576	632	745	255	221	
District 4	10 465	35.7	605	1 824	804	605	1 299	1 571	1 524	483	438	
Coeburn town (part)	756	37.4	41	135	34	49	99	119	119	34	27	
St. Paul town (part)	784	41.0	57	112	35	48	89	96	117	27	36	
Wise town (part)	16	41.0	1	1	-	1	4	3	6	-	-	
Wythe County	27 599	39.4	1 507	4 523	907	1 194	3 821	4 145	4 076	1 667	1 396	
Black Lick district	5 105	36.8	305	923	158	273	724	818	707	300	257	
Rural Retreat town	1 350	38.4	83	224	43	88	178	196	168	77	73	
Wytheville town (part)	18	37.5	3	1	-	1	4	2	3	-	2	
East Wytheville district	4 361	45.5	193	557	138	144	544	572	620	252	255	
Wytheville town (part)	3 827	46.7	163	464	120	126	475	476	530	231	220	
Fort Chiswell district	4 980	36.9	301	863	209	219	760	774	762	298	194	
Fort Chiswell CDP	911	35.9	60	160	48	40	139	159	135	37	43	
Max Meadows CDP	512	41.4	27	75	27	27	66	67	93	33	16	
Wytheville town (part)	112	47.0	9	13	2	5	14	10	15	10	4	
Lead Mines district	4 556	39.6	225	728	144	185	686	655	708	302	247	
Speedwell district	4 677	38.2	249	830	136	203	669	754	715	270	229	
Wytheville town (part)	228	34.6	16	46	4	10	42	24	39	6	12	
West Wytheville district	3 920	41.6	234	622	122	170	438	572	564	245	214	
Wytheville town (part)	3 619	41.5	229	562	115	159	415	516	505	223	200	
York County	56 297	36.9	3 570	12 833	1 789	1 954	6 430	10 827	8 488	3 066	2 204	
District 1	9 547	40.5	422	1 751	410	432	911	1 512	1 474	650	531	
Yorktown CDP	203	48.4	2	17	1	12	23	35	30	18	18	
District 2	14 637	31.5	1 275	3 941	464	492	1 956	3 016	1 845	512	320	
District 3	10 363	41.1	529	1 929	265	269	1 080	1 846	1 730	759	559	
District 4	9 596	39.4	497	1 975	290	316	965	1 745	1 626	719	480	
District 5	12 154	33.3	847	3 237	360	445	1 518	2 708	1 813	426	314	
Alexandria city	128 283	34.4	7 962	13 575	3 020	8 738	32 571	23 186	17 641	6 117	3 868	
Bedford city	6 299	40.9	354	1 009	207	249	777	975	753	259	294	
Bristol city	17 367	41.3	929	2 601	660	829	2 167	2 384	2 330	976	924	
Buena Vista city	6 349	37.9	392	1 034	355	319	825	827	872	354	337	
Charlottesville city	45 049	25.6	1 981	4 854	8 293	6 915	6 566	5 039	4 210	1 433	1 210	
Chesapeake city	199 184	34.7	14 272	43 011	7 448	8 917	26 807	37 602	27 506	8 955	6 822	
Clifton Forge city	4 289	42.9	227	678	124	162	474	615	525	235	234	
Colonial Heights city	16 897	39.9	895	2 920	635	774	2 029	2 498	2 252	901	849	
Covington city	6 303	40.5	395	957	220	294	818	837	818	389	301	
Danville city	48 411	40.5	2 910	8 362	1 772	2 102	5 563	6 772	6 687	2 504	2 237	
Emporia city	5 665	38.8	351	1 074	213	244	646	803	643	278	245	
Fairfax city	21 498	37.0	1 289	3 127	741	1 227	3 586	3 655	3 049	1 181	890	
Falls Church city	10 377	39.7	571	1 859	187	345	1 383	1 849	1 971	581	369	
Franklin city	8 346	39.9	424	1 675	282	358	869	1 207	1 147	455	393	
Fredericksburg city	19 279	30.3	1 127	2 301	2 481	2 114	2 856	2 385	2 138	791	616	
Galax city	6 837	39.8	439	1 133	235	307	875	928	900	404	306	
Hampton city	146 437	34.0	9 242	26 255	8 273	10 109	21 662	25 880	18 133	6 388	5 352	
Harrisonburg city	40 468	22.6	1 905	4 332	8 948	7 604	4 584	3 992	3 251	1 175	910	
Hopewell city	22 354	35.0	1 667	4 298	857	1 185	3 162	3 235	2 659	1 134	891	
Lexington city	6 867	23.3	205	550	1 781	1 062	528	470	620	268	257	
Lynchburg city	65 269	35.1	3 817	10 640	5 285	4 809	7 972	8 530	8 094	2 923	2 554	
Manassas city	35 135	31.3	3 020	7 367	1 475	1 982	6 116	6 464	4 589	1 348	872	
Manassas Park city	10 290	30.3	1 024	2 167	348	552	2 130	1 994	1 049	324	260	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

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Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
202	150	65	1 636	91.8	2 331	1 231	417	257	25.7	13.3	Warren County—Con. North River district—Con. Front Royal town (part)
403	222	59	3 322	98.9	4 990	2 497	684	398	24.5	10.4	Shenandoah district Front Royal town (part)
161	115	41	1 088	89.5	1 571	846	317	208	23.8	15.4	South River district Front Royal town (part)
413	281	103	2 976	97.3	4 360	2 243	797	467	25.7	13.6	Front Royal town (part)
120	91	27	1 010	87.8	1 389	759	238	163	26.8	12.5	
4 457	2 555	822	26 314	94.2	40 498	21 124	7 834	4 590	20.8	15.3	Washington County Harrison district
745	520	232	3 972	83.2	5 965	3 299	1 497	972	18.0	20.6	Abingdon town (part) Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)
486	369	187	2 574	77.1	3 790	2 181	1 042	709	16.9	22.9	Jefferson district Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)
1	1	-	11	100.0	15	8	2	1	31.8	9.1	Saltville town (part)
546	342	108	3 487	97.9	5 437	2 782	996	561	21.2	14.4	Madison district Abingdon town (part)
5	5	-	48	79.2	60	32	10	5	30.2	11.6	Monroe district
30	22	4	148	79.1	217	124	56	39	18.1	21.1	Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)
770	436	147	4 641	93.4	7 136	3 726	1 353	829	20.5	15.1	Glade Spring town Taylor district
283	193	82	1 725	86.7	2 563	1 396	558	368	20.4	17.3	Damascus town
573	305	107	3 581	94.9	5 615	2 919	985	568	19.6	14.1	Tyler district
126	89	40	1 097	96.7	1 844	959	255	149	14.6	11.8	Wilson district
147	79	24	740	85.7	1 060	573	250	150	22.9	18.2	
679	403	93	3 851	96.0	5 899	3 056	1 175	670	21.9	15.6	
100	94	23	527	86.1	805	439	217	137	17.9	22.1	
552	274	74	3 296	99.8	5 131	2 616	900	490	22.1	13.7	
592	275	61	3 486	96.0	5 315	2 726	928	500	22.2	13.6	
1 779	1 082	312	8 695	92.3	12 872	6 814	3 173	1 775	23.0	19.0	Westmoreland County Cople district
587	333	73	2 706	92.1	4 067	2 147	993	533	21.8	19.1	Montross district
330	200	68	1 702	87.3	2 461	1 329	598	349	22.8	18.8	Washington district Colonial Beach town
40	28	10	183	72.1	253	145	78	51	19.7	24.8	
862	549	171	4 287	94.3	6 344	3 338	1 582	893	23.9	19.0	
379	255	92	1 767	82.7	2 517	1 417	726	443	22.0	22.5	
3 034	1 949	605	20 580	95.0	30 889	16 118	5 588	3 324	23.0	13.9	Wise County District 1
761	498	129	4 971	94.3	7 419	3 885	1 388	822	23.2	14.4	Appalachia town
135	128	30	985	86.7	1 374	753	293	185	25.3	15.9	Pound town (part) Wise town (part)
75	56	17	499	86.4	706	391	148	95	24.1	15.9	District 2
-	-	-	(X)	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	District 2
787	463	126	5 010	97.4	7 714	3 958	1 376	823	22.0	13.9	District 2
113	75	24	650	90.8	967	512	212	131	22.0	17.1	Coeburn town (part)
17	9	-	81	96.3	122	67	26	15	23.3	16.4	Pound town (part)
257	174	56	1 607	101.6	2 600	1 302	487	299	19.7	15.0	Wise town (part)
753	537	222	5 288	91.2	7 720	4 138	1 512	923	23.6	15.0	District 3
397	317	153	2 598	86.9	3 731	2 067	867	559	23.2	17.9	Big Stone Gap town
733	451	128	5 311	97.0	8 036	4 137	1 312	756	23.2	12.5	District 4
56	37	6	382	97.9	580	300	99	58	23.3	13.1	Coeburn town (part)
99	46	22	431	81.9	615	344	167	96	21.6	21.3	St. Paul town (part)
-	-	-	9	77.8	14	7	-	-	12.5	-	Wise town (part)
2 389	1 435	539	14 422	91.4	21 569	11 453	4 363	2 676	21.8	15.8	Wythe County Black Lick district
376	203	61	2 634	93.8	3 877	2 024	640	382	24.1	12.5	Rural Retreat town
123	77	20	715	88.8	1 043	563	220	134	22.7	16.3	Wytheville town (part)
1	-	1	11	63.6	14	8	2	2	22.2	11.1	East Wytheville district Wytheville town (part)
454	391	241	2 488	75.3	3 611	2 095	1 086	758	17.2	24.9	Fort Chiswell district Fort Chiswell CDP
414	369	239	2 227	71.8	3 200	1 898	1 022	727	16.4	26.7	Max Meadows CDP Wytheville town (part)
379	165	56	2 535	96.4	3 816	1 970	600	336	23.4	12.0	Lead Mines district Speedwell district
58	22	10	459	98.5	691	356	90	49	24.1	9.9	Wytheville town (part)
58	15	8	271	88.9	410	214	81	47	19.9	15.8	West Wytheville district Wytheville town (part)
18	7	5	59	89.8	90	51	30	17	19.6	26.8	
395	214	67	2 302	97.9	3 603	1 851	676	394	20.9	14.8	
380	195	47	2 344	99.5	3 598	1 838	622	355	23.1	13.3	
17	10	2	111	105.4	166	83	29	16	27.2	12.7	
405	267	67	2 119	85.0	3 064	1 675	739	451	21.8	18.9	
378	252	65	1 973	83.4	2 828	1 554	695	424	21.9	19.2	
3 157	1 588	391	28 647	96.5	39 894	20 612	5 136	2 894	29.1	9.1	York County District 1
906	449	99	4 743	101.3	7 374	3 667	1 454	775	22.8	15.2	Yorktown CDP
28	14	5	105	93.3	184	99	47	26	9.4	23.2	District 2
522	231	63	7 571	93.3	9 421	5 006	816	457	35.6	5.6	District 3
808	471	118	5 375	92.8	7 905	4 168	1 397	828	23.7	13.5	District 4
617	291	75	4 833	98.6	7 124	3 648	983	544	25.8	10.2	District 4
304	146	36	6 125	98.4	8 070	4 123	486	290	33.6	4.0	District 5
5 695	4 204	1 706	66 309	93.5	106 746	55 683	11 605	7 264	16.8	9.0	Alexandria city
612	566	244	3 304	90.6	4 936	2 662	1 422	859	21.6	22.6	Bedford city
1 775	1 333	459	9 542	82.0	13 837	7 866	3 567	2 347	20.3	20.5	Bristol city
542	352	140	3 405	86.5	4 923	2 701	1 034	630	22.5	16.3	Buena Vista city
2 307	1 643	598	24 028	87.5	38 214	20 702	4 548	2 851	15.2	10.1	Charlottesville city
10 227	6 086	1 531	102 456	94.4	141 901	74 275	17 844	10 643	28.8	9.0	Chesapeake city
453	387	175	2 397	78.9	3 384	1 945	1 015	677	21.1	23.7	Clifton Forge city
1 624	1 176	344	8 996	87.8	13 082	7 178	3 144	1 977	22.6	18.6	Colonial Heights city
623	462	189	3 290	91.6	4 951	2 661	1 274	798	21.5	20.2	Covington city
4 702	3 584	1 216	26 387	83.5	37 139	20 936	9 502	6 119	23.3	19.6	Danville city
503	455	210	3 089	83.4	4 240	2 381	1 168	754	25.2	20.6	Emporia city
1 455	950	348	11 014	95.2	17 082	8 808	2 753	1 670	20.5	12.8	Fairfax city
530	527	205	5 328	94.8	7 947	4 184	1 262	791	23.4	12.2	Falls Church city
718	553	265	4 657	79.2	6 247	3 603	1 536	1 002	25.1	18.4	Franklin city
1 222	926	322	10 602	81.8	15 851	8 887	2 470	1 641	17.8	12.8	Fredericksburg city
670	459	181	3 587	90.6	5 265	2 860	1 310	827	23.0	19.2	Galax city
8 503	5 305	1 335	73 858	98.3	110 940	56 430	15 143	8 918	24.2	10.3	Hampton city
1 740	1 456	571	21 297	90.0	34 231	18 258	3 767	2 421	15.4	9.3	Harrisonburg city
1 747	1 136	383	11 907	87.7	16 389	8 995	3 266	2 019	26.7	14.6	Hopewell city
529	419	178	3 076	123.2	6 112	2 690	1 126	717	11.0	16.4	Lexington city
4 888	3 989	1 768	35 428	84.2	50 812	28 369	10 645	6 849	22.1	16.3	Lynchburg city
1 086	599	217	17 267	103.5	24 748	12 252	1 902	1 168	29.6	5.4	Manassas city
311	108	23	5 048	103.8	7 099	3 497	442	258	31.0	4.3	Manassas Park city

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
			Martinsville city	15 416	40.8	867	2 611	471	609	1 778	2 332
Newport News city	180 150	32.0	14 228	35 297	8 718	11 912	28 448	29 485	20 773	7 375	5 761
Norfolk city	234 403	29.6	16 546	39 806	18 254	24 429	36 620	33 569	25 010	8 143	6 494
Norton city	3 904	39.0	201	649	164	236	509	557	580	212	200
Petersburg city	33 740	36.9	2 165	6 319	1 293	1 720	4 393	4 883	4 460	1 759	1 501
Poquoson city	11 566	39.5	587	2 515	396	342	1 041	2 052	1 953	778	588
Portsmouth city	100 565	34.5	7 171	18 683	4 991	6 136	14 105	15 180	12 369	4 315	3 761
Radford city	15 859	22.8	561	1 488	3 835	3 140	1 710	1 392	1 304	531	433
Richmond city	197 790	33.9	12 376	30 802	11 557	14 375	32 871	29 841	24 985	8 208	6 646
Roanoke city	94 911	37.6	6 200	15 257	3 062	4 682	14 400	14 548	13 098	4 555	3 549
Salem city	24 747	39.2	1 212	3 950	1 543	1 347	2 909	3 708	3 456	1 328	1 146
Staunton city	23 853	39.8	1 241	3 488	1 165	1 276	3 104	3 531	3 345	1 282	1 121
Suffolk city	63 677	36.0	4 618	13 115	2 075	2 427	8 514	11 313	8 505	3 283	2 559
Virginia Beach city	425 257	32.7	30 616	86 272	17 162	25 390	69 842	75 897	53 798	17 465	12 882
Waynesboro city	19 520	38.9	1 282	3 382	649	887	2 510	2 840	2 515	1 081	933
Williamsburg city	11 998	22.6	326	822	3 268	2 256	1 158	967	957	429	411
Winchester city	23 585	35.2	1 432	3 680	1 422	1 675	3 514	3 510	3 009	1 037	875

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
1 492	1 197	490	8 450	82.4	11 938	6 692	3 179	2 050	22.6	20.6	Martinsville city
9 758	6 515	1 880	92 972	93.8	130 625	68 642	18 153	11 168	27.5	10.1	Newport News city
12 979	9 693	2 860	114 573	104.6	178 051	86 918	25 532	15 694	24.0	10.9	Norfolk city
316	204	76	2 147	81.8	3 054	1 711	596	389	21.8	15.3	Norton city
2 692	1 897	658	18 314	84.2	25 256	14 132	5 247	3 290	25.1	15.6	Petersburg city
766	392	156	5 777	100.2	8 464	4 354	1 314	769	26.8	11.4	Poquoson city
6 879	5 422	1 553	51 982	93.5	74 711	39 196	13 854	8 527	25.7	13.8	Portsmouth city
770	538	157	8 644	83.5	13 810	7 605	1 465	902	12.9	9.2	Radford city
12 843	9 764	3 522	105 722	87.1	154 612	84 263	26 129	16 788	21.8	13.2	Richmond city
7 366	5 996	2 198	50 410	88.3	73 454	39 852	15 560	9 809	22.6	16.4	Roanoke city
2 182	1 478	488	13 070	89.3	19 585	10 557	4 148	2 500	20.9	16.8	Salem city
2 113	1 601	586	12 616	89.1	19 124	10 228	4 300	2 688	19.8	18.0	Staunton city
3 988	2 496	784	33 267	91.4	45 944	24 514	7 268	4 378	27.8	11.4	Suffolk city
20 735	11 649	3 549	214 733	98.0	308 369	157 482	35 933	21 295	27.5	8.4	Virginia Beach city
1 737	1 297	407	10 380	88.1	14 856	8 128	3 441	2 123	23.9	17.6	Waynesboro city
713	520	171	6 616	81.3	10 850	6 000	1 404	866	9.6	11.7	Williamsburg city
1 825	1 235	371	12 151	94.1	18 473	9 623	3 431	2 112	21.7	14.5	Winchester city

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
COUNTY—Con.											
3 256	1 670	548	45 960	101.1	63 277	31 719	5 474	3 103	31.6	5.9	Stafford County
529	341	91	3 525	93.7	5 108	2 660	961	531	25.2	14.1	Surry County
889	575	211	5 319	135.1	10 047	4 147	1 675	1 006	19.6	13.4	Sussex County
3 819	2 364	739	23 229	92.0	35 033	18 565	6 922	4 193	21.4	15.5	Tazewell County
2 134	1 360	399	16 054	96.7	23 501	12 055	3 893	2 302	25.6	12.3	Warren County
4 457	2 555	822	26 314	94.2	40 498	21 124	7 834	4 590	20.8	15.3	Washington County
1 779	1 082	312	8 695	92.3	12 872	6 814	3 173	1 775	23.0	19.0	Westmoreland County
3 034	1 949	605	20 580	95.0	30 889	16 118	5 588	3 324	23.0	13.9	Wise County
2 389	1 435	539	14 422	91.4	21 569	11 453	4 363	2 676	21.8	15.8	Wythe County
3 157	1 588	391	28 647	96.5	39 894	20 612	5 136	2 894	29.1	9.1	York County
5 695	4 204	1 706	66 309	93.5	106 746	55 683	11 605	7 264	16.8	9.0	Alexandria city
612	566	244	3 304	90.6	4 936	2 662	1 422	859	21.6	22.6	Bedford city
1 775	1 333	459	9 542	82.0	13 837	7 866	3 567	2 347	20.3	20.5	Bristol city
542	352	140	3 405	86.5	4 923	2 701	1 034	630	22.5	16.3	Buena Vista city
2 307	1 643	598	24 028	87.5	38 214	20 702	4 548	2 851	15.2	10.1	Charlottesville city
10 227	6 086	1 531	102 456	94.4	141 901	74 275	17 844	10 643	28.8	9.0	Chesapeake city
453	387	175	2 397	78.9	3 384	1 945	1 015	677	21.1	23.7	Clifton Forge city
1 624	1 176	344	8 996	87.8	13 082	7 178	3 144	1 977	22.6	18.6	Colonial Heights city
623	462	189	3 290	91.6	4 951	2 661	1 274	798	21.5	20.2	Covington city
4 702	3 584	1 216	26 387	83.5	37 139	20 936	9 502	6 119	23.3	19.6	Danville city
503	455	210	3 089	83.4	4 240	2 381	1 168	754	25.2	20.6	Emporia city
1 455	950	348	11 014	95.2	17 028	8 808	2 753	1 670	20.5	12.8	Fairfax city
530	527	205	5 328	94.8	7 947	4 184	1 262	791	23.4	12.2	Falls Church city
718	553	265	4 657	79.2	6 247	3 603	1 536	1 002	25.1	18.4	Franklin city
1 222	926	322	10 602	81.8	15 851	8 887	2 470	1 641	17.8	12.8	Fredericksburg city
670	459	181	3 587	90.6	5 265	2 860	1 310	827	23.0	19.2	Galax city
8 503	5 305	1 335	73 858	98.3	110 940	56 430	15 143	8 918	24.2	10.3	Hampton city
1 740	1 456	571	21 297	90.0	34 231	18 258	3 767	2 421	15.4	9.3	Harrisonburg city
1 747	1 136	383	11 907	87.7	16 389	8 995	3 266	2 019	26.7	14.6	Hopewell city
529	419	178	3 076	123.2	6 112	2 690	1 126	717	11.0	16.4	Lexington city
4 888	3 989	1 768	35 428	84.2	50 812	28 369	10 645	6 849	22.1	16.3	Lynchburg city
1 086	599	217	17 267	103.5	24 748	12 252	1 902	1 168	29.6	5.4	Manassas city
311	108	23	5 048	103.8	7 099	3 497	442	258	31.0	4.3	Manassas Park city
1 492	1 197	490	8 450	82.4	11 938	6 692	3 179	2 050	22.6	20.6	Martinsville city
9 758	6 515	1 880	92 972	93.8	130 625	68 642	18 153	11 168	27.5	10.1	Newport News city
12 979	9 693	2 860	114 573	104.6	178 051	86 918	25 532	15 694	24.0	10.9	Norfolk city
316	204	76	2 147	81.8	3 054	1 711	596	389	21.8	15.3	Norton city
2 692	1 897	658	18 314	84.2	25 256	14 132	5 247	3 290	25.1	15.6	Petersburg city
766	392	156	5 777	100.2	8 464	4 354	1 314	769	26.8	11.4	Poquoson city
6 879	5 422	1 553	51 982	93.5	74 711	39 196	13 854	8 527	25.7	13.8	Portsmouth city
770	538	157	8 644	83.5	13 810	7 605	1 465	902	12.9	9.2	Radford city
12 843	9 764	3 522	105 722	87.1	154 612	84 263	26 129	16 788	21.8	13.2	Richmond city
7 366	5 996	2 198	50 410	88.3	73 454	39 852	15 560	9 809	22.6	16.4	Roanoke city
2 182	1 478	488	13 070	89.3	19 585	10 557	4 148	2 500	20.9	16.8	Salem city
2 113	1 601	586	12 616	89.1	19 124	10 228	4 300	2 688	19.8	18.0	Staunton city
3 988	2 496	784	33 267	91.4	45 944	24 514	7 268	4 378	27.8	11.4	Suffolk city
20 735	11 649	3 549	214 733	98.0	308 369	157 482	35 933	21 295	27.5	8.4	Virginia Beach city
1 737	1 297	407	10 380	88.1	14 856	8 128	3 441	2 123	23.9	17.6	Waynesboro city
713	520	171	6 616	81.3	10 850	6 000	1 404	866	9.6	11.7	Williamsburg city
1 825	1 235	371	12 151	94.1	18 473	9 623	3 431	2 112	21.7	14.5	Winchester city
PLACE											
769	562	269	4 299	81.0	6 353	3 577	1 600	1 077	18.3	20.6	Abingdon town, Washington County
48	47	11	236	131.8	466	197	106	63	14.8	19.4	Accomac town, Accomack County
125	63	9	730	99.6	1 164	586	197	108	20.1	13.5	Adwolf CDP, Smyth County
33	13	5	164	86.6	224	128	51	33	26.8	16.7	Alberta town, Brunswick County
5 695	4 204	1 706	66 309	93.5	106 746	55 683	11 605	7 264	16.8	9.0	Alexandria city
358	273	116	1 928	77.6	2 656	1 546	747	488	22.5	21.8	Altavista town, Campbell County
216	190	142	1 219	84.7	1 764	995	548	363	21.6	24.3	Amherst town, Amherst County
3 737	2 206	527	28 178	95.2	42 555	22 014	6 470	3 708	22.6	11.8	Annandale CDP, Fairfax County
135	128	30	985	86.7	1 374	753	293	185	25.3	15.9	Appalachia town, Wise County
150	127	61	966	82.3	1 340	765	338	222	23.9	19.2	Appomattox town, Appomattox County
250	123	23	3 905	101.2	5 495	2 742	396	202	30.1	5.0	Aquia Harbour CDP, Stafford County
8 330	6 914	2 518	94 010	101.5	158 214	78 826	17 762	10 782	16.5	9.4	Arlington CDP, Arlington County
413	366	144	3 524	87.8	5 299	2 886	923	612	19.9	13.9	Ashland town, Hanover County
91	61	14	598	90.3	892	478	166	104	21.6	14.6	Atkins CDP, Smyth County
1 002	977	416	11 228	106.3	17 836	8 646	2 395	1 474	23.0	10.3	Bailey's Crossroads CDP, Fairfax County
156	120	69	697	92.0	1 094	580	345	220	18.2	25.8	Bassett CDP, Henry County
160	55	12	485	103.3	820	410	227	106	16.8	23.0	Basye-Bryce Mountain CDP, Shenandoah County
612	566	244	3 304	90.6	4 936	2 662	1 422	859	21.6	22.6	Bedford city
55	32	16	268	79.1	382	225	103	64	20.4	21.5	Belle Haven town
44	26	11	229	83.8	332	192	81	50	21.1	19.2	Accomac County (part)
11	6	5	39	51.3	50	33	22	14	15.3	37.3	Northampton County (part)
454	377	101	3 347	87.3	5 188	2 827	932	537	17.2	14.9	Belle Haven CDP, Fairfax County
328	182	41	3 011	98.4	4 279	2 185	551	322	28.4	9.2	Bellwood CDP, Chesterfield County
297	174	30	2 733	98.9	4 049	2 047	501	275	25.5	9.2	Bensley CDP, Chesterfield County
292	253	122	1 635	81.2	2 279	1 309	667	457	23.1	22.5	Berryville town, Clarke County
397	317	153	2 598	86.9	3 731	2 067	867	559	23.2	17.9	Big Stone Gap town, Wise County
1 018	693	239	17 433	127.0	35 752	15 567	1 950	1 143	9.7	4.9	Blacksburg town, Montgomery County
342	289	150	2 025	81.5	2 781	1 576	781	508	24.3	21.3	Blackstone town, Nottoway County
24	30	4	199	98.5	309	155	58	38	21.8	14.7	Bloxom town, Accomack County
569	398	166	2 728	86.1	4 165	2 295	1 133	704	18.0	22.3	Bluefield town, Tazewell County
227	89	20	1 652	93.0	2 392	1 244	336	192	25.0	10.5	Blue Ridge CDP, Botetourt County
1 249	753	219	8 391	93.2	11 896	6 399	2 221	1 328	26.6	13.7	Bon Air CDP, Chesterfield County
26	15	2	149	91.3	227	115	43	29	20.4	15.1	Boones Mill town, Franklin County

Table 2. Age and Sex: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE—Con.											
Bowling Green town, Caroline County	936	48.5	49	111	24	29	102	112	105	59	39
Boyce town, Clarke County	426	37.4	19	91	10	12	61	73	61	27	16
Boydton town, Mecklenburg County	454	39.5	17	53	22	39	54	75	67	16	18
Boykins town, Southampton County	620	43.0	41	98	24	11	55	96	71	45	41
Branchville town, Southampton County	123	44.1	3	27	4	3	9	20	17	5	7
Bridgewater town, Rockingham County	5 203	34.0	245	737	728	410	543	649	558	199	158
Bristol city	17 367	41.3	929	2 601	660	829	2 167	2 384	2 330	976	924
Broadway town, Rockingham County	2 192	36.9	159	367	75	117	301	366	295	118	82
Brodnax town	317	39.3	21	62	14	6	41	47	40	14	13
Brunswick County (part)	272	37.3	20	55	12	5	37	38	34	11	12
Mecklenburg County (part)	45	44.3	1	7	2	1	4	9	6	3	1
Brookneal town, Campbell County	1 259	41.8	75	239	34	36	134	173	172	46	58
Buchanan town, Botetourt County	1 233	40.6	63	191	35	46	178	182	161	71	63
Buena Vista city	6 349	37.9	392	1 034	355	319	825	827	872	354	337
Bull Run CDP, Prince William County	11 337	29.1	1 225	1 778	435	974	3 010	1 993	965	294	209
Burke CDP, Fairfax County	57 737	37.6	3 420	12 688	2 016	2 221	6 191	10 337	11 708	3 925	2 058
Burkeville town, Nottoway County	489	39.8	22	92	17	26	50	73	69	21	28
Cana CDP, Carroll County	1 228	38.3	66	209	40	55	186	175	167	79	84
Cape Charles town, Northampton County	1 134	44.2	76	175	31	50	103	146	149	63	71
Capron town, Southampton County	167	40.6	8	32	5	5	17	34	15	14	10
Castlewood CDP, Russell County	2 036	42.4	97	318	73	84	210	325	342	119	104
Cave Spring CDP, Roanoke County	24 941	40.9	1 281	4 221	677	1 036	3 068	3 897	4 196	1 432	1 193
Cedar Bluff town, Tazewell County	1 085	40.4	76	171	42	37	134	157	159	80	61
Centreville CDP, Fairfax County	48 661	31.1	4 362	9 467	1 382	2 604	10 938	10 317	5 726	1 417	859
Chamberlayne CDP, Henrico County	4 380	48.6	162	567	83	114	389	585	765	338	318
Chantilly CDP, Fairfax County	41 041	33.8	3 065	7 634	1 108	2 090	7 581	8 176	6 288	1 928	1 215
Charlotte Court House town, Charlotte County	404	41.0	15	58	19	23	54	55	52	29	19
Charlottesville city	45 049	25.6	1 981	4 854	8 293	6 915	6 566	5 039	4 210	1 433	1 210
Chase City town, Mecklenburg County	2 457	40.0	178	445	60	106	279	299	323	107	124
Chatham town, Pittsylvania County	1 338	43.2	65	197	29	54	175	183	200	88	69
Chatmoss CDP, Henry County	1 742	43.1	97	300	40	53	132	303	333	158	95
Cheriton town, Northampton County	499	44.2	33	76	11	12	48	75	70	22	34
Chesapeake city	199 184	34.7	14 272	43 011	7 448	8 917	26 807	37 602	27 506	8 955	6 822
Chester CDP, Chesterfield County	17 890	35.2	1 335	3 723	672	734	2 423	3 189	2 741	913	673
Chesterfield Court House CDP, Chesterfield County	3 558	34.9	167	693	164	212	550	640	468	164	117
Chilhowie town, Smyth County	1 827	47.3	75	240	41	58	208	234	256	94	95
Chincoteague town, Accomack County	4 317	46.1	179	597	112	125	439	627	677	343	316
Christiansburg town, Montgomery County	16 947	35.2	1 252	2 780	527	827	3 044	2 597	2 318	874	680
Claremont town, Surry County	343	44.3	8	60	9	11	32	56	67	27	14
Clarksville town	1 329	45.4	79	190	30	44	187	130	172	89	72
Halifax County (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mecklenburg County (part)	1 329	45.4	79	190	30	44	187	130	172	89	72
Claypool Hill CDP, Tazewell County	1 719	42.4	87	256	59	55	221	244	357	126	97
Cleveland town, Russell County	148	55.3	4	9	6	4	20	14	16	11	15
Clifton town, Fairfax County	185	37.3	12	31	6	8	23	37	41	14	5
Clifton Forge city	4 289	42.9	227	678	124	162	474	615	525	235	234
Clinchco town, Dickenson County	424	39.4	27	73	15	15	62	52	58	28	23
Clinchport town, Scott County	77	34.5	3	17	2	3	15	11	7	3	6
Clintwood town, Dickenson County	1 549	46.5	85	170	47	81	177	182	216	114	100
Cloverdale CDP, Botetourt County	2 986	39.0	183	620	115	93	266	582	508	178	128
Coeburn town, Wise County	1 996	38.6	107	342	80	108	269	301	297	94	87
Collinsville CDP, Henry County	7 777	38.3	476	1 206	258	387	1 129	1 179	1 008	432	367
Colonial Beach town, Westmoreland County	3 228	43.8	181	530	93	110	315	433	442	212	186
Colonial Heights city	16 897	39.9	895	2 920	635	774	2 029	2 498	2 252	901	849
Columbia town, Fluvanna County	49	47.5	2	9	1	2	3	7	12	7	3
Courtland town, Southampton County	1 270	38.5	68	226	47	49	165	178	171	68	55
Covington city	6 303	40.5	395	957	220	294	818	837	818	389	301
Craigsville town, Augusta County	979	37.6	60	184	36	42	127	163	135	40	37
Crewe town, Nottoway County	2 378	35.8	178	514	76	104	288	336	266	100	86
Crimora CDP, Augusta County	1 796	37.8	95	338	67	79	230	315	250	103	108
Crozet CDP, Albemarle County	2 820	39.1	196	565	68	62	327	487	402	184	127
Culpeper town, Culpeper County	9 664	34.9	730	1 752	403	561	1 397	1 535	1 134	363	337
Dahlgren CDP, King George County	997	37.3	56	180	36	43	146	159	114	44	50
Dale City CDP, Prince William County	55 971	31.4	4 496	13 808	2 167	2 545	8 529	10 980	7 417	2 415	1 506
Damascus town, Botetourt County	1 454	44.0	80	259	27	31	128	231	254	130	81
Damascus town, Washington County	981	45.3	41	135	28	33	108	141	136	84	58
Danville city	48 411	40.5	2 910	8 362	1 772	2 102	5 563	6 772	6 687	2 504	2 237
Dayton town, Rockingham County	1 344	37.2	92	232	45	46	202	249	147	60	61
Dendron town, Surry County	297	38.3	24	50	8	18	40	28	45	13	13
Dillwyn town, Buckingham County	447	48.3	26	66	9	10	47	49	58	26	24
Dooms CDP, Augusta County	1 282	42.0	53	221	28	34	144	235	201	91	75
Drakes Branch town, Charlotte County	504	44.0	20	83	17	16	56	67	68	41	34
Dryden CDP, Lee County	1 253	39.1	86	201	44	60	178	165	191	74	54
Dublin town, Pulaski County	2 288	34.5	147	271	117	175	451	329	292	120	84
Duffield town, Scott County	62	44.5	3	10	-	3	8	8	9	5	8
Dumbarton CDP, Henrico County	6 674	35.0	388	842	256	535	1 314	915	631	220	221
Dumfries town, Prince William County	4 937	29.0	504	1 222	209	270	716	941	546	180	118
Dungannon town, Scott County	317	39.1	18	58	16	15	37	49	50	12	18
Dunn Loring CDP, Fairfax County	7 861	36.9	613	1 276	195	295	1 200	1 477	1 222	390	341
East Highland Park CDP, Henrico County	12 488	37.4	721	2 421	446	515	1 601	2 090	1 869	726	550
Eastville town, Northampton County	203	40.8	6	29	12	19	15	38	36	2	9
Edinburg town, Shenandoah County	813	41.4	40	107	21	47	121	103	108	55	37
Elkton town, Rockingham County	2 042	37.0	121	347	77	110	296	328	247	111	100
Elliston-Lafayette CDP, Montgomery County	1 241	34.6	88	249	45	71	173	218	144	64	55

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE —Con.											
Emory-Meadow View CDP, Washington County	2 266	27.2	99	248	468	274	180	266	268	117	79
Emporia city	5 665	38.8	351	1 074	213	244	646	803	643	278	245
Etrick CDP, Chesterfield County	5 627	21.7	240	752	1 573	681	558	600	468	137	127
Ewing CDP, Lee County	436	39.6	22	89	9	21	50	58	67	14	34
Exmore town, Northampton County	1 136	38.6	71	215	43	47	142	138	145	65	54
Fairfax city	21 498	37.0	1 289	3 127	741	1 227	3 586	3 655	3 049	1 181	890
Fairlawn CDP, Pulaski County	2 211	40.0	119	291	51	124	334	299	318	132	103
Fairview Beach CDP, King George County	230	46.3	10	22	15	8	23	31	42	18	11
Falls Church city	10 377	39.7	571	1 859	187	345	1 383	1 849	1 971	581	369
Falmouth CDP, Stafford County	3 624	38.1	213	735	108	156	428	574	515	240	172
Fancy Gap CDP, Carroll County	260	42.5	16	38	9	7	39	28	39	24	16
Farmville town	6 845	22.4	299	705	1 864	922	590	538	550	204	175
Cumberland County (part)	477	37.3	35	73	21	33	66	58	59	24	19
Prince Edward County (part)	6 368	22.0	264	632	1 843	889	524	480	491	180	156
Ferrum CDP, Franklin County	1 313	20.9	42	137	487	214	106	120	96	27	24
Fieldale CDP, Henry County	929	44.5	37	152	21	24	110	127	117	57	61
Fincaisle town, Botetourt County	359	39.4	15	56	18	22	50	66	54	21	12
Fishersville CDP, Augusta County	4 998	41.6	321	786	129	145	561	822	720	332	280
Floyd town, Floyd County	432	48.4	17	63	9	11	48	50	55	25	21
Forest CDP, Bedford County	8 006	37.6	518	1 632	215	274	1 036	1 484	1 323	449	311
Fort Belvoir CDP, Fairfax County	7 176	22.5	1 056	2 129	225	502	1 700	1 265	232	36	10
Fort Chiswell CDP, Wythe County	911	35.9	60	160	48	40	139	159	135	37	43
Fort Hunt CDP, Fairfax County	12 923	44.6	855	2 355	179	180	809	2 187	2 324	887	673
Fort Lee CDP, Prince George County	7 269	21.7	691	1 334	1 389	1 086	1 796	808	140	10	4
Franconia CDP, Fairfax County	31 907	35.4	2 340	4 632	678	1 311	6 619	7 214	5 225	1 467	909
Franklin city	8 346	39.9	424	1 675	282	358	869	1 207	1 147	455	393
Fredericksburg city	19 279	30.3	1 127	2 301	2 481	2 114	2 856	2 385	2 138	791	616
Fries town, Grayson County	614	49.4	29	74	22	21	49	70	93	33	51
Front Royal town, Warren County	13 589	36.6	969	2 518	482	629	1 845	2 061	1 740	744	614
Gainesville CDP, Prince William County	4 382	35.9	409	662	76	154	799	811	560	254	221
Galax city	6 837	39.8	439	1 133	235	307	875	928	900	404	306
Gate City town, Scott County	2 159	42.7	122	310	59	99	285	270	289	118	128
Glade Spring town, Washington County	1 374	41.0	68	246	39	59	145	217	187	83	80
Glasgow town, Rockbridge County	1 046	40.4	51	199	38	41	113	149	163	48	54
Glen Allen CDP, Henrico County	12 562	35.3	893	2 226	337	539	2 198	2 461	1 876	586	398
Glen Lyn town, Giles County	151	35.3	12	30	9	8	16	27	15	5	4
Gloucester Courthouse CDP, Gloucester County	2 289	45.5	106	347	53	71	191	346	302	128	110
Gloucester Point CDP, Gloucester County	9 429	37.6	563	1 739	327	412	1 270	1 643	1 376	577	412
Gordonsville town	1 498	37.8	105	253	56	82	187	238	206	70	69
Louisa County (part)	11	47.5	-	2	1	1	-	1	2	2	1
Orange County (part)	1 487	37.8	105	251	55	81	187	237	204	68	68
Goshen town, Rockbridge County	406	38.2	25	71	17	17	52	61	42	26	27
Great Falls CDP, Fairfax County	8 549	42.1	533	1 985	188	160	497	1 391	1 817	781	472
Greenville CDP, Augusta County	886	37.1	27	117	24	45	175	197	128	33	38
Gretna town, Pittsylvania County	1 257	50.0	46	185	29	30	120	153	149	74	78
Grottoes town	2 114	34.2	166	405	69	90	363	356	273	90	71
Augusta County (part)	4	21.5	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Rockingham County (part)	2 110	34.2	165	404	69	90	361	356	273	90	71
Groveton CDP, Fairfax County	21 296	34.7	1 611	3 612	708	1 115	3 744	4 036	3 093	938	665
Grundy town, Buchanan County	1 105	37.0	39	317	39	39	96	141	149	50	51
Halifax town, Halifax County	1 389	42.3	61	202	57	57	156	236	184	85	86
Hallwood town, Accomack County	290	32.0	21	76	8	9	42	35	34	16	13
Hamilton town, Loudoun County	562	37.2	46	113	11	14	72	115	91	38	17
Hampden Sydney CDP, Prince Edward County	1 264	20.7	30	78	584	289	49	72	57	18	25
Hampton city	146 437	34.0	9 242	26 255	8 273	10 109	21 662	25 880	18 133	6 388	5 352
Harrisonburg city	40 468	22.6	1 905	4 332	8 948	7 604	4 584	3 992	3 251	1 175	910
Haymarket town, Prince William County	879	32.5	96	169	18	34	177	195	87	32	39
Haysi town, Dickenson County	186	42.3	11	24	14	5	15	31	29	11	10
Herndon town, Fairfax County	21 655	31.5	1 711	4 156	872	1 332	4 161	4 132	3 210	751	481
Highland Springs CDP, Henrico County	15 137	33.5	1 168	3 231	556	728	2 260	2 445	2 060	671	480
Hillsboro town, Loudoun County	96	41.0	5	14	4	4	11	16	13	11	5
Hillsville town, Carroll County	2 607	43.3	139	351	92	160	295	325	368	162	107
Hollins CDP	14 309	43.0	656	2 082	734	588	1 595	1 906	2 054	784	710
Botetourt County (part)	140	41.5	7	27	2	3	13	30	20	8	8
Roanoke County (part)	14 169	43.1	649	2 055	732	585	1 582	1 876	2 034	776	702
Honaker town, Russell County	945	38.8	45	172	37	43	122	146	155	55	41
Hopewell city	22 354	35.0	1 667	4 298	857	1 185	3 162	3 235	2 659	1 134	891
Horse Pasture CDP, Henry County	2 255	42.1	114	357	73	75	253	369	317	163	140
Huntington CDP, Fairfax County	8 325	35.6	384	696	162	673	2 135	1 463	1 181	450	318
Hurt town, Pittsylvania County	1 276	40.6	72	205	38	50	165	197	159	89	75
Hybla Valley CDP, Fairfax County	16 721	33.8	1 290	3 088	594	897	2 791	2 728	2 160	820	607
Idylwood CDP, Fairfax County	16 005	33.3	1 037	2 116	387	1 112	3 949	2 804	2 248	708	493
Independence town, Grayson County	971	51.3	39	101	28	41	96	109	111	50	59
Iron Gate town, Alleghany County	404	46.2	12	55	15	18	38	59	59	24	28
Irvington town, Lancaster County	673	62.8	18	75	11	6	24	65	79	40	43
Ivor town, Southampton County	320	44.4	13	51	11	10	29	49	40	31	17
Jarratt town	589	40.7	45	87	15	28	72	87	82	33	36
Greensville County (part)	418	42.9	28	57	11	18	51	61	61	27	22
Sussex County (part)	171	36.8	17	30	4	10	21	26	21	6	14
Jefferson CDP, Fairfax County	27 422	34.8	1 887	4 076	824	1 513	5 512	4 973	3 770	1 382	1 019
Jolivue CDP, Augusta County	1 037	42.4	33	151	24	39	149	165	135	42	40
Jonesville town, Lee County	995	44.2	67	113	39	45	121	125	148	41	64

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

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Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
PLACE—Con.											
132	95	40	1 156	96.0	1 919	999	267	155	15.3	11.8	Emory-Meadow View CDP, Washington County
503	455	210	3 089	83.4	4 240	2 381	1 168	754	25.2	20.6	Emporia city
269	179	43	3 151	78.6	4 635	2 660	491	292	17.6	8.7	Etrick CDP, Chesterfield County
40	24	8	232	87.9	325	176	72	42	25.5	16.5	Ewing CDP, Lee County
114	60	42	602	88.7	850	480	216	133	25.2	19.0	Exmore town, Northampton County
1 455	950	348	11 014	95.2	17 082	8 808	2 753	1 670	20.5	12.8	Fairfax city
208	156	76	1 169	89.1	1 801	978	440	267	18.5	19.9	Fairlawn CDP, Pulaski County
27	20	3	111	107.2	198	93	50	24	13.9	21.7	Fairview Beach CDP, King George County
530	527	205	5 328	94.8	7 947	4 184	1 262	791	23.4	12.2	Falls Church city
227	188	68	1 885	92.3	2 676	1 414	483	295	26.2	13.3	Falmouth CDP, Stafford County
30	13	1	137	89.8	206	111	44	28	20.8	16.9	Fancy Gap CDP, Carroll County
380	391	227	4 086	67.5	5 841	3 566	998	687	14.7	14.6	Farmville town
43	37	9	275	73.5	369	226	89	63	22.6	18.7	Cumberland County (part)
337	354	218	3 811	67.1	5 472	3 340	909	624	14.1	14.3	Prince Edward County (part)
33	21	6	591	122.2	1 134	491	60	33	13.6	4.6	Ferrum CDP, Franklin County
113	87	23	472	96.8	740	397	223	143	20.3	24.0	Fieldale CDP, Henry County
24	16	5	165	117.6	288	127	45	29	19.8	12.5	Fincastle town, Botetourt County
407	330	165	2 617	91.0	3 891	2 079	902	578	22.1	18.0	Fishersville CDP, Augusta County
59	56	18	253	70.8	352	212	133	99	18.5	30.8	Floyd town, Floyd County
477	238	49	4 069	96.8	5 856	3 040	764	433	26.9	9.5	Forest CDP, Bedford County
17	4	-	3 569	101.1	3 991	2 027	21	14	44.4	0.3	Fort Belvoir CDP, Fairfax County
58	22	10	459	98.5	691	356	90	49	24.1	9.9	Fort Chiswell CDP, Wythe County
1 283	1 002	189	6 649	94.4	9 713	5 096	2 474	1 372	24.8	19.1	Fort Hunt CDP, Fairfax County
7	2	2	3 130	132.2	5 244	2 155	11	7	27.9	0.2	Fort Lee CDP, Prince George County
1 039	396	77	16 570	92.6	24 935	13 207	1 512	884	21.9	4.7	Franconia CDP, Fairfax County
718	553	265	4 657	79.2	6 247	3 603	1 536	1 002	25.1	18.4	Franklin city
1 222	926	322	10 602	81.8	15 851	8 887	2 470	1 641	17.8	12.8	Fredericksburg city
88	63	21	349	75.9	511	297	172	114	16.8	28.0	Fries town, Grayson County
980	765	242	7 154	89.9	10 102	5 432	1 987	1 274	25.7	14.6	Front Royal town, Warren County
315	100	21	2 220	97.4	3 311	1 700	436	242	24.4	9.9	Gainesville CDP, Prince William County
670	459	181	3 587	90.6	5 265	2 860	1 310	827	23.0	19.2	Galax city
252	180	47	1 150	87.7	1 727	954	479	314	20.0	22.2	Gate City town, Scott County
147	79	24	740	85.7	1 060	573	250	150	22.9	18.2	Glade Spring town, Washington County
110	62	18	543	92.6	796	424	190	115	23.9	18.2	Glasgow town, Rockbridge County
620	340	88	6 606	90.2	9 443	5 075	1 048	640	24.8	8.3	Glen Allen CDP, Henrico County
12	9	4	78	93.6	109	61	25	16	27.8	16.6	Glen Lyn town, Giles County
208	212	195	1 295	75.2	1 816	1 060	615	419	20.0	27.1	Gloucester Courthouse CDP, Gloucester County
652	367	91	4 803	96.3	7 127	3 689	1 110	626	24.4	11.8	Gloucester Point CDP, Gloucester County
116	80	36	832	80.0	1 140	646	232	153	23.9	15.5	Gordonsville town
-	-	1	4	175.0	9	3	1	-	18.2	9.1	Louisa County (part)
116	80	35	828	79.6	1 131	643	231	153	23.9	15.5	Orange County (part)
44	19	5	220	84.5	310	172	68	40	23.6	16.7	Goshen town, Rockbridge County
470	210	45	4 217	102.7	6 031	3 045	725	343	29.5	8.5	Great Falls CDP, Fairfax County
64	30	8	312	184.0	742	249	102	56	16.3	11.5	Greenville CDP, Augusta County
181	141	71	722	74.1	1 026	611	393	264	18.4	31.3	Gretna town, Pittsylvania County
134	86	11	1 114	89.8	1 543	835	231	148	27.0	10.9	Grottoes town
-	-	-	2	100.0	2	1	-	-	50.0	-	Augusta County (part)
134	86	11	1 112	89.7	1 541	834	231	148	27.0	10.9	Rockingham County (part)
935	646	193	10 713	98.8	16 073	8 126	1 774	1 042	24.5	8.3	Groveton CDP, Fairfax County
99	56	29	582	89.9	749	389	184	111	32.2	16.7	Grundy town, Buchanan County
142	100	23	697	99.3	1 126	564	265	163	18.9	19.1	Halifax town, Halifax County
18	14	4	144	101.4	193	96	36	22	33.4	12.4	Hallwood town, Accomack County
22	14	9	300	87.3	403	224	45	29	28.3	8.0	Hamilton town, Loudoun County
36	18	8	211	499.1	1 156	165	62	36	8.5	4.9	Hampden Sydney CDP, Prince Edward County
8 503	5 305	1 335	73 858	98.3	110 940	56 430	15 143	8 918	24.2	10.3	Hampton city
1 740	1 456	571	21 297	90.0	34 231	18 258	3 767	2 421	15.4	9.3	Harrisonburg city
19	11	2	417	110.8	614	298	32	16	30.1	3.6	Haymarket town, Prince William County
20	12	4	103	80.6	151	85	36	23	18.8	19.4	Haysi town, Dickenson County
545	246	58	10 242	111.4	15 788	7 484	849	490	27.1	3.9	Herndon town, Fairfax County
801	559	178	8 223	84.1	10 738	6 072	1 538	968	29.1	10.2	Highland Springs CDP, Henrico County
6	6	1	52	84.6	77	40	13	7	19.8	13.5	Hillsboro town, Loudoun County
304	199	105	1 416	84.1	2 117	1 185	608	398	18.8	23.3	Hillsville town, Carroll County
1 439	1 195	566	8 051	77.7	11 571	6 777	3 200	2 085	19.1	22.4	Hollins CDP
13	6	3	84	66.7	106	66	22	14	24.3	15.7	Botetourt County (part)
1 426	1 189	563	7 967	77.8	11 465	6 711	3 178	2 071	19.1	22.4	Roanoke County (part)
69	45	15	519	82.1	728	421	129	91	23.0	13.7	Honaker town, Russell County
1 747	1 136	383	11 907	87.7	16 389	8 995	3 266	2 019	26.7	14.6	Hopewell city
240	129	25	1 174	92.1	1 784	931	394	229	20.9	17.5	Horse Pasture CDP, Henry County
463	333	67	4 124	101.9	7 245	3 607	863	507	13.0	10.4	Huntington CDP, Fairfax County
140	72	14	680	87.6	999	535	226	141	21.7	17.7	Hurt town, Pittsylvania County
986	620	140	8 661	93.1	12 343	6 490	1 746	1 034	26.2	10.4	Hybla Valley CDP, Fairfax County
640	433	78	7 980	100.6	12 852	6 460	1 151	684	19.7	7.2	Idylwood CDP, Fairfax County
130	145	62	535	81.5	831	456	337	213	14.4	34.7	Independence town, Grayson County
57	31	8	206	96.1	337	173	96	47	16.6	23.8	Iron Gate town, Alleghany County
108	121	83	375	79.5	580	336	312	196	13.8	46.4	Irvington town, Lancaster County
35	29	5	167	91.6	256	139	69	42	20.0	21.6	Ivor town, Southampton County
47	42	15	316	86.4	457	260	104	67	22.4	17.7	Jarratt town
39	32	11	223	87.4	333	187	82	53	20.3	19.6	Greensville County (part)
8	10	4	93	83.9	124	73	22	14	27.5	12.9	Sussex County (part)
1 359	926	181	13 651	100.9	21 459	10 752	2 466	1 446	21.7	9.0	Jefferson CDP, Fairfax County
114	112	33	595	74.3	853	500	259	195	17.7	25.0	Jolivue CDP, Augusta County
126	86	20	531	87.4	815	439	232	143	18.1	23.3	Jonesville town, Lee County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
PLACE—Con.											
12	13	6	91	90.1	142	76	31	18	17.9	17.9	Keller town, Accomack County
112	95	36	623	101.1	979	492	243	153	21.9	19.4	Kenbridge town, Lunenburg County
26	16	4	151	109.3	236	117	46	25	25.3	14.6	Keokee CDP, Lee County
94	92	60	487	67.8	648	387	246	166	20.7	30.1	Keysville town, Charlotte County
159	191	115	737	68.8	1 015	619	465	312	18.4	37.4	Kilmarnock town
150	183	112	709	68.7	975	596	445	301	18.5	37.2	Lancaster County (part)
9	8	3	28	71.4	40	23	20	11	16.7	41.7	Northumberland County (part)
59	42	10	344	79.7	480	266	111	71	22.3	18.0	La Crosse town, Mecklenburg County
699	601	135	4 566	95.1	7 077	3 673	1 435	796	20.5	16.1	Lake Barcroft CDP, Fairfax County
928	282	41	3 557	92.6	5 235	2 766	1 251	616	23.6	18.3	Lake Monticello CDP, Fluvanna County
738	585	198	15 806	92.4	21 422	11 371	1 521	945	29.5	5.0	Lake Ridge CDP, Prince William County
847	824	289	5 956	87.3	8 905	4 846	1 960	1 266	20.2	17.6	Lakeside CDP, Henrico County
897	595	139	7 692	93.4	11 865	6 193	1 631	1 008	20.2	11.0	Laurel CDP, Henrico County
39	8	4	417	87.3	588	325	51	29	24.7	6.5	Laurel Park CDP, Henry County
88	70	18	722	76.6	1 054	608	176	112	17.3	13.8	Lawrenceville town, Brunswick County
196	71	25	1 046	94.5	1 553	799	292	151	23.6	14.4	Laymantown CDP, Botetourt County
322	221	105	1 738	88.3	2 626	1 423	648	426	19.8	19.8	Lebanon town, Russell County
885	590	264	14 404	96.5	20 000	10 367	1 739	1 101	29.6	6.1	Leesburg town, Loudoun County
529	419	178	3 076	123.2	6 112	2 690	1 126	717	11.0	16.4	Lexington city
694	453	108	7 741	104.0	11 799	5 836	1 255	725	25.3	7.9	Lincolnia CDP, Fairfax County
109	36	9	4 332	99.0	5 752	2 841	154	88	35.4	1.8	Linton Hall CDP, Prince William County
198	52	10	1 649	106.9	2 410	1 181	260	140	29.3	7.6	Loch Lomond CDP, Prince William County
267	140	55	7 895	125.3	13 296	5 691	462	287	25.2	2.6	Lorton CDP, Fairfax County
108	113	54	772	81.5	1 054	609	275	180	24.8	19.6	Louisa town, Louisa County
38	36	8	450	89.6	602	325	82	54	29.4	9.6	Lovettsville town, Loudoun County
34	30	2	180	103.9	286	155	66	42	22.1	18.0	Low Moor CDP, Allegheny County
514	353	169	2 602	87.2	3 793	2 081	1 036	677	22.1	21.3	Luray town, Page County
4 888	3 989	1 768	35 428	84.2	50 812	28 369	10 645	6 849	22.1	16.3	Lynchburg city
116	58	26	777	96.5	1 166	593	200	117	23.6	13.1	Lyndhurst CDP, Augusta County
32	35	16	215	105.1	350	186	83	58	20.6	18.8	McKenney town, Dinwiddie County
3 183	2 392	651	20 181	92.9	29 052	15 412	6 226	3 458	25.4	16.0	McLean CDP, Fairfax County
32	14	10	111	89.2	171	97	56	30	18.6	26.7	Madison town, Madison County
1 041	576	142	6 037	91.9	9 044	4 756	1 759	1 025	21.9	15.2	Madison Heights CDP, Amherst County
1 086	599	217	17 267	103.5	24 748	12 252	1 902	1 168	29.6	5.4	Manassas city
311	108	23	5 048	103.8	7 099	3 497	442	258	31.0	4.3	Manassas Park city
522	533	429	3 887	92.6	5 653	3 028	1 484	888	24.5	19.8	Mantua CDP, Fairfax County
648	475	189	3 375	88.1	5 116	2 747	1 312	873	19.4	20.7	Marion town, Smyth County
1 492	1 197	490	8 450	82.4	11 938	6 692	3 179	2 050	22.6	20.6	Martinsville city
136	47	2	970	100.5	1 472	750	185	95	24.3	9.5	Massanutten CDP, Rockingham County
162	126	31	1 196	90.1	1 655	887	319	192	27.2	14.0	Matoaca CDP, Chesterfield County
58	15	8	271	88.9	410	214	81	47	19.9	15.8	Max Meadows CDP, Wythe County
1 926	1 156	333	15 804	92.8	22 265	11 816	3 415	2 055	26.9	11.2	Mechanicsville CDP, Hanover County
41	27	9	245	83.7	349	197	77	45	22.4	17.1	Melfa town, Accomack County
458	187	43	5 520	102.4	9 000	4 426	688	377	19.4	6.2	Merrifield CDP, Fairfax County
132	212	154	962	82.0	1 450	831	498	360	17.2	28.4	Merrimac CDP, Montgomery County
58	65	14	366	72.7	525	306	137	87	16.9	21.7	Middleburg town, Loudoun County
56	47	14	536	89.4	744	400	117	81	26.7	11.5	Middletown town, Frederick County
36	30	7	212	100.0	321	170	73	43	24.3	17.2	Mineral town, Louisa County
368	139	24	7 986	96.9	10 636	5 519	531	289	32.4	3.4	Montclair CDP, Prince William County
17	27	5	93	69.9	135	82	49	32	14.6	31.0	Monterey town, Highland County
361	252	70	3 838	82.9	5 096	2 898	683	448	27.4	9.7	Montrose CDP, Henrico County
40	28	10	183	72.1	253	145	78	51	19.7	24.8	Montross town, Westmoreland County
15	17	3	130	95.4	196	102	35	18	22.8	13.8	Mount Crawford town, Rockingham County
141	101	21	843	97.4	1 256	645	263	158	24.5	15.8	Mount Jackson town, Shenandoah County
1 549	897	134	14 712	94.3	21 064	11 037	2 580	1 410	26.3	9.0	Mount Vernon CDP, Fairfax County
180	169	39	1 141	85.0	1 628	897	388	243	22.9	18.4	Narrows town, Giles County
78	76	80	316	81.0	462	273	234	143	19.2	40.9	Nassawadox town, Northampton County
21	5	3	98	82.7	138	72	29	17	22.9	16.2	New Castle town, Craig County
596	519	222	10 089	96.1	14 137	7 367	1 337	764	28.5	6.8	Newington CDP, Fairfax County
187	138	33	864	89.5	1 336	713	358	219	18.4	21.9	New Market town, Shenandoah County
9 758	6 515	1 880	92 972	93.8	130 625	68 642	18 153	11 168	27.5	10.1	Newport News city
24	28	8	162	74.1	224	125	60	40	20.6	21.3	Newsoms town, Southampton County
45	32	14	252	77.8	350	196	91	61	21.9	20.3	Nickselsville town, Scott County
84	48	5	615	101.0	914	461	137	66	26.1	11.1	Nokesville CDP, Prince William County
12 979	9 693	2 860	114 573	104.6	178 051	86 918	25 532	15 694	24.0	10.9	Norfolk city
352	125	19	1 058	99.6	1 855	933	496	234	12.2	23.5	North Shore CDP, Franklin County
703	440	62	4 565	100.9	6 959	3 496	1 205	659	24.1	13.1	North Springfield CDP, Fairfax County
316	204	76	2 147	81.8	3 054	1 711	596	389	21.8	15.3	Norton city
91	59	10	438	102.1	723	360	160	90	18.3	18.1	Oak Level CDP, Henry County
1 384	657	169	14 861	97.5	22 502	11 540	2 210	1 228	23.3	7.5	Oakton CDP, Fairfax County
64	15	5	402	88.8	675	351	84	49	11.1	11.1	Occoquan town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Fairfax County (part)
64	15	5	402	88.8	675	351	84	49	11.1	11.1	Prince William County (part)
179	164	58	846	80.3	1 201	694	401	255	21.2	26.3	Onancock town, Accomack County
72	37	20	269	84.4	403	226	129	84	18.8	26.0	Onley town, Accomack County
342	314	157	2 216	86.1	3 194	1 735	813	550	22.5	19.7	Orange town, Orange County
33	21	8	140	75.7	190	112	62	44	22.8	25.2	Painter town, Accomack County
19	10	9	104	91.3	137	77	38	24	31.2	19.1	Pamplin City town
19	8	7	98	95.9	131	72	34	20	31.8	17.7	Appomattox County (part)
-	2	2	6	16.7	6	5	4	4	14.3	57.1	Prince Edward County (part)
92	77	11	449	86.4	642	354	180	109	23.3	21.5	Parksley town, Accomack County
143	136	25	1 069	93.5	1 582	828	304	183	23.5	14.7	Patrick Springs CDP, Patrick County
258	233	50	1 447	88.6	2 127	1 171	541	345	22.1	19.8	Pearisburg town, Giles County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE—Con.											
Pembroke town, Giles County	1 134	37.9	65	187	28	40	181	173	146	66	56
Penhook CDP, Franklin County	726	48.6	28	101	17	18	58	108	111	84	59
Pennington Gap town, Lee County	1 781	42.5	99	266	56	72	210	243	247	114	90
Petersburg city	33 740	36.9	2 165	6 319	1 293	1 720	4 393	4 883	4 460	1 759	1 501
Phenix town, Charlotte County	200	44.3	5	32	10	11	19	25	31	10	10
Pimmit Hills CDP, Fairfax County	6 152	36.3	339	967	189	354	1 070	1 147	882	319	247
Pocahontas town, Tazewell County	441	41.3	35	74	16	22	44	49	72	16	34
Poquoson city	11 566	39.5	587	2 515	396	342	1 041	2 052	1 953	778	588
Port Royal town, Caroline County	170	37.0	16	30	4	8	22	28	21	8	1
Portsmouth city	100 565	34.5	7 171	18 683	4 991	6 136	14 105	15 180	12 369	4 315	3 761
Pound town, Wise County	1 089	39.1	82	179	51	45	125	199	148	42	44
Pulaski town, Pulaski County	9 473	40.3	578	1 480	330	396	1 287	1 300	1 345	543	480
Purcellville town, Loudoun County	3 584	34.7	310	864	79	83	482	707	426	148	115
Quantico town, Prince William County	561	35.1	46	71	16	49	97	126	72	20	17
Quantico Station CDP	6 571	22.4	948	1 176	605	1 357	1 474	858	136	8	1
Prince William County (part)	6 345	22.2	948	1 176	593	1 255	1 362	858	136	8	1
Stafford County (part)	226	25.0	-	-	12	102	112	-	-	-	-
Radford city	15 859	22.8	561	1 488	3 835	3 140	1 710	1 392	1 304	531	433
Raven CDP	2 593	37.3	169	431	109	126	372	376	384	172	126
Russell County (part)	419	35.9	34	57	16	20	79	62	76	29	18
Tazewell County (part)	2 174	37.8	135	374	93	106	293	314	308	143	108
Remington town, Fauquier County	624	32.9	51	123	22	42	98	118	83	27	17
Reston CDP, Fairfax County	56 407	36.2	3 932	8 762	1 339	2 540	10 353	10 104	9 311	3 715	2 228
Rich Creek town, Giles County	665	47.5	27	89	12	21	74	81	98	48	35
Richlands town, Tazewell County	4 144	41.4	218	616	154	190	493	654	643	208	201
Richmond city	197 790	33.9	12 376	30 802	11 557	14 375	32 871	29 841	24 985	8 208	6 646
Ridgeway town, Henry County	775	38.9	42	155	28	19	94	121	108	50	62
Roanoke city	94 911	37.6	6 200	15 257	3 062	4 682	14 400	14 548	13 098	4 555	3 549
Rocky Mount town, Franklin County	4 066	41.9	231	639	137	178	466	557	517	199	182
Rose Hill CDP, Fairfax County	15 058	38.4	1 032	2 392	368	486	2 240	2 885	2 500	961	643
Rose Hill CDP, Lee County	714	39.4	45	140	15	19	78	133	79	49	46
Round Hill town, Loudoun County	500	35.8	52	105	10	14	61	104	71	18	26
Rural Retreat town, Wythe County	1 350	38.4	83	224	43	88	178	196	168	77	73
Rushmere CDP, Isle of Wight County	1 083	42.2	69	165	32	29	101	207	184	84	55
Rustburg CDP, Campbell County	1 271	37.4	53	224	48	55	193	216	168	67	70
St. Charles town, Lee County	159	30.4	13	35	8	11	28	17	22	5	3
St. Paul town	1 000	41.6	61	155	43	54	109	132	163	41	46
Russell County (part)	216	43.4	4	43	8	6	20	36	46	14	10
Wise County (part)	784	41.0	57	112	35	48	89	96	117	27	36
Salem city	24 747	39.2	1 212	3 950	1 543	1 347	2 909	3 708	3 456	1 328	1 146
Saltville town	2 204	39.4	118	372	82	96	272	358	309	100	118
Smyth County (part)	1 939	38.9	109	333	78	83	235	317	271	93	97
Washington County (part)	265	41.8	9	39	4	13	37	41	38	7	21
Sandy Level CDP, Henry County	689	34.1	49	144	17	43	103	83	98	33	37
Saxis town, Accomack County	337	47.3	7	49	11	7	31	52	54	19	19
Scottsburg town, Halifax County	145	33.8	15	29	3	6	24	19	18	7	6
Scottsville town	555	39.5	31	92	19	20	77	88	66	43	23
Albemarle County (part)	530	38.9	31	89	19	19	74	85	63	41	20
Fluvanna County (part)	25	53.5	-	3	-	1	3	3	3	2	3
Selma CDP, Alleghany County	485	40.8	22	96	12	15	63	58	66	26	31
Seven Corners CDP, Fairfax County	8 701	32.3	657	1 188	368	636	2 007	1 610	1 082	369	246
Shawsville CDP, Montgomery County	1 029	33.9	82	181	28	60	177	148	149	62	39
Shenandoah town, Page County	1 878	37.6	115	340	64	82	266	291	267	89	71
Sherando CDP, Augusta County	665	37.9	46	108	20	23	91	136	93	38	39
Short Pump CDP, Henrico County	182	36.5	12	37	4	7	22	39	19	3	11
Smithfield town, Isle of Wight County	6 324	37.7	453	1 253	205	236	730	1 124	920	294	247
South Boston town, Halifax County	8 491	41.2	566	1 446	260	309	979	1 151	1 165	477	389
South Hill town, Mecklenburg County	4 403	39.9	269	753	144	189	514	644	570	197	245
Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP, Spotsylvania County	3 833	31.5	295	1 017	155	147	525	755	501	150	94
Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	30 417	36.2	2 097	5 038	1 007	1 428	4 939	5 462	4 488	1 482	1 077
Stanardsville town, Greene County	476	41.1	34	77	13	20	56	51	36	25	24
Stanley town, Page County	1 326	36.9	82	235	61	69	185	186	146	83	68
Stanleytown CDP, Henry County	1 515	42.2	66	203	46	87	176	235	168	101	119
Staunton city	23 853	39.8	1 241	3 488	1 165	1 276	3 104	3 531	3 345	1 282	1 121
Stephens City town, Frederick County	1 146	35.6	72	200	47	54	186	187	148	71	54
Stony Creek town, Sussex County	2 012	44.8	7	27	3	5	31	29	33	12	12
Strasburg town, Shenandoah County	4 017	36.7	259	733	130	153	616	668	479	196	167
Stuart town, Patrick County	961	40.1	53	162	42	47	100	146	103	65	53
Stuarts Draft CDP, Augusta County	8 367	36.0	566	1 697	309	338	1 152	1 476	1 158	434	330
Sudley CDP, Prince William County	7 719	32.3	613	1 631	290	385	1 321	1 385	1 073	397	262
Suffolk city	63 677	36.0	4 618	13 115	2 075	2 427	8 514	11 313	8 505	3 283	2 559
Sugar Grove CDP, Smyth County	741	35.4	46	132	23	27	138	91	95	45	27
Surry town, Surry County	262	39.1	19	38	14	8	31	56	34	14	8
Tangier town, Accomack County	604	42.7	30	100	15	25	53	94	106	30	39
Tappahannock town, Essex County	2 068	38.7	103	361	68	107	287	271	235	97	97
Tazewell town, Tazewell County	4 206	43.3	208	575	138	203	533	572	612	257	195
The Plains town, Fauquier County	266	41.8	18	38	4	11	30	55	40	15	15
Timberlake CDP, Campbell County	10 683	38.2	590	1 831	317	580	1 499	1 684	1 470	678	596
Timberville town, Rockingham County	1 739	40.1	86	297	61	64	230	256	217	85	73

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65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
PLACE—Con.											
102	62	28	591	91.9	882	468	192	124	22.2	16.9	Pembroke town, Giles County
111	24	7	363	100.0	597	302	142	65	17.8	19.6	Penhook CDP, Franklin County
176	157	51	982	81.4	1 416	811	384	255	20.5	21.6	Pennington Gap town, Lee County
2 692	1 897	658	18 314	84.2	25 256	14 132	5 247	3 290	25.1	15.6	Petersburg city
29	16	2	105	90.5	163	88	47	24	18.5	23.5	Phenix town, Charlotte County
404	200	34	3 035	102.7	4 846	2 424	638	358	21.2	10.4	Pimmit Hills CDP, Fairfax County
45	28	6	233	89.3	332	182	79	47	24.7	17.9	Pocahontas town, Tazewell County
766	392	156	5 777	100.2	8 464	4 354	1 314	769	26.8	11.4	Poquoson city
14	14	4	85	100.0	124	62	32	17	27.1	18.8	Port Royal town, Caroline County
6 879	5 422	1 553	51 982	93.5	74 711	39 196	13 854	8 527	25.7	13.8	Portsmouth city
92	65	17	580	87.8	828	458	174	110	24.0	16.0	Pound town, Wise County
863	667	204	5 045	87.8	7 415	4 044	1 734	1 125	21.7	18.3	Pulaski town, Pulaski County
183	139	48	1 850	93.7	2 410	1 294	370	218	32.8	10.3	Purcellville town, Loudoun County
27	14	6	252	122.6	444	193	47	25	20.9	8.4	Quantico town, Prince William County
6	2	-	2 541	158.6	4 447	1 502	8	6	32.3	0.1	Quantico Station CDP
6	2	-	2 537	150.1	4 221	1 498	8	6	33.5	0.1	Prince William County (part)
-	-	-	4	5 550.0	226	4	-	-	-	-	Stafford County (part)
770	538	157	8 644	83.5	13 810	7 605	1 465	902	12.9	9.2	Radford city
204	101	23	1 333	94.5	1 993	1 043	328	198	23.1	12.6	Raven CDP
18	8	2	219	91.3	328	166	28	18	21.7	6.7	Russell County (part)
186	93	21	1 114	95.2	1 665	877	300	180	23.4	13.8	Tazewell County (part)
25	14	4	337	85.2	450	240	43	30	27.9	6.9	Remington town, Fauquier County
2 346	1 206	571	28 842	95.6	43 713	22 643	4 123	2 505	22.5	7.3	Reston CDP, Fairfax County
78	64	38	355	87.3	549	306	180	115	17.4	27.1	Rich Creek town, Giles County
439	261	67	2 278	81.9	3 310	1 849	767	492	20.1	18.5	Richlands town, Tazewell County
12 843	9 764	3 522	105 722	87.1	154 612	84 263	26 129	16 788	21.8	13.2	Richmond city
59	30	7	416	86.3	578	320	96	59	25.4	12.4	Ridgeway town, Henry County
7 366	5 996	2 198	50 410	88.3	73 454	39 852	15 560	9 809	22.6	16.4	Roanoke city
410	378	172	2 198	85.0	3 196	1 765	960	622	21.4	23.6	Rocky Mount town, Franklin County
942	539	70	7 659	96.6	11 634	5 986	1 551	858	22.7	10.3	Rose Hill CDP, Fairfax County
49	44	17	410	74.1	529	302	110	72	25.9	15.4	Rose Hill CDP, Lee County
16	19	4	249	100.8	343	177	39	24	31.4	7.8	Round Hill town, Loudoun County
123	77	20	715	88.8	1 043	563	220	134	22.7	16.3	Rural Retreat town, Wythe County
91	47	19	543	99.4	849	443	157	92	21.6	14.5	Rushmere CDP, Isle of Wight County
120	44	13	605	110.1	994	466	177	94	21.8	13.9	Rustburg CDP, Campbell County
7	9	1	84	89.3	111	60	17	13	30.2	10.7	St. Charles town, Lee County
112	61	23	547	82.8	784	433	196	116	21.6	19.6	St. Paul town
13	15	1	116	86.2	169	89	29	20	21.8	13.4	Russell County (part)
99	46	22	431	81.9	615	344	167	96	21.6	21.3	Wise County (part)
2 182	1 478	488	13 070	89.3	19 585	10 557	4 148	2 500	20.9	16.8	Salem city
215	133	31	1 164	89.3	1 714	926	379	241	22.2	17.2	Saltville town
185	111	27	1 016	90.8	1 497	802	323	202	22.8	16.7	Smyth County (part)
30	22	4	148	79.1	217	124	56	39	18.1	21.1	Washington County (part)
43	33	6	374	84.2	496	270	82	51	28.0	11.9	Sandy Level CDP, Henry County
44	31	13	175	92.6	281	143	88	51	16.6	26.1	Saxis town, Accomack County
7	11	-	77	88.3	101	54	18	11	30.3	12.4	Scottsburg town, Halifax County
56	32	8	299	85.6	432	235	96	57	22.2	17.3	Scottsville town
52	29	8	285	86.0	410	223	89	52	22.6	16.8	Albemarle County (part)
4	3	-	14	78.6	22	12	7	5	12.0	28.0	Fluvanna County (part)
57	36	3	238	103.8	367	187	96	47	24.3	19.8	Selma CDP, Alleghany County
326	168	44	4 179	108.2	6 856	3 282	538	321	21.2	6.2	Seven Corners CDP, Fairfax County
67	25	11	513	100.6	766	394	103	59	25.6	10.0	Shawsville CDP, Montgomery County
166	102	25	997	88.4	1 423	776	293	182	24.2	15.6	Shenandoah town, Page County
46	18	7	335	98.5	511	264	71	44	23.2	10.7	Sherando CDP, Augusta County
10	16	2	88	106.8	133	64	28	14	26.9	15.4	Short Pump CDP, Henrico County
452	290	120	3 341	89.3	4 618	2 532	862	533	27.0	13.6	Smithfield town, Isle of Wight County
759	675	315	4 741	79.1	6 479	3 736	1 749	1 190	23.7	20.6	South Boston town, Halifax County
435	295	148	2 479	77.6	3 381	1 983	878	594	23.2	19.9	South Hill town, Mecklenburg County
130	54	10	1 926	99.0	2 521	1 308	194	105	34.2	5.1	Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP, Spotsylvania County
1 761	1 325	313	15 273	99.2	23 282	11 848	3 399	1 991	23.5	11.2	Springfield CDP, Fairfax County
54	44	42	273	74.4	365	221	140	94	23.3	29.4	Stanardsville town, Greene County
108	87	16	707	87.6	1 009	553	211	141	23.9	15.9	Stanley town, Page County
197	86	31	736	105.8	1 246	611	314	173	17.8	20.7	Stanleytown CDP, Henry County
2 113	1 601	586	12 616	89.1	19 124	10 228	4 300	2 688	19.8	18.0	Staunton city
62	43	22	615	86.3	874	464	127	74	23.7	11.1	Stephens City town, Frederick County
20	14	9	103	96.1	168	89	43	25	16.8	21.3	Stony Creek town, Sussex County
342	211	63	2 143	87.4	3 025	1 628	616	390	24.7	15.3	Strasburg town, Shenandoah County
82	84	24	518	85.5	746	408	190	119	22.4	19.8	Stuart town, Patrick County
522	288	97	4 331	93.2	6 104	3 230	907	516	27.0	10.8	Stuarts Draft CDP, Augusta County
261	87	14	3 894	98.2	5 475	2 769	362	203	29.1	4.7	Sudley CDP, Prince William County
3 988	2 496	784	33 267	91.4	45 944	24 514	7 268	4 378	27.8	11.4	Suffolk city
56	49	12	380	95.0	563	291	117	69	24.0	15.8	Sugar Grove CDP, Smyth County
13	24	3	132	98.5	205	104	40	26	21.8	15.3	Surry town, Surry County
72	32	8	300	101.3	474	237	112	66	21.5	18.5	Tangier town, Accomack County
197	157	88	1 161	78.1	1 604	924	442	279	22.4	21.4	Tappahannock town, Essex County
411	325	177	2 190	92.1	3 423	1 828	913	600	18.6	21.7	Tazewell town, Tazewell County
22	14	4	139	91.4	210	113	40	25	21.1	15.0	The Plains town, Fauquier County
922	430	86	5 543	92.7	8 262	4 360	1 438	813	22.7	13.5	Timberlake CDP, Campbell County
166	137	67	934	86.2	1 356	762	370	239	22.0	21.3	Timberville town, Rockingham County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE —Con.											
Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County	255	37.3	11	46	14	10	33	50	39	18	10
Triangle CDP, Prince William County	5 500	30.0	534	994	262	466	951	939	643	200	170
Troutdale town, Grayson County	1 230	30.8	9	33	43	210	468	283	100	19	24
Troutville town, Botetourt County	432	43.4	25	57	17	15	56	59	70	26	21
Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County	43 242	40.4	2 427	7 626	1 084	1 756	5 377	6 608	6 603	2 276	1 809
Tyson's Corner CDP, Fairfax County	18 540	35.8	1 078	2 224	393	1 089	4 167	3 305	2 615	1 039	739
Union Hall CDP, Franklin County	957	50.6	33	121	20	24	75	127	173	115	98
Urbanna town, Middlesex County	543	48.7	18	83	13	7	46	70	82	48	38
Vansant CDP, Buchanan County	989	43.2	37	151	28	37	113	162	166	79	70
Verona CDP, Augusta County	3 638	37.7	226	666	148	142	487	577	567	214	187
Victoria town, Lunenburg County	1 821	42.3	92	324	58	86	189	228	252	103	106
Vienna town, Fairfax County	14 453	40.0	941	2 468	334	394	1 767	2 643	2 319	916	700
Villa Heights CDP, Henry County	845	36.1	59	123	35	60	134	111	97	43	41
Vinton town, Roanoke County	7 782	37.9	494	1 287	270	380	1 068	1 186	1 086	386	341
Virginia town, Halifax County	159	46.3	5	25	4	4	14	27	18	14	6
Virginia Beach city	425 257	32.7	30 616	86 272	17 162	25 390	69 842	75 897	53 798	17 465	12 882
Wachapreague town, Accomack County	236	55.6	4	14	4	5	22	26	38	19	21
Wakefield town, Sussex County	1 038	40.5	62	196	35	29	118	152	142	61	52
Warrenton town, Fauquier County	6 670	38.1	431	1 160	206	240	930	1 140	846	288	265
Warsaw town, Richmond County	1 375	44.1	42	141	50	83	202	185	169	51	47
Washington town, Rappahannock County	183	50.1	7	19	4	9	16	23	38	19	12
Waverly town, Sussex County	2 309	39.6	123	463	72	67	275	340	307	121	112
Waynesboro city	19 520	38.9	1 282	3 382	649	887	2 510	2 840	2 515	1 081	933
Weber City town, Scott County	1 333	47.3	65	158	45	60	140	159	165	92	80
West Gate CDP, Prince William County	7 493	30.2	683	1 508	346	481	1 425	1 298	733	268	238
Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County	899	49.5	35	114	17	27	96	114	125	94	81
West Point town, King William County	2 866	39.4	170	575	59	91	330	401	436	171	121
West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	28 378	39.0	1 658	5 611	799	967	3 137	5 189	5 016	1 862	1 329
Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County	1 225	36.8	82	249	40	38	156	217	190	71	43
White Stone town, Lancaster County	358	42.5	18	53	14	11	31	60	52	22	19
Williamsburg city	11 998	22.6	326	822	3 268	2 256	1 158	967	957	429	411
Winchester city	23 585	35.2	1 432	3 680	1 422	1 675	3 514	3 510	3 009	1 037	875
Windsor town, Isle of Wight County	916	38.0	46	172	30	38	124	142	141	67	42
Wise town, Wise County	3 255	38.0	153	488	155	212	479	520	425	184	152
Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County	14 001	41.2	1 017	3 048	318	280	897	2 424	2 727	1 238	829
Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County	31 941	30.3	2 862	6 716	1 380	2 038	5 749	5 641	3 344	1 105	970
Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County	2 249	40.8	116	323	72	94	308	371	382	147	109
Woodstock town, Shenandoah County	3 952	43.4	219	595	118	158	476	494	443	192	195
Wyndham CDP, Henrico County	6 176	34.5	773	1 433	67	55	835	1 585	821	191	145
Wytheville town, Wythe County	7 804	43.8	420	1 086	241	301	950	1 028	1 092	470	438
Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County	6 732	31.0	680	1 276	259	397	1 330	1 290	706	262	209
Yorktown CDP, York County	203	48.4	2	17	1	12	23	35	30	18	18

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
PLACE—Con.											
9	13	2	134	90.3	198	104	24	15	22.4	9.4	Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County
219	108	14	2 720	102.2	3 972	1 975	341	188	27.8	6.2	Triangle CDP, Prince William County
29	9	3	99	1 142.4	1 188	76	41	21	3.4	3.3	Troutdale town, Grayson County
49	33	4	222	94.6	350	177	86	48	19.0	19.9	Troutville town, Botetourt County
3 782	2 895	999	23 083	87.3	33 189	18 099	7 676	4 567	23.2	17.8	Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County
1 066	674	151	9 630	92.5	15 238	7 988	1 891	1 125	17.8	10.2	Tyson's Corner CDP, Fairfax County
118	46	7	472	102.8	803	407	171	81	16.1	17.9	Union Hall CDP, Franklin County
71	47	20	319	70.2	442	255	138	83	18.6	25.4	Urbanna town, Middlesex County
90	37	19	523	89.1	801	431	146	86	19.0	14.8	Vansant CDP, Buchanan County
281	107	36	1 840	97.7	2 746	1 425	424	245	24.5	11.7	Verona CDP, Augusta County
184	161	38	981	85.6	1 405	779	383	243	22.8	21.0	Victoria town, Lunenburg County
1 192	644	135	7 248	99.4	11 044	5 582	1 971	1 110	23.6	13.6	Vienna town, Fairfax County
87	44	11	432	95.6	663	340	142	83	21.5	16.8	Villa Heights CDP, Henry County
594	467	223	4 203	85.2	6 001	3 358	1 284	859	22.9	16.5	Vinton town, Roanoke County
23	13	6	87	82.8	129	71	42	29	18.9	26.4	Virginia town, Halifax County
20 735	11 649	3 549	214 733	98.0	308 369	157 482	35 933	21 295	27.5	8.4	Virginia Beach city
41	32	10	126	87.3	218	119	83	46	7.6	35.2	Wachapreague town, Accomack County
82	88	21	556	86.7	780	435	191	122	24.9	18.4	Wakefield town, Sussex County
480	459	225	3 609	84.8	5 079	2 856	1 164	779	23.9	17.5	Warrenton town, Fauquier County
132	151	122	680	102.2	1 192	585	405	294	13.3	29.5	Warsaw town, Richmond County
14	20	2	106	72.6	157	93	36	18	14.2	19.7	Washington town, Rappahannock County
211	130	88	1 227	88.2	1 723	955	429	267	25.4	18.6	Waverly town, Sussex County
1 737	1 297	407	10 380	88.1	14 856	8 128	3 441	2 123	23.9	17.6	Waynesboro city
182	115	72	749	78.0	1 110	629	369	242	16.7	27.7	Weber City town, Scott County
272	159	82	3 664	104.5	5 302	2 621	513	323	29.2	6.8	West Gate CDP, Prince William County
137	51	8	433	107.6	750	367	196	86	16.6	21.8	Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County
262	185	65	1 515	89.2	2 121	1 134	512	307	26.0	17.9	West Point town, King William County
1 946	750	114	14 533	95.3	21 109	11 030	2 810	1 510	25.6	9.9	West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County
74	55	10	599	104.5	894	455	139	73	27.0	11.3	Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County
38	33	7	190	88.4	287	157	78	50	19.8	21.8	White Stone town, Lancaster County
713	520	171	6 616	81.3	10 850	6 000	1 404	866	9.6	11.7	Williamsburg city
1 825	1 235	371	12 151	94.1	18 473	9 623	3 431	2 112	21.7	14.5	Winchester city
52	47	15	486	88.5	698	378	114	73	23.8	12.4	Windsor town, Isle of Wight County
257	174	56	1 616	101.4	2 614	1 309	487	299	19.7	15.0	Wise town, Wise County
874	280	69	7 027	99.2	9 936	5 083	1 223	574	29.0	8.7	Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County
1 363	583	190	15 775	102.5	22 363	11 172	2 136	1 270	30.0	6.7	Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County
214	91	22	1 103	103.9	1 810	901	327	182	19.5	14.5	Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County
420	436	206	2 178	81.5	3 138	1 799	1 062	704	20.6	26.9	Woodstock town, Shenandoah County
189	72	10	3 088	100.0	3 970	2 025	271	140	35.7	4.4	Wyndham CDP, Henrico County
828	638	312	4 381	78.1	6 298	3 594	1 778	1 186	19.3	22.8	Wytheville town, Wythe County
225	74	24	3 254	106.9	4 776	2 260	323	179	29.1	4.8	Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County
28	14	5	105	93.3	184	99	47	26	9.4	23.2	Yorktown CDP, York County

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Race										Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
	Total population	One race					Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total population	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
The State	7 078 515	5 120 110	1 390 293	21 172	261 025	3 946	138 900	143 069	2.0	94 743	329 540
Accomack County	38 305	24 276	12 089	125	86	23	1 367	339	0.9	253	2 062
District 1	4 324	4 191	41	12	12	-	16	52	1.2	48	23
Chincoteague town	4 317	4 184	41	12	12	-	16	52	1.2	48	23
District 2	7 498	5 630	1 578	47	11	4	202	26	0.3	24	299
Hallwood town	290	244	13	3	-	-	26	4	1.4	4	37
Saxis town	337	329	3	-	-	-	4	1	0.3	1	3
Tangier town	604	601	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District 3	3 761	1 548	2 093	12	7	-	42	59	1.6	53	62
District 4	3 505	2 535	750	12	7	-	163	38	1.1	16	283
Bloxom town	395	321	26	2	-	-	40	6	1.5	-	56
Parksley town	837	688	90	5	4	-	36	14	1.7	11	64
District 5	4 076	1 462	2 105	7	6	5	440	51	1.3	35	676
District 6	3 825	2 108	1 387	7	23	13	253	34	0.9	26	339
Accomac town	547	389	135	-	14	-	5	4	0.7	4	12
District 7	3 678	2 768	809	14	10	-	51	26	0.7	16	104
Onancock town	1 525	1 013	479	7	1	-	10	15	1.0	7	44
Onley town	496	413	69	1	2	-	8	3	0.6	2	7
District 8	3 749	2 377	1 296	5	6	1	31	33	0.9	22	46
Keller town	173	140	22	1	-	-	6	4	2.3	-	10
Melfa town	450	371	71	1	-	-	6	1	0.2	-	10
Wachapreague town	236	220	6	1	-	-	4	5	2.1	1	4
District 9	3 889	1 657	2 030	9	4	-	169	20	0.5	13	230
Belle Haven town (part)	421	317	92	4	3	-	3	2	0.5	-	4
Painter town	246	161	74	1	-	-	6	4	1.6	3	14
Albemarle County	79 236	67 474	7 650	135	2 268	9	681	1 019	1.3	790	2 029
Jack Jouett district	8 981	7 051	768	17	899	2	89	155	1.7	100	278
Rio district	12 451	9 456	1 991	26	537	3	167	271	2.2	179	524
Rivanna district	18 904	16 434	1 745	21	408	1	90	205	1.1	176	301
Samuel Miller district	11 253	10 443	458	16	202	-	62	72	0.6	68	265
Scottsville district	14 222	11 588	2 077	36	131	3	204	183	1.3	155	429
Scottsville town (part)	530	496	25	3	2	-	-	4	0.8	4	1
White Hall district	13 425	12 502	611	19	91	-	69	133	1.0	112	232
Crozet CDP	2 820	2 592	166	2	17	-	10	33	1.2	31	45
Alleghany County	12 926	12 454	317	27	31	2	26	69	0.5	59	47
Boiling Spring district	2 793	2 757	16	3	3	-	4	10	0.4	10	5
Clifton district	2 777	2 679	63	5	2	-	5	23	0.8	19	11
Iron Gate town	404	382	21	-	-	-	-	1	0.2	1	-
Covington district	1 727	1 542	156	7	1	-	10	11	0.6	9	13
Falling Spring district	3 406	3 330	34	8	16	1	6	11	0.3	11	14
Jackson River district	2 223	2 146	48	4	9	1	1	14	0.6	10	4
Low Moor CDP	367	351	14	1	-	-	-	1	0.3	1	-
Selma CDP	485	483	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amelia County	11 400	8 045	3 198	32	19	2	28	76	0.7	61	91
District 1	2 532	1 702	800	8	7	-	9	6	0.2	6	24
District 2	1 926	1 529	370	-	-	2	5	20	1.0	18	20
District 3	2 192	1 686	470	4	5	-	5	22	1.0	13	25
District 4	2 519	1 965	516	11	7	-	3	17	0.7	15	9
District 5	2 231	1 163	1 042	9	-	-	6	11	0.5	9	13
Amherst County	31 894	24 772	6 311	259	113	6	132	301	0.9	235	306
District 1	6 792	4 771	1 817	67	16	-	27	94	1.4	77	77
Madison Heights CDP (part)	1 487	885	555	12	2	-	3	30	2.0	27	15
District 2	6 594	5 083	1 385	19	33	-	14	60	0.9	40	68
Amherst town	2 251	1 552	667	7	7	-	1	17	0.8	15	23
District 3	6 758	5 536	1 030	94	13	5	27	53	0.8	44	68
District 4	5 518	4 369	1 021	29	23	1	27	48	0.9	41	28
Madison Heights CDP (part)	3 865	3 114	654	15	22	-	27	33	0.9	27	23
District 5	6 232	5 013	1 058	50	28	-	37	46	0.7	33	65
Madison Heights CDP (part)	6 232	5 013	1 058	50	28	-	37	46	0.7	33	65
Appomattox County	13 705	10 408	3 140	18	23	3	36	77	0.6	67	65
Clover Hill district	3 500	2 750	715	6	1	-	10	18	0.5	18	15
Appomattox town (part)	203	90	107	3	-	-	-	3	1.5	3	-
Pamplin City town (part)	192	175	14	-	-	-	-	3	1.6	3	3
Southside district	6 405	4 956	1 369	7	20	1	17	35	0.5	28	42
Appomattox town (part)	1 558	1 088	459	2	-	-	2	7	0.4	5	4
Stonewall district	3 800	2 702	1 056	5	2	2	9	24	0.6	21	8
Arlington County	189 453	130 601	17 705	662	16 327	143	15 786	8 229	4.3	3 168	35 268
Arlington	189 453	130 601	17 705	662	16 327	143	15 786	8 229	4.3	3 168	35 268
Arlington CDP	189 453	130 601	17 705	662	16 327	143	15 786	8 229	4.3	3 168	35 268
Augusta County	65 615	62 347	2 360	101	185	15	210	397	0.6	327	620
Beverly Manor district	8 829	8 299	341	16	37	2	53	81	0.9	57	127
Jolivue CDP	1 037	961	29	-	16	-	10	21	2.0	11	32
Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	1 181	1 080	72	6	1	1	9	12	1.0	10	19
Verona CDP (part)	3 242	3 071	114	8	12	-	5	32	1.0	24	23
Middle River district	8 962	8 706	128	5	20	1	37	65	0.7	55	75
Crimora CDP	1 796	1 753	15	4	4	-	-	20	1.1	16	14
Dooms CDP (part)	26	23	1	-	-	-	-	2	7.7	2	-
Grottoes town (part)	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Weyers Cave CDP (part)	1 213	1 173	11	-	1	-	12	16	1.3	15	9
North River district	9 213	9 037	54	14	16	3	37	52	0.6	42	136
Verona CDP (part)	396	379	4	-	10	-	-	3	0.8	3	-
Weyers Cave CDP (part)	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pastures district	8 488	7 706	702	14	18	-	11	37	0.4	34	34
Craigsville town	979	947	17	3	-	-	2	10	1.0	10	4
Riverheads district	9 373	8 810	455	12	28	6	10	52	0.6	48	37
Greenville CDP	886	734	148	3	-	-	-	1	0.1	1	4
Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	836	809	14	-	8	-	1	4	0.5	4	3

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
6 748 975	4 965 637	70.2	1 376 378	18 596	259 277	3 380	11 685	114 022	88 625	The State	
36 243	23 697	61.9	12 039	106	86	10	35	270	238	Accomack County	
4 301	4 178	96.6	41	12	12	-	8	50	48	District 1	
4 294	4 171	96.6	41	12	12	-	8	50	48	Chincoteague town	
7 199	5 541	73.9	1 574	44	11	4	1	24	23	District 2	
253	233	80.3	13	3	-	-	-	4	4	Hallwood town	
334	329	97.6	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	Saxis town	
604	601	99.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Tangier town	
3 699	1 539	40.9	2 086	10	7	-	2	55	50	District 3	
3 222	2 431	69.4	750	8	7	-	6	20	16	District 4	
339	306	77.5	26	1	-	-	6	-	-	Bloxom town	
773	663	79.2	90	2	4	-	-	14	11	Parkley town	
3 400	1 263	31.0	2 096	6	6	-	-	29	25	District 5	
3 486	2 041	53.4	1 382	4	23	5	1	30	26	District 6	
535	382	69.8	135	-	14	-	-	4	4	Accomac town	
3 574	2 723	74.0	803	10	10	-	5	23	16	District 7	
1 481	985	64.6	473	7	1	-	2	13	7	Onancock town	
489	412	83.1	69	1	2	-	2	3	2	Onley town	
3 703	2 367	63.1	1 287	5	6	1	12	25	22	District 8	
163	140	80.9	22	1	-	-	-	-	-	Keller town	
440	364	80.9	71	1	-	-	3	1	-	Melfa town	
232	220	93.2	6	1	-	-	4	1	1	Wachapreague town	
3 659	1 614	41.5	2 020	7	4	-	-	14	12	District 9	
417	317	75.3	92	3	3	-	-	2	-	Belle Haven town (part)	
232	154	62.6	74	1	-	-	-	3	3	Painter town	
77 207	66 218	83.6	7 586	113	2 267	6	137	880	755	Albemarle County	
8 703	6 871	76.5	762	16	899	-	21	134	90	Jack Jouett district	
11 927	9 150	73.5	1 962	18	537	3	32	225	178	Rio district	
18 603	16 234	85.9	1 739	20	408	-	25	177	164	Rivanna district	
10 988	10 234	90.9	452	16	202	-	14	70	66	Samuel Miller district	
13 793	11 390	80.1	2 067	27	130	3	16	160	148	Scottsville district	
529	495	93.4	25	3	2	-	-	4	4	Scottsville town (part)	
13 193	12 339	91.9	604	16	91	-	29	114	109	White Hall district	
2 775	2 556	90.6	166	2	17	-	3	31	31	Crozet CDP	
12 879	12 428	96.1	314	27	30	2	11	67	59	Alleghany County	
2 788	2 752	98.5	16	3	3	-	4	10	10	Boiling Spring district	
2 766	2 672	96.2	63	5	1	-	2	23	19	Clifton district	
404	382	94.6	21	-	-	-	-	1	1	Iron Gate town	
1 714	1 539	89.1	153	7	1	-	4	10	9	Covington district	
3 392	3 321	97.5	34	8	16	1	1	11	11	Falling Spring district	
2 219	2 144	96.4	48	4	9	1	-	13	10	Jackson River district	
367	351	95.6	14	1	-	-	-	1	1	Low Moor CDP	
485	483	99.6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	Selma CDP	
11 309	8 007	70.2	3 183	32	19	2	5	61	59	Amelia County	
2 508	1 690	66.7	796	8	7	-	1	6	6	District 1	
1 906	1 520	78.9	367	-	2	1	1	16	16	District 2	
2 167	1 681	76.7	464	4	5	-	-	13	13	District 3	
2 510	1 961	77.8	515	11	7	-	-	16	15	District 4	
2 218	1 155	51.8	1 041	9	-	-	3	10	9	District 5	
31 588	24 645	77.3	6 267	250	108	6	56	256	231	Amherst County	
6 715	4 736	69.7	1 805	65	16	-	10	83	75	District 1	
1 472	883	59.4	549	12	2	-	-	26	25	Madison Heights CDP (part)	
6 526	5 043	76.5	1 377	18	33	-	9	46	40	District 2	
2 228	1 537	68.3	662	6	7	-	-	16	15	Amherst town	
6 690	5 514	81.6	1 018	94	13	5	2	44	42	District 3	
5 490	4 363	79.1	1 016	29	23	1	12	46	41	District 4	
3 842	3 109	80.4	652	15	22	-	12	32	27	Madison Heights CDP (part)	
6 167	4 989	80.1	1 051	44	23	-	23	37	33	District 5	
6 167	4 989	80.1	1 051	44	23	-	23	37	33	Madison Heights CDP (part)	
13 640	10 377	75.7	3 132	17	23	3	18	70	65	Appomattox County	
3 485	2 747	78.5	715	5	1	-	1	16	16	Clover Hill district	
203	90	44.3	107	3	-	-	-	3	3	Appomattox town (part)	
189	174	90.6	14	-	-	-	-	1	1	Pamplin City town (part)	
6 363	4 930	77.0	1 362	7	20	1	12	31	28	Southside district	
1 554	1 087	69.8	457	2	-	-	2	6	5	Appomattox town (part)	
3 792	2 700	71.1	1 055	5	2	2	5	23	21	Stonewall district	
154 185	114 489	60.4	17 244	418	16 232	114	587	5 101	2 773	Arlington County	
154 185	114 489	60.4	17 244	418	16 232	114	587	5 101	2 773	Arlington	
154 185	114 489	60.4	17 244	418	16 232	114	587	5 101	2 773	Arlington CDP	
64 995	61 970	94.4	2 354	91	184	11	38	347	310	Augusta County	
8 702	8 233	93.2	340	14	37	1	7	70	52	Beverly Manor district	
1 005	938	90.5	28	-	16	-	2	21	11	Jolivet CDP	
1 162	1 068	90.4	72	6	1	1	4	10	8	Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	
3 219	3 059	94.4	114	6	12	-	-	28	22	Verona CDP (part)	
8 887	8 667	96.7	127	5	20	1	14	53	51	Middle River district	
1 782	1 743	97.0	15	4	4	-	-	16	15	Crimora CDP	
26	23	88.5	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	Dooms CDP (part)	
4	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Grottoes town (part)	
1 204	1 170	96.5	10	-	1	-	9	14	14	Weyers Cave CDP (part)	
9 077	8 943	97.1	54	13	16	-	-	51	42	North River district	
396	379	95.7	4	-	10	-	-	3	3	Verona CDP (part)	
12	12	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Weyers Cave CDP (part)	
8 454	7 678	90.5	702	14	17	-	8	35	33	Pastures district	
975	945	96.5	17	3	-	-	-	10	10	Craigsville town	
9 336	8 789	93.8	454	11	28	6	3	45	44	Riverheads district	
882	730	82.4	148	3	-	-	-	1	1	Greenville CDP	
833	807	96.5	14	-	8	-	-	4	4	Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, other race, and three or more races		
Augusta County—Con.												
South River district	10 526	10 026	337	28	23	3	56	53	0.5	44	135	
Lyndhurst CDP (part)	1 352	1 249	77	2	4	-	11	9	0.7	7	18	
Sherando CDP (part)	665	641	8	4	3	-	4	5	0.8	4	5	
Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	6 350	6 082	202	16	8	3	14	25	0.4	19	67	
Wayne district	10 224	9 763	343	12	43	-	6	57	0.6	47	76	
Dooms CDP (part)	1 256	1 226	16	-	1	-	-	13	1.0	13	8	
Fishersville CDP	4 998	4 736	199	6	21	-	4	32	0.6	27	31	
Lyndhurst CDP (part)	175	173	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
Sherando CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Bath County	5 048	4 659	317	11	19	3	5	34	0.7	34	18	
Cedar Creek district	862	755	89	3	10	-	-	5	0.6	5	-	
Millboro district	1 028	999	23	-	-	-	-	6	0.6	6	8	
Valley Springs district	1 012	977	32	-	-	-	1	2	0.2	2	3	
Warm Springs district	953	896	46	-	-	-	2	9	0.9	9	4	
Williamsville district	1 193	1 032	127	8	9	3	2	12	1.0	12	3	
Bedford County	60 371	55 649	3 767	119	261	9	121	445	0.7	389	449	
Blue Ridge district	14 407	13 993	243	28	33	2	22	86	0.6	74	81	
Center district	8 632	7 518	1 016	9	20	-	16	53	0.6	48	53	
Jefferson district	18 664	17 171	1 090	29	171	6	41	156	0.8	141	159	
Forest CDP	8 006	7 349	452	8	109	1	22	65	0.8	62	76	
Lakes district	11 711	10 623	903	38	24	-	17	106	0.9	85	101	
Peaks district	6 957	6 344	515	15	13	1	25	44	0.6	41	55	
Bland County	6 871	6 515	288	6	8	1	6	47	0.7	31	32	
Mechanicsburg district	2 291	2 039	218	-	3	1	5	25	1.1	9	12	
Rocky Gap district	2 316	2 226	70	6	-	-	1	13	0.6	13	12	
Seddon district	1 566	1 554	-	-	5	-	-	7	0.4	7	8	
Sharon district	698	696	-	-	-	-	-	2	0.3	2	-	
Botetourt County	30 496	28 944	1 073	66	144	1	59	209	0.7	173	181	
Amsterdam district	6 225	5 990	163	6	27	-	9	30	0.5	30	51	
Cloverdale CDP (part)	182	176	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Daleville CDP	1 454	1 415	22	3	6	-	2	6	0.4	6	15	
Hollins CDP (part)	140	55	79	-	-	-	-	6	4.3	6	1	
Blue Ridge district	5 505	5 269	135	12	40	-	6	43	0.8	35	26	
Blue Ridge CDP (part)	3 100	2 951	91	7	16	-	2	33	1.1	25	17	
Laymantown CDP	2 034	1 972	34	5	12	-	4	7	0.3	7	7	
Buchanan district	5 302	5 053	183	15	17	-	1	33	0.6	33	21	
Buchanan town	1 233	1 120	98	1	4	-	-	10	0.8	10	9	
Fincastle district	5 327	5 008	247	18	7	-	16	31	0.6	24	34	
Fincastle town	359	322	27	1	1	-	6	2	0.6	2	7	
Valley district	8 137	7 624	345	15	53	1	27	72	0.9	51	49	
Blue Ridge CDP (part)	88	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cloverdale CDP (part)	2 804	2 661	64	3	31	-	24	21	0.7	13	23	
Troutville town	432	421	3	-	-	-	-	8	1.9	5	2	
Brunswick County	18 419	7 734	10 472	16	40	1	62	94	0.5	65	231	
Meherrin district	3 730	1 988	1 714	4	4	1	5	14	0.4	11	29	
Brodnax town (part)	272	131	141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Powellton district	1 921	1 055	852	2	1	-	7	4	0.2	4	20	
Red Oak district	2 735	1 279	1 422	2	18	-	5	9	0.3	9	44	
Alberta town	306	183	121	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	
Sturgeon district	2 319	791	1 508	-	-	-	8	12	0.5	8	12	
Tolaro district	7 714	2 621	4 976	8	17	-	37	55	0.7	33	126	
Lawrenceville town	1 275	424	824	4	3	-	-	20	1.6	6	18	
Buchanan County	26 978	26 101	708	16	37	1	26	89	0.3	78	128	
Garden district	4 571	4 072	470	1	6	-	6	16	0.4	15	24	
Hurricane district	3 705	3 695	3	3	-	-	-	7	0.2	6	24	
Knox district	3 781	3 765	3	2	-	-	-	11	0.3	11	20	
North Grundy district	4 284	4 028	195	2	18	-	20	21	0.5	19	41	
Grundy town (part)	389	176	192	-	-	-	20	1	0.3	1	29	
Prater district	3 553	3 541	3	1	1	-	-	7	0.2	7	9	
Vansant CDP (part)	243	243	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rock Lick district	3 991	3 969	2	6	-	-	-	14	0.4	12	4	
South Grundy district	3 093	3 031	35	1	12	1	-	13	0.4	8	6	
Grundy town (part)	716	699	6	-	5	1	-	5	0.7	2	2	
Vansant CDP (part)	746	735	-	-	6	-	-	5	0.7	3	3	
Buckingham County	15 623	9 235	6 102	32	27	1	57	169	1.1	149	126	
Curdsville No. 2 district	2 138	1 356	734	2	4	-	8	34	1.6	27	22	
Dillwyn town	447	256	177	-	-	-	3	11	2.5	4	3	
Francisco No. 3 district	2 271	1 608	617	4	5	1	8	28	1.2	24	24	
Gold Hill No. 7 district	2 918	1 140	1 754	2	7	-	6	9	0.3	9	15	
James River No. 5 district	2 175	1 507	678	3	4	-	3	30	1.4	27	11	
Marshall No. 1 district	1 937	1 200	706	7	-	-	16	8	0.4	8	26	
Maysville No. 4 district	1 978	1 340	610	4	5	-	9	10	0.5	9	18	
Slate River No. 6 district	2 206	1 084	1 053	10	2	-	7	50	2.3	45	10	
Campbell County	51 078	42 516	7 516	99	315	3	170	459	0.9	412	423	
Alta Vista district	7 155	5 558	1 499	6	10	-	32	50	0.7	45	53	
Altavista town	3 425	2 543	841	3	7	-	11	20	0.6	19	32	
Brookneal district	6 561	4 403	2 094	2	2	-	13	47	0.7	47	72	
Brookneal town	1 259	803	437	-	-	-	7	12	1.0	12	20	
Concord district	7 384	6 138	1 102	22	21	1	21	79	1.1	69	58	
Rustburg district	7 684	6 652	921	15	5	-	19	72	0.9	59	48	
Rustburg CDP	1 271	951	300	1	1	-	1	17	1.3	15	2	
Seneca district	7 895	6 770	994	15	31	-	17	68	0.9	61	55	
Timberlake CDP (part)	162	154	1	-	1	-	-	6	3.7	6	-	
Sunburst district	7 552	6 656	616	17	132	1	47	83	1.1	81	91	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
10 391	9 958	94.6	334	25	23	3	3	45	41	Augusta County—Con.	
1 334	1 241	91.8	77	2	4	-	2	8	7	South River district	
660	640	96.2	8	4	3	-	-	5	4	Lyndhurst CDP (part)	
6 283	6 038	95.1	199	16	8	3	1	18	16	Sherando CDP (part)	
10 148	9 702	94.9	343	9	43	-	3	48	47	Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	
1 248	1 218	97.0	16	-	1	-	-	13	13	Wayne district	
4 967	4 713	94.3	199	5	21	-	2	27	27	Dooms CDP (part)	
164	162	92.6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	Fishersville CDP	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Lyndhurst CDP (part)	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sherando CDP (part)	
5 030	4 645	92.0	317	11	19	3	1	34	34	Bath County	
862	755	87.6	89	3	10	-	-	5	5	Cedar Creek district	
1 020	991	96.4	23	-	-	-	-	6	6	Milboro district	
1 009	974	96.2	32	-	-	-	1	2	2	Valley Springs district	
949	894	93.8	46	-	-	-	-	9	9	Warm Springs district	
1 190	1 031	86.4	127	8	9	3	-	12	12	Williamsville district	
59 922	55 358	91.7	3 752	113	258	7	28	406	372	Bedford County	
14 326	13 941	96.8	242	27	33	1	1	81	74	Blue Ridge district	
8 579	7 481	86.7	1 015	9	20	-	4	50	47	Center district	
18 505	17 060	91.4	1 085	26	170	6	14	144	132	Jefferson district	
7 930	7 294	91.1	451	7	109	1	8	60	59	Forest CDP	
11 610	10 562	90.2	895	36	22	-	8	87	78	Lakes district	
6 902	6 314	90.8	515	15	13	-	1	44	41	Peaks district	
6 839	6 495	94.5	285	5	8	1	-	45	29	Bland County	
2 279	2 032	88.7	218	-	3	1	-	25	9	Mechanicsburg district	
2 304	2 221	95.9	67	5	-	-	-	11	11	Rocky Gap district	
1 558	1 546	98.7	-	-	5	-	-	7	7	Seddon district	
698	696	99.7	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Sharon district	
30 315	28 833	94.5	1 067	65	144	1	24	181	165	Botetourt County	
6 174	5 950	95.6	161	6	27	-	1	29	29	Amsterdam district	
182	176	96.7	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	Cloverdale CDP (part)	
1 439	1 402	96.4	22	3	6	-	-	6	6	Daleville CDP	
139	54	38.6	79	-	-	-	-	6	6	Hollins CDP (part)	
5 479	5 253	95.4	134	12	40	-	5	35	33	Blue Ridge district	
3 083	2 942	94.9	90	7	16	-	1	27	25	Blue Ridge CDP (part)	
2 027	1 965	96.6	34	5	12	-	4	7	7	Laymantown CDP	
5 281	5 034	94.9	183	15	17	-	-	32	32	Buchanan district	
1 224	1 112	90.2	98	1	4	-	-	9	9	Buchanan town	
5 293	4 991	93.7	247	17	7	-	5	26	24	Fincastle district	
352	319	88.9	27	-	1	-	3	2	2	Fincastle town	
8 088	7 605	93.5	342	15	53	1	13	59	47	Valley district	
88	88	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Blue Ridge CDP (part)	
2 781	2 658	94.8	61	3	31	-	13	15	13	Cloverdale CDP (part)	
430	419	97.0	3	-	-	-	-	8	5	Troutville town	
18 188	7 629	41.4	10 416	15	40	1	10	77	57	Brunswick County	
3 701	1 971	52.8	1 711	4	4	1	-	10	7	Meherrin district	
266	126	46.3	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	Brodnax town (part)	
1 901	1 046	54.5	845	2	1	-	3	4	4	Powellton district	
2 691	1 239	45.3	1 421	1	18	-	3	9	9	Red Oak district	
305	182	59.5	121	-	1	-	1	-	-	Alberta town	
2 307	791	34.1	1 506	-	-	-	-	10	8	Sturgeon district	
7 588	2 582	33.5	4 933	8	17	-	4	44	29	Totaro district	
1 257	422	33.1	812	4	3	-	-	16	6	Lawrenceville town	
26 850	26 007	96.4	706	15	37	1	1	83	73	Buchanan County	
4 547	4 054	88.7	470	1	6	-	-	16	15	Garden district	
3 681	3 676	99.2	-	3	-	-	-	2	1	Hurricane district	
3 761	3 745	99.0	3	2	-	-	-	11	11	Knox district	
4 243	4 008	93.6	194	2	18	-	1	20	19	North Grundy district	
360	167	42.9	191	-	-	-	-	1	1	Grundy town (part)	
3 544	3 534	99.5	2	-	1	-	-	7	7	Prater district	
243	243	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Vansant CDP (part)	
3 987	3 965	99.3	2	6	-	-	-	14	12	Rock Lick district	
3 087	3 025	97.8	35	1	12	1	-	13	8	South Grundy district	
714	697	97.3	6	-	5	1	-	5	2	Grundy town (part)	
743	732	98.1	-	-	6	-	-	5	3	Vansant CDP (part)	
15 497	9 184	58.8	6 073	31	27	1	21	160	144	Buckingham County	
2 116	1 340	62.7	733	2	4	-	5	32	27	Curdsville No. 2 district	
444	256	57.3	176	-	-	-	3	9	4	Dillwyn town	
2 247	1 603	70.6	601	4	5	1	5	28	24	Francisco No. 3 district	
2 903	1 131	38.8	1 754	2	7	-	-	9	9	Gold Hill No. 7 district	
2 164	1 500	69.0	628	3	4	-	2	27	25	James River No. 5 district	
1 911	1 194	61.6	702	6	-	-	2	7	7	Marshall No. 1 district	
1 960	1 334	67.4	603	4	5	-	5	9	9	Maysville No. 4 district	
2 196	1 082	49.0	1 052	10	2	-	2	48	43	Slate River No. 6 district	
50 655	42 298	82.8	7 465	97	313	2	41	439	404	Campbell County	
7 102	5 538	77.4	1 487	6	9	-	14	48	45	Alta Vista district	
3 393	2 527	73.8	832	3	7	-	4	20	19	Altavista town	
6 489	4 365	66.5	2 075	2	2	-	-	45	45	Brookneal district	
1 239	793	63.0	434	-	-	-	-	12	12	Brookneal town	
7 326	6 105	82.7	1 100	21	20	1	7	72	67	Concord district	
7 636	6 624	86.2	919	15	5	-	3	70	59	Rustburg district	
1 269	950	74.7	300	1	1	-	-	17	15	Rustburg CDP	
7 840	6 731	85.3	990	15	31	-	7	66	61	Seneca district	
162	154	95.1	1	-	1	-	-	6	6	Timberlake CDP (part)	
7 461	6 616	87.6	608	17	132	-	9	79	77	Sunburst district	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popula- tion	Two races exclud- ing Some, or three or more races	
Campbell County—Con. Sunburst district—Con. Timberlake CDP (part)	3 674	3 242	288	8	68	1	29	38	1.0	37	62
Timberlake district	6 847	6 339	290	22	114	1	21	60	0.9	50	46
Timberlake CDP (part)	6 847	6 339	290	22	114	1	21	60	0.9	50	46
Caroline County	22 121	13 842	7 604	172	79	6	116	302	1.4	267	295
Bowling Green district	4 251	2 866	1 191	87	15	1	40	51	1.2	42	83
Bowling Green town (part)	860	676	172	5	-	-	2	5	0.6	2	18
Madison district	6 000	4 511	1 323	17	30	1	38	80	1.3	74	65
Mattaponi district	3 843	1 914	1 807	33	19	2	10	58	1.5	46	43
Bowling Green town (part)	76	74	-	-	-	-	1	1	1.3	1	-
Port Royal district	3 925	2 686	1 132	22	9	1	7	68	1.7	64	67
Port Royal town	170	101	65	-	-	-	1	3	1.8	3	1
Reedy Church district	4 102	1 865	2 151	13	6	1	21	45	1.1	41	37
Carroll County	29 245	28 651	129	40	29	-	240	156	0.5	118	479
Fancy Gap district	4 926	4 822	14	13	3	-	35	39	0.8	32	74
Cana CDP	1 228	1 194	1	1	-	-	19	13	1.1	10	33
Fancy Gap CDP (part)	23	22	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Laurel Fork district	4 769	4 712	6	5	3	-	35	8	0.2	8	57
Fancy Gap CDP (part)	128	127	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hillsville town (part)	539	537	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.2	1	-
Pine Creek district	3 623	3 572	2	8	6	-	11	24	0.7	12	27
Hillsville town (part)	538	528	-	3	1	-	4	2	0.4	2	11
Piper Gap district	7 530	7 266	80	4	8	-	119	53	0.7	40	225
Fancy Gap CDP (part)	109	109	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hillsville town (part)	679	624	1	1	1	-	34	18	2.7	8	57
Woodlawn CDP (part)	811	795	4	2	1	-	7	2	0.2	2	10
Sulphur Springs district	8 397	8 279	27	10	9	-	40	32	0.4	26	96
Hillsville town (part)	851	824	4	-	8	-	8	7	0.8	3	19
Woodlawn CDP (part)	1 438	1 422	7	4	1	-	1	3	0.2	3	11
Charles City County	6 926	2 470	3 799	543	7	-	12	95	1.4	85	45
Chickahominy district	2 117	815	1 250	19	1	-	8	24	1.1	20	16
Harrison district	2 354	1 069	1 166	88	2	-	2	27	1.1	25	14
Tyler district	2 455	586	1 383	436	4	-	2	44	1.8	40	15
Charlotte County	12 472	8 171	4 102	18	20	-	87	74	0.6	69	206
Bacon district	2 915	1 721	1 146	5	14	-	18	11	0.4	10	58
Central district	1 627	1 175	444	3	-	-	1	4	0.2	2	15
Drakes Branch town	504	299	202	-	-	-	1	2	0.4	-	10
Madison district	2 390	1 477	848	8	3	-	28	26	1.1	25	38
Charlotte Court House town (part)	129	43	85	-	-	-	-	1	0.8	1	1
Midway district	778	524	245	-	-	-	5	4	0.5	4	12
Roanoke district	2 002	1 319	656	2	-	-	7	18	0.9	17	13
Charlotte Court House town (part)	180	121	57	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Phenix town	200	183	16	-	-	-	-	1	0.5	1	-
Walton district	2 760	1 955	763	-	3	-	28	11	0.4	11	70
Charlotte Court House town (part)	95	59	35	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Keysville town	817	529	274	-	1	-	9	4	0.5	4	9
Chesterfield County	259 903	199 447	46 195	851	6 154	111	3 472	3 673	1.4	2 585	7 617
Bermuda district	51 943	39 732	8 418	218	1 393	40	1 197	945	1.8	622	2 715
Bellwood CDP	5 974	4 132	1 214	48	153	2	260	165	2.8	91	449
Bensley CDP (part)	4 540	2 839	1 065	32	204	6	248	146	3.2	53	652
Chester CDP (part)	16 461	13 846	1 737	67	378	16	175	242	1.5	193	517
Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	34	21	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clover Hill district	45 759	35 392	7 954	143	1 143	10	471	646	1.4	478	1 042
Dale district	47 890	30 398	14 227	217	1 135	28	1 015	870	1.8	577	1 901
Bensley CDP (part)	895	549	257	3	35	-	26	25	2.8	16	37
Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	2 996	2 000	818	19	44	3	54	58	1.9	49	118
Matoaca district	65 575	51 502	11 821	186	977	20	397	672	1.0	508	1 031
Chester CDP (part)	1 429	695	666	11	8	3	13	33	2.3	19	30
Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	528	478	25	6	8	-	1	10	1.9	9	6
Ettrick CDP	5 627	1 209	4 228	18	29	5	56	82	1.5	67	125
Matoaca CDP	2 273	1 490	730	5	7	1	6	34	1.5	22	17
Midlothian district	48 736	42 423	3 775	87	1 506	13	392	540	1.1	400	928
Bon Air CDP	16 213	14 090	1 366	26	410	6	137	178	1.1	125	281
Clarke County	12 652	11 532	852	24	62	4	70	108	0.9	94	185
Berryville district	2 043	1 636	365	3	10	-	3	26	1.3	24	29
Berryville town (part)	2 043	1 636	365	3	10	-	3	26	1.3	24	29
Buckmarsh district	2 696	2 568	75	3	11	2	17	20	0.7	15	44
Berryville town (part)	329	300	25	-	-	-	-	4	1.2	4	5
Millwood district	2 489	2 320	109	7	13	-	16	24	1.0	21	38
Boyce town (part)	133	126	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Russell district	3 017	2 898	53	3	19	1	20	23	0.8	22	37
Berryville town (part)	591	569	13	-	7	-	1	1	0.2	1	5
White Post district	2 407	2 110	250	8	9	1	14	15	0.6	12	37
Boyce town (part)	293	242	43	5	1	-	-	2	0.7	2	-
Craig County	5 091	5 037	10	11	8	-	7	18	0.4	17	17
Craig City district	967	953	-	2	5	-	2	5	0.5	5	3
Craig Creek district	1 007	995	2	1	1	-	2	6	0.6	5	3
New Castle district	1 041	1 032	-	5	-	-	2	2	0.2	2	3
New Castle town	179	179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Potts Mountain district	1 028	1 015	7	3	-	-	1	2	0.2	2	5
Simmonsville district	1 048	1 042	1	-	2	-	-	3	0.3	3	3
Culpeper County	34 262	26 816	6 220	112	225	5	394	490	1.4	410	858
Catalpa district	4 650	4 094	481	15	8	2	16	34	0.7	29	45
Cedar Mountain district	5 656	3 692	1 763	19	39	-	65	78	1.4	70	134
East Fairfax district	4 360	2 926	1 153	7	75	1	99	99	2.3	64	241
Culpeper town (part)	4 360	2 926	1 153	7	75	1	99	99	2.3	64	241

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino									State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races			
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation								
3 612	3 214	87.5	282	8	68	-	2	-	Campbell County—Con. Sunburst district—Con.	
6 801	6 319	92.3	286	21	114	1	1	38	Timberlake CDP (part)	
6 801	6 319	92.3	286	21	114	1	1	59	Timberlake district Timberlake CDP (part)	
21 826	13 710	62.0	7 562	168	79	3	33	271	Caroline County	
4 168	2 837	66.7	1 182	87	15	-	4	43	Bowling Green district	
842	668	77.7	167	5	-	-	-	2	Bowling Green town (part)	
5 935	4 475	74.6	1 318	17	30	1	18	76	Madison district	
3 800	1 899	49.4	1 796	29	19	-	4	53	Mattaponi district	
76	74	97.4	-	-	-	-	1	1	Bowling Green town (part)	
3 858	2 644	67.4	1 124	22	9	1	3	55	Port Royal district	
169	101	59.4	65	-	-	-	-	3	Port Royal town	
4 065	1 855	45.2	2 142	13	6	1	4	44	Reedy Church district	
28 766	28 436	97.2	129	40	28	-	10	123	Carroll County	
4 852	4 787	97.2	14	13	3	-	2	33	Fancy Gap district	
1 195	1 182	96.3	1	1	-	-	-	11	Cana CDP	
22	22	95.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	Fancy Gap CDP (part)	
4 712	4 690	98.3	6	5	3	-	-	8	Laurel Fork district	
128	127	99.2	-	1	-	-	-	-	Fancy Gap CDP (part)	
539	537	99.6	-	-	1	-	-	1	Hillsville town (part)	
3 596	3 561	98.3	2	8	6	-	1	18	Pine Creek district	
527	521	96.8	-	3	1	-	-	2	Hillsville town (part)	
7 305	7 169	95.2	80	4	8	-	7	37	Piper Gap district	
109	109	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	Fancy Gap CDP (part)	
622	614	90.4	1	1	1	-	-	5	Hillsville town (part)	
801	789	97.3	4	2	1	-	3	2	Woodlawn CDP (part)	
8 301	8 229	98.0	27	10	8	-	-	27	Sulphur Springs district	
832	817	96.0	4	-	7	-	-	4	Hillsville town (part)	
1 427	1 413	98.3	7	4	1	-	-	2	Woodlawn CDP (part)	
6 881	2 454	35.4	3 795	535	7	-	2	88	Charles City County	
2 101	811	38.3	1 247	19	1	-	1	22	Chickahominy district	
2 340	1 061	45.1	1 165	87	2	-	1	24	Harrison district	
2 440	582	23.7	1 383	429	4	-	-	42	Tyler district	
12 266	8 053	64.6	4 087	17	20	-	21	68	Charlotte County	
2 857	1 685	57.8	1 144	5	14	-	-	9	Bacon district	
1 612	1 165	71.6	442	3	-	-	-	2	Central district	
494	293	58.1	201	-	-	-	-	-	Drakes Branch town	
2 352	1 456	60.9	848	7	3	-	14	24	Madison district	
128	43	33.3	85	-	-	-	-	-	Charlotte Court House town (part)	
766	519	66.7	242	-	-	-	-	4	Midway district	
1 989	1 313	65.6	654	2	-	-	2	18	Roanoke district	
178	121	67.2	57	-	-	-	-	-	Charlotte Court House town (part)	
200	183	91.5	16	-	-	-	-	1	Phenix town	
2 690	1 915	69.4	757	-	3	-	4	11	Walton district	
94	59	62.1	35	-	-	-	-	-	Charlotte Court House town (part)	
808	526	64.4	274	-	1	-	3	4	Keysville town	
252 286	196 076	75.4	45 797	795	6 123	95	377	3 023	Chesterfield County	
49 228	38 508	74.1	8 291	197	1 384	27	73	748	Bermuda district	
5 525	4 001	67.0	1 206	38	152	2	7	119	Bellwood CDP	
3 888	2 506	55.2	1 042	26	204	1	15	94	Bensley CDP (part)	
15 944	13 554	82.3	1 707	66	374	12	13	218	Chester CDP (part)	
34	21	61.8	13	-	-	-	-	-	Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	
44 717	34 936	76.3	7 905	128	1 134	10	67	537	Clover Hill district	
45 989	29 724	62.1	14 124	209	1 133	27	74	698	Dale district	
858	545	60.9	254	2	35	-	-	22	Bensley CDP (part)	
2 878	1 946	65.0	814	19	44	3	2	50	Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	
64 544	50 962	77.7	11 745	183	970	19	93	572	Matoaca district	
1 399	688	48.1	661	11	8	3	3	25	Chester CDP (part)	
522	474	89.8	25	6	8	-	-	9	Chesterfield Court House CDP (part)	
5 502	1 183	21.0	4 187	18	28	5	5	76	Ettrick CDP	
2 256	1 487	65.4	727	5	5	1	3	28	Matoaca CDP	
47 808	41 946	86.1	3 732	78	1 502	12	70	468	Midlothian district	
15 932	13 965	86.1	1 349	24	410	5	29	150	Bon Air CDP	
12 467	11 422	90.3	848	23	61	4	14	95	Clarke County	
2 014	1 616	79.1	363	3	10	-	2	20	Berryville district	
2 014	1 616	79.1	363	3	10	-	2	20	Berryville town (part)	
2 652	2 546	94.4	75	3	11	2	-	15	Buckmarsh district	
324	295	89.7	25	-	-	-	-	4	Berryville town (part)	
2 451	2 299	92.4	109	6	13	-	-	24	Millwood district	
133	126	94.7	7	-	-	-	-	-	Boyce town (part)	
2 980	2 876	95.3	52	3	18	1	8	22	Russell district	
586	565	95.6	13	-	7	-	-	1	Berryville town (part)	
2 370	2 085	86.6	249	8	9	1	4	14	White Post district	
293	242	82.6	43	5	1	-	-	2	Boyce town (part)	
5 074	5 023	98.7	9	10	8	-	6	18	Craig County	
964	950	98.2	-	2	5	-	2	5	Craig City district	
1 004	992	98.5	2	1	1	-	2	6	Craig Creek district	
1 038	1 030	98.9	-	4	-	-	2	2	New Castle district	
179	179	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	New Castle town	
1 023	1 012	98.4	6	3	-	-	-	2	Potts Mountain district	
1 045	1 039	99.1	1	-	2	-	-	3	Simmonsville district	
33 404	26 413	77.1	6 188	96	225	4	59	419	Culpeper County	
4 605	4 066	87.4	479	15	8	2	4	31	Catalpa district	
5 522	3 632	64.2	1 761	14	39	-	3	73	Cedar Mountain district	
4 119	2 807	64.4	1 149	7	75	1	14	66	East Fairfax district	
4 119	2 807	64.4	1 149	7	75	1	14	66	Culpeper town (part)	

Table 3. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
5 934	5 307	88.3	525	27	19	-	7	49	43	Culpeper County—Con.	
4 533	3 866	84.2	564	13	7	1	10	72	68	Jefferson district	
4 769	3 569	72.0	1 074	14	34	-	6	72	71	Salem district	
1 183	651	51.4	483	6	10	-	5	28	28	Stevensburg district	
3 922	3 166	78.4	636	6	43	-	15	56	54	Culpeper town (part)	
3 922	3 166	78.4	636	6	43	-	15	56	54	West Fairfax district	
										Culpeper town (part)	
8 867	5 386	59.7	3 349	12	31	-	9	80	75	Cumberland County	
1 598	1 015	62.4	570	3	2	-	-	8	8	District 1	
1 844	1 277	68.4	534	3	3	-	2	25	23	District 2	
1 928	812	41.1	1 091	1	2	-	1	21	18	District 3	
1 735	1 210	68.6	487	5	15	-	5	13	13	District 4	
1 762	1 072	60.1	667	-	9	-	1	13	13	District 5	
472	312	65.4	154	-	3	-	-	3	3	Farmville town (part)	
16 325	16 163	98.6	58	18	12	-	4	70	60	Dickenson County	
3 477	3 454	98.9	1	2	4	-	-	16	11	Clintwood district	
2	2	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Clinchco town (part)	
773	768	98.8	-	1	-	-	-	4	3	Clintwood town (part)	
3 047	2 989	97.6	38	3	4	-	1	12	12	Ervinton district	
416	376	89.1	38	-	-	-	1	1	1	Clinchco town (part)	
3 579	3 564	99.2	4	3	-	-	-	8	8	Kenady district	
2 828	2 806	98.7	8	2	-	-	2	10	9	Sand Lick district	
186	182	97.8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	Haysi town (part)	
3 394	3 350	98.4	7	8	4	-	1	24	20	Willis district	
768	751	97.3	3	2	2	-	-	10	8	Clintwood town (part)	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Haysi town (part)	
24 296	15 735	64.1	8 221	54	74	8	17	187	182	Dinwiddie County	
5 024	4 056	80.3	907	20	7	-	1	33	31	District 1	
5 050	3 517	68.6	1 465	16	13	-	9	30	30	District 2	
6 206	3 897	62.0	2 180	11	34	6	4	74	72	District 3	
4 006	2 131	52.9	1 828	5	12	1	2	27	27	District 4	
4 010	2 134	52.8	1 841	2	8	1	1	23	22	District 5	
432	290	65.8	140	-	1	-	-	1	1	McKenney town	
9 917	5 762	57.7	3 879	54	81	2	19	120	116	Essex County	
2 546	1 748	68.1	744	2	13	2	5	32	31	Central district	
2 289	751	32.5	1 452	35	6	-	10	35	34	North district	
2 395	1 719	71.3	626	14	9	-	1	26	26	South district	
2 687	1 544	57.2	1 057	3	53	-	3	27	25	Town district	
2 060	1 128	54.5	857	2	52	-	3	18	17	Tappahannock town	
862 791	624 296	64.4	81 287	1 834	125 585	616	2 473	26 700	17 603	Fairfax County	
83 520	60 916	66.4	5 026	183	14 765	81	2 319	1 646	1 646	Braddock district	
18 888	12 091	55.3	1 209	60	4 842	12	54	620	375	Annandale CDP (part)	
14 829	11 243	69.8	748	33	2 331	8	29	437	358	Burke CDP (part)	
8 210	6 127	66.8	334	10	1 475	19	12	233	151	North Springfield CDP	
1 237	754	55.4	146	2	263	-	4	68	23	Springfield CDP (part)	
6 900	5 496	75.2	210	20	1 041	6	17	110	85	West Springfield CDP (part)	
95 844	76 287	71.9	4 330	165	11 997	40	313	2 712	1 748	Dranesville district	
8 330	7 423	86.8	98	9	633	3	14	150	100	Great Falls CDP	
16 022	10 171	47.0	2 000	64	2 992	8	81	706	423	Herndon town	
360	286	76.9	12	-	52	1	-	9	9	Idylwood CDP (part)	
37 365	31 667	81.3	602	29	4 124	12	81	850	556	McLean CDP (part)	
5 127	4 033	65.6	146	18	705	9	22	194	103	Pimmit Hills CDP	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Reston CDP (part)	
2 578	2 152	81.7	33	3	331	-	18	41	23	Wolf Trap CDP (part)	
101 563	78 635	71.0	7 268	155	12 222	38	309	2 936	2 021	Hunter Mill district	
3 399	2 665	70.7	115	1	472	1	4	141	87	Oakton CDP (part)	
50 708	38 563	68.4	5 017	102	5 408	20	187	1 411	1 035	Reston CDP (part)	
3 786	2 942	73.7	125	2	558	-	9	150	77	Tysons Corner CDP (part)	
13 265	11 029	77.0	483	13	1 347	-	34	359	237	Vienna town (part)	
11 055	9 670	85.1	212	13	839	-	14	307	157	Wolf Trap CDP (part)	
95 775	59 046	52.5	19 584	217	13 206	79	264	3 379	2 392	Lee district	
29 570	20 744	65.0	4 263	76	3 401	31	91	964	721	Franconia CDP	
14 253	8 747	49.9	3 437	41	1 472	17	47	492	338	Groveton CDP (part)	
3 873	1 418	25.2	1 664	15	638	3	6	129	85	Hybla Valley CDP (part)	
14 528	5 587	31.0	6 887	32	1 345	12	48	617	384	Mount Vernon CDP (part)	
2 016	1 315	60.3	340	-	248	3	-	110	88	Newington CDP (part)	
13 454	10 301	68.4	1 396	37	1 273	7	30	410	312	Rose Hill CDP	
18 063	10 917	49.2	1 597	15	4 829	6	42	657	464	Springfield CDP (part)	
77 958	48 345	47.4	9 009	211	15 980	64	328	4 021	1 778	Mason district	
21 991	15 318	59.9	1 479	42	4 349	21	77	705	421	Annandale CDP (part)	
14 570	7 741	33.4	2 391	65	2 847	21	102	1 403	434	Bailey's Crossroads CDP	
9 901	6 766	55.5	307	31	2 544	3	19	231	153	Jefferson CDP (part)	
7 595	5 993	67.3	425	12	852	4	14	295	162	Lake Barcroft CDP	
12 256	6 060	38.4	2 933	30	2 366	3	61	803	320	Lincolnia CDP	
733	573	76.5	9	1	128	-	-	22	22	Mantua CDP (part)	
5 168	2 468	28.4	558	11	1 766	5	31	329	137	Seven Corners CDP	
5 744	3 426	50.0	907	19	1 128	7	24	233	129	Springfield CDP (part)	
83 193	58 485	63.9	16 616	250	5 076	116	259	2 391	1 775	Mount Vernon district	
5 926	5 207	83.1	427	11	142	4	20	115	96	Belle Haven CDP	
6 426	3 683	51.3	2 240	31	121	57	45	249	232	Fort Belvoir CDP	
12 581	11 739	90.8	304	20	323	6	26	163	138	Fort Hunt CDP	
3 088	2 229	58.9	601	5	169	1	8	75	57	Groveton CDP (part)	
7 159	4 944	59.4	1 356	23	580	12	10	234	151	Huntington CDP	
9 635	5 567	50.2	3 011	33	697	6	27	294	204	Hybla Valley CDP (part)	
16 054	7 960	44.8	6 049	43	1 336	23	43	600	399	Lorton CDP (part)	
9 909	8 274	78.2	904	35	444	4	19	229	186	Mount Vernon CDP (part)	
6 799	4 532	60.1	1 202	19	740	1	36	269	190	Newington CDP (part)	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Newington CDP (part)	
93 556	65 023	60.2	5 435	195	19 371	64	232	3 236	1 961	Providence district	
6 149	4 044	53.5	440	12	1 432	6	16	199	95	Annandale CDP (part)	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, other race, and three or more races		
Fairfax County—Con.												
Providence district—Con.												
Dunn Loring CDP	7 861	5 828	236	23	1 198	1	325	250	3.2	155	776	
Idylwood CDP (part)	15 633	9 738	1 097	51	3 021	8	1 134	584	3.7	276	2 609	
Jefferson CDP (part)	15 229	9 011	916	47	2 700	5	1 881	669	4.4	229	4 059	
McLean CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Mantua CDP (part)	6 736	5 311	138	30	891	3	216	147	2.2	63	495	
Merrifield CDP	11 170	6 107	663	28	3 344	11	558	459	4.1	243	1 442	
Oakton CDP (part)	24 959	18 370	1 276	56	3 536	22	826	873	3.5	484	2 434	
Tysons Corner CDP (part)	14 548	10 130	590	22	2 727	13	174	892	6.1	468	934	
Vienna town (part)	125	100	3	-	18	-	-	4	3.2	4	5	
Springfield district	101 032	77 761	5 326	207	12 761	67	1 912	2 998	3.0	1 974	6 144	
Burke CDP (part)	41 626	30 959	2 138	78	6 126	36	969	1 320	3.2	808	3 009	
Centreville CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Clifton town	185	183	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	
Lorton CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Newington CDP (part)	10 066	7 103	973	23	1 312	10	195	450	4.5	254	675	
West Springfield CDP (part)	21 073	15 653	1 173	59	2 900	11	562	715	3.4	514	1 676	
Sully district	146 196	109 139	8 921	377	20 320	73	3 402	3 964	2.7	2 584	9 702	
Centreville CDP (part)	48 661	33 816	4 322	143	6 934	25	1 776	1 645	3.4	993	4 461	
Chantilly CDP	41 041	30 098	2 046	117	6 716	24	826	1 214	3.0	765	2 818	
Oakton CDP (part)	620	550	12	-	51	-	2	5	0.8	5	27	
Fauquier County	55 139	48 740	4 844	146	324	19	331	735	1.3	598	1 114	
Cedar Run district	9 500	8 468	818	12	46	1	37	118	1.2	104	107	
Warrenton town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Center district	11 443	9 589	1 490	33	89	1	75	166	1.5	131	291	
Warrenton town (part)	6 670	5 339	1 100	16	67	1	42	105	1.6	77	217	
Lee district	12 023	10 576	1 073	29	56	8	80	201	1.7	155	264	
Remington town	624	507	57	4	8	-	30	18	2.9	8	49	
Marshall district	11 281	9 972	1 006	46	55	3	54	145	1.3	120	231	
Scott district	10 892	10 135	457	26	78	6	85	105	1.0	88	221	
The Plains town	266	239	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Floyd County	13 874	13 418	277	12	13	2	50	102	0.7	85	187	
Burks Fork district	2 530	2 484	13	5	-	-	5	23	0.9	22	26	
Court House district	2 930	2 758	125	1	5	1	22	18	0.6	17	66	
Floyd town	432	403	20	1	1	1	3	4	0.9	4	3	
Indian Valley district	2 880	2 826	14	1	3	-	12	24	0.8	19	50	
Little River district	2 912	2 819	59	4	2	1	8	19	0.7	11	21	
Locust Grove district	2 622	2 531	66	1	3	-	3	18	0.7	16	24	
Fluvanna County	20 047	15 925	3 690	38	77	8	59	250	1.2	222	235	
Columbia district	3 255	2 293	880	9	3	5	11	54	1.7	50	33	
Columbia town	49	31	14	-	-	-	-	4	8.2	4	2	
Cunningham district	3 262	2 899	302	9	4	-	15	33	1.0	33	37	
Scottsville town (part)	25	23	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Fork Union district	2 906	1 589	1 277	3	14	-	-	23	0.8	23	18	
Palmyra district	3 467	2 408	979	6	20	1	14	39	1.1	30	44	
Rivanna district	7 157	6 736	252	11	36	2	19	101	1.4	86	103	
Lake Monticello CDP	6 852	6 445	240	11	35	2	19	100	1.5	85	102	
Franklin County	47 286	42 063	4 420	89	169	11	198	336	0.7	288	573	
Blackwater district	6 897	6 461	302	21	26	-	45	42	0.6	37	93	
Ferrum CDP (part)	90	84	5	-	-	-	-	1	1.1	1	-	
Rocky Mount town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Blue Ridge district	5 591	5 191	321	8	16	1	15	39	0.7	34	78	
Ferrum CDP (part)	1 223	977	208	3	9	-	12	14	1.1	10	22	
Boone district	6 812	6 542	188	9	25	4	11	33	0.5	31	42	
Boones Mill town	285	273	7	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Gills Creek district	8 683	8 234	340	12	15	1	28	53	0.6	41	80	
North Shore CDP	2 112	2 072	28	1	2	-	2	7	0.3	3	17	
Westlake Corner CDP	899	867	23	-	3	1	1	4	0.4	2	7	
Rocky Mount district	5 735	4 180	1 381	12	62	4	26	70	1.2	58	90	
Rocky Mount town (part)	4 064	3 027	905	11	45	4	20	52	1.3	40	68	
Snow Creek district	6 680	5 302	1 262	18	17	1	36	44	0.7	41	93	
Union Hall district	6 888	6 153	626	9	8	-	37	55	0.8	46	97	
Penhook CDP	726	587	132	-	2	-	-	5	0.7	4	3	
Rocky Mount town (part)	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Union Hall CDP	957	914	36	3	-	-	3	1	0.1	-	8	
Frederick County	59 209	56 240	1 550	92	388	10	329	600	1.0	492	1 004	
Back Creek district	10 354	10 090	91	15	51	1	18	88	0.8	76	104	
Gainesboro district	11 406	11 136	98	11	42	1	22	96	0.8	80	75	
Opequon district	12 082	11 343	397	20	94	5	100	123	1.0	86	363	
Middletown town	1 015	951	45	2	4	3	-	10	1.0	10	8	
Stephens City town	1 146	1 030	75	5	18	-	3	15	1.3	4	23	
Shawnee district	10 712	9 986	376	20	99	2	111	118	1.1	91	231	
Stonewall district	14 655	13 685	588	26	102	1	78	175	1.2	159	231	
Giles County	16 657	16 226	263	23	31	-	26	88	0.5	74	105	
Central district	5 638	5 445	118	3	18	-	13	41	0.7	34	35	
Pearisburg town	2 729	2 623	55	2	14	-	12	23	0.8	17	19	
Eastern district	5 672	5 492	125	16	6	-	7	26	0.5	22	32	
Pembroke town	1 134	1 050	77	1	3	-	1	2	0.2	2	4	
Western district	5 347	5 289	20	4	7	-	6	21	0.4	18	38	
Glen Lyn town	151	151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Narrows town	2 111	2 087	5	1	1	-	6	11	0.5	10	9	
Rich Creek town	665	653	9	-	2	-	-	1	0.2	1	4	
Gloucester County	34 780	30 148	3 585	146	240	18	140	503	1.4	450	560	
Abingdon district	6 624	5 743	697	24	29	5	23	103	1.6	90	114	
Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)	195	127	59	-	-	-	-	9	4.6	9	-	
Gloucester Point district	6 361	5 574	541	40	82	4	49	71	1.1	61	120	
Gloucester Point CDP (part)	6 361	5 574	541	40	82	4	49	71	1.1	61	120	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
7 085	5 410	68.8	231	12	1 196	1	15	220	145	Fairfax County—Con. Providence district—Con.	
13 024	8 489	54.3	1 046	32	3 015	4	44	394	258	Dunn Loring CDP	
11 170	7 215	47.4	873	24	2 684	4	29	341	217	Idylwood CDP (part)	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Jefferson CDP (part)	
6 241	5 059	75.1	135	23	891	3	13	117	60	McLean CDP (part)	
9 728	5 340	47.8	648	20	3 338	10	18	354	225	Mantua CDP (part)	
22 525	16 911	67.8	1 238	49	3 528	21	65	713	454	Merrifield CDP	
13 614	9 426	64.8	578	21	2 725	13	28	823	456	Oakton CDP (part)	
120	95	76.0	3	-	18	-	-	4	4	Tysons Corner CDP (part)	
94 888	73 927	73.2	5 265	157	12 708	67	242	2 522	1 833	Vienna town (part)	
38 617	29 111	69.9	2 108	62	6 112	36	112	1 076	741	Springfield district	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Burke CDP (part)	
184	183	98.9	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	Centreville CDP (part)	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Clifton town	
9 391	6 681	66.4	968	14	1 299	10	22	397	242	Lorton CDP (part)	
19 397	14 655	69.5	1 159	40	2 883	11	49	600	485	Newington CDP (part)	
136 494	103 632	70.9	8 754	301	20 260	67	296	3 184	2 449	West Springfield CDP (part)	
44 200	31 539	64.8	4 231	109	6 921	21	124	1 255	924	Sully district	
38 223	28 372	69.1	2 008	102	6 697	22	52	970	730	Centreville CDP (part)	
593	525	84.7	12	-	51	-	-	5	5	Chantilly CDP	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Oakton CDP (part)	
54 025	48 064	87.2	4 801	132	318	17	67	626	575	Fauquier County	
9 393	8 401	88.4	814	11	46	1	9	111	103	Cedar Run district	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Warrenton town (part)	
11 152	9 409	82.2	1 477	25	86	1	27	127	121	Center district	
6 453	5 197	77.9	1 094	12	64	1	11	74	68	Warrenton town (part)	
11 759	10 435	86.8	1 058	29	56	8	9	164	152	Lee district	
575	496	79.5	57	4	8	-	-	10	8	Remington town	
11 050	9 811	87.0	996	42	53	2	8	138	119	Marshall district	
10 671	10 008	91.9	456	25	77	5	14	86	80	Scott district	
265	238	89.5	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	The Plains town	
13 687	13 284	95.7	274	12	11	1	12	93	81	Floyd County	
2 504	2 464	97.4	13	5	-	-	-	22	21	Burks Fork district	
2 864	2 712	92.6	125	1	3	1	4	18	17	Court House district	
429	403	93.3	20	-	1	1	-	4	4	Floyd town	
2 830	2 793	97.0	14	1	3	-	-	19	17	Indian Valley district	
2 891	2 803	96.3	59	4	2	-	7	16	10	Little River district	
2 598	2 512	95.8	63	1	3	-	1	18	16	Locust Grove district	
19 812	15 794	78.8	3 664	35	75	8	25	211	207	Fluvanna County	
3 222	2 281	70.1	872	8	3	5	4	49	48	Columbia district	
47	29	59.2	14	-	-	-	-	4	4	Columbia town	
3 225	2 873	88.1	300	9	4	-	6	33	33	Cunningham district	
24	22	88.0	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	Scottsville town (part)	
2 888	1 585	54.5	1 266	3	14	-	-	20	20	Fork Union district	
3 423	2 378	68.6	978	6	20	1	10	30	29	Palmyra district	
7 054	6 677	93.3	248	9	34	2	5	79	77	Rivanna district	
6 750	6 387	93.2	236	9	33	2	5	78	76	Lake Monticello CDP	
46 713	41 749	88.3	4 393	73	165	10	38	285	265	Franklin County	
6 804	6 428	93.2	302	10	26	-	4	34	34	Blackwater district	
90	84	93.3	5	-	-	-	-	1	1	Ferrum CDP (part)	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rocky Mount town (part)	
5 513	5 135	91.8	318	7	16	-	6	31	29	Blue Ridge district	
1 201	967	79.1	205	3	9	-	5	12	10	Ferrum CDP (part)	
6 770	6 513	95.6	187	6	22	4	6	32	30	Boone district	
282	273	95.8	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	Boones Mill town	
8 603	8 183	94.2	337	11	15	1	7	49	41	Gills Creek district	
2 095	2 055	97.3	28	1	2	-	2	7	3	North Shore CDP	
892	861	95.8	23	-	3	1	1	3	2	Westlake Corner CDP	
5 645	4 144	72.3	1 370	12	61	4	1	53	48	Rocky Mount district	
3 996	3 005	73.9	894	11	45	4	3	37	32	Rocky Mount town (part)	
6 587	5 247	78.5	1 253	18	17	1	8	43	41	Snow Creek district	
6 791	6 099	88.5	626	9	8	-	6	43	42	Union Hall district	
723	584	80.4	132	-	2	-	-	5	4	Penhook CDP	
2	2	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rocky Mount town (part)	
949	910	95.1	36	3	-	-	-	-	-	Union Hall CDP	
58 205	55 653	94.0	1 538	76	385	8	39	506	463	Frederick County	
10 250	10 018	96.8	91	15	48	1	6	71	69	Back Creek district	
11 331	11 083	97.2	98	9	42	1	13	85	77	Gainesboro district	
11 719	11 133	92.1	392	11	94	3	1	85	75	Opequon district	
1 007	943	92.9	45	2	4	3	-	10	10	Middletown town	
1 123	1 023	89.3	75	1	18	-	-	6	4	Stephens City town	
10 481	9 874	92.2	374	15	99	2	11	106	90	Shawnee district	
14 424	13 545	92.4	583	26	102	1	8	159	152	Stonewall district	
16 552	16 141	96.9	263	20	31	-	14	83	73	Giles County	
5 603	5 419	96.1	118	3	18	-	7	38	34	Central district	
2 710	2 612	95.7	55	2	14	-	7	20	17	Pearisburg town	
5 640	5 463	96.3	125	15	6	-	7	24	21	Eastern district	
1 130	1 046	92.2	77	1	3	-	1	2	2	Pembroke town	
5 309	5 259	98.4	20	2	7	-	-	21	18	Western district	
150	150	99.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Glen Lyn town	
2 102	2 084	98.7	5	1	1	-	-	11	10	Narrows town	
661	649	97.6	9	-	2	-	-	1	1	Rich Creek town	
34 220	29 805	85.7	3 562	139	232	18	14	450	424	Gloucester County	
6 510	5 673	85.6	695	24	28	5	1	84	78	Abingdon district	
195	127	65.1	59	-	-	-	-	9	9	Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)	
6 241	5 516	86.7	538	35	78	4	4	66	61	Gloucester Point district	
6 241	5 516	86.7	538	35	78	4	4	66	61	Gloucester Point CDP (part)	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, other race, and three or more races		
Gloucester County—Con.												
Petsworth district	7 089	5 956	915	30	28	2	18	140	2.0	129	106	
Ware district	7 984	6 777	1 000	29	40	4	40	94	1.2	86	134	
Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)	2 074	1 842	183	11	6	-	11	21	1.0	19	26	
York district	6 722	6 098	432	23	61	3	10	95	1.4	84	86	
Gloucester Point CDP (part)	3 068	2 646	323	4	38	2	8	47	1.5	40	43	
Goochland County	16 863	12 261	4 324	33	80	2	33	130	0.8	115	144	
District 1	3 329	2 430	819	4	17	1	10	48	1.4	44	30	
District 2	3 653	2 166	1 416	15	10	-	13	33	0.9	27	36	
District 3	3 625	2 388	1 202	2	11	-	2	20	0.6	19	15	
District 4	2 927	2 378	497	8	22	1	4	17	0.6	15	45	
District 5	3 329	2 899	390	4	20	-	4	12	0.4	10	18	
Grayson County	17 917	16 429	1 217	21	12	5	125	108	0.6	97	277	
Elk Creek district	4 265	4 068	130	5	3	1	30	28	0.7	19	82	
Independence town	971	881	66	-	-	-	12	12	1.2	7	26	
Old Town district	5 070	4 786	197	8	1	3	47	28	0.6	27	104	
Providence district	3 796	3 698	31	3	2	-	34	28	0.7	27	65	
Fries town	614	606	4	1	-	-	1	2	0.3	2	6	
Wilson Creek district	4 786	3 877	859	5	6	1	14	24	0.5	24	26	
Troutdale town	1 230	380	834	-	5	-	10	1	0.1	1	11	
Greene County	15 244	13 871	983	29	68	5	98	190	1.2	158	201	
Monroe district	2 155	2 085	22	3	12	-	9	24	1.1	22	17	
Ruckersville district	9 819	8 831	717	20	46	4	70	131	1.3	109	151	
Stanardsville district	3 270	2 955	244	6	10	1	19	35	1.1	27	33	
Stanardsville town	476	423	41	1	-	-	5	6	1.3	4	4	
Greenville County	11 560	4 502	6 907	12	46	2	54	37	0.3	29	108	
Belfield district	4 801	1 530	3 208	4	37	-	16	6	0.1	2	28	
Hicksford district	2 117	934	1 144	3	3	2	17	14	0.7	12	28	
Nottoway district	2 458	1 213	1 217	1	6	-	14	7	0.3	6	31	
Jarratt town (part)	418	286	128	-	1	-	2	1	0.2	1	-	
Zion district	2 184	825	1 338	4	-	-	7	10	0.5	9	21	
Halifax County	37 355	22 531	14 204	74	91	2	166	287	0.8	231	458	
District 1	4 798	3 004	1 731	8	4	-	13	38	0.8	23	51	
District 2	4 943	3 087	1 800	14	5	-	9	28	0.6	24	43	
District 3	4 818	2 333	2 406	11	5	1	17	45	0.9	41	76	
South Boston town (part)	833	248	574	4	-	-	1	6	0.7	5	6	
District 4	4 371	1 695	2 605	3	8	1	15	44	1.0	35	23	
Halifax town (part)	1 139	638	488	1	2	-	1	9	0.8	9	5	
South Boston town (part)	934	33	881	1	4	-	4	11	1.2	7	5	
District 5	4 941	3 692	1 166	7	15	-	27	34	0.7	30	63	
Clarksville town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Halifax town (part)	250	233	14	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	8	
Scottsburg town	145	117	24	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	9	
South Boston town (part)	1 461	985	451	1	9	-	6	9	0.6	5	7	
District 6	4 347	2 532	1 744	6	15	-	23	27	0.6	18	66	
South Boston town (part)	415	192	213	-	2	-	-	8	1.9	3	5	
District 7	4 895	3 795	998	15	20	-	38	29	0.6	26	56	
South Boston town (part)	606	448	139	2	7	-	8	2	0.3	1	20	
Virgilina town	159	148	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District 8	4 242	2 393	1 754	10	19	-	24	42	1.0	34	80	
South Boston town (part)	4 242	2 393	1 754	10	19	-	24	42	1.0	34	80	
Hanover County	86 320	76 242	8 065	289	686	7	316	715	0.8	588	847	
Ashland district	10 565	8 385	1 900	33	84	-	54	109	1.0	89	171	
Ashland town (part)	6 464	4 870	1 402	22	46	-	41	83	1.3	69	114	
Beaverdam district	10 467	9 218	1 087	28	19	-	33	82	0.8	73	76	
Ashland town (part)	155	77	71	2	1	-	4	-	-	-	1	
Chickahominy district	16 829	15 579	775	41	238	1	59	136	0.8	113	156	
Mechanicsville CDP (part)	6 099	5 696	263	21	55	-	18	46	0.8	44	50	
Cold Harbor district	10 860	9 883	778	39	51	-	30	79	0.7	69	65	
Mechanicsville CDP (part)	4 230	3 785	365	16	15	-	16	33	0.8	29	32	
Henry district	15 453	13 671	1 424	41	146	3	54	114	0.7	94	151	
Mechanicsville CDP (part)	9 263	8 307	673	30	119	1	37	96	1.0	83	98	
Mechanicsville district	10 872	9 872	650	63	86	3	78	120	1.1	82	179	
Mechanicsville CDP (part)	10 872	9 872	650	63	86	3	78	120	1.1	82	179	
South Anna district	11 274	9 634	1 451	44	62	-	8	75	0.7	68	49	
Henrico County	262 300	180 761	64 805	920	9 451	82	2 562	3 719	1.4	2 620	5 946	
Brookland district	50 721	37 116	8 851	199	2 686	28	835	1 006	2.0	662	1 794	
Dumbarton CDP	6 674	4 032	1 931	18	376	1	147	169	2.5	93	273	
Glen Allen CDP (part)	7 025	5 856	841	26	203	2	24	73	1.0	68	81	
Lakeside CDP (part)	9 876	8 446	904	65	157	8	121	175	1.8	123	250	
Laurel CDP (part)	13 644	9 112	3 136	45	771	8	284	288	2.1	200	546	
Fairfield district	46 624	13 282	31 714	149	503	18	348	610	1.3	470	742	
Chamberlayne CDP	4 380	2 095	2 155	7	49	4	17	53	1.2	41	37	
East Highland Park CDP	12 488	2 307	9 910	36	49	1	42	143	1.1	115	125	
Glen Allen CDP (part)	5 537	3 556	1 613	26	184	6	77	75	1.4	59	136	
Highland Springs CDP (part)	3 073	311	2 699	16	13	1	4	29	0.9	24	43	
Lakeside CDP (part)	1 281	1 167	72	3	3	-	15	21	1.6	19	23	
Laurel CDP (part)	626	279	318	-	23	-	2	3	0.5	-	7	
Three Chopt district	69 294	58 481	4 789	192	4 149	15	779	890	1.3	577	1 807	
Laurel CDP (part)	605	275	160	4	123	-	24	19	3.1	8	65	
Short Pump CDP	182	167	-	-	-	-	8	7	3.8	-	16	
Tuckahoe CDP (part)	10 995	10 057	428	29	322	2	51	106	1.0	76	182	
Wyndham CDP	6 176	5 646	164	6	281	-	14	65	1.1	45	87	
Tuckahoe district	48 951	43 541	2 634	67	1 853	16	279	561	1.1	376	983	
Tuckahoe CDP (part)	32 247	28 336	2 071	43	1 162	12	239	384	1.2	255	741	
Varina district	46 710	28 341	16 818	313	260	5	321	652	1.4	535	620	
Highland Springs CDP (part)	12 064	6 422	5 146	78	84	-	117	217	1.8	186	192	
Montrose CDP	7 018	3 262	3 507	25	71	-	62	91	1.3	77	110	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
6 983	5 876	82.9	910	30	28	2	4	133	126	Gloucester County—Con. Petersworth district	
7 850	6 705	84.0	988	27	39	4	3	84	80	Ware district	
2 048	1 832	88.3	179	11	6	-	2	18	17	Gloucester Courthouse CDP (part)	
6 636	6 035	89.8	431	23	59	3	2	83	79	York district	
3 025	2 618	85.3	323	4	36	2	2	40	36	Gloucester Point CDP (part)	
16 719	12 194	72.3	4 298	32	68	2	5	120	115	Goochland County	
3 299	2 417	72.6	813	4	17	1	1	46	44	District 1	
3 617	2 157	59.0	1 405	14	10	-	2	29	27	District 2	
3 610	2 379	65.6	1 199	2	10	-	1	19	19	District 3	
2 882	2 353	80.4	494	8	11	1	-	15	15	District 4	
3 311	2 888	86.8	387	4	20	-	1	11	10	District 5	
17 640	16 283	90.9	1 214	20	12	2	4	105	97	Grayson County	
4 183	4 020	94.3	128	5	3	1	-	26	19	Elk Creek district	
945	870	89.6	65	-	-	-	-	10	7	Independence town	
4 966	4 734	93.4	196	7	1	-	-	28	27	Old Town district	
3 731	3 667	96.6	31	3	2	-	1	27	27	Providence district	
608	601	97.9	4	1	-	-	-	2	2	Fries town	
4 760	3 862	80.7	859	5	6	1	3	24	24	Wilson Creek district	
1 219	379	30.8	834	-	5	-	-	1	1	Troutdale town	
15 043	13 769	90.3	982	26	65	1	27	173	151	Greene County	
2 138	2 078	96.4	22	3	12	-	2	21	19	Monroe district	
9 668	8 749	89.1	716	17	44	-	20	122	106	Ruckersville district	
3 237	2 942	90.0	244	6	9	1	5	30	26	Stanardsville district	
472	423	88.9	41	1	-	-	1	6	4	Stanardsville town	
11 452	4 461	38.6	6 881	8	46	2	19	35	29	Greensville County	
4 773	1 520	31.7	3 199	4	37	-	7	6	2	Belfield district	
2 089	931	44.0	1 130	2	3	2	8	13	12	Hicksford district	
2 427	1 196	48.7	1 216	1	6	-	2	6	6	Nottoway district	
418	286	68.4	128	-	1	-	2	1	1	Jarratt town (part)	
2 163	814	37.3	1 336	1	-	-	2	10	9	Zion district	
36 897	22 313	59.7	14 164	68	91	2	22	237	208	Halifax County	
4 747	2 980	62.1	1 728	5	4	-	1	29	23	District 1	
4 900	3 068	62.1	1 788	14	5	-	1	24	23	District 2	
4 742	2 291	47.6	2 404	11	5	1	2	28	27	District 3	
827	242	29.1	574	4	-	-	-	6	5	South Boston town (part)	
4 348	1 685	38.5	2 603	3	8	1	7	41	35	District 4	
1 134	634	55.7	488	1	2	-	-	9	9	Halifax town (part)	
929	30	3.2	879	1	4	-	4	11	7	South Boston town (part)	
4 878	3 658	74.0	1 165	6	15	-	-	34	30	District 5	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Clarksville town (part)	
242	228	91.2	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	Halifax town (part)	
136	112	77.2	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	Scottsburg town	
1 454	985	67.4	450	1	9	-	-	9	5	South Boston town (part)	
4 281	2 497	57.4	1 738	5	15	-	3	23	18	District 6	
410	191	46.0	213	-	2	-	-	4	3	South Boston town (part)	
4 839	3 777	77.2	993	15	20	-	6	28	26	District 7	
586	437	72.1	139	2	7	-	-	1	1	South Boston town (part)	
159	148	93.1	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	Virginia town	
4 162	2 357	55.6	1 745	9	19	-	2	30	26	District 8	
4 162	2 357	55.6	1 745	9	19	-	2	30	26	South Boston town (part)	
85 473	75 753	87.8	8 026	277	669	6	106	636	556	Hanover County	
10 394	8 292	78.5	1 888	26	74	-	15	99	86	Ashland district	
6 350	4 819	74.6	1 393	15	36	-	11	76	68	Ashland town (part)	
10 391	9 183	87.7	1 080	28	19	-	14	67	63	Beaverdam district	
154	76	49.0	71	2	1	-	4	-	-	Ashland town (part)	
16 673	15 477	92.0	773	41	236	1	30	115	98	Chickahominy district	
6 049	5 666	92.9	262	21	54	-	7	39	37	Mechanicsville CDP (part)	
10 795	9 843	90.6	774	38	51	-	12	77	69	Cold Harbor district	
4 198	3 769	89.1	363	16	15	-	2	33	29	Mechanicsville CDP (part)	
15 302	13 573	87.8	1 423	41	141	2	20	102	91	Henry district	
9 165	8 250	89.1	673	30	114	1	12	85	80	Mechanicsville CDP (part)	
10 693	9 783	90.0	641	62	86	3	12	106	82	Mechanicsville district	
10 693	9 783	90.0	641	62	86	3	12	106	82	Mechanicsville CDP (part)	
11 225	9 602	85.2	1 447	41	62	-	3	70	67	South Anna district	
256 354	178 000	67.9	64 342	862	9 415	71	428	3 236	2 480	Henrico County	
48 927	36 333	71.6	8 741	182	2 678	24	88	881	621	Brookland district	
6 401	3 937	59.0	1 912	17	374	-	19	142	85	Dumbarton CDP	
6 944	5 803	82.6	839	20	202	2	7	71	67	Glen Allen CDP (part)	
9 626	8 332	84.4	894	62	157	8	8	165	118	Lakeside CDP (part)	
13 098	8 920	65.4	3 098	43	766	5	19	247	186	Laurel CDP (part)	
45 882	13 075	28.0	31 542	144	490	17	79	535	449	Fairfield district	
4 343	2 083	47.6	2 145	7	49	4	6	49	40	Chamberlayne CDP	
12 363	2 261	18.1	9 879	36	44	1	18	124	108	East Highland Park CDP	
5 401	3 511	63.4	1 598	23	180	6	14	69	59	Glen Allen CDP (part)	
3 030	305	9.9	2 672	16	13	-	1	23	21	Highland Springs CDP (part)	
1 258	1 161	90.6	68	2	3	-	7	17	16	Lakeside CDP (part)	
619	278	44.4	318	-	22	-	-	1	-	Laurel CDP (part)	
67 487	57 516	83.0	4 734	170	4 141	12	152	762	545	Three Chopt district	
540	237	39.2	151	4	122	-	7	19	8	Laurel CDP (part)	
166	166	91.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short Pump CDP	
10 813	9 940	90.4	419	28	321	2	7	96	74	Tuckahoe CDP (part)	
6 089	5 585	90.4	164	5	280	-	5	50	36	Wyndham CDP	
47 968	42 943	87.7	2 588	64	1 847	13	35	478	350	Tuckahoe district	
31 506	27 916	86.6	2 031	40	1 159	9	24	327	233	Tuckahoe CDP (part)	
46 090	28 133	60.2	16 737	302	259	5	74	580	515	Varina district	
11 872	6 354	52.7	5 127	77	84	-	29	201	183	Highland Springs CDP (part)	
6 908	3 238	46.1	3 481	21	70	-	17	81	72	Montrose CDP	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

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State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some race, and three or more races	
Henry County	57 930	43 118	13 127	93	236	19	804	533	0.9	372	2 002
Blackberry district	9 962	8 407	1 195	19	27	-	226	88	0.9	61	629
Bassett CDP (part)	525	404	105	-	1	-	10	5	1.0	4	45
Collinsville district	9 904	7 864	1 694	11	49	14	189	83	0.8	54	433
Collinsville CDP (part)	6 871	5 803	819	10	39	14	133	53	0.8	30	253
Fieldale CDP (part)	83	80	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Villa Heights CDP	845	617	175	-	-	-	42	11	1.3	9	155
Horsepasture district	9 153	6 048	2 969	15	8	1	32	80	0.9	63	72
Fieldale CDP (part)	846	823	14	-	-	1	-	8	0.9	8	9
Horse Pasture CDP (part)	1 845	1 386	432	7	4	-	-	16	0.9	13	8
Iriswood district	9 816	5 612	3 886	27	53	1	143	94	1.0	63	435
Chatmoss CDP	1 742	1 399	273	3	31	-	20	16	0.9	14	106
Laurel Park CDP	781	260	503	-	3	1	9	5	0.6	5	15
Sandy Level CDP	689	177	505	1	-	-	-	6	0.9	5	4
Reed Creek district	9 285	7 440	1 549	11	43	3	162	77	0.8	47	284
Bassett CDP (part)	813	572	218	-	-	1	14	8	1.0	7	21
Collinsville CDP (part)	906	795	58	1	10	-	21	21	2.3	12	40
Oak Level CDP	885	819	63	1	-	-	1	1	0.1	1	3
Stanleytown CDP	1 515	1 338	39	2	-	2	113	21	1.4	7	174
Ridgeway district	9 810	7 747	1 834	10	56	-	52	111	1.1	84	149
Horse Pasture CDP (part)	410	196	199	-	-	-	-	15	3.7	13	-
Ridgeway town	775	619	124	-	19	-	8	5	0.6	3	18
Highland County	2 536	2 517	2	3	3	-	2	9	0.4	7	13
Blue Grass district	624	622	1	-	-	-	-	1	0.2	1	1
Monterey district	1 225	1 213	-	3	3	-	-	6	0.5	4	8
Monterey town	158	154	-	2	-	-	-	2	1.3	-	2
Stonewall district	687	682	1	-	-	-	2	2	0.3	2	4
Isle of Wight County	29 728	21 130	8 071	78	101	8	83	257	0.9	222	254
Carrsville district	5 332	3 956	1 310	14	18	-	10	24	0.5	21	32
Hardy district	5 831	3 341	2 377	14	9	5	19	66	1.1	55	35
Rushmere CDP	1 083	394	673	7	3	-	-	6	0.6	3	9
Newport district	6 748	5 671	953	13	39	-	13	59	0.9	47	72
Smithfield district	6 324	4 251	1 952	22	26	1	14	58	0.9	54	59
Smithfield town	6 324	4 251	1 952	22	26	1	14	58	0.9	54	59
Windsor district	5 493	3 911	1 479	15	9	2	27	50	0.9	45	56
Windsor town	916	822	83	4	-	-	-	7	0.8	6	9
James City County	48 102	39 467	6 910	134	702	22	213	654	1.4	545	816
Berkeley district	11 460	9 628	1 369	18	216	5	69	155	1.4	126	214
Jamestown district	9 438	8 688	428	27	120	4	45	126	1.3	111	145
Powhatan district	10 676	8 378	1 901	28	160	6	45	158	1.5	131	190
Roberts district	7 966	5 864	1 737	32	157	3	39	134	1.7	104	170
Stonehouse district	8 562	6 909	1 475	29	49	4	15	81	0.9	73	97
King and Queen County	6 630	4 059	2 365	94	18	1	10	83	1.3	76	58
Buena Vista district	1 245	778	445	1	4	-	-	16	1.3	16	22
Newtown district	1 360	514	773	49	6	-	-	18	1.3	18	13
St. Stephens Church district	1 387	1 041	303	21	6	-	5	13	0.9	9	15
Shanghai district	1 314	992	285	13	1	-	1	22	1.7	22	4
Stevensville district	1 324	734	561	10	1	1	3	14	1.1	11	4
King George County	16 803	13 055	3 148	80	169	12	76	263	1.6	230	301
Dahlgren district	4 106	2 946	935	27	65	4	37	92	2.2	76	132
Dahlgren CDP	997	701	252	3	15	1	6	19	1.9	18	17
James Madison district	4 467	3 688	606	22	51	3	16	81	1.8	75	64
James Monroe district	4 228	3 553	592	8	33	1	13	28	0.7	22	46
Fairview Beach CDP	230	224	-	-	2	-	-	4	1.7	4	-
Shiloh district	4 002	2 868	1 015	23	20	4	10	62	1.5	57	59
King William County	13 146	9 703	2 999	202	48	-	43	151	1.1	140	120
Acquinton district	4 573	4 596	958	65	16	-	23	95	1.7	89	38
Mangohick district	2 853	1 881	931	12	2	-	6	21	0.7	20	27
West Point district	4 540	3 226	1 110	125	30	-	14	35	0.8	31	55
West Point town	2 866	2 302	485	13	30	-	10	26	0.9	22	50
Lancaster County	11 567	8 091	3 340	16	39	7	11	63	0.5	53	71
Bayside district	2 471	2 219	223	1	11	-	1	16	0.6	13	13
Kilmarnock town (part)	913	760	142	1	4	-	-	5	0.5	5	7
Christ Church district	2 011	828	1 163	1	-	-	4	15	0.7	15	15
Kilmarnock town (part)	283	184	95	-	-	-	-	4	1.4	4	-
White Stone town (part)	40	20	19	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Mantua district	2 391	882	1 479	5	8	5	1	11	0.5	11	17
White Chapel district	2 272	1 851	389	8	6	2	4	12	0.5	8	22
White Stone district	2 422	2 311	86	1	14	-	1	9	0.4	6	4
Irvington town	673	662	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
White Stone town (part)	318	289	18	-	8	-	-	3	0.9	-	3
Lee County	23 589	23 221	103	53	42	1	19	150	0.6	140	120
Jonesville district	5 280	5 206	10	17	7	1	6	33	0.6	32	25
Jonesville town	995	988	1	-	-	-	-	6	0.6	5	4
Rocky Station district	7 688	7 520	73	15	19	-	3	58	0.8	52	43
Dryden CDP (part)	77	76	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennington Gap town	1 781	1 697	61	7	5	-	-	11	0.6	10	12
St. Charles town	159	158	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rose Hill district	4 391	4 354	7	9	5	-	3	13	0.3	12	31
Ewing CDP	436	433	-	-	-	-	1	2	0.5	2	1
Rose Hill CDP	714	698	7	1	4	-	-	4	0.6	4	1
White Shoals district	1 995	1 967	4	1	1	-	7	15	0.8	13	12
Yokum Station district	4 235	4 174	9	11	10	-	-	31	0.7	31	9
Dryden CDP (part)	1 176	1 160	8	4	3	-	-	1	0.1	1	2
Keokee CDP	316	309	-	-	-	-	-	7	2.2	7	3

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino											State County County Subdivision Place
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
55 928	42 087	72.7	13 080	83	218	8	47	405	369	Henry County	
9 333	8 033	80.6	1 191	19	18	-	8	64	60	Blackberry district	
480	370	70.5	105	-	1	-	-	4	4	Bassett CDP (part)	
9 471	7 635	77.1	1 689	11	49	4	23	60	54	Collinsville district	
6 618	5 696	82.9	819	10	39	4	15	35	30	Collinsville CDP (part)	
82	79	95.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Fieldale CDP (part)	
690	506	59.9	175	-	-	-	-	9	9	Villa Heights CDP	
9 081	6 029	65.9	2 961	15	7	-	5	64	61	Horsepasture district	
837	815	96.3	14	-	-	-	-	8	8	Fieldale CDP (part)	
1 837	1 382	74.9	432	7	4	-	-	12	11	Horse Pasture CDP (part)	
9 381	5 359	54.6	3 874	17	52	1	7	71	63	Iriswood district	
1 636	1 313	75.4	273	3	31	-	1	15	14	Chatmoss CDP	
766	254	32.5	500	-	3	1	3	5	5	Laurel Park CDP	
685	174	25.3	504	1	-	-	-	6	5	Sandy Level CDP	
9 001	7 357	79.2	1 535	11	37	3	3	55	47	Reed Creek district	
792	565	69.5	218	-	-	1	-	8	7	Bassett CDP (part)	
866	783	86.4	58	1	10	-	-	14	12	Collinsville CDP (part)	
882	816	92.2	63	1	-	-	-	1	1	Oak Level CDP	
1 341	1 290	85.1	38	2	-	2	-	9	7	Stanleytown CDP	
9 661	7 674	78.2	1 830	10	55	-	1	91	84	Ridgeway district	
410	196	47.8	199	-	-	-	-	15	13	Horse Pasture CDP (part)	
757	611	78.8	124	-	19	-	-	3	3	Ridgeway town	
2 523	2 507	98.9	1	3	3	-	-	9	7	Highland County	
623	622	99.7	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Blue Grass district	
1 217	1 205	98.4	-	3	3	-	-	6	4	Monterey district	
156	152	96.2	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	Monterey town	
683	680	99.0	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	Stonewall district	
29 474	20 992	70.6	8 045	75	101	8	28	225	209	Isle of Wight County	
5 300	3 940	73.9	1 303	13	18	-	4	22	21	Carrsville district	
5 796	3 325	57.0	2 373	14	9	5	10	60	54	Hardy district	
1 074	391	36.1	670	7	3	-	-	3	3	Rushmere CDP	
6 676	5 619	83.3	952	12	39	-	1	53	47	Newport district	
6 265	4 223	66.8	1 941	22	26	1	6	46	46	Smithfield district	
6 265	4 223	66.8	1 941	22	26	1	6	46	46	Smithfield town	
5 437	3 885	70.7	1 476	14	9	2	7	44	41	Windsor district	
907	817	89.2	83	3	-	-	-	4	4	Windsor town	
47 286	38 954	81.0	6 858	121	682	19	64	588	520	James City County	
11 246	9 484	82.8	1 358	18	211	5	23	147	123	Berkeley district	
9 293	8 598	91.1	418	21	116	4	16	120	107	James town district	
10 486	8 282	77.6	1 883	25	152	3	11	130	120	Powhatan district	
7 796	5 751	72.2	1 727	31	155	3	11	118	99	Roberts district	
8 465	6 839	79.9	1 472	26	48	4	3	73	71	Stonehouse district	
6 572	4 036	60.9	2 351	93	17	1	6	68	65	King and Queen County	
1 223	769	61.8	444	1	4	-	-	5	5	Buena Vista district	
1 347	513	37.7	762	48	6	-	-	18	18	Newtown district	
1 372	1 031	74.3	301	21	6	-	3	10	9	St. Stephens Church district	
1 310	990	75.3	285	13	-	-	-	22	22	Shanghai district	
1 320	733	55.4	559	10	1	1	3	13	11	Stevensville district	
16 502	12 856	76.5	3 136	72	167	11	26	234	220	King George County	
3 974	2 862	69.7	925	26	65	4	15	77	73	Dahlgren district	
980	692	69.4	251	3	15	1	-	18	18	Dahlgren CDP	
4 403	3 644	81.6	606	18	50	3	6	76	72	James Madison district	
4 182	3 524	83.3	591	8	32	-	1	26	22	James Monroe district	
230	224	97.4	-	-	2	-	-	4	4	Fairview Beach CDP	
3 943	2 826	70.6	1 014	20	20	4	4	55	53	Shiloh district	
13 026	9 654	73.4	2 974	193	48	-	22	135	134	King William County	
5 715	4 582	79.6	955	62	16	-	13	87	86	Acquinton district	
2 826	1 872	65.6	916	11	2	-	5	20	20	Mangochick district	
4 485	3 200	70.5	1 103	120	30	-	4	28	28	West Point district	
2 816	2 278	79.5	479	10	30	-	-	19	19	West Point town	
11 496	8 055	69.6	3 324	16	37	7	3	54	51	Lancaster County	
2 458	2 207	89.3	223	1	11	-	-	16	13	Bayside district	
906	754	82.6	142	1	4	-	-	5	5	Kilmarnock town (part)	
1 996	822	40.9	1 158	1	-	-	2	13	13	Christ Church district	
283	184	65.0	95	-	-	-	-	4	4	Kilmarnock town (part)	
40	20	50.0	19	-	-	-	-	1	-	White Stone town (part)	
2 374	875	36.6	1 469	5	8	5	1	11	11	Mantua district	
2 250	1 840	81.0	388	8	4	2	-	8	8	White Chapel district	
2 418	2 311	95.4	86	1	14	-	-	6	6	White Stone district	
673	662	98.4	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	Irvington town	
315	289	90.9	18	-	8	-	-	-	-	White Stone town (part)	
23 469	23 132	98.1	103	51	38	1	7	137	132	Lee County	
5 255	5 192	98.3	10	15	7	1	1	29	28	Jonesville district	
991	985	99.0	1	-	-	-	-	5	4	Jonesville town	
7 645	7 487	97.4	73	15	17	-	-	53	50	Rocky Station district	
77	76	98.7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dryden CDP (part)	
1 769	1 689	94.8	61	7	3	-	-	9	8	Pennington Gap town	
159	158	99.4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	St. Charles town	
4 360	4 327	98.5	7	9	4	-	-	13	12	Rose Hill district	
435	433	99.3	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Ewing CDP	
713	697	97.6	7	1	4	-	-	4	4	Rose Hill CDP	
1 983	1 958	98.1	4	1	1	-	6	13	13	White Shoals district	
4 226	4 168	98.4	9	11	9	-	-	29	29	Yokum Station district	
1 174	1 159	98.6	8	4	2	-	-	1	1	Dryden CDP (part)	
313	308	97.5	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	Keokee CDP	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, other race, and three or more races	
Loudoun County	169 599	140 419	11 683	358	9 067	105	3 837	4 130	2.4	2 660	10 089
Blue Ridge district	15 367	14 441	488	26	116	7	94	195	1.3	155	280
Hamilton town	562	549	8	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	6
Hillsboro town	96	93	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purcellville town	3 584	3 187	267	3	30	1	28	68	1.9	59	82
Round Hill town	500	458	36	-	3	-	-	3	0.6	3	7
Broad Run district	33 330	27 273	2 201	73	2 232	27	635	889	2.7	579	2 014
Catoctin district	19 073	17 450	738	39	390	5	188	263	1.4	187	550
Leesburg town (part)	7 142	6 193	503	9	165	2	135	135	1.9	91	286
Lovettsville town	853	816	21	3	5	-	6	2	0.2	-	14
Dulles district	29 477	23 728	2 107	53	1 941	11	834	803	2.7	537	1 926
Leesburg district	15 983	12 942	1 725	39	398	2	500	377	2.4	253	1 120
Leesburg town (part)	15 983	12 942	1 725	39	398	2	500	377	2.4	253	1 120
Mercer district	19 904	17 071	1 494	41	614	9	283	392	2.0	252	869
Leesburg town (part)	5 186	4 445	376	5	176	5	81	98	1.9	69	261
Middleburg town	632	484	128	-	1	-	8	11	1.7	10	27
Sterling district	13 764	9 956	1 259	40	1 363	21	675	450	3.3	246	1 597
Sugarland Run district	22 701	17 558	1 671	47	2 013	23	628	761	3.4	451	1 733
Louisa County	25 627	19 617	5 530	108	64	3	46	259	1.0	218	182
Cuckoo district	3 724	2 656	986	16	6	-	3	57	1.5	42	33
Green Spring district	4 191	3 401	701	12	18	-	9	50	1.2	39	25
Gordonsville town (part)	11	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jackson district	3 712	3 216	433	23	10	-	5	25	0.7	23	20
Louisa district	3 560	2 687	786	13	11	-	18	45	1.3	41	41
Louisa town	1 401	936	413	11	10	-	11	20	1.4	17	20
Mineral district	3 344	2 699	589	14	14	-	4	24	0.7	21	21
Mineral town	424	410	9	1	-	-	-	4	0.9	4	-
Mountain Road district	3 570	2 970	558	12	2	3	4	21	0.6	19	22
Patrick Henry district	3 526	1 988	1 477	18	3	-	3	37	1.0	33	20
Lunenburg County	13 146	7 772	5 072	21	27	6	98	150	1.1	118	235
Beaver Creek district	1 901	938	928	3	2	5	6	19	1.0	15	15
Browns Store district	1 640	1 210	378	1	1	1	31	18	1.1	7	67
Kenbridge town (part)	707	529	146	-	1	-	16	15	2.1	4	46
Hounds Creek district	1 714	682	978	2	5	-	23	24	1.4	24	62
Kenbridge town (part)	546	117	417	-	4	-	-	8	1.5	8	9
Loves Mill district	2 691	1 033	1 606	1	13	-	16	22	0.8	14	43
Victoria town (part)	245	39	199	-	-	-	-	7	2.9	3	3
Meherrin River district	1 715	1 190	487	5	4	-	7	27	1.3	18	14
Plymouth district	1 675	1 431	205	3	2	-	7	27	1.6	26	22
Victoria town (part)	1 576	1 349	192	3	1	-	7	24	1.5	23	22
Rehoboth district	1 810	1 288	490	6	-	-	8	18	1.0	14	12
Madison County	12 520	10 856	1 429	17	63	3	36	116	0.9	97	96
Locust Dale district	4 775	3 993	662	5	34	1	20	60	1.3	43	54
Rapidan district	3 520	3 041	437	5	16	-	1	20	0.6	20	5
Madison town	210	151	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Robertson district	4 225	3 822	330	7	13	2	15	36	0.9	34	37
Mathews County	9 207	8 038	1 036	23	17	-	29	64	0.7	53	73
Chesapeake district	2 237	2 004	199	1	4	-	15	14	0.6	13	33
Piankatank district	3 633	3 188	370	19	9	-	10	37	1.0	32	28
Westville district	3 337	2 846	467	3	4	-	4	13	0.4	8	12
Mecklenburg County	32 380	19 181	12 654	67	98	4	157	219	0.7	179	393
District 1	3 396	1 617	1 735	6	3	-	15	20	0.6	19	32
Clarksville town (part)	194	43	148	-	-	-	-	3	1.5	3	3
District 2	3 530	1 298	2 163	7	16	-	26	20	0.6	11	42
Boydton town	454	264	178	-	-	-	7	5	1.1	2	11
Chase City town (part)	621	80	527	-	2	-	6	6	1.0	4	9
District 3	4 437	3 155	1 213	8	2	2	21	36	0.8	29	51
Brodnax town (part)	45	32	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
La Crosse town (part)	603	328	263	2	1	-	3	6	1.0	5	18
South Hill town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
District 4	3 512	1 298	2 137	12	18	-	27	20	0.6	18	66
La Crosse town (part)	15	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Hill town (part)	1 100	274	814	2	5	-	5	-	-	-	18
District 5	3 503	2 447	968	11	39	-	14	24	0.7	22	52
South Hill town (part)	3 303	2 296	922	11	39	-	12	23	0.7	21	51
District 6	3 848	2 255	1 538	2	9	1	15	28	0.7	19	63
District 7	3 124	2 038	1 037	10	1	1	7	30	1.0	28	33
Chase City town (part)	1 836	1 235	570	5	1	1	6	18	1.0	18	24
District 8	3 702	2 284	1 368	5	3	-	20	22	0.6	19	28
Chase City town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
District 9	3 328	2 789	495	6	7	-	12	19	0.6	14	26
Clarksville town (part)	1 135	903	208	5	5	-	1	13	1.1	9	4
Middlesex County	9 932	7 797	1 999	25	12	-	41	58	0.6	52	55
Jamaica district	1 727	991	706	5	3	-	11	11	0.6	9	7
Pine Top district	4 326	3 843	435	8	8	-	5	27	0.6	25	15
Saluda district	3 879	2 963	858	12	1	-	25	20	0.5	18	33
Urbanna town	543	519	19	-	-	-	-	5	0.9	4	3
Montgomery County	83 629	75 270	3 055	151	3 320	30	526	1 277	1.5	858	1 321
District A-91	10 650	9 363	468	15	557	1	84	162	1.5	109	201
Blacksburg town (part)	8 265	7 096	431	8	515	1	73	141	1.7	96	190
District B-91	12 424	11 592	601	25	72	1	38	95	0.8	88	135
Blacksburg town (part)	51	49	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Christiansburg town (part)	8 812	8 102	534	16	51	1	32	76	0.9	72	85
District C-91	10 593	10 117	291	23	16	3	44	99	0.9	89	91
Christiansburg town (part)	3 909	3 711	127	3	6	1	20	41	1.0	37	34
Elliston-Lafayette CDP	1 241	1 140	50	7	2	2	13	27	2.2	23	19
Shawsville CDP	1 029	990	11	6	1	-	5	16	1.6	15	8
District D-91	12 797	12 356	252	30	30	3	55	71	0.6	62	111

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

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Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
159 510	134 972	79.6	11 517	297	9 025	93	367	3 239	2 498	Loudoun County	
15 087	14 260	92.8	484	25	115	7	32	164	141	Blue Ridge district	
556	545	97.0	8	-	3	-	-	-	-	Hamilton town	
96	93	96.9	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hillsboro town	
3 502	3 139	87.6	265	3	29	1	6	59	57	Purcellville town	
493	451	90.2	36	-	3	-	-	3	3	Round Hill town	
31 316	26 076	78.2	2 161	60	2 221	25	66	707	542	Broad Run district	
18 523	17 109	89.7	735	31	386	5	38	219	181	Catoctin district	
6 856	6 054	84.8	501	5	165	2	19	110	89	Leesburg town (part)	
839	805	94.4	21	3	3	-	5	2	-	Lovettsville town	
27 551	22 761	77.2	2 083	44	1 930	4	89	640	507	Dulles district	
14 863	12 430	77.8	1 697	34	395	2	35	270	238	Leesburg district	
14 863	12 430	77.8	1 697	34	395	2	35	270	238	Leesburg town (part)	
19 035	16 550	83.1	1 486	33	611	6	31	318	234	Mercer district	
4 925	4 277	82.5	375	5	176	4	11	77	63	Leesburg town (part)	
605	470	74.4	128	-	-	-	-	7	7	Middleburg town	
12 167	9 180	66.7	1 234	31	1 357	21	28	316	228	Sterling district	
20 968	16 606	73.2	1 637	39	2 010	23	48	605	427	Sugarland Run district	
25 445	19 517	76.2	5 507	105	63	3	9	241	213	Louisa County	
3 691	2 638	70.8	980	16	6	-	-	51	41	Cuckoo district	
4 166	3 386	80.8	701	12	18	-	2	47	39	Green Spring district	
11	8	72.7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Gordonsville town (part)	
3 692	3 205	86.3	430	23	10	-	3	21	20	Jackson district	
3 519	2 670	75.0	784	12	11	-	-	42	40	Louisa district	
1 381	931	66.5	411	10	10	-	-	19	17	Louisa town	
3 323	2 685	80.3	588	12	14	-	-	24	21	Mineral district	
424	410	96.7	9	1	-	-	-	4	4	Mineral town	
3 548	2 951	82.7	558	12	2	3	2	20	19	Mountain Road district	
3 506	1 982	56.2	1 466	18	2	-	2	36	33	Patrick Henry district	
12 911	7 695	58.5	5 044	20	27	1	5	119	107	Lunenburg County	
1 886	937	49.3	927	3	2	-	1	16	15	Beaver Creek district	
1 573	1 191	72.6	375	1	1	1	-	4	4	Browns Store district	
661	513	72.6	146	-	1	-	-	1	1	Kenbridge town (part)	
1 652	653	38.1	967	2	5	-	2	23	23	Hounds Creek district	
537	113	20.7	413	-	4	-	-	7	7	Kenbridge town (part)	
2 648	1 019	37.9	1 598	1	13	-	-	17	12	Loves Mill district	
242	39	15.9	196	-	-	-	-	-	3	Victoria town (part)	
1 701	1 188	69.3	483	5	4	-	-	21	18	Meherrin River district	
1 653	1 420	84.8	204	3	2	-	2	22	21	Plymouth district	
1 554	1 338	84.9	191	3	1	-	2	19	18	Victoria town (part)	
1 798	1 287	71.1	490	5	-	-	-	16	14	Rehoboth district	
12 424	10 800	86.3	1 423	17	63	3	11	107	96	Madison County	
4 721	3 969	83.1	657	5	34	1	3	52	42	Locust Dale district	
3 515	3 036	86.3	437	5	16	-	1	20	20	Rapidan district	
210	151	71.9	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	Madison town	
4 188	3 795	89.8	329	7	13	2	7	35	34	Robertson district	
9 134	7 995	86.8	1 036	23	17	-	9	54	46	Mathews County	
2 204	1 989	88.9	199	1	4	-	3	8	7	Chesapeake district	
3 605	3 169	87.2	370	19	9	-	4	34	31	Piankatank district	
3 325	2 837	85.0	467	3	4	-	2	12	8	Westville district	
31 987	19 017	58.7	12 589	61	95	4	31	190	168	Mecklenburg County	
3 364	1 607	47.3	1 728	6	2	-	1	20	19	District 1	
191	42	21.6	146	-	-	-	-	3	3	Clarksville town (part)	
3 488	1 289	36.5	2 161	5	16	-	1	16	11	District 2	
443	263	57.9	178	-	-	-	-	2	2	Boydton town	
612	78	12.6	527	-	2	-	-	5	4	Chase City town (part)	
4 386	3 127	70.5	1 210	8	2	2	7	30	27	District 3	
45	32	71.1	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	Brodnax town (part)	
585	316	52.4	260	2	1	-	1	5	4	La Crosse town (part)	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	South Hill town (part)	
3 446	1 272	36.2	2 120	11	18	-	8	17	15	District 4	
15	11	73.3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	La Crosse town (part)	
1 082	270	24.5	804	2	5	-	1	-	-	South Hill town (part)	
3 451	2 413	68.9	964	10	38	-	6	20	18	District 5	
3 252	2 262	68.5	918	10	38	-	5	19	17	South Hill town (part)	
3 785	2 231	58.0	1 521	-	9	1	2	21	19	District 6	
3 091	2 026	64.9	1 025	10	1	1	-	28	26	District 7	
1 812	1 226	66.8	561	5	1	1	-	18	18	Chase City town (part)	
3 674	2 276	61.5	1 365	5	2	-	6	20	19	District 8	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Chase City town (part)	
3 302	2 776	83.4	495	6	7	-	-	18	14	District 9	
1 131	901	79.4	208	5	5	-	-	12	9	Clarksville town (part)	
9 877	7 772	78.3	1 998	25	12	-	16	54	50	Middlesex County	
1 720	988	57.2	705	5	3	-	9	10	9	Jamaica district	
4 311	3 833	88.6	435	8	8	-	1	26	25	Pine Top district	
3 846	2 951	76.1	858	12	1	-	6	18	16	Saluda district	
540	516	95.0	19	-	-	-	-	5	4	Urbanna town	
82 308	74 519	89.1	2 996	141	3 296	29	125	1 202	836	Montgomery County	
10 449	9 245	86.8	456	15	555	1	25	152	106	District A-91	
8 075	6 985	84.5	420	8	513	1	17	131	93	Blacksburg town (part)	
12 289	11 508	92.6	588	23	72	1	5	92	85	District B-91	
50	49	96.1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Blacksburg town (part)	
8 727	8 054	91.4	526	16	51	1	4	75	71	Christiansburg town (part)	
10 502	10 066	95.0	288	23	16	3	10	96	89	District C-91	
3 875	3 694	94.5	126	3	6	1	6	39	37	Christiansburg town (part)	
1 222	1 134	91.4	50	7	2	2	-	27	23	Elliston-Lafayette CDP	
1 021	988	96.0	11	6	1	-	-	15	15	Shawsville CDP	
12 686	12 296	96.1	252	29	28	3	12	66	59	District D-91	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place
Total	One race						Two or more races			
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation								
3 986	3 780	93.7	142	16	12	-	7	29	24	Montgomery County—Con. District D-91—Con.
13 507	12 188	88.5	449	23	632	6	9	200	182	Christiansburg town (part) District E-91
8 195	7 127	84.9	321	9	578	5	5	150	140	Blacksburg town (part) Christiansburg town (part)
191	168	87.5	16	-	1	1	-	5	5	Merrimac CDP (part)
1 735	1 647	94.1	32	5	34	-	2	15	11	District F-91
9 859	7 996	79.1	445	13	990	4	28	383	164	Blacksburg town (part) Merrimac CDP (part)
9 518	7 680	78.6	441	11	977	4	28	377	158	District G-91
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Blacksburg town (part) Merrimac CDP (part)
13 016	11 220	84.4	518	15	1 003	11	36	213	151	District G-91
12 815	11 028	84.2	517	15	997	11	36	211	149	Blacksburg town (part)
14 140	11 765	81.4	2 136	25	32	7	12	163	152	Nelson County
4 932	3 674	73.1	1 155	8	6	3	5	81	72	Lovington district
2 246	1 817	77.5	396	10	6	1	-	16	16	Massies Mill district
4 435	4 066	90.7	311	2	15	-	6	35	34	Rockfish district
2 527	2 208	85.4	274	5	5	3	1	31	30	Schuyler district
13 286	10 727	79.7	2 165	171	71	2	14	136	115	New Kent County
2 713	2 401	88.0	234	37	17	-	-	24	20	District 1
2 640	2 420	90.0	136	27	25	-	4	28	20	District 2
2 954	1 701	56.9	1 191	18	19	-	3	22	21	District 3
2 495	2 205	87.4	196	68	5	1	2	18	17	District 4
2 484	2 000	78.9	408	21	5	1	5	44	37	District 5
12 639	6 878	52.5	5 602	21	25	3	9	101	86	Northampton County
2 443	1 186	46.5	1 224	3	4	2	4	20	18	District 1
39	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cheriton town (part)
1 627	1 018	60.7	595	1	6	-	-	7	7	District 2
1 102	605	53.4	486	1	5	-	-	5	5	Cape Charles town
445	348	76.8	96	-	-	-	-	1	1	Cheriton town (part)
2 189	899	39.7	1 258	10	1	-	1	20	16	District 3
2 120	1 481	66.0	616	1	4	-	1	17	14	District 4
7	7	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cheriton town (part)
201	138	68.0	59	1	-	-	-	3	3	Eastville town
2 186	1 431	63.2	718	5	6	1	3	22	20	District 5
59	58	98.3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Belle Haven town (part)
1 108	704	62.0	379	5	3	1	3	13	12	Exmore town
2 074	863	41.1	1 191	1	4	-	-	15	11	District 6
565	245	42.8	310	-	4	-	-	6	4	Nassawadox town
12 145	8 804	71.8	3 234	17	24	-	8	58	58	Northumberland County
2 508	2 109	83.2	371	2	12	-	1	13	13	District 1
2 330	1 567	66.9	743	3	4	-	3	10	10	District 2
2 439	897	36.2	1 516	7	1	-	3	15	15	District 3
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Kilmarnock town (part)
2 440	2 125	86.0	299	3	5	-	-	8	8	District 4
48	48	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Kilmarnock town (part)
2 428	2 106	86.5	305	2	2	-	1	12	12	District 5
15 477	8 923	56.7	6 356	20	61	2	13	102	88	Nottoway County
2 794	1 845	65.1	924	5	1	-	1	18	17	District 1
482	305	62.4	170	-	-	-	-	7	6	Burkeville town
3 156	2 467	77.4	642	10	5	2	4	26	17	District 2
2 359	1 815	76.3	502	8	4	2	4	24	16	Crewe town
3 532	1 342	37.7	2 157	1	15	-	-	17	17	District 3
3 022	1 322	42.3	1 640	4	25	-	5	26	22	District 4
1 079	240	21.4	812	1	12	-	-	13	13	Blackstone town (part)
2 973	1 947	64.4	993	-	15	-	3	15	15	District 5
2 508	1 594	62.4	884	-	14	-	3	13	13	Blackstone town (part)
25 551	21 629	83.6	3 556	41	81	4	37	203	191	Orange County
4 211	3 557	83.1	615	4	10	-	2	23	23	District 1
230	89	34.6	137	-	-	-	-	4	4	Orange town (part)
4 830	3 631	74.4	1 129	7	6	-	7	50	44	District 2
1 470	1 068	71.8	369	3	4	-	4	22	22	Gordonsville town (part)
33	28	84.8	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	Orange town (part)
4 629	3 769	80.6	799	4	13	-	8	36	34	District 3
3 790	3 017	78.7	718	3	13	-	7	32	30	Orange town (part)
5 376	4 643	85.5	653	15	11	3	7	44	43	District 4
6 505	6 029	91.2	360	11	41	1	13	50	47	District 5
22 926	22 183	95.7	501	32	53	5	11	141	120	Page County
4 465	4 341	96.4	67	6	9	3	5	34	31	East Luray District 201
2 602	2 518	95.6	49	4	4	-	-	27	24	Luray town (part)
4 841	4 777	97.8	31	4	6	-	-	23	17	Marksville District 301
27	27	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Luray town (part)
940	935	97.0	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	Stanley town (part)
4 067	3 979	96.1	51	6	6	1	1	23	16	Newport District 401
353	349	96.4	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	Stanley town (part)
4 737	4 641	97.1	58	6	4	1	3	24	19	Shenandoah District 501
1 849	1 808	96.3	24	2	2	1	2	10	7	Shenandoah town
4 816	4 445	91.3	294	10	28	-	2	37	37	West Luray District 101
2 176	1 916	86.7	220	7	12	-	2	19	19	Luray town (part)
19 044	17 667	91.0	1 178	39	32	5	11	112	101	Patrick County
3 488	3 306	92.3	151	7	6	1	5	12	10	Blue Ridge district
902	759	80.1	138	-	-	-	-	5	4	Stuart town (part)
3 992	3 785	92.4	167	4	10	-	1	25	22	Dan River district
4 117	3 736	90.1	344	5	6	1	4	21	20	Mayo River district
405	402	98.8	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	Patrick Springs CDP (part)
3 578	3 199	88.2	339	10	2	3	1	24	23	Peters Creek district
1 552	1 402	88.5	127	6	-	-	1	16	15	Patrick Springs CDP (part)

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popula- tion	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races		
Patrick County—Con.												
Smith River district	3 951	3 683	185	13	8	1	26	35	0.9	30	82	
Patrick Springs CDP (part)	77	61	12	-	-	-	-	4	5.2	4	4	
Stuart town (part)	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pittsylvania County	61 745	46 311	14 606	88	117	3	230	390	0.6	311	759	
Banister district	7 774	3 642	4 001	5	14	-	32	80	1.0	57	114	
Chatham town (part)	79	34	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Gretna town (part)	289	16	273	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Callands-Gretna district	8 301	6 589	1 634	16	5	-	8	49	0.6	46	57	
Gretna town (part)	968	745	216	1	1	-	2	3	0.3	2	5	
Chatham-Blairs district	9 709	8 380	1 157	18	35	-	65	54	0.6	47	105	
Chatham town (part)	1 259	923	304	8	-	-	7	17	1.4	12	7	
Dan River district	9 543	7 174	2 257	15	17	-	33	47	0.5	42	120	
Staunton River district	8 076	6 401	1 599	9	12	1	10	44	0.5	39	48	
Hurt town	1 276	1 104	154	2	5	-	4	7	0.5	5	12	
Tunstall district	9 377	6 376	2 884	15	13	2	42	45	0.5	39	100	
Westover district	8 965	7 749	1 074	10	21	-	40	71	0.8	41	215	
Powhatan County	22 377	18 237	3 784	46	46	1	74	189	0.8	147	184	
District 1	4 330	3 997	256	17	6	-	13	41	0.9	36	47	
District 2	5 045	4 638	309	10	18	-	23	47	0.9	37	53	
District 3	3 747	3 264	438	7	10	-	4	24	0.6	20	17	
District 4	4 620	4 094	466	5	7	-	14	34	0.7	19	31	
District 5	4 635	2 244	2 315	7	5	1	20	43	0.9	35	36	
Prince Edward County	19 720	12 260	7 063	36	108	20	45	188	1.0	158	186	
District 101	4 388	3 460	764	9	55	13	23	64	1.5	56	56	
Farmville town (part)	3 504	2 805	562	9	37	13	23	55	1.6	47	47	
District 201	2 187	1 238	921	2	6	-	-	20	0.9	20	17	
Farmville town (part)	65	53	11	-	-	-	-	1	1.5	1	-	
District 301	2 637	1 294	1 303	11	4	-	2	23	0.9	19	16	
District 401	2 076	1 430	631	5	-	-	-	10	0.5	9	14	
Hampden Sydney CDP (part)	854	666	181	-	-	-	-	7	0.8	7	9	
District 501	3 101	2 097	963	-	5	1	12	23	0.7	14	29	
Farmville town (part)	135	79	52	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	5	
Hampden Sydney CDP (part)	410	377	29	-	3	-	-	1	0.2	-	3	
Pamplin City town (part)	7	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District 601	2 660	1 119	1 506	4	6	1	2	22	0.8	20	25	
District 701	1 519	1 332	136	1	29	5	5	11	0.7	8	17	
Farmville town (part)	1 512	1 325	136	1	29	5	5	11	0.7	8	17	
District 801	1 152	290	839	4	3	-	1	15	1.3	12	12	
Farmville town (part)	1 152	290	839	4	3	-	1	15	1.3	12	12	
Prince George County	33 047	20 135	10 753	140	573	51	723	672	2.0	465	1 625	
Blackwater district	3 590	2 764	753	10	16	-	12	35	1.0	27	42	
Bland district	15 146	8 829	4 855	85	400	34	535	408	2.7	283	1 019	
Fort Lee CDP (part)	5 564	2 389	2 344	50	152	23	410	196	3.5	138	663	
Brandon district	3 132	1 361	1 563	27	45	1	75	60	1.9	26	262	
Rives district	7 703	4 578	2 764	12	98	16	95	140	1.8	108	273	
Fort Lee CDP (part)	1 705	479	1 076	3	18	6	75	48	2.8	31	167	
Templeton district	3 476	2 603	818	6	14	-	6	29	0.8	21	29	
Prince William County	280 813	193 574	52 691	1 094	10 701	368	12 207	10 178	3.6	6 414	27 338	
Brentsville district	43 721	37 469	2 852	140	997	40	1 163	1 060	2.4	656	2 908	
Bull Run CDP (part)	545	370	98	-	32	-	38	7	1.3	-	75	
Linton Hall CDP	8 620	7 547	577	16	228	11	93	148	1.7	109	343	
Nokesville CDP	1 236	1 163	46	1	6	1	2	17	1.4	10	21	
Yorkshire CDP	6 732	5 098	574	28	161	7	561	303	4.5	150	1 270	
Coles district	42 411	28 849	9 045	140	1 737	94	1 038	1 508	3.6	1 004	2 854	
Dale City CDP (part)	23 176	13 234	6 768	97	1 193	61	796	1 027	4.4	685	2 001	
Lake Ridge CDP (part)	10 914	8 099	1 851	25	384	22	190	343	3.1	233	633	
Dumfries district	42 177	28 353	9 703	190	1 240	60	1 109	1 522	3.6	1 116	3 085	
Dumfries town	4 937	2 612	1 741	31	53	-	283	217	4.4	149	645	
Montclair CDP	15 728	12 210	2 314	64	475	32	170	463	2.9	356	709	
Quantico town	561	344	114	2	57	-	13	31	5.5	20	31	
Quantico Station CDP (part)	6 345	4 637	1 032	30	133	9	244	260	4.1	208	593	
Triangle CDP	5 500	3 359	1 558	27	158	6	197	195	3.5	134	408	
Gainesville district	43 778	32 527	5 264	174	1 472	34	2 986	1 321	3.0	703	5 262	
Bull Run CDP (part)	10 792	6 823	2 053	31	587	9	873	416	3.9	228	1 742	
Gainesville CDP	4 382	3 890	298	10	60	2	67	55	1.3	35	165	
Haymarket town	879	809	47	-	7	-	6	10	1.1	6	24	
Loch Lomond CDP	3 411	2 708	239	9	72	2	303	78	2.3	40	481	
Sudley CDP	7 719	5 821	917	37	287	9	394	254	3.3	163	717	
West Gate CDP	7 493	4 215	1 287	44	298	8	1 278	363	4.8	132	1 963	
Neabsco district	33 830	19 343	9 524	147	1 656	50	1 633	1 477	4.4	926	3 652	
Dale City CDP (part)	32 795	18 584	9 331	138	1 647	46	1 596	1 453	4.4	909	3 533	
Occoquan district	35 774	25 516	6 114	85	1 708	26	928	1 397	3.9	957	2 718	
Lake Ridge CDP (part)	19 490	14 516	3 021	48	688	17	479	721	3.7	527	1 528	
Occoquan town (part)	759	649	62	4	12	1	12	19	2.5	10	49	
Woodbridge district	39 122	21 517	10 189	218	1 891	64	3 350	1 893	4.8	1 052	6 859	
Woodbridge CDP	31 941	17 996	7 490	177	1 566	54	3 074	1 584	5.0	852	6 091	
Pulaski County	35 127	32 529	1 957	54	114	13	131	329	0.9	270	336	
Cloyd district	6 721	6 297	332	11	17	-	6	58	0.9	49	30	
Fairlawn CDP	2 211	2 050	122	3	5	-	6	25	1.1	18	19	
Draper district	7 046	6 462	414	15	20	4	27	104	1.5	75	79	
Dublin town (part)	705	577	92	4	5	-	1	26	3.7	17	5	
Pulaski town (part)	1 849	1 603	189	2	1	4	22	28	1.5	19	46	
Ingles district	8 033	7 531	425	5	15	1	15	41	0.5	36	40	
Dublin town (part)	1 583	1 456	104	1	2	-	10	10	0.6	6	10	
Massie district	6 966	6 566	274	8	36	-	26	56	0.8	51	82	
Dublin town (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	

Table 3. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
Clifton Forge city	4 289	3 558	627	4	2	-	21	77	1.8	68	38
Colonial Heights city	16 897	15 052	1 059	32	459	14	108	173	1.0	132	274
Covington city	6 303	5 298	828	22	41	1	13	100	1.6	85	40
Danville city	48 411	26 075	21 352	81	291	14	219	379	0.8	278	612
Emporia city	5 665	2 405	3 181	4	30	4	17	24	0.4	22	84
Fairfax city	21 498	15 675	1 090	73	2 617	16	1 326	701	3.3	372	2 932
Falls Church city	10 377	8 817	340	25	675	7	261	252	2.4	193	876
Franklin city	8 346	3 816	4 366	12	65	1	16	70	0.8	48	46
Fredericksburg city	19 279	14 108	3 935	65	291	11	494	375	1.9	278	945
Galax city	6 837	3 575	428	31	48	1	377	65	1.0	44	757
Hampton city	146 437	72 556	65 428	616	2 694	136	1 505	3 502	2.4	2 767	4 153
Harrisonburg city	40 468	34 334	2 394	76	1 257	10	1 355	1 042	2.6	704	3 580
Hopewell city	22 354	13 924	7 484	79	180	16	275	396	1.8	314	651
Lexington city	6 867	5 906	713	18	132	1	33	64	0.9	54	109
Lynchburg city	65 269	43 487	19 382	169	838	28	413	952	1.5	779	878
Manassas city	35 135	25 316	4 535	128	1 206	31	2 773	1 146	3.3	553	5 316
Manassas Park city	10 290	7 490	1 149	45	418	7	838	343	3.3	178	1 544
Martinsville city	15 416	8 537	6 559	16	72	-	107	125	0.8	100	358
Newport News city	180 150	96 383	70 388	752	4 195	214	3 225	4 993	2.8	3 740	7 595
Norfolk city	234 403	113 358	103 387	1 071	6 593	251	3 923	5 820	2.5	4 409	8 915
Norton city	3 904	3 575	240	3	39	5	7	35	0.9	30	34
Petersburg city	33 740	6 249	26 643	67	236	9	198	338	1.0	275	463
Poquoson city	11 566	11 134	78	27	182	4	31	110	1.0	94	122
Portsmouth city	100 565	46 096	50 899	478	775	67	618	1 632	1.6	1 360	1 748
Radford city	15 859	13 990	1 284	39	226	4	77	239	1.5	173	184
Richmond city	197 790	75 744	113 108	479	2 471	157	2 948	2 883	1.5	2 029	5 074
Roanoke city	94 911	65 848	25 380	190	1 096	23	685	1 689	1.8	1 193	1 405
Salem city	24 747	22 738	1 455	32	241	6	61	214	0.9	162	205
Staunton city	23 853	19 866	3 328	52	110	2	125	370	1.6	315	265
Suffolk city	63 677	34 271	27 718	191	491	15	233	758	1.2	628	809
Virginia Beach city	425 257	303 681	80 593	1 619	20 869	416	6 402	11 677	2.7	9 196	17 770
Waynesboro city	19 520	16 877	1 945	61	112	6	213	306	1.6	261	643
Williamsburg city	11 998	9 543	1 601	32	549	7	90	176	1.5	142	302
Winchester city	23 585	19 355	2 470	56	375	8	817	504	2.1	376	1 527

Table 3. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino											State County County Subdivision Place
Total	One race							Two or more races			
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races		
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
4 251	3 543	82.6	627	4	2	-	3	72	68	Clifton Forge city	
16 623	14 920	88.3	1 043	29	453	14	12	152	123	Colonial Heights city	
6 263	5 271	83.6	828	22	41	1	6	94	85	Covington city	
47 799	25 813	53.3	21 267	75	290	13	33	308	266	Danville city	
5 581	2 342	41.3	3 174	4	30	4	3	24	22	Emporia city	
18 566	14 333	66.7	1 035	55	2 609	14	28	492	349	Fairfax city	
9 501	8 255	79.6	321	21	674	7	16	207	179	Falls Church city	
8 300	3 800	45.5	4 351	9	65	1	8	66	48	Franklin city	
18 334	13 759	71.4	3 884	58	277	10	37	309	257	Fredericksburg city	
6 080	5 549	81.2	412	21	47	1	-	50	44	Galax city	
142 284	70 963	48.5	64 795	574	2 650	114	248	2 940	2 565	Hampton city	
36 888	32 416	80.1	2 266	57	1 247	10	46	846	666	Harrisonburg city	
21 703	13 655	61.1	7 414	75	178	15	24	342	296	Hopewell city	
6 758	5 837	85.0	713	18	130	1	3	56	50	Lexington city	
64 391	43 108	66.0	19 288	164	830	26	128	847	753	Lynchburg city	
29 819	23 304	66.3	4 430	103	1 191	31	85	675	511	Manassas city	
8 746	6 919	67.2	1 115	38	413	5	28	228	173	Manassas Park city	
15 058	8 336	54.1	6 501	12	72	-	21	116	94	Martinsville city	
172 555	93 624	52.0	69 538	685	4 112	199	356	4 041	3 469	Newport News city	
225 488	110 221	47.0	102 268	971	6 477	220	483	4 848	4 084	Norfolk city	
3 870	3 548	90.9	235	3	39	4	7	34	29	Norton city	
33 277	6 131	18.2	26 511	61	234	8	28	304	255	Petersburg city	
11 444	11 048	95.5	78	26	182	4	5	101	90	Poquoson city	
98 817	45 403	45.1	50 569	449	762	60	113	1 461	1 294	Portsmouth city	
15 675	13 900	87.6	1 274	36	223	4	23	215	168	Radford city	
192 716	74 506	37.7	112 455	460	2 437	66	319	2 473	1 920	Richmond city	
93 506	65 256	68.8	25 220	178	1 088	21	185	1 558	1 151	Roanoke city	
24 542	22 594	91.3	1 444	32	241	6	23	202	162	Salem city	
23 588	19 728	82.7	3 305	51	110	2	50	342	301	Staunton city	
62 868	33 940	53.3	27 524	185	487	15	64	653	583	Suffolk city	
407 487	295 402	69.5	79 092	1 448	20 618	356	913	9 658	8 536	Virginia Beach city	
18 877	16 492	84.5	1 935	50	112	6	18	264	253	Waynesboro city	
11 696	9 352	77.9	1 593	31	546	6	15	153	132	Williamsburg city	
22 058	18 724	79.4	2 454	48	374	8	36	414	359	Winchester city	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Race										Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
	One race							Two or more races			
	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some other race, and three or more races	
The State	7 078 515	5 120 110	1 390 293	21 172	261 025	3 946	138 900	143 069	2.0	94 743	329 540
COUNTY											
Accomack County	38 305	24 276	12 089	125	86	23	1 367	339	0.9	253	2 062
Albemarle County	79 236	67 474	7 650	135	2 268	9	681	1 019	1.3	790	2 029
Allegheny County	12 926	12 454	317	27	31	2	26	69	0.5	59	47
Amelia County	11 400	8 045	3 198	32	19	2	28	76	0.7	61	91
Amherst County	31 894	24 772	6 311	259	113	6	132	301	0.9	235	306
Appomattox County	13 705	10 408	3 140	18	23	3	36	77	0.6	67	65
Arlington County	189 453	130 601	17 705	662	16 327	143	15 786	8 229	4.3	3 168	35 268
Augusta County	65 615	62 347	2 360	101	185	15	210	397	0.6	327	620
Bath County	5 048	4 659	317	11	19	3	5	34	0.7	34	18
Bedford County	60 371	55 649	3 767	119	261	9	121	445	0.7	389	449
Bland County	6 871	6 515	288	6	8	1	6	47	0.7	31	32
Botetourt County	30 496	28 944	1 073	66	144	1	59	209	0.7	173	181
Brunswick County	18 419	7 734	10 472	16	40	1	62	94	0.5	65	231
Buchanan County	26 978	26 101	708	16	37	1	26	89	0.3	78	128
Buckingham County	15 623	9 235	6 102	32	27	1	57	169	1.1	149	126
Campbell County	51 078	42 516	7 516	99	315	3	170	459	0.9	412	423
Caroline County	22 121	13 842	7 604	172	79	6	116	302	1.4	267	295
Carroll County	29 245	28 651	129	40	29	-	240	156	0.5	118	479
Charles City County	6 926	2 470	3 799	543	7	-	12	95	1.4	85	45
Charlotte County	12 472	8 171	4 102	18	20	-	87	74	0.6	69	206
Chesterfield County	259 903	199 447	46 195	851	6 154	111	3 472	3 673	1.4	2 585	7 617
Clarke County	12 652	11 532	852	24	62	4	70	108	0.9	94	185
Craig County	5 091	5 037	10	11	8	-	7	18	0.4	17	17
Culpeper County	34 262	26 816	6 220	112	225	5	394	490	1.4	410	858
Cumberland County	9 017	5 444	3 376	16	32	-	53	96	1.1	83	150
Dickenson County	16 395	16 224	58	19	12	-	9	73	0.4	60	70
Dinwiddie County	24 533	15 837	8 257	55	76	10	97	201	0.8	185	237
Essex County	9 989	5 790	3 900	55	81	3	32	128	1.3	116	72
Fairfax County	969 749	677 904	83 098	2 561	126 038	691	44 019	35 438	3.7	18 964	106 958
Fauquier County	55 139	48 740	4 844	146	324	19	331	735	1.3	598	1 114
Floyd County	13 874	13 418	277	12	13	2	50	102	0.7	85	187
Fluvanna County	20 047	15 925	3 690	38	77	8	59	250	1.2	222	235
Franklin County	47 286	42 063	4 420	89	169	11	198	336	0.7	288	573
Frederick County	59 209	56 240	1 550	92	388	10	329	600	1.0	492	1 004
Giles County	16 657	16 226	263	23	31	-	26	88	0.5	74	105
Gloucester County	34 780	30 148	3 585	146	240	18	140	503	1.4	450	560
Goochland County	16 863	12 261	4 324	33	80	2	33	130	0.8	115	144
Grayson County	17 917	16 429	1 217	21	12	5	125	108	0.6	97	277
Greene County	15 244	13 871	983	29	68	5	98	190	1.2	158	201
Greensville County	11 560	4 502	6 907	12	46	2	54	37	0.3	29	108
Halifax County	37 355	22 531	14 204	74	91	2	166	287	0.8	231	458
Hanover County	86 320	76 242	8 065	289	686	7	316	715	0.8	588	847
Henrico County	262 300	180 761	64 805	920	9 451	82	2 562	3 719	1.4	2 620	5 946
Henry County	57 930	43 118	13 127	93	236	19	804	533	0.9	372	2 002
Highland County	2 536	2 517	2	3	3	-	2	9	0.4	7	13
Isle of Wight County	29 728	21 130	8 071	78	101	8	83	257	0.9	222	254
James City County	48 102	39 467	6 910	134	702	22	213	654	1.4	545	816
King and Queen County	6 630	4 059	2 365	94	18	1	10	83	1.3	76	58
King George County	16 803	13 055	3 148	80	169	12	76	263	1.6	230	301
King William County	13 146	9 703	2 999	202	48	-	43	151	1.1	140	120
Lancaster County	11 567	8 091	3 340	16	39	7	11	63	0.5	53	71
Lee County	23 589	23 221	103	53	42	1	19	150	0.6	140	120
Loudoun County	169 599	140 419	11 683	358	9 067	105	3 837	4 130	2.4	2 660	10 089
Louisa County	25 627	19 617	5 530	108	64	3	46	259	1.0	218	182
Lunenburg County	13 146	7 772	5 072	21	27	6	98	150	1.1	118	235
Madison County	12 520	10 856	1 429	17	63	3	36	116	0.9	97	96
Mathews County	9 207	8 038	1 036	23	17	-	29	64	0.7	53	73
Mecklenburg County	32 380	19 181	12 654	67	98	4	157	219	0.7	179	393
Middlesex County	9 932	7 797	1 999	25	12	-	41	58	0.6	52	55
Montgomery County	83 629	75 270	3 055	151	3 320	30	526	1 277	1.5	858	1 321
Nelson County	14 445	11 939	2 151	27	34	9	90	195	1.3	169	305
New Kent County	13 462	10 805	2 181	173	72	2	71	158	1.2	131	176
Northampton County	13 093	6 977	5 634	22	26	3	278	153	1.2	86	454
Northumberland County	12 259	8 849	3 259	18	24	-	40	69	0.6	59	114
Nottoway County	15 725	8 988	6 378	21	61	5	159	113	0.7	92	248
Orange County	25 881	21 833	3 566	53	88	5	102	234	0.9	202	330
Page County	23 177	22 311	501	34	55	6	112	158	0.7	124	251
Patrick County	19 407	17 805	1 203	41	32	7	182	137	0.7	107	363
Pittsylvania County	61 745	46 311	14 606	88	117	3	230	390	0.6	311	759
Powhatan County	22 377	18 237	3 784	46	46	1	74	189	0.8	147	184
Prince Edward County	19 720	12 260	7 063	36	108	20	45	188	1.0	158	186
Prince George County	33 047	20 135	10 753	140	573	51	723	672	2.0	465	1 625
Prince William County	280 813	193 574	52 691	1 094	10 701	368	12 207	10 178	3.6	6 414	27 338
Pulaski County	35 127	32 529	1 957	54	114	13	131	329	0.9	270	336
Rappahannock County	6 983	6 469	380	11	15	-	28	80	1.1	77	91
Richmond County	8 809	5 706	2 922	8	28	6	75	64	0.7	54	185
Roanoke County	85 778	80 312	2 876	105	1 377	14	334	760	0.9	559	888
Rockbridge County	20 808	19 856	617	54	92	1	25	163	0.8	142	120
Rockingham County	67 725	65 406	924	85	199	7	610	494	0.7	318	2 221
Russell County	30 308	29 118	934	34	15	1	86	120	0.4	103	237
Scott County	23 403	23 055	139	32	17	4	35	121	0.5	107	99
Shenandoah County	35 075	33 533	412	62	122	6	628	312	0.9	258	1 194
Smyth County	33 081	32 043	619	51	61	1	107	199	0.6	182	283
Southampton County	17 482	9 783	7 495	35	32	1	44	92	0.5	80	115

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
6 748 975	4 965 637	70.2	1 376 378	18 596	259 277	3 380	11 685	114 022	88 625	The State	
COUNTY											
36 243	23 697	61.9	12 039	106	86	10	35	270	238	Accomack County	
77 207	66 218	83.6	7 586	113	2 267	6	137	880	755	Albemarle County	
12 879	12 428	96.1	314	27	30	2	11	67	59	Alleghany County	
11 309	8 007	70.2	3 183	32	19	2	5	61	59	Amelia County	
31 588	24 645	77.3	6 267	250	108	6	56	256	231	Amherst County	
13 640	10 377	75.7	3 132	17	23	3	18	70	65	Appomattox County	
154 185	114 489	60.4	17 244	418	16 232	114	587	5 101	2 773	Arlington County	
64 995	61 970	94.4	2 354	91	184	11	38	347	310	Augusta County	
5 030	4 645	92.0	317	11	19	3	1	34	34	Bath County	
59 922	55 358	91.7	3 752	113	258	7	28	406	372	Bedford County	
6 839	6 495	94.5	285	5	8	1	-	45	29	Bland County	
30 315	28 833	94.5	1 067	65	144	1	24	181	165	Botetourt County	
18 188	7 629	41.4	10 416	15	40	1	10	77	57	Brunswick County	
26 850	26 007	96.4	706	15	37	1	1	83	73	Buchanan County	
15 497	9 184	58.8	6 073	31	27	1	21	160	144	Buckingham County	
50 655	42 298	82.8	7 465	97	313	2	41	439	404	Campbell County	
21 826	13 710	62.0	7 562	168	79	3	33	271	250	Caroline County	
28 766	28 436	97.2	129	40	28	-	10	123	110	Carroll County	
6 881	2 454	35.4	3 795	535	7	-	2	88	79	Charles City County	
12 266	8 053	64.6	4 087	17	20	-	21	68	66	Charlotte County	
252 286	196 076	75.4	45 797	795	6 123	95	377	3 023	2 423	Chesterfield County	
12 467	11 422	90.3	848	23	61	4	14	95	89	Clarke County	
5 074	5 023	98.7	9	10	8	-	6	18	17	Craig County	
33 404	26 413	77.1	6 188	96	225	4	59	419	397	Culpeper County	
8 867	5 386	59.7	3 349	12	31	-	9	80	75	Cumberland County	
16 325	16 163	98.6	58	18	12	-	4	70	60	Dickenson County	
24 296	15 735	64.1	8 221	54	74	8	17	187	182	Dinwiddie County	
9 917	5 762	57.7	3 879	54	81	2	19	120	116	Essex County	
862 791	624 296	64.4	81 287	1 834	125 585	616	2 473	26 700	17 603	Fairfax County	
54 025	48 064	87.2	4 801	132	318	17	67	626	575	Fauquier County	
13 687	13 284	95.7	274	12	11	1	12	93	81	Floyd County	
19 812	15 794	78.8	3 664	35	75	8	25	211	207	Fluvanna County	
46 713	41 749	88.3	4 393	73	165	10	38	285	265	Franklin County	
58 205	55 653	94.0	1 538	76	385	8	39	506	463	Frederick County	
16 552	16 141	96.9	263	20	31	-	14	83	73	Giles County	
34 220	29 805	85.7	3 562	139	232	18	14	450	424	Gloucester County	
16 719	12 194	72.3	4 298	32	68	2	5	120	115	Goochland County	
17 640	16 283	90.9	1 214	20	12	2	4	105	97	Grayson County	
15 043	13 769	90.3	982	26	65	1	27	173	151	Greene County	
11 452	4 461	38.6	6 881	8	46	2	19	35	29	Greensville County	
36 897	22 313	59.7	14 164	68	91	2	22	237	208	Halifax County	
85 473	75 753	87.8	8 026	277	669	6	106	636	556	Hanover County	
256 354	178 000	67.9	64 342	862	9 415	71	428	3 236	2 480	Henrico County	
55 928	42 087	72.7	13 080	83	218	8	47	405	369	Henry County	
2 523	2 507	98.9	1	3	3	-	-	9	7	Highland County	
29 474	20 992	70.6	8 045	75	101	8	28	225	209	Isle of Wight County	
47 286	38 954	81.0	6 858	121	682	19	64	588	520	James City County	
6 572	4 036	60.9	2 351	93	17	1	6	68	65	King and Queen County	
16 502	12 856	76.5	3 136	72	167	11	26	234	220	King George County	
13 026	9 654	73.4	2 974	193	48	-	22	135	134	King William County	
11 496	8 055	69.6	3 324	16	37	7	3	54	51	Lancaster County	
23 469	23 132	98.1	103	51	38	1	7	137	132	Lee County	
159 510	134 972	79.6	11 517	297	9 025	93	367	3 239	2 498	Loudoun County	
25 445	19 517	76.2	5 507	105	63	3	9	241	213	Louisa County	
12 911	7 695	58.5	5 044	20	27	1	5	119	107	Lunenburg County	
12 424	10 800	86.3	1 423	17	63	3	11	107	96	Madison County	
9 134	7 995	86.8	1 036	23	17	-	9	54	46	Mathews County	
31 987	19 017	58.7	12 589	61	95	4	31	190	168	Mecklenburg County	
9 877	7 772	78.3	1 998	25	12	-	16	54	50	Middlesex County	
82 308	74 519	89.1	2 996	141	3 296	29	125	1 202	836	Montgomery County	
14 140	11 765	81.4	2 136	25	32	7	12	163	152	Nelson County	
13 286	10 727	79.7	2 165	171	71	2	14	136	115	New Kent County	
12 639	6 878	52.5	5 602	21	25	3	9	101	86	Northampton County	
12 145	8 804	71.8	3 234	17	24	-	8	58	58	Northumberland County	
15 477	8 923	56.7	6 356	20	61	2	13	102	88	Nottoway County	
25 551	21 629	83.6	3 556	41	81	4	37	203	191	Orange County	
22 926	22 183	95.7	501	32	53	5	11	141	120	Page County	
19 044	17 667	91.0	1 178	39	32	5	11	112	101	Patrick County	
60 986	45 921	74.4	14 525	82	111	3	13	331	294	Pittsylvania County	
22 193	18 117	81.0	3 781	45	46	-	31	173	139	Powhatan County	
19 534	12 180	61.8	7 014	32	104	19	20	165	155	Prince Edward County	
31 422	19 532	59.1	10 593	124	556	48	61	508	428	Prince George County	
253 475	181 756	64.7	51 743	891	10 606	335	712	7 432	5 931	Prince William County	
34 791	32 351	92.1	1 947	45	114	4	15	315	268	Pulaski County	
6 892	6 411	91.8	374	11	15	-	6	75	73	Rappahannock County	
8 624	5 616	63.8	2 913	8	28	-	1	58	52	Richmond County	
84 890	79 809	93.0	2 855	96	1 365	12	73	680	539	Roanoke County	
20 688	19 775	95.0	610	53	92	1	8	149	132	Rockbridge County	
65 504	63 938	94.4	868	77	189	5	41	386	313	Rockingham County	
30 071	28 981	95.6	923	27	15	1	5	119	103	Russell County	
23 304	22 992	98.2	137	27	16	4	12	116	107	Scott County	
33 881	33 046	94.2	399	45	121	3	12	255	242	Shenandoah County	
32 798	31 880	96.4	607	49	61	-	14	187	173	Smyth County	
17 367	9 754	55.8	7 462	30	32	1	11	77	75	Southampton County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Race										Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
	One race							Two or more races			
	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popula- tion	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
COUNTY—Con.											
Spotsylvania County	90 395	74 924	11 255	288	1 243	45	941	1 699	1.9	1 403	2 536
Stafford County	92 446	75 807	11 211	417	1 512	93	1 123	2 283	2.5	1 833	3 342
Surry County	6 829	3 201	3 524	17	9	2	17	59	0.9	55	51
Sussex County	12 504	4 550	7 769	16	15	2	68	84	0.7	76	102
Tazewell County	44 598	42 886	1 020	74	272	-	70	276	0.6	220	228
Warren County	31 584	29 280	1 526	84	136	7	145	406	1.3	339	494
Washington County	51 103	49 854	676	58	137	13	69	296	0.6	267	322
Westmoreland County	16 718	10 936	5 164	47	61	2	292	216	1.3	145	579
Wise County	40 123	38 870	713	64	121	4	106	245	0.6	221	292
Wythe County	27 599	26 429	791	44	105	4	65	161	0.6	139	157
York County	56 297	45 038	7 533	195	1 829	65	509	1 128	2.0	930	1 509
Alexandria city	128 283	76 702	28 915	355	7 249	112	9 467	5 483	4.3	2 071	18 882
Bedford city	6 299	4 745	1 410	15	36	5	15	73	1.2	64	56
Bristol city	17 367	16 072	967	43	64	2	32	187	1.1	163	169
Buena Vista city	6 349	5 940	305	19	27	1	5	52	0.8	46	64
Charlottesville city	45 049	31 337	10 009	49	2 223	15	458	958	2.1	767	1 102
Chesapeake city	199 184	133 193	56 823	770	3 673	101	1 400	3 224	1.6	2 626	4 076
Clifton Forge city	4 289	3 558	627	4	2	-	21	77	1.8	68	38
Colonial Heights city	16 897	15 052	1 059	32	459	14	108	173	1.0	132	274
Covington city	6 303	5 298	828	22	41	1	13	100	1.6	85	40
Danville city	48 411	26 075	21 352	81	291	14	219	379	0.8	278	612
Emporia city	5 665	2 405	3 181	4	30	4	17	24	0.4	22	84
Fairfax city	21 498	15 675	1 090	73	2 617	16	1 326	701	3.3	372	2 932
Falls Church city	10 377	8 817	340	25	675	7	261	252	2.4	193	876
Franklin city	8 346	3 816	4 366	12	65	1	16	70	0.8	48	46
Fredericksburg city	19 279	14 108	3 935	65	291	11	494	375	1.9	278	945
Galax city	6 837	5 887	428	31	48	1	377	65	1.0	44	757
Hampton city	146 437	72 556	65 428	616	2 694	136	1 505	3 502	2.4	2 767	4 153
Harrisonburg city	40 468	34 334	2 394	76	1 257	10	1 355	1 042	2.6	704	3 580
Hopewell city	22 354	13 924	7 484	79	180	16	275	396	1.8	314	651
Lexington city	6 867	5 906	713	18	132	1	33	64	0.9	54	109
Lynchburg city	65 269	43 487	19 382	169	838	28	413	952	1.5	779	878
Manassas city	35 135	25 316	4 535	128	1 206	31	2 773	1 146	3.3	553	5 316
Manassas Park city	10 290	7 490	1 149	45	418	7	838	343	3.3	178	1 544
Martinsville city	15 416	8 537	6 559	16	72	-	107	125	0.8	100	358
Newport News city	180 150	96 383	70 388	752	4 195	214	3 225	4 993	2.8	3 740	7 595
Norfolk city	234 403	113 358	103 387	1 071	6 593	251	3 923	5 820	2.5	4 409	8 915
Norton city	3 904	3 575	240	3	39	5	7	35	0.9	30	34
Petersburg city	33 740	6 249	26 643	67	236	9	198	338	1.0	275	463
Poquoson city	11 566	11 134	78	27	182	4	31	110	1.0	94	122
Portsmouth city	100 565	46 096	50 899	478	775	67	618	1 632	1.6	1 360	1 748
Radford city	15 859	13 990	1 284	39	226	4	77	239	1.5	173	184
Richmond city	197 790	75 744	113 108	479	2 471	157	2 948	2 883	1.5	2 029	5 074
Roanoke city	94 911	65 848	25 380	190	1 096	23	685	1 689	1.8	1 193	1 405
Salem city	24 747	22 738	1 455	32	241	6	61	214	0.9	162	205
Staunton city	23 853	19 866	3 328	52	110	2	125	370	1.6	315	265
Suffolk city	63 677	34 271	27 718	191	491	15	233	758	1.2	628	809
Virginia Beach city	425 257	303 681	80 593	1 619	20 869	416	6 402	11 677	2.7	9 196	17 770
Waynesboro city	19 520	16 877	1 945	61	112	6	213	306	1.6	261	643
Williamsburg city	11 998	9 543	1 601	32	549	7	90	176	1.5	142	302
Winchester city	23 585	19 355	2 470	56	375	8	817	504	2.1	376	1 527
PLACE											
Abingdon town, Washington County	7 780	7 390	265	10	50	1	15	49	0.6	45	62
Accomac town, Accomack County	547	389	135	-	14	-	5	4	0.7	4	12
Adwolf CDP, Smyth County	1 457	1 431	2	-	3	-	7	14	1.0	12	17
Alberta town, Brunswick County	306	183	121	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1
Alexandria city	128 283	76 702	28 915	355	7 249	112	9 467	5 483	4.3	2 071	18 882
Altavista town, Campbell County	3 425	2 543	841	3	7	-	11	20	0.6	19	32
Amherst town, Amherst County	2 251	1 552	667	7	7	-	1	17	0.8	15	23
Annandale CDP, Fairfax County	54 994	35 473	3 224	165	10 647	41	3 266	2 178	4.0	997	7 966
Appalachia town, Wise County	1 839	1 732	84	5	3	-	7	8	0.4	7	22
Appomattox town, Appomattox County	1 761	1 178	566	5	-	-	2	10	0.6	8	4
Aquia Harbour CDP, Stafford County	7 856	6 752	701	44	100	8	68	183	2.3	167	268
Arlington CDP, Arlington County	189 453	130 601	17 705	662	16 327	143	15 786	8 229	4.3	3 168	35 268
Ashland town, Hanover County	6 619	4 947	1 473	24	47	-	45	83	1.3	69	115
Atkins CDP, Smyth County	1 138	1 126	-	-	1	-	6	5	0.4	5	10
Bailey's Crossroads CDP, Fairfax County	23 166	11 096	2 514	126	2 865	21	4 340	2 204	9.5	521	8 596
Bassett CDP, Henry County	1 338	976	323	-	1	1	24	13	1.0	11	66
Basye-Bryce Mountain CDP, Shenandoah County	986	948	16	4	8	-	2	8	0.8	5	8
Bedford city	6 299	4 745	1 410	15	36	5	15	73	1.2	64	56
Belle Haven town	480	375	93	4	3	-	3	2	0.4	-	4
Accomack County (part)	421	317	92	4	3	-	3	2	0.5	-	4
Northampton County (part)	59	58	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belle Haven CDP, Fairfax County	6 269	5 402	431	16	142	4	121	153	2.4	110	343
Bellwood CDP, Chesterfield County	5 974	4 132	1 214	48	153	2	260	165	2.8	91	449
Bensley CDP, Chesterfield County	5 435	3 388	1 322	35	239	6	274	171	3.1	69	689
Berryville town, Clarke County	2 963	2 505	403	3	17	-	4	31	1.0	29	39
Big Stone Gap town, Wise County	4 856	4 549	214	7	22	1	18	45	0.9	45	29
Blacksburg town, Montgomery County	39 573	33 394	1 738	45	3 087	22	355	932	2.4	556	920
Blackstone town, Nottoway County	3 675	1 846	1 705	1	26	-	69	28	0.8	26	88
Bloxom town, Accomack County	395	321	26	2	-	-	40	6	1.5	-	56
Bluefield town, Tazewell County	5 078	4 687	247	16	72	-	6	50	1.0	21	21
Blue Ridge CDP, Botetourt County	3 188	3 039	91	7	16	-	2	33	1.0	25	17

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total			
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
COUNTY—Con.											
87 859	73 546	81.4	11 127	264	1 231	36	182	1 473	1 327	Spotsylvania County	
89 104	74 027	80.1	11 013	387	1 496	87	176	1 918	1 726	Stafford County	
6 778	3 170	46.4	3 513	16	9	2	9	59	55	Surry County	
12 402	4 537	36.3	7 750	16	15	1	5	78	71	Sussex County	
44 370	42 736	95.8	1 005	69	271	-	28	261	210	Tazewell County	
31 090	28 947	91.7	1 514	79	135	6	42	367	327	Warren County	
50 781	49 594	97.0	674	54	136	13	28	282	257	Washington County	
16 139	10 720	64.1	5 139	39	61	2	17	161	140	Westmoreland County	
39 831	38 681	96.4	708	55	118	2	33	234	217	Wise County	
27 442	26 332	95.4	777	44	104	4	28	153	135	Wythe County	
54 788	44 218	78.5	7 445	180	1 810	61	102	972	867	York County	
109 401	68 889	53.7	28 463	255	7 199	100	506	3 989	1 863	Alexandria city	
6 243	4 703	74.7	1 407	15	36	5	8	69	60	Bedford city	
17 198	15 964	91.9	952	41	64	-	11	166	155	Bristol city	
6 285	5 889	92.8	302	19	27	1	-	47	45	Buena Vista city	
43 947	30 825	68.4	9 916	42	2 215	13	89	847	731	Charlottesville city	
195 108	131 200	65.9	56 442	722	3 638	92	251	2 763	2 489	Chesapeake city	
4 251	3 543	82.6	627	4	2	-	3	72	68	Clifton Forge city	
16 623	14 920	88.3	1 043	29	453	14	12	152	123	Colonial Heights city	
6 263	5 271	83.6	828	22	41	1	6	94	85	Covington city	
47 799	25 813	53.3	21 267	75	290	13	33	308	266	Danville city	
5 581	2 342	41.3	3 174	4	30	4	3	24	22	Emporia city	
18 566	14 333	66.7	1 035	55	2 609	14	28	492	249	Fairfax city	
9 501	8 255	79.6	321	21	674	7	16	207	179	Falls Church city	
8 300	3 800	45.5	4 351	9	65	1	8	66	48	Franklin city	
18 334	13 759	71.4	3 884	58	277	10	37	309	257	Fredericksburg city	
6 080	5 549	81.2	412	21	47	1	-	50	44	Galax city	
142 284	70 963	48.5	64 795	574	2 650	114	248	2 940	2 565	Hampton city	
36 888	32 416	80.1	2 266	57	1 247	10	46	846	666	Harrisonburg city	
21 703	13 655	61.1	7 414	75	178	15	24	342	296	Hopewell city	
6 758	5 837	85.0	713	18	130	1	3	56	50	Lexington city	
64 391	43 108	66.0	19 288	164	830	26	128	847	753	Lynchburg city	
29 819	23 304	66.3	4 430	103	1 191	31	85	675	511	Manassas city	
8 746	6 919	67.2	1 115	38	413	5	28	228	173	Manassas Park city	
15 058	8 336	54.1	6 501	12	72	-	21	116	94	Martinsville city	
172 555	93 624	52.0	69 538	685	4 112	199	356	4 041	3 469	Newport News city	
225 488	110 221	47.0	102 268	971	6 477	220	483	4 848	4 084	Norfolk city	
3 870	3 548	90.9	235	3	39	4	7	34	29	Norton city	
33 277	6 131	18.2	26 511	61	234	8	28	304	255	Petersburg city	
11 444	11 048	95.5	78	26	182	4	5	101	90	Poquoson city	
98 817	45 403	45.1	50 569	449	762	60	113	1 461	1 294	Portsmouth city	
15 675	13 900	87.6	1 274	36	223	4	23	215	168	Radford city	
192 716	74 506	37.7	112 455	460	2 437	66	319	2 473	1 920	Richmond city	
93 506	65 256	68.8	25 220	178	1 088	21	185	1 558	1 151	Roanoke city	
24 542	22 594	91.3	1 444	32	241	6	23	202	162	Salem city	
23 588	19 728	82.7	3 305	51	110	2	50	342	301	Staunton city	
62 868	33 940	53.3	27 524	185	487	15	64	653	583	Suffolk city	
407 487	295 402	69.5	79 092	1 448	20 618	356	913	9 658	8 536	Virginia Beach city	
18 877	16 492	84.5	1 935	50	112	6	18	264	253	Waynesboro city	
11 696	9 352	77.9	1 593	31	546	6	15	153	132	Williamsburg city	
22 058	18 724	79.4	2 454	48	374	8	36	414	359	Winchester city	
PLACE											
7 718	7 344	94.4	265	9	50	1	4	45	42	Abingdon town, Washington County	
535	382	69.8	135	-	14	-	-	4	4	Accomac town, Accomack County	
1 440	1 419	97.4	2	-	3	-	2	14	12	Adwolf CDP, Smyth County	
305	182	59.5	121	-	1	-	1	-	-	Alberta town, Brunswick County	
109 401	68 889	53.7	28 463	255	7 199	100	506	3 989	1 863	Alexandria city	
3 393	2 527	73.8	832	3	7	-	4	20	19	Altavista town, Campbell County	
2 228	1 537	68.3	662	6	7	-	-	16	15	Amherst town, Amherst County	
47 028	31 453	57.2	3 128	114	10 623	39	147	1 524	891	Annandale CDP, Fairfax County	
1 817	1 715	93.3	84	3	3	-	4	8	7	Appalachia town, Wise County	
1 757	1 177	66.8	564	5	-	-	2	9	8	Appomattox town, Appomattox County	
7 588	6 586	83.8	682	43	99	8	26	144	143	Aquia Harbour CDP, Stafford County	
154 185	114 489	60.4	17 244	418	16 232	114	587	5 101	2 773	Arlington CDP, Arlington County	
6 504	4 895	74.0	1 464	17	37	-	15	76	68	Ashland town, Hanover County	
1 128	1 122	98.6	-	1	-	-	-	5	5	Atkins CDP, Smyth County	
14 570	7 741	33.4	2 391	65	2 847	21	102	1 403	434	Bailey's Crossroads CDP, Fairfax County	
1 272	935	69.9	323	-	1	1	-	12	11	Bassett CDP, Henry County	
978	944	95.7	16	3	8	-	1	6	5	Basye-Bryce Mountain CDP, Shenandoah County	
6 243	4 703	74.7	1 407	15	36	5	8	69	60	Bedford city	
476	375	78.1	93	3	3	-	-	2	-	Belle Haven town	
417	317	75.3	92	3	3	-	-	2	-	Accomack County (part)	
59	58	98.3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Northampton County (part)	
5 926	5 207	83.1	427	11	142	4	20	115	96	Belle Haven CDP, Fairfax County	
5 525	4 001	67.0	1 206	38	152	2	7	119	74	Bellwood CDP, Chesterfield County	
4 746	3 051	56.1	1 296	28	239	1	15	116	68	Bensley CDP, Chesterfield County	
2 924	2 476	83.6	401	3	17	-	2	25	24	Berryville town, Clarke County	
4 827	4 536	93.4	214	6	21	-	5	45	45	Big Stone Gap town, Wise County	
38 653	32 869	83.1	1 700	43	3 065	21	86	869	540	Blacksburg town, Montgomery County	
3 587	1 834	49.9	1 696	1	26	-	4	26	26	Blackstone town, Nottoway County	
339	306	77.5	26	-	1	-	6	-	-	Bloxom town, Accomack County	
5 057	4 671	92.0	247	15	72	-	3	49	20	Bluefield town, Tazewell County	
3 171	3 030	95.0	90	7	16	-	1	27	25	Blue Ridge CDP, Botetourt County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some other race, and three or more races		
PLACE—Con.												
Bon Air CDP, Chesterfield County	16 213	14 090	1 366	26	410	6	137	178	1.1	125	281	
Boones Mill town, Franklin County	285	273	7	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Bowling Green town, Caroline County	936	750	172	5	-	-	3	6	0.6	3	18	
Boyce town, Clarke County	426	368	50	5	1	-	-	2	0.5	2	-	
Boydton town, Mecklenburg County	454	264	178	-	-	-	7	5	1.1	2	11	
Boykins town, Southampton County	620	382	232	-	-	-	2	4	0.6	1	7	
Branchville town, Southampton County	123	83	38	-	1	-	-	1	0.8	1	-	
Bridgewater town, Rockingham County	5 203	4 952	129	6	22	-	49	45	0.9	24	160	
Bristol city	17 367	16 072	967	43	64	2	32	187	1.1	163	169	
Broadway town, Rockingham County	2 192	2 131	14	5	15	-	13	14	0.6	6	67	
Brodnax town	317	163	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Brunswick County (part)	272	131	141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Mecklenburg County (part)	45	32	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Brookneal town, Campbell County	1 259	803	437	-	-	-	7	12	1.0	12	20	
Buchanan town, Botetourt County	1 233	1 120	98	1	4	-	-	10	0.8	10	9	
Buena Vista city	6 349	5 940	305	19	27	1	5	52	0.8	46	64	
Bull Run CDP, Prince William County	11 337	7 193	2 151	31	619	9	911	423	3.7	228	1 817	
Burke CDP, Fairfax County	57 737	42 936	2 910	124	8 462	47	1 370	1 888	3.3	1 184	4 291	
Burkeville town, Nottoway County	489	307	170	-	-	-	5	7	1.4	6	7	
Cana CDP, Carroll County	1 228	1 194	1	1	-	-	19	13	1.1	10	33	
Cape Charles town, Northampton County	1 134	610	486	1	5	-	18	14	1.2	5	32	
Capron town, Southampton County	167	121	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Castlewood CDP, Russell County	2 036	2 005	19	2	-	-	1	9	0.4	4	9	
Cave Spring CDP, Roanoke County	24 941	23 186	605	21	738	6	111	274	1.1	180	376	
Cedar Bluff town, Tazewell County	1 085	1 074	-	2	1	-	4	4	0.4	4	6	
Centreville CDP, Fairfax County	48 661	33 816	4 322	143	6 934	25	1 776	1 645	3.4	993	4 461	
Chamberlayne CDP, Henrico County	4 380	2 095	2 155	7	49	4	17	53	1.2	41	37	
Chantilly CDP, Fairfax County	41 041	30 098	2 046	117	6 716	24	826	1 214	3.0	765	2 818	
Charlotte Court House town, Charlotte County	404	223	177	-	-	-	3	1	0.2	1	4	
Charlottesville city	45 049	31 337	10 009	49	2 223	15	458	958	2.1	767	1 102	
Chase City town, Mecklenburg County	2 457	1 315	1 097	5	3	1	12	24	1.0	22	33	
Chatham town, Pittsylvania County	1 338	957	349	8	-	-	7	17	1.3	12	8	
Chatmoss CDP, Henry County	1 742	1 399	273	3	31	-	20	16	0.9	14	106	
Cheriton town, Northampton County	499	355	137	-	-	-	5	2	0.4	1	8	
Chesapeake city	199 184	133 913	56 823	770	3 673	101	1 400	3 224	1.6	2 626	4 076	
Chester CDP, Chesterfield County	17 890	14 541	2 403	78	386	19	188	275	1.5	212	547	
Chesterfield Court House CDP, Chesterfield County	3 558	2 499	856	25	52	3	55	68	1.9	58	124	
Chilhowie town, Smyth County	1 827	1 726	56	6	1	-	27	11	0.6	10	39	
Chincoteague town, Accomack County	4 317	4 184	41	12	12	-	16	52	1.2	48	23	
Christiansburg town, Montgomery County	16 947	15 783	819	36	70	3	81	155	0.9	140	168	
Claremont town, Surry County	343	251	78	7	-	-	-	7	2.0	7	-	
Clarksville town	1 329	946	356	5	5	-	1	16	1.2	12	7	
Halifax County (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Mecklenburg County (part)	1 329	946	356	5	5	-	1	16	1.2	12	7	
Claypool Hill CDP, Tazewell County	1 719	1 701	1	3	9	-	2	3	0.2	3	19	
Cleveland town, Russell County	148	145	-	-	-	-	-	3	2.0	3	-	
Clifton town, Fairfax County	185	183	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	
Clifton Forge city	4 289	3 558	627	4	2	-	21	77	1.8	68	38	
Clinchco town, Dickenson County	424	384	38	-	-	-	1	1	0.2	1	6	
Clinchport town, Scott County	77	76	-	-	-	-	-	1	1.3	1	1	
Clintwood town, Dickenson County	1 549	1 526	3	3	2	-	-	15	1.0	11	8	
Cloverdale CDP, Botetourt County	2 986	2 837	66	3	35	-	24	21	0.7	13	23	
Coeburn town, Wise County	1 996	1 902	56	4	2	1	1	30	1.5	26	12	
Collinsville CDP, Henry County	7 777	6 598	877	11	49	14	154	74	1.0	42	293	
Colonial Beach town, Westmoreland County	3 228	2 557	547	3	20	-	53	48	1.5	33	109	
Colonial Heights city	16 897	15 052	1 059	32	459	14	108	173	1.0	132	274	
Columbia town, Fluvanna County	49	31	14	-	-	-	-	4	8.2	4	2	
Courtland town, Southampton County	1 270	664	597	2	1	-	-	6	0.5	6	3	
Covington city	6 303	5 298	828	22	41	1	13	100	1.6	85	40	
Craigsville town, Augusta County	979	947	17	3	-	-	2	10	1.0	10	4	
Crewe town, Nottoway County	2 378	1 832	503	8	4	2	5	24	1.0	16	19	
Crimora CDP, Augusta County	1 796	1 753	15	4	4	-	-	20	1.1	16	14	
Crozet CDP, Albemarle County	2 820	2 592	166	2	17	-	10	33	1.2	31	45	
Culpeper town, Culpeper County	9 664	6 848	2 290	20	128	1	191	186	1.9	147	440	
Dahlgren CDP, King George County	997	701	252	3	15	1	6	19	1.9	18	17	
Dale City CDP, Prince William County	55 971	31 818	16 099	235	2 840	107	2 392	2 480	4.4	1 594	5 534	
Daleville CDP, Botetourt County	1 454	1 415	22	3	6	-	2	6	0.4	6	15	
Damascus town, Washington County	981	951	16	5	3	-	1	5	0.5	5	2	
Danville city	48 411	26 075	21 352	81	291	14	219	379	0.8	278	612	
Dayton town, Rockingham County	1 344	1 266	9	-	5	-	39	25	1.9	7	89	
Dendron town, Surry County	297	145	152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Dillwyn town, Buckingham County	447	256	177	-	-	-	3	11	2.5	4	3	
Dooms CDP, Augusta County	1 282	1 249	17	-	1	-	-	15	1.2	15	8	
Drakes Branch town, Charlotte County	504	299	202	-	-	-	1	2	0.4	-	10	
Dryden CDP, Lee County	1 253	1 236	9	4	3	-	-	1	0.1	1	2	
Dublin town, Pulaski County	2 288	2 033	196	5	7	-	11	36	1.6	23	15	
Duffield town, Scott County	62	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dumbarton CDP, Henrico County	6 674	4 032	1 931	18	376	1	147	169	2.5	93	273	
Dumfries town, Prince William County	4 937	2 612	1 741	31	53	-	283	217	4.4	149	645	
Dungannon town, Scott County	317	317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dunn Loring CDP, Fairfax County	7 861	5 828	236	23	1 198	1	325	250	3.2	155	776	
East Highland Park CDP, Henrico County	12 488	2 307	9 910	36	49	1	42	143	1.1	115	125	
Eastville town, Northampton County	203	139	59	1	-	-	1	3	1.5	3	2	

Table 4. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total			
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
PLACE—Con.											
15 932	13 965	86.1	1 349	24	410	5	29	150	124	Bon Air CDP, Chesterfield County	
282	273	95.8	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	Boones Mill town, Franklin County	
918	742	79.3	167	5	-	-	1	3	3	Bowling Green town, Caroline County	
426	368	86.4	50	5	1	-	-	2	2	Boyce town, Clarke County	
443	263	57.9	178	-	-	-	-	2	2	Boynton town, Mecklenburg County	
613	381	61.5	231	-	-	-	-	1	1	Boykins town, Southampton County	
123	83	67.5	38	-	1	-	-	1	1	Branchville town, Southampton County	
5 043	4 849	93.2	123	5	21	-	6	39	24	Bridgewater town, Rockingham County	
17 198	15 964	91.9	952	41	64	-	11	166	155	Bristol city	
2 125	2 089	95.3	14	5	7	-	3	7	6	Broadway town, Rockingham County	
311	158	49.8	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	Brodnax town	
266	126	46.3	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	Brunswick County (part)	
45	32	71.1	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	Mecklenburg County (part)	
1 239	793	63.0	434	-	-	-	-	12	12	Brookneal town, Campbell County	
1 224	1 112	90.2	98	1	4	-	-	9	9	Buchanan town, Botetourt County	
6 285	5 889	92.8	302	19	27	1	-	47	45	Buena Vista city	
9 520	6 444	56.8	2 126	29	618	7	28	268	217	Bull Run CDP, Prince William County	
53 446	40 354	69.9	2 856	95	8 443	44	141	1 513	1 099	Burke CDP, Fairfax County	
482	305	62.4	170	-	-	-	-	7	6	Burkeville town, Nottoway County	
1 195	1 182	96.3	1	1	-	-	-	11	9	Cana CDP, Carroll County	
1 102	605	53.4	486	1	5	-	-	5	5	Cape Charles town, Northampton County	
167	121	72.5	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	Capron town, Southampton County	
2 027	1 997	98.1	19	2	-	-	-	9	4	Castlewood CDP, Russell County	
24 565	22 957	92.0	597	21	728	5	17	240	174	Cave Spring CDP, Roanoke County	
1 079	1 070	98.6	-	2	1	-	2	4	4	Cedar Bluff town, Tazewell County	
44 200	31 539	64.8	4 231	109	6 921	21	124	1 255	924	Centreville CDP, Fairfax County	
4 343	2 083	47.6	2 145	7	49	4	6	49	40	Chamberlayne CDP, Henrico County	
38 223	28 372	69.1	2 008	102	6 697	22	52	970	730	Chantilly CDP, Fairfax County	
400	223	55.2	177	-	-	-	-	-	-	Charlotte Court House town, Charlotte County	
43 947	30 825	68.4	9 916	42	2 215	13	89	847	731	Charlottesville city	
2 424	1 304	53.1	1 088	5	3	1	-	23	22	Chase City town, Mecklenburg County	
1 330	957	71.5	348	7	-	-	1	17	12	Chatham town, Pittsylvania County	
1 636	1 313	75.4	273	3	31	-	1	15	14	Chatmoss CDP, Henry County	
491	355	71.1	135	-	-	-	-	1	1	Cheriton town, Northampton County	
195 108	131 200	65.9	56 442	722	3 638	92	251	2 763	2 489	Chesapeake city	
17 343	14 242	79.6	2 368	77	382	15	16	243	203	Chester CDP, Chesterfield County	
3 434	2 441	68.6	852	25	52	3	2	59	55	Chesterfield Court House CDP, Chesterfield County	
1 788	1 714	93.8	56	6	1	-	-	11	10	Chilhowie town, Smyth County	
4 294	4 171	96.6	41	12	12	-	8	50	48	Chincoteague town, Accomack County	
16 779	15 696	92.6	810	35	70	3	17	148	137	Christiansburg town, Montgomery County	
343	251	73.2	78	7	-	-	-	7	7	Claremont town, Surry County	
1 322	943	71.0	354	5	5	-	-	15	12	Clarksville town	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Halfax County (part)	
1 322	943	71.0	354	5	5	-	-	15	12	Mecklenburg County (part)	
1 700	1 683	97.9	1	3	9	-	1	3	3	Claypool Hill CDP, Tazewell County	
148	145	98.0	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	Cleveland town, Russell County	
184	183	98.9	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	Clifton town, Fairfax County	
4 251	3 543	82.6	627	4	2	-	3	72	68	Clifton Forge city	
418	378	89.2	38	-	-	-	1	1	1	Clinchco town, Dickenson County	
76	75	97.4	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Clinchport town, Scott County	
1 541	1 519	98.1	3	3	2	-	-	14	11	Clintwood town, Dickenson County	
2 963	2 834	94.9	63	3	35	-	13	15	13	Cloverdale CDP, Botetourt County	
1 984	1 891	94.7	56	4	2	1	1	29	26	Coeburn town, Wise County	
7 484	6 479	83.3	877	11	49	4	15	49	42	Collinsville CDP, Henry County	
3 119	2 517	78.0	540	3	20	-	4	35	32	Colonial Beach town, Westmoreland County	
16 623	14 920	88.3	1 043	29	453	14	12	152	123	Colonial Heights city	
47	29	59.2	14	-	-	-	-	4	4	Columbia town, Fluvanna County	
1 267	664	52.3	594	2	1	-	6	6	6	Courtland town, Southampton County	
6 263	5 271	83.6	828	22	41	1	6	94	85	Covington city	
975	945	96.5	17	3	-	-	-	10	10	Craigsville town, Augusta County	
2 359	1 815	76.3	502	8	4	2	4	24	16	Crewe town, Nottoway County	
1 782	1 743	97.0	15	4	4	-	-	16	15	Crimora CDP, Augusta County	
2 775	2 556	90.6	166	2	17	-	3	31	31	Crozet CDP, Albemarle County	
9 224	6 624	68.5	2 268	19	128	1	34	150	145	Culpeper town, Culpeper County	
980	692	69.4	251	3	15	1	-	18	18	Dahlgren CDP, King George County	
50 437	29 436	56.6	15 845	184	2 815	99	184	1 874	1 471	Dale City CDP, Prince William County	
1 439	1 402	96.4	22	3	6	-	-	6	6	Daleville CDP, Botetourt County	
979	951	96.9	16	3	3	-	1	5	5	Damascus town, Washington County	
47 799	25 813	53.3	21 267	75	290	13	33	308	266	Danville city	
1 255	1 216	90.5	9	-	4	-	1	25	7	Dayton town, Rockingham County	
294	143	48.1	151	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dendron town, Surry County	
444	256	57.3	176	-	-	-	3	9	4	Dillwyn town, Buckingham County	
1 274	1 241	96.8	17	-	1	-	-	15	15	Dooms CDP, Augusta County	
494	293	58.1	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	Drakes Branch town, Charlotte County	
1 251	1 235	98.6	9	4	2	-	-	1	1	Dryden CDP, Lee County	
2 273	2 030	88.7	195	5	7	-	2	34	23	Dublin town, Pulaski County	
62	62	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Duffield town, Scott County	
6 401	3 937	59.0	1 912	17	374	-	19	142	85	Dumbarton CDP, Henrico County	
4 292	2 348	47.6	1 711	20	53	-	15	145	133	Dumfries town, Prince William County	
317	317	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dungannon town, Scott County	
7 085	5 410	68.8	231	12	1 196	1	15	220	145	Dunn Loring CDP, Fairfax County	
12 363	2 261	18.1	9 879	36	44	1	18	124	108	East Highland Park CDP, Henrico County	
201	138	68.0	59	1	-	-	-	3	3	Eastville town, Northampton County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popula- tion	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races		
PLACE—Con.												
Edinburg town, Shenandoah County	813	764	1	3	-	-	30	15	1.8	8	71	
Elkton town, Rockingham County	2 042	1 950	56	3	5	-	1	27	1.3	18	37	
Elliston-Lafayette CDP, Montgomery County	1 241	1 140	50	7	2	2	13	27	2.2	23	19	
Emory-Meadow View CDP, Washington County	2 266	2 120	92	-	23	6	6	19	0.8	17	10	
Emporia city	5 665	2 405	3 181	4	30	4	17	24	0.4	22	84	
Ettrick CDP, Chesterfield County	5 627	1 209	4 228	18	29	5	56	82	1.5	67	125	
Ewing CDP, Lee County	436	433	-	-	-	-	1	2	0.5	2	1	
Exmore town, Northampton County	1 136	714	384	5	3	1	14	15	1.3	12	28	
Fairfax city	21 498	15 675	1 090	73	2 617	16	1 326	701	3.3	372	2 932	
Fairlawn CDP, Pulaski County	2 211	2 050	122	3	5	-	6	25	1.1	18	19	
Fairview Beach CDP, King George County	230	224	-	-	2	-	-	4	1.7	4	-	
Falls Church city	10 377	8 817	340	25	675	7	261	252	2.4	193	876	
Falmouth CDP, Stafford County	3 624	3 236	234	8	39	-	22	85	2.3	72	78	
Fancy Gap CDP, Carroll County	260	258	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
Farmville town	6 845	4 865	1 758	14	72	18	33	85	1.2	71	86	
Cumberland County (part)	477	313	158	-	3	-	-	3	0.6	3	5	
Prince Edward County (part)	6 368	4 552	1 600	14	69	18	33	82	1.3	68	81	
Ferrum CDP, Franklin County	1 313	1 061	213	3	9	-	12	15	1.1	11	22	
Fieldale CDP, Henry County	929	903	17	-	-	1	-	8	0.9	8	10	
Fincastle town, Botetourt County	359	322	27	1	1	-	6	2	0.6	2	7	
Fishersville CDP, Augusta County	4 998	4 736	199	6	21	-	4	32	0.6	27	31	
Floyd town, Floyd County	432	403	20	-	1	1	3	4	0.9	4	3	
Forest CDP, Bedford County	8 006	7 349	452	8	109	1	22	65	0.8	62	76	
Fort Belvoir CDP, Fairfax County	7 176	3 996	2 284	39	123	64	364	306	4.3	248	750	
Fort Chiswell CDP, Wythe County	911	893	7	1	-	-	1	9	1.0	9	2	
Fort Hunt CDP, Fairfax County	12 923	11 997	306	22	331	6	63	198	1.5	152	342	
Fort Lee CDP, Prince George County	7 269	2 868	3 420	53	170	29	485	244	3.4	169	830	
Franconia CDP, Fairfax County	31 907	22 099	4 329	95	3 419	35	727	1 203	3.8	772	2 337	
Franklin city	8 346	3 816	4 366	12	65	1	16	70	0.8	48	46	
Fredericksburg city	19 279	14 108	3 935	65	291	11	494	375	1.9	278	945	
Fries town, Grayson County	614	606	4	1	-	-	1	2	0.3	2	6	
Front Royal town, Warren County	13 589	12 000	1 180	38	85	6	90	190	1.4	149	290	
Gainesville CDP, Prince William County	4 382	3 890	298	10	60	2	67	55	1.3	35	165	
Galax city	6 837	5 887	428	31	48	1	377	65	1.0	44	757	
Gate City town, Scott County	2 159	2 066	82	2	-	-	-	9	0.4	8	9	
Glade Spring town, Washington County	1 374	1 269	97	1	2	-	3	2	0.1	2	1	
Glasgow town, Rockbridge County	1 046	842	169	5	4	-	-	26	2.5	25	6	
Glen Allen CDP, Henrico County	12 562	9 412	2 454	52	387	8	101	148	1.2	127	217	
Glen Lyn town, Giles County	151	151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Gloucester Courthouse CDP, Gloucester County	2 269	1 969	242	11	6	-	11	30	1.3	28	26	
Gloucester Point CDP, Gloucester County	9 429	8 220	864	44	120	6	57	118	1.3	101	163	
Gordonsville town	1 498	1 081	372	3	4	-	10	28	1.9	22	17	
Louisa County (part)	11	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Orange County (part)	1 487	1 073	369	3	4	-	10	28	1.9	22	17	
Goshen town, Rockbridge County	406	391	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Great Falls CDP, Fairfax County	8 549	7 594	103	12	633	3	37	167	2.0	108	219	
Greenville CDP, Augusta County	886	734	148	3	-	-	-	1	0.1	1	4	
Gretna town, Pittsylvania County	1 257	761	489	1	1	-	2	3	0.2	2	5	
Grottoes town	2 114	2 007	80	4	5	-	2	16	0.8	13	32	
Augusta County (part)	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rockingham County (part)	2 110	2 003	80	4	5	-	2	16	0.8	13	32	
Groveton CDP, Fairfax County	21 296	12 491	4 125	66	1 650	21	1 994	949	4.5	430	3 955	
Grundy town, Buchanan County	1 105	875	198	-	5	-	20	6	0.5	3	31	
Halifax town, Halifax County	1 389	871	502	1	2	-	4	9	0.6	9	13	
Hallwood town, Accomack County	290	244	13	3	-	-	26	4	1.4	4	37	
Hamilton town, Loudoun County	562	549	8	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	6	
Hampden Sydney CDP, Prince Edward County	1 264	1 043	210	-	3	-	-	8	0.6	7	12	
Hampton city	146 437	72 556	65 428	616	2 694	136	1 505	3 502	2.4	2 767	4 153	
Harrisonburg city	40 468	34 334	2 394	76	1 257	10	1 355	1 042	2.6	704	3 580	
Haymarket town, Prince William County	879	809	47	-	7	-	6	10	1.1	6	24	
Haysi town, Dickenson County	186	182	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hemdon town, Fairfax County	21 655	12 535	2 060	91	3 002	10	2 805	1 152	5.3	451	5 633	
Highland Springs CDP, Henrico County	15 137	6 733	7 845	94	97	1	121	246	1.6	210	235	
Hillsboro town, Loudoun County	96	93	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hillsville town, Carroll County	2 607	2 513	5	4	11	-	46	28	1.1	14	87	
Hollins CDP	14 309	12 975	855	26	266	1	56	130	0.9	107	147	
Botetourt County (part)	140	55	79	-	-	-	-	6	4.3	6	1	
Roanoke County (part)	14 169	12 920	776	26	266	1	56	124	0.9	101	146	
Honaker town, Russell County	945	931	3	4	-	-	5	2	0.2	2	10	
Hopewell city	22 354	13 924	7 484	79	180	16	275	396	1.8	314	651	
Horse Pasture CDP, Henry County	2 255	1 582	631	7	4	-	-	31	1.4	26	8	
Huntington CDP, Fairfax County	8 325	5 407	1 394	33	584	13	575	319	3.8	166	1 166	
Hurt town, Pittsylvania County	1 276	1 104	154	2	5	-	4	7	0.5	5	12	
Hylba Valley CDP, Fairfax County	16 721	8 357	4 770	97	1 340	10	1 517	630	3.8	307	3 213	
Idylwood CDP, Fairfax County	16 005	10 034	1 109	51	3 074	9	1 134	594	3.7	285	2 621	
Independence town, Grayson County	971	881	66	-	-	-	12	12	1.2	7	26	
Iron Gate town, Alleghany County	404	382	21	-	-	-	-	1	0.2	1	-	
Irvington town, Lancaster County	673	662	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ivor town, Southampton County	320	244	63	4	-	-	-	9	2.8	9	-	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
PLACE—Con.											
742	736	90.5	1	1	-	-	-	4	3	Edinburg town, Shenandoah County	
2 005	1 919	94.0	56	3	5	-	-	22	18	Elkton town, Rockingham County	
1 222	1 134	91.4	50	7	2	2	-	27	23	Elliston-Lafayette CDP, Montgomery County	
2 256	2 116	93.4	90	-	23	6	2	19	17	Emory-Meadow View CDP, Washington County	
5 581	2 342	41.3	3 174	4	30	4	3	24	22	Emporia city	
5 502	1 183	21.0	4 187	18	28	5	5	76	65	Ettrick CDP, Chesterfield County	
435	433	99.3	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Ewing CDP, Lee County	
1 108	704	62.0	379	5	3	1	3	13	12	Exmore town, Northampton County	
18 566	14 333	66.7	1 035	55	2 609	14	28	492	349	Fairfax city	
2 192	2 038	92.2	120	3	5	-	1	25	18	Fairlawn CDP, Pulaski County	
230	224	97.4	-	-	2	-	-	4	4	Fairview Beach CDP, King George County	
9 501	8 255	79.6	321	21	674	7	16	207	179	Falls Church city	
3 546	3 188	88.0	228	8	38	-	4	80	69	Falmouth CDP, Stafford County	
259	258	99.2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	Fancy Gap CDP, Carroll County	
6 759	4 833	70.6	1 745	10	72	17	12	70	70	Farmville town	
472	312	65.4	154	-	3	-	-	3	3	Cumberland County (part)	
6 287	4 521	71.0	1 591	10	69	17	12	67	67	Prince Edward County (part)	
1 291	1 051	80.0	210	3	9	-	5	13	11	Ferrum CDP, Franklin County	
919	894	96.2	17	-	-	-	-	8	8	Fieldale CDP, Henry County	
352	319	88.9	27	-	1	-	3	2	2	Fincastle town, Botetourt County	
4 967	4 713	94.3	199	5	21	-	2	27	27	Fishersville CDP, Augusta County	
429	403	93.3	20	-	1	1	-	4	4	Floyd town, Floyd County	
7 930	7 294	91.1	451	7	109	1	8	60	59	Forest CDP, Bedford County	
6 426	3 683	51.3	2 240	31	121	57	45	249	232	Fort Belvoir CDP, Fairfax County	
909	892	97.9	7	1	-	-	-	9	9	Fort Chiswell CDP, Wythe County	
12 581	11 739	90.8	304	20	323	6	26	163	138	Fort Hunt CDP, Fairfax County	
6 439	2 669	36.7	3 352	45	159	28	24	162	146	Fort Lee CDP, Prince George County	
29 570	20 744	65.0	4 263	76	3 401	31	91	964	721	Franconia CDP, Fairfax County	
8 300	3 800	45.5	4 351	9	65	1	8	66	48	Franklin city	
18 334	13 759	71.4	3 884	58	277	10	37	309	257	Fredericksburg city	
608	601	97.9	4	1	-	-	-	2	2	Fries town, Grayson County	
13 299	11 818	87.0	1 170	38	85	5	15	168	146	Front Royal town, Warren County	
4 217	3 796	86.6	295	10	59	2	12	43	33	Gainesville CDP, Prince William County	
6 080	5 549	81.2	412	21	47	1	-	50	44	Galax city	
2 150	2 059	95.4	82	-	-	-	-	9	8	Gate City town, Scott County	
1 373	1 268	92.3	97	1	2	-	3	2	2	Glade Spring town, Washington County	
1 040	837	80.0	169	4	4	-	-	26	25	Glasgow town, Rockbridge County	
12 345	9 314	74.1	2 437	43	382	8	21	140	126	Glen Allen CDP, Henrico County	
150	150	99.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Glen Lyn town, Giles County	
2 243	1 959	86.3	238	11	6	-	2	27	26	Gloucester Courthouse CDP, Gloucester County	
9 266	8 134	86.3	861	39	114	6	6	106	97	Gloucester Point CDP, Gloucester County	
1 481	1 076	71.8	372	3	4	-	4	22	22	Gordonsville town	
11	8	72.7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Louisa County (part)	
1 470	1 068	71.8	369	3	4	-	4	22	22	Orange County (part)	
406	391	96.3	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	Goshen town, Rockbridge County	
8 330	7 423	86.8	98	9	633	3	14	150	100	Great Falls CDP, Fairfax County	
882	730	82.4	148	3	-	-	-	1	1	Greenville CDP, Augusta County	
1 252	759	60.4	489	1	1	-	-	2	2	Gretna town, Pittsylvania County	
2 082	1 979	93.6	80	2	5	-	-	16	13	Grottoes town	
4	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Augusta County (part)	
2 078	1 975	93.6	80	2	5	-	-	16	13	Rockingham County (part)	
17 341	10 976	51.5	4 038	46	1 641	18	55	567	395	Groveton CDP, Fairfax County	
1 074	864	78.2	197	-	5	1	1	6	3	Grundy town, Buchanan County	
1 376	862	62.1	502	1	2	-	-	9	9	Halifax town, Halifax County	
253	233	80.3	13	3	-	-	-	4	4	Hallwood town, Accomack County	
556	545	97.0	8	-	3	-	-	-	-	Hamilton town, Loudoun County	
1 252	1 031	81.6	210	-	3	-	-	8	7	Hampden Sydney CDP, Prince Edward County	
142 284	70 963	48.5	64 795	574	2 650	114	248	2 940	2 565	Hampton city	
36 888	32 416	80.1	2 266	57	1 247	10	46	846	666	Harrisonburg city	
855	795	90.4	47	-	7	-	-	6	6	Haymarket town, Prince William County	
186	182	97.8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	Haysi town, Dickenson County	
16 022	10 171	47.0	2 000	64	2 992	8	81	706	423	Hemdon town, Fairfax County	
14 902	6 659	44.0	7 799	93	97	-	30	224	204	Highland Springs CDP, Henrico County	
96	93	96.9	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hillsboro town, Loudoun County	
2 520	2 489	95.5	5	4	10	-	-	12	10	Hillsville town, Carroll County	
14 162	12 885	90.0	849	24	266	1	15	122	105	Hollins CDP	
139	54	38.6	79	-	-	-	-	6	6	Botetourt County (part)	
14 023	12 831	90.6	770	24	266	1	15	116	99	Roanoke County (part)	
935	931	98.5	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	Honaker town, Russell County	
21 703	13 655	61.1	7 414	75	178	15	24	342	296	Hopewell city	
2 247	1 578	70.0	631	7	4	-	-	27	24	Horse Pasture CDP, Henry County	
7 159	4 944	59.4	1 356	23	580	12	10	234	151	Huntington CDP, Fairfax County	
1 264	1 095	85.8	153	2	5	-	2	7	5	Hurt town, Pittsylvania County	
13 508	6 985	41.8	4 675	48	1 335	9	33	423	289	Hybla Valley CDP, Fairfax County	
13 384	8 775	54.8	1 058	32	3 067	5	44	403	267	Idylwood CDP, Fairfax County	
945	870	89.6	65	-	-	-	-	10	7	Independence town, Grayson County	
404	382	94.6	21	-	-	-	-	1	1	Iron Gate town, Alleghany County	
673	662	98.4	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	Invington town, Lancaster County	
320	244	76.3	63	4	-	-	-	9	9	Ivor town, Southampton County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, other race, and three or more races	
PLACE—Con.											
Jarratt town	589	372	212	-	1	-	2	2	0.3	2	-
Greensville County (part)	418	286	128	-	1	-	2	1	0.2	1	-
Sussex County (part)	171	86	84	-	-	-	-	1	0.6	1	-
Jefferson CDP, Fairfax County	27 422	16 823	1 245	94	5 253	8	2 895	1 104	4.0	400	6 351
Jolivue CDP, Augusta County	1 037	861	29	-	16	-	10	21	2.0	11	32
Jonesville town, Lee County	995	988	1	-	-	-	-	6	0.6	5	4
Keller town, Accomack County	173	140	22	1	-	-	6	4	2.3	-	10
Kenbridge town, Lunenburg County	1 253	646	563	-	5	-	16	23	1.8	12	55
Keokee CDP, Lee County	316	309	-	-	-	-	-	7	2.2	7	3
Keysville town, Charlotte County	817	529	274	-	1	-	9	4	0.5	4	9
Kilmarnock town	1 244	992	237	1	4	-	1	9	0.7	9	7
Lancaster County (part)	1 196	944	237	1	4	-	1	9	0.8	9	7
Northumberland County (part)	48	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
La Crosse town, Mecklenburg County	618	339	267	2	1	-	3	6	1.0	5	18
Lake Barcroft CDP, Fairfax County	8 906	6 767	438	23	854	6	431	387	4.3	173	1 311
Lake Monticello CDP, Fluvanna County	6 852	6 445	240	11	35	2	19	100	1.5	85	102
Lake Ridge CDP, Prince William County	30 404	23 615	4 872	73	1 072	39	669	1 064	3.5	760	2 161
Lakeside CDP, Henrico County	11 157	9 613	9 776	68	160	8	136	196	1.8	142	273
Laurel CDP, Henrico County	14 875	9 666	3 615	49	917	8	310	310	2.1	208	618
Laurel Park CDP, Henry County	781	260	503	-	3	1	9	5	0.6	5	15
Lawrenceville town, Brunswick County	1 275	424	824	4	3	-	-	20	1.6	6	18
Laymantown CDP, Botetourt County	2 034	1 972	34	5	12	-	4	7	0.3	7	7
Lebanon town, Russell County	3 273	3 127	122	4	-	-	3	17	0.5	15	11
Leesburg town, Loudoun County	28 311	23 580	2 604	53	739	9	716	610	2.2	413	1 667
Lexington city	6 867	5 906	713	18	132	1	33	64	0.9	54	109
Lincolnia CDP, Fairfax County	15 788	7 519	2 971	35	2 369	3	1 812	1 079	6.8	349	3 532
Linton Hall CDP, Prince William County	8 620	7 547	577	16	228	11	93	148	1.7	109	343
Loch Lomond CDP, Prince William County	3 411	2 708	239	9	72	2	303	78	2.3	40	481
Lorton CDP, Fairfax County	17 786	8 706	6 165	52	1 357	23	697	786	4.4	447	1 732
Louisa town, Louisa County	1 401	936	413	11	10	-	11	20	1.4	17	20
Lovettsville town, Loudoun County	853	816	21	3	5	-	6	2	0.2	-	14
Low Moor CDP, Alleghany County	367	351	14	1	-	-	-	1	0.3	1	-
Luray town, Page County	4 871	4 503	269	12	16	-	-	49	1.0	43	66
Lynchburg city	65 269	43 487	19 382	169	838	28	413	952	1.5	779	878
Lyndhurst CDP, Augusta County	1 527	1 422	79	2	4	-	11	9	0.6	7	29
McKenney town, Dinwiddie County	441	292	147	-	1	-	-	1	0.2	1	9
McLean CDP, Fairfax County	38 929	32 918	616	37	4 129	12	267	950	2.4	599	1 564
Madison town, Madison County	210	151	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Madison Heights CDP, Amherst County	11 584	9 012	2 267	77	52	-	67	109	0.9	87	103
Manassas city	35 135	25 316	4 535	128	1 206	31	2 773	1 146	3.3	553	5 316
Manassas Park city	10 290	7 490	1 149	45	418	7	838	343	3.3	178	1 544
Mantua CDP, Fairfax County	7 485	5 897	147	31	1 019	3	219	169	2.3	85	511
Marion town, Smyth County	6 349	5 840	377	15	33	1	24	59	0.9	51	72
Martinsville city	15 416	8 537	6 559	16	72	-	107	125	0.8	100	358
Massanutten CDP, Rockingham County	1 945	1 850	40	2	13	-	10	30	1.5	27	29
Matoaca CDP, Chesterfield County	2 273	1 490	730	5	7	1	6	34	1.5	22	17
Max Meadows CDP, Wythe County	512	477	20	1	2	-	7	5	1.0	5	8
Mechanicsville CDP, Hanover County	30 464	27 660	1 951	130	275	4	149	295	1.0	238	359
Melfa town, Accomack County	450	371	71	1	-	-	6	1	0.2	-	10
Merrifield CDP, Fairfax County	11 170	6 107	663	28	3 344	11	558	459	4.1	243	1 442
Merrimac CDP, Montgomery County	1 751	1 652	33	10	34	-	6	16	0.9	11	16
Middleburg town, Loudoun County	632	484	128	-	1	-	8	11	1.7	10	27
Middletown town, Frederick County	1 015	951	45	2	4	3	-	10	1.0	10	8
Mineral town, Louisa County	424	410	9	1	-	-	-	4	0.9	4	-
Montclair CDP, Prince William County	15 728	12 210	2 314	64	475	32	170	463	2.9	356	709
Monterey town, Highland County	158	154	-	2	-	-	-	2	1.3	-	2
Montrose CDP, Henrico County	7 018	3 262	3 507	25	71	-	62	91	1.3	77	110
Montross town, Westmoreland County	315	285	25	-	-	-	-	5	1.6	3	2
Mount Crawford town, Rockingham County	254	246	4	1	-	-	-	3	1.2	3	1
Mount Jackson town, Shenandoah County	1 664	1 460	11	2	5	2	161	23	1.4	11	235
Mount Vernon CDP, Fairfax County	28 582	15 554	7 904	95	1 810	36	1 965	1 218	4.3	630	4 145
Narrows town, Giles County	2 111	2 087	5	1	1	-	6	11	0.5	10	9
Nassawadox town, Northampton County	572	247	314	-	5	-	-	6	1.0	4	7
New Castle town, Craig County	179	179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newington CDP, Fairfax County	19 784	13 413	2 538	52	2 307	16	526	932	4.7	560	1 578
New Market town, Shenandoah County	1 637	1 535	18	-	11	-	65	8	0.5	6	114
Newport News city	180 150	96 383	70 388	752	4 195	214	3 225	4 993	2.8	3 740	7 595
Newsoms town, Southampton County	282	155	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nickselsville town, Scott County	448	447	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.2	1	3
Nokesville CDP, Prince William County	1 236	1 163	46	1	6	1	2	17	1.4	10	21
Norfolk city	234 403	113 358	103 387	1 071	6 593	251	3 923	5 820	2.5	4 409	8 915
North Shore CDP, Franklin County	2 112	2 072	28	1	2	-	2	7	0.3	3	17
North Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	9 173	6 604	335	16	1 480	19	425	294	3.2	160	963
Norton city	3 904	3 575	240	3	39	5	7	35	0.9	30	34
Oak Level CDP, Henry County	885	819	63	1	-	-	1	1	0.1	1	3
Oakton CDP, Fairfax County	29 348	21 853	1 407	58	4 060	23	903	1 044	3.6	576	2 831
Occoquan town	759	649	62	4	12	1	12	19	2.5	10	49
Fairfax County (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Prince William County (part)	759	649	62	4	12	1	12	19	2.5	10	49
Onancock town, Accomack County	1 525	1 013	479	7	1	-	10	15	1.0	7	44
Onley town, Accomack County	496	413	69	1	2	-	8	3	0.6	2	7
Orange town, Orange County	4 123	3 168	864	8	14	-	28	41	1.0	35	70
Painter town, Accomack County	246	161	74	1	-	-	6	4	1.6	3	14

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

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Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total			
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
PLACE—Con.											
589	372	63.2	212	-	1	-	2	2	2	2	Jarratt town
418	286	68.4	128	-	1	-	2	1	1	1	Greensville County (part)
171	86	50.3	84	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Sussex County (part)
21 071	13 981	51.0	1 180	55	5 228	7	48	572	370	370	Jefferson CDP, Fairfax County
1 005	938	90.5	28	-	16	-	2	21	11	11	Jolivue CDP, Augusta County
991	985	99.0	1	-	-	-	-	5	4	4	Jonesville town, Lee County
163	140	80.9	22	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Keller town, Accomack County
1 198	626	50.0	559	-	5	-	-	8	8	8	Kenbridge town, Lunenburg County
313	308	97.5	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	Keokee CDP, Lee County
808	526	64.4	274	-	1	-	3	4	4	4	Keysville town, Charlotte County
1 237	986	79.3	237	1	4	-	-	9	9	9	Kilmarnock town
1 189	938	78.4	237	1	4	-	-	9	9	9	Lancaster County (part)
48	48	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Northumberland County (part)
600	327	52.9	264	2	1	-	1	5	4	4	La Crosse town, Mecklenburg County
7 595	5 993	67.3	425	12	852	4	14	295	162	162	Lake Barcroft CDP, Fairfax County
6 750	6 387	93.2	236	9	33	2	5	78	76	76	Lake Monticello CDP, Fluvanna County
28 243	21 363	70.3	4 781	62	1 063	39	75	860	719	719	Lake Ridge CDP, Prince William County
10 884	9 493	85.1	962	64	160	8	15	182	134	134	Lakeside CDP, Henrico County
14 257	9 435	63.4	3 567	47	910	5	26	267	194	194	Laurel CDP, Henrico County
766	254	32.5	500	-	3	1	3	5	5	5	Laurel Park CDP, Henry County
1 257	422	33.1	812	4	3	-	-	16	6	6	Lawrenceville town, Brunswick County
2 027	1 965	96.6	34	5	12	-	4	7	7	7	Laymantown CDP, Botetourt County
3 262	3 119	95.3	122	4	-	-	-	17	15	15	Lebanon town, Russell County
26 644	22 761	80.4	2 573	44	736	8	65	457	390	390	Leesburg town, Loudoun County
6 758	5 837	85.0	713	18	130	1	3	56	50	50	Lexington city
12 256	6 060	38.4	2 933	30	2 366	3	61	803	320	320	Lincolnia CDP, Fairfax County
8 277	7 343	85.2	564	16	227	7	10	110	100	100	Linton Hall CDP, Prince William County
2 930	2 562	75.1	239	9	70	2	6	42	40	40	Loch Lomond CDP, Prince William County
16 054	7 960	44.8	6 049	43	1 336	23	43	600	399	399	Lorton CDP, Fairfax County
1 381	931	66.5	411	10	10	-	-	19	17	17	Louisa town, Louisa County
839	805	94.4	21	3	3	-	5	2	-	-	Lovettsville town, Loudoun County
367	351	95.6	14	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	Low Moor CDP, Alleghany County
4 805	4 461	91.6	269	11	16	-	-	46	43	43	Luray town, Page County
64 391	43 108	66.0	19 288	164	830	26	128	847	753	753	Lynchburg city
1 498	1 403	91.9	79	2	4	-	2	8	7	7	Lyndhurst CDP, Augusta County
432	290	65.8	140	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	McKenney town, Dinwiddie County
37 365	31 667	81.3	602	29	4 124	12	81	850	556	556	McLean CDP, Fairfax County
210	151	71.9	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Madison town, Madison County
11 481	8 981	77.5	2 252	71	47	-	35	95	85	85	Madison Heights CDP, Amherst County
29 819	23 304	66.3	4 430	103	1 191	31	85	675	511	511	Manassas city
8 746	6 919	67.2	1 115	38	413	5	228	173	173	173	Manassas Park city
6 974	5 632	75.2	144	24	1 019	3	13	139	82	82	Mantua CDP, Fairfax County
6 277	5 804	91.4	367	15	33	-	2	56	50	50	Marion town, Smyth County
15 058	8 336	54.1	6 501	12	72	-	21	116	94	94	Martinsville city
1 916	1 831	94.1	40	2	13	-	3	27	27	27	Massanutten CDP, Rockingham County
2 256	1 487	65.4	727	5	5	1	3	28	19	19	Matoaca CDP, Chesterfield County
504	476	93.0	20	1	2	-	-	5	5	5	Max Meadows CDP, Wythe County
30 105	27 468	90.2	1 939	129	269	4	33	263	228	228	Mechanicsville CDP, Hanover County
440	364	80.9	71	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	Melfa town, Accomack County
9 728	5 340	47.8	648	20	3 338	10	18	354	225	225	Merrifield CDP, Fairfax County
1 735	1 647	94.1	32	5	34	-	2	15	11	11	Merrimac CDP, Montgomery County
605	470	74.4	128	-	-	-	-	7	7	7	Middleburg town, Loudoun County
1 007	943	92.9	45	2	4	3	-	10	10	10	Middletown town, Frederick County
424	410	96.7	9	1	-	-	-	4	4	4	Mineral town, Louisa County
15 019	11 778	74.9	2 239	60	474	32	42	394	330	330	Montclair CDP, Prince William County
156	152	96.2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	Monterey town, Highland County
6 908	3 238	46.1	3 481	21	70	-	17	81	72	72	Montrose CDP, Henrico County
313	285	90.5	25	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	Montross town, Westmoreland County
253	245	96.5	4	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	Mount Crawford town, Rockingham County
1 429	1 398	84.0	11	2	5	-	1	12	11	11	Mount Jackson town, Shenandoah County
24 437	13 861	48.5	7 791	67	1 789	16	67	846	570	570	Mount Vernon CDP, Fairfax County
2 102	2 084	98.7	5	1	1	-	-	11	10	10	Narrows town, Giles County
565	245	42.8	310	-	4	-	-	6	4	4	Nassawadox town, Northampton County
179	179	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	New Castle town, Craig County
18 206	12 528	63.3	2 510	33	2 287	14	58	776	520	520	Newington CDP, Fairfax County
1 523	1 492	91.1	13	-	11	-	-	7	6	6	New Market town, Shenandoah County
172 555	93 624	52.0	69 538	685	4 112	199	356	4 041	3 469	3 469	Newport News city
282	155	55.0	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Newsoms town, Southampton County
445	444	99.1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	Nicklesville town, Scott County
1 215	1 150	93.0	46	1	6	1	-	11	10	10	Nokesville CDP, Prince William County
225 488	110 221	47.0	102 268	971	6 477	220	483	4 848	4 084	4 084	Norfolk city
2 095	2 055	97.3	28	1	2	-	2	7	3	3	North Shore CDP, Franklin County
8 210	6 127	66.8	334	10	1 475	19	12	233	151	151	North Springfield CDP, Fairfax County
3 870	3 548	90.9	235	3	39	4	7	34	29	29	Norton city
882	816	92.2	63	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	Oak Level CDP, Henry County
26 517	20 101	68.5	1 365	50	4 051	22	69	859	546	546	Oakton CDP, Fairfax County
710	615	81.0	62	4	11	1	2	15	8	8	Occoquan town
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Fairfax County (part)
710	615	81.0	62	4	11	1	2	15	8	8	Prince William County (part)
1 481	985	64.6	473	7	1	-	2	13	7	7	Onancock town, Accomack County
489	412	83.1	69	1	2	-	2	3	2	2	Onley town, Accomack County
4 053	3 134	76.0	860	3	13	-	7	36	34	34	Orange town, Orange County
232	154	62.6	74	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	Painter town, Accomack County

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, or three or more races	
PLACE—Con.											
Pamplin City town	199	181	15	-	-	-	-	3	1.5	3	3
Appomattox County (part)	192	175	14	-	-	-	-	3	1.6	3	3
Prince Edward County (part)	7	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parksley town, Accomack County	837	688	90	5	4	-	36	14	1.7	11	64
Patrick Springs CDP, Patrick County	2 068	1 885	141	7	-	-	14	21	1.0	20	38
Pearisburg town, Giles County	2 729	2 623	55	2	14	-	12	23	0.8	17	19
Pembroke town, Giles County	1 134	1 050	77	1	3	-	1	2	0.2	2	4
Penhook CDP, Franklin County	726	587	132	-	2	-	-	5	0.7	4	3
Pennington Gap town, Lee County	1 781	1 697	61	7	5	-	-	11	0.6	10	12
Petersburg city	33 740	6 249	26 643	67	236	9	198	338	1.0	275	463
Phenix town, Charlotte County	200	183	16	-	-	-	-	1	0.5	1	-
Pimmit Hills CDP, Fairfax County	6 152	4 540	154	28	707	10	460	253	4.1	107	1 025
Pocahontas town, Tazewell County	441	424	9	1	-	-	4	3	0.7	2	8
Poquoson city	11 566	11 134	78	27	182	4	31	110	1.0	94	122
Port Royal town, Caroline County	170	101	65	-	-	-	1	3	1.8	3	1
Portsmouth city	100 565	46 096	50 899	478	775	67	618	1 632	1.6	1 360	1 748
Pound town, Wise County	1 089	1 075	-	1	-	-	-	12	1.1	11	2
Pulaski town, Pulaski County	9 473	8 843	734	11	34	8	91	112	1.2	90	191
Purcellville town, Loudoun County	3 584	3 187	267	3	30	1	28	68	1.9	59	82
Quantico town, Prince William County	561	344	114	2	57	-	13	31	5.5	20	31
Quantico Station CDP	6 571	4 813	1 052	30	141	10	257	268	4.1	216	616
Prince William County (part)	6 345	4 637	1 032	30	133	9	244	260	4.1	208	593
Stafford County (part)	226	176	20	-	8	1	13	8	3.5	8	23
Radford city	15 859	13 990	1 284	39	226	4	77	239	1.5	173	184
Raven CDP	2 593	2 568	1	2	-	-	-	22	0.8	16	20
Russell County (part)	419	413	-	-	-	-	-	6	1.4	2	3
Tazewell County (part)	2 174	2 155	1	2	-	-	-	16	0.7	14	17
Remington town, Fauquier County	624	507	57	4	8	-	30	18	2.9	8	49
Reston CDP, Fairfax County	56 407	41 528	5 145	141	5 427	22	2 323	1 821	3.2	1 108	5 699
Rich Creek town, Giles County	665	653	9	-	2	-	-	8	0.2	1	4
Richlands town, Tazewell County	4 144	4 092	2	5	21	-	-	16	0.4	15	14
Richmond city	197 790	75 744	113 108	479	2 471	157	2 948	2 883	1.5	2 029	5 074
Ridgeway town, Henry County	775	619	124	-	19	-	8	5	0.6	3	18
Roanoke city	94 911	65 848	25 380	190	1 086	23	685	1 689	1.8	1 193	1 405
Rocky Mount town, Franklin County	4 066	3 029	905	11	45	4	20	52	1.3	40	68
Rose Hill CDP, Fairfax County	15 058	11 070	1 434	41	1 277	8	663	565	3.8	335	1 604
Rose Hill CDP, Lee County	714	698	7	1	4	-	-	4	0.6	4	1
Round Hill town, Loudoun County	500	458	36	-	3	-	-	3	0.6	3	7
Rural Retreat town, Wythe County	1 350	1 330	5	4	2	-	5	4	0.3	4	5
Rushmere CDP, Isle of Wight County	1 083	394	673	7	3	-	-	6	0.6	3	9
Rustburg CDP, Campbell County	1 271	951	300	1	1	-	-	17	1.3	15	2
St. Charles town, Lee County	159	158	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Paul town	1 000	957	18	6	5	-	1	13	1.3	10	5
Russell County (part)	216	205	10	-	-	-	-	1	0.5	-	-
Wise County (part)	784	752	8	6	5	-	1	12	1.5	10	5
Salem city	24 747	22 738	1 455	32	241	6	61	214	0.9	162	205
Saltville town	2 204	2 181	9	4	-	-	1	9	0.4	8	10
Smyth County (part)	1 939	1 922	5	4	-	-	1	7	0.4	6	10
Washington County (part)	265	259	4	-	-	-	-	2	0.8	2	-
Sandy Level CDP, Henry County	689	177	505	1	-	-	-	6	0.9	5	4
Saxis town, Accomack County	337	329	3	-	-	-	4	1	0.3	1	3
Scottsburg town, Halifax County	145	117	24	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	9
Scottsville town	555	519	26	4	2	-	-	4	0.7	4	2
Albemarle County (part)	530	496	25	3	2	-	-	4	0.8	4	1
Fluvanna County (part)	25	23	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Selma CDP, Alleghany County	485	483	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seven Corners CDP, Fairfax County	8 701	4 272	581	24	1 787	6	1 407	624	7.2	164	3 533
Shawsville CDP, Montgomery County	1 029	990	11	6	1	-	5	16	1.6	15	8
Shenandoah town, Page County	1 878	1 818	24	2	2	2	17	13	0.7	7	29
Sherando CDP, Augusta County	665	641	8	4	3	-	4	5	0.8	4	5
Short Pump CDP, Henrico County	182	167	-	-	-	-	8	7	3.8	-	16
Smithfield town, Isle of Wight County	6 324	4 251	1 952	22	26	1	14	58	0.9	54	59
South Boston town, Halifax County	8 491	4 299	4 012	18	41	-	43	78	0.9	55	123
South Hill town, Mecklenburg County	4 403	2 570	1 736	13	44	-	17	23	0.5	21	69
Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP, Spotsylvania County	3 833	3 102	577	8	39	-	24	83	2.2	73	107
Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	30 417	17 572	2 722	92	6 251	17	2 356	1 407	4.6	680	5 373
Stanardsville town, Greene County	476	423	41	1	-	-	5	6	1.3	4	4
Stanley town, Page County	1 326	1 298	-	-	-	-	17	11	0.8	8	33
Stanleytown CDP, Henry County	1 515	1 338	39	2	-	2	113	21	1.4	7	174
Staunton city	23 853	19 866	3 328	52	110	2	125	370	1.6	315	265
Stephens City town, Frederick County	1 146	1 030	75	5	18	-	3	15	1.3	4	23
Stony Creek town, Sussex County	202	141	59	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Strasburg town, Shenandoah County	4 017	3 761	180	2	16	2	18	38	0.9	38	57
Stuart town, Patrick County	961	787	145	-	-	-	20	9	0.9	4	45
Stuarts Draft CDP, Augusta County	8 367	7 971	288	22	17	4	24	41	0.5	33	89
Sudley CDP, Prince William County	7 719	5 821	917	37	287	9	394	254	3.3	163	717
Suffolk city	63 677	34 271	27 718	191	491	15	233	758	1.2	628	809
Sugar Grove CDP, Smyth County	741	693	37	1	-	-	1	9	1.2	9	6

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total			
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
PLACE—Con.											
196	180	90.5	15	-	-	-	-	1	1	Pamplin City town	
189	174	90.6	14	-	-	-	-	1	1	Appomattox County (part)	
7	6	85.7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Prince Edward County (part)	
773	663	79.2	90	2	4	-	-	14	11	Parksley town, Accomack County	
2 030	1 865	90.2	140	7	-	-	1	17	16	Patrick Springs CDP, Patrick County	
2 710	2 612	95.7	55	2	14	-	7	20	17	Pearisburg town, Giles County	
1 130	1 046	92.2	77	1	3	-	1	2	2	Pembroke town, Giles County	
723	584	80.4	132	-	2	-	-	5	4	Penhook CDP, Franklin County	
1 769	1 689	94.8	61	7	3	-	-	9	8	Pennington Gap town, Lee County	
33 277	6 131	18.2	26 511	61	234	8	28	304	255	Petersburg city	
200	183	91.5	16	-	-	-	-	1	1	Phenix town, Charlotte County	
5 127	4 033	65.6	146	18	705	9	22	194	103	Pimmit Hills CDP, Fairfax County	
433	422	95.7	9	-	-	-	-	2	2	Pocahontas town, Tazewell County	
11 444	11 048	95.5	78	26	182	4	5	101	90	Poquoson city	
169	101	59.4	65	-	-	-	-	3	3	Port Royal town, Caroline County	
98 817	45 403	45.1	50 569	449	762	60	113	1 461	1 294	Portsmouth city	
1 087	1 073	98.5	-	1	-	-	-	1	11	Pound town, Wise County	
9 282	8 394	88.6	729	8	34	3	8	106	90	Pulaski town, Pulaski County	
3 502	3 139	87.6	265	3	29	1	6	59	57	Purcellville town, Loudoun County	
530	327	58.3	113	2	57	-	-	31	20	Quantico town, Prince William County	
5 955	4 537	69.0	1 013	22	140	9	8	226	200	Quantico Station CDP	
5 752	4 370	68.9	994	22	132	8	7	219	193	Prince William County (part)	
203	167	73.9	19	-	8	1	1	7	7	Stafford County (part)	
15 675	13 900	87.6	1 274	36	223	4	23	215	168	Radford city	
2 573	2 551	98.4	1	2	-	-	-	19	13	Raven CDP	
416	410	97.9	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	Russell County (part)	
2 157	2 141	98.5	1	2	-	-	-	13	11	Tazewell County (part)	
575	496	79.5	57	4	8	-	-	10	8	Remington town, Fauquier County	
50 708	38 563	68.4	5 017	102	5 408	20	187	1 411	1 035	Reston CDP, Fairfax County	
661	649	97.6	9	-	2	-	-	1	1	Rich Creek town, Giles County	
4 130	4 082	98.5	2	5	21	-	4	16	15	Richlands town, Tazewell County	
192 716	74 506	37.7	112 455	460	2 437	66	319	2 473	1 920	Richmond city	
757	611	78.8	124	-	19	-	-	3	3	Ridgeway town, Henry County	
93 506	65 256	68.8	25 220	178	1 088	21	185	1 558	1 151	Roanoke city	
3 998	3 007	74.0	894	11	45	4	-	37	32	Rocky Mount town, Franklin County	
13 454	10 301	68.4	1 396	37	1 273	7	30	410	312	Rose Hill CDP, Fairfax County	
713	697	97.6	7	1	4	-	-	4	4	Rose Hill CDP, Lee County	
493	451	90.2	36	-	3	-	-	3	3	Round Hill town, Loudoun County	
1 345	1 326	98.2	5	4	2	-	4	4	4	Rural Retreat town, Wythe County	
1 074	391	36.1	670	7	3	-	-	3	3	Rushmere CDP, Isle of Wight County	
1 269	950	74.7	300	1	1	-	-	17	15	Rustburg CDP, Campbell County	
159	158	99.4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	St. Charles town, Lee County	
995	952	95.2	18	6	5	-	1	13	10	St. Paul town	
216	205	94.9	10	-	-	-	-	1	1	Russell County (part)	
779	747	95.3	8	6	5	-	1	12	10	Wise County (part)	
24 542	22 594	91.3	1 444	32	241	6	23	202	162	Salem city	
2 194	2 174	98.6	9	3	-	-	-	8	8	Saltville town	
1 929	1 915	98.8	5	3	-	-	-	6	6	Smyth County (part)	
265	259	97.7	4	-	-	-	-	2	2	Washington County (part)	
685	174	25.3	504	1	-	-	-	6	5	Sandy Level CDP, Henry County	
334	329	97.6	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	Saxis town, Accomack County	
136	112	77.2	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	Scottsburg town, Halifax County	
553	517	93.2	26	4	2	-	-	4	4	Scottsville town	
529	495	93.4	25	3	2	-	-	4	4	Albemarle County (part)	
24	22	88.0	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	Fluvanna County (part)	
485	483	99.6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	Selma CDP, Alleghany County	
5 168	2 468	28.4	558	11	1 766	5	31	329	137	Seven Corners CDP, Fairfax County	
1 021	988	96.0	11	6	1	-	-	15	15	Shawsville CDP, Montgomery County	
1 849	1 808	96.3	24	2	2	1	2	10	7	Shenandoah town, Page County	
660	640	96.2	8	4	3	-	-	5	4	Sherando CDP, Augusta County	
166	166	91.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short Pump CDP, Henrico County	
6 265	4 223	66.8	1 941	22	26	1	6	46	46	Smithfield town, Isle of Wight County	
8 368	4 242	50.0	4 000	17	41	-	7	61	47	South Boston town, Halifax County	
4 334	2 532	57.5	1 722	12	43	-	6	19	17	South Hill town, Mecklenburg County	
3 726	3 018	78.7	575	8	39	-	12	74	68	Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP, Spotsylvania County	
25 044	15 097	49.6	2 650	36	6 220	13	70	958	616	Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	
472	423	88.9	41	1	-	-	1	6	4	Stanardsville town, Greene County	
1 293	1 284	96.8	-	-	-	-	-	9	8	Stanley town, Page County	
1 341	1 290	85.1	38	2	-	-	2	9	7	Stanleytown CDP, Henry County	
23 588	19 728	82.7	3 305	51	110	2	50	342	301	Staunton city	
1 123	1 023	89.3	75	1	18	-	-	6	4	Stephens City town, Frederick County	
202	141	69.8	59	-	2	-	-	-	-	Stony Creek town, Sussex County	
3 960	3 727	92.8	177	1	16	1	-	38	38	Strasburg town, Shenandoah County	
916	773	80.4	138	-	-	-	-	5	4	Stuart town, Patrick County	
8 278	7 913	94.6	285	22	17	4	5	32	28	Stuarts Draft CDP, Augusta County	
7 002	5 554	72.0	907	27	284	4	23	203	154	Sudley CDP, Prince William County	
62 868	33 940	53.3	27 524	185	487	15	64	653	583	Suffolk city	
735	688	92.8	37	1	-	-	-	9	9	Sugar Grove CDP, Smyth County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population	Race								Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race					Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation		Two races exclud- ing Some other race, and three or more races
PLACE—Con.											
Surry town, Surry County	262	194	61	3	-	-	4	-	-	-	2
Tangier town, Accomack County	604	601	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tappahannock town, Essex County	2 068	1 130	860	2	52	-	3	21	1.0	17	8
Tazewell town, Tazewell County	4 206	3 734	392	7	22	-	15	36	0.9	27	26
The Plains town, Fauquier County	266	239	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Timberlake CDP, Campbell County	10 683	9 735	579	30	183	2	50	104	1.0	93	108
Timberville town, Rockingham County	1 739	1 693	3	2	3	-	21	17	1.0	13	75
Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County	255	242	3	2	-	-	1	7	2.7	7	2
Triangle CDP, Prince William County	5 500	3 359	1 558	27	158	6	197	195	3.5	134	408
Troutdale town, Grayson County	1 230	380	834	-	5	-	10	1	0.1	1	11
Troutville town, Botetourt County	432	421	3	-	-	-	-	8	1.9	5	2
Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County	43 242	38 393	2 499	72	1 484	14	290	490	1.1	331	923
Tyson's Corner CDP, Fairfax County	18 540	13 201	716	25	3 287	13	233	1 065	5.7	555	1 140
Union Hall CDP, Franklin County	957	914	36	3	-	-	3	1	0.1	-	8
Urbanna town, Middlesex County	543	519	19	-	-	-	-	5	0.9	4	3
Vansant CDP, Buchanan County	989	978	-	-	6	-	-	5	0.5	3	3
Verona CDP, Augusta County	3 638	3 450	118	8	22	-	5	35	1.0	27	23
Victoria town, Lunenburg County	1 821	1 388	391	3	1	-	7	31	1.7	26	25
Vienna town, Fairfax County	14 453	11 722	497	27	1 368	-	392	447	3.1	264	1 068
Villa Heights CDP, Henry County	845	617	175	-	-	-	42	11	1.3	9	155
Vinton town, Roanoke County	7 782	7 342	261	8	51	3	46	71	0.9	58	86
Virginia town, Halifax County	159	148	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia Beach city	425 257	303 681	80 593	1 619	20 869	416	6 402	11 677	2.7	9 196	17 770
Wachapreague town, Accomack County	236	220	6	1	-	-	4	5	2.1	1	4
Wakefield town, Sussex County	1 038	493	532	2	-	-	-	11	1.1	6	4
Warrenton town, Fauquier County	6 670	5 339	1 100	16	67	1	42	105	1.6	77	217
Warsaw town, Richmond County	1 375	930	404	3	6	-	21	11	0.8	7	60
Washington town, Rappahannock County	183	152	20	-	4	-	4	3	1.6	2	7
Waverly town, Sussex County	2 309	848	1 426	3	1	-	11	20	0.9	20	27
Waynesboro city	19 520	16 877	1 945	61	112	6	213	306	1.6	261	643
Weber City town, Scott County	1 333	1 311	12	1	-	-	4	5	0.4	5	4
West Gate CDP, Prince William County	7 493	4 215	1 287	44	298	8	1 278	363	4.8	132	1 963
Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County	899	867	23	-	3	1	1	4	0.4	2	7
West Point town, King William County	2 866	2 302	485	13	30	-	10	26	0.9	22	50
West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	28 378	21 371	1 387	79	3 946	17	724	854	3.0	605	2 081
Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County	1 225	1 185	11	-	1	-	12	16	1.3	15	9
White Stone town, Lancaster County	358	309	37	-	8	-	1	3	0.8	-	3
Williamsburg city	11 998	9 543	1 601	32	549	7	90	176	1.5	142	302
Winchester city	23 585	19 355	2 470	56	375	8	817	504	2.1	376	1 527
Windsor town, Isle of Wight County	916	822	83	4	-	-	-	7	0.8	6	9
Wise town, Wise County	3 255	3 100	63	9	37	-	25	21	0.6	17	46
Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County	14 001	12 104	250	18	1 170	-	90	369	2.6	191	368
Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County	31 941	17 996	7 490	177	1 566	54	3 074	1 584	5.0	852	6 091
Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County	2 249	2 217	11	6	2	-	8	5	0.2	5	21
Woodstock town, Shenandoah County	3 952	3 621	108	3	7	1	169	43	1.1	30	254
Wyndham CDP, Henrico County	6 176	5 646	164	6	281	-	14	65	1.1	45	87
Wytheville town, Wythe County	7 804	7 083	561	10	55	2	26	67	0.9	59	64
Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County	6 732	5 098	574	28	161	7	561	303	4.5	150	1 270
Yorktown CDP, York County	203	187	12	1	1	-	-	2	1.0	2	-

Table 4. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place		
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race					
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation										
PLACE—Con.												
260	193	73.7	61	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	Surry town, Surry County
604	601	99.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Tangier town, Accomack County
2 060	1 128	54.5	857	2	52	-	3	18	17	17	Tappahannock town, Essex County	
4 180	3 724	88.5	392	7	22	-	5	30	25	30	Tazewell town, Tazewell County	
265	238	89.5	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	The Plains town, Fauquier County
10 575	9 687	90.7	569	29	183	1	3	103	93	103	Timberlake CDP, Campbell County	
1 664	1 644	94.5	3	-	3	-	-	14	13	14	Timberlake town, Rockingham County	
253	241	94.5	3	2	-	-	-	7	7	7	Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County	
5 092	3 195	58.1	1 533	22	158	6	14	164	130	164	Triangle CDP, Prince William County	
1 219	379	30.8	834	-	5	-	-	1	1	1	Troutdale town, Grayson County	
430	419	97.0	3	-	-	-	-	8	5	8	Troutville town, Botetourt County	
42 319	37 856	87.5	2 450	68	1 480	11	31	423	307	423	Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County	
17 400	12 368	66.7	703	23	3 283	13	37	973	533	973	Tysons Corner CDP, Fairfax County	
949	910	95.1	36	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Union Hall CDP, Franklin County
540	516	95.0	19	-	-	-	-	5	4	5	Urbanna town, Middlesex County	
986	975	98.6	-	-	6	-	-	5	3	5	Vansant CDP, Buchanan County	
3 615	3 438	94.5	118	6	22	-	-	31	25	31	Verona CDP, Augusta County	
1 796	1 377	75.6	387	3	1	-	2	26	21	26	Victoria town, Lunenburg County	
13 385	11 124	77.0	486	13	1 365	-	34	363	241	363	Vienna town, Fairfax County	
690	506	59.9	175	-	-	-	-	9	9	9	Villa Heights CDP, Henry County	
7 696	7 309	93.9	259	6	51	3	2	66	54	66	Vinton town, Roanoke County	
159	148	93.1	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Virgilina town, Halifax County
407 487	295 402	69.5	79 092	1 448	20 618	356	913	9 658	8 536	9 658	Virginia Beach city	
232	220	93.2	6	1	-	-	4	1	1	1	1	Wachapreague town, Accomack County
1 034	491	47.3	530	2	-	-	-	11	6	11	6	Wakefield town, Sussex County
6 453	5 197	77.9	1 094	12	64	1	11	74	68	74	68	Warrenton town, Fauquier County
1 315	903	65.7	397	3	6	-	-	6	6	6	6	Warsaw town, Richmond County
176	150	82.0	19	-	4	-	-	3	2	3	2	Washington town, Rappahannock County
2 282	841	36.4	1 421	3	1	-	-	16	16	16	16	Waverly town, Sussex County
18 877	16 492	84.5	1 935	50	112	6	18	264	253	264	253	Waynesboro city
1 329	1 310	98.3	12	1	-	-	1	5	5	5	5	Weber City town, Scott County
5 530	3 739	49.9	1 245	34	296	7	18	191	124	191	124	West Gate CDP, Prince William County
892	861	95.8	23	-	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County
2 816	2 278	79.5	479	10	30	-	-	19	19	19	19	West Point town, King William County
26 297	20 151	71.0	1 369	60	3 924	17	66	710	570	710	570	West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County
1 216	1 182	96.5	10	-	1	-	9	14	14	14	14	Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County
355	309	86.3	37	-	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	White Stone town, Lancaster County
11 696	9 352	77.9	1 593	31	546	6	15	153	132	153	132	Williamsburg city
22 058	18 724	79.4	2 454	48	374	8	36	414	359	414	359	Winchester city
907	817	89.2	83	3	-	-	-	4	4	4	4	Windsor town, Isle of Wight County
3 209	3 080	94.6	63	9	37	-	2	18	17	18	17	Wise town, Wise County
13 633	11 822	84.4	245	16	1 170	-	32	348	180	348	180	Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County
25 850	15 726	49.2	7 336	138	1 540	44	95	971	757	971	757	Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County
2 228	2 202	97.9	11	6	2	-	3	4	4	4	4	Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County
3 698	3 545	89.7	104	2	7	1	5	34	30	34	30	Woodstock town, Shenandoah County
6 089	5 585	90.4	164	5	280	-	5	50	36	50	36	Wyndham CDP, Henrico County
7 740	7 046	90.3	553	10	54	2	13	62	55	62	55	Wytheville town, Wythe County
5 462	4 540	67.4	561	28	160	7	14	152	138	152	138	Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County
203	187	92.1	12	1	1	-	-	2	2	2	2	Yorktown CDP, York County

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Table with columns: State, County, County Subdivision, Place, Selected combinations of two races (White; Black or African American, White; American Indian and Alaska Native, White; Asian, Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native), Race alone or in combination with one or more other races (White, Black or African American, American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, Some other race).

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races						
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	
Augusta County—Con.											
South River district—Con.											
Lyndhurst CDP (part)	1	4	-	1	1 257	79	7	4	1	13	
Sherando CDP (part)	1	1	-	-	646	11	7	3	-	5	
Stuarts Draft CDP (part)	6	9	4	-	6 106	208	25	12	4	20	
Wayne district	10	19	15	-	9 819	354	34	61	-	16	
Dooms CDP (part)	2	8	-	-	1 239	19	11	3	-	-	
Fishersville CDP	7	7	13	-	4 768	206	13	34	-	9	
Lyndhurst CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	173	2	-	-	-	-	
Sherando CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bath County	10	16	1	-	4 690	330	27	21	10	6	
Cedar Creek district	2	3	-	-	760	91	6	10	-	-	
Millboro district	1	3	1	-	1 005	24	3	1	1	-	
Valley Springs district	1	1	-	-	979	33	1	-	-	1	
Warm Springs district	-	7	-	-	905	46	7	-	2	2	
Williamsville district	6	2	-	-	1 041	136	10	10	7	3	
Bedford County	90	163	71	16	56 052	3 909	320	357	19	183	
Blue Ridge district	21	41	5	1	14 074	268	75	41	3	36	
Center district	10	19	7	7	7 561	1 037	38	29	2	21	
Jefferson district	32	46	46	5	17 314	1 135	81	226	9	57	
Forest CDP	11	21	21	4	7 406	472	34	134	1	25	
Lakes district	18	38	10	-	10 719	936	83	43	3	41	
Peaks district	9	19	3	3	6 384	533	43	18	2	28	
Bland County	1	19	5	-	6 560	291	27	15	3	24	
Mechanicsburg district	1	4	3	-	2 064	219	4	6	2	21	
Rocky Gap district	-	9	2	-	2 237	72	15	4	-	1	
Seddon district	-	6	-	-	1 561	-	6	5	1	-	
Sharon district	-	-	-	-	698	-	2	-	-	2	
Botetourt County	40	78	31	8	29 131	1 130	156	192	8	98	
Amsterdam district	7	11	5	4	6 013	177	21	35	-	9	
Cloverdale CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	176	2	-	4	-	-	
Daleville CDP	1	-	3	-	1 419	25	3	11	-	2	
Hollins CDP (part)	6	-	-	-	61	85	-	-	-	-	
Blue Ridge district	13	10	9	1	5 308	149	23	52	2	14	
Blue Ridge CDP (part)	13	4	6	-	2 981	104	11	25	2	10	
Laymantown CDP	-	4	2	1	1 978	35	10	14	-	4	
Buchanan district	4	25	1	-	5 086	189	42	18	1	1	
Buchanan town	1	8	-	-	1 130	100	10	4	-	-	
Fincastle district	7	12	4	1	5 038	255	31	11	-	23	
Fincastle town	-	1	1	-	324	27	2	2	-	6	
Valley district	9	20	12	2	7 686	360	39	76	5	51	
Blue Ridge CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	-	-	
Cloverdale CDP (part)	6	1	5	1	2 681	71	5	36	-	32	
Troutville town	-	3	1	-	426	4	4	4	-	3	
Brunswick County	20	22	3	11	7 802	10 522	54	47	2	91	
Meherrin district	1	6	-	1	2 000	1 720	14	4	1	8	
Brodnax town (part)	-	-	-	-	131	141	-	-	-	-	
Powellton district	1	3	-	-	1 059	853	5	1	-	7	
Red Oak district	3	4	-	2	1 286	1 427	8	18	-	5	
Alberta town	-	-	-	-	183	121	-	1	-	1	
Sturgeon district	3	4	-	1	799	1 514	5	1	-	12	
Totaro district	12	5	3	7	2 658	5 008	22	23	1	59	
Lawrenceville town	2	-	-	-	438	833	5	6	-	14	
Buchanan County	8	41	17	-	26 190	717	59	58	11	41	
Garden district	2	9	3	-	4 088	472	10	10	1	7	
Hurricane district	-	2	4	-	3 702	-	5	4	-	1	
Knox district	2	5	2	-	3 776	5	8	4	2	1	
North Grundy district	2	14	2	-	4 049	197	16	20	1	22	
Grundy town (part)	-	-	-	-	177	192	-	-	1	20	
Prater district	-	2	1	-	3 548	3	4	2	3	1	
Vansant CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	243	-	-	-	-	-	
Rock Lick district	-	7	1	-	3 983	3	13	2	3	4	
South Grundy district	2	2	4	-	3 044	37	3	16	1	5	
Grundy town (part)	-	1	1	-	704	6	1	6	1	3	
Vansant CDP (part)	-	1	2	-	740	-	1	8	-	2	
Buckingham County	45	63	4	13	9 369	6 188	128	39	3	88	
Curdsville No. 2 district	9	15	-	2	1 381	750	21	4	1	15	
Dillwyn town	1	1	-	2	258	185	5	-	-	10	
Francisco No. 3 district	6	8	-	4	1 624	632	23	8	2	15	
Gold Hill No. 7 district	8	1	-	-	1 149	1 762	3	7	-	6	
James River No. 5 district	11	9	-	2	1 533	647	17	4	-	9	
Marshall No. 1 district	-	7	-	1	1 207	707	15	-	-	16	
Maysville No. 4 district	-	3	1	3	1 346	615	11	7	-	10	
Slate River No. 6 district	11	20	3	1	1 129	1 075	38	9	-	17	
Campbell County	167	103	47	29	42 915	7 780	276	388	17	225	
Alta Vista district	17	12	6	2	5 602	1 527	26	20	1	38	
Altavista town	6	7	3	1	2 561	850	14	12	-	12	
Brookneal district	22	10	3	1	4 447	2 128	22	7	-	13	
Brookneal town	5	3	-	-	815	446	7	-	-	7	
Concord district	25	20	3	8	6 204	1 150	59	26	3	34	
Rustburg district	29	14	2	3	6 711	966	39	11	4	32	
Rustburg CDP	11	2	1	-	967	312	4	3	-	3	
Seneca district	8	23	13	10	6 824	1 019	52	46	2	25	
Timberlake CDP (part)	-	2	4	-	160	1	2	5	-	-	
Sunburst district	47	15	8	3	6 733	671	40	146	3	50	
Timberlake CDP (part)	27	3	2	2	3 277	319	15	72	1	31	
Timberlake district	19	9	12	2	6 394	319	38	132	4	33	
Timberlake CDP (part)	19	9	12	2	6 394	319	38	132	4	33	

Table 5. **Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
Martinsville city	42	28	6	9	8 640	6 627	59	85	4	136
Newport News city	1 075	456	754	505	99 800	73 111	2 055	5 621	479	4 598
Norfolk city	1 233	765	869	439	117 511	106 219	2 623	8 330	607	5 513
Norton city	15	10	3	1	3 608	257	15	43	6	13
Petersburg city	87	31	33	52	6 447	26 870	168	314	35	266
Poquoson city	12	34	35	1	11 237	96	71	221	9	47
Portsmouth city	353	301	204	200	47 264	51 767	1 084	1 145	162	911
Radford city	61	39	36	6	14 177	1 383	98	295	13	150
Richmond city	620	249	248	374	77 496	114 860	1 333	3 051	368	3 900
Roanoke city	538	293	121	78	67 170	26 294	641	1 308	69	1 220
Salem city	55	54	19	10	22 925	1 540	107	272	16	116
Staunton city	133	62	44	18	20 170	3 520	155	190	26	186
Suffolk city	150	151	105	96	34 811	28 106	491	673	57	378
Virginia Beach city	2 270	1 470	2 915	541	312 913	85 216	4 340	25 342	1 116	9 177
Waynesboro city	107	64	25	16	17 157	2 103	164	155	21	279
Williamsburg city	27	20	58	8	9 694	1 659	72	627	16	124
Winchester city	181	106	32	14	19 784	2 721	202	432	29	951

Table 6. **Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
PLACE—Con.										
Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County	1	6	-	-	249	4	8	-	-	1
Triangle CDP, Prince William County	61	17	29	8	3 520	1 651	59	200	14	259
Troutdale town, Grayson County	-	-	-	-	381	834	-	5	1	10
Troutville town, Botetourt County	-	3	1	-	426	4	4	4	-	3
Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County	84	71	98	18	38 793	2 675	185	1 628	27	455
Tyson's Corner CDP, Fairfax County	36	35	384	10	14 147	818	98	3 768	54	756
Union Hall CDP, Franklin County	-	-	-	-	915	36	3	-	-	4
Urbanna town, Middlesex County	2	1	1	-	524	21	1	1	-	1
Vansant CDP, Buchanan County	-	1	2	-	983	-	1	8	-	2
Verona CDP, Augusta County	6	19	-	-	3 485	124	27	24	2	13
Victoria town, Lunenburg County	6	13	-	6	1 408	408	22	1	1	12
Vienna town, Fairfax County	25	36	156	1	12 127	550	93	1 562	17	580
Villa Heights CDP, Henry County	4	-	1	1	625	183	3	4	-	44
Vinton town, Roanoke County	23	19	7	1	7 403	292	34	66	5	59
Virginia town, Halifax County	-	-	-	-	148	9	2	-	-	-
Virginia Beach city	2 270	1 470	2 915	541	312 913	85 216	4 340	25 342	1 116	9 177
Wachapreague town, Accomack County	-	1	-	-	225	6	2	-	-	8
Wakefield town, Sussex County	1	4	1	-	502	535	6	1	-	5
Warrenton town, Fauquier County	29	19	13	1	5 431	1 141	38	88	9	72
Warsaw town, Richmond County	1	1	2	-	938	408	7	11	1	25
Washington town, Rappahannock County	2	-	-	-	154	23	-	4	-	5
Waverly town, Sussex County	1	4	-	4	859	1 437	13	11	10	11
Waynesboro city	107	64	25	16	17 157	2 103	164	155	21	279
Weber City town, Scott County	1	4	-	-	1 316	13	5	-	-	4
West Gate CDP, Prince William County	56	23	26	2	4 505	1 388	90	349	22	1 513
Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County	1	1	-	-	871	24	1	3	1	3
West Point town, King William County	6	7	4	3	2 322	495	23	36	2	14
West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	96	72	331	14	22 116	1 565	200	4 372	49	986
Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County	3	6	3	-	1 200	18	7	5	1	15
White Stone town, Lancaster County	-	-	-	-	312	37	-	8	-	4
Williamsburg city	27	20	58	8	9 694	1 659	72	627	16	124
Winchester city	181	106	32	14	19 784	2 721	202	432	29	951
Windsor town, Isle of Wight County	1	1	3	-	828	84	7	3	-	2
Wise town, Wise County	1	6	8	-	3 121	65	16	46	-	30
Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County	18	28	131	-	12 439	278	48	1 334	7	271
Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County	259	123	200	53	19 172	8 102	447	1 958	114	3 848
Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County	-	4	1	-	2 222	11	10	3	-	8
Woodstock town, Shenandoah County	16	10	3	1	3 655	125	14	18	1	182
Wyndham CDP, Henrico County	3	4	32	-	5 711	172	16	314	1	34
Wytheville town, Wythe County	34	14	5	2	7 147	602	26	63	2	35
Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County	47	44	27	6	5 373	654	92	196	15	719
Yorktown CDP, York County	-	-	2	-	189	12	1	3	-	-

Table 7. **Households and Families: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total households	Family households						Nonfamily households			Average size	
		Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Total	Householder living alone		House- holds	Families
		Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years		65 years and over			
Clifton Forge city	1 841	1 147	41.9	799	36.9	274	54.7	694	634	361	2.22	2.80
Colonial Heights city	7 027	4 720	43.3	3 534	38.5	914	59.4	2 307	1 937	866	2.37	2.88
Covington city	2 835	1 742	38.5	1 272	34.9	355	47.6	1 093	963	465	2.22	2.83
Danville city	20 607	12 931	41.7	8 083	34.0	4 036	56.9	7 676	6 983	3 143	2.27	2.89
Emporia city	2 226	1 406	46.3	835	39.8	468	59.4	820	717	388	2.43	3.05
Fairfax city	8 035	5 407	41.6	4 382	42.0	744	44.5	2 628	1 879	536	2.61	3.07
Falls Church city	4 471	2 622	51.3	2 107	50.0	383	58.0	1 849	1 511	452	2.31	3.01
Franklin city	3 384	2 279	44.7	1 415	38.0	741	59.5	1 105	979	432	2.39	2.93
Fredericksburg city	8 102	3 925	44.6	2 575	36.2	1 065	63.9	4 177	3 178	1 040	2.09	2.81
Galax city	2 950	1 845	44.2	1 356	39.7	60.7	60.7	1 105	1 009	439	2.27	2.90
Hampton city	53 887	35 911	48.8	24 907	43.6	8 834	62.6	17 976	14 320	4 255	2.49	3.02
Harrisonburg city	13 133	6 442	47.5	4 778	43.4	1 217	61.8	6 691	3 722	1 127	2.53	3.00
Hopewell city	9 055	6 073	47.8	3 680	37.6	1 918	65.7	2 982	2 501	1 014	2.43	2.94
Lexington city	2 232	1 080	37.8	823	36.2	197	44.2	1 152	915	396	2.06	2.76
Lynchburg city	25 477	15 588	45.4	10 597	39.1	4 066	60.6	9 889	8 334	3 296	2.30	2.92
Manassas city	11 757	8 437	58.9	6 556	58.0	1 324	64.8	3 320	2 475	434	2.92	3.39
Manassas Park city	3 254	2 558	57.7	1 950	58.3	394	58.9	696	469	85	3.16	3.47
Martinsville city	6 498	4 025	42.5	2 533	36.2	1 243	55.8	2 473	2 222	1 000	2.27	2.89
Newport News city	69 686	46 358	53.6	31 084	48.0	12 473	67.5	23 328	18 808	5 632	2.50	3.04
Norfolk city	86 210	51 915	50.3	31 813	44.4	16 218	62.2	34 295	26 003	8 276	2.45	3.07
Norton city	1 730	1 067	42.3	744	37.0	271	56.5	663	604	247	2.23	2.88
Petersburg city	13 799	8 508	44.7	4 150	34.0	3 604	57.4	5 291	4 438	1 617	2.38	2.98
Poquoson city	4 166	3 370	48.4	2 892	46.6	351	57.8	796	661	295	2.75	3.08
Portsmouth city	38 170	25 482	45.9	15 704	39.9	7 977	57.6	12 688	10 503	4 118	2.51	3.05
Radford city	5 809	2 644	41.3	1 972	37.1	515	58.1	3 165	1 858	506	2.25	2.78
Richmond city	84 549	43 649	44.8	22 898	35.5	17 269	58.2	40 900	31 823	9 251	2.21	2.95
Roanoke city	42 003	24 255	44.1	15 574	37.3	6 939	58.5	17 748	15 089	5 369	2.20	2.86
Salem city	9 954	6 544	42.9	5 070	39.3	1 146	55.9	3 410	2 890	1 218	2.32	2.84
Staunton city	9 676	5 766	41.8	4 297	36.4	1 134	58.8	3 910	3 357	1 381	2.19	2.81
Suffolk city	23 283	17 730	48.1	12 833	45.4	3 908	57.3	5 553	4 696	1 882	2.69	3.09
Virginia Beach city	154 455	110 953	54.0	85 982	51.4	19 135	64.9	43 502	31 446	8 531	2.70	3.14
Waynesboro city	8 332	5 434	44.4	3 878	37.4	1 209	63.9	2 898	2 511	993	2.31	2.85
Williamsburg city	3 619	1 787	33.4	1 348	27.8	348	53.4	1 832	1 299	412	2.07	2.66
Winchester city	10 001	5 649	45.3	4 046	41.1	1 175	58.2	4 352	3 443	1 176	2.28	2.93

Table 9. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Table with columns: State, County, County Subdivision, Place, Household population (Total, Householder, Spouse, Child, Other relatives, Non-relatives, Under 18 years, child and other relatives), Group quarters population (Total, Institution-alized population, Non-institution-alized population). Rows include Warren County, Washington County, Westmoreland County, Wise County, Wythe County, and York County.

Table 9. **Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Household population							Group quarters population			
	Total	Householder	Relationship to householder					Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institutionalized population	Non-institutionalized population
			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
Norfolk city	211 114	86 210	31 813	61 435	14 358	17 298	54 644	23 289	3 000	20 289	
Norton city	3 855	1 730	744	1 058	207	116	840	49	49	-	
Petersburg city	32 834	13 799	4 150	9 558	3 101	2 226	8 159	906	589	317	
Poquoson city	11 468	4 166	2 892	3 737	371	302	3 062	98	58	40	
Portsmouth city	95 751	38 170	15 704	28 805	7 618	5 454	24 868	4 814	1 798	3 016	
Radford city	13 046	5 809	1 972	2 348	399	2 518	1 988	2 813	20	2 793	
Richmond city	186 554	84 549	22 898	47 000	15 064	17 043	41 720	11 236	3 179	8 057	
Roanoke city	92 373	42 003	15 574	24 168	5 325	5 303	20 832	2 538	1 698	840	
Salem city	23 051	9 954	5 070	6 141	833	1 053	5 031	1 696	683	1 013	
Staunton city	21 216	9 676	4 297	5 242	879	1 122	4 421	2 637	1 853	784	
Suffolk city	62 698	23 283	12 833	20 177	4 087	2 318	17 345	979	874	105	
Virginia Beach city	417 574	154 455	85 982	132 536	19 119	25 482	114 540	7 683	2 794	4 889	
Waynesboro city	19 255	8 332	3 878	5 237	925	883	4 556	265	242	23	
Williamsburg city	7 500	3 619	1 348	1 340	270	923	1 113	4 498	136	4 362	
Winchester city	22 800	10 001	4 046	5 762	1 070	1 921	4 892	785	148	637	

Table 11. **Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total housing units	Occupied housing units						Vacant housing units				
		Total	Owner occupied		Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
			Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
Martinsville city	7 249	6 498	3 914	60.2	2 584	2.32	2.18	751	22	7.6	3.7	12.9
Newport News city	74 117	69 686	36 513	52.4	33 173	2.61	2.39	4 431	226	4.0	1.9	6.2
Norfolk city	94 416	86 210	39 238	45.5	46 972	2.51	2.40	8 206	282	5.3	3.2	6.9
Norton city	1 946	1 730	967	55.9	763	2.36	2.06	216	1	6.3	3.2	9.9
Petersburg city	15 955	13 799	7 107	51.5	6 692	2.40	2.36	2 156	23	8.0	3.4	12.4
Poquoson city	4 300	4 166	3 503	84.1	663	2.76	2.70	134	23	1.2	1.0	2.4
Portsmouth city	41 605	38 170	22 356	58.6	15 814	2.52	2.49	3 435	121	4.4	2.6	6.9
Radford city	6 137	5 809	2 588	44.6	3 221	2.35	2.16	328	30	3.3	1.0	5.2
Richmond city	92 282	84 549	39 008	46.1	45 541	2.30	2.12	7 733	249	4.6	2.4	6.4
Roanoke city	45 257	42 003	23 637	56.3	18 366	2.30	2.07	3 254	175	4.0	2.0	6.4
Salem city	10 403	9 954	6 730	67.6	3 224	2.41	2.13	449	41	2.5	0.9	5.6
Staunton city	10 427	9 676	5 939	61.4	3 737	2.28	2.05	751	38	4.6	2.7	7.5
Suffolk city	24 704	23 283	16 815	72.2	6 468	2.71	2.64	1 421	70	3.0	1.7	6.2
Virginia Beach city	162 277	154 455	101 308	65.6	53 147	2.79	2.54	7 822	2 344	2.4	1.5	4.0
Waynesboro city	8 863	8 332	5 103	61.2	3 229	2.35	2.26	531	21	3.7	1.9	6.4
Williamsburg city	3 880	3 619	1 602	44.3	2 017	2.12	2.03	261	65	3.1	2.1	3.9
Winchester city	10 587	10 001	4 567	45.7	5 434	2.38	2.20	586	57	3.3	1.7	4.5

Table 12. **Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units				
	Total housing units	Owner occupied			Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
		Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
PLACE—Con.												
Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County	103	100	69	69.0	31	2.41	2.87	3	1	1.0	1.4	-
Triangle CDP, Prince William County	2 318	2 196	809	36.8	1 387	2.84	2.29	122	4	3.8	2.9	4.3
Troutdale town, Grayson County	111	79	63	79.7	16	2.52	2.19	32	18	8.1	3.1	23.8
Troutville town, Botetourt County	202	194	142	73.2	52	2.23	2.21	8	1	2.0	2.1	1.9
Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County	18 647	18 126	12 353	68.2	5 773	2.51	2.03	521	62	1.7	0.6	4.0
Tyson's Corner CDP, Fairfax County	9 474	8 814	4 140	47.0	4 674	2.28	1.95	660	376	1.9	0.6	3.0
Union Hall CDP, Franklin County	813	407	352	86.5	55	2.32	2.53	406	368	2.9	2.5	5.2
Urbanna town, Middlesex County	354	266	189	71.1	77	2.02	2.10	88	55	4.7	4.5	4.9
Vansant CDP, Buchanan County	500	436	317	72.7	119	2.36	2.03	64	5	5.4	3.4	10.5
Verona CDP, Augusta County	1 562	1 509	1 129	74.8	380	2.49	2.19	53	5	1.9	1.5	3.3
Victoria town, Lunenburg County	903	803	575	71.6	228	2.29	2.21	100	12	2.5	1.5	5.0
Vienna town, Fairfax County	5 438	5 331	4 625	86.8	706	2.67	2.95	107	21	0.8	0.6	1.9
Villa Heights CDP, Henry County	358	343	232	67.6	111	2.22	2.97	15	-	3.7	1.7	7.5
Vinton town, Roanoke County	3 471	3 327	2 056	61.8	1 271	2.41	2.09	144	7	2.5	1.1	4.7
Virgilia town, Halifax County	86	76	61	80.3	15	2.21	1.60	10	-	8.4	9.0	6.3
Virginia Beach city	162 277	154 455	101 308	65.6	53 147	2.79	2.54	7 822	2 344	2.4	1.5	4.0
Wachapreague town, Accomack County	225	133	107	80.5	26	1.66	2.23	92	73	9.5	5.3	23.5
Wakefield town, Sussex County	485	423	282	66.7	141	2.38	2.60	62	9	2.8	3.4	1.4
Warrenton town, Fauquier County	2 856	2 683	1 547	57.7	1 136	2.40	2.24	173	16	3.2	2.1	4.8
Warsaw town, Richmond County	468	445	258	58.0	187	2.30	1.61	23	3	2.8	2.6	3.1
Washington town, Rappahannock County	117	88	61	69.3	27	2.26	1.67	29	16	7.4	4.7	12.9
Waverly town, Sussex County	960	880	594	67.5	286	2.47	2.46	80	10	3.2	2.1	5.3
Waynesboro city	8 863	8 332	5 103	61.2	3 229	2.35	2.26	531	21	3.7	1.9	6.4
Weber City town, Scott County	689	605	362	59.8	243	2.14	1.98	84	3	8.6	6.2	12.0
West Gate CDP, Prince William County	2 544	2 473	1 207	48.8	1 266	3.25	2.82	71	7	1.6	1.4	1.8
Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County	515	389	312	80.2	77	2.30	2.35	126	108	2.0	1.3	4.9
West Point town, King William County	1 151	1 068	813	76.1	255	2.62	2.49	83	12	3.4	2.8	5.6
West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	10 425	10 289	8 544	83.0	1 745	2.75	2.81	136	35	0.5	0.4	1.2
Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County	490	462	385	83.3	77	2.75	2.18	28	3	3.3	1.0	13.5
White Stone town, Lancaster County	187	163	132	81.0	31	2.20	2.19	24	7	3.0	1.5	8.8
Williamsburg city	3 880	3 619	1 602	44.3	2 017	2.12	2.03	261	65	3.1	2.1	3.9
Winchester city	10 587	10 001	4 567	45.7	5 434	2.38	2.20	586	57	3.3	1.7	4.5
Windsor town, Isle of Wight County	422	389	328	84.3	61	2.34	2.46	33	2	5.4	1.2	22.8
Wise town, Wise County	1 594	1 424	935	65.7	489	2.29	1.93	170	15	6.4	1.7	14.2
Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County	4 606	4 566	4 357	95.4	209	3.05	3.36	40	10	0.2	0.2	0.5
Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County	11 026	10 687	6 293	58.9	4 394	3.01	2.91	339	16	1.8	1.4	2.4
Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County	926	847	680	80.3	167	2.34	2.18	79	18	2.3	1.2	6.7
Woodstock town, Shenandoah County	1 840	1 685	974	57.8	711	2.11	2.26	155	30	4.3	3.3	5.6
Wyndham CDP, Henrico County	2 190	2 068	1 830	88.5	238	3.10	2.08	122	11	3.9	2.0	16.2
Wytheville town, Wythe County	3 776	3 504	2 119	60.5	1 385	2.19	1.99	272	29	3.6	2.0	6.0
Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County	2 332	2 266	1 514	66.8	752	3.02	2.87	66	9	1.5	1.4	1.7
Yorktown CDP, York County	129	117	46	39.3	71	2.09	1.51	12	2	2.5	2.1	2.7

Table 13. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder							Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race									
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
York County—Con.											
District 3	4 010	3 681	238	16	39	2	11	23	39	3 652	
District 4	3 578	3 270	170	12	68	3	19	36	48	3 242	
District 5	4 090	3 276	570	16	130	2	33	63	102	3 225	
Alexandria city	61 889	41 618	12 358	169	3 125	39	2 481	2 099	5 420	39 159	
Bedford city	2 519	1 963	514	4	10	1	3	24	23	1 946	
Bristol city	7 678	7 192	374	18	19	1	9	65	61	7 151	
Buena Vista city	2 547	2 401	116	7	9	1	1	12	14	2 390	
Charlottesville city	16 851	12 425	3 483	22	568	6	102	245	296	12 258	
Chesapeake city	69 900	48 391	19 068	277	1 027	27	369	741	1 100	47 823	
Clifton Forge city	1 841	1 541	275	2	2	-	2	19	7	1 536	
Colonial Heights city	7 027	6 363	425	12	141	6	27	53	87	6 317	
Covington city	2 835	2 445	338	10	16	1	5	20	17	2 432	
Danville city	20 607	12 224	8 103	35	89	-	47	109	160	12 147	
Emporia city	2 226	1 072	1 123	3	8	2	8	10	23	1 055	
Fairfax city	8 035	6 417	359	23	767	4	272	193	669	6 082	
Falls Church city	4 471	3 913	142	10	266	1	72	67	241	3 756	
Franklin city	3 384	1 611	1 715	6	19	-	4	29	12	1 608	
Fredericksburg city	8 102	6 190	1 560	32	83	2	129	106	257	6 086	
Galax city	2 950	2 674	159	7	13	1	78	18	170	2 588	
Hampton city	53 887	28 218	23 370	207	759	35	401	897	1 100	27 786	
Harrisonburg city	13 133	11 501	745	26	293	3	337	228	875	11 053	
Hopewell city	9 055	5 992	2 748	44	62	3	86	120	194	5 916	
Lexington city	2 232	1 921	270	6	21	-	5	9	18	1 909	
Lynchburg city	25 477	17 471	7 339	59	256	5	97	250	223	17 366	
Manassas city	11 757	9 179	1 417	43	320	6	528	264	1 060	8 761	
Manassas Park city	3 254	2 550	355	14	105	2	158	70	307	2 433	
Martinsville city	6 498	3 915	2 484	5	24	-	26	44	100	3 863	
Newport News city	69 686	39 632	26 277	261	1 282	62	913	1 259	2 156	38 805	
Norfolk city	86 210	45 787	35 575	379	1 997	69	946	1 457	2 207	44 912	
Norton city	1 730	1 615	89	-	14	1	3	8	9	1 607	
Petersburg city	13 799	3 099	10 405	25	76	5	59	130	158	3 050	
Poquoson city	4 166	4 052	19	12	41	2	8	32	28	4 033	
Portsmouth city	38 170	19 194	17 928	170	242	21	160	455	437	19 027	
Radford city	5 809	5 207	436	12	77	4	15	58	45	5 178	
Richmond city	84 549	38 436	42 963	225	990	45	833	1 057	1 554	37 990	
Roanoke city	42 003	30 865	9 995	87	327	6	183	540	455	30 656	
Salem city	9 954	9 274	537	13	63	2	18	47	67	9 226	
Staunton city	9 676	8 433	1 079	25	24	1	30	84	60	8 400	
Suffolk city	23 283	13 022	9 823	76	127	5	50	180	206	12 940	
Virginia Beach city	154 455	117 016	26 699	580	5 796	125	1 773	2 466	4 850	114 655	
Waynesboro city	8 332	7 377	754	26	33	2	50	90	163	7 273	
Williamsburg city	3 619	2 922	541	11	87	-	28	30	62	2 889	
Winchester city	10 001	8 597	939	26	122	2	193	122	368	8 439	

Table 14. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder						Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race								
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race			
PLACE—Con.										
Strasburg town, Shenandoah County	1 773	1 678	75	-	3	-	5	12	16	1 668
Stuart town, Patrick County	449	390	51	-	-	-	5	3	11	386
Stuarts Draft CDP, Augusta County	3 124	2 999	98	5	4	2	5	11	27	2 978
Sudley CDP, Prince William County	2 640	2 113	300	14	75	3	83	52	160	2 048
Suffolk city	23 283	13 022	9 823	76	127	5	50	180	206	12 940
Sugar Grove CDP, Smyth County	320	300	17	1	-	-	1	1	3	298
Surry town, Surry County	109	90	18	-	-	-	1	-	1	89
Tangier town, Accomack County	244	243	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	243
Tappahannock town, Essex County	857	529	301	1	19	-	1	6	5	527
Tazewell town, Tazewell County	1 650	1 492	132	1	7	-	4	14	9	1 487
The Plains town, Fauquier County	110	100	10	-	-	-	-	-	1	99
Timberlake CDP, Campbell County	4 523	4 151	258	8	69	-	12	25	31	4 134
Timberville town, Rockingham County	735	723	2	-	1	-	5	4	19	710
Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County	100	96	1	1	-	-	1	1	2	95
Triangle CDP, Prince William County	2 196	1 399	635	9	41	2	54	56	116	1 355
Troutdale town, Grayson County	79	77	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	76
Troutville town, Botetourt County	194	192	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	191
Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County	18 126	16 305	1 061	24	488	5	86	157	294	16 125
Tysons Corner CDP, Fairfax County	8 814	6 714	315	14	1 295	2	77	397	415	6 403
Union Hall CDP, Franklin County	407	391	16	-	-	-	-	-	1	390
Urbanna town, Middlesex County	266	258	8	-	-	-	-	-	2	256
Vansant CDP, Buchanan County	436	432	-	-	2	-	-	2	1	431
Verona CDP, Augusta County	1 509	1 449	39	1	5	-	3	12	7	1 446
Victoria town, Lunenburg County	803	615	172	2	1	-	3	10	9	611
Vienna town, Fairfax County	5 331	4 622	169	3	353	-	81	103	238	4 482
Villa Heights CDP, Henry County	343	272	63	-	-	-	7	1	32	247
Vinton town, Roanoke County	3 327	3 159	115	3	14	2	11	23	23	3 151
Virgilina town, Halifax County	76	71	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	71
Virginia Beach city	154 455	117 016	26 699	580	5 796	125	1 773	2 466	4 850	114 655
Wachapreague town, Accomack County	133	126	3	1	-	-	1	2	1	126
Wakefield town, Sussex County	423	218	202	1	-	-	-	2	1	217
Warrenton town, Fauquier County	2 683	2 230	398	5	16	1	12	21	50	2 200
Warsaw town, Richmond County	445	365	74	3	-	-	2	1	4	363
Washington town, Rappahannock County	88	81	6	-	-	-	1	-	1	81
Waverly town, Sussex County	880	346	525	-	1	-	2	6	7	344
Waynesboro city	8 332	7 377	754	26	33	2	50	90	163	7 273
Weber City town, Scott County	605	599	5	-	-	-	1	-	1	598
West Gate CDP, Prince William County	2 473	1 595	433	12	83	2	258	90	412	1 491
Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County	389	378	8	-	-	-	-	3	2	377
West Point town, King William County	1 068	878	172	7	8	-	1	2	12	871
West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	10 289	8 389	507	20	1 023	4	150	196	536	8 048
Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County	462	454	2	-	1	-	2	3	3	453
White Stone town, Lancaster County	163	148	12	-	2	-	1	-	-	148
Williamsburg city	3 619	2 922	541	11	87	-	28	30	62	2 889
Winchester city	10 001	8 597	939	26	122	2	193	122	368	8 439
Windsor town, Isle of Wight County	389	357	29	2	-	-	-	1	2	356
Wise town, Wise County	1 424	1 387	4	5	16	-	6	6	12	1 379
Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County	4 566	4 077	79	7	314	-	16	73	83	4 009
Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County	10 687	6 656	2 569	57	424	18	621	342	1 321	6 139
Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County	847	840	1	1	1	-	-	4	6	835
Woodstock town, Shenandoah County	1 685	1 579	49	2	2	-	44	9	64	1 557
Wyndham CDP, Henrico County	2 068	1 908	58	2	85	-	3	12	17	1 896
Wytheville town, Wythe County	3 504	3 214	242	7	17	1	6	17	15	3 204
Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County	2 266	1 820	205	7	51	3	115	65	268	1 696
Yorktown CDP, York County	117	113	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	113

Table 15. Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square miles	Total population		State County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile			Number	Average per square mile
Rockingham County	851.15	67 725	79.6	Spotsylvania County—Con.			
Ashby district	162.48	18 719	115.2	Livingston district	139.85	10 529	75.3
Bridgewater town	2.40	5 203	2 169.2	Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP (part)	3.54	1 925	544.3
Dayton town	0.81	1 344	1 657.2	Salem district	8.64	11 642	1 347.5
Mount Crawford town	0.33	254	764.0				
Central district	121.22	10 565	87.2	Stafford County	270.35	92 446	341.9
Massanutten CDP (part)	0.17	-	-	Aquia district	35.00	11 534	329.5
Linville district	146.77	7 533	51.3	Aquia Harbour CDP (part)	2.14	2 885	1 346.6
Plains district	223.95	12 811	57.2	Falmouth district	16.63	12 883	774.7
Broadway town	1.82	2 192	1 202.5	Falmouth CDP (part)	1.99	3 156	1 585.1
Timberville town	0.88	1 739	1 968.1	George Washington district	34.74	12 398	356.9
Stonewall district	196.73	18 097	92.0	Falmouth CDP (part)	0.77	406	530.1
Elkton town	1.37	2 042	1 485.4	Griffis-Widewater district	69.95	15 381	219.9
Grottoes town (part)	1.29	2 110	1 633.1	Aquia Harbour CDP (part)	5.60	4 971	887.3
Massanutten CDP (part)	14.17	1 945	137.3	Quantico Station CDP (part)	0.49	226	462.9
				Hartwood district	88.26	26 189	296.7
				Falmouth CDP (part)	0.38	62	163.5
				Rock Hill district	25.77	14 061	545.5
				Surry County	279.09	6 829	24.5
				Bacons Castle district	48.54	1 259	25.9
				Carsley district	94.33	1 362	14.4
				Claremont district	48.31	1 387	28.7
				Claremont town	2.54	343	135.3
				Dendron district	57.41	1 363	23.7
				Dendron town	3.57	297	83.3
				Surry district	30.50	1 458	47.8
				Surry town	0.81	262	323.7
				Sussex County	490.73	12 504	25.5
				Courthouse district	114.62	1 229	10.7
				Henry district	84.62	1 428	16.9
				Jarratt town (part)	0.70	171	245.6
				Newville district	84.41	3 083	36.5
				Stony Creek district	81.81	1 517	18.5
				Stony Creek town	0.58	202	350.6
				Wakefield district	67.68	1 959	28.9
				Wakefield town	1.25	1 038	833.2
				Waverly district	57.60	3 288	57.1
				Waverly town	3.07	2 309	752.6
				Tazewell County	519.74	44 598	85.8
				Eastern district	44.05	8 603	195.3
				Bluefield town	7.58	5 078	669.9
				Northern district	107.15	7 205	67.2
				Pocahontas town	0.60	441	729.1
				Northwestern district	66.84	7 279	108.9
				Raven CDP (part)	-	-	-
				Richlands town	2.65	4 144	1 565.7
				Southern district	215.69	9 054	42.0
				Tazewell town	4.04	4 206	1 040.1
				Western district	86.00	12 457	144.8
				Cedar Bluff town	2.29	1 085	473.7
				Claypool Hill CDP	3.89	1 719	442.3
				Raven CDP (part)	5.96	2 174	364.9
				Warren County	213.70	31 584	147.8
				Fork district	35.31	5 912	167.4
				Front Royal town (part)	1.55	2 383	1 533.5
				Happy Creek district	26.25	7 643	291.1
				Front Royal town (part)	3.10	4 109	1 324.7
				North River district	33.26	5 549	166.9
				Front Royal town (part)	1.68	3 138	1 871.1
				Shenandoah district	40.15	6 608	164.6
				Front Royal town (part)	2.17	2 062	951.5
				South River district	78.72	5 872	74.6
				Front Royal town (part)	0.78	1 897	2 444.0
				Washington County	562.86	51 103	90.8
				Harrison district	22.62	7 276	321.7
				Abingdon town (part)	4.11	4 559	1 109.2
				Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)	0.04	22	568.8
				Jefferson district	164.38	6 902	42.0
				Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)	0.34	86	249.7
				Saltville town (part)	1.80	265	147.5
				Madison district	52.00	8 978	172.7
				Abingdon town (part)	4.23	3 221	761.2
				Monroe district	44.14	6 980	158.1
				Emory-Meadow View CDP (part)	8.49	2 158	254.0
				Glade Spring town	1.26	1 374	1 093.4
				Taylor district	134.40	7 549	56.2
				Damascus town	0.85	981	1 157.2
				Tyler district	111.92	6 586	58.8
				Wilson district	33.41	6 832	204.5
				Westmoreland County	229.18	16 718	72.9
				Cople district	90.30	5 199	57.6
				Montross district	54.51	3 188	58.5
				Montross town	1.02	315	308.4
				Washington district	84.38	8 331	98.7
				Colonial Beach town	2.59	3 228	1 246.7
				Wise County	404.04	40 123	99.3
				District 1	173.89	9 661	55.6
				Appalachia town	2.31	1 839	797.3
				Pound town (part)	2.00	930	465.8
				Wise town (part)	0.24	-	-
				District 2	76.00	9 888	130.1
				Coeburn town (part)	1.52	1 240	818.2
Spotsylvania County	400.86	90 395	225.5				
Battlefield district	6.87	10 364	1 509.2				
Berkeley district	118.10	10 325	87.4				
Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP (part)	5.11	1 908	373.1				
Chancellor district	66.95	17 798	265.8				
Courtland district	10.98	10 910	994.1				
Lee Hill district	49.48	18 827	380.5				

Table 15. Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile
Wise County—Con.			
District 2—Con.			
Pound town (part)	0.61	159	260.1
Wise town (part)	2.83	3 239	1 142.8
District 3	60.51	10 109	167.1
Big Stone Gap town	4.88	4 856	995.9
District 4	93.64	10 465	111.8
Coeburn town (part)	0.53	756	1 415.0
St. Paul town (part)	0.65	784	1 209.0
Wise town (part)	-	16	11 397.1
Wythe County	463.24	27 599	59.6
Black Lick district	104.41	5 105	48.9
Rural Retreat town	2.25	1 350	600.6
Wytheville town (part)	0.08	18	224.5
East Wytheville district	31.96	4 361	136.4
Wytheville town (part)	5.97	3 827	641.1
Fort Chiswell district	107.37	4 980	46.4
Fort Chiswell CDP	12.10	911	75.3
Max Meadows CDP	4.66	512	109.8
Wytheville town (part)	1.90	112	58.9
Lead Mines district	59.48	4 556	76.6
Speedwell district	137.34	4 677	34.1
Wytheville town (part)	1.18	228	193.6
West Wytheville district	22.68	3 920	172.8
Wytheville town (part)	5.14	3 619	703.7
York County	105.65	56 297	532.9
District 1	44.32	9 547	215.4
Yorktown CDP	0.64	203	314.9
District 2	32.49	14 637	450.4
District 3	15.55	10 363	666.4
District 4	7.24	9 596	1 326.2
District 5	6.05	12 154	2 007.7
Alexandria city	15.18	128 283	8 452.0
Bedford city	6.89	6 299	914.5
Bristol city	12.90	17 367	1 346.4
Buena Vista city	6.83	6 349	929.5
Charlottesville city	10.26	45 049	4 389.7
Chesapeake city	340.72	199 184	584.6
Clifton Forge city	3.09	4 289	1 387.5
Colonial Heights city	7.48	16 897	2 260.3
Covington city	5.67	6 303	1 111.3
Danville city	43.06	48 411	1 124.2
Emporia city	6.89	5 665	821.9
Fairfax city	6.31	21 498	3 406.9
Falls Church city	1.99	10 377	5 225.8
Franklin city	8.35	8 346	999.2
Fredericksburg city	10.52	19 279	1 833.0
Galax city	8.23	6 837	830.9
Hampton city	51.78	146 437	2 828.0
Harrisonburg city	17.56	40 468	2 304.4
Hopewell city	10.24	22 354	2 182.3
Lexington city	2.49	6 867	2 753.8
Lynchburg city	49.39	65 269	1 321.5
Manassas city	9.93	35 135	3 537.0
Manassas Park city	2.49	10 290	4 129.0
Martinsville city	10.96	15 416	1 407.1
Newport News city	68.29	180 150	2 637.9
Norfolk city	53.73	234 403	4 362.8
Norton city	7.53	3 904	518.5
Petersburg city	22.88	33 740	1 474.6
Poquoson city	15.52	11 566	745.4
Portsmouth city	33.16	100 565	3 032.7
Radford city	9.82	15 859	1 615.2
Richmond city	60.07	197 790	3 292.6
Roanoke city	42.88	94 911	2 213.2
Salem city	14.59	24 747	1 696.4
Staunton city	19.71	23 853	1 210.3
Suffolk city	400.02	63 677	159.2
Virginia Beach city	248.29	425 257	1 712.7
Waynesboro city	15.36	19 520	1 270.8
Williamsburg city	8.54	11 998	1 404.1
Winchester city	9.33	23 585	2 526.7

Table 16. Land Area and Population Density: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population			State County Place	Total population		
	Land area in square miles	Number	Average per square mile		Land area in square miles	Number	Average per square mile
The State	39 594.07	7 078 515	178.8	COUNTY—Con.			
COUNTY							
Accomack County	455.24	38 305	84.1	Tazewell County	519.74	44 598	85.8
Albemarle County	722.61	79 236	109.7	Warren County	213.70	31 584	147.8
Alleghany County	444.63	12 926	29.1	Washington County	562.86	51 103	90.8
Amelia County	356.80	11 400	32.0	Westmoreland County	229.18	16 718	72.9
Amherst County	475.18	31 894	67.1	Wise County	404.04	40 123	99.3
Appomattox County	333.69	13 705	41.1	Wythe County	463.24	27 599	59.6
Arlington County	25.87	189 453	7 323.3	York County	105.65	56 297	532.9
Augusta County	970.36	65 615	67.6	Alexandria city	15.18	128 283	8 452.0
Bath County	531.86	5 048	9.5	Bedford city	6.89	6 299	914.5
Bedford County	754.50	60 371	80.0	Bristol city	12.90	17 367	1 346.4
Bland County	358.67	6 871	19.2	Buena Vista city	6.83	6 349	929.5
Botetourt County	542.66	30 496	56.2	Charlottesville city	10.26	45 049	4 389.7
Brunswick County	566.14	18 419	32.5	Chesapeake city	340.72	199 184	584.6
Buchanan County	503.88	26 978	53.5	Clifton Forge city	3.09	4 289	1 387.5
Buckingham County	580.86	15 623	26.9	Colonial Heights city	7.48	16 897	2 260.3
Campbell County	504.48	51 078	101.2	Covington city	5.67	6 303	1 111.3
Caroline County	532.52	22 121	41.5	Danville city	43.06	48 411	1 124.2
Carroll County	476.34	29 245	61.4	Emporia city	6.89	5 665	821.9
Charles City County	182.76	6 926	37.9	Fairfax city	6.31	21 498	3 406.9
Charlotte County	474.99	12 472	26.3	Falls Church city	1.99	10 377	5 225.8
Chesterfield County	425.75	259 903	610.5	Franklin city	8.35	8 346	999.2
Clarke County	176.62	12 652	71.6	Fredericksburg city	10.52	19 279	1 833.0
Craig County	330.61	5 091	15.4	Galax city	8.23	6 837	830.9
Culpeper County	381.00	34 262	89.9	Hampton city	51.78	146 437	2 828.0
Cumberland County	298.45	9 017	30.2	Harrisonburg city	17.56	40 468	2 304.4
Dickenson County	331.71	16 395	49.4	Hopewell city	10.24	22 354	2 182.3
Dinwiddie County	503.67	24 533	48.7	Lexington city	2.49	6 867	2 753.8
Essex County	257.77	9 989	38.8	Lynchburg city	49.39	65 269	1 321.5
Fairfax County	395.04	969 749	2 454.8	Manassas city	9.93	35 135	3 537.0
Fauquier County	649.70	55 139	84.9	Manassas Park city	2.49	10 290	4 129.0
Floyd County	381.22	13 874	36.4	Martinsville city	10.96	15 416	1 407.1
Fluvanna County	287.37	20 047	69.8	Newport News city	68.29	180 150	2 637.9
Franklin County	692.08	47 286	68.3	Norfolk city	53.73	234 403	4 362.8
Frederick County	414.63	59 209	142.8	Norton city	7.53	3 904	518.5
Giles County	357.33	16 657	46.6	Petersburg city	22.88	33 740	1 474.6
Gloucester County	216.61	34 780	160.6	Poquoson city	15.52	11 566	745.4
Goochland County	284.43	16 863	59.3	Portsmouth city	33.16	100 565	3 032.7
Grayson County	442.64	17 917	40.5	Radford city	9.82	15 859	1 615.2
Greene County	156.58	15 244	97.4	Richmond city	60.07	197 790	3 292.6
Greensville County	295.44	11 560	39.1	Roanoke city	42.88	94 911	2 213.2
Halifax County	819.30	37 355	45.6	Salem city	14.59	24 747	1 696.4
Hanover County	472.68	86 320	182.6	Staunton city	19.71	23 853	1 210.3
Henrico County	238.06	262 300	1 101.8	Suffolk city	400.02	63 677	159.2
Henry County	382.35	57 930	151.5	Virginia Beach city	248.29	425 257	1 712.7
Highland County	415.86	2 536	6.1	Waynesboro city	15.36	19 520	1 270.8
Isle of Wight County	315.87	29 728	94.1	Williamsburg city	8.54	11 998	1 404.1
James City County	142.92	48 102	336.6	Winchester city	9.33	23 585	2 526.7
King and Queen County	316.26	6 630	21.0				
King George County	180.00	16 803	93.4	PLACE			
King William County	275.43	13 146	47.7	Abingdon town, Washington County	8.34	7 780	932.6
Lancaster County	133.14	11 567	86.9	Accomack town, Accomack County	0.41	547	1 322.1
Lee County	437.13	23 589	54.0	Adwolf CDP, Smyth County	7.85	1 457	185.6
Loudoun County	519.85	169 599	326.2	Alberta town, Brunswick County	1.10	306	278.3
Louisa County	497.14	25 627	51.5	Alexandria city	15.18	128 283	8 452.0
Lunenburg County	431.70	13 146	30.5	Altavista town, Campbell County	4.89	3 425	699.9
Madison County	321.42	12 520	39.0	Amherst town, Amherst County	4.99	2 251	451.3
Mathews County	85.68	9 207	107.5	Annan Dale CDP, Fairfax County	13.80	54 994	3 984.5
Mecklenburg County	623.93	32 380	51.9	Appalachia town, Wise County	2.31	1 839	797.3
Middlesex County	130.30	9 932	76.2	Appomattox town, Appomattox County	2.18	1 761	808.7
Montgomery County	388.22	83 629	215.4	Aquia Harbour CDP, Stafford County	7.74	7 856	1 014.4
Nelson County	472.35	14 445	30.6	Arlington CDP, Arlington County	25.87	189 453	7 323.3
New Kent County	209.55	13 462	64.2	Ashland town, Hanover County	7.18	6 619	922.0
Northampton County	207.37	13 093	63.1	Atkins CDP, Smyth County	5.40	1 138	210.6
Northumberland County	192.30	12 259	63.7	Bailey's Crossroads CDP, Fairfax County	2.05	23 166	11 276.0
Nottoway County	314.65	15 725	50.0	Bassett CDP, Henry County	3.53	1 338	379.5
Orange County	341.70	25 881	75.7	Basye-Bryce Mountain CDP, Shenandoah County	8.91	986	110.6
Page County	311.13	23 177	74.5	Bedford city	6.89	6 299	914.5
Patrick County	483.14	19 407	40.2	Belle Haven town	1.51	480	317.1
Pittsylvania County	970.76	61 745	63.6	Accomack County (part)	1.24	421	338.8
Powhatan County	261.28	22 377	85.6	Northampton County (part)	0.27	59	217.7
Prince Edward County	352.76	19 720	55.9	Belle Haven CDP, Fairfax County	1.97	6 269	3 182.3
Prince George County	265.62	33 047	124.4	Bellwood CDP, Chesterfield County	5.94	5 974	1 005.0
Prince William County	337.78	280 813	831.3	Bensley CDP, Chesterfield County	2.89	5 435	1 882.8
Pulaski County	320.57	35 127	109.6	Berryville town, Clarke County	1.80	2 963	1 648.3
Rappahannock County	266.57	6 983	26.2	Big Stone Gap town, Wise County	4.88	4 856	995.9
Richmond County	191.46	8 809	46.0	Blacksburg town, Montgomery County	19.36	39 573	2 044.2
Roanoke County	250.87	85 778	341.9	Blackstone town, Nottoway County	4.53	3 675	811.8
Rockbridge County	599.63	20 808	34.7	Bloxom town, Accomack County	0.32	395	1 253.7
Rockingham County	851.15	67 725	79.6	Bluefield town, Tazewell County	7.58	5 078	669.9
Russell County	474.66	30 308	63.9	Blue Ridge CDP, Botetourt County	6.32	3 188	504.1
Scott County	536.58	23 403	43.6	Bon Air CDP, Chesterfield County	8.84	16 213	1 834.1
Shenandoah County	512.20	35 075	68.5	Boones Mill town, Franklin County	0.74	285	387.5
Smyth County	452.09	33 081	73.2	Bowling Green town, Caroline County	1.59	936	587.1
Southampton County	599.56	17 482	29.2	Boyce town, Clarke County	0.36	426	1 179.9
Spotsylvania County	400.86	90 395	225.5	Boydton town, Mecklenburg County	0.82	454	553.0
Stafford County	270.35	92 446	341.9	Boykins town, Southampton County	0.68	620	905.6
Surry County	279.09	6 829	24.5	Branchville town, Southampton County	0.44	123	281.9
Sussex County	490.73	12 504	25.5				

Table 16. Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Total population			State County Place	Total population		
	Land area in square miles	Number	Average per square mile		Land area in square miles	Number	Average per square mile
PLACE—Con.				PLACE—Con.			
Bridgewater town, Rockingham County	2.40	5 203	2 169.2	Fairview Beach CDP, King George County	0.15	230	1 507.7
Bristol city	12.90	17 367	1 346.4	Falls Church city	1.99	10 377	5 225.8
Broadway town, Rockingham County	1.82	2 192	1 202.5	Falmouth CDP, Stafford County	3.14	3 624	1 155.6
Brodnax town	0.70	317	450.1	Fancy Gap CDP, Carroll County	4.05	260	64.2
Brunswick County (part)	0.44	272	613.6	Farmville town	6.97	6 845	982.5
Mecklenburg County (part)	0.26	45	172.4	Cumberland County (part)	0.68	477	697.7
Brookneal town, Campbell County	3.50	1 259	360.0	Prince Edward County (part)	6.28	6 368	1 013.5
Buchanan town, Botetourt County	2.42	1 233	510.1	Ferrum CDP, Franklin County	9.25	1 313	141.9
Buena Vista city	6.83	6 349	929.5	Fieldale CDP, Henry County	1.61	929	575.6
Bull Run CDP, Prince William County	2.68	11 337	4 237.8	Fincastle town, Botetourt County	0.24	359	1 480.8
Burke CDP, Fairfax County	11.53	57 737	5 008.0	Fishersville CDP, Augusta County	13.13	4 998	380.6
Burkeville town, Nottoway County	1.01	489	486.3	Floyd town, Floyd County	0.46	432	942.3
Cana CDP, Carroll County	7.92	1 228	155.0	Forest CDP, Bedford County	14.61	8 006	547.8
Cape Charles town, Northampton County	3.67	1 134	309.4	Fort Belvoir CDP, Fairfax County	8.82	7 176	813.7
Capron town, Southampton County	0.16	167	1 036.0	Fort Cheswell CDP, Wythe County	12.10	911	75.3
Castlewood CDP, Russell County	7.19	2 036	283.0	Fort Hunt CDP, Fairfax County	5.09	12 923	2 538.9
Cave Spring CDP, Roanoke County	11.83	24 941	2 108.1	Fort Lee CDP, Prince George County	8.35	7 269	870.2
Cedar Bluff town, Tazewell County	2.29	1 085	473.7	Franconia CDP, Fairfax County	7.15	31 907	4 465.3
Centerville CDP, Fairfax County	9.73	48 661	5 001.4	Franklin city	8.35	8 346	999.2
Chamberlayne CDP, Henrico County	3.76	4 380	1 163.5	Fredericksburg city	10.52	19 279	1 833.0
Chantilly CDP, Fairfax County	11.66	41 041	3 519.4	Fries town, Grayson County	0.65	614	947.8
Charlotte Court House town, Charlotte County	3.96	404	102.0	Front Royal town, Warren County	9.28	13 589	1 464.9
Charlottesville city	10.26	45 049	4 389.7	Gainesville CDP, Prince William County	9.72	4 382	450.9
Chase City town, Mecklenburg County	2.19	2 457	1 121.2	Galax city	8.23	6 837	830.9
Chatham town, Pittsylvania County	2.04	1 338	654.6	Gate City town, Scott County	2.04	2 159	1 058.8
Chatmass CDP, Henry County	5.35	1 742	325.4	Glade Spring town, Washington County	1.26	1 374	1 093.4
Cheriton town, Northampton County	1.03	499	485.8	Glasgow town, Rockbridge County	1.51	1 046	691.9
Chesapeake city	340.72	199 184	584.6	Glen Allen CDP, Henrico County	8.85	12 562	1 420.1
Chester CDP, Chesterfield County	12.99	17 890	1 377.1	Glen Lyn town, Giles County	0.65	151	233.1
Chesterfield Court House CDP, Chesterfield County	2.28	3 558	1 563.0	Gloucester Courthouse CDP, Gloucester County	6.99	2 269	324.7
Chilhowie town, Smyth County	2.59	1 827	704.6	Gloucester Point CDP, Gloucester County	8.38	9 429	1 125.2
Chincoteague town, Accomack County	9.63	4 317	448.2	Gordonsville town	0.91	1 498	1 646.1
Christiansburg town, Montgomery County	13.92	16 947	1 217.0	Louisa County (part)	0.04	11	302.6
Claremont town, Surry County	2.54	343	135.3	Orange County (part)	0.87	1 487	1 702.1
Clarksville town	1.98	1 329	671.5	Goshen town, Rockbridge County	1.74	406	233.5
Halifax County (part)	-	-	(X)	Great Falls CDP, Fairfax County	17.87	8 549	478.5
Mecklenburg County (part)	1.98	1 329	671.5	Greenville CDP, Augusta County	3.65	886	242.7
Claypool Hill CDP, Tazewell County	3.89	1 719	442.3	Gretna town, Pittsylvania County	1.07	1 257	1 172.8
Cleveland town, Russell County	0.12	148	1 251.7	Grotoes town	1.33	2 114	1 590.4
Clifton town, Fairfax County	0.26	185	723.7	Augusta County (part)	0.04	4	107.6
Clifton Forge city	3.09	4 289	1 387.5	Rockingham County (part)	1.29	2 110	1 633.1
Clinchco town, Dickenson County	2.76	424	153.8	Groveton CDP, Fairfax County	6.15	21 296	3 462.2
Clinchport town, Scott County	0.68	77	113.6	Grundy town, Buchanan County	5.04	1 105	219.3
Clintwood town, Dickenson County	1.91	1 549	812.0	Halifax town, Halifax County	3.80	1 389	365.2
Cloverdale CDP, Botetourt County	3.12	2 986	956.2	Hallwood town, Accomack County	0.24	290	1 184.8
Coeburn town, Wise County	2.05	1 996	973.8	Hamilton town, Loudoun County	0.25	562	2 218.2
Collinsville CDP, Henry County	7.87	7 777	988.1	Hampden Sydney CDP, Prince Edward County	4.45	1 264	283.8
Colonial Beach town, Westmoreland County	2.59	3 228	1 246.7	Hampton city	51.78	146 437	2 828.0
Colonial Heights city	7.48	16 897	2 260.3	Harrisonburg city	17.56	40 468	2 304.4
Columbia town, Fluvanna County	0.20	49	246.1	Haymarket town, Prince William County	0.51	879	1 725.2
Courtland town, Southampton County	0.92	1 270	1 373.2	Haysi town, Dickenson County	0.88	186	210.4
Covington city	5.67	6 303	1 111.3	Hemdon town, Fairfax County	4.22	21 655	5 129.9
Craigsville town, Augusta County	1.98	979	495.5	Highland Springs CDP, Henrico County	8.52	15 137	1 777.0
Crewe town, Nottoway County	2.03	2 378	1 171.6	Hillsboro town, Loudoun County	0.09	96	1 017.9
Crimora CDP, Augusta County	3.07	1 796	584.3	Hillsville town, Carroll County	5.70	2 607	457.6
Crozet CDP, Albemarle County	3.73	2 820	755.7	Hollins CDP	8.67	14 309	1 650.3
Culpeper town, Culpeper County	6.73	9 664	1 436.2	Botetourt County (part)	0.52	140	271.5
Dahlgren CDP, King George County	1.13	997	885.2	Roanoke County (part)	8.16	14 169	1 737.5
Dale City CDP, Prince William County	15.04	55 971	3 721.1	Honaker town, Russell County	0.55	945	1 729.0
Daleville CDP, Botetourt County	2.47	1 454	588.9	Hopewell city	10.24	22 354	2 182.3
Damascus town, Washington County	0.85	981	1 157.2	Horse Pasture CDP, Henry County	9.62	2 255	234.3
Danville city	43.06	48 411	1 124.2	Huntington CDP, Fairfax County	0.78	8 325	10 665.6
Dayton town, Rockingham County	0.81	1 344	1 657.2	Hurt town, Pittsylvania County	2.62	1 276	487.2
Dendron town, Surry County	3.57	297	83.3	Hybla Valley CDP, Fairfax County	3.05	16 721	5 481.7
Dillwyn town, Buckingham County	0.69	447	646.4	Idylwood CDP, Fairfax County	2.85	16 005	5 618.0
Dooms CDP, Augusta County	3.97	1 282	323.0	Independence town, Grayson County	2.34	971	415.1
Drakes Branch town, Charlotte County	4.14	504	121.8	Iron Gate town, Alleghany County	0.35	404	1 170.6
Dryden CDP, Lee County	7.12	1 253	175.9	Irvington town, Lancaster County	1.50	673	449.0
Dublin town, Pulaski County	1.42	2 288	1 607.1	Ivor town, Southampton County	1.09	320	293.6
Duffield town, Scott County	0.58	62	107.6	Jarratt town	1.27	589	464.8
Dumbarton CDP, Henrico County	2.09	6 674	3 191.8	Greensville County (part)	0.57	418	732.2
Dumfries town, Prince William County	1.60	4 937	3 085.6	Sussex County (part)	0.70	171	245.6
Dungannon town, Scott County	0.36	317	869.5	Jefferson CDP, Fairfax County	5.06	27 422	5 424.6
Dunn Loring CDP, Fairfax County	2.04	7 861	3 855.9	Jolivet CDP, Augusta County	1.97	1 037	527.2
East Highland Park CDP, Henrico County	8.96	12 488	1 393.1	Jonesville town, Lee County	1.10	995	901.1
Eastville town, Northampton County	0.22	203	906.3	Keller town, Accomack County	0.34	173	502.2
Edinburg town, Shenandoah County	0.74	813	1 103.2	Kenbridge town, Lunenburg County	2.04	1 253	614.6
Elkton town, Rockingham County	1.37	2 042	1 485.4	Keokee CDP, Lee County	4.34	316	72.9
Elliston-Lafayette CDP, Montgomery County	1.85	1 241	672.2	Keysville town, Charlotte County	1.18	817	694.0
Emory-Meadow View CDP, Washington County	8.88	2 266	255.2	Kilmarnock town	2.86	1 244	435.6
Emporia city	6.89	5 665	821.9	Lancaster County (part)	2.76	1 196	432.7
Ettrick CDP, Chesterfield County	2.99	5 627	1 884.0	Northumberland County (part)	0.09	48	525.6
Ewing CDP, Lee County	3.88	436	112.4				
Exmore town, Northampton County	0.81	1 136	1 405.5				
Fairfax city	6.31	21 498	3 406.9				
Fairlawn CDP, Pulaski County	3.21	2 211	688.4				

Table 16. **Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Land area in square miles	Total population		State County Place	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile			Number	Average per square mile
PLACE—Con.				PLACE—Con.			
La Crosse town, Mecklenburg County	1.16	618	532.4	Pulaski town, Pulaski County	7.82	9 473	1 211.2
Lake Barcroft CDP, Fairfax County	2.47	8 906	3 602.5	Purcellville town, Loudoun County	2.37	3 584	1 512.2
Lake Monticello CDP, Fluvanna County	8.77	6 852	780.9	Quantics town, Prince William County	0.07	561	7 811.2
Lake Ridge CDP, Prince William County	8.24	30 404	3 689.9	Quantics Station CDP	7.15	6 571	918.9
Lakeside CDP, Henrico County	4.20	11 157	2 657.1	Prince William County (part)	6.66	6 345	952.3
Laurel CDP, Henrico County	5.48	14 875	2 713.6	Stafford County (part)	0.49	226	462.9
Laurel Park CDP, Henry County	1.27	781	614.4	Radford city	9.82	15 859	1 615.2
Lawrenceville town, Brunswick County	0.92	1 275	1 391.1	Raven CDP	6.83	2 593	379.5
Laymantown CDP, Botetourt County	3.29	2 034	618.1	Russell County (part)	0.87	419	479.2
Lebanon town, Russell County	4.10	3 273	797.4	Tazewell County (part)	5.96	2 174	364.8
Leesburg town, Loudoun County	11.60	28 311	2 440.1	Remington town, Fauquier County	0.22	624	2 876.4
Lexington city	2.49	6 867	2 753.8	Reston CDP, Fairfax County	17.15	56 407	3 288.6
Lincolnia CDP, Fairfax County	2.94	15 788	5 369.5	Rich Creek town, Giles County	0.87	665	765.0
Linton Hall CDP, Prince William County	8.26	8 620	1 043.0	Richlands town, Tazewell County	2.65	4 144	1 565.7
Loch Lomond CDP, Prince William County	0.73	3 411	4 668.9	Richmond city	60.07	197 790	3 292.6
Lorton CDP, Fairfax County	12.38	17 786	1 436.6	Ridgeway town, Henry County	0.94	775	825.3
Louisa town, Louisa County	1.83	1 401	766.8	Roanoke city	42.88	94 911	2 213.2
Lovettsville town, Loudoun County	0.87	853	980.9	Rocky Mount town, Franklin County	4.59	4 066	886.5
Low Moor CDP, Alleghany County	0.81	367	450.4	Rose Hill CDP, Fairfax County	4.60	15 058	3 273.7
Luray town, Page County	4.74	4 871	1 026.8	Rose Hill CDP, Lee County	3.44	714	207.7
Lynchburg city	49.39	65 269	1 321.5	Round Hill town, Loudoun County	0.21	500	2 333.8
Lynchburg CDP, Augusta County	6.09	1 527	250.6	Rural Retreat town, Wythe County	2.25	1 350	600.6
McKenney town, Dinwiddie County	0.95	441	464.8	Rushmere CDP, Isle of Wight County	8.35	1 083	129.6
McLean CDP, Fairfax County	18.49	38 929	2 104.9	Rustburg CDP, Campbell County	10.84	1 271	117.3
Madison town, Madison County	0.22	210	961.4	St. Charles town, Lee County	0.17	159	962.3
Madison Heights CDP, Amherst County	19.28	11 584	600.7	St. Paul town	0.98	1 000	1 023.2
Manassas city	9.93	35 135	3 537.0	Russell County (part)	0.33	216	656.9
Manassas Park city	2.49	10 290	4 129.0	Wise County (part)	0.65	784	1 209.0
Mantua CDP, Fairfax County	2.42	7 485	3 090.4	Salem city	14.59	24 747	1 696.4
Marion town, Smyth County	4.15	6 349	1 528.3	Saltville town	8.05	2 204	273.7
Martinsville city	10.96	15 416	1 407.1	Smyth County (part)	6.26	1 939	309.9
Massanutten CDP, Rockingham County	14.34	1 945	135.7	Washington County (part)	1.80	265	147.5
Matoaca CDP, Chesterfield County	2.55	2 273	892.0	Sandy Level CDP, Henry County	6.74	689	102.2
Max Meadows CDP, Wythe County	4.66	512	109.8	Saxis town, Accomack County	0.33	337	1 020.8
Mechanicsville CDP, Hanover County	28.38	30 464	1 073.3	Scottsburg town, Halifax County	0.74	145	196.0
Melfa town, Accomack County	0.27	450	1 654.6	Scottsville town	1.54	555	360.2
Merrifield CDP, Fairfax County	2.72	11 170	4 107.2	Albemarle County (part)	1.48	530	357.6
Merrimac CDP, Montgomery County	1.82	1 751	963.5	Fluvanna County (part)	0.06	25	426.3
Middleburg town, Loudoun County	0.58	632	1 083.8	Selma CDP, Alleghany County	0.31	485	1 542.8
Middletown town, Frederick County	0.55	1 015	1 851.9	Seven Corners CDP, Fairfax County	0.68	8 701	12 773.2
Mineral town, Louisa County	0.89	424	474.7	Shawsville CDP, Montgomery County	2.32	1 029	444.1
Montclair CDP, Prince William County	6.04	15 728	2 605.0	Shenandoah town, Page County	1.32	1 878	1 419.0
Monterey town, Highland County	0.31	158	512.2	Sherando CDP, Augusta County	7.03	665	94.6
Montrose CDP, Henrico County	3.40	7 018	2 062.4	Short Pump CDP, Henrico County	2.37	182	76.7
Montross town, Westmoreland County	1.02	315	308.4	Smithfield town, Isle of Wight County	9.53	6 324	663.8
Mount Crawford town, Rockingham County	0.33	254	764.0	South Boston town, Halifax County	12.22	8 491	694.7
Mount Jackson town, Shenandoah County	1.23	1 664	1 353.7	South Hill town, Mecklenburg County	6.32	4 403	696.2
Mount Vernon CDP, Fairfax County	7.61	28 582	3 755.8	Spotsylvania Courthouse CDP, Spotsylvania County	8.65	3 833	443.1
Narrows town, Giles County	1.28	2 111	1 649.7	Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	9.76	30 417	3 117.9
Nassawadox town, Northampton County	0.43	572	1 334.2	Stanardsville town, Greene County	0.35	476	1 361.0
New Castle town, Craig County	0.16	179	1 105.0	Stanley town, Page County	1.10	1 326	1 203.8
Newington CDP, Fairfax County	6.64	19 784	2 977.8	Stanleytown CDP, Henry County	2.68	1 515	564.3
New Market town, Shenandoah County	2.00	1 637	819.6	Staunton city	19.71	23 853	1 210.3
Newport News city	68.29	180 150	2 637.9	Stephens City town, Frederick County	1.42	1 146	806.8
Newsoms town, Southampton County	0.50	282	559.1	Stony Creek town, Sussex County	0.58	202	350.6
Nickselsville town, Scott County	0.48	448	932.8	Strasburg town, Shenandoah County	3.15	4 017	1 275.5
Nokesville CDP, Prince William County	9.47	1 236	130.5	Stuart town, Patrick County	0.74	961	1 301.5
Norfolk city	53.73	234 403	4 362.8	Stuarts Draft CDP, Augusta County	19.83	8 367	422.0
North Shore CDP, Franklin County	13.66	2 112	154.6	Sudley CDP, Prince William County	1.56	7 719	4 940.2
North Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	2.44	9 173	3 762.2	Suffolk city	400.02	63 677	159.2
Norton city	7.53	3 904	518.5	Sugar Grove CDP, Smyth County	8.36	741	88.6
Oak Level CDP, Henry County	6.09	885	145.4	Surry town, Surry County	0.81	262	323.7
Oakton CDP, Fairfax County	9.70	29 348	3 024.1	Tangier town, Accomack County	0.25	604	2 448.2
Occoquan town	0.16	759	4 868.7	Tappahannock town, Essex County	2.61	2 068	793.6
Fairfax County (part)	-	-	(X)	Tazewell town, Tazewell County	4.04	4 206	1 040.1
Prince William County (part)	0.16	759	4 868.7	The Plains town, Fauquier County	0.26	266	1 035.1
Onancock town, Accomack County	1.05	1 525	1 452.3	Timberlake CDP, Campbell County	8.82	10 683	1 211.8
Onley town, Accomack County	0.82	496	607.9	Timberville town, Rockingham County	0.88	1 739	1 968.1
Orange town, Orange County	3.24	4 123	1 274.1	Toms Brook town, Shenandoah County	0.15	255	1 652.4
Painter town, Accomack County	0.63	246	388.0	Triangle CDP, Prince William County	2.63	5 500	2 088.5
Pamplin City town	0.30	199	653.5	Troutdale town, Grayson County	3.11	1 230	395.5
Appomattox County (part)	0.26	192	734.5	Troutville town, Botetourt County	0.89	432	486.3
Prince Edward County (part)	0.04	7	162.4	Tuckahoe CDP, Henrico County	20.57	43 242	2 102.7
Parksley town, Accomack County	0.61	837	1 368.5	Tyson's Corner CDP, Fairfax County	4.90	18 540	3 782.5
Patrick Springs CDP, Patrick County	15.68	2 068	131.9	Union Hall CDP, Franklin County	14.50	957	66.0
Pearisburg town, Giles County	3.06	2 729	890.7	Urbanna town, Middlesex County	0.42	543	1 286.5
Pembroke town, Giles County	1.10	1 134	1 027.6	Vansant CDP, Buchanan County	7.85	989	125.9
Penhook CDP, Franklin County	11.16	726	65.0	Verona CDP, Augusta County	7.03	3 638	517.3
Pennington Gap town, Lee County	1.52	1 781	1 174.0	Victoria town, Lunenburg County	2.83	1 821	644.6
Petersburg city	22.88	33 740	1 474.6	Vienna town, Fairfax County	4.44	14 453	3 253.8
Phenix town, Charlotte County	1.15	200	173.4	Villa Heights CDP, Henry County	0.96	845	877.9
Pimmit Hills CDP, Fairfax County	1.48	6 152	4 153.8	Vinton town, Roanoke County	3.17	7 782	2 451.4
Pocahontas town, Tazewell County	0.60	441	729.1				
Poquoson city	15.52	11 566	745.4				
Port Royal town, Caroline County	0.12	170	1 467.9				
Portsmouth city	33.16	100 565	3 032.7				
Pound town, Wise County	2.61	1 089	417.6				

Table 16. **Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile
PLACE—Con.			
Virgilina town, Halifax County	0.62	159	256.2
Virginia Beach city	248.29	425 257	1 712.7
Wachapreague town, Accomack County	0.26	236	922.9
Wakefield town, Sussex County	1.25	1 038	833.2
Warrenton town, Fauquier County	4.24	6 670	1 574.8
Warsaw town, Richmond County	3.04	1 375	453.0
Washington town, Rappahannock County	0.26	183	692.5
Waverly town, Sussex County	3.07	2 309	752.6
Waynesboro city	15.36	19 520	1 270.8
Weber City town, Scott County	1.14	1 333	1 170.5
West Gate CDP, Prince William County	1.17	7 493	6 388.1
Westlake Corner CDP, Franklin County	10.08	899	89.2
West Point town, King William County	5.13	2 866	559.2
West Springfield CDP, Fairfax County	6.82	28 378	4 158.7
Weyers Cave CDP, Augusta County	6.62	1 225	185.1
White Stone town, Lancaster County	0.99	358	362.1
Williamsburg city	8.54	11 998	1 404.1
Winchester city	9.33	23 585	2 526.7
Windsor town, Isle of Wight County	0.85	916	1 077.2
Wise town, Wise County	3.07	3 255	1 059.4
Wolf Trap CDP, Fairfax County	9.26	14 001	1 512.3
Woodbridge CDP, Prince William County	10.48	31 941	3 047.8
Woodlawn CDP, Carroll County	19.54	2 249	115.1
Woodstock town, Shenandoah County	3.25	3 952	1 216.9
Wyndham CDP, Henrico County	3.63	6 176	1 702.0
Wytheville town, Wythe County	14.27	7 804	546.8
Yorkshire CDP, Prince William County	2.37	6 732	2 835.2
Yorktown CDP, York County	0.64	203	314.9

Table 17. **Age and Sex for the American Indian and Alaska Native Population (One Race): 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	American Indian and Alaska Native population (one race)	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE											
All areas	84	43.5	3	15	4	2	4	15	11	6	3
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	46	41.0	2	10	2	2	3	6	7	3	2
King William County (part)	46	41.0	2	10	2	2	3	6	7	3	2
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	38	47.5	1	5	2	-	1	9	4	3	1
King William County (part)	38	47.5	1	5	2	-	1	9	4	3	1
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA											
All areas	544	39.7	27	91	23	16	69	95	79	47	28
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	514	39.6	27	86	22	16	63	91	73	43	27
Charles City County (part)	514	39.6	27	86	22	16	63	91	73	43	27
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	30	41.0	-	5	1	-	6	4	6	4	1
New Kent County (part)	30	41.0	-	5	1	-	6	4	6	4	1

Table 17. **Age and Sex for the American Indian and Alaska Native Population (One Race): 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of population		American Indian Area County
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
											AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE
15	5	1	35	140.0	66	25	21	7	21.4	25.0	All areas
5	3	1	23	100.0	34	16	9	4	26.1	19.6	Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA
5	3	1	23	100.0	34	16	9	4	26.1	19.6	King William County (part)
10	2	-	12	216.7	32	9	12	3	15.8	31.6	Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA
10	2	-	12	216.7	32	9	12	3	15.8	31.6	King William County (part)
											STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA
38	26	5	286	90.2	426	221	69	41	21.7	12.7	All areas
37	26	3	272	89.0	401	209	66	38	22.0	12.8	Chickahominy SDAISA, VA
37	26	3	272	89.0	401	209	66	38	22.0	12.8	Charles City County (part)
1	-	2	14	114.3	25	12	3	3	16.7	10.0	Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA
1	-	2	14	114.3	25	12	3	3	16.7	10.0	New Kent County (part)

Table 18. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE											
All areas	116	31	-	84	-	-	-	1	0.9	1	1
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	58	12	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
King William County (part)	58	12	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	58	19	-	38	-	-	-	1	1.7	1	1
King William County (part)	58	19	-	38	-	-	-	1	1.7	1	1
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA											
All areas	3 417	1 105	1 703	544	6	-	4	55	1.6	53	24
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	3 313	1 041	1 695	514	5	-	4	54	1.6	52	24
Charles City County (part)	3 313	1 041	1 695	514	5	-	4	54	1.6	52	24
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	104	64	8	30	1	-	-	1	1.0	1	-
New Kent County (part)	104	64	8	30	1	-	-	1	1.0	1	-

Table 18. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										
Total	One race							Two or more races		American Indian Area County
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation								
115	30	25.9	-	84	-	-	-	1	1	AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE
58	12	20.7	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	All areas
58	12	20.7	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA King William County (part)
57	18	31.0	-	38	-	-	-	1	1	Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA King William County (part)
57	18	31.0	-	38	-	-	-	1	1	
3 393	1 094	32.0	1 703	536	6	-	1	53	52	STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA
3 289	1 030	31.1	1 695	506	5	-	1	52	51	All areas
3 289	1 030	31.1	1 695	506	5	-	1	52	51	Chickahominy SDAISA, VA Charles City County (part)
104	64	61.5	8	30	1	-	-	1	1	Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA New Kent County (part)
104	64	61.5	8	30	1	-	-	1	1	

Table 19. **Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE										
All areas	-	1	-	-	32	-	85	-	-	-
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	-	-	-	-	12	-	46	-	-	-
King William County (part)	-	-	-	-	12	-	46	-	-	-
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	-	1	-	-	20	-	39	-	-	-
King William County (part)	-	1	-	-	20	-	39	-	-	-
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA										
All areas	6	24	1	13	1 144	1 733	589	8	-	6
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	6	23	1	13	1 079	1 725	558	7	-	6
Charles City County (part)	6	23	1	13	1 079	1 725	558	7	-	6
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	-	1	-	-	65	8	31	1	-	-
New Kent County (part)	-	1	-	-	65	8	31	1	-	-

Table 20. **Households and Families With American Indian and Alaska Native Householder (One Race): 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	Households with American Indian and Alaska Native householder (one race)	Family households						Nonfamily households			Average size	
		Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Total	Householder living alone		House- holds	Families
		Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years		65 years and over			
								Total		Total		
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE												
All areas	53	35	31.4	30	20.0	3	100.0	18	18	7	2.00	2.51
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	26	17	41.2	13	23.1	3	100.0	9	9	4	2.12	2.71
King William County (part)	26	17	41.2	13	23.1	3	100.0	9	9	4	2.12	2.71
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	27	18	22.2	17	17.6	-	(X)	9	9	3	1.89	2.33
King William County (part)	27	18	22.2	17	17.6	-	(X)	9	9	3	1.89	2.33
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA												
All areas	225	171	40.9	137	40.9	28	35.7	54	47	21	2.66	3.09
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	211	159	41.5	128	40.6	26	38.5	52	46	20	2.63	3.08
Charles City County (part)	211	159	41.5	128	40.6	26	38.5	52	46	20	2.63	3.08
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	14	12	33.3	9	44.4	2	-	2	1	1	3.07	3.33
New Kent County (part)	14	12	33.3	9	44.4	2	-	2	1	1	3.07	3.33

Table 21. **Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population for the American Indian and Alaska Native Population (One Race): 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	Household population							Group quarters population			
	Total	Householder	Relationship to householder					Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institution- alized population	Non- institution- alized population
			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives					
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE											
All areas	84	53	7	22	2	-	18	-	-	-	
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	46	26	4	14	2	-	12	-	-	-	
King William County (part)	46	26	4	14	2	-	12	-	-	-	
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	38	27	3	8	-	-	6	-	-	-	
King William County (part)	38	27	3	8	-	-	6	-	-	-	
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA											
All areas	544	225	110	182	22	5	117	-	-	-	
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	514	211	105	173	20	5	112	-	-	-	
Charles City County (part)	514	211	105	173	20	5	112	-	-	-	
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	30	14	5	9	2	-	5	-	-	-	
New Kent County (part)	30	14	5	9	2	-	5	-	-	-	

Table 22. **Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	Total housing units	Occupied housing units with American Indian and Alaska Native householder (one race)						Vacant housing units				
		Total	Owner occupied		Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
			Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE												
All areas	64	53	51	96.2	2	1.98	2.50	7	2	-	-	-
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	28	26	24	92.3	2	2.08	2.50	1	-	-	-	-
King William County (part)	28	26	24	92.3	2	2.08	2.50	1	-	-	-	-
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	36	27	27	100.0	-	1.89	-	6	2	-	-	(X)
King William County (part)	36	27	27	100.0	-	1.89	-	6	2	-	-	(X)
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA												
All areas	1 353	225	206	91.6	19	2.70	2.21	62	5	1.1	0.8	3.0
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	1 311	211	192	91.0	19	2.67	2.21	60	5	1.0	0.8	2.5
Charles City County (part)	1 311	211	192	91.0	19	2.67	2.21	60	5	1.0	0.8	2.5
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	42	14	14	100.0	-	3.07	-	2	-	2.4	-	14.3
New Kent County (part)	42	14	14	100.0	-	3.07	-	2	-	2.4	-	14.3

Table 23. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder							Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race									
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE											
All areas	57	4	-	53	-	-	-	-	1	3	
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	27	1	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	1	
King William County (part)	27	1	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	30	3	-	27	-	-	-	-	1	2	
King William County (part)	30	3	-	27	-	-	-	-	1	2	
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA											
All areas	1 291	434	614	225	1	-	2	15	5	433	
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	1 251	414	608	211	1	-	2	15	5	413	
Charles City County (part)	1 251	414	608	211	1	-	2	15	5	413	
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	40	20	6	14	-	-	-	-	-	20	
New Kent County (part)	40	20	6	14	-	-	-	-	-	20	

Table 24. **Land Area and Population Density: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

American Indian Area County	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND OFF-RESERVATION TRUST LAND — STATE			
All areas	1.84	116	63.0
Mattaponi (state) Reservation, VA	0.11	58	529.8
King William County (part)	0.11	58	529.8
Pamunkey (state) Reservation, VA	1.73	58	33.5
King William County (part)	1.73	58	33.5
STATE DESIGNATED AMERICAN INDIAN STATISTICAL AREA			
All areas	53.69	3 417	63.6
Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	51.70	3 313	64.1
Charles City County (part)	51.70	3 313	64.1
Eastern Chickahominy SDAISA, VA	1.99	104	52.3
New Kent County (part)	1.99	104	52.3

Appendix A.

Geographic Terms and Concepts

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INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA

In decennial census data products, geographic entities usually are presented in an hierarchical arrangement or as an inventory listing.

Hierarchical Presentation

An hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation and is explained for computer-readable media in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the “standard census geographic hierarchy”: census block, within block group, within census tract, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within state, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

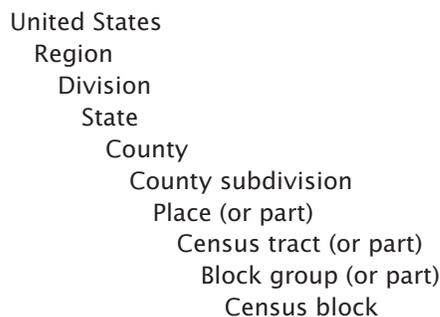


Figure A-1, which is a diagram of the geographic hierarchy, presents this information as a series of “nesting” relationships. For example, a line joining the lower-level entity “place” and the higher-level entity “state” means that a place cannot cross a state boundary; a line linking “census tract” and “county” means that a census tract cannot cross a county line; and so forth.

Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical, code, or geographic sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract, or block group. An example of a series of

inventory presentations is state, followed by all the counties in that state, followed by all the places in that state. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County A

County B

County C

Place X

Place Y

Place Z

American Indian/Alaska Native Area/Hawaiian Home Land (AIANA/HHL) Entities

Exceptions to the standard hierarchical presentation occur in the case of some American Indian/Alaska Native area (AIANA) entities, which do not necessarily “nest” within states and counties. For instance, the following American Indian entities can cross state lines: federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal subdivisions, and tribal designated statistical areas. National summary data for American Indian reservations may be presented as an alphabetical listing of reservation names followed by the state portions of each reservation. Also, a census tract or block group delineated by American Indian tribal authorities may be located in more than one state or county (see CENSUS TRACT, TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP, and TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT) for the purpose of presenting census data in the American Indian/Alaska Native area/Hawaiian home land (AIANA/HHL) hierarchy.

The diagram in Figure A-2 shows geographic relationships among geographic entities in the AIANA/HHL hierarchy. It does not show the geographic levels “county,” “county subdivision,” and “place” because AIANA/HHL entities do not necessarily nest within them.

The definitions below are for geographic entities and concepts that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in its standard data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one data product.

AMERICAN INDIAN AREA, ALASKA NATIVE AREA, HAWAIIAN HOME LAND

There are both legal and statistical American Indian, Alaska Native, and native Hawaiian entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides data for Census 2000. The legal entities consist of federally recognized American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land areas, the tribal subdivisions that can divide these entities, state recognized American Indian reservations, Alaska Native Regional Corporations, and Hawaiian home lands. The statistical entities are Alaska Native village statistical areas, Oklahoma tribal statistical areas, tribal designated statistical areas, and state designated American Indian statistical areas. Tribal subdivisions can exist within the statistical Oklahoma tribal statistical areas.

In all cases, these areas are mutually exclusive in that no American Indian, Alaska Native, or Hawaiian home land can overlap another tribal entity, except for tribal subdivisions, which subdivide some American Indian entities, and Alaska Native village statistical areas, which exist within Alaska Native Regional Corporations. In some cases where more than one tribe claims jurisdiction over an area, the U.S. Census Bureau creates a joint use area as a separate entity to define this area of dual claims. The following provides more detail about each of the various American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands.

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs) are corporate entities established to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). Twelve ANRCs are geographic entities that cover most of the state of Alaska (the Annette Island Reserve—an American Indian reservation—is excluded from any ANRC). (A thirteenth ANRC represents Alaska Natives who do not live in Alaska and do not identify with any of the 12 corporations; the U.S. Census Bureau does not provide data for this ANRC because it has no geographic extent.) The boundaries of ANRCs have been legally established.

The U.S. Census Bureau offers representatives of the 12 nonprofit ANRCs the opportunity to review and update the ANRC boundaries. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANRCs for the 1990 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, which is assigned in alphabetical order by ANRC name.

Alaska Native Village Statistical Area (ANVSA)

Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs) are statistical entities that represent the densely settled portion of Alaska Native villages (ANVs), which constitute associations, bands, clans, communities, groups, tribes or villages, recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). ANVSAs are reviewed and delineated by officials of the ANV (or officials of the Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC) in which the ANV is located if no ANV official chooses to participate in the delineation process) solely for data presentation purposes.

An ANVSA may not overlap the boundary of another ANVSA, an American Indian reservation, or a tribal designated statistical area. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANVSAs for the 1990 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 6000 through 7999. Each ANVSA also is assigned a state-based five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order by ANVSA name.

American Indian Reservation

Federal American Indian reservations are areas that have been set aside by the United States for the use of tribes, the exterior boundaries of which are more particularly defined in the final tribal treaties, agreements, executive orders, federal statutes, secretarial orders, or judicial determinations. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes federal reservations as territory over which American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority. These entities are known as colonies, communities, pueblos, rancherias, ranches, reservations, reserves, villages, Indian communities, and Indian villages. The Bureau of Indian Affairs maintains a list of federally recognized tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau contacts representatives of American Indian tribal governments to identify the boundaries for federal reservations.

Some state governments have established reservations for tribes recognized by the state. A governor-appointed state liaison provides the names and boundaries for state recognized American Indian reservations to the U.S. Census Bureau. The names of these reservations are followed by "(State)" in census data presentations.

Federal reservations may cross state boundaries, and federal and state reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross state boundaries, only the portions of the reservations in a given state are shown in the data products for that state. Lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two tribes, whether federally or state recognized, are called "joint use areas," and are treated as if they are separate American Indian reservations for data presentation purposes. The entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian reservations in the 1970 census.

Each federal American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4999. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservation names nationwide, except that joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each state American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9000 through 9499. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code; because FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for reservations that include territory in more than one state.

American Indian Off-Reservation Trust Land

Trust lands are areas for which the United States holds title in trust for the benefit of a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual Indian (individual trust land). Trust lands can be alienated or encumbered only by the owner with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior or his/her authorized representative. Trust lands may be located on or off of a reservation. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes and tabulates data for reservations and off-reservation trust lands because American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority over these lands. Primary tribal governmental authority generally is not attached to tribal lands located off the reservation until the lands are placed in trust.

In the U.S. Census Bureau's data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands always are associated with a specific federally recognized reservation and/or tribal government. Such trust lands may be located in more than one state. Only the portions of off-reservation trust lands in a given state are shown in the data products for that state; all off-reservation trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided trust land data for off-reservation tribal trust lands in the 1980 census; in 1990, the trust land data included both tribal and individual trust lands. The U.S. Census Bureau does not identify restricted fee land or land in fee simple status as a specific geographic category.

In decennial census data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. As with reservations, FIPS codes for off-reservation trust lands are unique within state, so they will differ if they extend into more than one state. The FIPS codes for such off-reservation trust lands are the same as those for the associated reservation. In the TIGER/Line® products, a letter code—"T" for tribal and "I" for individual—identifies off-reservation trust lands. In decennial census data tabulations, a trust land flag uniquely identifies off-reservation trust lands. Printed reports show separate tabulations for all off-reservation trust land areas, but do not provide separate tabulations for the tribal versus individual trust lands. Trust lands associated with tribes that do not have a reservation are presented and coded by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservation names.

American Indian Tribal Subdivision

American Indian tribal subdivisions are administrative subdivisions of federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs), known as areas, chapters, communities, or districts. These entities are internal units of self-government or administration that serve social, cultural, and/or economic purposes for the American Indians on the reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or OTSAs.

The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundary and name information for tribal subdivisions from tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian tribal subdivisions in the 1980 census when it identified them as "American Indian subreservation areas." It did not provide data for these entities in conjunction with the 1990 census.

Each American Indian tribal subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code that is alphabetically in order and unique within each reservation, associated off-reservation trust land, and OTSA. Each tribal subdivision also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. FIPS codes are assigned alphabetically within state; the FIPS codes are different in each state for tribal subdivisions that extend into more than one state.

Hawaiian Home Land (HHL)

Hawaiian home lands (HHLs) are areas held in trust for native Hawaiians by the state of Hawaii, pursuant to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended. The U.S. Census Bureau obtained the names and boundaries of HHLs from state officials. HHLs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each HHL area is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5000 through 5499 based on the alphabetical sequence of each HHL name. Each HHL also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within the state of Hawaii.

Oklahoma Tribal Statistical Area (OTSA)

Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau in consultation with federally recognized American Indian tribes in Oklahoma that do not currently have a reservation, but once had a reservation in that state. Boundaries of OTSAs will be those of the former reservations in Oklahoma, except where modified by agreements with neighboring tribes for data presentation purposes. OTSAs replace the “tribal jurisdiction statistical areas” of the 1990 census. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for the former Oklahoma reservations in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it defined a single all-encompassing geographic entity called the “Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas).”

Each OTSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5500 through 5999 based on the alphabetical sequence of each OTSA's name, except that the joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each OTSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order in Oklahoma.

State Designated American Indian Statistical Area (SDAISA)

State designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) are statistical entities for state recognized American Indian tribes that do not have a state recognized land base (reservation). SDAISAs are identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by a state liaison identified by the governor's office in each state. SDAISAs generally encompass a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a state recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A SDAISA may not be located in more than one state unless the tribe is recognized by both states, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, tribal designated statistical area (TDSA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau established SDAISAs as a new geographic statistical entity for Census 2000, to differentiate between state recognized tribes without a land base and federally recognized tribes without a land base. For the 1990 census, all such tribal entities had been identified as TDSAs.

Each SDAISA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9500 through 9999 in alphabetical sequence of SDAISA names nationwide. Each SDAISA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state.

Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by federally recognized American Indian tribes that do not currently have a federally recognized land base (reservation or off-reservation trust land). A TDSA generally encompasses a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a federally recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A TDSA may be located in more than one state, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, state designated American Indian statistical area (SDAISA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for TDSAs in conjunction with the 1990 census, when both federally and state recognized tribes could identify and delineate TDSAs. TDSAs now apply only to federally recognized tribes. State recognized tribes without a land base, including those that were TDSAs in 1990, are identified as SDAISAs, a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 8000 through 8999 in alphabetical sequence of TDSA names nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state; because FIPS codes are assigned within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for TDSAs that extend into more than one state.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement data provide the size, in square units (metric and nonmetric) of geographic entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and disseminates data. Area is calculated from the specific boundary recorded for each entity in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database (see TIGER® database). These area measurements are recorded as whole square meters. (To convert square meters to square kilometers, divide by 1,000,000; to convert square kilometers to square miles, divide by 2.589988; to convert square meters to square miles, divide by 2,589,988.)

The U.S. Census Bureau provides area measurement data for both land area and total water area. The water area figures include inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and total water; water area for each of the four water classifications was available in the Geographic Identification Code Scheme (GICS) product only.) "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that database as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are classified as "coastal" and "territorial" waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, territorial, and Great Lakes waters is for data presentation purposes only and does not necessarily reflect their legal definitions.

Land and water area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on U.S. Census Bureau maps and in the TIGER® database because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division. Crews-of-vessels entities (see CENSUS TRACT and CENSUS BLOCK) do not encompass territory and, therefore, have no area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement data is limited by the accuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary information in the TIGER® database, (2) the location and shapes of the shorelines of water bodies in that database, and (3) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

BLOCK GROUP (BG)

A block group (BG) is a cluster of census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers within a census tract. For example, block group 3 (BG 3) within a census tract includes all blocks numbered from 3000 to 3999. BGs generally contain between 600 and 3,000 people, with an optimum size of 1,500 people. BGs on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 300 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, worker's dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.)

Most BGs were delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau's Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated BGs only where a local, state, or tribal government declined to participate or where the U.S. Census Bureau could not identify a potential local or tribal participant.

BGs never cross the boundaries of states, counties, or statistically equivalent entities, except for a BG delineated by American Indian tribal authorities, and then only when tabulated within the American Indian hierarchy (see TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP). BGs never cross the boundaries of census tracts, but may cross the boundary of any other geographic entity required as a census block boundary (see CENSUS BLOCK).

In decennial census data tabulations, a BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county subdivision, place, voting district, or other tabulation entity shown in the data products. For example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there are separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BGs are used in tabulating data nationwide, as was done for the 1990 census, for all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and for selected areas in the 1970 census. For data presentation purposes, BGs are a substitute for the enumeration districts (EDs) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses and in all areas before 1970. Also, BGs are the lowest level of the geographic hierarchy for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and presents sample data.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

Many of the legal and statistical entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates decennial census data have had boundary changes between the 1990 census and Census 2000; that is, between January 2, 1990, and January 1, 2000. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties or executive orders, and governmental action placing additional lands in trust.
6. Decisions by federal, state, and local courts.
7. Redistricting for congressional districts or county subdivisions that represent single-member districts for election to a county governing board.

Statistical entity boundaries generally are reviewed by local, state, or tribal governments and can have changes to adjust boundaries to visible features to better define the geographic area each encompasses or to account for shifts and changes in the population distribution within an area.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian areas are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in each entity as delineated at the time of each decennial census. Boundary changes are not reported for some entities, such as census designated places and block groups.

Changes to the boundaries for census tracts and, for the first time, for census blocks are available in relationship files, which are only available in computer-readable form. The census tract relationship files feature the relationship of census tracts/block numbering areas at the time of the 1990 census to census tracts for Census 2000, and vice versa, including partial relationships. For the first time, the census tract relationship files show a measure of the magnitude of change using the proportion of the length of roads and sides of roads contained in partial census tracts. This information can be used to proportion the data for the areas where census tracts have changed.

The census block relationship files, which are available only in computer-readable form, present relationships of the 1990 census and Census 2000 blocks on the basis of whole blocks or part blocks ("P"). The following relationships can be derived:

	1990 census block	2000 census block
One to one	601	1017
One to many	101 P	3028
	101 P	2834
Many to one	410	2554 P
	503	2554 P
Many to many	404	1007 P
	501 P	1007 P
	502 P	1008 P

Block relationship files are available to compare the following sets of census blocks:

- 1990 tabulation block to 2000 collection block,
- 2000 collection block to 2000 tabulation block, and
- 1990 tabulation block to 2000 tabulation block.

Census tract relationship files and block relationship files are not geographic equivalency files. For a true areal comparison between the census tracts/block numbering areas and blocks used for the 1990 census and the census tracts and blocks used for Census 2000 (as well as other geographic areas), it is necessary to use the 2000 TIGER/Line® files. The 2000 TIGER/Line files will contain 1990 and 2000 boundaries for counties and statistically equivalent entities, county subdivisions, places, American Indian areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, census tracts, census blocks, and, by derivation from the census blocks, block groups.

CENSUS BLOCK

Census blocks are areas bounded on all sides by visible features, such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries, such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads. Generally, census blocks are small in area; for example, a block bounded by city streets. However, census blocks in sparsely settled areas may contain many square miles of territory.

All territory in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas has been assigned block numbers, as was the case for the 1990 census. To improve operational efficiency and geographic identifications, the U.S. Census Bureau has introduced different numbering systems for tabulation blocks used in decennial census data products, and for collection blocks, used in administering the census. (In 1990, there generally was a single numbering system.) Collection block numbers are available only in the TIGER/Line® data products; the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for collection blocks.

Many tabulation blocks, used in decennial census data products, represent the same geographic area as the collection blocks used in the Census 2000 enumeration process. Where the collection blocks include territory in two or more geographic entities, each unique piece required for data tabulation is identified as a separate tabulation block with a separate block number. It is possible for two or more collection blocks to be combined into a single tabulation block. This situation can occur when a visible feature established as a collection block boundary is deleted during the field update operation. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of any entity for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates data, including American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, census tracts, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, state legislative districts, urban and rural areas, school districts, voting districts, and ZIP Code® tabulation areas. Tabulation blocks also generally do not cross the boundaries of certain landmarks, including military installations, national parks, and national monuments.

Tabulation blocks are identified uniquely within census tract by means of a four-digit number. (The 1990 census block numbers had three digits, with a potential alphabetic suffix.) The Census 2000 collection blocks are numbered uniquely within county (or statistically equivalent entity), and consist of four or five digits. For its Census 2000 data tabulations, the U.S. Census Bureau created a unique set of census block numbers immediately before beginning the tabulation process. These

are the census block numbers seen in the data presentations. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau created a separate block with a suffix of “Z” to identify crews-of-vessels population. For Census 2000, crews-of-vessels population is assigned to the land block identified by the U.S. Census Bureau as associated with the home port of the vessel.

Participants in certain U.S. Census Bureau-sponsored programs were able to request that line features in the TIGER® database be held as tabulation block boundaries, provided that these conformed to U.S. Census Bureau criteria. This option was available to participants in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (the Block Boundary Suggestion Project), American Indian and Alaska Native Area Tribal Review (Block Definition Project), and the District of Columbia and the Puerto Rico Block Boundary Definition Project.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced a different method for identifying the water areas of census blocks. For the 1990 census, water was not uniquely identified within a census block; instead, all water area internal to a block group was given a single block number ending in “99” (for example, in block group 1, all water was identified as block 199). A suffix was added to each water block number where the block existed in more than one tabulation entity within its block group. For Census 2000, water area located completely within the boundary of a single land tabulation block has the same block number as that land block. Water area that touches more than one land block is assigned a unique block number not associated with any adjacent land block. The water block numbers begin with the block group number followed by “999” and proceed in descending order (for example, in block group 3, the numbers assigned to water areas that border multiple land blocks are 3999, 3998, etc.). In some block groups, the numbering of land blocks might use enough of the available numbers to reach beyond the 900 range within the block group. For this reason, and because some land blocks include water (ponds and small lakes), no conclusions about whether a block is all land or all water can be made by looking at the block number. The land/water flag, set at the polygon level in the TIGER® database and shown in TIGER/Line® and statistical data tabulation files, is the only way to know if a block is all water when viewing the computer files. On maps, water areas are shown with a screen symbol.

CENSUS DIVISION

Census divisions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine census divisions, which the U.S. Census Bureau established in 1910 for the presentation of census data. Each census division is identified by a one-digit census code; the same number appears as the first digit in the two-digit census state code (see STATE).

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

CENSUS REGION

Census regions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that subdivide the United States for the presentation of census data. There are four census regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Before 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940s, there were three census regions—North, South, and West. Each census region is identified by a single-digit census code.

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

CENSUS TRACT

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county or statistically equivalent entity delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau’s Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated census tracts where no local participant existed or where a local or tribal government declined to participate. The primary purpose of

census tracts is to provide a stable set of geographic units for the presentation of decennial census data. This is the first decennial census for which the entire United States is covered by census tracts. For the 1990 census, some counties had census tracts and others had block numbering areas (BNAs). For Census 2000, all BNAs were replaced by census tracts, which may or may not represent the same areas.

Census tracts in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States generally have between 1,500 and 8,000 people, with an optimum size of 4,000 people. For American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam, the optimum size is 2,500 people. Counties and statistically equivalent entities with fewer than 1,500 people have a single census tract. Census tracts on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, workers' dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.) When first delineated, census tracts are designed to be relatively homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over many decades so that statistical comparisons can be made from decennial census to decennial census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new developments, and so forth, may require occasional boundary revisions. In addition, census tracts occasionally are split due to population growth or combined as a result of substantial population decline.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit numeric suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in the printed reports and on census maps. In computer-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is either left blank or is zero-filled. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only in computer-readable files. Census tract suffixes may range from .01 to .98. For the 1990 census, the .99 suffix was reserved for census tracts/block numbering areas (BNAs) that contained only crews-of-vessels population; for Census 2000, the crews-of-vessels population is included with the related census tract.

Census tract numbers range from 1 to 9999 and are unique within a county or statistically equivalent entity. The U.S. Census Bureau reserves the basic census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for census tracts delineated within or to encompass American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that exist in multiple states or counties (see TRIBAL CENSUS TRACTS). The number 0000 in computer-readable files identifies a census tract delineated to provide complete coverage of water area in territorial seas and the Great Lakes.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CDs) are the 435 areas from which people are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the states, based on census population counts, each state is responsible for establishing CDs for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CDs in the state as practicable.

The CDs in effect at the time of Census 2000 are those of the 106th Congress, whose session began in January 1999. The CDs of the 103rd Congress (January 1993 to 1995) were the first to reflect redistricting based on the 1990 census. These CD boundaries and numbers remained in effect until after Census 2000, except where a state initiative or a court-ordered redistricting had required a change. Six states redistricted for the 104th Congress (Georgia, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, South Carolina, and Virginia), five states redistricted for the 105th Congress (Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, and Texas), and three states (New York, North Carolina, and Virginia) redistricted for the 106th Congress. The 108th Congress will be the first to reflect reapportionment and redistricting based on Census 2000 data.

CDs are identified with a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. The code "00" is used for states with a single representative.

American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and the District of Columbia are represented in the House of Representatives by a delegate, and Puerto Rico by a resident commissioner, all of whom may not vote on the floor of the House of Representatives, but may vote on legislation as it is considered by committees to which they have been named. In computer-readable data products that display a congressional district field, the two-digit FIPS code “98” is used to identify such representational areas. The Northern Mariana Islands does not have representation in Congress. The FIPS code “99” identifies areas with no representation in Congress.

COUNTY (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

The primary legal divisions of most states are termed “counties.” In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In Alaska, which has no counties, the statistically equivalent entities are census areas, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), a municipality (Anchorage), and organized boroughs. Census areas are delineated cooperatively for data presentation purposes by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their states; these incorporated places are known as “independent cities” and are treated as equivalent to counties for data presentation purposes. (In some data presentations, they may be treated as county subdivisions and places.) The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes. In American Samoa, the primary divisions are districts and islands; in the Northern Mariana Islands, municipalities; in the Virgin Islands of the United States, the principal islands of St. Croix, St. John, and St. Thomas. Guam has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes.

Each county and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards code that is unique within state. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within state, except for the independent cities, which are assigned codes higher than and following the listing of counties.

COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary divisions of counties and statistically equivalent entities for data presentation purposes. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions (MCDs), unorganized territories, and incorporated places that are independent of any MCD.

Each county subdivision is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within each state.

Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCDs) are county subdivisions that were delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local government officials for data presentation purposes. CCDs have been established in 21 states where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCDs), where the MCDs do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCDs are ambiguous or change frequently, and/or where the MCDs generally are not known to the public. CCDs have no legal functions and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCDs usually are delineated to follow visible features and coincide with census tracts where applicable. (In a few instances, two CCDs may constitute a single census tract.) The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCDs have been established in the following 21 states: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Census Subarea

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs, census areas, city and boroughs, and the municipality (entities that are statistically equivalent to counties) in Alaska. Census subareas are delineated cooperatively by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. They were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1980 census.

Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCDs) are the primary governmental or administrative divisions of a county in many states (parish in Louisiana). MCDs represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCDs are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, charter townships, election districts, election precincts, gores, grants, locations, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, road districts, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some states, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD (independent places) and thus serve as MCDs in their own right. In other states, incorporated places are part of the MCDs in which they are located (dependent places), or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCDs and others are included within one or more MCDs. Independent cities, which are statistically equivalent to a county, also are treated as a separate MCD equivalent in states containing MCDs. In Maine and New York, there are American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that serve as MCD equivalents; a separate MCD is created in each case where the American Indian area crosses a county boundary.

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes MCDs in the following 28 states: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the city of Washington is considered equivalent to an MCD for data presentation purposes. Arlington County, VA, also has no MCDs and the entire county is designated as an MCD with the name Arlington.

In the Island Areas, the U.S. Census Bureau recognizes the following entities as MCDs:

- American Samoa: Counties (within the three districts; the two islands have no legal subdivisions).
- Northern Mariana Islands: Municipal districts.
- Guam: Election districts.
- Virgin Islands of the United States: Census subdistricts.

The MCDs in 12 states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments that generally can perform the same governmental functions as incorporated places. The U.S. Census Bureau presents data for these MCDs in all data products in which it provides data for places.

In eight MCD states (Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) the MCD townships serve as general-purpose local governments but do not have the ability to perform all the governmental functions as incorporated places. This category also includes the counties in American Samoa. Missouri is exceptional in that it has a minority of townships that serve as general-purpose governments (the majority of townships in Missouri fall into the category described below).

In the remaining eight MCD states (Arkansas, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia); the counties containing precincts in Illinois and Nebraska; the townships in Williamson County, Illinois; and the majority of townships in Missouri, the MCDs are geographic subdivisions of the counties and are not governmental units. The MCDs in Puerto Rico and the Island Areas (except American Samoa) also fall into this classification.

Unorganized Territory

Unorganized territories occur in 10 minor civil division (MCD) states (Arkansas, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) where portions of counties are not included in any legally established MCD or independent incorporated place. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes such areas as one or more separate county subdivisions

for purposes of data presentation. It assigns each unorganized territory a descriptive name, followed by the designation “unorganized territory” or “UT.” Unorganized territories were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1960 census.

GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily in computer-readable data products, such as computer tape and CD-ROM/DVD media, including data tabulations and data tables associated with computer-readable boundary files, but they also are shown on some U.S. Census Bureau maps. Census codes are used only if there is no Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity or if the FIPS code is not adequate for data presentation. A code that is not identified as either “census” or “FIPS” is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent. Entities that use only FIPS codes in U.S. Census Bureau products are congressional district, county and statistically equivalent entity, county subdivision, subbarrio, Alaska Native Regional Corporation, metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, primary metropolitan statistical area, and New England county metropolitan area), place, and state. (A census code exists for each state, but was not assigned in alphabetical sequence and serves to organize the states by census region and census division.)

Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native village statistical area, Hawaiian home land, census division, census region, urbanized area, urban cluster, state legislative district, school district, urban growth area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and state. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

The objective of FIPS codes is to improve the ability to use the data resources of the federal government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. The FIPS codes and FIPS code documentation are available online at <http://www.itl.nist.gov/fipspubs/index.htm>. Further information about the FIPS 5-2, 6-4, and 9-1 publications (states, counties, and congressional districts, respectively) is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400, telephone 301-457-1099. Further information about the FIPS 55-DC3 publication (places, consolidated cities, county subdivisions, and noncensus locational entities) is available from the Geographic Names Office, National Mapping Division, U.S. Geological Survey, 523 National Center, Reston, VA 20192, telephone 703-648-4544.

United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for states are used in all decennial census data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity causes this point to be located outside the boundary of the entity or in a water body, it is relocated to land area within the entity. In computer-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

The first character of the latitude or longitude is a plus (+) or a minus (–) sign. A plus sign in the latitude identifies the point as being in the Northern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Southern Hemisphere. For longitude, a plus sign identifies the point as being in the Eastern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Western Hemisphere.

ISLAND AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Island Areas of the United States are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), and the Virgin Islands of the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Island Areas as entities that are statistically equivalent to states for data presentation purposes. Geographic definitions specific to the Island Areas are shown in the appropriate publications and documentation that accompany the data products for the Island Areas.

Sometimes the Island Areas are referred to as “Island Territories” or “Insular Areas.” For the 1990 and previous censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau referred to the entities as “Outlying Areas.” The term “U.S. Minor Outlying Islands” refers to certain small islands under U.S. jurisdiction in the Caribbean and Pacific: Baker Island, Howland Island, Jarvis Island, Johnston Atoll, Kingman Reef, Midway Islands, Navassa Island, Palmyra Atoll, and Wake Island.

METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MAs are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MAs and the central cities within an MA are designated and defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official standards that are published in a Federal Register Notice. These standards were developed by the interagency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MAs nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a U.S. Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA contains one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MAs consist of groupings of cities and county subdivisions (mostly towns) rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MAs are referred to as “metropolitan.” The metropolitan category is subdivided into “inside central city” and “outside central city.” The territory, population, and housing units located outside territory designated “metropolitan” are referred to as “nonmetropolitan.” The metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, generally there are both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify each MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas. In New England, there also is an alternative county-based definition of MSAs known as the New England County Metropolitan Areas. (See definitions below.) Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Population Distribution Branch, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8800.

Central City

In each metropolitan statistical area and consolidated metropolitan statistical area, the largest place and, in some cases, one or more additional places are designated as “central cities” under the official standards. A few primary metropolitan statistical areas do not have central cities. The

largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities, are included in the title of the metropolitan area (MA); there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that place that extends outside the MA boundary.

Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as a metropolitan area (MA) has 1 million people or more, two or more primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs) may be defined within it. Each PMSA consists of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties (cities and towns in New England) that demonstrate very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSAs are established, the larger MA of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA). CMSAs and PMSAs are established only where local governments favor such designations for a large MA.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) are metropolitan areas (MAs) that are not closely associated with other MAs. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties (county subdivisions in New England).

Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional central city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a place with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a primary metropolitan statistical area (PMSA) may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population size, from largest to smallest. A consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if local opinion supports such a designation and the federal Office of Management and Budget deems it to be unambiguous and suitable.

The titles for all metropolitan areas (MAs) also contain the U.S. Postal Service's abbreviation for the name of each state in which the MA is located. Each MA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit FIPS codes for CMSAs, also assigned alphabetically.

New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA)

New England county metropolitan areas (NECMAs) are defined as a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based New England metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) and consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs). The NECMA defined for an MSA or a CMSA includes:

- The county containing the first-named city in that MSA/CMSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSAs/CMSAs as well), and
- Each additional county having at least half its population in the MSAs/CMSAs whose first-named cities are in the previously identified county. NECMAs are not identified for individual primary metropolitan statistical areas.

Central cities of a NECMA are those places in the NECMA that qualify as central cities of an MSA or a CMSA. NECMA titles derive from the names of these central cities. Each NECMA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code.

PLACE

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places, consolidated cities, and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, based on the alphabetical order of the place name within each state. If place names are duplicated within a state and they represent distinctly different areas, a separate code is assigned to each place name alphabetically by primary county in which each place is located, or if both places are in the same county, alphabetically by their legal description (for example, “city” before “village”).

Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDPs) are delineated for each decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDPs are delineated to provide census data for concentrations of population, housing, and commercial structures that are identifiable by name but are not within an incorporated place. CDP boundaries usually are defined in cooperation with state, local, and tribal officials. These boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place or other legal entity boundary, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change from one decennial census to the next with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in an earlier census does not necessarily have the same boundary.

For Census 2000, for the first time, CDPs did not need to meet a minimum population threshold to qualify for tabulation of census data. For the 1990 census and earlier censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau required CDPs to qualify on the basis of various minimum population size criteria.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local governments (and American Indian tribal officials starting with the 1990 census), identified and delineated boundaries and names for CDPs. In the data products issued in conjunction with Census 2000, the name of each such place is followed by “CDP,” as was the case for the 1990 and 1980 censuses. In the data products issued in conjunction with the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, these places were identified by “(U),” meaning “unincorporated place.”

Hawaii is the only state that has no incorporated places recognized by the U.S. Census Bureau. All places shown in the data products for Hawaii are CDPs. By agreement with the state of Hawaii, the U.S. Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

All places in the Northern Mariana Islands and Guam are CDPs. The Virgin Islands of the United States has both CDPs and incorporated places. There are no CDPs in American Samoa; the U.S. Census Bureau treats the traditional villages as statistically equivalent to incorporated places.

Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a consolidated city.

The presentation of data for consolidated cities varies depending on the geographic presentation. In some hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the places within the consolidated city and the “consolidated city (balance).” Although hierarchical presentations do not show the consolidated city, the data for it are the same as the county or county subdivision with which it is coextensive. Other hierarchical presentations do show the consolidated city, county or county subdivision, and (balance) as separate entities.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears alphabetically sequenced within the listing of places; in 1990, consolidated places appeared at the end of the listing. The data for the consolidated city include the data for all places that are part of and within the consolidated city. The “consolidated city (balance)” entry shows the data for the portion of the consolidated government minus the separately incorporated places within the consolidated city, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places that comprise the consolidated city. For data presentation purposes these “balance” entities are treated as statistically equivalent to a place; they have no legal basis or functions.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places within consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the “consolidated city (balance).” A few incorporated places are partially inside and partially outside a consolidated city. Data tabulations by place will include all territory within the place, while the tabulation for the place within a consolidated city is only for part of the place.

Each consolidated city is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is unique within state. The places within consolidated cities and the “consolidated city (balance)” also are assigned five-digit FIPS place codes that are unique within state. The code assigned to each place within a consolidated city is the same as its regular place code; a place that is partially included in a consolidated city does not have a different code for the portions inside and outside the consolidated city. FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical sequence within each state.

Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in decennial census data products are those reported to the U.S. Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 2000, under the laws of their respective states, as cities, boroughs, city and boroughs, municipalities, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for decennial census purposes; the boroughs, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), and municipality (Anchorage) in Alaska are county equivalents for decennial census statistical presentation purposes. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places known as “independent cities” that are primary divisions of a state and legally not part of any county. For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau may treat an independent city as a county equivalent, county subdivision, and place.

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the villages in American Samoa as incorporated places because they have their own officials, who have specific legal powers as authorized in the American Samoa Code. The village boundaries are traditional rather than being specific, legally defined locations. There are no incorporated places in Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the three towns in the Virgin Islands of the United States as incorporated places.

There are a few incorporated places that do not have a legal description. An incorporated place is established to provide governmental functions for a concentration of people as opposed to a minor civil division, which generally is created to provide services or administer an area without regard, necessarily, to population.

POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population and housing unit density are computed by dividing the total population or number of housing units within a geographic entity (for example, United States, state, county, place) by the land area of that entity measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both “people (or housing units) per square kilometer” and “people (or housing units) per square mile” of land area.

PUBLIC USE MICRODATA AREA (PUMA)

A public use microdata area (PUMA) is a decennial census area for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides specially selected extracts of raw data from a small sample of long-form census records that are screened to protect confidentiality. These extracts are referred to as “public use microdata sample (PUMS)” files. Since 1960, data users have been using these files to create their own statistical tabulations and data summaries.

For Census 2000, state, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Island Area participants, following U.S. Census Bureau criteria, delineated two types of PUMAs within their states. PUMAs of one type comprise areas that contain at least 100,000 people. The PUMS files for these PUMAs contain a 5-percent sample of the long-form records. The other type of PUMAs, super-PUMAs, comprise areas of at least 400,000 people. The sample size is 1 percent for the PUMS files for super-PUMAs.

PUMAs cannot be in more than one state or statistically equivalent entity. The larger 1-percent PUMAs are aggregations of the smaller 5-percent PUMAs. PUMAs of both types, wherever the population size criteria permit, comprise areas that are entirely within or outside metropolitan areas or the central cities of metropolitan areas.

PUERTO RICO

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico as the statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code.

Municipio

The primary legal divisions of Puerto Rico are termed “municipios.” For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau treats a municipio as the equivalent of a county in the United States.

Each municipio is assigned a unique three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Barrio, Barrio-Pueblo, and Subbarrio

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes barrios and barrios-pueblo as the primary legal divisions of municipios. These entities are similar to the minor civil divisions (MCDs) used for reporting decennial census data in 28 states of the United States. Subbarrios in 23 municipios are the primary legal subdivisions of the barrios-pueblo and some barrios. The U.S. Census Bureau presents the same types of Census 2000 data for these “sub-MCDs” as it does for the barrios and barrios-pueblo. (There is no geographic entity in the United States equivalent to the subbarrio.)

Each barrio, barrio-pueblo, and subbarrio is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Zona Urbana and Comunidad

There are no incorporated places in Puerto Rico; instead, the U.S. Census Bureau provides decennial census data for two types of census designated places (CDPs): (1) zonas urbanas, representing the governmental center of each municipio, and (2) comunidades, representing other settlements. For Census 2000, there are no minimum population size requirements for CDPs. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau had required comunidades to have at least 1,000 people.)

Each zona urbana and comunidad is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Some types of geographic entities do not apply in Puerto Rico. For instance, Puerto Rico is not in any census region or census division. In addition, the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for state legislative districts and traffic analysis zones in Puerto Rico. (See also CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD).)

SCHOOL DISTRICT

School districts are geographic entities within which state, county, or local officials or the Department of Defense provide public educational services for the areas residents. The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundaries and names for school districts from state officials. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for school districts in conjunction with the 1970 census. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau tabulated data for three types of school districts: elementary, secondary, and unified.

Each school district is assigned a five-digit code that is unique within state. School district codes are assigned by the Department of Education and are not necessarily in alphabetical order by school district name.

STATE (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau also treats a number of entities that are not legal divisions of the United States as statistically equivalent to a state: American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned a two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code and a two-digit census code. The census code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each state within each census division; the first digit of the code identifies the respective division, except for Puerto Rico and the Island Areas, which are not assigned to any region or division. The census regions, census divisions, and their component states are listed in Figure A-3.

STATE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT (SLD)

State legislative districts (SLDs) are the areas from which members are elected to state legislatures. The SLDs embody the upper (senate) and lower (house) chambers of the state legislature. (Nebraska has a unicameral legislature that the U.S. Census Bureau treats as an upper-chamber legislative area for data presentation purposes. There are, therefore, no data by lower chamber.) A unique census code of up to three characters, identified by state participants, is assigned to each SLD within state. The code “ZZZ” identifies parts of a county in which no SLDs were identified.

As an option in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (Public Law 94-171), participating states receive P.L. 94-171 census data for their SLDs (see VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)). Not all states delineated SLDs for the purpose of presenting Census 2000 data, in which case the entire state is treated as a single SLD coded with blanks at both levels.

TIGER® DATABASE

TIGER® is an acronym for the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (System or database). It is a digital (computer-readable) geographic database that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the U.S. Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The U.S. Census Bureau developed the TIGER® System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map presentations, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and dissemination of the collected statistical data, assigning residential and employer addresses to the correct geographic location and relating those locations to the geographic entities used for data tabulation, and so forth. The content of the TIGER database is undergoing continuous updates and is made available to the public through a variety of TIGER/Line® files that may be obtained free of charge from the Internet or packaged on CD-ROM or DVD from Customer Services, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-1900; telephone 301-763-INFO (4636); Internet <http://www.census.gov/geo/www/tiger>.

TRAFFIC ANALYSIS ZONE (TAZ)

A traffic analysis zone (TAZ) is a statistical entity delineated by state and/or local transportation officials for tabulating traffic-related census data—especially journey-to-work and place-of-work statistics. A TAZ usually consists of one or more census blocks, block groups, or census tracts. For the 1990 census, TAZs were defined as part of the Census Transportation Planning Package (CTPP). The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for TAZs in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it identified them as “traffic zones.”

Each TAZ is identified by a six-character alphanumeric code that is unique within county or statistically equivalent entity. For the 1990 census, TAZ codes were unique within CTPP area, which generally conformed to a metropolitan area.

TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP

A tribal block group (BG) is a cluster of census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers and are within a single tribal census tract. For example, tribal BG 3 consists of all blocks within tribal tract 9406 numbered from 3000 to 3999. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land crosses county and/or state lines, the same tribal BG may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary within a tribal census tract that is numbered from 9400 to 9499. The optimum size for a tribal BG is 1,000 people; it must contain a minimum of 300 people. (See also BLOCK GROUP (BG).)

The difference between a tribal BG and a nontribal BG is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal BG is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal BG is within a tribal census tract that is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT

Tribal census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. The optimum size for a tribal census tract is 2,500 people; it must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation or off-reservation trust land crosses county or state lines, the same tribal census tract number may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary. The U.S. Census Bureau uses the census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for tribal census tracts that cross state/county boundaries and are within or encompassing American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land. (See also CENSUS TRACT.)

The difference between a tribal census tract and a nontribal census tract is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal census tract is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal census tract is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

UNITED STATES

The United States consists of the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

URBAN AND RURAL

The U.S. Census Bureau classifies as urban all territory, population, and housing units located within urbanized areas (UAs) and urban clusters (UCs). It delineates UA and UC boundaries to encompass densely settled territory, which generally consists of:

- A cluster of one or more block groups or census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile at the time.
- Surrounding block groups and census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 500 people per square mile at the time.
- Less densely settled blocks that form enclaves or indentations, or are used to connect discontinuous areas with qualifying densities.

Rural consists of all territory, population, and housing units located outside of UAs and UCs.

Geographic entities, such as metropolitan areas, counties, minor civil divisions, and places, often contain both urban and rural territory, population, and housing units.

This urban and rural classification applies to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Urbanized Area (UA)

An urbanized area (UA) consists of densely settled territory that contains 50,000 or more people. The U.S. Census Bureau delineates UAs to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places.

For Census 2000, the UA criteria were extensively revised and the delineations were performed using a zero-based approach. Because of more stringent density requirements, some territory that was classified as urbanized for the 1990 census has been reclassified as rural. (Area that was part of a 1990 UA has not been automatically grandfathered into the 2000 UA.) In addition, some areas that were identified as UAs for the 1990 census have been reclassified as urban clusters.

Urban Cluster (UC)

An urban cluster (UC) consists of densely settled territory that has at least 2,500 people but fewer than 50,000 people.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced the UC for Census 2000 to provide a more consistent and accurate measure of the population concentration in and around places. UCs are defined using the same criteria that are used to define UAs. UCs replace the provision in the 1990 and previous censuses that defined as urban only those places with 2,500 or more people located outside of urbanized areas.

Urban Area Title and Code

The title of each urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) may contain up to three incorporated place names, and will include the two-letter U.S. Postal Service abbreviation for each state into which the UA or UC extends. However, if the UA or UC does not contain an incorporated place, the urban area title will include the single name of a census designated place, minor civil division, or populated place recognized by the U.S. Geological Survey's Geographic Names Information System.

Each UA and UC is assigned a five-digit numeric code, based on a national alphabetical sequence of all urban area names. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau assigned a four-digit UA code based on the metropolitan area codes. A separate flag is included in data tabulation files to differentiate between UAs and UCs. In printed reports, this differentiation is included in the name.

Urban Area Central Place

A central place functions as the dominant center of an urban area. The U.S. Census Bureau identifies one or more central places for each urbanized area (UA) or urban cluster (UC) that contains a place. Any incorporated place or census designated place (CDP) that is in the title of the urban area is a central place of that UA or UC. In addition, any other incorporated place or CDP that has an urban population of 50,000 or an urban population of at least 2,500 people and is at least 2/3 the size of the largest place within the urban area also is a central place.

Extended Place

As a result of the urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) delineations, an incorporated place or census designated place may be partially within and partially outside of a UA or UC. Any place that is split by a UA or UC is referred to as an extended place.

Documentation of the UA, UC, and extended place criteria is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400; telephone 301-457-1099.

URBAN GROWTH AREA (UGA)

An urban growth area (UGA) is a legally defined geographic entity in Oregon that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in the TIGER® database in agreement with the state. UGAs, which are defined around incorporated places, are used to control urban growth. UGA boundaries, which need not follow visible features, are delineated cooperatively by state and local officials and then confirmed in state law. UGAs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each UGA is identified by a five-digit census code, which generally is the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the incorporated place for which the UGA is named. The codes are assigned alphabetically within Oregon.

VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)

Voting district (VTD) is the generic name for geographic entities, such as precincts, wards, and election districts, established by state, local, and tribal governments for the purpose of conducting elections. States participating in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program as part of Public Law 94-171 (1975) may provide boundaries, codes, and names for their VTDs to the U.S. Census Bureau. The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for VTDs following the 1980 census. Because the U.S. Census Bureau requires that VTDs follow boundaries of census blocks, participating states often adjusted the boundaries of the VTDs they submit to conform to census block boundaries for data presentation purposes. If requested by the participating state, the U.S. Census Bureau identifies the VTDs that have not been adjusted as an “A” for actual in the VTD indicator field of the PL data file. The VTD indicator for all other VTDs is shown as “P” for pseudo.

For Census 2000, each VTD is identified by a one- to six-character alphanumeric census code that is unique within county. The code “ZZZZZ” identifies parts of a county in which no VTDs were identified. For a state or county that did not participate in the VTD project, the code fields are blank.

ZIP CODE® TABULATION AREA (ZCTA™)

A ZIP Code® tabulation area (ZCTA™) is a statistical geographic entity that approximates the delivery area for a U.S. Postal Service five-digit or three-digit ZIP Code. ZCTAs are aggregations of census blocks that have the same predominant ZIP Code associated with the residential mailing addresses in the U.S. Census Bureau’s Master Address File. Three-digit ZCTA codes are applied to large contiguous areas for which the U.S. Census Bureau does not have five-digit ZIP Code information in its Master Address File. ZCTAs do not precisely depict ZIP Code delivery areas, and do not include all ZIP Codes used for mail delivery. The U.S. Census Bureau has established ZCTAs as a new geographic entity similar to, but replacing, data tabulations for ZIP Codes undertaken in conjunction with the 1990 and earlier censuses.

Figure A-1. **Standard Hierarchy of Census Geographic Entities**

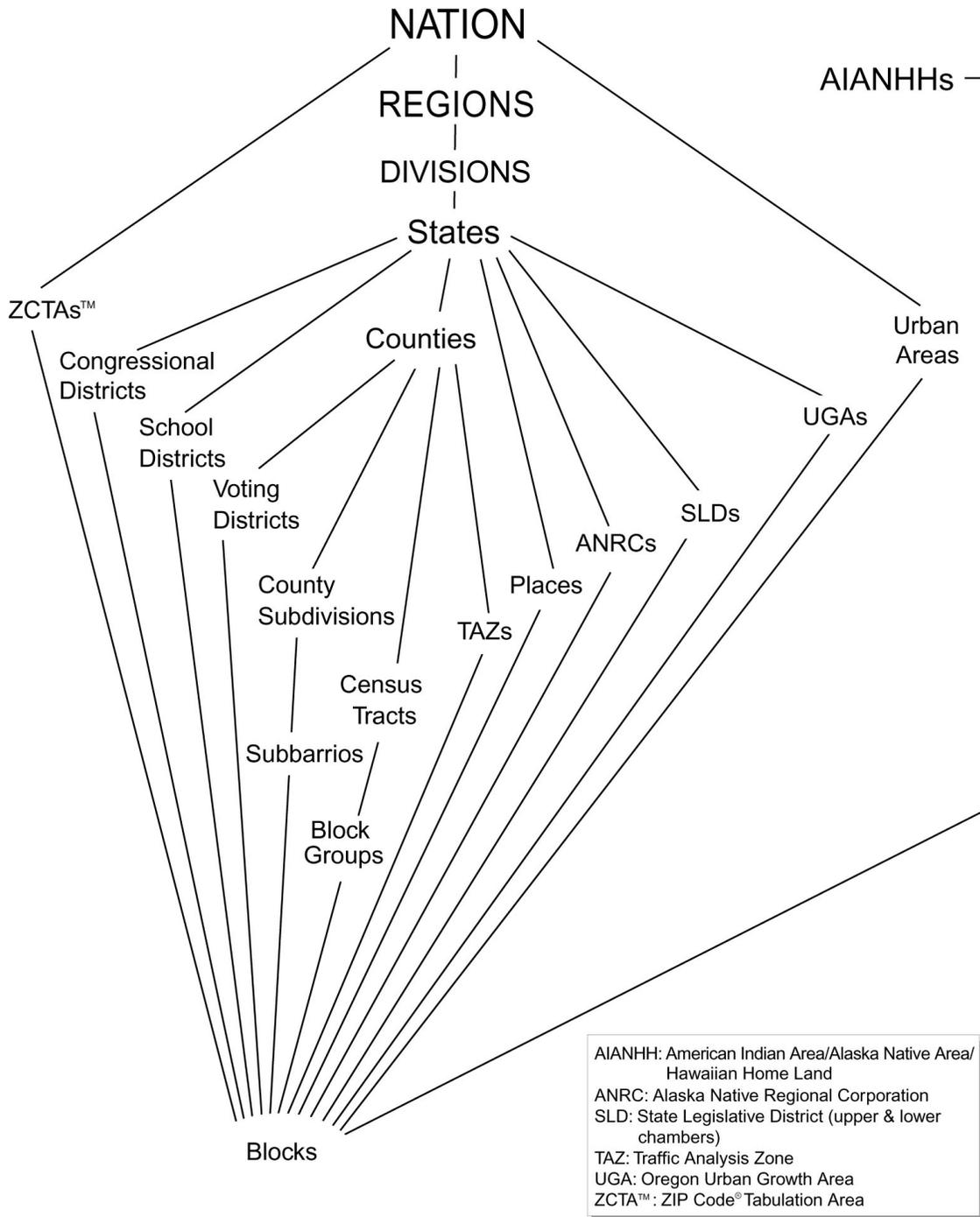


Figure A-2. **Hierarchy of American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian Entities**

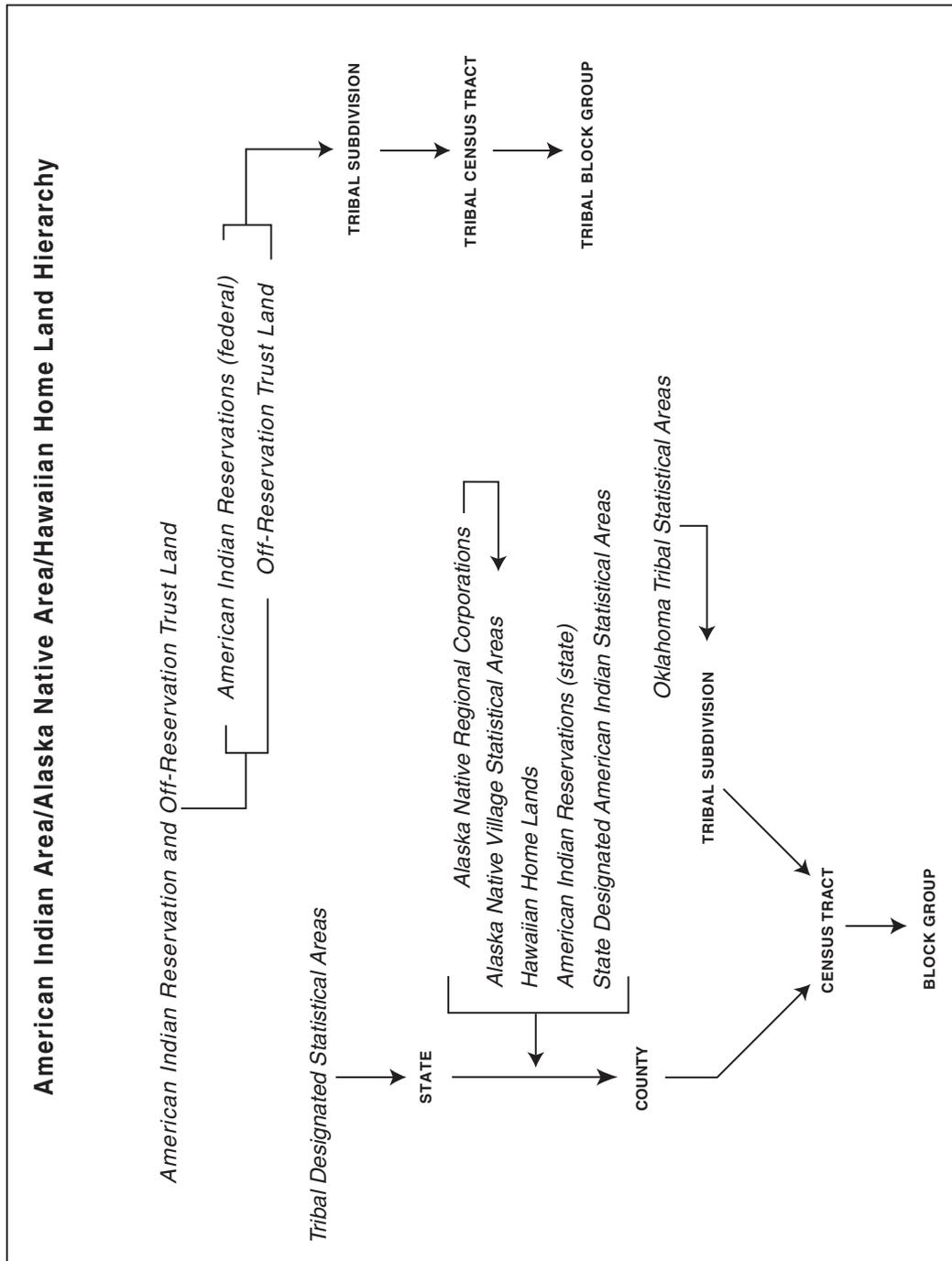


Figure A-3. **Census Regions, Census Divisions, and Their Constituent States**

Northeast Region

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

Midwest Region

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

West Region

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Appendix B.

Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age

The data on age were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2000. The age of the person was usually derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of some of the sample questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies.

Median age. This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Median age is computed on the basis of a single year of age distribution.

Limitation of the data. The most general limitation for many decades has been the tendency of people to overreport ages or years of birth that end in zero or five. This phenomenon is called “age heaping.” In addition, the counts in the 1970 and 1980 censuses for people 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. So also were the counts of people aged 69 in 1970 and aged 79 in 1980. Improvements have been made since then in the questionnaire design, and in the allocation procedures which have further minimized these problems. The count of people aged 89 in the 1990 census was not overstated.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date they completed the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. One reason this happened was that respondents were not specifically instructed to provide their age as of April 1, 1990. Another reason was that data collection efforts continued well past the census date. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of people in most age groups were actually one year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements were largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age zero because people lost to age one probably were not fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990. Also, there may have been more rounding up to age one to avoid reporting age as zero years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age one.)

The reporting of age one year older than true age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in calendar year 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the 1960, 1970, and 1980 censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth.

These shortcomings were minimized in Census 2000 because age was usually calculated from exact date of birth and because respondents were specifically asked to provide their age as of April 1, 2000. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses “Comparability.”)

Comparability. Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data were not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In 2000, each individual has both an age and an exact date of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, people of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as “imputation.” The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see “Accuracy of the Data.”)

Group Quarters

All people not living in housing units are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. We recognize two general categories of people in group quarters: (1) institutionalized population and (2) noninstitutionalized population.

Institutionalized population. Includes people under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such people are classified as “patients or inmates” of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of people in the institution. Generally, the institutionalized population is restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Type of institution. The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions that specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions that had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans’ Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in “mental (psychiatric) hospitals”; in general hospital wards for people with chronic diseases, patients were classified in “other hospitals for the chronically ill.” Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

Correctional institutions. Includes prisons, federal detention centers, military disciplinary barracks and jails, police lockups, halfway houses used for correctional purposes, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

Prisons. Where people convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) “federal” (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) “state.” In census products this category includes federal detention centers. Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards) operated by departments of correction or similar agencies, or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

Federal detention centers. Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include: detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and state and federal prisons.

Military disciplinary barracks and jails. Operated by military police and used to hold people awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

Local jails and other confinement facilities. Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold people beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours and police lockups operated by county and city police that hold people for 48 hours or less only if they

have not been formally charged in court. Also, includes work farms used to hold people awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but not by state governments).

Halfway houses. Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, prerelease centers, and community-residential centers.

Other types of correctional institutions. Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol or drug abuse.

Nursing homes. Comprises a heterogeneous group of places providing continuous nursing and other services to patients. The majority of patients are elderly, although people who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with nursing care.

Mental (psychiatric) hospitals. Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally trained staff.

Hospitals or wards for chronically ill. Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards; wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill; neurological wards; hospices and homes for chronically ill patients; wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases; and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. In some census products, patients in hospitals or wards for the chronically ill are classified in three categories: (1) military hospitals or wards for chronically ill, (2) other hospitals or wards for chronically ill, and (3) hospices or homes for chronically ill.

Schools, hospitals, or wards for the mentally retarded. Includes those institutions, such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally trained staff.

Schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped. Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for people with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims and to people with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy.

Hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse. Includes hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally trained staff.

Wards in general hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere. Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), and surgical wards of hospitals and wards for people with infectious diseases. If not shown separately, this category includes wards in military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere.

Wards in military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere. (See above definition for "Wards in general hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere.")

Juvenile institutions. Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

Homes for abused, dependent, and neglected children. Includes orphanages and other institutions that provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children.

Residential treatment centers. Includes those institutions that primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

Training schools for juvenile delinquents. Includes residential training schools or homes and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

Public training schools for juvenile delinquents. Usually operated by a state agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

Private training schools. Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

Detention centers. Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

Noninstitutionalized population. Includes people who live in group quarters other than institutions. Includes staff residing in military and nonmilitary group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Group homes. Includes “community-based homes” that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses not operated for correctional purposes; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

Homes for the mentally ill. Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

Homes for the mentally retarded. Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded.

Homes for the physically handicapped. Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. People with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded.

Homes or halfway houses for drug/alcohol abuse. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to people suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be reentering the work force.

Other group homes. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and maternity homes for unwed mothers. Most of these types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for people who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly. The maternity homes for unwed mothers provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their children. These homes may provide social services and postnatal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

Religious group quarters. Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

College quarters off campus. Includes university-owned off-campus housing, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students who do not have their families living with them. In census products, people in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

College dormitories. Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. College dormitory housing includes university-owned, on-campus and off-campus housing for unmarried residents.

Military quarters. Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and people being held in military disciplinary barracks were included as part of the institutionalized population.

Agriculture workers' dormitories. Includes people in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms." (A tree farm is an area of forest land managed to ensure continuous commercial production.)

Other workers' dormitories. Includes people in logging camps, construction workers' camps, fire-house dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

Dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals. Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members, excluding patients. If not shown separately, dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals are included in the category "Staff Residents of Institutions."

Job corps and vocational training facilities. Includes facilities that provide a full-time, year-round residential program offering a comprehensive array of training, education, and supportive services, including supervised dormitory housing, meals, and counseling for at-risk youth ages 16 through 24.

Emergency and transitional shelters (with sleeping facilities). Includes people without conventional housing who stayed overnight on March 27, 2000, in permanent and emergency housing, missions, Salvation Army shelters, transitional shelters, hotels and motels used to shelter people without conventional housing, and similar places known to have people without conventional housing staying overnight. Also included are shelters that operate on a first come, first-serve basis where people must leave in the morning and have no guaranteed bed for the next night OR where people know that they have a bed for a specified period of time (even if they leave the building every day). Shelters also include facilities that provide temporary shelter during extremely cold weather (such as churches). If shown, this category also includes shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing.

Shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing. Includes shelters/group homes that provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles. In census products, this category is included with emergency and transitional housing.

Shelters for abused women (shelters against domestic violence or family crisis centers). Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In census products, this category is included with “other non-institutional group quarters.”

Soup kitchens. Includes soup kitchens, food lines, and programs distributing prepared breakfasts, lunches, or dinners on March 28, 2000. These programs may be organized as food service lines, bag or box lunches, or tables where people are seated, then served by program personnel. These programs may or may not have a place for clients to sit and eat the meal. In census products, this category is included with “other noninstitutional group quarters.” This category excludes regularly scheduled mobile food vans.

Regularly scheduled mobile food vans. Includes mobile food vans that are regularly scheduled to visit designated street locations for the primary purpose of providing food to people without conventional housing. In census products, this category is included with “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

Targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations. Includes geographically identifiable outdoor locations open to the elements where there is evidence that people who do not usually receive services at soup kitchens, shelters, and mobile food vans lived on March 29, 2000, without paying to stay there. Sites must have a specific location description that allowed a census enumeration team to physically locate the site; for example, “the Brooklyn Bridge at the corner of Bristol Drive” or “the 700 block of Taylor Street behind the old warehouse.” Excludes pay-for-use campgrounds; drop-in centers; post offices; hospital emergency rooms; and commercial sites, including all-night theaters and all-night diners. In census products, this category is included with “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

Crews of maritime vessels. Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

Residential facilities providing “protective oversight.” Includes facilities providing assistance to people with disabilities.

Staff residents of institutions. Includes staff residing in military and nonmilitary group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Other nonhousehold living situations. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere enumerated at locations, such as YMCAs, YWCAs, and hostels. People enumerated at those places that did not have a usual home elsewhere are included in this category.

Living quarters for victims of natural disasters. Includes living quarters for people temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

Comparability. For Census 2000, the definition of the institutionalized population was consistent with the definition used in the 1990 census. As in 1990, the definition of “care” only includes people under organized medical or formally authorized, supervised care or custody.

In Census 2000, the 1990 and 1980 rule of classifying ten or more unrelated people living together as living in noninstitutional group quarters was dropped. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated people.

Several changes have occurred in the tabulation of specific types of group quarters. In Census 2000, police lockups were included with local jails and other confinement facilities, and homes for unwed mothers were included in "Other group homes"; in 1990, these categories were shown separately. For the first time, Census 2000 tabulates separately the following types of group quarters: military hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, hospices or homes for the chronically ill, wards in military hospitals with patients who have no usual home elsewhere, wards in general hospitals with patients who have no usual home elsewhere, and job corps and vocational training facilities. For Census 2000, rooming and boarding houses were classified as housing units rather than group quarters as in 1990.

As in 1990, workers' dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of people sharing the dormitory. In 1980, ten or more unrelated people had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on people in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

The phrase "institutionalized persons" in 1990 data products was changed to "institutionalized population" for Census 2000. In 1990, the Census Bureau used the phrase "other persons in group quarters" for people living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 2000, this group is referred to as the "noninstitutionalized population." The phrase "staff residents" was used for staff living in institutions in both 1990 and 2000.

In Census 2000, the category "emergency and transitional shelters" includes emergency shelters, transitional shelters, and shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing. Those people tabulated at shelters for abused women, soup kitchens, regularly scheduled mobile food vans, and targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations were included in the category "other noninstitutional group quarters." Each of these categories were enumerated from March 27-29, 2000, during Service-Based Enumeration. (For more information on the "Service-Based Enumeration" operation, see "Collection and Processing Procedures.")

Hispanic or Latino

The data on the Hispanic or Latino population were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. The terms "Spanish," "Hispanic origin," and "Latino" are used interchangeably. Some respondents identify with all three terms while others may identify with only one of these three specific terms. Hispanics or Latinos who identify with the terms "Spanish," "Hispanic," or "Latino" are those who classify themselves in one of the specific Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino categories listed on the questionnaire ("Mexican," "Puerto Rican," or "Cuban") as well as those who indicate that they are "other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino." People who do not identify with one of the specific origins listed on the questionnaire but indicate that they are "other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino" are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, the Dominican Republic, or people identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. All write-in responses to the "other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino" category were coded.

Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the origin of the householder. In all cases where the origin of households, families, or occupied housing units is classified as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino, the origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under "Household Type and Relationship.")

If an individual could not provide a Hispanic origin response, their origin was assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if origin was missing for a natural-born daughter in the household, then either the origin of the householder, another natural-born child, or spouse of the householder was assigned. If Hispanic origin was not reported for anyone in the household, the Hispanic origin of a householder in a previously processed household with the same race was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in "Accuracy of the Data" and is similar to those used in 1990, except for Census 2000 race and Spanish surnames were used to assist in assigning an origin (see the "Comparability" section below also).

Comparability. There are two important changes to the Hispanic origin question for Census 2000. First, the sequence of the race and Hispanic origin questions for Census 2000 differs from that in 1990; in 1990, the race question preceded the Hispanic origin question. Testing prior to Census 2000 indicated that response to the Hispanic origin question could be improved by placing it before the race question without affecting the response to the race question. Second, there is an instruction preceding the Hispanic origin question indicating that respondents should answer both the Hispanic origin and the race questions. This instruction was added to give emphasis to the distinct concepts of the Hispanic origin and race questions, and to emphasize the need for both pieces of information.

Furthermore, there has been a change in the processing of the Hispanic origin and race responses. In the 1990 census, respondents provided Hispanic origin responses in the race question and race responses in the Hispanic origin question. In 1990, the Hispanic origin question and the race question had separate edits; therefore, although information may have been present on the questionnaire, it was not fully utilized due to the discrete nature of the edits. However, for Census 2000 there is a joint race and Hispanic origin edit, which can utilize Hispanic origin and race information that was reported in the inappropriate question.

Household Type and Relationship

Household

A household includes all of the people who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied (or if vacant, intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other people in the building and that have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Average household size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where household members are tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, household members are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Relationship to Householder

The phrase “Coverage Improvement Adjustment” was included in the table outlines and the technical documentation before the review, analysis, and recommendation on whether to adjust Census 2000 data for coverage improvement was completed. As the data are not adjusted, a zero (0) will appear. This phrase does not refer to any other outreach or collection operations that were introduced to improve coverage in Census 2000.

Householder. The data on relationship to householder were derived from the question “How is this person related to Person 1,” which was asked of Persons 2 and higher in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder (Person 1). In most cases, this is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person in the household, any household member 15 years old or over could be designated as the householder (that is, Person 1).

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: family householders and nonfamily householders. A family householder is a householder living with one or more people related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all of the people in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse (husband/wife). Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes people in formal marriages, as well as people in common-law marriages. The number of spouses is equal to the number of “married-couple families” or “married-couple households” in 100-percent tabulations. Marital status categories cannot be inferred from the 100-percent tabulations since the marital status item was not included on the 100-percent form.

Child. Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child’s age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-born son/daughter. A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child.

Adopted son/daughter. A son or daughter of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Stepson/stepdaughter. A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Own child. A child under 18 years old who is a son or daughter by birth, marriage (a stepchild), or adoption. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. For 100-percent tabulations, own children consist of all sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age. For sample data, own children consist of sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age and who have never been married, therefore, numbers of own children of householders may be different in these two tabulations.

“Related children” in a family include own children and all other people under 18 years of age in the household, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other relatives. Includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

Grandchild. The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

Brother/sister. The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

Parent. The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the “Parent-in-law” category on the questionnaire.

Parent-in-law. Includes the mother-in-law or father-in-law of the householder.

Son-in-law/daughter-in-law. By definition, these are spouses of the children of the householder.

Other relatives. Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, cousin, and so forth).

Nonrelatives. Includes any household member who is not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, boarder. Includes roomers or boarders, who live in a room in the household of Person 1 (householder). Some sort of cash or noncash payment (e.g., chores) is usually made for their living accommodations.

Housemate or roommate. A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily to share expenses.

Unmarried partner. A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Foster child. Foster children are people under 18 placed by the local government in a household to receive parental care. They may be living in the household for just a brief period or for several years. Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder. If the foster child is also related to the householder, the child should be classified as that specific relative.

Other nonrelatives. A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for the age and sex for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household.

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family Type

A family includes a householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may be a group of unrelated people or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a “married-couple family” or an “other family” according to the presence of a spouse. “Other family” is further broken out according to the sex of the householder. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship that were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-couple family. A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Other family

Male householder, no wife present. A family with a male householder and no spouse of the householder present.

Female householder, no husband present. A family with a female householder and no spouse of the householder present.

Nonfamily household. A householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Average family size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where this measure is tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to that of the householder rather than to the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a “married-couple household” that includes a householder and an “unmarried partner.” An “unmarried partner” can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An “unmarried partner” in an “unmarried-partner household” is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Comparability. The 1990 relationship category “Natural-born or adopted son/daughter” has been replaced by “Natural-born son/daughter” and “Adopted son/daughter.” The following categories have been added: “Parent-in-law” and “Son-in-law/daughter-in-law.” The 1990 nonrelative category, “Roomer, boarder, foster child” has been replaced by two categories, “Roomer, boarder” and “Foster child.” In 2000, foster children had to be in the local governments’ foster care system to be so classified. In 1990, foster children were estimated to be those children in households who were not related to the householder nor who had any people over 18 who may have been their parents. In 1990, stepchildren who were adopted by the householder were still classified as stepchildren. In 2000, stepchildren who were legally adopted by the householder were classified as adopted children.

Race

The data on race were derived from answers to the question on race that was asked of all people. The concept of race, as used by the Census Bureau, reflects self-identification by people according to the race or races with which they most closely identify. These categories are socio-political constructs and should not be interpreted as being scientific or anthropological in nature. Furthermore, the race categories include both racial and national-origin groups.

The racial classifications used by the Census Bureau adhere to the October 30, 1997, Federal Register Notice entitled, “Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity” issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). These standards govern the categories used to collect and present federal data on race and ethnicity. The OMB requires five minimum categories (White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander) for race. The race categories are described below with a sixth category, “Some other race,” added with OMB approval. In addition to the five race groups, the OMB also states that respondents should be offered the option of selecting one or more races.

If an individual did not provide a race response, the race or races of the householder or other household members were assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for a natural-born child in the household, then either the race or races of the householder, another natural-born child, or the spouse of the householder were assigned. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race or races of a householder in a previously processed household were assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in “Accuracy of the Data.”

White. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “White” or report entries, such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black or African American. A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “Black, African Am., or Negro,” or provide written entries, such as African American, Afro American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.

American Indian or Alaska Native. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. It includes people who classified themselves as described below.

American Indian. Includes people who indicated their race as “American Indian,” entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

American Indian tribe. Respondents who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flathead) represent nations or reservations. The information on tribe is based on self identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of federally or state-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary files. The information for Census 2000 is derived from the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census that was updated based on a December 1997 Federal Register Notice, entitled "Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible to Receive Service From the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs," Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Alaska Native. Includes written responses of Eskimos, Aleuts, and Alaska Indians as well as entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, Yupik, Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian. The Alaska tribes are the Alaskan Athabascan, Tlingit, and Haida. The information for Census 2000 is based on the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census, which was expanded to list the individual Alaska Native Villages when provided as a written response for race.

Asian. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. It includes "Asian Indian," "Chinese," "Filipino," "Korean," "Japanese," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian."

Asian Indian. Includes people who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" or identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Chinese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Chinese" or who identify themselves as Cantonese, or Chinese American. In some census tabulations, written entries of Taiwanese are included with Chinese while in others they are shown separately.

Filipino. Includes people who indicate their race as "Filipino" or who report entries such as Filipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

Japanese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Japanese" or who report entries such as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Korean. Includes people who indicate their race as "Korean" or who provide a response of Korean American.

Vietnamese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Vietnamese" or who provide a response of Vietnamese American.

Cambodian. Includes people who provide a response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong. Includes people who provide a response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian. Includes people who provide a response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai. Includes people who provide a response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian. Includes people who provide a response of Bangladeshi; Bhutanese; Burmese; Indochinese; Indonesian; Iwo Jiman; Madagascar; Malaysian; Maldivian; Nepalese; Okinawan; Pakistani; Singaporean; Sri Lankan; or Other Asian, specified and Other Asian, not specified.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian," "Guamanian or Chamorro," "Samoan," and "Other Pacific Islander."

Native Hawaiian. Includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian" or who identify themselves as "Part Hawaiian" or "Hawaiian."

Guamanian or Chamorro. Includes people who indicate their race as such, including written entries of Chamorro or Guam.

Samoan. Includes people who indicate their race as “Samoan” or who identify themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Other Pacific Islander. Includes people who provide a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group, such as Carolinian, Chuukese (Trukese), Fijian, Kosraean, Melanesian, Micronesian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Papua New Guinean, Pohnpeian, Polynesian, Solomon Islander, Tahitian, Tokelauan, Tongan, Yapese, or Pacific Islander, not specified.

Some other race. Includes all other responses not included in the “White,” “Black or African American,” “American Indian or Alaska Native,” “Asian,” and “Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander” race categories described above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multi-racial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) in the “Some other race” write-in space are included in this category.

Two or more races. People may have chosen to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of check boxes and write-in responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum race groups identified by the OMB, and the Census Bureau “Some other race” category. For data product purposes, “Two or more races” refers to combinations of two or more of the following race categories:

1. White
2. Black or African American
3. American Indian and Alaska Native
4. Asian
5. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
6. Some other race

There are 57 possible combinations (see Figure B-1) involving the race categories shown above. Thus, according to this approach, a response of “White” and “Asian” was tallied as two or more races, while a response of “Japanese” and “Chinese” was not because “Japanese” and “Chinese” are both Asian responses. Tabulations of responses involving reporting of two or more races within the American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories are available in other data products.

Given the many possible ways of displaying data on two or more races, data products will provide varying levels of detail. The most common presentation shows a single line indicating “Two or more races.” Some data products provide totals of all 57 possible combinations of two or more races, as well as subtotals of people reporting a specific number of races, such as people reporting two races, people reporting three races, and so on.

In other presentations on race, data are shown for the total number of people who reported one of the six categories alone or in combination with one or more other race categories. For example, the category “Asian alone or in combination with one or more other races” includes people who reported Asian alone and people who reported Asian in combination with White, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. This number, therefore, represents the maximum number of people who reported as Asian in the question on race. When this data presentation is used, the individual race categories will add to more than the total population because people may be included in more than one category.

Coding of write-in entries. During 100-percent processing of Census 2000 questionnaires, subject-matter specialists reviewed and coded written entries from four response categories on the race item American Indian or Alaska Native, Other Asian, Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. The Other Asian and Other Pacific Islander response categories shared the same write-in area on the questionnaire.

Comparability. The data on race in Census 2000 are not directly comparable to those collected in previous censuses. The October 1997 revised standards issued by the OMB led to changes in the question on race for Census 2000. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal data were the first to reflect these changes. First, respondents were allowed to select more than one category for race. Second, the sequence of the questions on race and Hispanic origin changed. In 1990, the question on race (Item 4) preceded the question on Hispanic origin (Item 7) with two intervening questions. For Census 2000, the question on race immediately follows the question on Hispanic origin. Third, there were terminology changes to the response categories, such as spelling out “American” instead of “Amer.” for the American Indian or Alaska Native category; and adding “Native” to the Hawaiian response category. The 1990 category “Other race” was renamed “Some other race.”

Other differences that may affect comparability involve the individual categories on the Census 2000 questionnaire. The 1990 category, “Asian and Pacific Islander” was separated into two categories, “Asian” and “Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.” Accordingly, on the Census 2000 questionnaire, there were seven Asian categories and four Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories. The two residual categories, “Other Asian” and “Other Pacific Islander,” replaced the 1990 single category “Other API.” The 1990 categories “American Indian,” “Eskimo,” and “Aleut” were combined into “American Indian and Alaska Native.” American Indians and Alaska Natives can report one or more tribes.

As in 1990, people who reported a Hispanic or Latino ethnicity in the question on race and did not mark a specific race category were classified in the “Some other race” category (“Other race” in 1990). They commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Latino. In the 1970 census, most of these responses were included in the “White” category. In addition, some ethnic entries that in 1990 may have been coded as White or Black are now shown in the “Some other race” group.

For Puerto Rico, separate questions on race and Hispanic origin were included on their Census 2000 questionnaire, identical to the questions used in the United States. The 1950 census was the last census to include these questions on the Puerto Rico questionnaire.

Census 2000 included an automated review, computer edit, and coding operation on a 100-percent basis for the write-in responses to the race question, similar to that used in the 1990 census. Write-in responses such as Laotian or Thai, and Guamanian or Tongan were reviewed, coded, and tabulated as “Other Asian” and “Other Pacific Islander,” respectively, in the census. All tribal entries were coded as either American Indian or as Alaska Native.

Figure B-1. Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)

1. White; Black or African American
2. White; American Indian and Alaska Native
3. White; Asian
4. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
5. White; Some other race
6. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native
7. Black; Asian
8. Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
9. Black; Some other race
10. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
11. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
12. American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
13. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
14. Asian; Some other race
15. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
16. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native
17. White; Black; Asian
18. White; Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander

Figure B-1. **Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)**—Con.

19. White; Black; Some other race
20. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
21. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
22. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
23. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
24. White; Asian; Some other race
25. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
26. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
27. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
28. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
29. Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
30. Black; Asian; Some other race
31. Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
32. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
33. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
34. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
35. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
36. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
37. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
38. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
39. White; Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
40. White; Black; Asian; Some other race
41. White; Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
42. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
43. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
44. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
45. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
46. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
47. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
48. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
49. Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
50. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
51. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
52. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
53. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
54. White; Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
55. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
56. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
57. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race

Sex

The data on sex were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. Individuals were asked to mark either “male” or “female” to indicate their sex. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person’s given (i.e., first) name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see “Accuracy of the Data.”)

Sex ratio. A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

Comparability. A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Living Quarters

Living quarters are either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of “Group Quarters” under “Population Characteristics.”) Living quarters are usually found in structures intended for residential use, but also may be found in structures intended for nonresidential use as well as in places such as tents, vans, emergency and transition shelters, dormitories, and barracks.

Housing unit. A housing unit may be a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or, if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and that have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory. Boats, recreational vehicles (RVs), vans, tents, and the like are housing units only if they are occupied as someone’s usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers’ lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory. Also excluded from the housing inventory are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Occupied housing unit. A housing unit is occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of people living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, people who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere.

If any of the occupants in rooming or boarding houses, congregate housing, or continuing care facilities live separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Vacant housing unit. A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by people who have a usual residence elsewhere are classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place.

Vacant units are excluded from the housing inventory if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements. Also excluded are vacant units with a sign that they are condemned or they are to be demolished.

Comparability. The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the “dwelling unit” concept. Although the term became “housing unit” and the definition was modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the housing unit definition remained essentially comparable between 1940 and 1990. Since 1990, two changes were made to the housing unit definition.

The first change eliminated the concept of “eating separately.” The elimination of the eating criterion is more in keeping with the United Nations’ definition of a housing unit that stresses the entire concept of separateness rather than the specific “eating” element. Although we previously included the “eating separately” criterion in the definition of a housing unit, data were not collected that allowed us to distinguish whether the occupants ate separately from any other people in the building. (Questions that asked households about their eating arrangements have not been included in the census after 1970.) Therefore, the current definition better reflects the information that is used in the determination of a housing unit.

The second change for Census 2000 eliminated the “number of nonrelatives” criterion; that is, “9 or more people unrelated to the householder” which caused a conversion of housing units to group quarters. This change was prompted by the following considerations: (1) there were relatively few such conversions made as a result of this rule in 1990; (2) household relationship and housing data were lost by converting these units to group quarters; and (3) there was no empirical support for establishing a particular number of nonrelatives as a threshold for these conversions.

In 1960, 1970, and 1980, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and other similar places where 75 percent or more of the accommodations were occupied by permanent residents were counted as part of the housing inventory. We intended to classify these vacant units as housing units in the 1990 census. However, an evaluation of the data collection procedures prior to the 1990 census indicated that the concept of permanency was a difficult and confusing procedure for enumerators to apply correctly. Consequently, in the 1990 census, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places were not counted as housing units. In Census 2000, we continued the procedure adopted in 1990.

Average Household Size of Owner-Occupied Unit

A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in owner-occupied housing units by the number of owner-occupied housing units.

Average Household Size of Renter-Occupied Unit

A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in renter-occupied housing units by the number of renter-occupied housing units.

Tenure

Tenure was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

Owner occupied. A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is Person 1 on the questionnaire. The unit is “Owned by you or someone in this household

with a mortgage or loan” if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement, such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is “Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)” if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information is collected on the long-form questionnaire.

Renter occupied. All occupied housing units that are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. “No cash rent” units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services, such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the “No cash rent” category. “Rented for cash rent” includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a service provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability. Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or loan, or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage. In Census 2000, we continued with the same tenure categories used in the 1990 census.

Vacancy Status

The data on vacancy status were obtained from Enumerator Questionnaire, Item C. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by census enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For rent. These are vacant units offered “for rent” and vacant units offered either “for rent or for sale.”

For sale only. These are vacant units offered “for sale only,” including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered “for sale only.”

Rented or sold, not occupied. If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as “rented or sold, not occupied.”

For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use. These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons, for weekends, or other occasional use throughout the year. Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included in this category.

For migrant workers. These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

Other vacant. If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as “other vacant.” For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Available housing. Available housing units are vacant units that are for sale only or for rent.

Available housing vacancy rate. The proportion of the housing inventory that is available for sale only or for rent. It is computed by dividing the number of available units by the sum of the occupied units and the number of available units, and then multiplying by 100.

Homeowner vacancy rate. The proportion of the homeowner housing inventory that is vacant for sale. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and vacant units that are for sale only, and then multiplying by 100.

Rental vacancy rate. The proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant for rent. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent, and then multiplying by 100.

Comparability. Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. Since 1990, we have used the category “For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.” In earlier censuses, separate categories were used to collect data on these types of vacant units. Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. Beginning in 1990 and continuing into Census 2000, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero.

Average

See Mean.

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. This is the form of interpolation used to calculate median age.

Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum (or aggregate) of a group of numerical items by the total number of items in that group. For example, average family size is obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders). (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many of the population and housing subjects.)

Median

This measure represents the middle value (if n is odd) or the average of the two middle values (if n is even) in an ordered list of n data values. The median divides the total frequency distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. Each median is calculated using a standard distribution. (See also “Interpolation.”)

For data products in publication or display table format, if the median falls within the upper interval of an open-ended distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+), or if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-).

For products on CD-ROM and products that can be downloaded by a user as data files (no text, just numbers), if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value, but with no plus or minus symbol.

Percentage

This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.

Rate

This is a measure of occurrences in a given period of time divided by the possible number of occurrences during that period. Rates are sometimes presented as percentages.

Appendix C.

Data Collection and Processing Procedures

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ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her “usual residence” in Census 2000. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person’s legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of people whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that people were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 2000).

United States

Enumeration rules. Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person’s legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in the United States who had not established a residence.

Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States. With some exceptions, Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in Census 2000. U.S. military personnel and federal civilian employees stationed outside the United States, and their dependents living with them, are included in the population counts for the 50 states for purposes of Congressional apportionment but are excluded from all other tabulations for states and their subdivisions. The counts of overseas U.S. military personnel,

federal civilian employees, and their dependents were obtained from administrative records maintained by the employing federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas who were not affiliated with the U.S. government were not included in the census.

Residence rules. Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence on Census Day, such as on a vacation or business trip, were to be counted at their usual residence.

Armed forces personnel in the United States. Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a U.S. homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels. Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a U.S. port, sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or sailing from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were assigned as follows:

- The U.S. port, if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure, if the ship was sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from one foreign port to another foreign port, sailing from a U.S. port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a U.S. port were not included in the census.

People away at school. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

People in institutions. People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

People in general hospitals. People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

People in shelters. People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

People with multiple residences. People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week. Likewise, people who lived in one state but spent the winter in another state with a warmer climate (“snowbirds”) were to be counted at the residence where they lived most of the year.

People away from their usual residence on Census Day. Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual U.S. residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

Puerto Rico

Enumeration rules. Each person whose usual residence was in Puerto Rico was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in Puerto Rico who had not established a residence.

Americans usually living in Puerto Rico but temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in Puerto Rico. Americans with a usual residence outside Puerto Rico were not counted as part of the Puerto Rico resident population.

Residence rules. Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence on Census Day were to be counted at their usual residence.

Armed forces personnel in Puerto Rico. Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a Puerto Rico homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels. Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a Puerto Rico port, sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port, or sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were assigned as follows:

- The Puerto Rico port if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure if the ship was sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port or from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a Puerto Rico port were not included in the census.

People away at school. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

People in institutions. People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

People in general hospitals. People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

People in shelters. People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

People with multiple residences. People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week.

People away from their usual residence on Census Day. Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual Puerto Rico residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

MAJOR COMPONENTS OF THE CENSUS 2000 PLAN

The Census Bureau prepared the Census 2000 plan to ensure the most accurate decennial census legally possible. This plan included data collection from 100 percent of households and housing units. In addition, the plan included an extensive statistical operation to measure and correct overall and differential coverage of U.S. residents in Census 2000. This operation consisted of a scientific sample of approximately 300,000 housing units and used regional groupings to generate corrected counts. To ensure that Census 2000 will be both more accurate and more cost-effective than the 1990 Census, the Census Bureau reviewed its procedures with input from a wide array of experts. In addition, the Census Bureau and Department of Commerce officials held more than 100 briefings for the members of Congress and their staff on the plan for Census 2000. The result has been an innovative departure from past practices that substantially increased overall accuracy and addressed the differential undercount of children, renters, and minorities. At the same time, the new methods of enumeration saved money and delivered results more quickly. The major components of the plan for Census 2000 included:

1. The Master Address File

To conduct Census 2000, the Census Bureau needed to identify and locate an estimated 118 million housing units in the Nation. The Census Bureau accomplished this goal by developing and maintaining the Master Address File (MAF). This vital operation took place with the assistance of the U.S. Postal Service (USPS); other federal agencies; tribal, state and local governments; community organizations; and by an intensive canvass of selected areas. The resulting file was more comprehensive than ever before.

In 1990, the Census Bureau relied on address lists purchased from vendors. As these lists were originally generated for marketing purposes, they proved to be less accurate in low-income areas. As a result, during the 1990 census, housing units were missed often enough to contribute notably to the undercount problem. Plans for Census 2000 were designed to address weaknesses found in the 1990 address list. The Census 2000 MAF started with the USPS address list, a list that

does not discriminate against certain areas because of their marketing potential. Partnerships with state and local officials, community organizations, and tribal governments also played an important role in making sure the MAF is accurate; the local officials who knew the areas best helped develop the MAF. Finally, the Bureau made intensive efforts to create address lists in rural areas well in advance of the census.

City-style addresses. The USPS uses the term “city-style” for an address such as “123 Main Street,” even though such an address may occur in small towns and increasingly along country roads. In areas where the USPS delivers mail primarily to city-style addresses, the Census Bureau created the MAF by combining addresses from the 1990 Census Address Control File with those addresses in the USPS Delivery Sequence File (DSF). The DSF is a national file of individual delivery point addresses. As part of a cooperative agreement, the USPS provided the Census Bureau with updated DSFs on a regular basis. The Bureau then located these addresses in its computer mapping system called TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing). If an address could not be located, the location was researched and resolved through an office operation or through assistance from local partners. As a result of this research, the Bureau identified new features and corrected and added address ranges to the TIGER® database.

Noncity-style addresses. In late 1998 and early 1999, the Census Bureau launched a comprehensive effort to canvass areas where most residences did not have city-style addresses. Over 30,000 canvassers visited approximately 22 million residences without a street address to enter their locations in the TIGER® system. The combination of innovative use of computer data and technology along with these visits allowed the Bureau to construct the most accurate address list ever, giving field enumerators more time to meet other challenges presented by the 2000 count.

Remote areas. In a few extremely remote and sparsely settled areas, census enumerators created the address list at the time of the initial census data collection while canvassing their assignment area and picking up or completing unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously had delivered to each household.

Nontraditional living quarters. A separate operation built an inventory of all facilities that were not traditional living quarters; for example, prisons and hospitals. The Bureau interviewed an official at each location using a Facility Questionnaire. The responses to the questionnaire identified each group quarters and any housing units associated with the location. The Bureau classified each group quarters and its associated housing units at the location according to whether they would be enumerated as part of special place enumeration or through regular enumeration. The Bureau added these group quarters and housing units to the MAF and linked them to the TIGER® database.

Local government partnerships. The Bureau relied on local knowledge to build the MAF. State, local, and tribal governments; regional and metropolitan planning agencies; and related nongovernmental organizations were encouraged to submit locally developed and maintained city-style address lists to the Census Bureau to enhance the MAF. The Bureau matched the local lists both to the MAF and TIGER® database and verified the status of each newly identified address through ongoing matches to updated address information from the USPS, other independent sources, and its own field operations. The Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program was a partnership that allowed local and tribal governments to designate a liaison to review the portion of the MAF that covered their jurisdiction to help ensure its completeness. After processing the LUCA input, the Census Bureau provided feedback on the status of the adds, deletes, and corrections of addresses to the liaisons. The updated address list then was used to deliver census questionnaires.

2. Public Outreach and Marketing

In 1990, the mail response rate dropped in spite of the Census Bureau’s support of a public service announcement (PSA) effort that aired donated advertisements. Part of this drop was caused by the Bureau’s inability to ensure that PSAs were broadcast at optimum times and in appropriate

markets. An evaluation of the 1990 PSA campaign noted that the ads were seldom placed at optimal times because decisions about when to air PSAs rested with local radio and television stations. Sixty percent of the U.S. population received 91 percent of the census advertising impact; 40 percent received only 9 percent. Based on its studies of prior outreach campaigns, the Bureau concluded that the professional control of a paid media campaign would produce the best results. Census 2000 launched a vigorous public outreach campaign to educate everyone about the importance of being counted. Among the improvements in public outreach and marketing were:

Partnerships/targeted community outreach. The Census Bureau built partnerships with local and tribal governments, businesses, and community groups to get the word out, to endorse the census, and to encourage constituents to respond. Beginning in 1996 and expanding in 1998, the Bureau hired government and community specialists to build relationships with local community and service-based organizations, focusing on groups representing traditionally undercounted populations. The Bureau deployed an extensive outreach program to reach schools, public sector employees, American Indians, and religious organizations. Businesses, nonprofit groups, and labor organizations also were asked to endorse participation and to publicize the census through employee newsletters, inserts with paychecks, and through communications with members and local chapters.

Direct mail. The census questionnaire and related materials delivered to individual addresses carried the same themes and messages as the overall campaign.

Public relations. The Census Bureau used public meetings and the news media to inform the public about the value of the census and to encourage response. Communications specialists were assigned to each field office to perform media outreach, to respond to media inquiries, and to coordinate the dissemination of the Census 2000 message. In many communities, the Census Bureau established local broadcaster/news director committees to emphasize Census 2000 to television viewers and radio listeners through broadcast segments and editorials in newspapers.

Paid advertising. The Census Bureau planned a targeted campaign to reach everyone through ads in newspapers, magazines, billboards, posters, radio, and television. A private advertising firm designed and implemented the Census 2000 advertising campaign. The Census Bureau conducted a first-ever paid advertising campaign, including a national media campaign aimed at increasing mail response. The campaign included advertising directed at raising mail response rates among historically undercounted populations, with special messages targeted to hard-to-enumerate populations. Advertising also focused on encouraging cooperation during the nonresponse follow-up procedures.

Media public relations. The Census Bureau assigned media specialists to the regional census centers to cultivate local press contacts and respond to local media inquiries.

Promotion and special events. A variety of special events, including parades, athletic events and public services television documentaries were cosponsored by state, local, and tribal governments and by community organizations and businesses to motivate people to respond.

More ways to respond. In 2000, in addition to mailing the census questionnaires, the Census Bureau made the forms available in stores and malls, in civic or community centers, in schools, and in other locations frequented by the public. A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available for those who wished to respond to the census by telephone. People also had the option to respond to the short form via the Internet.

Multiple languages. In 2000, as in all prior decennial censuses, questionnaires were in English (the Census Bureau has made Spanish-language questionnaires available in the past). However, for the first time in a decennial census, households had the option to request and receive questionnaires in five other languages (Spanish, Chinese, Korean, Tagalog, and Vietnamese). In addition, questionnaire assistance booklets were available in 49 languages.

3. Questionnaire Mailout/Mailback

In Census 2000, the questionnaire mailout/mailback system was the primary means of census-taking, as it has been since 1970. The short form was delivered to approximately 83 percent of all housing units. The short form asked only the basic population and housing questions, while the long form included additional questions on the characteristics of each person and of the housing unit. The long form was delivered to a sample of approximately 17 percent of all housing units.

USPS letter carriers delivered questionnaires to the vast majority of housing units that had city-style addresses. In areas without such addresses, enumerators hand delivered addressed census questionnaires to each housing unit. In very remote or sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited each housing unit and picked up or completed unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously delivered to each unit.

4. Collecting Data on Populations Living in Nontraditional Households

During a decennial census, the Census Bureau not only counts people living in houses and apartments, but also must count people who live in group quarters and other nontraditional housing units, as well as people with no usual residence. These units include nursing homes, group homes, college dormitories, migrant and seasonal farm worker camps, military barracks or installations, American Indian reservations, and remote areas in Alaska.

Some of the methods that were used for these special populations are listed below:

- The Census Bureau designed an operation for Census 2000 called Service-Based Enumeration (SBE) to improve the count of individuals who might not be included through standard enumeration methods. The SBE operation was conducted in selected service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens, and at targeted outdoor locations.
- Another special operation counted highly transient individuals living at recreational vehicle campgrounds and parks, commercial or public campgrounds, marinas, and even workers' quarters at fairs and carnivals.
- The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodologies for American Indian reservations.
- Remote areas of Alaska, often accessible only by small airplanes, snowmobiles, four wheel-drive vehicles, or dogsleds, were enumerated beginning in mid-February. This special timing permitted travel to these areas while conditions are most favorable.
- The Census Bureau worked with the Department of Defense and the U.S. Coast Guard to count individuals living on military installations, and with the U.S. Maritime Administration to identify maritime vessels for enumeration.

5. Collecting Long Form Data to Meet Federal Requirements

The census is the only data gathering effort that collects the same information from enough people to get comparable data for every geographic area in the United States. The Census Bureau has used the long form on a sample basis since 1940 to collect more data, while reducing overall respondent burden. The Census 2000 long form asked questions addressing the same 7 subjects that appeared on the short form, plus an additional 27 subjects which were either specifically required by law to be included in the census or were required in order to implement other federal programs.

6. Retrieving and Processing the Data From the Returned Forms

The Census Bureau contracted with the private sector to secure the best available data capture technology. This technology allowed the Census Bureau to control, manage, and process Census 2000 data more efficiently.

The Census 2000 Data Capture System has been a complex network of operational controls and processing routines. The Census Bureau recorded a full electronic image of many of the questionnaires, sorted mail-return questionnaires automatically, used optical mark recognition for all check-box items, and used optical character recognition to capture write-in character based data

items. The system allowed the Census Bureau to reduce the logistical burdens associated with handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Once forms were checked in, prepared, and scanned, all subsequent operations were accomplished using the electronic image and data capture.

7. Matching and Unduplication

One of the main goals of Census 2000 was to make it simpler for people to be counted by having census forms available in public locations and providing multiple language translations. Responses also were accepted over the telephone and, for the short form only, on the Internet. These options made it easier for everyone to be counted, but increased the possibility of multiple responses for a given person and household. Advances in computer technology in the areas of computer storage, retrieval, and matching, along with image capture and recognition, gave the Census Bureau the flexibility to provide multiple response options without incurring undue risk to the accuracy of the resulting census data. Unduplication of multiple responses in past censuses required massive clerical operations. Modern technology allowed the Census Bureau to spot and eliminate multiple responses from the same household.

8. Geographic Database Development—TIGER®

The Census Bureau's TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) system provided the geographic structure for the control of the data collection, tabulation, and dissemination operations for Census 2000. The TIGER® system links each living quarter to a spatial location, each location to a specific geographic area, and each geographic area to the correct name or number and attributes. The database constantly changes; for example, when new streets are built and the names and address ranges of existing streets change. To ensure that the TIGER® database is complete and correct, the Census Bureau works with other federal agencies; state, local and tribal governments; and other public and private groups to update both its inventory of geographic features and its depiction of the boundaries, names, and attributes of the various geographic entities for which the Census Bureau tabulates data.

The Census Bureau obtains updates to the features in the TIGER® system, including associated address ranges, from its various address list improvement activities, from partnership efforts like the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, from digital files provided by some local and tribal governments, and from local and tribal governments in response to a preview of the census map of their jurisdictions.

As a part of updating the TIGER® system, the Census Bureau conducted boundary surveys in 1998 and 1999 to determine the boundaries that were in effect on January 1, 2000, which were the official Census 2000 boundaries for functioning governments. The Census Bureau also relied on other programs to update the TIGER® boundaries data, including a program that allowed local or tribal officials to review proposed Census 2000 boundaries a program that allowed local and tribal participants the opportunity to delineate Census 2000 participant statistical areas (block groups, census county divisions, census designated places, and census tracts) and additional programs that offered participants the opportunity to identify other areas for which the Census Bureau would tabulate data (for example, traffic analysis zones).

9. Field Offices and Staffing

The Census Bureau opened a national network of temporary offices from which employees collected and processed the data for Census 2000. Establishing the office network required, for most offices, the leasing of office space, purchasing furniture and equipment, purchasing and installing computer hardware and software, and establishing voice and data line connections. The plan for the office structure included:

- **12 Regional Census Centers (RCCs).** Through a network of Census Field Offices, the RCCs managed all census field data collections operations, address listings, and address list enhancement for city-style address areas; coordinated the LUCA program; produced maps; updated TIGER®; worked with local participants in the Public Law 94–171 Redistricting Data Program; and recruited temporary staff.

- **402 Census Field Offices (CFOs).** Opened in September 1998, these offices helped with address listing; conducted local recruiting; and performed clerical review of completed field address listing work.
- **520 Local Census Offices (LCOs).** These offices produced enumerator maps and assignments; conducted local recruiting; conducted outreach and promotion; conducted group quarters and service-based enumeration activities; conducted update/leave and list/enumerate operations; conducted nonresponse follow-up, coverage improvement follow-up, and address verifications; and performed the block canvass operations.
- **3 New Data Capture Centers (DCCs).** These centers checked in mail returns, prepared questionnaires, and conducted data capture.
- **1 National Processing Center (NPC).** In addition to performing the functions of a Data Processing Center, it processed address listing data and performed coding of questionnaire data.

To conduct a successful Census 2000, the Census Bureau recruited and tested hundreds of thousands of applicants for a wide range of positions, such as local census office managers, enumerators, partnership specialists, media specialists, and clerks. This required an extraordinary recruiting effort throughout the country. Every job applicant was required to pass a written test and was screened for criminal history. Applicants selected for employment had to take an oath of office and sign an affidavit agreeing not to disclose census information.

Many factors converged to present the Census Bureau with unprecedented challenges in hiring, retraining, and training the necessary employees for Census 2000. To address this challenge, the Census Bureau implemented several new approaches:

- Innovative methods of setting pay and incentives.
- Expanding the potential labor force by working with other federal agencies and state agencies to reduce barriers presented by various income transfer programs, and encouraging recipients of these programs to work for the Census Bureau. Consistent with these efforts, the Census Bureau hired more welfare-to-work employees than any other federal agency.
- Earlier and expanded training for enumerators.

10. Data Collection: Basic Enumeration Strategy

To ensure that the Census Bureau obtained a completed questionnaire from every household, or as close to that as possible, the Census Bureau developed a ten-part, integrated enumeration strategy.

- The first part of this strategy ensured that a questionnaire was delivered to every housing unit, by one of three data collection methods:
 - **Mailout/mailback.** U.S. Postal Service delivered questionnaires to every “city style” housing unit with a street name and house number.
 - **Update/leave.** Census enumerators delivered questionnaires to housing units without street names and house numbers to be mailed back, mainly in rural areas, and corrected and updated the address list and maps for any additions or errors.
 - **List/enumerate.** In remote and sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited every housing unit and completed the enumeration as delivered.
- The second part of this strategy provided people with assistance, as needed, to complete and return their questionnaires.
 - **Telephone questionnaire assistance (TQA).** The Census Bureau operated a toll-free TQA system, in English, Spanish, and several other languages, providing automated touch-tone answers to common questions, personal operator answers to those requesting it, and special service for the hearing impaired to assist them in completing a short form. Callers also could request a questionnaire.

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- **Internet.** Respondents were able to access an Internet Web site to both receive assistance and, for short forms, submit their responses.
 - **Questionnaire assistance centers.** The Census Bureau opened Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in convenient locations to assist respondents with filling out questionnaires in person. Bilingual staff was available in these centers.
 - **Questionnaire assistance guides.** Questionnaire Assistance Guides were available in 49 languages.
 - The third part of this strategy provided a means for people who believed they had not received a questionnaire or were not included on one. Part of this operation was targeted to members of historically undercounted groups. The major element of this operation was the distribution of “Be Counted Questionnaires.” The Census Bureau distributed these questionnaires at public locations, such as Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and some public and private facilities, staffed with bilingual competencies when appropriate. These forms were available in English, Spanish, Korean, Chinese, Vietnamese, and Tagalog.
 - The fourth part of this strategy was designed to enumerate people who did not live in traditional housing units, including group quarters situations, such as nursing homes and college dormitories; people living in migrant farm worker camps, on boats, on military installations; and federal employees living overseas. This part of the strategy was expanded further because the Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal results indicated that, compared to 1990, many more people did not live in traditional housing units.
 - **Group quarters enumeration.** This operation identified the location of all group living quarters and made advance visits to each group quarter. Census staff listed all residents in April 2000 and distributed questionnaire packets.
 - **Transient night operation.** Transient night enumerated people living a mobile lifestyle by visiting and interviewing people at racetracks, commercial or public campgrounds and those for recreational vehicles, fairs and carnivals, and marinas.
 - **Remote Alaska enumeration.** This operation sent out enumerators to deliver and complete questionnaires for people living in outlying or remote settlements in Alaska.
 - **Domestic military/maritime enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and U.S. Coast Guard, identified living quarters and housing units on military installations and ships assigned to a U.S. home port and used appropriate enumeration methods.
 - **Overseas enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and other departments, counted federal employees assigned overseas (including members of the armed forces) and their dependents, for apportionment purposes.
 - The fifth part of this strategy targeted people with no usual residence or address. This operation was conducted at selective service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens and non-sheltered outdoor locations.
 - The sixth part of this strategy deployed special data collection methods to improve cooperation and enumeration in certain hard-to-enumerate areas.
 - Regional Census Centers used the planning database and their knowledge of local conditions to identify appropriate areas for targeted methods. A team of enumerators then went to targeted areas, such as areas with high concentrations of multiunit buildings, safety concerns or low enumerator production rates, and conducted team enumerations.
 - Mail response rates and maps were available to local and tribal officials so they could work with Census Bureau staff to identify low-response areas and implement additional outreach and publicity efforts and targeted enumeration efforts.

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- In partnership with local and tribal governments and community-based organizations, local census offices established Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in locations, such as community centers and large apartment buildings, to provide assistance in English, Spanish, and other and foreign languages.
 - The Be Counted Program made unaddressed questionnaires available in the Walk-In Assistance Centers and other locations.
 - Letters were mailed to managers of large multiunit structures and gated communities informing them of upcoming census operations.
 - In preidentified census blocks, census enumerators canvassed the blocks, updated the address list, and delivered and completed census questionnaires for all housing units.
 - In preidentified blocks originally classified as “Mailout/Mailback” areas, enumerators delivered the questionnaire and updated the address list (Urban Update/Leave).
 - The seventh part of this strategy, coverage-edit and telephone follow-up, reviewed completed questionnaires for potential missing, incomplete, or inconsistent data.
 - **Coverage edit.** The Census Bureau checked completed questionnaires for discrepancies between the number of persons reported and the number of persons for whom information was provided, forms returned where population count was blank, and forms for certain households that contained complex living arrangements.
 - **Follow-up.** Telephone clerks contacted and reinterviewed the households with discrepancies identified after mail returns were data captured; field staff resolved discrepancies found on enumerator returned questionnaires.
 - **Content edit.** Computer operations identified missing or incomplete responses to population or housing units and used statistical imputation to complete the information.
 - The eighth part of this strategy, nonresponse follow-up (NRFU), was the effort to secure a response in Census 2000 from every housing unit and resident. One hundred percent of nonresponding households were followed up.
 - In the initial period, the Census Bureau used reminder publicity urging people to return their questionnaires.
 - Following the period of mail response, nonresponding households were identified and listed.
 - Enumerators visited all nonresponding addresses to obtain a completed questionnaire for each household.
 - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators also followed up 100 percent of housing units identified as nonexistent or vacant by the U.S. Postal Service.
 - In update/leave areas, enumerators followed up 100 percent of housing units where the Census Bureau was unable to deliver questionnaires.
 - The Census Bureau conducted quality assurance checks of NRFU to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the operations.
 - The ninth part of strategy involved additional operations to improve the coverage of Census 2000.
 - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which questionnaires were returned in NRFU reporting the housing unit as vacant or delete and which were not initially identified by the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable as addressed.
 - In update/leave areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which a questionnaire was returned as vacant or nonexistent in NRFU, but the questionnaire was not returned as undeliverable during the update/leave operation.
 - In both mailout/mailback and update/leave areas, mail returns checked in but not data captured were rechecked and, if necessary, revisited.

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- The tenth part of this strategy was unduplication, which involved reviewing and selecting person information when more than one questionnaire data set was reported for a single address. Dress Rehearsal results showed that the multiple ways in which people could respond to the census increased the possibility of more than one response being submitted for a given person or household. Automated matching technologies allowed the Census Bureau to resolve situations where more than one form was received for an address.

11. Special Populations

American Indian and Alaska Native Areas and Hawaiian Home Lands

The Census Bureau based its strategy for enumerating the populations in the American Indian and Alaska Native Areas (AIANAs) and Hawaiian home lands on building partnerships for:

- **Address list development.** The Census Bureau used U.S. Postal Service's Delivery Sequence Files in AIANAs and Hawaiian home lands where there were city-style addresses. In other areas, the census enumerators used the "update/leave" method where a form is left with the respondent for return by mail. In more remote areas, the census enumerator actually delivered the form and conducted the census interview all in one visit. Tribal governments had an opportunity to participate in the LUCA program. The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodology for each area.
- **Geographic programs.** There were many programs available to review and define geographic areas (see Appendix A for more details).
- **Marketing.** Census Bureau staff and tribal liaisons compiled lists of available media for paid advertising and promotion. The Census Bureau also enlisted the help of tribal liaisons and locally established "Complete Count Committees" to assist with promotional activities.
- **Field operations.** The Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to assist in all levels of field operations, including training local staff in cultural awareness, assisting in recruiting efforts, and identifying locations for census questionnaire assistance centers.
- **Data dissemination.** While most data were processed in the same way as data for rest of the nation, the Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to meet their data needs.

Puerto Rico

The Census 2000 operations in Puerto Rico were comparable to activities in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The Census Bureau worked in partnership with the government of Puerto Rico to ensure that Census 2000 data met the federal legal requirements.

- **Build partnerships at every stage of the process.** The Census Bureau entered a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of Puerto Rico which outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the government of Puerto Rico, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of Puerto Rico. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was conducted in Puerto Rico to build awareness of the census and boost participation. Address list development allowed Puerto Rico to participate in the LUCA program.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires were readily available in Spanish and also in English, if requested. In Puerto Rico, only update/leave method was used to distribute questionnaires. However, questionnaires also were placed in Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and other locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made use of the same technological advances that were used in the United States. Many operations performed clerically in 1990 were automated. Data users have access to Census 2000 data products through the Internet using the American FactFinder® (AFF) system. The AFF offers a separate user interface utilizing the Spanish language for Census 2000 Puerto Rico data.

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- **Special techniques to improve coverage.** The update/leave methodology for census data collection was used for the first time in Puerto Rico. Census enumerators updated the Master Address File for Puerto Rico while delivering questionnaires. Respondents had the opportunity to complete the census questionnaires and return them by mail.

Island Areas

The Census Bureau conducted the Census 2000 operations in American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands (collectively referred to as the “Island Areas”) in partnerships with the government of each area. These partnerships ensured that Census 2000 data met federal legal requirements, as well as the specific needs of each area. The Census 2000 operations in the Island Areas were built around the following:

- **Data collection.** Data collection in the Island Areas used the list/enumerate method. This decision was based on recommendations from Island Area representatives and an analysis of the various data collection methodologies. Unlike stateside list/enumerate procedures, the Census Bureau delivered Advance Census Reports before the list/enumerate operation and asked respondents to complete the form and hold it for enumerator to pick up.
- **Build partnerships at every stage of the process.** The Census Bureau developed and signed a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of each Island Area that outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the governments of the Island Areas, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of each Island Area. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was developed for each Island Area to build awareness of the census and boost participation.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires and other forms were readily available to respondents in convenient locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made greater use of the telephone to provide assistance to respondents with questions about Census 2000. Data users have access to Census 2000 data and products through the Internet using the American FactFinder system.

12. Telecommunications Support and Automated Data Processing

Using dedicated links and other secure lines, the Census 2000 telecommunications network linked all census offices including: Census Headquarters in Suitland, Maryland, the 520 Local Census Offices, the 12 Regional Census Offices, the 12 Regional Census Centers, the Puerto Rico Area Office, the Maryland Computer Center in Bowie, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana, and the three contracted Data Capture Centers (Phoenix, AZ, Pomona, CA, and Essex, MD). The Census Bureau also established communication links with planned commercial telephone centers to assist with the Telephone Questionnaire Assistance program and the coverage edit follow-up program.

The use of electronic imaging reduced the logistical and staffing requirements of handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Some components of data capture were performed by private-sector partners. The Census Bureau used commercially available advanced hardware and software rather than limiting itself to creating in-house solutions.

The most significant features of the Data Capture System included (1) work divided among four centers, (2) full electronic imaging and processing of questionnaires, (3) automated sorting of mailed responses, (4) optical mark recognition for check-box data, (5) optical character recognition for write-in data with automated processes to resolve difficult cases, and (6) quality assurance checks.

13. Quality Assurance

To detect, correct, and minimize performance errors in critical census operations, the Census Bureau developed individual quality assurance plans for all activities that could contribute to errors in outcome, such as misprinted census forms, inaccurate maps or address lists, faulty intelligent character recognition, inadequate training of enumerators, and miskeyed entries.

14. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in 1998

A good dress rehearsal is crucial to a successful census, and the key to any dress rehearsal is making it as much like the actual event as possible. The Census Bureau conducted Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in three sites: Sacramento, California; Columbia, South Carolina along with 11 surrounding counties in north central South Carolina; and the Menominee American Indian Reservation in northeastern Wisconsin.

Since the summer of 1996, the Census Bureau worked closely with local officials and community-based organizations in each of the three sites to plan and build the various infrastructures needed to ensure a successful dress rehearsal. These joint activities included refining the geographic database, building and refining the address list, and working with community and tribal organizations to plan effective outreach and promotion efforts. Also, the Census Bureau recruited staff in all three sites to complete address list development and verification.

The dress rehearsal allowed for a thorough demonstration of the most critical procedures for Census 2000. These procedures included address list development; marketing and promotion; and data collection, processing, and tabulation. The dress rehearsal plan also demonstrated the use of statistical sampling in four major census operations: nonresponse follow-up, housing units designated as undeliverable as addressed by the U.S. Postal Service, integrated coverage measurement (ICM), and the long form survey.

15. Data Dissemination Through the Internet

The census provides a wealth of data that researchers, businesses, and government agencies are eager to use. Taking advantage of modern computer and Internet capabilities, the Census Bureau planned to make data from Census 2000 more readily available than any previous decennial census data. The Census 2000 data are tabulated using the Data Products Production (DPP) system and disseminated using the American FactFinder (AFF) system on the Internet, in addition to CD-ROMs and DVDs. The AFF provides an interactive electronic system to allow data users to access data products, documents, and online help, as well as to build custom data products.

The Census Bureau solicited the advice and recommendations of data users throughout the planning, design, and testing stages of the AFF system (initially known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)). The system is accessible to the widest possible array of users through the Internet and all available intermediaries, including the nearly 1,800 data centers and affiliates, the 1,400 Federal Depository libraries and other libraries, universities, and private organizations. It also allows users to create customized products, such as tables, charts, graphs, and maps for census geographic areas of their choice, and access metadata that provide documentation and explanatory information for data subjects and geographic areas.

16. Evaluation and Preparation for 2010

After the completion of Census 2000, the Census Bureau plans to conduct a variety of post census evaluation studies, as it has after all the previous censuses. These studies will help data users, both within and outside the Census Bureau, to assess the data and plan for the 2010 Census. The evaluation studies generally rely on demographic analysis, statistical methods, and ethnographic analyses.

GLOSSARY

100-Percent Data

Information based on a limited number of basic population and housing questions collected from both the short form and the long form for every inhabitant and housing unit in the United States.

100-Percent Edited Detail File (HEDF)

Files composed of individual records of information on people and housing units for the 100-percent census data items from the census questionnaires. Estimation is included in these files. These files are used for tabulation purposes and are not released to the public.

Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.)

The Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) is a survey designed to measure the undercount/overcount of the census. The A.C.E. was designed to assess the size and characteristics of the population missed or double-counted in Census 2000, similar to the originally planned Integrated Coverage Measurement (ICM) Survey.

Advance Notice Letter/Reminder Card (ANL/RC)

These are part of the questionnaire mailing strategy. In every area except list/enumerate, the Census Bureau sends an advance notice letter to every mailout address to alert households that the census form will be sent to them soon. Reminder Card is a postcard that is sent to addresses on the decennial Master Address File (see definition below) to remind respondents to return their census questionnaires or to thank them if they already have. All addresses in mailout/mailback areas receive a postcard. The Census Bureau also mails these postcards to postal patrons in update/leave areas.

American FactFinder® (AFF)

An electronic system for access and dissemination of Census Bureau data. The system is available through the Internet and offers prepackaged data products and the ability to build custom products. The system serves as the vehicle for accessing and disseminating data from Census 2000 (as well as economic censuses and the American Community Survey). The system was formerly known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS).

Apportionment

Apportionment is the process of dividing up the 435 memberships, or seats, in the House of Representatives among the 50 states. The Census Bureau has a dual responsibility in this connection. It conducts the census at 10-year intervals. At the conclusion of each census, the Census Bureau uses the results for calculating the number of House memberships each state is entitled to have. The latter process is the initial use of the basic results of each census.

Be Counted Enumeration and Be Counted Form

The Be Counted enumeration procedure targets areas that are traditionally undercounted. Unaddressed census questionnaires (Be Counted forms) are placed at selected sites where people who believe they were not counted can pick them up, complete them, and mail them to the Census Bureau. The sites are in targeted areas that local governments and community groups, in conjunction with the Census Bureau, identify as traditionally undercounted.

Census 2000 Publicity Office (C2PO)

An office at the Census Bureau which developed, implemented, and coordinated an integrated marketing program for Census 2000, including paid advertising, direct mail, public relations, partnerships, and local outreach.

Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994

See Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS) below.

Census Edited File (CEF)

This file contains the 100-percent edited characteristics/records for all households and people in the census. The edits include consistency edits and imputation for items or persons where the data are insufficient. See descriptions for 100-percent data and census unedited file.

Census Information Center (CIC)

The Census Information Center Program (CIC) is the community-based component of the Census Bureau's data dissemination network. While census data are readily available on CD-ROM, the Census Bureau's Web site on the Internet, in its 12 Regional Offices, 1,400 Federal Depository Libraries, and 1,800 state and local government agencies participating in the State Data Center Program, the CICs provide access to local communities that might not have access through these traditional channels. CIC's goal is to provide efficient access to Census Bureau data and data products to organizations representing populations that have been traditionally undercounted in censuses and surveys.

Census Unedited File (CUF)

A file created by merging the control file for the decennial master address file with the decennial response file of unedited data after the primary selection algorithm has been applied. This file contains the final housing unit and person counts. It is used to generate apportionment data as well as related “raw” or unedited census data.

Computer-Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI)

A method of data collection consisting of the interviewer asking questions displayed on a laptop computer screen and entering the answers directly into the computer.

Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)

A method of data collection using telephone interviews in which the questions to be asked are displayed on a computer screen and responses are entered directly into the computer.

Confidentiality

The guarantee made by law (Title 13, United States Code) to individuals who provide census information regarding nondisclosure of that information to others.

Confidentiality Edit

The name for the Census 2000 disclosure avoidance procedure.

Coverage Edit/Coverage Edit Follow-Up (CEFU)

An edit performed on the mailback census response universe. Census staff make telephone calls to resolve forms that are incomplete or have other coverage discrepancies, such as a difference between the number of people reported in that household and the number of people for whom census information was provided on the form. This edit includes the large household follow-up.

Coverage Improvement Adjustment

This phrase was included in the table outlines and the technical documentation before the review, analysis, and recommendation on whether to adjust Census 2000 data for coverage improvement was completed. As the data are not adjusted, a zero (0) will appear. This phrase does not refer to any other outreach or collection operations which were introduced to improve coverage in Census 2000.

Coverage Improvement Follow-Up (CIFU)

A procedure for the traditional census in which housing units with conflicting status information are followed up.

Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)

The system is now known as the American FactFinder (AFF).

Data Capture Center (DCC)

A decentralized facility that checks in questionnaires returned by mail, creates images of all questionnaire pages, and converts data to computer readable format. The DCCs also perform other computer processing activities, including automated questionnaire edits, work flow management, and data storage. There is one permanent DCC, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana. For Census 2000, the Census Bureau set up three temporary DCCs. The temporary facilities were provided and operated by a private contractor through the Data Capture Services contract.

Data Capture System 2000 (DCS 2000)

The DCS 2000 is a data capture system that is used to capture information from census forms. For Census 2000, this system processed more than 150 million incoming forms, digitally captured and processed billions of bits of information on the forms, converted automatically the image of the form to text-based data, and edited/repairs data that the system was unable to decipher automatically.

Decennial Census

The census of population and housing, taken by the Census Bureau in years ending in 0 (zero). Article I of the Constitution requires that a census be taken every 10 years for the purpose of reapportioning the U.S. House of Representatives.

Decennial Master Address File (DMAF)

The decennial version of the Master Address File has features for controlling and tracking the long- and short-term operations and programs of the Census 2000. The DMAF contains the processing status information to support document mailouts; data capture progress control, tracking, and reporting; and field enumeration processes (notably follow-ups). The DMAF is limited to addresses that the Census Bureau has successfully linked to the TIGER® database. See Master Address File.

Decennial Response File (DRF)

Contains every response to the census from all sources. The primary selection algorithm is applied to this file to unduplicate people between multiple returns for a housing unit and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. The DRF is then combined with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file (CUF).

Delivery Sequence File (DSF)

A computerized file containing all delivery point addresses serviced by the U.S. Postal Service (USPS). The USPS updates the DSF continuously as its letter carriers identify addresses for new delivery points or changes in the status of existing addresses.

Demographic Analysis (DA)

A method the Census Bureau uses to measure coverage at the national level. It differs from survey coverage estimates, such as Post-Enumeration Survey, Integrated Coverage Measurement, or Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation, in that it does not rely on case-by-case matching of census records. To produce an estimate of the total population, DA relies on administrative records to provide estimates of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration. DA provides estimates on the national level only.

Derived Measures

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are normally indicated as 0.

Disclosure Avoidance (DA)

Statistical methods used in the tabulation of data prior to releasing data products to ensure the confidentiality of responses.

Dual-System Estimation (DSE)

The estimation methodology used for the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). This operation uses a geographic sample of block clusters to find people missed by the census or A.C.E. and any errors from the census. The information is then processed using computer matching, clerical matching, and field follow-up to resolve discrepancies.

Family

A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Geocoding

A code assigned to identify a geographic entity; to assign an address (such as housing unit, business, industry, farm) to the full set of geographic code(s) applicable to the location of that address on the surface of Earth.

Group Quarters

A facility where people live that is not a typical household-type living arrangement. The Census Bureau classifies all individuals not living in households as living in group quarters. There are two types of group quarters institutional (for example, correctional facilities, nursing homes, and mental hospitals) and noninstitutional (for example, college dormitories, military bases and ships, hotels, motels, rooming houses, group homes, missions, shelters, and flophouses).

Heterogeneity

Heterogeneity occurs when blocks of housing units assigned to sampling strata or groupings are not similar in terms of the likelihood of being included or missed by the census. Heterogeneity creates difficulty for the small area estimation process because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that sampling poststratum, even though some of them do not actually have the coverage characteristics.

Homogeneity

The assumption of homogeneity expects that all people in a particular sampling stratum or grouping will be very much alike in terms of their likelihood of being included or missed by the census. The grouping of people in a particular stratum is called poststratum, such as all White, non-Hispanic male renters ages 18-22 in a rural area. A lack of homogeneity in a particular sample block is not an error, but it does create difficulty for the small area estimation process. This happens because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that poststratum, even though some of them do not exhibit the same coverage characteristics.

Household

Household refers to all of the people who occupy a housing unit.

Housing Unit

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters, or if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

Imputation

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau uses a method called imputation to assign values. Imputation relies on the statistical principle of “homogeneity,” or the tendency of households within a small geographic area to be similar in most characteristics. For example, the value of “rented” is likely to be imputed for a housing unit not reporting on owner/renter status in a neighborhood with multiunits or apartments where other respondents reported “rented” on the census questionnaire. In past censuses, when the occupancy status or the number of residents was not known for a housing unit, this information was imputed.

Internet Questionnaire Assistance (IQA)

An operation which allows respondents to use the Census Bureau's Internet site to (1) ask questions and receive answers about the census form, job opportunities, or the purpose of the census and (2) provide responses to the short form.

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. Pareto interpolation is an alternative to linear interpolation. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500.

List/Enumerate

A method of data collection in which temporary field staff, called enumerators, list each residential address, spot the location of each on a census map, and interview the residents of the household during a single visit. This completes the census address list for these areas and provides the information needed to update the TIGER® database and Master Address File (see definitions below).

Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA)

A Census 2000 program, established in response to requirements of P. L. 103-430. It provided an opportunity for state, local, and tribal governments to review and update individual address information in the Master Address File and associated geographic information in the TIGER® database before using the addresses for questionnaire delivery. This improved the completeness and accuracy of both computer files and the census.

Long Form

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately one in six households, contains all questions on the short form, as well as additional detailed questions relating to the social, economic, and housing characteristics of each individual and household. Information derived from the long form is referred to as sample data and is tabulated for geographic entities as small as the block group level.

Mailout/Mailback (MO/MB)

A method of data collection in which the U.S. Postal Service delivers addressed questionnaires to residents who are asked to complete and mail back the questionnaire to the appropriate Census Bureau office. This method is used for more than 80 percent of all households (usually with city-style addresses).

Master Address File (MAF)

A computer file based on a combination of the addresses in the 1990 census address file and current versions, supplemented by address information provided by state, local, and tribal governments. The MAF is continually updated to provide a basis for creating the Census 2000 address list, the address list for the American Community Survey, and the address list for the Census Bureau's other demographic surveys.

Metadata

Information about the content, quality, condition, and other characteristics of data.

Microdata

Nonaggregated data about the units sampled. For surveys of individuals, microdata contain records for each individual interviewed; for surveys of organizations, the microdata contain records for each organization.

Nongovernment Organization

The partnerships developed during Census 2000 planning include national and local organizations and community groups that are not governmental entities.

Nonresponse Follow-up

A census follow-up operation in which temporary field staff, known as enumerators, visit addresses from which no response was received.

Nonsampling Error

Errors that occur during the measuring or data collection process. Nonsampling errors can be the most serious types of errors because they yield biased results when most of the errors distort the results in the same direction. Unfortunately, the full extent of nonsampling error is unknown. Decennial censuses traditionally have experienced nonsampling errors, most notably undercount, resulting from people being missed in the enumeration processes.

Optical Character Recognition (OCR)

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to “read” human handwriting.

Optical Mark Recognition (OMR)

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to scan a page, recognize the presence of marks in predesignated areas, and assign a value to the mark depending on its specific location and intensity on a page.

Poststratum

Information about the current occupants of each housing unit in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) survey found during the A.C.E. interview is used to form groupings called “poststrata.” This information, including the age of respondent, current owner/renter status, etc., is used to form homogeneous groupings and improve the estimation process. By contrast, the initial A.C.E. strata are formed using aggregate information about each block as of the 1990 census.

Primary Selection Algorithm (PSA)

Computer program applied to the decennial response file (DRF) to eliminate duplicate responses and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. After this procedure, the DRF is merged with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file.

Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS)

A program providing all governmental units and regional and metropolitan agencies the opportunity to submit lists of individual addresses for their community to the Census Bureau for use in building the MAF. Ongoing submissions and feedback between the Census Bureau and local governments on this program, enabled by the Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-430) help ensure the completeness and accuracy of the Master Address File and the TIGER® database.

Public Law (P.L.) 94-171

Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, enacted in 1975, directs the Census Bureau to make special preparations to provide redistricting data needed by the 50 states. Within a year following Census Day, the Census Bureau must send the data agreed upon to redraw districts for the state legislature to each state’s governor and majority and minority legislative leaders.

To meet this legal requirement, the Census Bureau set up a voluntary program that enables participating states to receive data for voting districts (e.g., election precincts, wards, state house, and senate districts) in addition to standard census geographic areas, such as counties, cities, census tracts, and blocks.

Public Law (P.L.) 103-430

Public Law (P.L.) 103-430, enacted in 1994, amends Title 13, United States Code, to allow designated local and tribal officials access to the address information in the Master Address File to verify its accuracy and completeness. This law also requires the U.S. Postal Service to provide its address information to the Census Bureau to improve the Master Address File.

Public Law (P.L.) 105-119

Public Law (P.L.) 105-119, enacted in 1997, directs the Census Bureau to make publicly available a second version of Census 2000 data that does not include the corrections for overcounts and undercounts measured in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). The format, timing, geographic levels, and price of the P.L. 94-171 and these data are identical.

Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA)

An area that defines the extent of territory for which the Census Bureau tabulates public use microdata sample (PUMS) data.

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS)

Hierarchical files containing small samples (5% and 1%) of individual records from the census long form showing characteristics of the housing units and people included on those forms.

Quality Assurance (QA)

Quality assurance represents a broad philosophy and specific procedures that are designed to build quality into the system, constantly improve the system, and integrate responsibility for quality with production.

Questionnaire Mailing Strategy

For Census 2000, an advance notice letter, a questionnaire, and a reminder/thank you postcard were sent to every mailout address.

Reapportionment

The redistribution of seats in the U.S. House of Representatives among several states on the basis of the most recent decennial census as required by Article 1, Section 2 of the Constitution. See apportionment and redistricting.

Redistricting

The process of revising the geographic boundaries of areas from which people elect representatives to the U.S. Congress, a state legislature, a county or city council, a school board, and the like to meet the legal requirement that such areas be as equal in population as possible following a census. See apportionment and reapportionment.

Sample Census Edited File (SCEF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. Processing for the SCEF includes merging the results of industry and occupation coding and place of work and migration coding, coding several other items, and weighting the long forms.

Sample Edited Detail File (SEDF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. The file is used for tabulation purposes only and is not released to the public.

Sampling Error

Errors that occur because only a part of the population is being contacted directly. With any sample, differences are likely to exist between the characteristics of the sampled population and the larger group from which the sample was chosen. However, sampling error, unlike nonsampling error, is readily measured.

Sampling Stratum

A sampling stratum, as used in the A.C.E., is a grouping or classification that has a similar set of characteristics, based on the 1990 census. For example, one might define a stratum as all blocks in large central cities with a 1990 census population that was 30 percent or more Black renters.

Scanner

Equipment used to capture images from documents for the purpose of entering the information into an electronic format. For Census 2000, scanners replaced some keying operations.

Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use

A housing unit held for occupancy only during limited portions of the year, such as a beach cottage, ski cabin, or time-share condominium.

Separate Living Quarters

Those living quarters in which the occupants live separately from any other individual in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

Service-Based Enumeration (SBE)

An operation designed to enumerate people at facilities where they might receive services, such as shelters, soup kitchens, healthcare facilities, and other selected locations. This operation targets the types of services that primarily serve people who have no usual residence.

Service Locations

Locations where clients are enumerated during the service-based enumeration operation, such as emergency or transitional shelters, soup kitchens, regularly scheduled mobile food vans, and targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations.

Short Form

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately 5 of 6 households, that contains population questions related to household relationship, age, sex, relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and tenure (i.e., whether home is owned or rented). The questions contained on the short form also are asked, along with additional questions, on the long form.

Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire (SEQ)

A questionnaire that enumerators use for transient, or T-night, enumeration and when conducting the nonresponse follow-up after the decennial census.

Soup Kitchens

Includes soup kitchens, food lines, and programs distributing prepared breakfasts, lunches, or dinners. These programs may be organized as food service lines, bag or box lunches, or tables where people are seated, then served by program personnel. These programs may or may not have a place for clients to sit and eat the meal. These are service locations.

Special Place

An institution that includes facilities where people live or stay other than the usual house, apartment, or mobile home. Examples are colleges and universities, nursing homes, hospitals, and prisons. Often the facilities that house people are group quarters, but they may include standard houses or apartments as well.

Special Place Facility Questionnaire (SPFQ)

A questionnaire used to interview an official at a special place for the purpose of collecting/updating address information for the special place and any associated group quarters and housing units, determining the type of special place/group quarters, and collecting additional administrative information about each group quarters at the special place.

State Data Center (SDC)

A state agency or university facility identified by the governor of each state and state equivalent to participate in the Census Bureau's cooperative network for the dissemination of census data. SDCs also provide demographic data to local agencies participating in the Census Bureau's statistical areas programs and assist the Census Bureau in the delineation and identification of statistical areas.

Summary File (SF)

A series of census summary tabulations of 100-percent and sample population and housing data available for public use on CD-ROM and the Internet. In 1990, these files were available on computer tapes and, as a result, were known as summary tape files (STF).

Summary Table

A collection of one or more data elements that are classified into some logical structure either as dimensions or data points.

Tabulation Block

A physical block that does not have any legal or statistical boundaries passing through it; or each portion of a physical block after the Census Bureau recognizes any legal or statistical boundaries that pass through it.

Targeted Nonsheltered Outdoor Location (TNSOL)

A geographically identifiable outdoor location open to the elements where there is evidence that people might be living without paying and who also do not usually receive services at soup kitchens, shelters, and mobile food vans. These sites must have a specific location description that allows a census enumeration team to physically locate the site and excludes pay-for-use campgrounds, drop-in centers, post offices, hospital emergency rooms, and commercial sites (including all-night theaters and all-night diners).

Telephone Questionnaire Assistance (TQA)

A toll-free service that was provided by a commercial phone center to answer questions about Census 2000 and the Census 2000 questionnaire and to take interviews from people who prefer to be interviewed over the telephone.

Thematic Map

A map that reveals the geographic patterns in statistical data.

Title 13 (United States Code)

The law under which the Census Bureau operates and that guarantees the confidentiality of census information and establishes penalties for disclosing this information.

Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER®)

A computer database that contains a digital representation of all census-required map features (streets, roads, rivers, railroads, lakes, and so forth), the related attributes for each (street names, address ranges, etc.), and the geographic identification codes for all entities used by the Census Bureau to tabulate data for the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas. The TIGER® database records the interrelationships among these features, attributes, and geographic codes and provides a resource for the production of maps, entity headers for data tabulations, and automated assignment of addresses to a geographic location in a process known as “geocoding.”

Transient Night (T-Night)/T-Night Enumeration (TNE)

A method of enumeration in which Census Bureau staff enumerate people at transient locations, such as campgrounds at race tracks, recreational vehicle campgrounds or parks, commercial or public campgrounds, fairs and carnivals, and marinas. Enumerators conduct a personal interview using Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire. No vacant units are generated by this operation.

Type of Enumeration Area (TEA)

A classification identifying how the Census Bureau takes the decennial census of a geographic area. Examples of TEAs include (1) the area inside the “blue line” - this is the mailout/mailback and urban update/leave operations area, (2) address listing areas, (3) list/enumerate areas, and (4) remote areas of Alaska.

Urban Update/Leave (UU/L)

Update/leave procedures are used in targeted urban areas where mail delivery may be a problem, such as an apartment building where the mail carrier may leave the forms in a common area. Enumerators deliver census questionnaires for residents to complete and mail back, update the address register, and update the census maps.

Usual Home Elsewhere (UHE)

A housing unit that is temporarily occupied by a person(s) who has a usual home elsewhere.

Usual Residence

The living quarters where a person spends more nights during a year than any other place.

Voting District (VTD)

Any of a variety of areas, such as election districts, precincts, legislative districts, or wards, established by states and local governments for voting purposes.

Whole Household Usual Home Elsewhere (WHUHE)

See Usual Home Elsewhere.

Person 2

Your answers are important!
Every person in the Census counts.



1. What is Person 2's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- Husband/wife
 Natural-born son/daughter
 Adopted son/daughter
 Stepson/stepdaughter
 Brother/sister
 Father/mother
 Grandchild
 Parent-in-law
 Son-in-law/daughter-in-law
 Other relative — *Print exact relationship.* →
- If NOT RELATED to Person 1:
 Roomer, boarder
 Housemate, roommate
 Unmarried partner
 Foster child
 Other nonrelative

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000

Month

Day

Year of birth

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↴

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↴

- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↴ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↴

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↴

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 3.

Person 3

Census information helps your
community get financial
assistance for roads, hospitals,
schools, and more.



1. What is Person 3's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- Husband/wife
 Natural-born son/daughter
 Adopted son/daughter
 Stepson/stepdaughter
 Brother/sister
 Father/mother
 Grandchild
 Parent-in-law
 Son-in-law/daughter-in-law
 Other relative — *Print exact relationship.* →
- If NOT RELATED to Person 1:
 Roomer, boarder
 Housemate, roommate
 Unmarried partner
 Foster child
 Other nonrelative

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000

Month

Day

Year of birth

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↴

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↴

- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↴ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↴

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↴

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 4.

Person 4

Information about children helps your community plan for child care, education, and recreation.



1. What is Person 4's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife | If NOT RELATED to Person 1: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adopted son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister | <input type="checkbox"/> Foster child |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parent-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Son-in-law/daughter-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative — <i>Print exact relationship.</i> → | <input type="text"/> |

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000	Month	Day	Year of birth
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if **not** Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↗

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↗
- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↗ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↗

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↗

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 5.

Person 5

Knowing about age, race, and sex helps your community better meet the needs of everyone.



1. What is Person 5's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife | If NOT RELATED to Person 1: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adopted son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister | <input type="checkbox"/> Foster child |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parent-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Son-in-law/daughter-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative — <i>Print exact relationship.</i> → | <input type="text"/> |

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000	Month	Day	Year of birth
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if **not** Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↗

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↗
- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↗ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↗

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↗

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 6.



Person 6

Your answers help
your community plan
for the future.



1. What is Person 6's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife | If NOT RELATED to Person 1: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adopted son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister | <input type="checkbox"/> Foster child |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parent-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Son-in-law/daughter-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative — <i>Print exact relationship.</i> → | <input type="text"/> |

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000	Month	Day	Year of birth
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if *not* Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Puerto Rican |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Cuban |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — <i>Print group.</i> ↘ | |

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↘

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Asian Indian | <input type="checkbox"/> Japanese | <input type="checkbox"/> Native Hawaiian |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Chinese | <input type="checkbox"/> Korean | <input type="checkbox"/> Guamanian or Chamorro |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Filipino | <input type="checkbox"/> Vietnamese | <input type="checkbox"/> Samoan |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other Asian — <i>Print race.</i> ↘ | <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pacific Islander — <i>Print race.</i> ↘ | |

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↘

→ If more people live here, list their names on the back of this page in the spaces provided.

**Please turn
to go to last
page.**

Persons 7 – 12

If you didn't have room to list everyone who lives in this house or apartment, please list the others below. You may be contacted by the Census Bureau for the same information about these people.

Person 7 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 8 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 9 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 10 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 11 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 12 — Last Name

First Name

MI

The Census Bureau estimates that, for the average household, this form will take about 10 minutes to complete, including the time for reviewing the instructions and answers. Comments about the estimate should be directed to the Associate Director for Finance and Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0856, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number from the Office of Management and Budget.

**Thank you for
completing your official
U.S. Census 2000 form.**

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

A. JIC1

B. JIC2

C. JIC3

D. JIC4



If you need help completing this form, call 1-800-471-9424 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

TDD — Telephone display device for the hearing impaired. Call 1-800-582-8330 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

¿NECESITA AYUDA? *Si usted necesita ayuda para completar este cuestionario llame al 1-800-471-8642 entre las 8:00 a.m. y las 9:00 p.m., 7 días a la semana. La llamada telefónica es gratis.*



Appendix E.

Data Products and User Assistance

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CENSUS 2000 DATA PRODUCTS

The decennial census yields a wealth of data, which have virtually unlimited applications. A comprehensive data program offers census information on the Internet, in electronic media (CD-ROM/DVD), and in print. A complete list of Census 2000 data products, with their release status, is available at <http://www.census.gov/population/www/censusdata/c2kproducts.html>.

Detailed results of Census 2000 are contained in a series of five summary files. These are available on the Internet and on CD-ROM or DVD. In addition, three series of reports derived from these files are available in print and in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the Internet.

Internet and CD-ROM/DVD Products

Census 2000 data are available at several locations on the Census Bureau's Web site. The Census 2000 Gateway page provides links to Census 2000 data, information, and reference materials. It is accessed from the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov) or at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html>. Links from the Gateway page include American FactFinder®; State and County QuickFacts; other prepared Census 2000 tables, including rankings and comparisons; reference materials; user updates; and Census in the Schools.

American Factfinder (factfinder.census.gov) is the most comprehensive source of Census 2000 data, providing all summary file tables for all levels of census geography. Quick tables (single geography tables) and geographic comparison tables (data for more than one geographic area) are also available on American FactFinder.

Most Census 2000 tabulations are also available on CD-ROM and/or DVD. Software is included on the DVDs and most CDs. These may be ordered by phone through the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center on 301-763-4636, or via e-commerce by selecting Catalog from the Census Bureau's home page. For more information on the products and ordering options, access the Census Catalog's product order form at <https://catalog.mso.census.gov>.

Census 2000 Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File. The first Census 2000 data files released provide the data required for local redistricting. The data include tabulations of 63 race categories, cross-tabulated by Hispanic or Latino and not Hispanic or Latino for the total population and the population 18 years old and over. These tabulations are presented for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts. They are available through the Internet (American FactFinder) and as a CD-ROM series (state files). In American FactFinder (factfinder.census.gov), all redistricting data tables are available by selecting Data Sets on the FactFinder main page. FactFinder also has one quick table and one geographic comparison table based on this file.

Summary File 1 (SF 1). This file presents counts and basic cross-tabulations of information collected from all people and housing units. This information includes age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, and whether the residence is owned or rented. Data are available down to the block level for many tabulations, but only to the census-tract level for others. Summaries are included for other geographic areas, such as ZIP Code® Tabulation Areas

(ZCTAs™) and Congressional Districts (106th Congress). There are individual state files and two national files in this series. The final national file provides the first available urban and rural data. The complete Summary File 1 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD.

Additional tables derived from this summary file are also available on the Census Bureau's Internet site. These can be located through the Census 2000 Gateway page at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html>. Related products include a demographic profile that provides a snapshot of the geographic area, quick tables, geographic comparison tables, and two printed report series, *Summary Population and Housing Characteristics* (PHC-1) and *Population and Housing Unit Counts* (PHC-3).

Summary File 2 (SF 2). This file presents data similar to the information included in Summary File 1, but the tables in this file are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino categories and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. These data are shown down to the census tract level for up to 250 race and ethnic categories that meet a specified minimum population size threshold of 100 in a geographic area. The complete SF 2 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from SF 2.

Summary File 3 (SF 3). This file is the first release of the information collected on a sample basis. It includes data on income, educational attainment, poverty status, home value, and population totals for foreign born and ancestry groups. Data are provided down to the block group level for many tabulations but only to the census tract level for others. SF 3 also includes data by ZCTAs and Congressional Districts (106th Congress).

Data for each state and a national file are available on the American Factfinder and on CD-ROM/DVD. Related products include a three-page demographic profile available on the Internet, various quick tables and geographic comparison tables available through American Factfinder, and a printed report series, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics* (PHC-2).

Summary File 4 (SF 4). This file includes tabulations of the population and housing data collected from a sample of the population. Just as in Summary File 2, the tables in SF 4 are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino origin groups and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. Tables are also iterated for 86 ancestry groups. The file is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from Summary File 4.

Microdata. Microdata products allow users to prepare their own customized tabulations and cross tabulations of most population and housing subjects, using specially prepared microdata files. These files are the actual responses to census questionnaires, but with names or addresses removed and the geography sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. Microdata are available on CD-ROM/DVD and may be available for query via the Internet.

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files. There are two PUMS files: a 1-percent sample for developing tabulations for metropolitan areas and a 5-percent sample that provides tabulations for state and substate areas. Both files are available on CD-ROM/DVD.

Advanced Query Function. Tabulations can be prepared online using the full database of individual responses, subject to restrictions and filters required to protect the confidentiality of individual responses. The Internet availability of this function is subject to policy decisions on access and confidentiality.

Printed Reports and Profiles

There are three series of printed reports with one report per state and a national summary volume. These reports are sold through the U.S. Government Printing Office. Much of the information in these series is available earlier in other data products. For release and ordering information, see the Census Catalog (<https://catalog.mso.census.gov/>).

Profiles and other data tables are generally available on the Internet. Printed copies of the profiles are offered as a print-on-demand product. Contact the Customer Services Center (301-763-4636) for pricing and availability.

Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1). This publication series includes information on the 100-percent population and housing subjects. The data are available for the United States, regions, divisions, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, metropolitan areas, urbanized areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-1 report series, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics. The series is also available in PDF format on the Internet.

Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics (PHC-2). This publication series includes information on the sample population and housing subjects. Data are shown for the same geographic areas as Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1) described above. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-5 report series, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

Population and Housing Unit Counts (PHC-3). This publication series includes population and housing unit counts for Census 2000 as well as the 1990 and earlier censuses. Information on area measurements and population density is included. There is one printed report for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico plus a national report. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

Profiles and Other Data Tables. Demographic profiles, quick tables, and geographic comparison tables include predefined sets of data to meet the needs of the majority of data users. They are convenient and readily available sources when moderate subject and geographic detail is needed. Demographic profiles (PDF) are available on the Census Bureau's Web site. Demographic profiles as well as quick tables and geographic comparison tables are available through American FactFinder.

CENSUS 2000 MAPS AND GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

A variety of maps, boundary files, and other geographic products are available to help users locate and identify geographic areas. These products are available in various media, such as the Internet, CD-ROM, DVD, and, for maps, as print-on-demand products. A complete description of Census 2000 geographic products and resources is available at www.census.gov/geo/www/.

TIGER/Line Files. These files contain geographic boundaries and codes, streets, address ranges, and coordinates for use with commercially available geographic information systems (GIS) for mapping and other applications.

Census Block Maps. These maps show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian and Alaska Native areas and Hawaiian home lands, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, and census blocks. This map series is also produced by specified governmental units (e.g., American Indian/Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, counties, incorporated places, and functioning minor civil divisions).

Census Tract Outline Maps. These county maps provide the boundaries and numbers of census tracts and names of features underlying the boundaries. They also show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian/Alaska Native areas, counties, county subdivisions, and places.

Reference Maps. This series shows the boundaries for tabulation areas including states, counties, American Indian reservations, county subdivisions (minor civil divisions (MCDs)/census county divisions (CCDs)), incorporated places, and census designated places. This series includes the state and county subdivision outline maps, urbanized area maps, and metropolitan area maps. These maps vary from page size to wall size.

Generalized Boundary Files. These files are designed for use in a geographic information system (GIS) or similar computer mapping software. Boundary files are available for most levels of census geography.

Thematic Maps. These colorful maps display Census 2000 data on such topics as population density and population distribution.

REFERENCE MATERIALS

The reference materials for Census 2000 are available at the Census Bureau's Internet site (www.census.gov) or, in the case of CD-ROMs/DVD, on the product itself.

Census 2000 Gateway. This page provides descriptions and links to Internet tables and reference materials relating to Census 2000. It is available at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html> or by selecting the Census 2000 logo on the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov).

Census Online Catalog. Census 2000 data products, their availability, and their prices are described in the Catalog portion of the Web site. The catalog can be reached from the Census Bureau home page by selecting Catalog from the side bar or at <https://catalog.mso.census.gov>.

American FactFinder®. American FactFinder (AFF) is the system that presents, via the Internet, comprehensive data from Census 2000 and other Census Bureau data programs. Reference materials about the data, including subject and geographic glossaries, are included. In addition, AFF presents reference maps, which provide boundaries and features for the requested geography, and thematic maps, which offer data in a map presentation.

All data and all geography available in the Census 2000 Summary Files are accessible through AFF. FactFinder is available through the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov) or from factfinder.census.gov.

Technical Documentation. Technical documentation includes an abstract, a how-to-use chapter, the table layouts, the summary level sequence chart, the subject and geographic glossaries, accuracy of the data, and the data dictionary. CD-ROM and DVD products include the relevant technical documentation file on the disc. Technical documentation for files released on CD-ROM/DVD is also available on the Web site at <http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/>.

SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

U.S. Census Bureau. Census 2000 CD-ROM and DVD products are available through the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center. These can be ordered via e-commerce from the Census Catalog at <https://catalog.mso.census.gov/> or by telephoning Customer Services at 301-763-4636.

The Census Bureau also has an active customer information program in each of its 12 regions. This program, called the Partnership and Data Services (PDS) program, provides information about Census Bureau statistics and offers training and assistance to data users. The Partnership and Data Services specialists in the Census Bureau's 12 Regional Offices answer thousands of questions each year. State coverage for each region as well as contact information is available at <http://www.census.gov/contacts/www/c-regoff.html>.

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO). The GPO (www.gpo.gov) handles the sale of most of the federal government's publications, including Census 2000 reports. For the current information on ordering publications from GPO, see <http://bookstore.gpo.gov/prf/ordinfo.html>.

State Data Centers. The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. State Data Centers (SDCs) offer publications for reference, specially prepared reports, maps, other

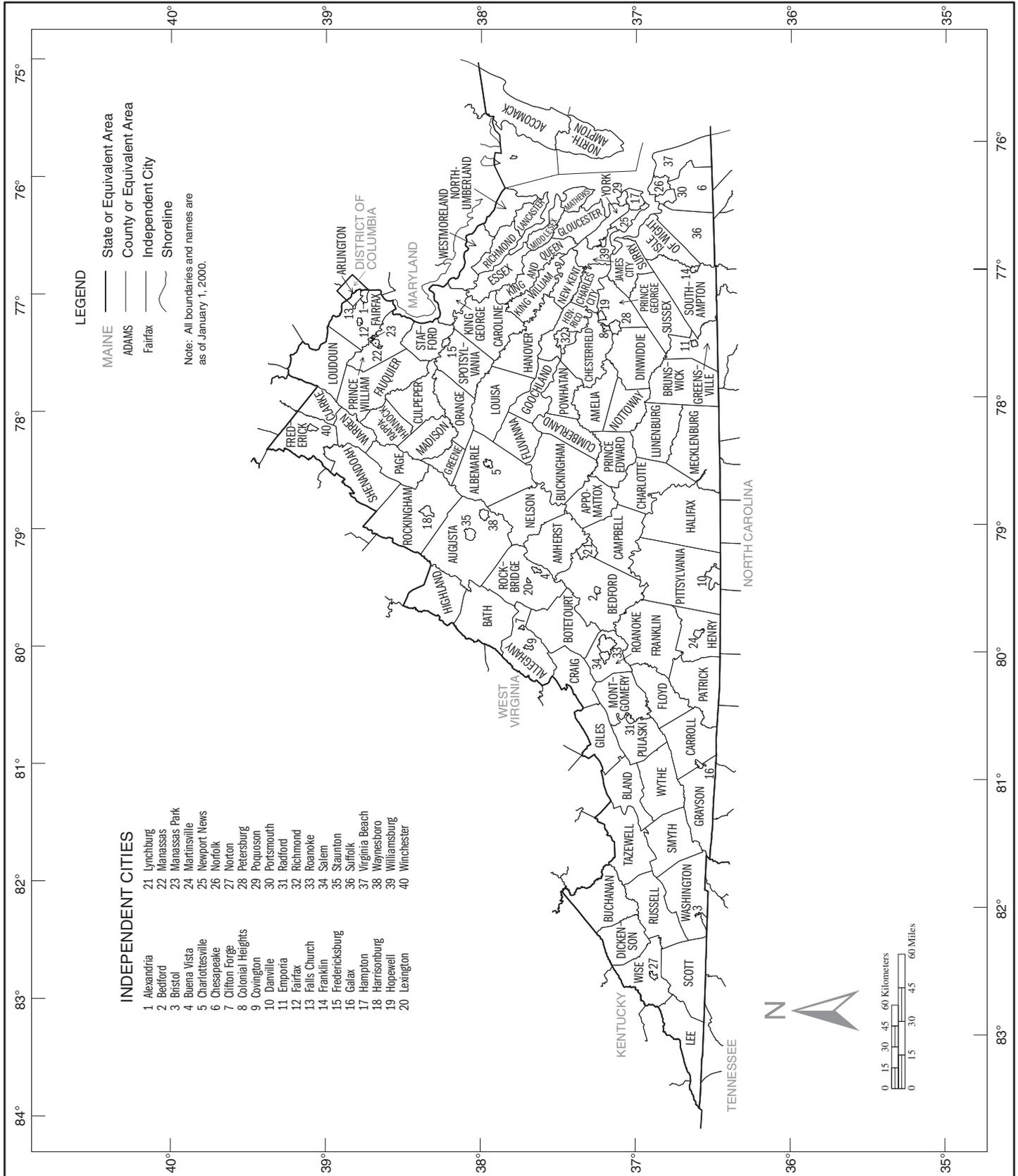
products, and assistance to data users. A component of the program is the Business and Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program, which supports the business community by expanding SDC services to government, academic, and nonprofit organizations that directly serve businesses. For a list of SDC/BIDCs, including their services and their Web sites, access <http://www.census.gov/sdc/www/>.

Census Information Centers. The Census Information Center (CIC) program is a cooperative activity between the Census Bureau and national nonprofit organizations representing interests of racial and ethnic communities. The program objective is to make census information and data available to the participating organizations for analysis, policy planning, and for further dissemination through a network of regional and local affiliates. For a listing of the organizations and the contacts, access <http://www.census.gov/clo/www/cic.html>.

The Census Bureau's Customer Liaison Office administers both the SDC and CIC programs. For more information on programs of that office, access <http://www.census.gov/clo/www/clo.html>.

Appendix F. Maps

Counties and Independent Cities

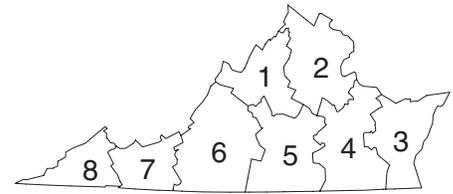


County Subdivision Outline Map Legend and County and Independent City Location Index

Map Legend

	TAMA	American Indian Reservation (State)
	Lumbee	State Designated American Indian Statistical Area
		State
	ERIE	County or Independent City ¹
	YORK	County Subdivision ¹
	ROME	Incorporated Place ¹
	Zena	Census Designated Place ¹
	<i>Lake Erie</i>	Large River, Lake, Water Body, or Shoreline
		A fishhook joins contiguous and/or discontinuous parts of the same geographic entity

Map Sections



¹ A "*" following a place name indicates that the place is coextensive with a separate county subdivision. The county subdivision name is shown only if different than the name of the place. A "°" following a place name indicates that the place is an independent place or independent city. An independent place is not part of any legal county subdivision and thus serves as the statistical equivalent of a legal county subdivision. An independent city is not part of any county or legal county subdivision and thus serves as both the statistical equivalent of a county and a legal county subdivision. The name for the county subdivision is always the same as that of the place and never shown separately on the map.

Note: All legal boundaries and names are as of January 1, 2000. Where state, county, and/or county subdivision boundaries coincide, the map shows the boundary symbol for the highest level of these geographic entities. The county boundary is always shown. Where a county subdivision boundary coincides with a place boundary, the map does not show the place boundary symbol. Any geographic entity name may include '(pt.)' if some portion of the entity extends beyond the limits of the map area displayed on the page, or if multiple discontinuous pieces of the entity have been discretely labeled on the page. A geographic entity name may include '(pts.)' if many discontinuous pieces exist for that entity that cannot be discretely labeled. The boundaries shown on this map are for Census Bureau statistical data collection and tabulation purposes only; their depiction and designation for statistical purposes does not constitute a determination of jurisdictional authority or rights of ownership or entitlement.

County and Independent City Location Index

This list presents the reference coordinates for each county and independent city on the county subdivision outline map. Map section numbers refer to the county subdivision outline maps only.

COUNTY/ INDEPENDENT CITY	MAP SEC	MAP REF	COUNTY/ INDEPENDENT CITY	MAP SEC	MAP REF	COUNTY/ INDEPENDENT CITY	MAP SEC	MAP REF
Accomack.....	3	LJ-CP	Chesterfield.....	4	KY-CR	Gloucester.....	3	LE-CR
Albemarle.....	1	KS-CN	Clarke.....	2	KW-CH	Goochland.....	5	KW-CP
Alexandria.....	2	LB-CJ	Clifton Forge.....	6	KL-CP	Grayson.....	7	KC-CW
Alleghany.....	6	KJ-CP	Colonial Heights.....	4	KZ-CS	Greene.....	1	KT-CM
Amelia.....	5	KW-CR	Covington.....	6	KK-CP	Greensville.....	4	KY-CV
Amherst.....	6	KP-CQ	Craig.....	6	KI-CR	Halifax.....	5	KQ-CV
Appomattox.....	5	KR-CR	Culpeper.....	2	KW-CL	Hampton.....	3	LG-CT
Arlington.....	2	LB-CI	Cumberland.....	5	KU-CQ	Hanover.....	4	KZ-CP
Augusta.....	1	KP-CN	Danville.....	6	KN-CW	Harrisonburg.....	1	KQ-CL
Bath.....	6	KL-CN	Dickenson.....	8	JV-CT	Henrico.....	4	KZ-CQ
Bedford.....	6	KM-CR	Dinwiddie.....	4	KY-CT	Henry.....	6	KK-CV
Bedford.....	6	KM-CS	Emporia.....	4	KY-CV	Highland.....	1	KM-CL
Bland.....	7	KD-CT	Essex.....	4	LC-CO	Hopewell.....	4	LA-CS
Botetourt.....	6	KL-CQ	Fairfax.....	2	LA-CI	Isle of Wight.....	4	LD-CU
Bristol.....	8	JX-CW	Fairfax.....	2	LA-CI	James City.....	3	LD-CS
Brunswick.....	5	KW-CV	Fairfax.....	2	LA-CI	King George.....	2	LB-CM
Buchanan.....	8	JX-CS	Falls Church.....	2	LA-CI	King William.....	4	LB-CP
Buckingham.....	5	KS-CQ	Fauquier.....	2	KX-CJ	King and Queen.....	4	LC-CP
Buena Vista.....	6	KN-CP	Floyd.....	6	KH-CU	Lancaster.....	3	LF-CP
Campbell.....	6	KP-CS	Fluvanna.....	1	KU-CO	Lee.....	8	JR-CV
Caroline.....	2	KZ-CN	Franklin.....	4	LC-CV	Lexington.....	6	KN-CP
Carroll.....	7	KF-CV	Franklin.....	6	KK-CU	Loudoun.....	2	KY-CH
Charles City.....	4	LB-CR	Frederick.....	2	KU-CG	Louisa.....	2	KW-CO
Charlotte.....	5	KS-CT	Fredericksburg.....	2	KZ-CM	Lunenburg.....	5	KU-CU
Charlottesville.....	1	KT-CN	Galax.....	7	KE-CW	Lynchburg.....	6	KO-CR
Chesapeake.....	3	LG-CV	Giles.....	7	KF-CS	Madison.....	2	KU-CL

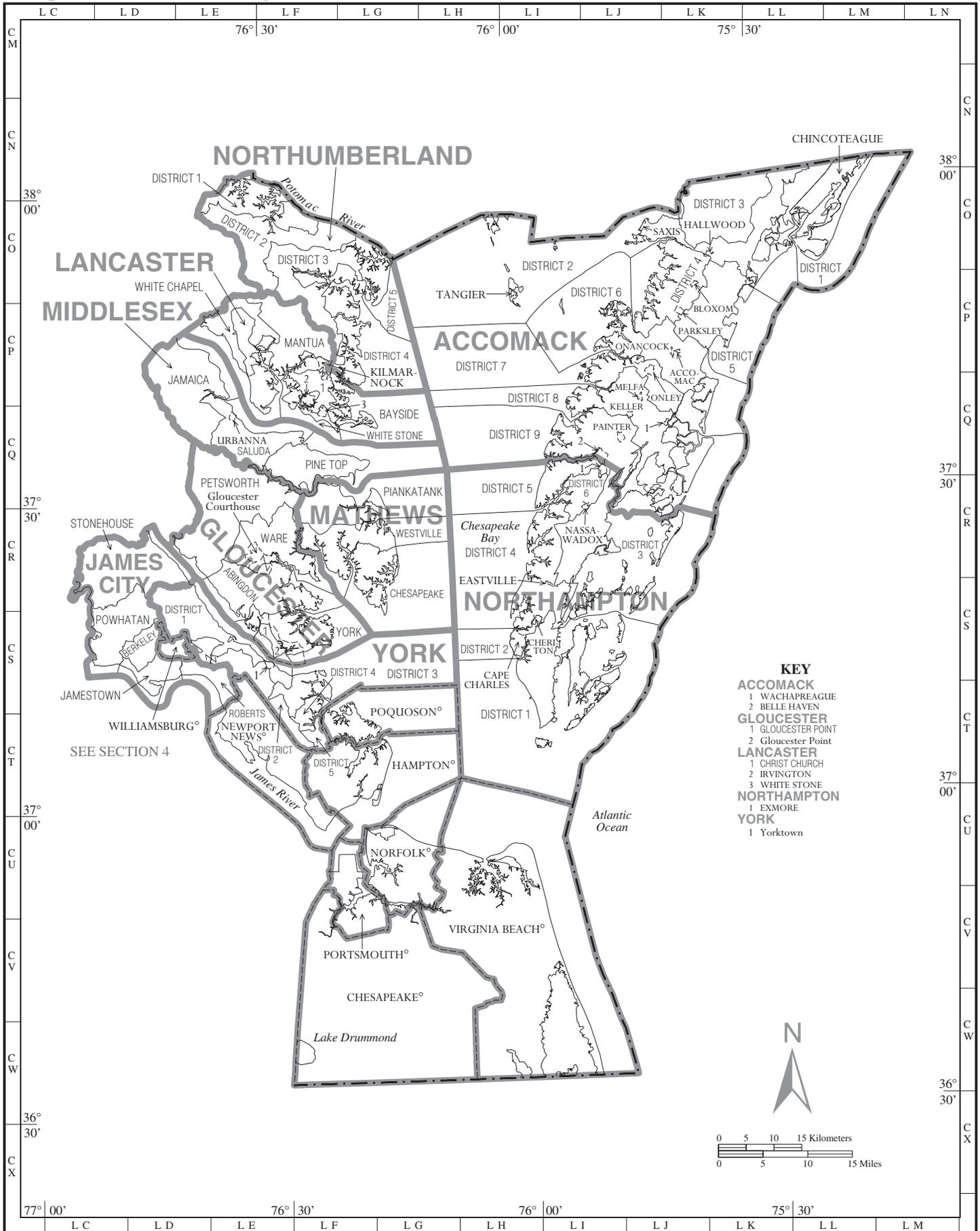
County Subdivision Outline Map Legend and County and Independent City Location Index

COUNTY/ INDEPENDENT CITY	MAP SEC	MAP REF	COUNTY/ INDEPENDENT CITY	MAP SEC	MAP REF
<i>Manassas</i>	2	KZ-CJ	<i>Winchester</i>	2	KU-CG
<i>Manassas Park</i>	2	KZ-CJ	<i>Wise</i>	8	JU-CU
<i>Martinsville</i>	6	KK-CV	<i>Wythe</i>	7	KD-CU
<i>Mathews</i>	3	LG-CR	<i>York</i>	3	LF-CS
<i>Mecklenburg</i>	5	KT-CV			
<i>Middlesex</i>	3	LE-CQ			
<i>Montgomery</i>	6	KH-CS			
<i>Nelson</i>	5	KQ-CP			
<i>New Kent</i>	4	LC-CQ			
<i>Newport News</i>	3	LE-CT			
<i>Norfolk</i>	3	LG-CU			
<i>Northampton</i>	3	LI-CS			
<i>Northumberland</i>	3	LF-CO			
<i>Norton</i>	8	JU-CU			
<i>Nottoway</i>	5	KV-CT			
<i>Orange</i>	2	KV-CM			
<i>Page</i>	1	KT-CK			
<i>Patrick</i>	6	KI-CV			
<i>Petersburg</i>	4	KZ-CS			
<i>Pittsylvania</i>	6	KN-CV			
<i>Poquoson</i>	3	LG-CT			
<i>Portsmouth</i>	3	LF-CU			
<i>Powhatan</i>	5	KW-CQ			
<i>Prince Edward</i>	5	KT-CS			
<i>Prince George</i>	4	LA-CS			
<i>Prince William</i>	2	KZ-CJ			
<i>Pulaski</i>	7	KF-CT			
<i>Radford</i>	6	KG-CT			
<i>Rappahannock</i>	2	KV-CJ			
<i>Richmond</i>	4	LD-CO			
<i>Richmond</i>	4	KZ-CQ			
<i>Roanoke</i>	6	KK-CS			
<i>Roanoke</i>	6	KJ-CS			
<i>Rockbridge</i>	6	KN-CP			
<i>Rockingham</i>	1	KQ-CK			
<i>Russell</i>	8	JX-CU			
<i>Salem</i>	6	KJ-CS			
<i>Scott</i>	8	JU-CV			
<i>Shenandoah</i>	1	KS-CI			
<i>Smyth</i>	7	KA-CU			
<i>Southampton</i>	4	LB-CV			
<i>Spotsylvania</i>	2	KY-CM			
<i>Stafford</i>	2	KZ-CL			
<i>Staunton</i>	1	KP-CN			
<i>Suffolk</i>	4	LE-CV			
<i>Surry</i>	4	LC-CT			
<i>Sussex</i>	4	LA-CU			
<i>Tazewell</i>	7	KA-CT			
<i>Virginia Beach</i>	3	LH-CV			
<i>Warren</i>	2	KU-CI			
<i>Washington</i>	8	JY-CV			
<i>Waynesboro</i>	1	KQ-CN			
<i>Westmoreland</i>	4	LD-CN			
<i>Williamsburg</i>	3	LD-CS			

American Indian Areas, Counties, Counties Subdivisions, and Other Places – Section 2



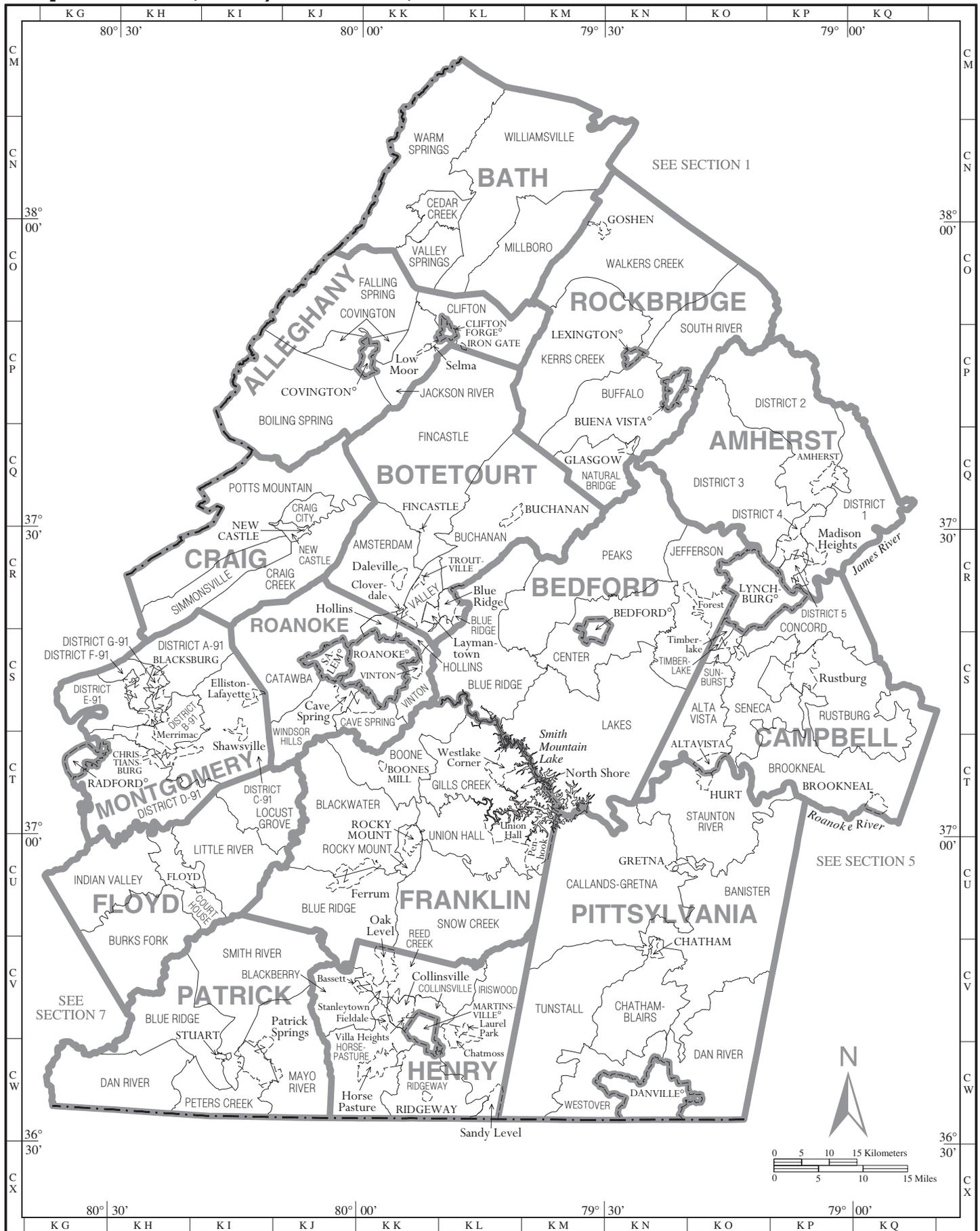
American Indian Areas, Counties, Counties Subdivisions, and Other Places – Section 3



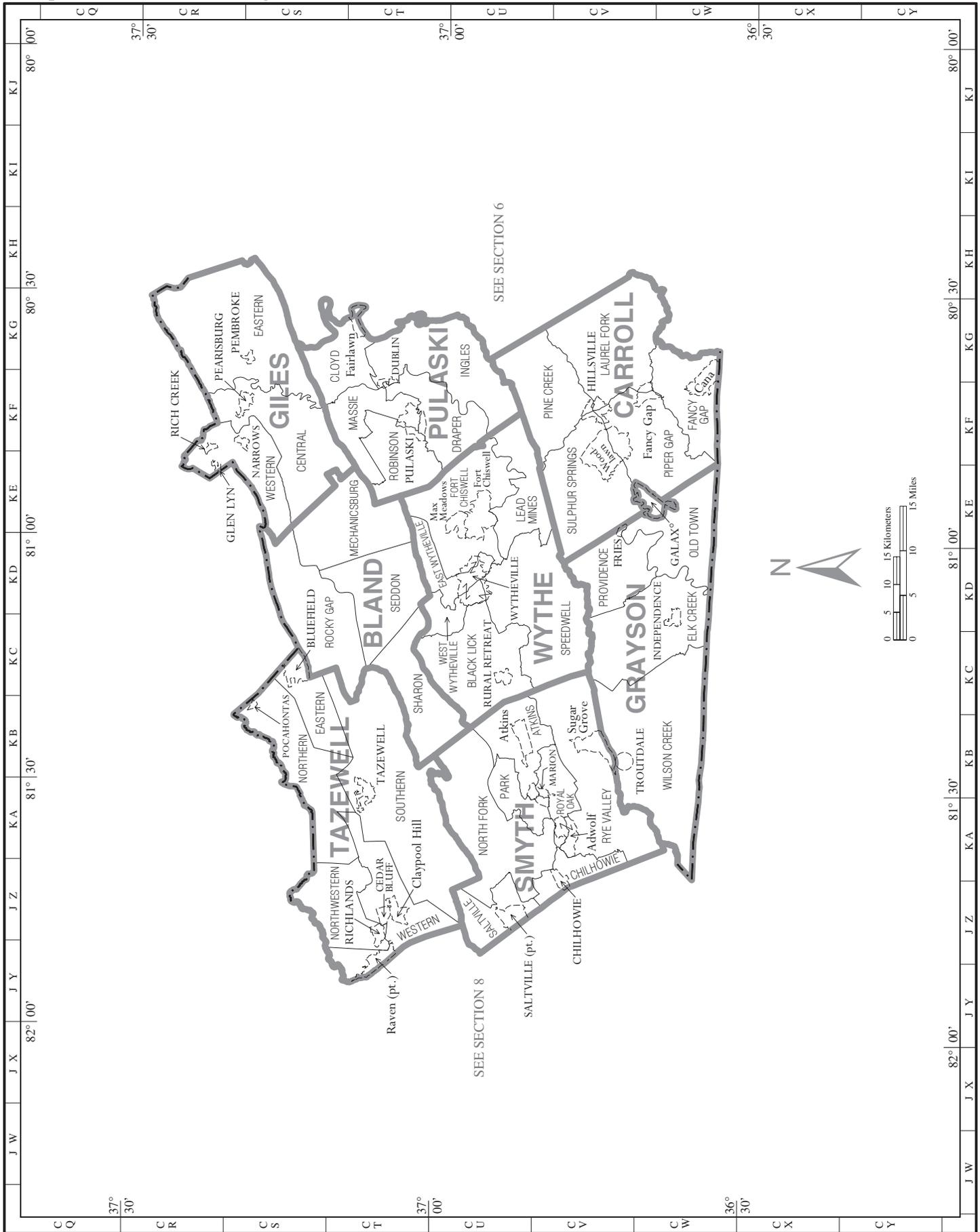
American Indian Areas, Counties, Independent Cities, County Subdivisions, and Other Places – Section 5



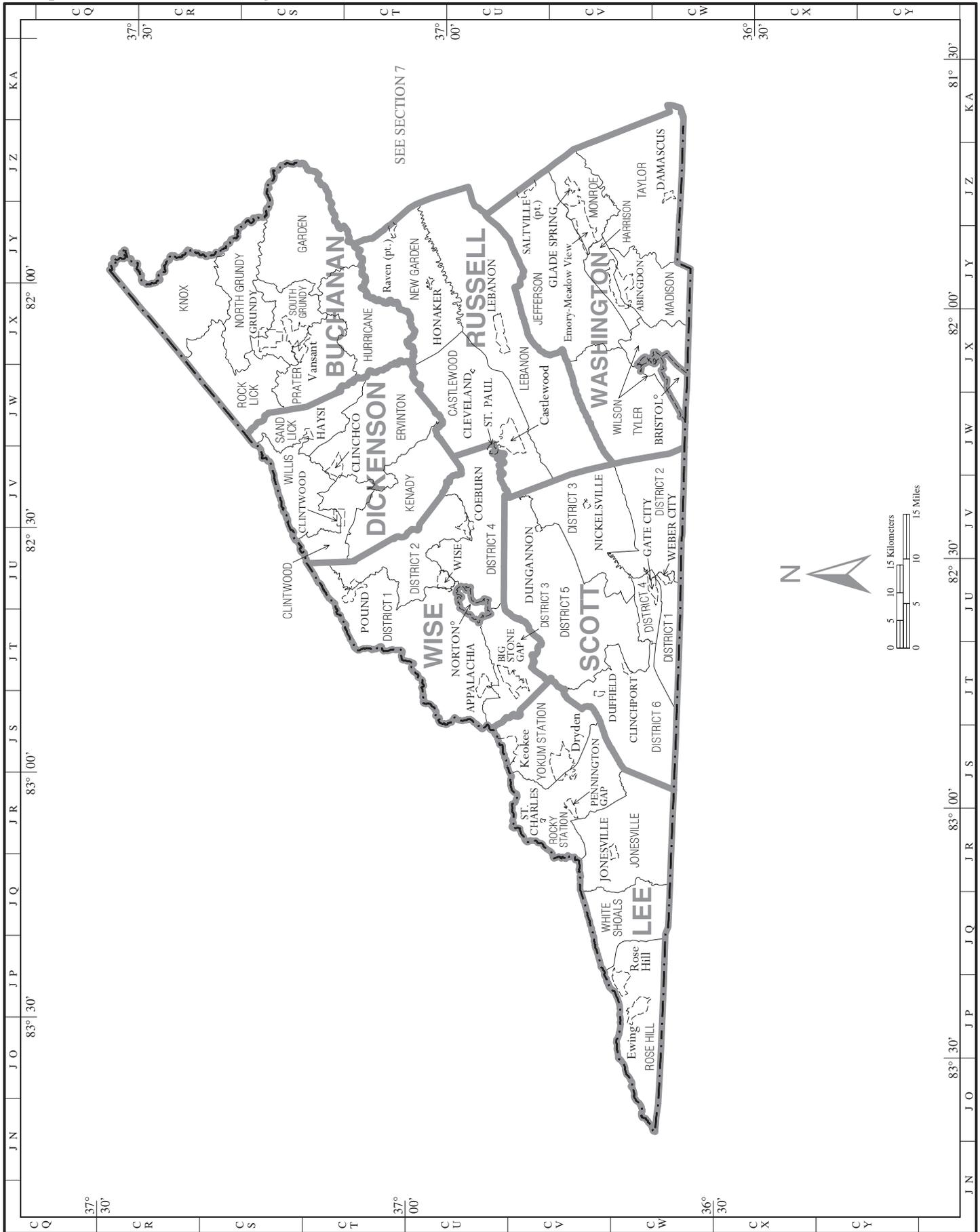
American Indian Areas, Counties, Counties Subdivisions, and Other Places – Section 6



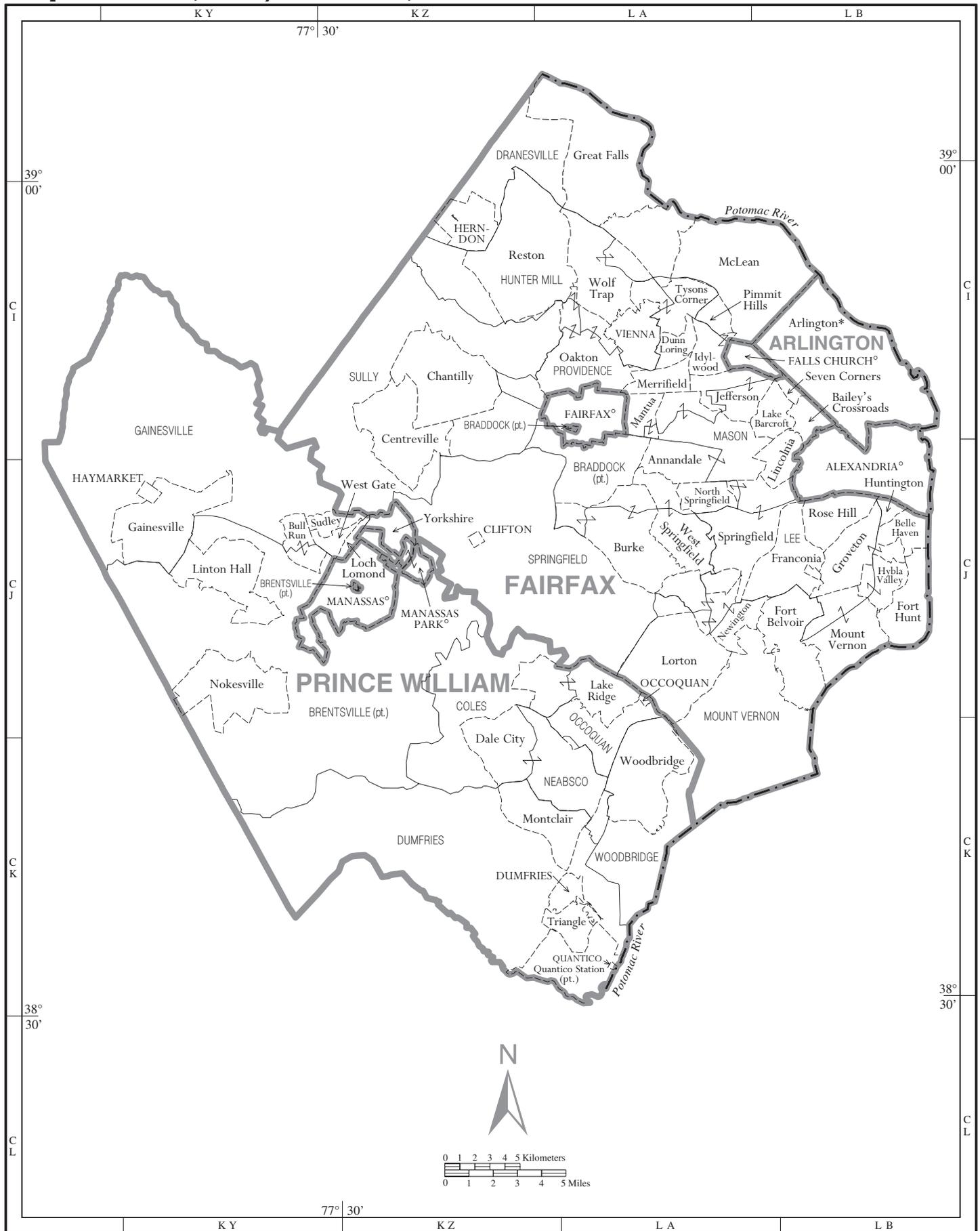
American Indian Areas, Counties, Independent Cities, County Subdivisions, and Other Places - Section 7



American Indian Areas, Counties, Independent Cities, County Subdivisions, and Other Places - Section 8



American Indian Areas, Counties, Independent Cities, County Subdivisions, and Other Places – Inset A



Appendix G.

Accuracy of the Data

MASTER ADDRESS FILE AND ENUMERATION PROCEDURES

The majority of addresses in the United States are in what is known for census purposes as the mailout/mailback area, which in general consists of areas with predominantly city-style mailing addresses. The original source of addresses on the Master Address File (MAF) for the mailout/mailback areas was the 1990 Census address file, the Address Control File (ACF). The first update to the ACF addresses is a U.S. Postal Service (USPS) Delivery Sequence File (DSF) of addresses. The November 1997, September 1998, November 1999, and April 2000 DSFs were incorporated into the MAF.

Until shortly before the census, the ACF addresses and the November 1997 and September 1998 residential DSF addresses constituted the MAF. These addresses were tested against Census Bureau geographic information to determine their location at the census block level. The geographic information is maintained in the Census Bureau's Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding Referencing (TIGER®) system. When an address on the MAF can be uniquely matched to the address range in TIGER® for a street segment that forms one of the boundaries of a particular block, the address is said to be geocoded to that block. Valid and geocoded addresses appeared on each address list used for a field operation.

The Block Canvass operation was the next major address list operation in the mailout/mailback areas for Census 2000, taking place in January through May 1999. There was a 100-percent canvass of every block. Every geocoded address was printed in a block-by-block address register, and Block Canvassing listers identified the addresses as verified as a housing unit (with possible corrections to the address); a delete (no such address); a duplicate, implying the unit exists elsewhere on the list with a different, unmatchable designation, such as a different street name or building name; uninhabitable; or nonresidential.

Occurring in approximately the same time frame as Block Canvassing was a cooperative address list check with local governmental units throughout the country, called Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) 98. In LUCA 98, the participating governmental units received an address list and were asked for input mostly on added units but also on deleted units and corrected street names or directionals. The outcome of this operation was similar to that of Block Canvassing; units were added to and deleted from blocks, and address corrections were made.

The Decennial Master Address File (DMAF) was created in July 1999. This was the file used for printing most of the Census 2000 questionnaires. In the mailout/mailback areas, the operations that had yielded housing units and their status before this initial printing stage were the ACF, the November 1997 DSF, the September 1998 DSF, LUCA 98, and Block Canvassing.

Following the creation of the initial DMAF, there were updates to the DMAF. Addresses were added by the November 1999, February 2000, and April 2000 DSFs. Address update operations that occurred subsequent to the creation of the initial DMAF were the LUCA 98 field verification and appeal processes. Units receiving a conflicting status from the Block Canvassing and the LUCA 98 operation were sent for field verification by the Census Bureau; the results of the field verification were sent to the governmental units. At this stage the governmental unit could appeal the Census Bureau's findings for particular units. At an appeal, the Census Bureau and the governmental unit submitted their evidence of the status of a housing unit for independent review, and a ruling was issued. Both the field verification and the appeal process had the potential to change the status of a housing unit.

A final operation in mailout/mailback areas that added addresses before Census Day was the New Construction operation, another cooperative effort with participating governmental units. This operation used governmental units' local knowledge to identify new housing units in February and March of 2000.

After mailout/mailback, the second most common method of questionnaire delivery was update/leave. The address list for update/leave areas was constructed during a Census Bureau field operation called Address Listing rather than from the ACF and DSF, because the addresses are primarily noncity-style. Census employees were sent to the field with maps of their assignment areas and were instructed to record the city-style address, noncity-style address or location description, or possibly some combination of the above, for every housing unit. In addition, the location of the unit was noted on the census map with what is known as a map spot. This operation took place in the fall of 1998.

At the completion of the processing of the address listing data, it was possible to tabulate the number of housing units in each block. Because the housing units in these areas may have non-standard mailing addresses and may be recorded in census files solely with a location description, the governmental units participating in the local review operation in these areas were sent lists of housing unit counts by block. This operation was called LUCA 99. When the LUCA 99 participant disagreed with a Census block count, that block was sent out for LUCA 99 recanvassing, in which census employees were redeployed to make updates to the address list. There was also a LUCA 99 appeal process for settling housing unit status discrepancies, which has the potential to add units to the address list. The LUCA 99 recanvassing and LUCA 99 appeal process took place at various times during the updating of the DMAF. Most of the LUCA 99 entities had their recanvassing results processed before creation of the initial DMAF, but many did not. There were DMAF updates designed specifically for getting late recanvassing and appeal results added into the census files in time for USPS delivery of a questionnaire.

The last address list-building operation in the update/leave areas was the Update/Leave operation itself. This operation was responsible for having a census questionnaire hand-delivered at every housing unit. In the process the MAF and the maps were updated.

In the most remote areas of the United States, the housing units were listed at the time of Census 2000 as the persons within them were enumerated. These operations were called List/Enumerate and Remote Alaska enumeration. This was the only source of addresses in these areas. All housing units were map spotted at the time of enumeration.

For some other regions of the country, where the address list had already been created, it was thought that an enumeration of the population would be more successful than mailback of the forms. Here an update/enumerate operation was instituted. There are two types of update/enumerate areas. The urban areas had passed through all the mailout/mailback operations up through the point of the creation of the initial DMAF, and the rural areas had passed through Address Listing, and sometimes LUCA 99, by the time of the creation of the initial DMAF. Because of these separate paths taken, it was necessary to distinguish between the urban and rural update/enumerate areas.

Another special enumeration is urban update/leave, which took place in areas where mail delivery was considered to be problematic. The addresses had passed through all the operations of the mailout/mailback areas up through the creation of the initial DMAF, but the area was visited by enumerators during the census, and, therefore, additions, deletions, and corrections to the address list were made.

People who did not receive a questionnaire at their house could submit a Be Counted Form, or they could call Telephone Questionnaire Assistance and have their information collected over the phone. Addresses from these operations that did not match those already on the DMAF were visited in a Field Verification operation to determine if they exist. Verified addresses were added to the address list.

One more source of information about housing units listed on the DMAF is the Nonresponse Follow-up (NRFU) operation. During NRFU, enumerators follow up on units that had not returned a

preaddressed census form. Units in NRFU can possibly be deleted or deemed vacant. At the same time, units that do not appear on the address list or maps could be added and enumerated concurrently. This operation occurs in mailout/mailback, update/leave, and urban update/leave areas.

SERVICE-BASED ENUMERATION

Service-Based Enumeration (SBE) was designed to account for persons without usual residence that use service facilities (i.e., shelters, soup kitchens, and mobile food vans). Only people using the service facility on the interview day were enumerated. In addition, people enumerated in targeted nonshelter outdoor locations and persons without usual residence that filed Be-Counted Forms (BCF) augmented the SBE count. The final total was included in the total population. This component of the enumeration should *not* be interpreted as a complete count of the homeless population.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

The Census Bureau has modified some data in this data release to protect confidentiality. Title 13, United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual's data can be identified.

The Census Bureau's internal Disclosure Review Board sets the confidentiality rules for all data releases. A checklist approach is used to ensure that all potential risks to the confidentiality of the data are considered and addressed. Questions about confidentiality may be addressed to: webmaster@census.gov Attention Policy.

Title 13, United States Code

Title 13 of the United States Code authorizes the Census Bureau to conduct censuses and surveys. Section 9 of the same Title requires that any information collected from the public under the authority of Title 13 be maintained as confidential. Section 214 of Title 13 and Sections 3559 and 3571 of Title 18 of the United States Code provide for the imposition of penalties of up to 5 years in prison and up to \$250,000 in fines for wrongful disclosure of confidential census information.

Disclosure Limitation

Disclosure limitation is the process for protecting the confidentiality of data. A disclosure of data occurs when someone can use published statistical information to identify an individual that has provided information under a pledge of confidentiality. Using disclosure limitation procedures, the Census Bureau modifies or removes the characteristics that put confidential information at risk for disclosure. Although it may appear that a table shows information about a specific individual, the Census Bureau has taken steps to disguise the original data while making sure the results are still useful.

Data Swapping

Data swapping is a method of disclosure limitation designed to protect confidentiality in tables of frequency data (the number or percentage of the population with certain characteristics). Data swapping is done by editing the source data or exchanging records for a sample of cases when creating a table. A sample of households is selected and matched on a set of selected key variables with households in neighboring geographic areas that have similar characteristics (such as the same number of adults and same number of children). Because the swap often occurs within a neighboring area, there is no effect on the marginal totals for the area or for totals that include data from multiple areas. Because of data swapping, users should not assume that tables with cells having a value of one or two reveal information about specific individuals.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as Census 2000, human- and computer-related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include not enumerating every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Census Bureau attempts to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted to control this error in Census 2000. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the Census 2000 evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Types of Nonsampling Error

Nonresponse. Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire or the failure to obtain any information for a housing unit allows for the introduction of bias into the data because the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect these differences either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. Characteristics for the nonresponses were imputed by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

Respondent and enumerator error. The person answering the mail questionnaire for a household or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error. Although the question wording was extensively tested in several experimental studies prior to the census, the mail respondent may overlook or misunderstand a question, or answer a question in a way that cannot be interpreted correctly by the data capture system. The enumerator may also misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent, may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household, or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control problems such as these with the field enumeration, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by each enumerator was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated data being submitted by an enumerator.

Processing error. The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires completed by enumerators included field review by the crew leader, check-in, and transmittal of completed questionnaires. No field reviews were done on the mail return questionnaires for this census. Error may also be introduced by the misinterpretation of data by the data capture system or the failure to capture all the information that the respondents or enumerators provided on the forms. Write-in entries go through coding operations, which may also be a source of processing error in the data. Many of the various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a number of quality assurance and quality control checks to help ensure their accurate application.

Reduction of Nonsampling Error

To reduce various types of nonsampling errors, a number of techniques were implemented during the planning, development of the mailing address list, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. A reinterview program was implemented to minimize the errors in the data collection phase for enumerator-filled questionnaires.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1990 census and results from the Census 2000 testing cycle.

- Be Counted questionnaires, unaddressed forms requesting all short form items, plus a few additional items were available in public locations for people who believed they were not otherwise counted.

-
- An introductory letter was sent to all mailout/mailback addresses and many addresses in update/leave areas prior to the mailing of the census form. A reminder postcard was also sent to these addresses.
 - Forms in Spanish or other languages were mailed to those who requested them by returning the introductory letter.
 - A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available to answer questions about the forms. Also, responses of households who had received a short form could be taken over the phone.
 - Under the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, many local governments had the opportunity to address specific concerns about the accuracy and completeness of the Master Address File before mailings began.

Resolving Multiple Responses

With multiple ways for people to initiate their enumeration, as well as the field follow-up operations, it was very likely that some people would be enumerated more than once. A special computer process was implemented to control the extent of this type of nonsampling error by resolving situations where more than one form was received from an address. The process consisted of several steps. Addresses that had more than one viable return were analyzed. Housing data from one form were chosen as the housing data to use in subsequent census processing. Within each of these addresses, comparisons of the person records on each return were made against the person records on the other returns at the same address. People found to have been included on two or more different returns were marked as such, and only one of the person records was used in subsequent processing.

IMPUTING HOUSING UNIT STATUS AND POPULATION COUNTS

Following the completion of all data collection activities for Census 2000, a computer file of census housing units was created. For some housing units, information about whether the housing unit was occupied, vacant, or nonexistent was not available. These housing units were defined as “unclassified.” Unclassified housing units were assigned a housing unit status of occupied, vacant, or nonexistent by assigning the status of a nearby housing unit to the unclassified unit. Additionally, the number of persons living in some housing units known to be occupied was unknown. Housing units with unknown population were assigned the population count of a nearby occupied housing unit. All other data for these housing units was assigned via substitution or allocation during the editing of unacceptable data described in the next section.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation was to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. In a major change from past practice, the information on Census 2000 questionnaires generally was not edited during field data collection nor during data capture operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Enumerator-filled questionnaires were reviewed by census crew leaders and local office clerks for adherence to specified procedures. No clerical review of mail return questionnaires was done to ensure that the information on the form could be data captured, nor were households contacted as in previous censuses to collect data that were missing from census returns.

Most census questionnaires received by mail from respondents as well as those filled by enumerators were processed through a new contractor-built image scanning system that used optical mark and character recognition to convert the responses into computer files. The optical character recognition, or OCR, process used several pattern and context checks to estimate accuracy thresholds for each write-in field. The system also used “soft edits” on most interpreted numeric write-in responses to decide whether the field values read by the machine interpretation were acceptable. If the value read had a lower than acceptable accuracy threshold or was outside of the soft edit range, the image of the item was displayed to a keyer, who then entered the response.

To control the creation of possibly erroneous people from questionnaires completed incorrectly or containing stray marks, an edit on the number of people indicated on each mail return and enumerator-filled questionnaire was implemented as part of the data capture system. Failure of this edit resulted in the review of the questionnaire image at a workstation by an operator, that identified erroneous person records and corrected OCR interpretation errors in the population count field.

At Census Bureau headquarters, the mail response data records were subjected to a computer edit that identified households exhibiting a possible coverage problem and those with more than six household members—the maximum number of persons who could be enumerated on a mail questionnaire. Attempts were made to contact these households on the telephone to correct the count inconsistency and to collect the census data for those people for whom there was no room on the questionnaire.

Incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaire data records was assigned acceptable values using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person on that item is inconsistent with other information for that person. This process is known as allocation. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person that was consistent with entries for persons with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data. Allocation rates for census items are made available with the published census data.

Another way corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for people in a household. When there was an indication that a household was occupied by a specified number of people, but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household of the same size was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. Housing characteristics are not substituted. Table H18 in Summary File 1, Occupied Housing Units Substituted, represents a count of occupied housing units into which all persons have been substituted.

Appendix H.

Acknowledgments

The Office of the Associate Director for Decennial Census, **John H. Thompson**, Associate Director for Decennial Census; **Preston Jay Waite**, Assistant Director for Decennial Census; **Carolee Bush**, **Mimi L. Born**, Special Assistants; **Oscar G. Farah**, Decennial Systems Architecture and Integration Manager; **Robert Fay**, Senior Mathematical Statistician; **William Bell**, Senior Mathematical Statistician for Small Area Estimation; **Elizabeth Martin**, Senior Researcher for Survey Methodology.

Gloria Gutierrez, Assistant Director for Marketing and Customer Liaison; **LaVerne V. Collins**, Assistant to the Associate Director for Communications; **Kenneth C. Meyer**, Special Assistant, Office of the Associate Director for Communications.

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Lawrence Bates, Constance Beard, Richard Birdsong, Ronald Blake, Gerard Boudriault, Kaile Bower, Bob Brown, Calvin Brown, John Byle, Gerald Coleman, Tracy Corder, Michael DeGennaro, Charles Dingman, Leo Dougherty, David Earles, Anita Easter, Amy Fischer, Deanna Fowler, Carol Gleason, Tammi Gorsak, Michael Hackelton, Kevin Holmes, Ruth Johnson, Stephen Jones, Mark Kueck, Sean Kinn, Quinn Lee, Carl Leggieri, Rhonda Levi, Alan Longshore, Joseph Marinucci, Joan Meiller, Carol Muscia, Kimberly Newkirk, Michael Niosi, Linda Orsini, Vincent Osier, Brian Osterloh, Nick Padfield, Linda Pike, Lourdes Ramirez, Patricia Ream, Anne Richards, Barbara Rosen, Janemary Rosenson, Ricardo Ruiz, Barbara Saville, Jeffrey Schneider, Brian Scott, Stephanie Spahlinger, Jay Spurlin, Dorothy Stroz, Brian Swanhart, David Tarr, William Thompson, Angela Thornton, Timothy Trainor, Jaime Turner, Meade Turner, Michael Van Dyke, Scott Wilcox, Donna Zorn. Other Contributors: **David Alexander, Patricia Angus, Brian Beck, Frederick Broome, John Brown, Anthony Costanzo, Raymond Craig, Paul Daisey, Robert Damario, Beverly Davis, Sonya DeSha-Hill, Dorothea Donahue, Scott Fifield, Andy Flora, Gerald Furner, Randy Fusaro, Leslie Godwin, John Liadis, Paul Manka, John McKay, Victor Meiller, Gwendolyn McLaughlin, Lornell Parks, James Pender, Al Pfeiffer, Rose Quarato, Danielle Ringstrom, Carl Sanders, George Sarkees, Joel Sobel, Daniel Sweeney, Dan Todd, Charles Whittington.**

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The Public Information Office, **Maury Cagle**, Chief. Other Contributors: **Sharon Anderson, Angela Baker, Chris Baumgartner, Mike Bergman, Robert Bernstein, George Boyd, Patti Buscher, Catherine Childress, Renee Clagett, Noel Clay, Danielle Conceicao, Debra Corbett, Pauline Cornellier, Cat Crusan, Robin Davis, Darlene Dickens, Mary Dolezuchowicz, Pat Dunton, Karen Epp, Joe Forte, Mike Freeman, Fred Gatlin, Gerri Griffith, Kara Haley, Barbara Hatchl, David Hoffman, Bonnie Hopper, Danny Johnson, Dwight Johnson, Schere Johnson-Jordan, Ellie Juergens, Lucille Larkin, Debbie Law, Mark Mangold, Eileen Marra, Suzanne Moret, Mike Morgan, Linda Nancarrow, Bryan Niemiec, Ruth Osborne, James Pasierb, Mary Pelzer, Rick Reed, Victor Romero, Bey-Ling Sha, Barbara Soule, Mary G. Thomas, Beverly Thompson, Donna Tillery, Neil Tillman, Mark Tolbert, III, Gene Vandrovec, Jeanne Waples, Tom Webster, Everett Whiteley, Janet Wooding, J. Paul Wyatt, Kevin Younes.**

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The Systems Support Division, **Robert G. Munsey**; Contributors: **Paul Friday, Cary Bean.**

The Field Division, **Marvin D. Raines**, Associate Director for Field Division; **Carol Van Horn**, Assistant to the Associate Director for Field Operations; **Michael Weiler**, Special Assistant to the Associate Director for Field Operations; **L. Diane Bennett**, Special Assistant to the Associate

Director for Field Operations; **Brian Monaghan**, Lead Assistant Division Chief, Censuses; **Janet Cummings**, Assistant Division Chief, Budget, Management, and Oversight; **Gail Leithauser**, Assistant Division Chief, Geography and Data Collection; **Richard Blass**, Assistant Division Chief for Evaluation and Research; **Mark Taylor**, Assistant Division Chief for Payroll Processing. Special Assistant for Space and Logistics: **Hugh Brennan**, **Jim Steed**. Branch Chiefs, Staff Chiefs, and Team Leaders: **Michael Thieme**, **Harold Hayes**, **Brenda August**, **Miriam Balutis**, **Jennifer Jones**, **Nola Krasko**, **Jan Jaworski**, **Karen Seebold**, **Pamela White**, **Dwight Osbourn**, **Bill Phalen**, **Isabelle McCants**, **Nancy Jones**, **Fred Borsa**, **Tim Devine**, **Gerald Brooke**, **Mike Stump**, **Clif Taylor**, **Cheryl Querry**, **Maisha Strozier**, **Geraldine Burt**, **Sandra Lucas**, **Dennis Van Langen**, **Karen Field**, **David McCormack**, **John Donnelly**, **Kathy Wimbish**, **Sharon Schoch**, **Jeanne Benetti**, **Peter Sefton**, **Alicia Morris**, **Sydnee Chattin-Reynolds**, **Diana Harley**, **Bettye Moohn**, **Kim Higginbotham**, **Lorraine Barnett**, **Charles Moore**, **Grailand Hall**. Additional Contributors: **Mary Beth Williams**, **Keisha Wilson**, **Louise Sciukas**, **Alemayehu Bishaw**, **Monsita Hemsley**, **Maxine Judkins**, **Anita Lembo**, **Laura Sewell**, **Kathy Maney**, **Diana Martin**, **Georgina Manley**, **William Bivens**, **Carol Foley**, **Patricia Pace**, **Vicky Glasier**, **Veronica Pollard**, **Todd Gore**, **Stacie Lowe**, **Dorothy Wilson**, **Nancy Radcliffe**, **Shannon Hill**, **Troy Scott**, **Brenda Holmes**, **Orphas Sommerville**, **Thomas Ickes**, **Marcia White**, **Monica Parrott Jones**, **Virginia Zamaitis**, **Lillian Witters**, **Tina Cunningham**, **JoAnne Dewey**, **Chuck Hovland**, **Andrea Sugarman**, **Marcia Thessin**, **Jennifer Weitzel**, **Edwin Shaw**, **Neala Stevens**, **Edith Harvey**, **Charles Tull**, **Rene Toole**, **Richard Rodgers**, **Lori Vehrs**, **Debbie Blizzard**, **Kathleen Garcia**, **Lydia Hartley**, **Theresa Huseman**, **Dayna Jacobs**, **Jennifer Tate**, **Tammie Nelson**, **Samuel Santos**, **Tracy Block**, **Agnes Brown**, **Sandra Hatcher**, **Janice Watson**, **Catherine Valchera**, **Ken Graves**, **Connie Murray**, **Don Halcombe**, **Marilynn Kempf**, **June Lee**, **Anita Bryner**, **Edward Hightower**, **Marietta Johnson**, **Nicole Perrine**, **Russ Roberts**, **Bruce Williams**, **Michelle White**, **Lorraine Helms**, **Wanda Smith**, **Matthew Stewart**, **William Pope**, **Charlene McNeil**, **Sheri Smalls**, **Kathy Belfield**, **Lakrisha Morton**, **Geraldine Mekennon**, **Alvin Osborne**, **Linda Williams**, **Billi Jo Wickstrand**, **Jim Carrier**, **Phyllis Godette**, **Eric Florimon-Reed**, **Kimberly Ross**, **Mary Meadows**, **Gwen Thomas**, **Connie Williams**, **Lu Wood**, **Rosamond Harris**, **Craig Cassidy**, **Raymond Burgess**, **Arlet Aanestad**, **Joyce Boston**, **Yorlunza Brown**, **Elizabeth Squires**, **Gina Winchester**, **Eve Franklin**, **Tiffany Miller**, **Cheryl Banks**, **Maureen Brady**, **Kimberly Hollingsworth**, **Robert Tomassoni**, **Jean Williams**, **Michelle Williams**, **Evette Gomez**, **Warren Drummond**, **Paul Riley**, **Charles Roe**, **Laura Waggoner**, **Ron Whitehead**, **Jim Cawlo**, **Ian Millett**, **Alfonso Zapata**, **Cicely Stinson**, **Marcy Bailey**, **Carolyn Johnson**, **Elaine Neal**, **Elda Robinson**, **Deborah Russell**, **Milicent Stewart**, **Kathy Gaidis**, **Delores Jeter**, **Marilyn Quiles Amaya**, **Ruby Lewis**, **Gary Styles**, **Lillian Wilson**, **Sabrina Yates**, **Latoya Williams**, **Annetta Akins**, **Roger Clark**, **Brian Deevy**, **Charnessa Hanshaw**, **Dennis Hickey**, **Caleb Kriesberg**, **Tom Loo**, **Luis Padilla**, **Julia Williams**.

The Atlanta Regional Census Center, **James F. Holmes**, Regional Director; **Harold K. Wood**, Deputy Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Reginald Bigham**, **Manuel Landivar**, **Sneha Desai**. **Hilda S. Dimmock**, Assistant Regional Census Manager for Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.); **Mary Struebing**, Area Manager (A.C.E.). Area Managers: **Allen Cranford**, **Allen Wells**, **Patrick Graeser**, **Stephanye Stagers-Profit**, **Dorothy Clayton**, **Margaret Kelly**, **Jazmin Mariani**, **Sherri Dickerson**. Regional Recruiters: **Bridgitte Wyche-McGee**, **Teri Henderson**. **Rose Polk**, Administrative Supervisor; **Ann Foster Marriner**, Supervisory Geographer; **Thomas S. Wilkie**, Supervisory Computer Specialist. Geographers: **Franklin Wallace**, **Ralph Rose**, **Nancy Bechler**. Partnership Coordinators: **Mary Love Sanford**, **Danielle Jones**.

The Boston Regional Census Center, **Arthur G. Dukakis**, Regional Director; **Kathleen Ludgate**, Deputy Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Cornelius S. Driscoll**, **David F. Hopkins**, **Bruce Kaminski**. Area Managers: **Marc Brochu**, **Bart Eaton**, **Hector Feliciano**, **Kate Folwell**, **Jack Hickey**, **Bryn K. Johnson**, **Jesse T. Potter**. **Susan Connors**, Administrative Supervisor; **James Cormier**, Automation Supervisor. Partnership Coordinators: **Tia Costello**, **Alfred Smith**. Partnership Team Leaders: **Kathleen Bradley**, **Apryl Edlund-Stith**, **Sixto Escobar**, **Cynthia Jennings**, **Giselle Laffitte**, **Mayra Ramos**, **Adib Sabree**, **Peter Walsh**,

Wanda Wood. Census Recruiters: **Diane Gallagher, John Sumner. Mike Horgan,** Geographic Program Supervisor. A.C.E. Assistant Managers: **Zoi Kalaitzidis, Juan R. Navarro.**

The Charlotte Regional Census Center, **Jess A. Avina,** Assistant Regional Census Manager for Field Operations, Recruiting and Geography. Area Managers for Field Operations: **R. Richard Buchholz, Teresa A. Clifton, Francis S. Collins, Linda S. Pike, Craig S. Pickett, Jeanie W. Presto, D. E. “Doug” Robertson, Vivian D. Roscoe.** Regional Recruiters: **Cynthia W. Beamon, John R. Davis, Robert C. Gabbard. Catherine J. Friedenreich,** Geography Coordinator. Geographers: **Lori L. Boston, Joanna C. Pitsikoulis, David H. Wiggins. E. Wilson Burdorff, Jr.,** Assistant Regional Census Manager for Administration, Automation, and Leasing. **Doreen D. Herod,** Administrative Supervisor; **Jerry W. Helms,** Automation Supervisor; **Lucindia E. ScurryJohnson,** Deputy Regional Director/Partnership. Partnership Coordinators: **E. Victoria Burke, William N. Ward, Jr.** Partnership Team Leaders: **Shirletta Vinson Best, Ronald E. Brown, Doris G. Greene, David J. McMahon, Amy C. Reece, Keith A. Sutton. Dorothy M. Ballard,** Assistant Regional Census Manager for A.C.E. **Rosa H. Little,** Assistant ARCM for A.C.E. Team Supervisors for A.C.E.: **Johnny D. Ledbetter, Deborah A. Martin, Stephanie G. Rogers, Kevin E. Winn. Tammy J. Zimmerman,** Supervisory Computer Specialist for A.C.E.

The Chicago Regional Census Center, **Stanley D. Moore,** Regional Director; **Marilyn Sanders,** Deputy Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Scott Deuel, Marcia Harmon, Gail Krmenech, Tracy Fitch.** Partnership Coordinators: **Marilyn Stephens, Joyce Marks. Richard Townsend,** Recruiting Coordinator; **Andrea Johnson,** Geographic Coordinator. Area Managers: **Monique Buckner, Audrey Iverson, Josiah Johnson, Marcia Maisenbacher, John Shankel, Natosha Thompson, Keith Vasseur, Jamie Whiteman. Laurie Walker,** Assistant A.C.E. Manager. Other Contributors: **Sandra Appler, Christina Flores, Judy Graham, Henry Gray, Dennis Green, Charles Howleit, Kalim Khan, John Koester, Dieter Krause, Toni Pitchford, John Rice, Kathy Yendrek, Steve Adrian, Cathy Armour, Terrill Barnes, Nakia Bartley, Gary Boyer, Barbara Brodsky, Sandra Coyle, Larry Cox, Sandra Dennis, James Gawronski, Marla Gibson, Gwendolyn Gray, Patricia Herschfeldt, Audrey Iverson, Toby Lee, Cindy Mailloux, Barbara Pittman, Ann Quattrocchi, Kevin Riggs, Coravonne Salm, James Schanzle, Mark Schmitz, Ileana Serrano, Anthony Shabazz, Susan Sprecher, Jerome Stevenson, Montree Svastisalee, Stacey Terry, Daphne Ward, Vernon Ward, Georgia Adams, Sherri Blumingburg, Cheryl Brown, Sherina Collins, Deborah Cullins Threets, Zretta Lewis, Mary Melone, Connie McKinley, Paula Miller, Ron Skelton, Vernon Spears, Mary Ellen Zbierski, Ricardo Capitulo, Ken Carter, Donna Conroy, Wanda Gilbert, Michael Greer, Jack Mahoney, Cora Rush, Alex Wolter, Lyndon Yin, Taron Dabney, Kathleen Derel, Paul Dziemiela, Matthew Fitzgibbon, Cynthia Garlington, Linda Gray, Patrick Hill, Kevin Husch, Carl Kozlowicz, Eileen Manning, Michael Mecaskey, Russell Pietrowiak, Joel Schoerner, Rapsody Mitra, Daniel Aguirre, Janice Bell, David Bennett, Kelli Lester Brown, Adam Gibson, Angela Edwards, Saul Garcia, Jill Giedt, Dana Gillon, Rafael Gonzalez, Salah Goss, Robert Gulick, Michael Holly, Kendall James, George Juretic, Ardell Ladd, Kimberly Long, Leona Maglaya, Earl McDowell, Joe McGlaughlin, Beverly Moore, Kenneth Moses, Anna Mustafa, JoAnn Russell, Harry Sampler, Kimberly Sanders, Detrice Shelton, Charles Slater, Christopher Smith, Stanley Smith, Gerardo Torres, Julio Villegas, Shirley Warren, Marlene Weisrock, Charles Wright, Susan Feldman, Helen Giles, Duane Marski, Karl Mirkes.**

The Dallas Regional Census Center, **Alfonso E. Mirabal,** Director; **Henry Tow,** Deputy Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Michael Garner, Bonnie Young.** A.C.E. Staff: **Gail E. Streun, Eloy G. Hernandez, Cheryl L. Earnshaw. Alicia Laughlin,** Administrative Supervisor. Recruiting: **John Ortiz, Donna Stovall. Richard De La Garza,** Automation; **Betty Adamek,** Geographer. Partnership Coordinators: **Cherri Green, Marisela Lopez.** Partnership Team Leaders: **Cera Clark, Sam Gonzales, Gwen Goodwin, Kirk Hemphill, Luz Villegas.**

The Denver Regional Census Center, **Susan A. Lavin,** Regional Director; **George M. Cole,** Deputy Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **James T. Christy, William W. Hatcher, Jr.** Area Managers: **William E. Bellamy, Leo E. Cardenas, Mark R. Hendrick,**

Laura G. Lunsford, Samuel R. Martinez, Lori Putman. Partnership Coordinator; **Pamela M. Lucero.** Partnership Specialist - Team Leaders: **Earl T. Brotten, Jr., Harold A. Knott, Belva Morrison. Douglas R. Wayland,** Media Partnership Specialist Team Leader. **Paul S. McAllister,** Assistant Regional Census Manager for A.C.E. Assistant Managers for A.C.E.: **Bradley E. Allen, Barry L. Stevelman. William F. Adams,** Census Recruiter; **Russell W. Frum,** Administrative Supervisor; **Mark K. Hellfritz,** Geographic Coordinator; **David C. Skeeahan,** Automation Supervisor.

The Detroit Regional Census Center, **Dwight Dean,** Regional Director; **Jon Spendlove,** Deputy Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Thomas Chodzko, Elaine Wagner, Janice Pentercs. Christine Blair,** Administrative Supervisor; **William Brewer, Jr.,** Automation Supervisor. Area Managers: **Joette Mumford, David Lackey, Katherine Workman, Sari Raykovitz, Mario Matthews, Susan Hack. Joseph Kogelmann,** Geographic Coordinator. Geographers: **Gary Guccio, G. Gordon Rector, Julie White.** Recruiters: **M. Randolph Edwards, Betty Hughes.** Partnership Coordinators: **Norma Rivas Ricci, Vincent Kountz.** Partnership Team Leaders: **Cynthia King, Katherine Shiflet. Robert Haisha, Kim Hunter, Richard Lundy, Kathryn Reisen. Barbara Clayton,** Information Specialist; **Katrina Carter,** Assistant Regional Census Manager for A.C.E.; **David Sinnott,** Assistant A.C.E. Manager; **Thomas Melaney,** Automation Supervisor for A.C.E.; **Kim Estmond,** Administrative Supervisor for A.C.E. Team Supervisors: **David Baize, Lolita Waters, Jennifer Hillman, Eleanor Bowie, Kristina Dalton, Brendan Best, David Glaza, Stephanie Miller.**

The Kansas City Regional Census Center, **Henry L. Palacios,** Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Dennis R. Johnson, Cathy L. Lacy.** Area Managers: **Mary E. Briscoe, Sharon Bunge, Kevin W. Gibson, Patricia M. Sasenick, Jessie M. Williams. Paula Givens-Bolder,** Recruiter. Partnership Coordinators: **Marietta Selmon-Gumbel, Tom Beaver. Robert A. Reed,** Automation Supervisor; **Craig D. Best,** Geographic Coordinator. Geographers: **Wes Flack, Peter Osei-Kwame. Dennis F. Deeney,** Administrative Supervisor; **Randall E. Cartwright,** Assistant Regional Census Manager A.C.E.; **Richard W. Taegel,** A.C.E. Area Manager.

The Los Angeles Regional Census Center, **John E. Reeder, Jr,** Regional Director; **Kendrick J. Ellwanger,** Deputy Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Stephen J. Alnwick, Jerry B. Wong, C. Kemble Worley, Hoa Julie Lam Ly. Jim Bussell,** A.C.E. Automation Staff. A.C.E. Management Staff: **Brenda Harvell, Elaine Marruffo, Faarax Sheikh-Noor, Wes White. Geoff Rolat,** RCC Administrative Staff. Regional Office Administrative Staff: **Isabel Cesena, Koupei (Gwen) White.** RCC Area Managers: **Linda Kane Akers, William H. Johnson, Leonard E. Lee, Annette M. Luna, Eleanor J. Miller, Jesse Rodriguez, Linda Kay Schagrin, Diana J. Turley.** RCC Automation Staff: **Yvonne Lam, Ben Rios. Timothy W. McMonagle,** RCC Geographic Coordinator: RCC Geographers: **Jeffrey P. Freeland, John D. Kennedy, John Joseph Moore.** RCC Recruiters: **Anthony R. Moccia, Jeanne Y. Kondo.** Partnership Coordinators: **Reina Ornelas, Monica Sandoval. Anthony Greno,** Media Team Leader. Partnership Team Leaders: **Luz Castillo, Susan Ng, Maria Padron, John Flores, Belinda Garcia, Ardiss Lilly, Tommy Randle.**

The Philadelphia Regional Census Center, **Fernando E. Armstrong,** Regional Director; **George Grandy, Jr.,** Deputy Regional Director. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Nunzio V. Cerniglia, Philip M. Lutz. John M. Stuart,** A.C.E. Assistant Regional Census Manager; **John M. Mendenhall,** A.C.E. Assistant Manager; **Belinda Castro Gonzalez,** A.C.E. Supervisory Computer Specialist; **Geraldine Robinson-Ervin,** Administrative Supervisor. Area Managers: **Keith R. Bryant, Betty Ann Fretchel, Tedford J. Griffith, George T. Long, Theodore J. Roman, Linda J. Shell, Carolyn D. Williams. Eric N. Barson,** Automation Coordinator; **Vicki L. Lewis,** Geographic Coordinator. Partnership Coordinators: **Juanita C. Britton, K. Lyn Kirshenbaum.** Recruiters: **Barbara M. Nichols, Maritza Padilla-Laureda.**

The New York Regional Census Center, **Lester A. Farthing,** Regional Director; **John W. Dale, II,** Regional Census Manager; **Deborah M. Randall,** Census Manager. Assistant Regional Census Managers: **Ligia Jaquez, Richard Liquorie, Richard Turnage. Marion Britton,** Deputy Regional Director; **Glenda Morgan,** Assistant Regional Census Manager for A.C.E; **Jon Davis,** Assistant A.C.E. Manager. Area Managers: **Jon Beaulieu, Allison Cenac, Erik Cortes,**

Monette Evans, Somonica Green, Bill Harfmann, George Paladino, Heirberto Rios, Pat Valle, Deirdre Bishop, Supervisory Geographer. Partnership Coordinators: **Alice Chin, Martha Butler, Waleska Martinez**, Supervisory Computer Specialist. Census Recruiters: **Kathy Nicolaou, Raquel Strauss, Inocencio Castro**, Administrative Supervisor.

The Seattle Regional Census Center, **Moises M. Carrasco**, Regional Director; **Michael P. Burns**, Deputy Regional Director; **Timothy P. Olson**, Assistant Regional Census Manager; **Jolynn Lambert**, Assistant Regional Census Manager (A.C.E.). Area Managers: **Faye Amos, Linda Clark, Alice Greene, Pamela Harlan, Wendy Hawley, Sonya Jorgensen, Tom Szabla, Lynn Sorgenfrei**, Assistant Manager for A.C.E.; **Thomas Callahan**, Automation Coordinator; **Cathy Baker**, (A.C.E.) Supervisory Computer Specialist; **Lesca McKee**, Computer Specialist; **Dennis Duffy**, Supervisory Geographer. Geographers: **Richard Campbell, Elena Baranov, Gordon Wood**, Supervisory Geographic Specialist; **Andrew Haney**, Geographic Specialist; **Lynn O'Brien**, Supervisory Geographic Specialist. Administration Supervisors: **Mary Plumley, Rick Hunt, Theodore Heckathorn**, Administrative Specialist (Space); **Robert Clingman**, Partnership Coordinator. Partnership Team Leaders: **Lia Bolden, Elaine Dempsey, Nancy Holder, Nikolay Kvasnyuk, Dan Rosas, Tony Vaska**. Census Recruiters: **Jan McStay, Maria Hosack**.

The National Processing Center Staff, **Judith N. Petty**, Division Chief; **Stanley M. Domzalski**, Assistant Division Chief (Services); **Mark T. Grice**, Assistant Division Chief (Processing); **Jane L. Woods**, Assistant Division Chief (Teleprocessing); **David E. Hackbarth**, Assistant Division Chief (Technology and Information); **Mark J. Matsko**, Assistant Division Chief (Data Capture Center). Branch and Section Chiefs: **Denise D. Anderson, Matthew P. Aulbach, Jean A. Banet, Linda S. Banet, Debra S. Barksdale, Janice I. Benjamin, James L. Berger, Michael L. Blair, Carlene Bottorff, Gary L. Bower, Teresa A. Branstetter, William E. Brewer, Jr., Linda Broadus, Pamela D. Brown, Regina A. Cain, Jo I. Childress, Lester Lee Clement, Kathy L. Conn, Margaret R. Coy, Ida G. Damrel, Maria T. Darr, Carol A. Dawson, Glen M. Everhart, Darrell L. Farabee, Angela Feldman-Harkins, Neil C. Ferraiuolo, Grant G. Goodwin, Judith A. Gregory, Susan C. Hall, Janet L. Harmon, Linda R. Hayden, John Hoffmann, Leoda F. Houston, Pamela D. Hunter, Howard J. Knott, William A. Korb, Joni S. Krohn, Ruby M. Lawson, Patricia A. Linton, Eileen S. Little, Thomas M. Marks, Gayle Y. Mathis, Bernadette J. Mattingly, Donna J. Meredith, Gaye Ellen Miller, Marilyn K. Mink, Joye A. Mullins, Martha T. Myers, William B. Neely, Don E. Overton, S. Elaine Rogers, Theodore A. Sands, Kenneth F. Seis, Suzanne B. Shepherd, Ellen Slucher, Connie Smith, Marsha Sowders, Jill C. Spencer, Aretta Stallard, Arthur B. Stewart, Debra M. Stringer, Carol A. Stubblefield, Judith G. Van Gilder, Muriel Wharton, Russell O. White, Daniel L. Whitehouse, Ronald L. Willis, Betty J. Wright, Rosita Young.**

Virginia: 2000 **2000 Census of Population and Housing**
Summary Population and Housing Characteristics