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Section 1

Native American Crime in the Northwest: 2004-2007 – BIA Information from Alaska, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

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II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- This project is important because very little information on tribal offenses has been reported.
- Reportable information was available on 43 of the 47 tribal agencies for at least one of the years from 2004-2007.
- Tribal agencies furnishing information for this report had very high offense clearance rates with 60.7 percent cleared by arrest or exceptional means in 2004, 87.6 percent of the offenses cleared in 2005, 42.4 percent in 2006, and 55.9 percent clearance rate in 2007 for an overall clearance rate of 57.2 percent. In considering the aggregate results for the four years, the offenses with the highest clearance rates included: elderly abuse (86.0%), homicide (84.0%), drunkenness (82.0%), disorderly conduct (81.0%) child abuse (80.9%), and aggravated assault (76.0%).
- The aggregate clearance rates reported by the tribes were significantly higher for each of the eight Index crimes than it was for all reporting agencies in the U.S., non-metropolitan agencies in the U.S., and law enforcement agencies in the Western U.S.
- In considering the total number of offenses for 2004-2007, alcohol was involved in about one-third of the offenses.
- As would be expected the direct substance use crimes of drunkenness (85.2%), liquor laws (73.7%), and DWI (72.2%) had the highest percent of alcohol involvement. Alcohol use for non-direct alcohol offenses was most common for: disorderly conduct (70.3%), homicide (60.0%), elderly abuse (58.1%), child abuse (56.6%), attempted forcible rape (52.4%), aggravated assault (50.0%), and assault (49.8%).
- Outside of direct drug violations (73.3%), the influence of drug use was most common for: prostitution/commercialized vice (17.6%), homicide (9.3%), stolen property (8.0%), attempted suicide (7.5%), completed suicide (7.1%), elderly abuse (7.0%), and forcible rape (6.9%).
- The most commonly reported offenses, outside of ‘all others,’ were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, liquor laws, DWI, suspicious person report, assault, and domestic violence.
- Index crime rates for the combined tribal groups were: 2004 (2933, 2186), 2005 (3182, 2360), 2006 (3413, 2487), and 2007 (3443, 2559). These rates were relatively low when compared with the overall United States rates of 3977 for 2004, 3901 for 2005, and 3809 for 2006.

III. INTRODUCTION

According to the 2000 census, American Indians and Alaska Natives account for about 1.5 percent or 4.3 million people in the United States. Most (2.5 million) of these listed “American Indian” or “Alaska Native” as their only racial category, while some (1.8 million) indicated “American Indian” or “Alaska Native” along with one or more additional race categories. It is estimated that nearly half (43.5%) of all American Indians/Alaska Natives reside on Federal reservations or in a tribal statistical area during the 2000 Census.¹ The percents by state of American Indian or Alaska Native for the states covered in this report are: Alaska (16.0%), Washington, (1.7%), Idaho (1.4%), Oregon (1.4%), Montana (6.5%), and Wyoming (2.4%).²

The offense information for the report was provided by the Office of Law Enforcement and Security within District 5 of the Bureau of Indian Affairs in Billings, Montana. District 5 includes three regions (Mountain, Northwest, and Juneau) with 47 Tribes, covering the states of Montana, Wyoming, Alaska, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon.

¹ 2000 Census, U.S. Census Bureau

² 2006 State QuickFacts, U.S. Census Bureau

IV. OVERALL RESULTS

Offenses Reported by Tribal Law Enforcement Agencies

As reported in Table 1, offenses for 2004, 2005, 2006, and 2007 were available for 43 tribal law enforcement agencies located in the six western states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Alaska, Montana, and Wyoming. Some (13 of the 43) agencies submitted offense reports for all four years, 18 submitted information three of the four years, 6 sent in offense data two of the four years, and 6 agencies reported offense information for only one year.

Table 1 – Listing of Reporting Law Enforcement Agencies and the Number of Offenses Reported

Law Enforcement Unit	State	Submitted 2004 Report: Yes, No	Format 2004: Monthly, Yearly, Quarterly	Submitted 2005 Report: Yes, No	Format 2005: Monthly, Yearly, Quarterly	Submitted 2006 Report: Yes, No	Format 2006: Monthly, Yearly, Quarterly	Submitted 2007 Report: Yes, No	Format 2007: Monthly, Yearly, Quarterly
1. Blackfeet Agency	MT	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
3. Chehalis PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	ID	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
5. Columbia River Gorge	OR	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
6. Colville Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	
7. Coquille PD	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly
8. Crow Agency	MT	No Report		Yes	Quarterly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
9. Flathead Tribal PD	MT	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
10. Fort Belknap PD	MT	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	No Report	
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	ID	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly

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12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribe	MT	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
13. Hoh River Agency	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
15. La Push “Quileute”	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	
16. Lummi Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Monthly	No Report		No Report	
17. Makah Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	AK	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	ID	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	
21. Northern Cheyenne	MT	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
22. Pacific Northwest Columbia River	WA	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report		No Report	
23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
24. Puget Sound Agency	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
26. Quinault Nation Police	WA	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly
28. Siletz Tribal Police	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly

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29. Skokomish PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
30. Spokane Agency	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report		Yes	Monthly
32. Suquamish Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly
36. Wind River Agency	WY	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
37. Yakama Nation Police	WA	Yes	Monthly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
38. Nooksack Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
39. Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree	MT	Yes#	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
40. Olympic Peninsula	WA	No Report		No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Monthly
41. Warm Springs	OR	No Report		No Report		No Report		Yes	Monthly
42. Klamath Tribes	OR	No Report		No Report		No Report		Yes	Monthly
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	WA	No Report		No Report		No Report		Yes	Monthly

#Received in 2006

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Offenses reported for each agency by year are reported in Table 2. Because of missing information for some units, uniform trend results are sketchy.

Table 2 – Total Number of Offenses Reported by Agency for 2004-2007

Law Enforcement Unit	State	Off 2004	Off 2005	Off 2006	Off 2007
1. Blackfeet Agency	MT		18634	45,607	31,051
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	OR	56	139	41	95
3. Chehalis PD	WA	996	758	765	883
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	ID	1125	1158	1906	4958
5. Columbia River Gorge	OR		39	283	261
6. Colville Tribal PD	WA		22		
7. Coquille PD	OR	45	65		63
8. Crow Agency	MT		54	6266	6981
9. Flathead Tribal PD	MT	4325	219	2314	3098
10. Fort Belknap PD	MT	2684	1622	1420	
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	ID	6422	223	9972	10,219
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribe	MT	5859		2631	4047
13. Hoh River Agency	WA	13	27	116	231
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	WA		219	149	177
15. La Push "Quileute" Tribal PD	WA	795	250	224	258
16. Lummi Tribal PD	WA		468		
17. Makah Tribal PD	WA		287	589	522
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	AK	570	469	392	373
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	ID	532	502	1184	1196
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	WA	333	39		
21. Northern Cheyenne	MT	5213	5702	4258	4403
22. Columbia River	WA	103			
23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	WA		161	450	447
24. Puget Sound Agency	WA	49	52		
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	WA	3382	2160	1150	1809
26. Quinault Nation Police	WA	2722		3429	2527
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	WA	12	87		34
28. Siletz Tribal Police	OR	236	240		315
29. Skokomish PD	WA	894		542	793
30. Spokane Agency	WA	546	594	933	965

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31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	WA	213			179
32. Suquamish Tribal PD	WA		647		814
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	WA	3122	5063		
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	OR	774	917	980	372
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	WA	326	247		30
36. Wind River Agency	WY		4767	6317	4535
37. Yakama Nation Police	WA	3313		2985	2510
38. Nooksack Tribal PD	WA		187	166	223
39. Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree	MT	1638		1747	2394
40. Olympic Peninsula	WA			41	104
41. Warm Springs	OR				3590
42. Klamath Tribes	OR				0
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	WA				46

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Offenses Cleared by Agency

The table below (Table 3) lists the number of offenses reported and the number of offenses that were ‘cleared.’ An offense is cleared in several ways including when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of an offense, and turned over to a court for prosecution. Also, a clearance by arrest can be claimed when an offender is under 18 years of age and is cited to appear in juvenile court or before other juvenile authorities. Additionally, an offense can be "cleared exceptionally" when an investigation has definitely established the identity of an offender, and the exact location of an offender is known, but for some reason (i.e., offender is deceased, offender cannot be extradited, etc.), law enforcement cannot take the offender into custody.

Overall, the percent of offenses cleared was very good for these tribal agencies with 60.7 percent of all crimes cleared in 2004, 87.6 percent cleared in 2005, 42.4 percent in 2006, and 55.9 percent in 2007. The overall average for the four years is 57.2%. In considering the total of all years, some (41.9%) agencies reported clearance rates of greater than 70 percent. Thorough law enforcement practices and personal knowledge of local residents and family relationships contributed to the high clearance rates.

Table 3 – Listing of Crimes Committed/Crimes Cleared by Agency

Law Enforcement Unit	Number of Crimes 2004	Crimes Cleared 2004	Number of Crimes 2005	Crimes Cleared 2005	Number of Crimes 2006	Crimes Cleared 2006	Number of Crimes 2007	Crimes Cleared 2007	Overall Percent Cleared 04-07
1. Blackfeet Agency			18,634	18,625	45,607	15,741	31,051	22,039	59.2%
2. Burns Paiute Tribal	56	56	139	139	41	36	95	85	95.5%
3. Chehalis PD	996	996	758	758	765	765	883	115	77.4%
4. Coeur d’ Alene	1125	550	1158	581	1906	520	4958	1839	38.2%
5. Columbia River Gor			39	33	283	253	261	250	91.9%
6. Colville Tribal PD			22	18					81.8%
7. Coquille PD	45	28	65	20			63	19	38.7%
8. Crow Agency			54		6266		6981	2	
9. Flathead Tribal PD	4325	4285	219	219	2314		3098	400	49.3%
10. Fort Belknap PD	2684	2395	1622	1599	1420	1388			94.0%
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	6422	713	223	87	9972	1500	10,219	1610	14.6%
12. Fort Peck Sioux	5859	5859			2631	2354	4047	3729	95.3%
13. Hoh River Agency	13	3	27	17	116	64	231	210	76.0%
14. Kalispell Tribal PD			219	219	149	67	177	176	84.8%
15. La Push “Quileute”	795	283	250	108	224	97	258	104	38.8%
16. Lummi Tribal PD			468	75					16.0%
17. Makah Tribal PD			287	229	589	171	522	251	46.6%
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	570	554	469	469	392	233	373	373	90.3%
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	532	456	502	412	1184	598	1196	661	62.3%
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	333	133	39	4					36.8%
21. Northern Cheyenne	5213	4290	5702	5674	4258	4132	4403	3851	91.7%
22. NW Columbia River	103	98							95.1%
23. Port Gamble			161	118	450	61	447	0	16.9%
24. Puget Sound Agency	49	45	52	39					83.2%
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	3382	278	2160	1632	1150	829	1809	1102	45.2%
26. Quinault Nation	2722	412			3429	1440	2527	1233	35.5%

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27. Sauk Suiattle	12	3	87	2			34	17	16.5%
28. Siletz Tribal Police	236	101	240	231			315	143	60.1%
29. Skokomish PD	894	401			542	228	793	458	48.8%
30. Spokane Agency	546	337	594	366	933	521	965	133	44.7%
31. Stillaguamish Tribal	213	198					179	150	88.8%
32. Suquamish Tribal			647				814	106	13.0%
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	3122	2247	5063	3027					64.4%
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	774	670	917	739	980	921	372	372	88.8%
35. Upper Skagit Tribal	326	128	247	247			30	0	62.2%
36. Wind River Agency			4767	4499	6317	5597	4535	3939	89.9%
37. Yakama Nation	3313	1574			2985	1706	2510	1668	56.2%
38. Nooksack Tribal PD			187	125	166	59	223	121	53.0%
39. Rocky Boy					1747	1745	2394	2383	99.7%
40. Olympic Peninsula					41	35	104	87	84.1%
41. Warm Springs							3590	2937	81.8%
42. Klamath Tribes							0	0	
43. Jamestown							46	0	0.0%
Total of All Units	44660	27093	46018	40311	96,877	41,061	90,503	50,563	57.2%
Overall Total: % Offenses Cleared		2004: 60.7%		2005: 87.6%		2006: 42.4%		2007: 55.9%	

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Alcohol Use and Crime

The rate of alcohol use as a contributing factor in the commission of crimes, ranged greatly among the reporting agencies for all offenses reported between 2004 and 2007 with rates varying between 0.0 percent and 88.1 percent. See Table 4 below. Overall for the 43 agencies, offenses involving alcohol use for all crimes was 22.3 percent in 2004, 58.4 percent in 2005, 30.4 percent in 2006, and 27.9 percent in 2007. The combined rate of 32.9 percent for all four years is less than the national level of about 40 percent of all crimes (violent and non-violent) that are committed under the influence of alcohol.³

Table 4 - Alcohol Involvement in Crime Commission

Law Enforcement Unit	Number of Crimes 2004	Percent Alcohol Involved 2004	Number of Crimes 2005	Percent Alcohol Involved 2005	Number of Crimes 2006	Percent Alcohol Involved 2006	Number of Crimes 2007	Percent Alcohol Involved 2007
1. Blackfeet Agency			18,634	85.8%	45,607	28.8%	31,051	18.0%
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	56	50.0%	139	30.2%	41	53.7%	95	70.5%
3. Chehalis PD	996	12.0%	758	20.0%	765	16.2%	883	14.9%
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	1125	17.5%	1158	15.4%	1906	11.8%	4958	20.0%
5. Columbia River Gorge			39	15.4%	283	0%	261	1.1%
6. Colville Tribal PD			22	18.2%				
7. Coquille PD	45	8.9%	65	12.3%			63	9.5%
8. Crow Agency			54		6266	3.8%	6981	14.2%
9. Flathead Tribal PD	4325	14.0%	219	22.8%	2314	22.4%	3098	29.2%
10. Fort Belknap PD	2684	60.8%	1622	53.7%	1420	71.7%		
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	6422	18.3%	223	13.9%	9972	9.8%	10,219	10.6%
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	5859				2631	57.5%	4047	61.6%
13. Hoh River Agency	13		27	18.5%	116	0.9%	231	0.0%
14. Kalispell Tribal PD			219	10.0%	149	16.8%	177	26.0%
15. La Push "Quileute"	795	20.9%	250	27.2%	224	24.1%	258	15.9%
16. Lummi Tribal PD			468					
17. Makah Tribal PD			287	22.0%	589	25.1%	522	27.2%
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	570	76.5%	469	49.9%	392	0.0%	373	33.5%
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	532	40.6%	502	24.7%	1184	27.4%	1196	37.3%
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	333	8.4%	39	12.8%				
21. Northern Cheyenne	5213	64.7%	5702	62.8%	4258	88.1%	4403	80.5%
22. N.W. Columbia River	103							
23. Port Gamble Sklallam			161	58.4%	450	8.8%	447	1.3%
24. Puget Sound Agency	49		52					
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	3382		2160	8.8%	1150	8.3%	1809	5.6%
26. Quinault Nation Police	2722	7.1%			3429	11.1%	2527	3.9%
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	12	0.0%	87	1.1%			34	11.8%
28. Siletz Tribal Police	236	3.8%	240	16.3%			315	0.6%
29. Skokomish PD	894	21.4%			542	13.1%	793	13.1%
30. Spokane Agency	546	40.7%	594	31.8%	933	12.7%	965	21.3%
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	213	11.7%					179	19.0%
32. Suquamish Tribal			647	26.0%			814	5.0%
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	3122		5063	11.6%				

³ Alcohol and Crime, Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Department of Justice, 1998

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34. Umatilla Tribal PD	774	18.6%	917	23.8%	980	18.7%	372	21.0%
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	326	20.6%	247	10.1%			30	0.0%
36. Wind River Agency			4767	82.4%	6317	71.9%	4535	73.2%
37. Yakama Nation Police	3313	34.2			2985	29.4%	2510	40.2%
38. Nooksack Tribal PD			187	0.0%	166	0.0%	223	0.0%
39. Rocky Boy: Chippewa					1747	63.3%	2394	63.5%
40. Olympic Peninsula					41	0.0%	104	0.0%
41. Warm Springs							3590	58.0%
42. Klamath Tribes							0	
43. Jamestown S'Klallam							46	0.0%
Total of All Units	44660	22.3%	46018	58.4%	96,877	30.4%	90,503	27.9%

If alcohol use was not reported for one year but was for another, the numbers of offenses for the missing years were not used in the tabulation of the overall percent rate: Hoh River (2004), Puyallup (2004), Tulalip (2004). Ft. Peck (2004), Puget Sound (2004, 2005), and Lummi (2005).

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Drug Use and Crime

Overall, drug use was reported to be a factor in 2.7 percent of all offenses in 2004, 4.8 percent in 2005, and 1.6 percent of all offenses reported in 2006, and 2.5 in 2007 for a four-year total of 2.6 percent, as reported in Table 5. The rate of drug influence in the commission of crimes varied significantly for the reporting agencies with rates ranging from 0.0 percent to 24.2 percent. Agencies located in western Washington and Oregon reported the highest overall rates of drug use associated with the commission of crimes.

Table 5 - Drug Involvement in Crime Commission

Law Enforcement Unit	Number of Crimes 2004	Percent Drugs Involved 2004	Number of Crimes 2005	Percent Drugs Involved 2005	Number of Crimes 2006	Percent Drugs Involved 2006	Number of Crimes 2007	Percent Drug Involved 2007
1. Blackfeet Agency			18,634	0.7%	45,607	0.3%	31,051	0.1%
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	56	0.0%	139	12.2%	41	4.9%	95	1.1%
3. Chehalis PD	996	5.7%	758	7.3%	765	7.2%	883	7.7%
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	1125	2.6%	1158	3.8%	1906	4.4%	4958	9.1%
5. Columbia River Gorge			39	7.7%	283	0.0%	261	0.0%
6. Colville Tribal PD			22	13.6%				
7. Coquille PD	45	4.4%	65	0.0%			63	3.2%
8. Crow Agency			54	0.0%	6266	0.1%	6981	0.3%
9. Flathead Tribal PD	4325	1.9%	219	2.7%	2314	0.2%	3098	1.5%
10. Fort Belknap PD	2684	7.5%	1622	13.5%	1420	7.3%		
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	6422	0.7%	223	10.3%	9972	0.6%	10,219	0.8%
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	5859				2631	2.1%	4047	2.7%
13. Hoh River Agency	13	0.0%	27	0.0%	116	0.0%	231	1.7%
14. Kalispell Tribal PD			219	13.7%	149	13.4%	177	16.9%
15. La Push "Quileute" Tribal	795	4.9%	250	8.0%	224	5.8%	258	13.2%
16. Lummi Tribal PD			468					
17. Makah Tribal PD			287	11.8%	589	7.6%	522	7.5%
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	570	3.0%	469	1.9%	392		373	2.7%
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	532	7.5%	502	6.4%	1184	6.5%	1196	7.9%
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	333	9.3%	39	0.0%				
21. Northern Cheyenne	5213	3.2%	5702	2.5%	4258	2.9%	4403	2.9%
22. Columbia River	103							
23. Port Gamble Sklallam			161	17.4%	450	2.7%	447	0.7%
24. Puget Sound Agency	49		52	1.9%				
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	3382	0.0%	2160	6.5%	1150	6.1%	1809	6.9%
26. Quinault Nation Police	2722	2.2%			3429	5.9%	2527	1.9%
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	12	0.0%	87	1.1%			34	2.9%
28. Siletz Tribal Police	236	6.4%	240	24.2%			315	0.3%
29. Skokomish PD	894	21.9%			542	5.4%	793	6.6%
30. Spokane Agency	546	5.9%	594	7.7%	933	3.4%	965	4.9%
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	213	22.1%					179	13.4%
32. Suquamish Tribal			647	6.0%			814	1.0%
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	3122		5063	18.8%				
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	774	8.8%	917	8.0%	980	8.0%	372	8.6%
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	326	5.2%	247	2.4%			30	0.0%
36. Wind River Agency			4767	2.1%	6317	1.6%	4535	4.0%
37. Yakama Nation Police	3313	1.4%			2985	3.1%	2510	3.1%

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38. Nooksack Tribal PD			187	0.0%	166	0.0%	223	0.4%
39. Rocky Boy: Chippewa					1747	5.6%	2394	5.1%
40. Olympic Peninsula					41	0.0%	104	0.0%
41. Warm Springs							3590	12.1%
42. Klamath Tribes							0	
43. Jamestown S'Klallam							46	0.0%
Total of All Units	44,660	2.7%	46,018	4.8%	96,877	1.6%	90,503	2.5%

If drug use was not reported for one year but was for another, the numbers of offenses for the missing years were not used in the tabulation of the overall percent rate: Hoh River (2004), Puyallup (2004), Tulalip (2004). Ft. Peck (2004), Puget Sound (2004), and Lummi (2005).

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Type of Offenses - Violent, Property, Substance Use Violations, and Other Offenses by Agency

Overall for the crimes reported for 2004-2007, 1.6 percent of the offenses were violent crimes, 4.2 were property crimes, and 21.1 percent involved substance use violations. See definitions for violent offenses, property offenses, and substance use violations at the bottom of Table 6.

Table 6 – Numbers and Percents of Total for Different Types of Offenses: 2004-2007

Agency	Violent Crimes 2004-2007	Property Crimes 2004-2007	Substance Violations 2004-2007	Other Offenses 2004-2007	Total Offenses 2004-2007
1. Blackfeet Agency	1738	2099	13317	78138	95292
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	8	3	139	181	331
3. Chehalis PD	11	309	355	2727	3402
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	175	339	1185	7448	9147
5. Columbia River Gorge	4	7	19	553	583
6. Colville Tribal PD	4	2	4	12	22
7. Coquille PD	8	40	15	110	173
8. Crow Agency	106	370	6173	6652	13301
9. Flathead Tribal PD	463	930	2374	6189	9956
10. Fort Belknap PD	74	170	1493	3989	5726
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	117	278	4307	22134	26836
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	234	479	2060	9764	12537
13. Hoh River Agency	4	25	11	347	387
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	8	42	137	358	545
15. La Push "Quileute" Tribal PD	37	125	255	1130	1547
16. Lummi Tribal PD	67	401	5	0	468
17. Makah Tribal PD	37	54	177	1130	1398
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	12	23	903	866	1804
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	78	268	963	2105	3414
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	28	53	46	245	372
21. Northern Cheyenne	159	127	11783	7507	19576
22. Pacific Northwest Columbia Riv	0	5	94	4	103
23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	45	129	164	720	1058
24. Puget Sound Agency	5	5	39	52	101
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	68	1042	484	6907	8501
26. Quinault Nation Police	67	160	487	7964	8678
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	13	7	10	103	133
28. Siletz Tribal Police	7	110	74	600	791
29. Skokomish PD	74	272	291	1592	2229
30. Spokane Agency	109	335	702	1892	3038
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	8	52	63	269	392
32. Suquamish Tribal	44	280	237	900	1461
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	105	502	1103	6475	8185
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	89	464	436	2054	3043
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	0	27	53	523	603
36. Wind River Agency	238	152	4374	10855	15619
37. Yakama Nation Police	12	1408	1103	6285	8808

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38. Nooksack Tribal PD	58	179	100	239	576
39. Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree	100	44	1566	2431	4141
40. Olympic Peninsula	0	19	6	120	145
41. Warm Springs	169	341	1517	1563	3590
42. Klamath Tribes	0	0	0	0	0
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	3	0	8	35	46
Total	4586	11677	58607	203188	278058
Overall Percent	1.6%	4.2%	21.1%	73.1%	

Violent crimes as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property crimes as UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Substance violations = DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

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Total Offenses – All Agencies Combined

Specific offenses reported by the 43 tribal law enforcement agencies for the years of 2004-2007, and the total numbers of offenses for the four years are listed below in Table 7. The most commonly reported offenses (besides ‘All Other Offenses’) were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, liquor laws, DWI, suspicious person report, assault, and domestic violence.

Table 7 – Types of Offenses – Number of Offenses Reported – All Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total:04-07
Homicide	13	14	28	20	75
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	2	1	6	4	13
Forcible Rape	70	65	75	81	291
Sex Offenses	179	98	143	156	576
Attempted Forcible Rape	12	26	44	21	103
Aggravated Assault	559	1195	1039	1194	3987
Assault	1385	2177	2194	1872	7628
Domestic Violence	1296	1284	2197	2245	7022
Child Abuse	613	721	624	640	2598
Elderly Abuse	42	1	0		43
Robbery	28	40	118	47	233
Burglary	761	718	888	972	3339
Vandalism	631	1103	1413	1618	4765
Stolen Property	330	463	345	255	1393
Motor Vehicle Theft	426	611	509	754	2300
Larceny-Theft	1310	1464	1491	1540	5805
Embezzlement	15	7	4	15	41
Forgery/Counterfeiting	183	251	161	241	836
Fraud	89	108	88	138	423
Arson	39	46	61	87	233
DWI	1812	1417	2622	2921	8772
Drug Violations	1077	1220	1313	1711	5321
Liquor Laws	2132	2350	5020	3815	13317
Drunkenness	4043	5132	10592	11430	31197
Gambling	13	5	4	20	42
Disorderly Conduct	2413	5719	7045	5505	20682
Curfew & Loitering	520	974	2807	1321	5622
Suspicious Person Report	1329	1012	3459	2092	7892
Prostitution/Commercialized vi	7	16	42	3	68
Weapons	175	151	444	355	1125
Completed Suicide	14	0	0		14
Attempted Suicide	104	21	0		125
Runaways < 18	596	776	878	591	2841
ARPA Violations	13	11	98	20	142
All Other Offenses	22,429	16,821	51125	48819	139194
Total	44,660	46,018	96,877	90,503	278,058

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Alcohol Involvement in the Commission of Crimes

Alcohol use was involved in the commission of many of the offenses reported by the 43 tribal law enforcement agencies, as listed in Table 8. As would be expected the direct substance use crimes of drunkenness (85.2%), liquor laws (73.7%), and DWI (72.2%) had the highest percent of alcohol involvement. Alcohol use for non-direct alcohol offenses was most common for: disorderly conduct (70.3%), homicide (60.0%), elderly abuse (58.1%), child abuse (56.6%), attempted forcible rape (52.4%), aggravated assault (50.0%), and assault (49.8%).

National information reported for convicted offenders in state prisons indicated that alcohol was involved in 41.4 percent of murders, 32.7 percent of robberies, 41.6 percent of aggravated assault cases, 34.7 percent of reported burglaries, and 29.2 percent of larceny-theft offenses.⁴ The reported alcohol rates by the 43 tribal agencies for 2004-2007 were: murder (60.0%), robbery (25.3%), aggravated assault (50.0%), burglary (13.9%), and larceny-theft (12.3%).

Table 8 – Percent of Crimes Committed under the Influence of Alcohol

Offense	Percent Alcohol 2004	Percent Alcohol 2005	Percent Alcohol 2006	Percent Alcohol 2007	Alcohol Total 2004-2007
Homicide	23.1%	57.1%	60.7%	85.0%	60.0%
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%	50.0%	46.2%
Forcible Rape	22.9%	47.7%	60.0%	49.4%	45.4%
Sex Offenses	11.7%	31.6%	19.6%	12.8%	17.4%
Attempted Forcible Rape	16.7%	88.5%	40.9%	57.1%	52.4%
Aggravated Assault	17.5%	73.1%	49.2%	42.6%	50.0%
Assault	26.7%	75.3%	40.0%	48.7%	49.8%
Domestic Violence	28.2%	60.5%	39.7%	42.8%	42.4%
Child Abuse	50.4%	74.1%	60.7%	38.9%	56.6%
Elderly Abuse	59.5%	0.0%	0.0%		58.1%
Robbery	7.1%	15.0%	33.9%	23.4%	25.3%
Burglary	3.0%	36.9%	8.9%	10.0%	13.9%
Vandalism	5.9%	51.0%	15.9%	17.2%	23.1%
Stolen Property	1.8%	15.8%	6.4%	1.6%	7.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	2.8%	30.8%	9.0%	5.7%	12.6%
Larceny-Theft	3.4%	30.9%	6.4%	7.9%	12.3%
Embezzlement	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.5%	0.8%	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%
Fraud	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%
Arson	0.0%	6.5%	16.4%	10.3%	9.4%
DWI	60.7%	97.0%	61.9%	76.5%	72.2%
Drug Violations	10.3%	5.0%	16.1%	12.0%	11.1%
Liquor Laws	66.9%	99.8%	70.3%	66.1%	73.7%
Drunkenness	94.5%	99.8%	80.4%	79.7%	85.2%
Gambling	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%
Disorderly Conduct	30.2%	91.2%	69.9%	66.8%	70.3%
Curfew & Loitering	21.3%	8.0%	16.0%	9.0%	13.4%
Suspicious Person Report	5.3%	35.4%	2.5%	3.1%	7.3%

⁴ Alcohol and Crime: an analysis of national data on the prevalence of alcohol involvement in crime. Bureau of Justice Statistics, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice, 1998.

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Prostitution/Commercialized	14.3%	12.5%	28.6%	0.0%	22.1%
Weapons	18.3%	47.0%	22.1%	17.7%	23.5%
Completed Suicide	35.7%				35.7%
Attempted Suicide	26.9%	0.0%	0.0%		21.8%
Runaways < 18	3.2%	10.6%	7.6%	4.2%	6.8%
ARPA Violations	100.0%	0.0%	2.0%	35.0%	23.2%
All Other Offenses	5.1%	39.9%	13.1%	8.0%	13.2%
Total	22.3%	58.4%	30.4%	27.9%	32.9%

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Drug Involvement in the Commission of Crimes

Drug use in the commission of crimes was substantially less than alcohol use, but was a contributing factor in 2.7 percent of the offenses in 2004, 4.8 percent of all reported offenses in 2005, 1.6 percent in 2006, and 2.5 percent in 2007. See Table 9 below. The overall rate for the four years was 2.6 percent. Outside of direct drug violations (73.3%), the influence of drug use was most common for: prostitution/commercialized vice (17.6%), homicide (9.3%), stolen property (8.0%), attempted suicide (7.5%), completed suicide (7.1%), elderly abuse (7.0%), and forcible rape (6.9%).

Table 9 – Percent of Crimes Committed under the Influence of Drugs

Offense	2004 Drug Percent	2005 Drug Percent	2006 Drug Percent	2007 Drug Percent	Drug Total 04-07
Homicide	0.0%	21.4%	0.0%	20.0%	9.3%
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	5.7%	6.2%	5.3%	9.9%	6.9%
Sex Offenses	2.8%	3.1%	2.1%	3.2%	2.8%
Attempted Forcible Rape	8.3%	0.0%	4.5%	4.8%	2.9%
Aggravated Assault	3.0%	2.8%	2.9%	2.7%	2.8%
Assault	2.3%	2.8%	1.9%	1.0%	2.0%
Domestic Violence	2.5%	2.5%	1.8%	2.3%	2.2%
Child Abuse	2.4%	1.2%	4.3%	5.2%	3.2%
Elderly Abuse	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%		7.0%
Robbery	0.0%	20.0%	0.8%	8.5%	5.6%
Burglary	0.9%	2.8%	1.1%	0.8%	1.3%
Vandalism	1.4%	0.1%	1.6%	0.4%	0.8%
Stolen Property	1.8%	17.3%	3.8%	4.7%	8.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.5%	3.4%	0.6%	0.8%	1.4%
Larceny-Theft	1.5%	5.4%	0.5%	1.2%	2.2%
Embezzlement	13.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.9%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	2.2%	7.2%	0.6%	2.9%	3.6%
Fraud	10.1%	10.2%	1.1%	1.4%	5.4%
Arson	0.0%	2.2%	3.3%	2.3%	2.1%
DWI	7.7%	8.4%	3.3%	2.0%	4.6%
Drug Violations	53.9%	98.7%	57.8%	79.4%	73.3%
Liquor Laws	1.3%	0.6%	0.8%	1.6%	1.1%
Drunkenness	7.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.2%	2.3%	0.7%	0.6%	1.2%
Curfew & Loitering	2.1%	4.8%	0.3%	0.5%	1.3%
Suspicious Person Report	2.6%	0.8%	0.7%	1.4%	1.2%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	57.1%	37.5%	4.8%	0.0%	17.6%
Weapons	2.9%	16.6%	2.0%	5.4%	5.2%
Completed Suicide	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%		7.1%
Attempted Suicide	8.7%	0.0%	0.0%		7.5%
Runaways < 18	0.5%	2.7%	0.9%	0.2%	1.2%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	0.7%	1.4%	0.5%	0.9%	0.8%
Total	2.7%	4.8%	1.6%	2.5%	2.6%

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Percent Offenses Cleared by Offense Category for All Reporting Agencies

As reported in Table 10, the tribal agencies furnishing information for this report had very high offense clearance rates with 60.7 percent cleared by arrest or exceptional means in 2004, 87.6 percent of the offenses cleared in 2005, 42.4 percent in 2006, and 55.9 percent clearance rate in 2007 for an overall clearance rate of 57.2 percent. In considering the aggregate results for the four years, the offenses with the highest clearance rates included: elderly abuse (86.0%), homicide (84.0%), drunkenness (82.0%), disorderly conduct (81.0%) child abuse (80.9%), and aggravated assault (76.0%).

Table 10 – Offenses Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means

Offense	Cleared 2004	Cleared 2005	Cleared 2006	Cleared 2007	Total Cleared: 04-07
Homicide	100.0%	85.7%	75.0%	85.0%	84.0%
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	0.0%	100.0%	66.7%	100.0%	69.2%
Forcible Rape	78.6%	83.1%	68.0%	72.8%	75.3%
Sex Offenses	50.3%	65.3%	46.2%	49.4%	51.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	58.3%	76.9%	61.4%	71.4%	62.1%
Aggravated Assault	86.9%	88.1%	59.4%	73.1%	76.0%
Assault	61.4%	93.3%	48.4%	63.4%	67.3%
Domestic Violence	74.2%	84.4%	51.1%	53.1%	62.1%
Child Abuse	81.6%	88.5%	80.4%	72.0%	80.9%
Elderly Abuse	85.7%	100.0%	0.0%		86.0%
Robbery	75.0%	70.0%	47.5%	63.8%	57.9%
Burglary	42.0%	58.6%	40.3%	36.7%	43.6%
Vandalism	52.0%	73.6%	49.6%	47.9%	54.9%
Stolen Property	75.2%	74.9%	38.8%	45.5%	60.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	58.4%	54.0%	42.6%	46.4%	50.6%
Larceny-Theft	50.3%	58.5%	35.9%	39.9%	45.9%
Embezzlement	66.7%	0.0%	50.0%	26.7%	56.1%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	43.7%	35.1%	43.5%	44.0%	41.1%
Fraud	48.3%	53.7%	50.0%	26.1%	42.8%
Arson	33.3%	32.6%	42.6%	34.5%	36.1%
DWI	86.0%	95.2%	58.2%	69.5%	73.7%
Drug Violations	86.3%	79.2%	72.0%	68.6%	75.4%
Liquor Laws	97.7%	95.6%	70.9%	51.7%	74.1%
Drunkenness	88.9%	99.4%	79.4%	74.3%	82.0%
Gambling	92.3%	60.0%	25.0%	25.0%	50.0%
Disorderly Conduct	85.4%	97.1%	77.8%	66.5%	81.0%
Curfew & Loitering	88.5%	95.5%	34.6%	38.7%	51.1%
Suspicious Person Report	25.8%	83.3%	20.6%	17.3%	28.4%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	100.0%	87.5%	40.5%	33.3%	57.4%
Weapons	50.3%	85.4%	49.5%	56.1%	56.5%
Completed Suicide	57.1%				57.1%
Attempted Suicide	52.9%	0.0%	0.0%		45.1%
Runaways < 18	60.2%	90.7%	39.0%	51.8%	60.2%
ARPA Violations	30.8%	81.8%	74.5%	95.0%	73.9%
All Other Offenses	47.0%	86.5%	25.9%	52.3%	45.9%
Total	60.7%	87.6%	42.4%	55.9%	57.2%

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Agency Clearance Rates Compared with National Clearance Rates

In comparing clearance rates reported by various agencies in the U.S. with the 43 tribal agencies, it was found that the tribal agencies had much higher clearance rates for each offense listed below in Table 11. As previously indicated, the high clearance rates are indicative of thorough and professional law enforcement personnel, along with police officers having a good knowledge of individual reservation people, family members, and relationship patterns. From Table 11, it can be noted that the clearance rate for non-metro counties is also higher than the overall rates, illustrating that smaller populated areas (like many reservations) are better suited for identifying and finding suspects of offenses. The clearance rates for the tribal agencies were much higher for each comparative group for each offense.

Table 11 – Comparison of Clearance Rates

Offense	Clearance Rate All Reporting Agencies in the U.S. 2006	Clearance Rate Non-Metro Counties in the U.S 2005	Clearance Rate All Reporting Agencies in the Western U.S. 2006	Clearance Rate 43 Tribal Agencies in Western U.S. 2004-2007
Homicide	60.7%	76.7%	56.4%	84.0%
Forcible Rape	40.9%	46.0%	38.7%	75.3%
Robbery	25.2%	41.7%	24.2%	57.9%
Aggravated Assault	54.0%	65.5%	52.1%	76.0%
Burglary	12.6%	16.3%	11.1%	43.6%
Larceny-Theft	17.4%	17.8%	15.7%	45.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	12.6%	26.0%	9.7%	50.6%
Arson	18.0%	24.7%	14.8%	36.1%

Sources: U.S. National and State-Crime in the United States, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, 2005; Tribes: Region 5, BIA Offense Information

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Number of Reported Crimes: Overall – All Agencies

There were a total of 44,660 offenses reported in 2004, and juveniles committed 3207 (7.2%) of these. In 2005, 4286 (9.3%) of the 46,018 offenses were committed by juveniles. For 2006, 6.4 percent of the total reported offenses were committed by juveniles, while 5.3 percent of all reported offenses in 2007 were committed by juveniles. For the four-year period, 6.7 percent of the offenses were reported to be committed by juveniles. See Tables 12 and 13 below.

Tables 12 – Juveniles Compared with Overall Total

Type of Crime	2004		2005		2006		2007	
	Juv*	All	Juv*	All	Juv*	All	Juv*	All
Violent Crimes	16	670	146	1314	70	1260	75	1342
Property Crimes	94	2536	142	2839	138	2949	153	3353
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	955	9064	678	10,119	1501	19,547	1325	19,877
All Other Offenses	2142	32,390	3320	31,746	4541	73,121	3207	65,931
Total Offenses	3207	44,660	4286	46,018	6250	96,877	4760	90,503

*Juv=Juvenile

Violent crimes as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property crimes as UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Substance violations = DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

Percent of All Cases that were Juvenile: Overall – All Agencies

Overall, 6.7 percent of all reported crimes were committed by juveniles. From the Table 13 below, it can be noted that juveniles committed comparatively more violent offenses (6.7% of total) than property crimes (4.5% of total).

Table 13 – Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles

Type of Crime	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2004	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2005	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2006	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2007	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles Total 04-07
Violent Crimes	2.4%	11.1%	5.6%	5.6%	6.7%
Property Crimes	3.7%	5.0%	4.7%	4.6%	4.5%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	10.5%	6.7%	7.7%	6.7%	7.6%
All Other Offenses	6.6%	10.4%	6.2%	4.9%	6.5%
Total Offenses	7.2%	9.3%	6.4%	5.3%	6.7%

Violent crimes as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property crimes as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Substance violations = DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

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Population Values for Index Crimes

One of the challenges in calculating Index crime rates for tribal agencies/reservations is the difficulty in obtaining denominator information. Some possible population values include: tribal enrollment, tribal members living on the reservation, tribal members living on or near the reservation, all American Indians living on the reservation, all American Indians living on or near the reservation, and all persons of any race/ethnicity living on the reservation. In this study, the American Indian population living on or near the reservation was used, because the information was available and because this population would be a good representation of persons likely to be on the reservation. The population numbers were obtained from the American Indian Populations and Labor Reports from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) for 2003. The tribal enrollment information is available, but that rate can be much different than the number of persons residing on or near the reservations, which would be the better measure for calculating crime rates by population. The Columbia River Gorge, Olympic Peninsula, and Pacific Northwest Columbia River agencies are units that do not have a population estimate, but have BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. Puget Sound Agency is not associated with any tribe per se, but serves as a satellite BIA agency in the Seattle area. These four agencies provide specialized law enforcement duties in non-reservation areas. Population values by agency/tribe are reported in Table 14 below.

Table 14 – Three Population Comparisons

Agency	State	Tribal Enrollment	American Indian Population Living on or Near the Reservation	Total Reservation Population All Persons#	Pop1&	Pop2\$
Blackfeet	MT	15,640	8,831		8,831	8,831
Burns Paiute	OR	339	257		257	257
Chehalis	WA	688	3,437		3,437	3,437
Coeur d' Alene	ID	1,907	1,210	5,778	1,210	5778
Columbia River Gorge	OR					
Colville Tribal	WA	9,023	9,023		9,023	9,023
Coquille PD	OR	817	398		398	398
Crow Agency	MT	10,927	7,739		7,739	7,739
Flathead Tribal	MT	6,970	4,584	19,014	4,584	19,014
Fort Belknap	MT	6,427	4,834		4,834	4,834
Fort Hall Tribal	ID	4,844	13,947		13,947	13,947
Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	MT	11,473	7,036	10,722	7,036	10,722
Hoh River Agency	WA	167	172		172	172
Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	WA	526	1,192		1,192	1,192
Kalispel Tribal	WA	364	198		198	198
Klamath Tribes	OR	3,526	2,672		2,672	2,672
La Push "Quileute"	WA	658	700		700	700
Lummi	WA	4,096	4,976		4,976	4,976
Makah	WA	2,492	1,237		1,237	1,237
Metlakatla	AK	2,144	1,211	1,464	1,211	1,464
Nez Perce	ID	3,300	1,839	16,159	1,839	16,159
Nisqually	WA	525	5,504		5,504	5,504

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Nooksack	WA	1,707	825		825	825
Northern Cheyenne	MT	8,182	5,068		5,068	5,068
Olympic Peninsula	WA					
Pacific Northwest Columbia	WA					
Port Gamble - S'Klallam	WA	1,059	1,243		1,243	1,243
Puget Sound Agency	WA					
Puyallup	WA	3,224	22,995		22,995	22,995
Olympic Peninsula	WA					
Quinault	WA	2,454	3,203		3,203	3,203
Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree	MT	5,505	4,372		4,372	4,372
Sauk Suiattle	WA	163	156		156	156
Siletz	OR	4,034	5,860		5,860	5,860
Skokomish	WA	750	1,393		1,393	1,393
Spokane Agency	WA	2,305	2,246		2,246	2,246
Stillaguamish	WA	182	182		182	182
Suquamish	WA	863	3,783	4,834	3,783	4,834
Tulalip	WA	3,604	3,604		3,604	3,604
Umatilla	OR	2,452	2,622		2,622	2,622
Upper Skagit	WA	755	304		304	304
Warm Springs	OR	4,248	3,355		3,355	3,355
Wind River Agency	WY	11,227	11,227	21,915	11,227	21,915
Yakama Nation	WA	9,687	16,317		16,317	16,317

Source: American Indian Populations and Labor Reports from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) for 2003.

& Pop1 is the American Indian population living on or near the reservations, as per BIA Labor Study.

\$ Pop2 is the total reservation population of all persons (AI or other) or the American Indian population living on or near the reservations.

#Population values for all persons living on the reservation were available for seven reservations.

Crime Index Calculation Information

The population and crime measures for the calculation of crime index values are presented in Table 15.

Table 15 - Information for Crime Index Values

Tribe/Agency	State	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Index Crimes 2004	Index Crimes 2005	Index Crimes 2006	Index Crimes 2007
Blackfeet	MT		18634	45,607	31,051		1666	1312	860
Burns Paiute	OR	56	139	41	95	5	6		0
Chehalis	WA	996	758	765	883	87	79	92	62
Coeur d' Alene	ID	1125	1158	1906	4958	90	95	90	236
Columbia River Gorge*	OR		39	283	261				
Colville Tribal	WA						6		
Coquille	OR	45	65		63	6	29		79
Crow Agency	MT		54	6266	6981		42	198	236
Flathead	MT	4325	219	2314	3098	807	15	280	291
Fort Belknap	MT	2684	1622	1420		84	107	53	
Fort Hall	ID	6422	223	9972	10,219	39	93	161	102
Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	MT	5859		2631	4047	114		205	394
Hoh River Agency	WA	13	27	116	231	3	5	8	13
Jamestown S' Klallam Tribe	WA				46				3
Kalispel	WA		219	149	177		11	18	21
Klamath Tribes	OR				0				0
La Push "Quileute"	WA	795	250	224	258	83	0	40	39
Lummi	WA		468				468		
Makah	WA		287	589	522		47	29	15
Metlakatla	AK	570	469	392	373	19	9	1	6
Nez Perce	ID	532	502	1184	1196	75	26	123	122
Nisqually	WA	333	39			75	6		
Nooksack	WA		187	166	223		78	78	81
Northern Cheyenne	MT	5213	5702	4258	4403	21	61	128	77
Olympic Peninsula*	WA			41	104				
Pacific NW Columbia River*	WA	103							

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Port Gamble	WA		161	450	447		51	81	42
Puget Sound Agency*	WA	49	52						
Puyallup	WA	3382	2160	1150	1809	240	341	171	358
Quinault	WA	2722		3429	2527	112		93	22
Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree	MT			1747	2394			60	84
Sauk Suiattle	WA	12	87		34	12	5		4
Siletz Tribal	OR	236	240		315	25	31		61
Skokomish	WA	894		542	793	114		113	119
Spokane Agency	WA	546	594	933	965	85	118	157	85
Stillaguamish	WA	213			179	33			27
Suquamish	WA		647		814		156		168
Tulalip	WA	3122	5063			301	306		
Umatilla	OR	774	917	980	372	160	138	190	193
Upper Skagit	WA	326	247		30	15	10		11
Warm Springs	OR				3590				510
Wind River Agency	WY		4767	6317	4535		133	103	154
Yakama Nation	WA	3313		2985	2510	594		419	407
Total		44,660	46,018	96,857^	90,503	3199*	4138*	4203*	4882*
Adjusted for non-reporting units								4394*	4882*

^20 off from total because 20 offenses were missing agency designation

*Non-land-based agencies (Columbia River, Pacific Northwest, Puget Sound, and Olympic Peninsula) not included in the calculation of the Index results.
Index Crimes = aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide (including non-negligent manslaughter), larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery.

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Crime Index Rates

The main focus on the Crime Index Rate (Table 16) will be the overall rates for all reporting agencies, because tribal information was not uniformly available for all years. Small population bases and fluctuating numbers and procedures of reported crimes can result in spurious results. The overall Index Crime Rates for the reporting agencies for 2004 (2933, 2186), 2005 (3182, 2360), 2006 (3413, 2487), and 2007 (3443, 2559) were relatively low when compared with the overall United States rate of 3977 for 2004, 3901 for 2005, and 3809 for 2006.

Table 16 - Index Crime Rates

Agency	Index Crime Rate 2004 with Pop1	Index Crime Rate 2004 with Pop2	Index Crime Rate 2005 with Pop1	Index Crime Rate 2005 with Pop2	Index Crime Rate 2006 with Pop1	Index Crime Rate 2006 with Pop2	Index Crime Rate 2007 with Pop1	Index Crime Rate 2007 with Pop2
Blackfeet Agency			18865	18865	14857	14857	9738	9738
Burns Paiute Tribal PD	1946	1946	2335	2335	0	0	0	0
Chehalis PD	2531	2531	2299	2299	2677	2677	1804	1804
Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	7438	1558	7851	1644	7686	1558	19504	4084
Columbia River Gorge								
Colville Tribal			66	66				
Coquille PD	1508	1508	7286	7286			19849	19849
Crow Agency			543	543	2558	2558	3049	3049
Flathead Tribal PD	17604	4244	327	79	6108	1473	6348	1530
Fort Belknap PD	1738	1738	2213	2213	1303#	1303#		
Fort Hall Tribal	280	280	667	667	1154	1154	731	731
Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	1620	1063			3482#	2285#	5600	3675
Hoh River Agency	1744	1744	2907	2907	4651	4651	7558	7558
Jamestown S' Klallam Tribe							252	252
Kalispel Tribal PD			5556	5556	9091	9091	10606	10606
Klamath Tribes							0	0
La Push "Quileute" Tribal PD	11857	11857			5714	5714	5571	5571
Lummi Tribal PD			9405	9405				
Makah Tribal PD			3800	3800	2344	2344	1213	1213

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Metlakatla Tribal PD	1569	1298	743	615	83	68	495	410
Nez Perce Tribal PD	4078	464	1414	161	6688	761	6634	755
Nisqually PD	1363	1363	109	109				
Nooksack			9455	9455	9455	9455	9818	9818
Northern Cheyenne	414	414	1204	1204	2526	2526	1519	1519
Olympic Peninsula								
Pacific NW Columbia River								
Port Gamble			4103	4103	6516	6516	3379	3379
Puget Sound Agency								
Puyallup Tribal PD	1044	1044	1483	1483	1287#	1287#	1557	1557
Quinault Nation Police	3497	3497			2904	2904	687	687
Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree					1738#	1738#	1921	1921
Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	7692	7692	3205	3205			2564	2564
Siletz Tribal Police	427	427	529	529			1041	1041
Skokomish PD	8184	8184			8112	8112	8543	8543
Spokane Agency	3785	3785	5254	5254	6990	6990	3785	3785
Stillaguamish Tribal PD	18132	18132					14835	14835
Suquamish Tribal			4124	3227			4441	3475
Tulalip Tribal PD	8352	8352	8491	8491				
Umatilla Tribal PD	6102	6102	5263	5263	7246	7246	7361	7361
Upper Skagit Tribal PD	4934	4934	3289	3289			3618	3618
Warm Springs							15201	15201
Wind River Agency			1185	607	917	470	1372	703
Yakama Nation Police	3640	3640			2568	2568	2494	2494
Total	2933*	2186*	3182*	2360*	3413#	2487#	3443	2559

Index crimes = aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery.

Pop1 is the American Indian population living on or near the reservations, as per BIA Labor Study.

Pop2 is the total reservation population of all persons (AI or other) or the American Indian population living on or near the reservations.

#Adjusted Index crime rates was pro-rated for non-reported months.

*Adjusted from last 2005's report to reflect changes in population and adjusting for non-reporting units.

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UCR Property and Violent Offense Rates

The Property and Violent offense rates, based on UCR criteria are listed below in Table 17. The sum of the Property rate and the Violent rate equals the Index rate. Sometimes the rounding of whole numbers results in Index values being different by one number.

Table 17 – Property and Violent Offense Rates – 2004-2007

Agency	Property Crime Rate 2004 with Pop1	Violent Crime 2004 with Pop1	Property Crime Rate 2005 with Pop1	Violent Crime 2005 with Pop1	Property Crime Rate 2006 with Pop1	Violent Crime 2006 with Pop1	Property Crime Rate 2007 with Pop1	Violent Crime 2007 with Pop1
Blackfeet Agency			10395	8470	7995	6862	5390	4348
Burns Paiute Tribal PD	778	1167	389	1946			0	0
Chehalis PD	2444	87	2211	87	2560	116	1775	29
Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	7438	0	7107	744	7107	579	6364	13140
Columbia River Gorge								
Colville Tribal			22	44				
Coquille PD	1005	503	5779	1508			13819	6030
Crow Agency			401	142	1848	711	2533	517
Flathead Tribal PD	11299	6305	22	305	4908	1200	4058	2291
Fort Belknap PD	1283	455	1655	559	688#	615#		
Fort Hall Tribal	129	151	366	301	954	201	545	186
Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	824	796			2220#	1262#	3908	1691
Hoh River Agency	1744	0	581	2326	4651	0	7558	0
Jamestown S' Klallam Tribe							0	252
Kalispel Tribal PD			3535	2020	7576	1515	10101	505
Klamath Tribes							0	0
La Push "Quileute" Tribal PD	10143	1714			4714	1000	3000	2571
Lummi Tribal PD			8059	1346				
Makah Tribal PD			2102	1698	1213	1132	1051	162
Metlakatla Tribal PD	826	743	495	248	83	0	495	0
Nez Perce Tribal PD	2828	1251	1142	272	5057	1631	5546	1088

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Nisqually PD	890	472	73	36				
Nooksack			7515	1939	6788	2667	7394	2424
Northern Cheyenne	138	276	316	888	1006	1519	1046	474
Olympic Peninsula								
Pacific NW Columbia River								
Port Gamble			2735	1368	5632	885	2011	1368
Puget Sound Agency								
Puyallup Tribal PD	987	57	1387	96	1188#	99#	1470	87
Quinalt Nation Police	3060	437			1280	1623	656	31
Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree					724#	1014#	435	1487
Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	1923	5769	1282	1923			1923	641
Siletz Tribal Police	392	34	461	68			1024	17
Skokomish PD	6748	1436			5671	2441	7107	1436
Spokane Agency	2939	846	4185	1069	5699	1291	2137	1647
Stillaguamish Tribal PD	14286	3846					14286	549
Suquamish Tribal			2987	1137			4414	26
Tulalip Tribal PD	6992	1360	6937	1554				
Umatilla Tribal PD	4043	2059	4844	420	6560	686	5111	2250
Upper Skagit Tribal PD	4934	0	3289	0			2632	987
Warm Springs							10164	5037
Wind River Agency			392	793	285	632	677	695
Yakama Nation Police	3616	25			2537	31	2476	18
Total	2321	612	2176	1006	2392	1021	2440	1003

Index crimes = aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide (including manslaughter by non-negligence), larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery.

Property crimes = burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

Violent crimes = aggravated assault, forcible rape, homicide (including manslaughter by non-negligence), and robbery.

Pop1 is the American Indian population living on or near the reservations, as per BIA Labor Study.

#Adjusted Property and Violent crime rates based on pro-rated non-reported months.

Calculation of Violent Crime Rate = number of violent offenses divided by jurisdiction population, and that number times 100,000.

Calculation of Property Crime Rate = number of property offenses divided by jurisdiction population, and that number times 100,000.

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**Other Information Reported by the Law Enforcement Agencies
Information Only Available for 2007**

In addition to the offenses reported, other information was reported and made available for 2007, as presented below in Table 18. Overall, 153 assaults of officers were reported. There were very few reported incidences in the areas of: officers killed, hate crimes, illegal aliens contact, or kidnapping. There were a substantial number of traffic stops and other services reported by the agencies.

Table 18 – Other Information Reported by Law Enforcement - 2007

Law Enforcement Unit	Officers Killed	Officers Assaulted	Traffic -Not DWI	Hate Crimes	Illegal Aliens	Search and Rescue	Other Service	Kidnapping
1. Blackfeet Agency	0	1	1996	0	0	25	5409	0
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	0	0	34	0	0	0	5570	0
3. Chehalis PD	0	2	386	0	1	1	1478	0
4. Coeur d’ Alene Tribal PD	0	29	2071	3	3	2	20113	4
5. Columbia River Gorge	0	0	0	0	3	0	841	0
6. Colville Tribal PD								
7. Coquille PD	0	0	85	0	0	2	2	0
8. Crow Agency	0	4	1650	0	0	40	17608	0
9. Flathead Tribal PD	0	10	1295	1	5	4	19278	3
10. Fort Belknap PD								
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	0	14	1858	0	0	1	2319	0
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribe	0	37	558	0	0	0	0	0
13. Hoh River Agency	0	0	0	0	0	0	1109	0
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	0	0	81	0	0	0	193	0
15. La Push “Quileute” Tribal PD	0	2	166	0	0	4	120	0
16. Lummi Tribal PD								
17. Makah Tribal PD	0	0	102	0	1	0	170	0
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	0	3	215	0	0	2	0	0
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	0	10	245	0	0	1	1845	0
20. Nisqually Tribal PD								
21. Northern Cheyenne	0	24	170	0	0	3	24419	0
22. Columbia River								

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23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0
24. Puget Sound Agency								
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	0	1	134	0	0	0	0	1
26. Quinault Nation Police	0	0	681	0	0	1	1	0
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	1	0	1	0	0	0	23	0
28. Siletz Tribal Police	0	0	75	0	0	0	0	0
29. Skokomish PD	0	2	148	0	0	0	4697	1
30. Spokane Agency	0	0	340	0	0	4	7656	0
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	0	0	133	0	0	0	247	0
32. Suquamish Tribal PD	0	0	384	0	0	0	0	0
33. Tulalip Tribal PD								
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	0	1	538	0	0	0	2466	0
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	0	0	17	0	0	0	38	0
36. Wind River Agency	0	1	197	0	0	0	5008	0
37. Yakama Nation Police	0	0	479	1	0	22	2159	0
38. Nooksack Tribal PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39. Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree	0	1	69	0	0	0	7510	0
40. Olympic Peninsula	0	0	0	0	0	0	628	0
41. Warm Springs	0	11	366	3	0	6	898	1
42. Klamath Tribes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43. Jamestown S' Klallam Tribe	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0

V. Limitations

Information was not uniformly available for all tribal agencies for all years. While some agencies provided information for all years, others supplied offense information for only one year or two of the four years. For 2006 and 2007, monthly offense information was provided, allowing for an examination of missing data by month and pro-rating Index crime values. The annual or quarterly information was available for 2004 and 2005, but the data could not be checked for missing months.

In some cases, alcohol, drug, clearance, and juvenile information was not collected or reported for offenses. In a few cases, it was not possible to discern if zero (or missing data) referred to no occurrence of the situation (i.e., alcohol, drugs) or if zero (or missing data) indicated that the information was not collected or available. Given these conditions, it is very likely that there was an under-reporting of alcohol, drug, clearance, and juvenile rates.

These limitations should not be interpreted to mean that the results are invalid, because much of the data collected appeared to be well done. Caution should be used in interpreting results from agencies that vary greatly from year to year.

VI. General Offense Definitions

These definitions may vary somewhat by state, tribe, or other jurisdiction.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

ARPA Violations: Violations of the Archaeological Resource Protection Act.

Arson: The crime of maliciously, voluntarily, and willfully setting fire to the building, buildings, or other property of another or of burning one's own property for an improper purpose, such as to collect insurance.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Curfew and Loitering: All arrests or offenses reported for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

Crimes Against Persons: homicide, manslaughter by non-negligence, forcible rape, attempted forcible rape, sex offenses, aggravated assault, assault, robbery, domestic violence, child abuse, and elderly abuse.

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Disorderly Conduct: This refers to offenses resulting in a breach of the peace.

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadones); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Driving While Intoxicated (DWI): Driving or operating any vehicle while under the influence of liquor or drugs.

Drunkness: Drinking alcoholic beverages to the extent that one's mental faculties and physical coordination are substantially impaired (Excludes Driving Under the Influence and DWI).

Embezzlement: Misappropriation of money or property entrusted to one's care.

Forgery/Counterfeiting: Forgery and counterfeiting are treated as allied offenses. This classification includes all offenses dealing with the making, altering, or possessing forgeries or counterfeiting materials with intent to defraud.

Fraud: Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses.

Gambling: All offenses which relate to promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling activities.

Homicide - Manslaughter by Non-negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Homicide - Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Index Crimes: Offenses included are: aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide (including non-negligent manslaughter), larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery. The Index Crime Rate per 100,000 is calculated dividing the number of Index offenses by the jurisdiction's population and multiplying that number by 100,000.

Larceny/Theft: The unlawful taking of property from the possession of another; includes pick pocketing, purse snatching, shoplifting, bike theft, and theft from motor vehicles.

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Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle in which automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including joyriding.

Property Crimes - General: Burglary, vandalism, stolen property, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, embezzlement, forgery/counterfeiting, fraud, and arson.

Property Crime – UCR: In the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program, property crime includes the offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. The object of the theft-type offenses is the taking of money or property, but there is no force or threat of force against the victims. The Property Crime Rate per 100,000 is calculated dividing the number of property offenses by the jurisdiction's population and multiplying that number by 100,000.

Prostitution/Commercialized Vice: Prostitution and Commercialized Vice include the unlawful promotion of, or participation in, sexual activities for profit, including attempts. Sex offenses of a commercialized nature includes: prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, procuring, or transporting women for immoral purposes.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Rape (Forcible Rape): The carnal knowledge of a person by force and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her age).

Runaway: When a juvenile has departed from some location within the local jurisdiction and the juvenile's parents or guardians have reported them as a runaway.

Sex Offenses: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Stolen Property Offenses: Included in this classification are all offenses of buying, receiving and possessing stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

Substance Use/Abuse Crimes: DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

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Vandalism: Consists of the willful destruction or defacement of property.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Violent Crime - UCR: Violent crime is composed of four offenses: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. According to the UCR's definition, violent crimes involve force or threat of force. The Violent Crime Rate per 100,000 is calculated dividing the number of violent offenses by the jurisdiction's population and multiplying that number by 100,000.

Section 2

Native American Crime in the Northwest: 2004-2007 – BIA Information from Alaska, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

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SECTION 2 – DATA SUMMARIZED BY STATE
Index, Violent, and Property Offense Rates by State

In considering the overall offense rates of the six states for 2004, 2005, and 2006, it can be noted that Washington, Oregon, and Alaska have higher Index rates than the US average. Of the six states in the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) District #5, only Alaska has a higher violent crime rate when compared to the US average. Oregon and Washington have the highest Property offense rates in the District, easily exceeding the US average.

US and State Rates for Violent, Property, and Index Offenses

State	Violent 2004	Violent 2005	Violent 2006	Property 2004	Property 2005	Property 2006	Index 2004	Index 2005	Index 2006
U.S.	463	469	474	3514	3432	3335	3977	3901	3809
Alaska	635	632	688	3383	3613	3605	4018	4245	4293
Idaho	245	257	247	2794	2698	2419	3039	2955	2666
Montana	294	281	254	2936	3143	2688	3230	3424	2942
Oregon	298	287	280	4631	4400	3672	4929	4687	3952
Washington	344	346	346	4849	4893	4480	5193	5239	4826
Wyoming	230	230	240	3334	3155	2981	3564	3385	3221

Source: <http://www.fbi.gov.ucr/>
 Rates are presented per 100,000.

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Tribal Rates by State of those Reporting to District 5, BIA

The tribal offense rates were tabulated by state. There is only one tribal agency in Alaska and one in Wyoming, and both submitted offense information. All seven tribal agencies in Montana reported offense data. There were seven tribal reporting agencies in Oregon, three in Idaho, and twenty-four in Washington.

The information for the tribal agencies were tabulated by state, as presented below. It can be seen that the Index and Property offense rates for the combined tribal agencies by state were generally lower than the US and corresponding state rates with the exception of Montana. However, the Violent offense rate for the reporting tribal agencies by state was higher than the corresponding state rates for at least one of the comparative years with rates being significantly higher in Montana. The Index crime rate for Montana is significant lower, if Blackfeet is removed from the calculations.

Tribal Agency Rates Aggregated by State

Tribal Agencies: State	Violent 2004	Violent 2005	Violent 2006	Property 2004	Property 2005	Property 2006	Index 2004	Index 2005	Index 2006
U.S.	463	469	474	3514	3432	3335	3977	3901	3809
Alaska	743	248	0	826	495	83	1569	743	83
Idaho	259	329	382	941	930	1836	1200	1259	2218
Montana	1765	2721	2148	3002	3368	3118	4767	6089	5266
Oregon	667	285	625	1478	1948	5975	2145	2233	6600
Washington	292	473	354	2621	2320	2053	2913	2793	2407
Wyoming		793	632		392	285		1185	917

Source for Tribal Information: Offenses reported in District 5, BIA
Rates are presented per 100,000.

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Total Offenses-Montana Agencies

The tribal agencies reporting in Montana included Blackfeet, Crow, Flathead, Fort Belknap, Fort Peck, Rocky Boy, and Northern Cheyenne.

There were 18,081 offenses reported in 2004, 26,231 reported in 2005, 44,312 in 2006, and 51,974 in 2007. The significant increase in offenses reported in 2006 was due to: Rocky Boy reporting in 2006 (and not 2005), and a large increase in the reported offenses for Blackfeet. The most commonly reported offenses, besides the catchall ‘all other offenses,’ were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, liquor laws, curfew & loitering, DWI, and assault.

Table 1M – Total Offenses – Montana Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Homicide	8	0	15	12	35
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	1	5	1	8
Forcible Rape	34	28	45	44	151
Sex Offenses	69	16	46	52	183
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	16	18	15	50
Aggravated Assault	333	814	750	651	2,548
Assault	377	1,455	1,109	774	3,715
Domestic Violence	595	603	1,142	1,129	3,469
Child Abuse	357	303	402	307	1,369
Elderly Abuse	36	0	0		36
Robbery	5	3	102	30	140
Burglary	250	279	407	396	1,332
Vandalism	126	464	808	743	2,141
Stolen Property	89	41	193	111	434
Motor Vehicle Theft	33	194	183	261	671
Larceny-Theft	360	559	703	503	2,125
Embezzlement	1	0	2	1	4
Forgery/Counterfeiting	34	26	22	27	109
Fraud	3	16	17	12	48
Arson	2	13	31	45	91
DWI	909	653	1,540	1,630	4,732
Drug Violations	255	242	459	469	1,425
Liquor Laws	1,352	1,571	3,847	1,894	8,664
Drunkenness	2,652	4,294	8,430	8,569	23,945
Gambling	10	1	3	12	26
Disorderly Conduct	1,659	4,386	5,886	4,565	16,496
Curfew & Loitering	339	865	2,659	1,206	5,069
Suspicious Person Report	12	398	2,024	805	3,239
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	4	39	0	43
Weapons	34	64	268	183	549
Completed Suicide	3	0	0		3
Attempted Suicide	20	0	0		20
Runaways < 18	236	471	466	91	1,264
ARPA Violations	0	8	44	14	66
All Other Offenses	7,886	8,443	32,578	27,422	76,329
Total	18,081	26,231	64,243	51,974	160,529

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Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Montana

Alcohol use was involved in the commission of less than half (38.9%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Montana in 2004-2007. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for: completed suicide (100.0%), disorderly conduct (72.4%), elderly abuse (69.4%), attempted forcible rape (68.0%), child abuse (67.6%), and attempted suicide (65.0%).

Table 2M - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Montana Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	75.0%	51.4%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	100.0%	60.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Forcible Rape	2.9%	67.9%	55.6%	50.0%	44.4%
Sex Offenses	7.2%	56.2%	37.0%	15.4%	21.3%
Attempted Forcible Rape	100.0%	93.8%	44.4%	66.7%	68.0%
Aggravated Assault	5.7%	87.8%	49.3%	37.8%	53.0%
Assault	14.3%	88.7%	30.8%	50.0%	55.8%
Domestic Violence	22.5%	83.1%	37.7%	44.4%	45.1%
Child Abuse	69.5%	83.5%	69.7%	46.9%	67.6%
Elderly Abuse	69.4%				69.4%
Robbery	0.0%	12.5%	34.3%	20.0%	30.0%
Burglary	1.2%	86.4%	11.5%	14.9%	26.3%
Vandalism	9.5%	83.4%	19.6%	18.2%	32.3%
Stolen Property	3.4%	65.9%	4.1%	0.0%	8.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	3.0%	86.6%	9.3%	7.7%	30.7%
Larceny-Theft	4.2%	77.1%	11.5%	10.7%	27.3%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	0.9%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	7.7%	16.1%	20.0%	16.5%
DWI	45.9%	100.0%	56.0%	76.4%	67.2%
Drug Violations	11.4%	14.0%	10.5%	15.4%	12.8%
Liquor Laws	57.2%	100.0%	69.4%	56.2%	70.1%
Drunkenness	99.9%	100.0%	80.6%	77.2%	85.0%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	26.0%	95.0%	72.4%	67.5%	72.4%
Curfew & Loitering	24.2%	4.9%	16.3%	6.6%	12.6%
Suspicious Person Report	100.0%	79.1%	0.1%	4.8%	12.1%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0.0%	0.0%	30.8%		30.2%
Weapons	20.6%	89.1%	22.8%	5.5%	24.6%
Completed Suicide	100.0%				100.0%
Attempted Suicide	65.0%				65.0%
Runaways < 18	4.2%	4.2%	13.5%	3.3%	7.6%
ARPA Violations	100.0%	0.0%	4.5%	42.9%	43.9%
All Other Offenses	7.8%	62.6%	13.0%	4.5%	14.9%
Total	31.0%	78.1%	48.0%	29.0%	38.9%

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Montana – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

Table 3M presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses reported in 2007, total number of offenses for 2004–2007, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of the crime, drug or alcohol involvement, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: curfew & loitering, ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, drunkenness, runaways, and liquor laws.

Table 3M - Number of Offenses by Category – Montana Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total A & D	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	8	0	15	12	35	18	2	20	27	2
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	1	5	1	8	4	0	4	5	0
Forcible Rape	34	28	45	44	151	67	7	74	121	8
Sex Offenses	69	16	46	52	183	39	7	46	130	6
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	16	18	15	50	34	0	34	39	6
Aggravated Assault	333	814	750	651	2,548	1,350	33	1,383	2,051	172
Assault	377	1,455	1,109	774	3,715	2,073	17	2,090	2,686	217
Domestic Violence	595	603	1,142	1,129	3,469	1,566	53	1,619	2,313	127
Child Abuse	357	303	402	307	1,369	925	38	963	1,218	21
Elderly Abuse	36	0	0		36	25	3	28	35	1
Robbery	5	3	102	30	140	42	4	46	72	1
Burglary	250	279	407	396	1,332	350	4	354	901	95
Vandalism	126	464	808	743	2,141	692	15	707	1,432	533
Stolen Property	89	41	193	111	434	38	4	42	230	30
Motor Vehicle Theft	33	194	183	261	671	206	2	208	458	35
Larceny-Theft	360	559	703	503	2,125	581	24	605	1,467	97
Embezzlement	1	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	4	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	34	26	22	27	109	1	0	1	88	1
Fraud	3	16	17	12	48	0	7	7	33	1
Arson	2	13	31	45	91	15	3	18	48	12
DWI	909	653	1,540	1,630	4,732	3,178	256	3,434	3,342	132
Drug Violations	255	242	459	469	1,425	183	952	1,135	956	110
Liquor Laws	1,352	1,571	3,847	1,894	8,664	6,077	49	6,126	6,149	950
Drunkenness	2,652	4,294	8,430	8,569	23,945	20,348	98	20,446	19,480	1,075
Gambling	10	1	3	12	26	0	0	0	11	0
Disorderly Conduct	1,659	4,386	5,886	4,565	16,496	11,940	65	12,005	13,719	1,798
Curfew & Loitering	339	865	2,659	1,206	5,069	638	50	688	2,492	2,738
Suspicious Person Report	12	398	2,024	805	3,239	393	0	393	676	8
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	4	39	0	43	13	1	14	19	2
Weapons	34	64	268	183	549	135	10	145	293	25
Completed Suicide	3	0	0		3	3	1	4	2	0
Attempted Suicide	20	0	0		20	13	2	15	19	4
Runaways < 18	236	471	466	91	1,264	96	2	98	882	995
ARPA Violations	0	8	44	14	66	29	0	29	47	23
All Other Offenses	7,886	8,443	32,578	27,422	76,329	11,353	226	11,579	39,322	2,033
Total	18,081	26,231	64,243	51,974	160,529	62,425	1,935	64,360	100,767	11,258

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Total Offenses by Category: 2004-2007 – Montana Agencies

Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 40.1 percent of all reported offenses. Most (62.8%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 7.0 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4M – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	51.4%	5.7%	57.1%	77.1%	5.7%
Manslaughter by Negligence	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	62.5%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	44.4%	4.6%	49.0%	80.1%	5.3%
Sex Offenses	21.3%	3.8%	25.1%	71.0%	3.3%
Attempted Forcible Rape	68.0%	0.0%	68.0%	78.0%	12.0%
Aggravated Assault	53.0%	1.3%	54.3%	80.5%	6.8%
Assault	55.8%	0.5%	56.3%	72.3%	5.8%
Domestic Violence	45.1%	1.5%	46.7%	66.7%	3.7%
Child Abuse	67.6%	2.8%	70.3%	89.0%	1.5%
Elderly Abuse	69.4%	8.3%	77.8%	97.2%	2.8%
Robbery	30.0%	2.9%	32.9%	51.4%	0.7%
Burglary	26.3%	0.3%	26.6%	67.6%	7.1%
Vandalism	32.3%	0.7%	33.0%	66.9%	24.9%
Stolen Property	8.8%	0.9%	9.7%	53.0%	6.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	30.7%	0.3%	31.0%	68.3%	5.2%
Larceny-Theft	27.3%	1.1%	28.5%	69.0%	4.6%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.9%	0.0%	0.9%	80.7%	0.9%
Fraud	0.0%	14.6%	14.6%	68.8%	2.1%
Arson	16.5%	3.3%	19.8%	52.7%	13.2%
DWI	67.2%	5.4%	72.6%	70.6%	2.8%
Drug Violations	12.8%	66.8%	79.6%	67.1%	7.7%
Liquor Laws	70.1%	0.6%	70.7%	71.0%	11.0%
Drunkenness	85.0%	0.4%	85.4%	81.4%	4.5%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	42.3%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	72.4%	0.4%	72.8%	83.2%	10.9%
Curfew & Loitering	12.6%	1.0%	13.6%	49.2%	54.0%
Suspicious Person Report	12.1%	0.0%	12.1%	20.9%	0.2%
Prostitution/Vice	30.2%	2.3%	32.6%	44.2%	4.7%
Weapons	24.6%	1.8%	26.4%	53.4%	4.6%
Completed Suicide	100.0%	33.3%	133.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	65.0%	10.0%	75.0%	95.0%	20.0%
Runaways < 18	7.6%	0.2%	7.8%	69.8%	78.7%
ARPA Violations	43.9%	0.0%	43.9%	71.2%	34.8%
All Other Offenses	14.9%	0.3%	15.2%	51.5%	2.7%
Total	38.9%	1.2%	40.1%	62.8%	7.0%

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Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Montana

The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5M.

Table 5M – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	380	845	912	737	2,874
Property Crimes	645	1,045	1,324	1,205	4,219
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	5,168	6,760	14,276	12,562	38,766
Total - All Offenses	18,081	26,231	64,243	51,974	160,529

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Montana

Violent offenses were more likely (51.4%) to have alcohol involvement than were property offenses (27.3%).

Table 6M – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	5.3%	87.0%	48.1%	38.4%	51.4%
Property Crimes	2.9%	80.5%	11.3%	11.8%	27.3%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	74.8%	96.9%	72.6%	71.6%	76.8%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Montana

Violent offenses had higher drug involvement than did property offenses.

Table 7M – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	0.5%	2.0%	1.0%	2.4%	1.6%
Property Crimes	0.0%	1.1%	0.6%	1.2%	0.8%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	6.4%	5.6%	2.4%	2.5%	3.5%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Montana

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8M. Overall, 7.0 percent of the reported offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 8M – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	2	109	39	33	150
Property Crimes	12	79	71	77	162
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	367	190	1190	520	1747
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	7.0%	11.4%	7.3%	4.4%	7.0%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	1,268	2,991	4,691	2,308	11,258

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

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Total Offenses – Washington Agencies

The tribal agencies reporting in Washington included: Chehalis, Colville, Hoh River, Jamestown-S'Kallam, Kalispell, Quileute, Lummi, Makah, Nisqually, Nooksack, Olympic Peninsula, Pacific Northwest Columbia River, Port Gamble, Puget Sound, Puyallup, Quinault, Sauk Suiattle, Skokomish, Spokane, Stillaguamish, Suquamish, Tulalip, Upper Skagit, and Yakama.

There were 16,819 offenses reported in 2004, 11,268 in 2005, 11,559 in 2006, and 12,552 reported in 2007 for a total of 52,198 offenses. A major reason for the decline in 2005, 2006, and 2007 in the number of reported offenses was because two larger populated reservation areas reported in 2004 but not in 2005, 2006, or 2007. The most common reported offenses, outside 'all other offenses,' were: larceny-theft, suspicious person report, assault, drug violations, domestic violence, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1W – Total Offenses – Washington Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Homicide	2	6	5	0	13
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	0	1	2
Forcible Rape	19	17	12	9	57
Sex Offenses	51	36	44	49	180
Attempted Forcible Rape	10	0	6	2	18
Aggravated Assault	134	241	167	127	669
Assault	705	377	471	483	2,036
Domestic Violence	538	414	434	488	1,874
Child Abuse	162	38	89	69	358
Elderly Abuse	3	1	0		4
Robbery	21	27	10	10	68
Burglary	428	298	304	311	1,341
Vandalism	297	236	338	262	1,133
Stolen Property	180	262	112	104	658
Motor Vehicle Theft	361	307	229	395	1,292
Larceny-Theft	766	771	557	618	2,712
Embezzlement	2	2	0	6	10
Forgery/Counterfeiting	127	193	110	167	597
Fraud	73	66	55	92	286
Arson	31	26	18	13	88
DWI	374	403	246	319	1,342
Drug Violations	607	710	313	346	1,976
Liquor Laws	365	270	420	517	1,572
Drunkenness	492	146	218	163	1,019
Gambling	1	4	1	8	14
Disorderly Conduct	412	437	303	334	1,486
Curfew & Loitering	106	71	93	47	317
Suspicious Person Report	535	574	474	533	2,116
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	7	10	2	1	20
Weapons	56	64	79	50	249
Completed Suicide	7	0	0		7
Attempted Suicide	53	0	8		61
Runaways < 18	255	155	213	199	822
ARPA Violations	13	3	10	4	30
All Other Offenses	9,625	5,103	6,218	6,825	27,771
Total	16,819	11,268	11,559	12,552	52,198

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Alcohol Involvement by Offense: 2004-2007 – Washington

Alcohol use was involved in the commission of some (14.6%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Washington from 2004-2007. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was most prevalent for: disorderly conduct (42.4%), domestic violence (35.3%), assault (33.5%), child abuse (31.8%), and homicide (30.8%).

Table 2W - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Washington Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	100.0%	16.7%	20.0%	0.0%	30.8%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	66.6%	23.5%	41.7%	22.2%	29.8%
Sex Offenses	5.9%	19.4%	25.0%	14.3%	15.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	21.4%	0.0%	16.7%
Aggravated Assault	20.9%	29.5%	31.1%	18.1%	26.0%
Assault	28.2%	28.1%	38.0%	41.2%	33.5%
Domestic Violence	27.7%	32.4%	40.8%	41.4%	35.3%
Child Abuse	34.0%	2.6%	46.1%	24.6%	31.8%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	9.5%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	4.4%
Burglary	3.3%	2.3%	7.2%	2.3%	3.7%
Vandalism	5.1%	3.0%	7.1%	3.1%	4.8%
Stolen Property	1.1%	1.1%	11.6%	1.9%	3.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1.9%	1.3%	2.6%	0.3%	1.4%
Larceny-Theft	3.3%	1.8%	2.2%	2.8%	2.5%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.8%	1.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.7%
Fraud	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Arson	0.0%	7.7%	22.2%	0.0%	6.8%
DWI	57.0%	96.6%	74.0%	64.3%	72.2%
Drug Violations	7.4%	1.7%	19.2%	4.0%	6.6%
Liquor Laws	73.2%	99.6%	72.9%	73.7%	77.8%
Drunkenness	79.7%	93.7%	72.9%	62.6%	77.4%
Gambling	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%
Disorderly Conduct	27.9%	42.8%	48.2%	54.5%	42.4%
Curfew & Loitering	25.5%	32.4%	15.1%	19.1%	23.0%
Suspicious Person Report	6.2%	7.1%	4.6%	4.1%	5.6%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Weapons	8.9%	7.8%	10.1%	10.0%	9.2%
Completed Suicide	28.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	28.6%
Attempted Suicide	22.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	21.3%
Runaways < 18	3.5%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	1.3%
ARPA Violations	23.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
All Other Offenses	5.3%	1.3%	7.8%	8.2%	6.2%
Total	12.7%	14.0%	16.8%	15.7%	14.6%

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Washington – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

Table 3W presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported for 2006, offenses reported in 2007, total number of offenses for 2004-2007, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, total alcohol or drug involvement, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses committed by juveniles. The most common offenses committed by juveniles were: ‘all other offenses,’ runaways, liquor laws, curfew & loitering, drunkenness, and drug violations.

Table 3W - Number of Offenses by Category – Washington Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total A & D	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	2	6	5	0	13	4	3	7	11	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	19	17	12	9	57	17	5	22	35	7
Sex Offenses	51	36	44	49	180	28	8	36	92	17
Attempted Forcible Rape	10	0	6	2	18	3	1	4	7	1
Aggravated Assault	134	241	167	127	669	174	49	223	373	60
Assault	705	377	471	483	2,036	683	121	804	1,179	155
Domestic Violence	538	414	434	488	1,874	662	75	737	1,049	71
Child Abuse	162	38	89	69	358	114	26	140	202	16
Elderly Abuse	3	1	0		4	0	0	0	1	0
Robbery	21	27	10	10	68	3	6	9	43	2
Burglary	428	298	304	311	1,341	50	23	73	297	50
Vandalism	297	236	338	262	1,133	54	17	71	411	90
Stolen Property	180	262	112	104	658	20	102	122	430	23
Motor Vehicle Theft	361	307	229	395	1,292	18	24	42	532	10
Larceny-Theft	766	771	557	618	2,712	68	88	156	802	83
Embezzlement	2	2	0	6	10	0	0	0	5	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	127	193	110	167	597	4	23	27	193	0
Fraud	73	66	55	92	286	2	15	17	132	0
Arson	31	26	18	13	88	6	0	6	26	3
DWI	374	403	246	319	1,342	969	81	1,050	1,066	28
Drug Violations	607	710	313	346	1,976	131	1,405	1,536	1,438	171
Liquor Laws	365	270	420	517	1,572	1,223	67	1,290	1,112	463
Drunkenness	492	146	218	163	1,019	789	26	815	855	211
Gambling	1	4	1	8	14	1	0	1	9	0
Disorderly Conduct	412	437	303	334	1,486	630	166	796	967	122
Curfew & Loitering	106	71	93	47	317	73	18	91	204	235
Suspicious Person Report	535	574	474	533	2,116	118	89	207	1,201	96
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	7	10	2	1	20	2	10	12	20	0
Weapons	56	64	79	50	249	23	27	50	170	19
Completed Suicide	7	0	0		7	2	0	2	6	1
Attempted Suicide	53	0	8		61	13	7	20	36	3
Runaways < 18	255	155	213	199	822	11	24	35	360	732
ARPA Violations	13	3	10	4	30	3	0	3	16	1
All Other Offenses	9,625	5,103	6,218	6,825	27,771	1,724	504	2,228	12,799	912
Total	16,819	11,268	11,559	12,552	52,198	7,622	3,010	10,632	26,080	3,582

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Total Offenses by Category – Washington Agencies

Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 20.4 percent of all reported offenses. Half (50.0%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 6.9 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4W – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	30.8%	23.1%	53.8%	84.6%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	29.8%	8.8%	38.6%	61.4%	12.3%
Sex Offenses	15.6%	4.4%	20.0%	51.1%	9.4%
Attempted Forcible Rape	16.7%	5.6%	22.2%	38.9%	5.6%
Aggravated Assault	26.0%	7.3%	33.3%	55.8%	9.0%
Assault	33.5%	5.9%	39.5%	57.9%	7.6%
Domestic Violence	35.3%	4.0%	39.3%	56.0%	3.8%
Child Abuse	31.8%	7.3%	39.1%	56.4%	4.5%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Robbery	4.4%	8.8%	13.2%	63.2%	2.9%
Burglary	3.7%	1.7%	5.4%	22.1%	3.7%
Vandalism	4.8%	1.5%	6.3%	36.3%	7.9%
Stolen Property	3.0%	15.5%	18.5%	65.3%	3.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1.4%	1.9%	3.3%	41.2%	0.8%
Larceny-Theft	2.5%	3.2%	5.8%	29.6%	3.1%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.7%	3.9%	4.5%	32.3%	0.0%
Fraud	0.7%	5.2%	5.9%	46.2%	0.0%
Arson	6.8%	0.0%	6.8%	29.5%	3.4%
DWI	72.2%	6.0%	78.2%	79.4%	2.1%
Drug Violations	6.6%	71.1%	77.7%	72.8%	8.7%
Liquor Laws	77.8%	4.3%	82.1%	70.7%	29.5%
Drunkenness	77.4%	2.6%	80.0%	83.9%	20.7%
Gambling	7.1%	0.0%	7.1%	64.3%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	42.4%	11.2%	53.6%	65.1%	8.2%
Curfew & Loitering	23.0%	5.7%	28.7%	64.4%	74.1%
Suspicious Person Report	5.6%	4.2%	9.8%	56.8%	4.5%
Prostitution/Vice	10.0%	50.0%	60.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	9.2%	10.8%	20.1%	68.3%	7.6%
Completed Suicide	28.6%	0.0%	28.6%	85.7%	14.3%
Attempted Suicide	21.3%	11.5%	32.8%	59.0%	4.9%
Runaways < 18	1.3%	2.9%	4.3%	43.8%	89.1%
ARPA Violations	10.0%	0.0%	10.0%	53.3%	3.3%
All Other Offenses	6.2%	1.8%	8.0%	46.1%	3.3%
Total	14.6%	5.8%	20.4%	50.0%	6.9%

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Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Washington

The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5W.

Table 5W – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	176	291	194	146	807
Property Crimes	1,586	1,402	1,108	1,337	5,433
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	1,838	1,529	1,197	1,345	5,909
Total – All Offenses	16,819	11,268	11,559	12,552	52,198

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Washington

Violent crimes were more likely (24.5%) to have alcohol involvement than were property offenses (2.6%).

Table 6W – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	21.6%	26.5%	29.9%	17.1%	24.5%
Property Crimes	2.9%	1.9%	4.0%	1.9%	2.6%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	49.9%	51.4%	59.1%	52.2%	52.7%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Washington

Violent crimes had higher drug involvement than did property offenses.

Table 7W – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	8.0 %	8.2 %	9.3%	4.8%	7.8%
Property Crimes	1.5%	6.8%	0.7%	0.6%	2.5%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	14.4%	46.7%	22.8%	24.4%	26.7%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Washington

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8W. Overall, juveniles accounted for 6.9 percent of the all offenses.

Table 8W – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Crimes Against Persons	11	28	20	10	69
Property Crimes	46	45	31	24	146
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	335	229	128	181	873
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	7.4%	6.6%	6.9%	6.3%	6.9%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	1,253	744	793	792	3,582

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

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Total Offenses – Oregon Agencies

The tribal agencies reporting in Oregon included: Burns, Columbia River, Coquille, Klamath, Siletz, Umatilla, and Warm Springs.

There were 1,111 offenses reported in 2004, 1,400 offenses reported in 2005, 1,304 in 2006, and 4,696 in 2007. The increase in the total number of crimes in 2007 is due to addition of two new reporting tribes. The most common reported offenses, outside ‘all other offenses,’ were: drunkenness, theft-larceny, vandalism, drug violations, and DWI.

Table 10 – Total Offenses – Oregon Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Homicide	2	2	0	3	7
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	2	2
Forcible Rape	3	5	2	5	15
Sex Offenses	8	7	6	19	40
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	2	3
Aggravated Assault	55	21	16	168	260
Assault	17	49	30	97	193
Domestic Violence	26	59	28	120	233
Child Abuse	6	6	1	151	164
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0		0
Robbery	1	2	0	0	3
Burglary	37	50	56	128	271
Vandalism	77	71	85	229	462
Stolen Property	1	8	0	2	11
Motor Vehicle Theft	17	18	19	58	112
Larceny-Theft	79	115	96	276	566
Embezzlement	0	0	0	4	4
Forgery/Counterfeiting	9	17	20	16	62
Fraud	5	8	1	21	35
Arson	2	1	1	12	16
DWI	59	60	38	244	401
Drug Violations	64	85	52	248	449
Liquor Laws	46	63	50	211	370
Drunkenness	10	11	3	956	980
Gambling	2	0	0	0	2
Disorderly Conduct	32	32	32	47	143
Curfew & Loitering	8	7	0	38	53
Suspicious Person Report	65	10	6	39	120
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	2	2
Weapons	11	10	32	59	112
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0
Attempted Suicide	4	0	0		4
Runaways < 18	28	39	30	118	215
ARPA Violations	0	0	44	0	44
All Other Offenses	437	644	655	1,421	3,157
Total	1,111	1,400	1,304	4,696	8,511

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Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Oregon

Alcohol use was involved in the commission of some (34.5%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Oregon from 2004-2007. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for: manslaughter by negligence (100.0%), disorderly conduct (65.0%), homicide (57.1%), curfew and loitering (52.8%), and domestic violence (48.9%).

Table 20 - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Oregon Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	57.1%
Manslaughter by Negligence				100.0%	100.0%
Forcible Rape	0.0%	40.0%	10.0%	20.0%	26.7%
Sex Offenses	12.5%	14.3%	0.0%	5.3%	7.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape			100.0%	0.0%	33.3%
Aggravated Assault	41.8%	57.1%	7.6%	41.1%	42.7%
Assault	5.9%	20.4%	19.8%	20.6%	25.9%
Domestic Violence	50.0%	39.0%	19.5%	46.7%	48.9%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.8%	22.0%
Elderly Abuse					
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	5.4%	6.0%	2.1%	4.7%	5.2%
Vandalism	3.9%	4.2%	1.7%	10.5%	7.4%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	11.8%	5.6%	1.9%	10.3%	8.9%
Larceny-Theft	1.3%	.09%	0.0%	1.4%	1.1%
Embezzlement				0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	89.8%	96.7%	19.7%	96.7%	94.3%
Drug Violations	4.7%	8.2%	3.0%	34.3%	22.5%
Liquor Laws	97.8%	93.7%	29.6%	96.7%	95.9%
Drunkenness	100.0%	100.0%	12.5%	98.8%	98.9%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	56.5%	62.5%	25.0%	66.0%	65.0%
Curfew & Loitering	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	71.1%	52.8%
Suspicious Person Report	1.5%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice				0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	9.1%	10.0%	1.9%	54.2%	31.3%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	2.5%	2.3%
ARPA Violations			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	1.4%	15.2%	1.9%	31.4%	18.5%
Total	16.7%	22.4%	5.4%	47.6%	34.5%

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Oregon – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

Table 30 presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses reported in 2007, total number of offenses for 2004–2007, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, drug or alcohol involvement, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: runaways, ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, drunkenness, and curfew & loitering.

Table 30 - Number of Offenses by Category – Oregon Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Total Offenses	Alcohol Involved	Drug Involved	Total Alcohol Drug	Cleared	Juvenile
Homicide	2	2	0	3	7	4	2	6	7	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	0
Forcible Rape	3	5	2	5	15	4	0	4	11	3
Sex Offenses	8	7	6	19	40	3	1	4	20	9
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	2	3	1	1	2	3	0
Aggravated Assault	55	21	16	168	260	111	11	122	220	22
Assault	17	49	30	97	193	50	6	56	153	27
Domestic Violence	26	59	28	120	233	114	8	122	213	7
Child Abuse	6	6	1	151	164	36	18	54	133	8
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	2	0	0	3	0	1	1	2	0
Burglary	37	50	56	128	271	14	7	21	133	17
Vandalism	77	71	85	229	462	34	6	40	275	28
Stolen Property	1	8	0	2	11	0	0	0	6	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	17	18	19	58	112	10	5	15	76	9
Larceny-Theft	79	115	96	276	566	6	11	17	275	12
Embezzlement	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	2	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	9	17	20	16	62	0	3	3	39	0
Fraud	5	8	1	21	35	0	1	1	10	1
Arson	2	1	1	12	16	0	0	0	6	0
DWI	59	60	38	244	401	378	45	423	396	13
Drug Violations	64	85	52	248	449	101	431	532	434	43
Liquor Laws	46	63	50	211	370	355	18	373	368	121
Drunkenness	10	11	3	956	980	969	39	1,008	980	73
Gambling	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	32	32	32	47	143	93	8	101	135	14
Curfew & Loitering	8	7	0	38	53	28	5	33	49	51
Suspicious Person Report	65	10	6	39	120	3	1	4	91	5
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	11	10	32	59	112	35	17	52	92	10
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	4	0	0		4	1	0	1	2	1
Runaways < 18	28	39	30	118	215	5	1	6	180	207
ARPA Violations	0	0	44	0	44	0	0	0	40	0
All Other Offenses	437	644	655	1,421	3,157	583	141	724	2,659	128
Total	1,111	1,400	1,304	4,696	8,511	2,940	787	3,727	7,013	811

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Total Offenses by Category – Oregon Agencies

Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 43.8 percent of all reported offenses. An impressive 82.4 percent of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means.

Overall, 9.5 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 40 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	57.1%	28.6%	85.7%	100.0%	14.3%
Manslaughter by Negligence	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	26.7%	0.0%	26.7%	73.3%	20.0%
Sex Offenses	7.5%	2.5%	10.0%	50.0%	22.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape	33.3%	33.3%	66.7%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	42.7%	4.2%	46.9%	84.6%	8.5%
Assault	25.9%	3.1%	29.0%	79.3%	14.0%
Domestic Violence	48.9%	3.4%	52.4%	91.4%	3.0%
Child Abuse	22.0%	11.0%	32.9%	81.1%	4.9%
Elderly Abuse					
Robbery	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Burglary	5.2%	2.6%	7.7%	49.1%	6.3%
Vandalism	7.4%	1.3%	8.7%	59.5%	6.1%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	54.5%	9.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	8.9%	4.5%	13.4%	67.9%	8.0%
Larceny-Theft	1.1%	1.9%	3.0%	48.6%	2.1%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	4.8%	4.8%	62.9%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	2.9%	2.9%	28.6%	2.9%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
DWI	94.3%	11.2%	105.5%	98.8%	3.2%
Drug Violations	22.5%	96.0%	118.5%	96.7%	9.6%
Liquor Laws	95.9%	4.9%	100.8%	99.5%	32.7%
Drunkenness	98.9%	4.0%	102.9%	100.0%	7.4%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	65.0%	5.6%	70.6%	94.4%	9.8%
Curfew & Loitering	52.8%	9.4%	62.3%	92.5%	96.2%
Suspicious Person Report	2.5%	0.8%	3.3%	75.8%	4.2%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	31.3%	15.2%	46.4%	82.1%	8.9%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	25.0%	0.0%	25.0%	50.0%	25.0%
Runaways < 18	2.3%	0.5%	2.8%	83.7%	96.3%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	18.5%	4.5%	22.9%	84.2%	4.1%
Total	34.5%	9.2%	43.8%	82.4%	9.5%

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Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Oregon

The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5O.

Table 5O – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	61	30	18	176	285
Property Crimes	135	184	172	474	965
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	179	219	143	1,659	2,200
Total - All Offenses	1,111	1,400	1,304	4,696	8,511

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Oregon

Violent offenses were more likely (41.8%) to have alcohol involvement than were property offenses (3.1%).

Table 6O – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	37.7%	50.0%	44.4%	41.5%	41.8%
Property Crimes	3.7%	2.7%	2.3%	3.4%	3.1%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	62.0%	61.6%	60.8%	88.6%	82.0%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Oregon

Violent offenses had higher drug involvement than did property offenses.

Table 7O – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	0.0 %	3.3 %	0.0%	7.4%	4.9%
Property Crimes	3.0%	6.0%	0.0%	1.7%	2.4%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	38.5%	39.3%	41.3%	19.2%	24.2%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Oregon

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8O. Overall, 9.5 percent of the offenses reported for 2004-2007 were committed by juveniles.

Table 8O – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	2	2	5	17	26
Property Crimes	4	6	8	20	38
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	35	42	27	146	250
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	11.3%	8.9%	7.6%	9.9%	9.5%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	125	124	99	463	811

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

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Total Offenses – Idaho Agencies

The tribal agencies reporting in Idaho included: Coeur d’ Alene, Fort Hall, and Nez Perce.

There were 8,079 offenses reported in 2004, 1,883 reported in 2005, 13,051 reported in 2006, and 16,373 in 2007. The reason for the reduction in reporting offenses between the four years was a limited report received from Fort Hall in 2005. The most common reported offenses, outside ‘all other offenses,’ were: drunkenness, suspicious person report, DWI, liquor laws, and domestic violence.

Table 1I – Total Offenses – Idaho Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Homicide	1	4	3	0	8
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	1	0	1
Forcible Rape	8	10	10	14	42
Sex Offenses	41	24	44	34	143
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	6	5	0	12
Aggravated Assault	34	36	50	184	304
Assault	257	75	299	282	913
Domestic Violence	90	62	408	401	961
Child Abuse	83	85	74	75	317
Elderly Abuse	2	0	0		2
Robbery	1	6	2	7	16
Burglary	45	79	118	114	356
Vandalism	105	36	136	223	500
Stolen Property	35	14	40	38	127
Motor Vehicle Theft	15	71	50	29	165
Larceny-Theft	96	2	134	96	328
Embezzlement	12	4	1	4	21
Forgery/Counterfeiting	13	15	9	28	65
Fraud	8	17	15	13	53
Arson	4	6	10	16	36
DWI	434	51	487	477	1,449
Drug Violations	127	75	272	449	923
Liquor Laws	141	87	300	907	1,435
Drunkenness	889	46	961	752	2,648
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	248	24	333	215	820
Curfew & Loitering	44	10	20	22	96
Suspicious Person Report	686	10	821	678	2,195
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	2	1	0	3
Weapons	72	5	45	46	168
Completed Suicide	4	0	0		4
Attempted Suicide	25	0	0		25
Runaways < 18	77	33	122	128	360
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	2	2
All Other Offenses	4,481	988	8,280	11,139	24,888
Total	8,079	1,883	13,051	16,373	39,386

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Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Idaho

Alcohol use was involved in the commission of some (15.1%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Idaho. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for the offenses of: homicide (100.0%), aggravated assault (55.9%), forcible rape (52.4%), attempted forcible rape (50.0%), robbery (50.0%), and ARPA violations (50.0%).

Table 2I - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Idaho Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence			0.0%		0.0%
Forcible Rape	75.0%	20.0%	80.0%	42.9%	52.4%
Sex Offenses	19.5%	20.8%	0.0%	11.8%	11.9%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	83.3%	20.0%		50.0%
Aggravated Assault	73.5%	33.3%	52.0%	58.2%	55.9%
Assault	33.9%	36.0%	34.1%	30.9%	33.2%
Domestic Violence	25.6%	29.0%	23.3%	31.7%	27.4%
Child Abuse	6.0%	5.9%	12.2%	21.3%	11.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%				0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	33.3%	50.0%	71.4%	50.0%
Burglary	8.9%	11.4%	5.9%	13.2%	9.8%
Vandalism	2.9%	2.8%	8.8%	5.8%	5.8%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	5.3%	2.4%
Motor Vehicle Theft	13.3%	4.2%	20.0%	24.1%	13.3%
Larceny-Theft	1.0%	0.0%	1.5%	16.7%	5.8%
Embezzlement	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.8%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	2.8%
DWI	87.8%	86.3%	52.0%	68.6%	69.4%
Drug Violations	14.2%	10.7%	1.8%	7.1%	6.8%
Liquor Laws	80.0%	100.0%	91.3%	70.9%	77.8%
Drunkenness	86.5%	100.0%	60.2%	68.4%	72.1%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	42.7%	37.5%	12.0%	32.6%	27.4%
Curfew & Loitering	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.1%	0.3%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Weapons	23.6%	0.0%	20.0%	15.2%	19.6%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%			0.0%
Attempted Suicide	4.0%				4.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	0.8%
ARPA Violations				50.0%	50.0%
All Other Offenses	0.3%	4.8%	1.0%	4.7%	2.6%
Total	19.6%	17.7%	11.7%	15.4%	15.1%

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Idaho – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

Table 3I presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses reported in 2007, total number of offenses for 2004–2007, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, drug or alcohol involvement, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, runaways, drunkenness, and drug violations.

Table 3I - Number of Offenses by Category – Idaho Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total A & D	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	1	4	3	0	8	8	0	8	8	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	8	10	10	14	42	22	8	30	26	5
Sex Offenses	41	24	44	34	143	17	0	17	29	19
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	6	5	0	12	6	1	7	5	3
Aggravated Assault	34	36	50	184	304	170	17	187	204	20
Assault	257	75	299	282	913	303	9	312	372	89
Domestic Violence	90	62	408	401	961	263	19	282	312	11
Child Abuse	83	85	74	75	317	35	2	37	159	19
Elderly Abuse	2	0	0		2	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	6	2	7	16	8	2	10	12	1
Burglary	45	79	118	114	356	35	11	46	97	62
Vandalism	105	36	136	223	500	29	1	30	100	97
Stolen Property	35	14	40	38	127	3	5	8	30	7
Motor Vehicle Theft	15	71	50	29	165	22	1	23	35	13
Larceny-Theft	96	2	134	96	328	19	3	22	68	26
Embezzlement	12	4	1	4	21	1	2	3	11	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	13	15	9	28	65	0	4	4	21	2
Fraud	8	17	15	13	53	0	0	0	5	0
Arson	4	6	10	16	36	1	2	3	4	3
DWI	434	51	487	477	1,449	1,005	17	1,022	821	23
Drug Violations	127	75	272	449	923	63	700	763	650	120
Liquor Laws	141	87	300	907	1,435	1,117	10	1,127	1,016	383
Drunkenness	889	46	961	752	2,648	1,908	4	1,912	1,696	211
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	248	24	333	215	820	225	4	229	209	52
Curfew & Loitering	44	10	20	22	96	1	1	2	49	80
Suspicious Person Report	686	10	821	678	2,195	6	6	12	104	0
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	2	1	0	3	0	1	1	0	2
Weapons	72	5	45	46	168	33	4	37	43	13
Completed Suicide	4	0	0		4	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	25	0	0		25	1	1	2	1	3
Runaways < 18	77	33	122	128	360	3	6	9	117	267
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	2	0
All Other Offenses	4,481	988	8,280	11,139	24,888	658	222	880	3,320	726
Total	8,079	1,883	13,051	16,373	39,386	5,963	1,063	7,026	9,527	2,258

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Total Offenses by Category: 2004-2007 – Idaho Agencies

Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 17.8 percent of all reported offenses.

About one-fourth (24.2%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means.

Overall, 5.7 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4I – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	12.5%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	52.4%	19.0%	71.4%	61.9%	11.9%
Sex Offenses	11.9%	0.0%	11.9%	20.3%	13.3%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	8.3%	58.3%	41.7%	25.0%
Aggravated Assault	55.9%	5.6%	61.5%	67.1%	6.6%
Assault	33.2%	1.0%	34.2%	40.7%	9.7%
Domestic Violence	27.4%	2.0%	29.3%	32.5%	1.1%
Child Abuse	11.0%	0.6%	11.7%	50.2%	6.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	50.0%	12.5%	62.5%	75.0%	6.3%
Burglary	9.8%	3.1%	12.9%	27.2%	17.4%
Vandalism	5.8%	0.2%	6.0%	20.0%	19.4%
Stolen Property	2.4%	3.9%	6.3%	23.6%	5.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	13.3%	0.6%	13.9%	21.2%	7.9%
Larceny-Theft	5.8%	0.9%	6.7%	20.7%	7.9%
Embezzlement	4.8%	9.5%	14.3%	52.4%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	6.2%	6.2%	32.3%	3.1%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.4%	0.0%
Arson	2.8%	5.6%	8.3%	11.1%	8.3%
DWI	69.4%	1.2%	70.5%	56.7%	1.6%
Drug Violations	6.8%	75.8%	82.7%	70.4%	13.0%
Liquor Laws	77.8%	0.7%	78.5%	70.8%	26.7%
Drunkenness	72.1%	0.2%	72.2%	64.0%	8.0%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	27.4%	0.5%	27.9%	25.5%	6.3%
Curfew & Loitering	1.0%	1.0%	2.1%	51.0%	83.3%
Suspicious Person Report	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%	4.7%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%	0.0%	66.7%
Weapons	19.6%	2.4%	22.0%	25.6%	7.7%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	4.0%	4.0%	8.0%	4.0%	12.0%
Runaways < 18	0.8%	1.7%	2.5%	32.5%	74.2%
ARPA Violations	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	2.6%	0.9%	3.5%	13.3%	2.9%
Total	15.1%	2.7%	17.8%	24.2%	5.7%

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Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Idaho

The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5I.

Table 5I – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	44	56	65	205	370
Property Crimes	160	158	312	255	885
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	1591	259	2020	2,585	6,455
Total - All Offenses	8,079	1,883	13,062	16,373	39,397

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Idaho

Violent offenses were more likely (56.2%) to have alcohol involvement than were property offenses (8.7%).

Table 6I – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	72.7%	35.7%	58.5%	57.6%	56.2%
Property Crimes	4.4%	7.6%	6.4%	14.9%	8.7%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	80.5%	71.4%	55.0%	58.6%	63.4%

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Idaho

Violent offenses against persons had higher drug involvement than did property offenses.

Table 7I – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	11.4 %	10.7 %	9.2%	4.9%	7.3%
Property Crimes	0.6%	2.5%	2.2%	2.0%	1.9%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	6.0%	29.0%	7.9%	15.5%	11.3%

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Idaho

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8I. Overall, 5.7 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 8I – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	1	6	6	14	27
Property Crimes	32	12	28	32	104
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	210	109	150	268	737
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	6.5%	11.3%	4.5%	5.7%	5.7%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	527	213	592	927	2,259

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Total Offenses - Wyoming

The only tribal agency in Wyoming is the Wind River Agency.

There were 4,767 offenses reported in 2005, 6,317 offenses reported in 2006, and 4,535 in 2007. The most common reported offenses, besides ‘all other violations,’ were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, DWI, assault, liquor laws, and drug violations.

Table 1W – Total Offenses – Wyoming

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Homicide		2	5	5	12
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape		4	6	9	19
Sex Offenses		9	0	0	9
Attempted Forcible Rape		4	6	2	12
Aggravated Assault		81	56	64	201
Assault		189	252	211	652
Domestic Violence		100	152	72	324
Child Abuse		289	56	38	383
Elderly Abuse		0	0		0
Robbery		2	4	0	6
Burglary		9	2	17	28
Vandalism		277	33	147	457
Stolen Property		111	0	0	111
Motor Vehicle Theft		20	28	11	59
Larceny-Theft		15	1	47	63
Embezzlement		1	1	0	2
Forgery/Counterfeiting		0	0	3	3
Fraud		0	0	0	0
Arson		0	1	1	2
DWI		224	294	219	737
Drug Violations		99	200	187	486
Liquor Laws		195	232	145	572
Drunkenness		635	980	964	2,579
Gambling		0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct		816	459	309	1,584
Curfew & Loitering		15	23	4	42
Suspicious Person Report		0	110	0	110
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice		0	0	0	0
Weapons		6	19	17	42
Completed Suicide		0	0		0
Attempted Suicide		21	0		21
Runaways < 18		78	46	53	177
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses		1,565	3,351	2,010	6,926
Total		4,767	6,317	4,535	15,619

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Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Wyoming

Alcohol use was substantially involved in the commission of many (75.5%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Wyoming. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for: forcible rape (100.0%), sex offenses (100.0%), robbery (100.0%), disorderly conduct (99.7%), domestic violence (97.2%), and assault (97.2%).

Table 2W - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Wyoming

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol Total
Homicide		100.0%	80.0%	100.0%	91.7%
Manslaughter by Negligence					
Forcible Rape		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Sex Offenses		100.0%			100.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape		75.0%	83.3%	100.0%	83.3%
Aggravated Assault		77.8%	100.0%	100.0%	91.0%
Assault		98.9%	93.7%	100.0%	97.2%
Domestic Violence		95.0%	97.4%	100.0%	97.2%
Child Abuse		95.2%	87.5%	94.7%	94.0%
Elderly Abuse					
Robbery		100.0%	100.0%		100.0%
Burglary		55.6%	0.0%	58.8%	53.6%
Vandalism		59.2%	81.8%	67.3%	63.5%
Stolen Property		38.7%			38.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft		60.0%	42.9%	81.8%	55.9%
Larceny-Theft		40.0%	0.0%	66.0%	58.7%
Embezzlement		0.0%			0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting				0.0%	0.0%
Fraud					
Arson			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Drug Violations		0.0%	46.0%	0.0%	18.9%
Liquor Laws		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Drunkenness		100.0%	100.0%	95.5%	98.3%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct		100.0%	99.1%	100.0%	99.7%
Curfew & Loitering		86.7%	0.0%	75.0%	38.1%
Suspicious Person Report			50.9%		50.9%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice					
Weapons		100.0%	100.0%	52.9%	81.0%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide		0.0%			0.0%
Runaways < 18		79.5%	0.0%	30.2%	44.1%
ARPA Violations					
All Other Offenses		70.7%	55.7%	57.1%	59.5%
Total		82.4%	71.9%	73.2%	75.5%

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Wyoming – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

Table 3W presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses reported in 2007, total number of offenses for 2005-2007, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of the crime, drug or alcohol involvement, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: drunkenness, runaways, curfew & loitering, and drug violations.

Table 3W - Number of Offenses by Category - Wyoming

Offense	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total A & D	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	2	5	5	12	11	0	11	10	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	4	6	9	19	19	0	19	19	0
Sex Offenses	9	0	0	9	9	0	9	9	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	4	6	2	12	10	0	10	10	1
Aggravated Assault	81	56	64	201	183	2	185	176	1
Assault	189	252	211	652	634	0	634	636	0
Domestic Violence	100	152	72	324	315	0	315	324	0
Child Abuse	289	56	38	383	360	0	360	383	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	4	0	6	6	0	6	6	0
Burglary	9	2	17	28	15	0	15	17	0
Vandalism	277	33	147	457	290	0	290	330	0
Stolen Property	111	0	0	111	43	0	43	97	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	20	28	11	59	33	0	33	44	0
Larceny-Theft	15	1	47	63	37	0	37	42	0
Embezzlement	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	3	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	224	294	219	737	737	0	737	737	0
Drug Violations	99	200	187	486	92	382	474	486	12
Liquor Laws	195	232	145	572	572	0	572	572	0
Drunkenness	635	980	964	2,579	2,536	0	2,536	2,553	308
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	816	459	309	1,584	1,580	0	1,580	1,584	0
Curfew & Loitering	15	23	4	42	16	0	16	40	39
Suspicious Person Report	0	110	0	110	56	0	56	78	0
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	19	17	42	34	0	34	34	0
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	21	0		21	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	78	46	53	177	78	0	78	170	177
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1,565	3,351	2,010	6,926	4,122	0	4,122	5,674	0
Total	4,767	6,317	4,535	15,619	11,788	384	12,172	14,035	538

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Total Offenses by Category - Wyoming

Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 77.9 percent of all reported offenses. A very impressive 89.9 percent of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 3.4 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4W – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	91.7%	0.0%	91.7%	83.3%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence					
Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	83.3%	0.0%	83.3%	83.3%	8.3%
Aggravated Assault	91.0%	1.0%	92.0%	87.6%	0.5%
Assault	97.2%	0.0%	97.2%	97.5%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	97.2%	0.0%	97.2%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	94.0%	0.0%	94.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse					
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	53.6%	0.0%	53.6%	60.7%	0.0%
Vandalism	63.5%	0.0%	63.5%	72.2%	0.0%
Stolen Property	38.7%	0.0%	38.7%	87.4%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	55.9%	0.0%	55.9%	74.6%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	58.7%	0.0%	58.7%	66.7%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud					
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	18.9%	78.6%	97.5%	100.0%	2.5%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	98.3%	0.0%	98.3%	99.0%	11.9%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	99.7%	0.0%	99.7%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	38.1%	0.0%	38.1%	95.2%	92.9%
Suspicious Person Report	50.9%	0.0%	50.9%	70.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice					
Weapons	81.0%	0.0%	81.0%	81.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	44.1%	0.0%	44.1%	96.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations					
All Other Offenses	59.5%	0.0%	59.5%	81.9%	0.0%
Total	75.5%	2.4%	77.9%	89.9%	3.4%

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Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Wyoming

The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5W.

Table 5W – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes		89	71	78	238
Property Crimes		44	32	76	152
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes		1153	1706	1,515	4,374
Total – All Offenses		4,767	6,317	4,535	15,619

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Wyoming

Violent offenses were more likely (92.0%) to have alcohol involvement than were property offenses (55.9%).

Table 6W – Percent Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes		79.8 %	98.6%	100.0%	92.0%
Property Crimes		52.3%	37.5%	65.8%	55.9%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes		91.4%	93.7%	84.8%	90.0%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Wyoming

Violent offenses had higher drug involvement than did property offenses.

Table 7W – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes		0.0%	2.8%	0.0%	0.8%
Property Crimes		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes		8.6%	6.0%	11.9%	8.7%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Wyoming

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8W. Overall, 3.4 percent of the offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 8W – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes		0	0	1	1
Property Crimes		0	0	0	0
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes		105	6	209	320
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles		4.1%	1.2%	5.9%	3.4%
Total -All Juvenile Offenses		196	75	267	538

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

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Total Offenses: 2004-2007 - Alaska

The only tribal agency in Alaska is Metlakatla.

There were 570 offenses reported in 2004, 469 reported in 2005, 392 reported in 2006, and 373 in 2007 for a total of 1,804 offenses. The most common reported offenses were: liquor laws, domestic violence, disorderly conduct, assault, ‘all other offenses,’ and suspicious person report.

Table 1A – Total Offenses – Alaska

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	6	1	0	0	7
Sex Offenses	10	6	3	2	21
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	0	0	5
Assault	29	32	33	25	119
Domestic Violence	47	46	33	35	161
Child Abuse	5	0	2	0	7
Elderly Abuse	1	0	0		1
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	3	1	6	11
Vandalism	26	19	13	14	72
Stolen Property	25	27	0	0	52
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	1
Larceny-Theft	9	2	0	0	11
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	0	0	1
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	36	26	17	32	111
Drug Violations	24	9	17	12	62
Liquor Laws	228	164	171	141	704
Drunkenness	0	0	0	26	26
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	62	24	32	35	153
Curfew & Loitering	23	6	12	4	45
Suspicious Person Report	31	20	24	37	112
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	2	1	0	5
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0		2
Runaways < 18	0	0	1	2	3
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	78	32	2	112
Total	570	469	392	373	1,804

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Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Alaska

Alcohol use was substantially involved (overall 44.1%) in the commission of many of the offenses. Outside direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was most common for the offenses of: weapons (100.0%), aggravated assault (80.0%), disorderly conduct (51.6%), attempted suicide (50.0%) and assault (47.1%). Alcohol involvement information was not available or collected in 2006.

Table 2A - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Alaska

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006*	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol Total
Homicide					
Manslaughter by Negligence					
Forcible Rape	50.0%	0.0%			42.9%
Sex Offenses	40.0%	0.0%		0.0%	19.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape					
Aggravated Assault	100.0%	50.0%			80.0%
Assault	100.0%	62.5%		28.0%	47.1%
Domestic Violence	100.0%	13.0%		5.7%	34.2%
Child Abuse	20.0%	0.0%			14.3%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%			0.0%
Robbery					
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	15.4%	0.0%		0.0%	5.6%
Stolen Property	4.0%	0.0%			1.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%			0.0%
Larceny-Theft	22.2%	0.0%			18.2%
Embezzlement					
Forgery/Counterfeiting					
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%			0.0%
Arson					
DWI	100.0%	100.0%		12.5%	59.5%
Drug Violations	66.7%	0.0%		25.0%	30.6%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	100.0%		60.3%	67.8%
Drunkenness				53.8%	57.7%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	93.5%	62.5%		17.1%	51.6%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%		5.4%	1.8%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice					
Weapons	100.0%	100.0%			100.0%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%			50.0%
Runaways < 18				0.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations					
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%		100.0%	1.8%
Total	76.5%	49.9%		33.5%	44.1%

*Alcohol information not reported in 2006

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Alaska – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juvenile

Table 3A presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses for 2006, offenses for 2007, total number of offenses for 2004-2007, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, total alcohol or drug involvement, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses committed by juveniles. The most common offenses committed by juveniles were: curfew & loitering, liquor laws, disorderly conduct, and assault.

Table 3A - Number of Offenses by Category - Alaska

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total A & D	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	6	1	0	0	7	3	0	3	7	0
Sex Offenses	10	6	3	2	21	4	0	4	17	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	0	0	5	4	0	4	5	1
Assault	29	32	33	25	119	56	0	56	105	4
Domestic Violence	47	46	33	35	161	55	0	55	149	2
Child Abuse	5	0	2	0	7	1	0	1	6	0
Elderly Abuse	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	3	1	6	11	0	0	0	11	0
Vandalism	26	19	13	14	72	4	0	4	68	0
Stolen Property	25	27	0	0	52	1	0	1	52	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Larceny-Theft	9	2	0	0	11	2	0	2	11	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	36	26	17	32	111	66	4	70	103	0
Drug Violations	24	9	17	12	62	19	32	51	50	0
Liquor Laws	228	164	171	141	704	477	0	477	646	12
Drunkenness	0	0	0	26	26	15	0	15	26	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	62	24	32	35	153	79	0	79	139	5
Curfew & Loitering	23	6	12	4	45	0	0	0	37	28
Suspicious Person Report	31	20	24	37	112	2	0	2	92	2
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	2	1	0	5	4	0	4	4	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	2	0
Runaways < 18	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	2	1
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	78	32	2	112	2	0	2	94	0
Total	570	469	392	373	1,804	795	36	831	1,629	55

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Total Offenses by Category: 2004-2007 – Alaska

Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 46.1 percent of all reported offenses. A very impressive 90.3 percent of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 3.0 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles. Alcohol involvement, drug involvement, and juvenile information was not reported in 2006.

Table 4A – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide					
Manslaughter by Negligence					
Forcible Rape	42.9%	0.0%	42.9%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	19.0%	0.0%	19.0%	81.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape					
Aggravated Assault	80.0%	0.0%	80.0%	100.0%	20.0%
Assault	47.1%	0.0%	47.1%	88.2%	3.4%
Domestic Violence	34.2%	0.0%	34.2%	92.5%	1.2%
Child Abuse	14.3%	0.0%	14.3%	85.7%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Robbery					
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	5.6%	0.0%	5.6%	94.4%	0.0%
Stolen Property	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	18.2%	0.0%	18.2%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement					
Forgery/Counterfeiting					
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson					
DWI	59.5%	3.6%	63.1%	92.8%	0.0%
Drug Violations	30.6%	51.6%	82.3%	80.6%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	67.8%	0.0%	67.8%	91.8%	1.7%
Drunkenness	57.7%	0.0%	57.7%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	51.6%	0.0%	51.6%	90.8%	3.3%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	82.2%	62.2%
Suspicious Person Report	1.8%	0.0%	1.8%	82.1%	1.8%
Prostitution/Vice					
Weapons	80.0%	0.0%	80.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	33.3%
ARPA Violations					
All Other Offenses	1.8%	0.0%	1.8%	83.9%	0.0%
Total	44.1%	2.0%	46.1%	90.3%	3.0%

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Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Alaska

The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5A.

Table 5A – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	9	3	0	0	12
Property Crimes	10	6	1	6	23
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	288	199	205	211	903
Total – All Offenses	570	469	392	373	1,804

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Alaska

Violent offenses were more likely to have alcohol involvement (58.3%) than were property offenses (8.7%).

Table 6A – Percent Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006*	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	66.7%	33.3%			58.3%
Property Crimes	20.0%	0.0%		0.0%	8.7%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	97.6%	95.5%		50.2%	63.9%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Alaska

Overall, drugs accounted for 5.2 percent of the substance use/abuse offenses.

Table 7A – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006*	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Property Crimes	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	5.9%	4.5%		4.7%	5.2%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Alaska

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8A. For all years of reported information, juveniles committed 3.0 percent of the total reported offenses.

Table 8A – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006*	2007	Total
Violent Crimes	0	1		0	1
Property Crimes	0	0	0	0	0
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	8	3		1	12
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	6.0%	3.8%		0.8%	3.0%
Total -All Juvenile Offenses	34	18		3	55

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

*Alcohol, drug, and juvenile information was not reported in 2006.

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Section 3

Native American Crime in the Northwest: 2004-2007 – BIA Information from Alaska, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

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SECTION 3 – DATA SUMMARIZED BY TRIBE OR REPORTING UNIT

Introduction

There can be large swings in the number of reported offenses by various law enforcement agencies from year-to-year. These fluctuations can be due to a number of reasons, including: change in law enforcement emphasis, new staff reporting the information, non collection of data during some months, new data collection guidelines/procedures, etc. Because of the fluctuation potential of offenses, the focus of the analyses is on the total offenses for all years the information is available. Some agencies reported information for all four years, while others supplied data for one, two, or three years.

On rare occasions the numbers in the subcategories (i.e., alcohol, drug, cleared, juveniles) are more than the actual number of offenses reported. In these cases, the numbers in the subcategories are set to be equal to the number of offenses.

To make the Index Offense data uniform and comparable, 2006 information was used for US, state, county, and tribal assessments. The FBI information (<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/>) was used for the US and state Index, Property, and Violent offense rates. For Montana, data from the Montana Board of Crime Control (<http://mbcc.mt.gov/CrimeReport/default.asp>) was used. In order to make the Property rates for counties in Montana consistent with the rates from the nation and other states, arson was added and the rate recalculated. Generally, arson is one of the eight offenses associated with the Crime Index Rate. Some states, like Montana, do not included arson in the Index Crime Rate. The Idaho Crime Index Rate information was obtained from (<http://www.isp.state.id.us/CrimeInIdaho/inquiry.do>), and the Wyoming data came from (<http://attorneygeneral.state.wy.us/dci/CrimeInWyomingReports.html>). Information from Washington State came from (<http://wa-state-ofm.us/UniformCrimeReport/index.cfm>) and the Oregon data was obtained from (<http://www.oregon.gov/OSP/CJIS/>).

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BLACKFEET – MONTANA

The Blackfeet Reservation is located in northwest Montana, just east of Glacier National Park. The 1.5-million acre reservation includes many rivers, streams, and lakes and is home to about 8,681 members of the Blackfeet Nation, or about half of the total enrollment of some 15,640 members.¹ Enrolled members living away from the reservation reside mostly in the Pacific Northwest but some are as far away as Europe.²

Historically, the Blackfeet Tribe was the largest and most dominant Indian tribe in Montana. The origin of their name was probably derived from the blackened moccasins tribe members traditionally wore. The dark hue may have been painted purposely or may have been darkened by prairie fires. The Blackfeet originally lived north of the Great Lakes. After the arrival of the Europeans, the Blackfeet were one of the first tribes to begin moving west. Soon they were roaming huge portions of the northern plains. After they arrived in the west, they shed their life of woodland hunters and gatherers and adopted the nomadic lifestyle of the Plains Indians.³

The governing body of the Blackfeet Tribe consists of a council known as the Blackfeet Tribal Business Council. This Council consists of nine members duly elected from the four (4) districts of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation. Any member of the Blackfeet Tribe eighteen years of age and older is eligible to vote when he or she presents himself or herself to the polling place wherein he or she is assigned to vote.⁴

The Blackfeet Nation has 11 sworn law enforcement officers.⁵

Blackfeet

As can be seen, the offense rates in 2006 for the Blackfeet Nation were significantly higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups (US, Montana, and nearby counties).

Comparisons for Blackfeet

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Montana - 2006	2688	254	2942
Glacier County – 2006	1415	499	1914
Pondera County – 2006	902	145	1047
Toole County – 2006	1322	447	1769
Blackfeet Nation -2006	7995	6862	14857

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003

²http://www.gonorthwest.com/Montana/northwest/Blackfeet_Reservation.htm

³<http://visitmt.com/categories/moreinfo.asp?IDRRecordId=736&SiteId=1>

⁴http://www.ntjrc.org/ccfolder/blackfeet_constandbylaws.htm#membership

⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Blackfeet: 2005-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and drunkenness.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total:	Alc	Drug	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	0	4	2	6	5	0	4	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	2	0	3	2	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	22	24	13	59	50	4	51	2
Sex Offenses	4	9	3	16	5	0	13	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	12	11	0	23	19	0	21	1
Aggravated Assault	724	534	352	1610	1091	9	1349	100
Assault	1311	549	247	2107	1617	0	1746	124
Domestic Violence	418	529	387	1334	793	7	964	19
Child Abuse	75	40	17	132	70	1	97	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	44	17	63	2	0	17	0
Burglary	254	218	117	589	269	0	464	27
Vandalism	360	265	149	774	409	12	607	286
Stolen Property	37	13	16	66	27	0	56	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	175	67	140	382	170	0	337	22
Larceny-Theft	485	405	204	1094	477	2	820	26
Embezzlement	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	22	8	3	33	0	0	30	0
Fraud	16	6	0	22	0	0	20	0
Arson	3	16	15	34	1	1	10	0
DWI	351	159	386	896	885	0	846	33
Drug Violations	112	80	25	217	6	196	208	31
Liquor Laws	1227	2600	3	3830	3230	5	3232	157
Drunkenness	1558	3672	3144	8374	8012	6	8012	425
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	3882	3932	1828	9642	8707	7	8985	995
Curfew & Loitering	797	1787	481	3065	326	7	1818	2068
Suspicious Person Report	394	1181	141	1716	315	0	648	6
Prostitution/Vice	4	39	0	43	12	1	19	2
Weapons	45	182	70	297	87	0	205	15
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	434	281	0	715	61	2	577	635
ARPA Violations	8	0	0	8	0	0	8	0
All Other Offenses	5901	28949	23291	58141	8070	40	25238	473
Total	18634	45607	31051	95292	34718	300	56405	5449

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 - Blackfeet

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 36.4 percent of all the reported offenses, 59.2 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 5.7 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.3 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	83.3%	0.0%	66.7%	16.7%
Manslaughter by Negligence	66.7%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	84.7%	6.8%	86.4%	3.4%
Sex Offenses	31.3%	0.0%	81.3%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	82.6%	0.0%	91.3%	4.3%
Aggravated Assault	67.8%	0.6%	83.8%	6.2%
Assault	76.7%	0.0%	82.9%	5.9%
Domestic Violence	59.4%	0.5%	72.3%	1.4%
Child Abuse	53.0%	0.8%	73.5%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	3.2%	0.0%	27.0%	0.0%
Burglary	45.7%	0.0%	78.8%	4.6%
Vandalism	52.8%	1.6%	78.4%	37.0%
Stolen Property	40.9%	0.0%	84.8%	1.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	44.5%	0.0%	88.2%	5.8%
Larceny-Theft	43.6%	0.2%	75.0%	2.4%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
Arson	2.9%	2.9%	29.4%	0.0%
DWI	98.8%	0.0%	94.4%	3.7%
Drug Violations	2.8%	90.3%	95.9%	14.3%
Liquor Laws	84.3%	0.1%	84.4%	4.1%
Drunkenness	95.7%	0.1%	95.7%	5.1%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	90.3%	0.1%	93.2%	10.3%
Curfew & Loitering	10.6%	0.2%	59.3%	67.5%
Suspicious Person Report	18.4%	0.0%	37.8%	0.3%
Prostitution/Vice	27.9%	2.3%	44.2%	4.7%
Weapons	29.3%	0.0%	69.0%	5.1%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	8.5%	0.3%	80.7%	88.8%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	13.9%	0.1%	43.4%	0.8%
Total	36.4%	0.3%	59.2%	5.7%

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BURNS PAIUTE-OREGON

The Burns Paiute Reservation is located north of Burns, Oregon, in Harney County. The current tribal members are primarily the descendants of the "Wadatika" band of Paiute Indians that roamed throughout central and southern Oregon.⁶ The reservation now covers 930 acres of trust land, 320 acres of fee-patent land, and another 11,000 plus acres of allotted lands that are held in trust for individual tribal members. The tribe has an enrollment of 339 with about 257 living on or near the reservation.⁷

The Northern Paiute ancestors (the Wada-Tika or Wadatika) were small peaceful bands who roamed extensively in central eastern Oregon. They were hunter-gatherers that once lived over vast areas of the northern sections of Oregon and Nevada. The ancient leaders governed without a formalized governmental structure or permanent chiefs.⁸

The government of the Burns Paiute Tribe consists of a General Council, including a chairman, vice chairman, secretary-treasurer, sergeant-at-arms, and two additional council members. The Council meets quarterly and approves all tribal operations.⁹

The Burns Paiute Tribe has 3 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁰

Burns Paiute

The violent offenses rates (1946) in 2005 for the Burns Paiute were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups, but the property offense rate (389) was much lower than all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for the Burns Paiute

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Oregon - 2006	3672	280	3952
Harney County – 2006	1930	78	2008
Burns Paiute -2005	389	1946	2335

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁶ <http://www.burnspaiute-nsn.gov/>

⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003

⁸ <http://www2.ihs.gov/PortlandAO/about/burnspaiute.asp>

⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Burns: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, and DWI.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total:	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	5	0	0	8	3	0	8	0
Assault	0	0	6	1	7	5	0	7	0
Domestic Violence	1	3	0	0	4	0	0	4	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	0
Vandalism	1	1	0	1	3	1	0	3	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	4	8	4	10	26	21	3	26	1
Drug Violations	0	15	1	1	17	0	17	17	4
Liquor Laws	23	15	11	39	88	85	0	87	21
Drunkenness	0	7	1	0	8	8	0	8	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	7	4	3	0	14	5	0	14	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	15	80	14	43	152	30	0	139	0
Total	56	139	41	95	331	159	20	316	26

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Burns Paiute

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 48.0 percent of all the reported offenses, 95.5 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 7.9 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 6.0 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	37.5%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	71.4%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	80.8%	11.5%	100.0%	3.8%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	23.5%
Liquor Laws	96.6%	0.0%	98.9%	23.9%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	35.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	19.7%	0.0%	91.4%	0.0%
Total	48.0%	6.0%	95.5%	7.9%

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CHEHALIS -WASHINGTON

The Chehalis Tribe's reservation lands are situated approximately 26 miles southwest of Olympia and 6 miles northwest of Centralia, Washington. Thurston and Grays Harbor Counties bisect the reservation's 4,216-acres.¹¹ The Confederated Tribes of the Chehalis have an enrollment of 688 with a service population of 3,437 living on or near the reservation.¹²

The Chehalis people historically occupied a large area within the Chehalis River watershed stretching from the foothills of the Cascade Mountains to the Pacific Ocean in southwest Washington. The tribe has been located on the reservation within the Chehalis watershed since the 1850's. Important archeological sites are scattered throughout the tribe's aboriginal area. "Chehalis" is a collective name for several Salish tribes that originally lived in the area.¹³

The Chehalis tribal governing body is the General Council, comprised of all enrolled members 18 years-of-age and older. The Council generally meets twice annually but may also convene special meetings. The Business Committee, a five-member body elected to office by the General Council for two-year terms, oversees tribal administration and business activities.¹⁴

The Chehalis Tribe has 7 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁵

Chehalis

The offense rates (Property, Violent, and Index) in 2006 for the Chehalis were lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups (US, Washington, and surrounding counties).

Comparisons for the Chehalis

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Grays Harbor County	4070	175	4245
Thurston County – '06	3389	258	3647
Chehalis -2006	2560	117	2677

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹¹ <http://www.chehalis-tribe.org/about.htm>

¹² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003

¹³ <http://www.spipa.org/chehalis.htm>

¹⁴ <http://www.spipa.org/chehalis.htm>

¹⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Chehalis: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
Sex Offenses	0	5	4	3	12	2	0	9	3
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	3	2	1	9	5	1	8	0
Assault	19	19	17	18	73	24	4	60	23
Domestic Violence	58	40	57	37	192	59	5	164	21
Child Abuse	4	9	3	5	21	2	0	16	4
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Burglary	15	18	17	17	67	5	1	53	8
Vandalism	28	22	23	21	94	7	1	73	21
Stolen Property	6	15	12	4	37	2	0	36	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	4	3	2	11	0	1	9	0
Larceny-Theft	65	54	67	42	228	3	2	188	17
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	5	6	4	2	17	0	0	16	0
Fraud	15	11	12	23	61	1	0	39	0
Arson	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	1
DWI	32	20	22	24	98	98	5	77	1
Drug Violations	40	28	25	35	128	6	120	98	10
Liquor Laws	1	8	4	15	28	28	0	16	18
Drunkenness	11	33	23	14	81	80	1	69	1
Gambling	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	19	24	36	77	156	56	4	88	21
Curfew & Loitering	4	8	19	7	38	10	9	31	22
Suspicious Person Report	142	128	171	168	609	50	55	467	52
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	4	7	1	14	3	0	14	2
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	3	0	0		3	1	1	3	1
Runaways < 18	8	13	13	15	49	1	0	38	46
ARPA Violations	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
All Other Offenses	510	286	221	352	1369	83	25	1055	134
Total	996	758	765	883	3402	528	235	2634	406

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Chehalis

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 15.5 percent of all the reported offenses, 77.4 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 11.9 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 6.9 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	16.7%	0.0%	75.0%	25.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	55.6%	11.1%	88.9%	0.0%
Assault	32.9%	5.5%	82.2%	31.5%
Domestic Violence	30.7%	2.6%	85.4%	10.9%
Child Abuse	9.5%	0.0%	76.2%	19.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	7.5%	1.5%	79.1%	11.9%
Vandalism	7.4%	1.1%	77.7%	22.3%
Stolen Property	5.4%	0.0%	97.3%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	9.1%	81.8%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	1.3%	0.9%	82.5%	7.5%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	94.1%	0.0%
Fraud	1.6%	0.0%	63.9%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
DWI	100.0%	5.1%	78.6%	1.0%
Drug Violations	4.7%	93.8%	76.6%	7.8%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	57.1%	64.3%
Drunkenness	98.8%	1.2%	85.2%	1.2%
Gambling	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	35.9%	2.6%	56.4%	13.5%
Curfew & Loitering	26.3%	23.7%	81.6%	57.9%
Suspicious Person Report	8.2%	9.0%	76.7%	8.5%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	21.4%	0.0%	100.0%	14.3%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	33.3%	33.3%	100.0%	33.3%
Runaways < 18	2.0%	0.0%	77.6%	93.9%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	6.1%	1.8%	77.1%	9.8%
Total	15.5%	6.9%	77.4%	11.9%

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COEUR D' ALENE-IDAHO

The Coeur d'Alene Indian Tribe, located in Idaho's panhandle, has an enrollment of 1,907 with a service population of about 1,210 residing on or near the reservation.¹⁶ The tribe has sovereign authority on a reservation that covers 345,000 acres of land including mountains, lakes, timber, and farmland. The reservation spans the western edge of the northern Rocky Mountains and the agricultural productive Palouse country.¹⁷

The name, "Coeur d'Alene," was given to the tribe in the late 18th or early 19th century by French traders and trappers. In French, it means "Heart of the Awl," referring to the sharpness of the trading skills exhibited by tribal members in their dealings with visitors. In the ancient tribal language, members call themselves, "Schitsu'umsh," meaning "The Discovered People" or "Those Who Are Found Here."¹⁸

The Coeur d'Alene Tribe has a government based on executive, legislative, and judicial branches. The tribal council has seven members and operates on a parliamentary system, with members elected by tribal vote and the chairperson elected by vote of the council. Although the chairperson serves as chief executive, he or she has one vote on the council and does not have veto power.¹⁹

The Coeur d'Alene Tribe has 12 sworn law enforcement officers.²⁰

Coeur d' Alene

The offense rates (Property, Violent, Index) for all categories in 2006 for Coeur d' Alene were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Coeur d' Alene

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Idaho – 2006	2419	247	2666
Benewah County - '06	180	497	677
Coeur d' Alene - 2006	7107	579	7686

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁶ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003

¹⁷ <http://www.cdatribe-nsn.gov/overview.shtml>

¹⁸ <http://www.cdatribe-nsn.gov/overview.shtml>

¹⁹ <http://www.cdatribe-nsn.gov/overview.shtml>

²⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Coeur d’Alene: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drug violations, assault, and liquor laws. **Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information**

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape		3	2	7	12	5	6	7	4
Sex Offenses	4	11	21	14	50	4	0	14	7
Attempted Forcible Rape		1	3	0	4	2	0	0	3
Aggravated Assault		3	5	152	160	87	7	97	13
Assault	87	60	96	71	314	94	2	159	47
Domestic Violence	63	50	64	71	248	61	9	128	8
Child Abuse	11	8	8	8	35	1	0	2	4
Elderly Abuse		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery		3	0	0	3	0	2	3	0
Burglary	15	28	29	22	94	8	6	24	12
Vandalism	41	26	40	30	137	9	0	22	12
Stolen Property	3	13	34	16	66	2	4	20	7
Motor Vehicle Theft	10	58	13	10	91	2	1	14	6
Larceny-Theft	65	0	37	43	145	8	0	14	7
Embezzlement		0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting		13	2	20	35	0	3	14	2
Fraud		14	8	2	24	0	0	1	0
Arson		0	7	2	9	1	1	0	2
DWI	59	29	52	57	197	167	4	161	6
Drug Violations	29	34	71	293	427	29	329	257	70
Liquor Laws		87	26	201	314	300	3	243	151
Drunkenness	124	33	21	69	247	225	4	170	132
Gambling		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	34	20	42	39	135	67	4	81	13
Curfew & Loitering	7	10	5	6	28	0	0	10	22
Suspicious Person Report	29	10	0	66	105	1	2	0	0
Prostitution/Vice		2	1	0	3	0	1	0	0
Weapons		1	1	5	7	0	1	6	5
Completed Suicide		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	4	0	0		4	0	0	0	1
Runaways < 18	31	33	54	68	186	3	6	53	145
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	509	608	1264	3685	6066	519	211	1990	553
Total	1125	1158	1906	4958	9147	1595	606	3490	1232

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Coeur d’Alene

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 17.4 percent of all the reported offenses, 38.2 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 13.5 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 6.6 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	41.7%	50.0%	58.3%	33.3%
Sex Offenses	8.0%	0.0%	28.0%	14.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%
Aggravated Assault	54.4%	4.4%	60.6%	8.1%
Assault	29.9%	0.6%	50.6%	15.0%
Domestic Violence	24.6%	3.6%	51.6%	3.2%
Child Abuse	2.9%	0.0%	5.7%	11.4%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	66.7%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	8.5%	6.4%	25.5%	12.8%
Vandalism	6.6%	0.0%	16.1%	8.8%
Stolen Property	3.0%	6.1%	30.3%	10.6%
Motor Vehicle Theft	2.2%	1.1%	15.4%	6.6%
Larceny-Theft	5.5%	0.0%	9.7%	4.8%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	8.6%	40.0%	5.7%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	4.2%	0.0%
Arson	11.1%	11.1%	0.0%	22.2%
DWI	84.8%	2.0%	81.7%	3.0%
Drug Violations	6.8%	77.0%	60.2%	16.4%
Liquor Laws	95.5%	1.0%	77.4%	48.1%
Drunkenness	91.1%	1.6%	68.8%	53.4%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	49.6%	3.0%	60.0%	9.6%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	35.7%	78.6%
Suspicious Person Report	1.0%	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	14.3%	85.7%	71.4%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%
Runaways < 18	1.6%	3.2%	28.5%	78.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	8.6%	3.5%	32.8%	9.1%
Total	17.4%	6.6%	38.2%	13.5%

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Offenses – Columbia River: 2005-2007

The Columbia River Gorge is a unit that has BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. It is not associated with any tribe or reservation area.

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ ARPA violations, and suspicious person report.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	4	0	0	4	3	0	3	0
Assault	8	0	0	8	0	0	8	0
Domestic Violence	1	0	5	6	0	0	6	0
Child Abuse	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Vandalism	2	8	0	10	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Larceny-Theft	4	0	0	4	0	0	3	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Drug Violations	3	0	0	3	0	3	3	0
Liquor Laws	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Drunkenness	1	0	13	14	3	0	14	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	5	2	2	9	1	0	9	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	22	22	0	0	22	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	44	0	44	0	0	40	0
All Other Offenses	4	229	218	451	0	0	422	0
Total	39	283	261	583	9	3	536	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 – Columbia River

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 1.5 percent of all the reported offenses, 91.9 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were not involved in any of the reported offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.5 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	75.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	21.4%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	11.1%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	93.6%	0.0%
Total	1.5%	0.5%	91.9%	0.0%

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COLVILLE-WASHINGTON

The Colville Indian Reservation land base covers 1.4 million acres or 2,100 square acres located in north central Washington, primarily in Okanogan and Ferry counties.²¹ The Confederated Tribes of the Colville have an enrollment of 9,023 with a service population of the same number (9,023) living on or near the reservation.²²

The reservation consists of tribally-owned lands held in federal trust status for the Confederated Tribes, land owned by individual Colville tribal members (most of which is held in federal trust status), and land owned by others, described as fee property and taxable by the counties.²³

Prior to the influx of Canadians and Europeans in the mid-1850s, the Colville ancestors were nomadic, following the seasons of nature and their sources of food. Their aboriginal territories were grouped primarily around waterways such as the Columbia River, the San Poil River, the Okanogan River, the Snake River, and the Wallowa River. Many tribal ancestors traveled throughout their aboriginal territories and other areas in the Northwest (including Canada), gathering with other native peoples for traditional activities such as food harvesting, feasting, trading, and celebrations that included sports and gambling. The lives of the people were tied to the cycles of nature both spiritually and traditionally.²⁴

The Colville Business Council is the tribal governing body and consists of 14 members who represent four voting districts on the reservation. Council members are elected by eligible tribal members to two-year terms.²⁵

The Confederated Colville Tribes have 23 sworn law enforcement officers.²⁶

Colville

The offense rates (Property, Violent, and Index) in 2005 for Colville were much lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Colville

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Okanogan County- '06	3122	283	3405
Ferry County – 2006	587	80	667
Colville – 2005	22	44	66

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent

²¹ <http://www.colvilletribes.com/facts.htm>

²² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003

²³ <http://www.colvilletribes.com/facts.htm>

²⁴ <http://www.colvilletribes.com/facts.htm>

²⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

²⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Colville: 2005

The most common offenses were: assault, ‘all other offenses,’ and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		05				
Homicide	2	2	0	1	2	
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	1	1	0	0	1	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2	2	1	0	0	0
Assault	4	4	0	0	4	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	1	1	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	1	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	1	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	1	1	1	0	1	0
Drug Violations	2	2	0	2	2	0
Liquor Laws	1	1	1	0	1	0
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	3	3	0	0	3	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	3	3	0	0	3	0
Total	22	22	4	3	18	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005 – Colville

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 18.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 81.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were not involved in the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 13.6 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence				
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism				
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Total	18.2%	13.6%	81.8%	0.0%

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COQUILLE-OREGON

The Coquille Tribe is located in southwest Oregon where the Coos River flows into Coos Bay.²⁷ The Coquille Tribe has an enrollment of 817 persons with 398 American Indians living on or near the reservation.²⁸ In 1856, they were forcibly moved to the Siletz Indian Reservation and Grand Ronde Indian Reservation. In 1954, the U.S. federal government terminated its recognition of the tribe, but in 1989 the tribe regained its federal recognition.²⁹

Tribal members are descended from people who inhabited the watersheds of the Coquille River system, a portion of Coos Bay at the South Slough, and areas north and south of the mouth of Coquille River where it enters the ocean at present day Bandon. Coquille ancestral territory encompassed more than 700,000 acres, which was ceded to the U.S. Government. Coquille leaders signed the treaties in 1851 and 1855. Because the treaties were ratified by Congress, the Coquille people and their descendants were denied a permanent homeland until the modern Coquille Tribe negotiated several land purchases, totaling the current 6,400 acre tribal land base.³⁰

The Tribal Council is the governing body of the Coquille Tribe. The Council is a seven-member body of elected officers, which sets policies and budgets and has oversight for governmental and economic activities and programs.³¹

The Coquille Tribe has 4 sworn law enforcement officers.³²

Coquille

The offense rates (Property, Violent, and Index) in 2005 and 2007 for Coquille were much higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Coquille

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Oregon - 2006	3672	280	3952
Coos County – 2006	2660	100	2760
Coquille - 2005	5778	1508	7286
Coquille - 2007	13819	6030	19849

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

²⁷ [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coquille_\(tribe\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coquille_(tribe))

²⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

²⁹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Oregon/Coquille.htm

³⁰ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Oregon/Coquille.htm

³¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

³² U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Coquille: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and burglary.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2	6	0	8	2	0	3	0
Assault	1	3	4	8	3	0	5	2
Domestic Violence		4	4	8	2	0	3	0
Child Abuse	3	0	1	4	0	0	1	0
Elderly Abuse		0		0	0		0	0
Robbery		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2	14	3	19	0	0	3	2
Vandalism		2	4	6	0	0	0	1
Stolen Property		8	0	8	0	0	5	1
Motor Vehicle Theft		1	5	6	0	0	2	1
Larceny-Theft	2	8	5	15	0	0	3	2
Embezzlement		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	2	0	5	7	4	0	5	0
Drug Violations	2	0	2	4	0	3	2	0
Liquor Laws		0	3	3	0	0	3	0
Drunkenness	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Gambling		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	3	4	8	3	0	2	1
Curfew & Loitering		7	0	7	0	0	3	7
Suspicious Person Report	2	9	17	28	2	1	5	0
Prostitution/Vice		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons		0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide		0		0	0		0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0		2	1		2	0
Runaways < 18	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	1
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	24	0	4	28	0	0	17	0
Total	45	65	63	173	18	4	67	19

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Coquille

Alcohol was involved in 10.4 percent of all the reported offenses, 38.7 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 11.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.3 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	25.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
Assault	37.5%	0.0%	62.5%	25.0%
Domestic Violence	25.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	15.8%	10.5%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	62.5%	12.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	16.7%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	13.3%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	57.1%	0.0%	71.4%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	75.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	37.5%	0.0%	25.0%	12.5%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	42.9%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report	7.1%	3.6%	17.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	60.7%	0.0%
Total	10.4%	2.3%	38.7%	11.0%

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CROW-MONTANA

The Crow Reservation is located in south-central Montana, bordering Wyoming on the south. The northwest boundary of the reservation is about ten miles south of Billings. The Crow Reservation's eastern boundary is adjacent to the Northern Cheyenne Reservation. The reservation is approximately 60 miles wide and 40 miles in length, encompassing 1,574,394 acres.³³ About 75 percent of the Crow Tribe's approximately 10,927 enrolled members live on or near the reservation.³⁴

The Crow Indians first entered Montana in the 1600s. They were part of the Hidatas people sharing their sedentary life, raising crops, and hunting wild game. As time evolved, they turned more to hunting and eventually became a nomadic people with their lives revolving around the buffalo. They became excellent horsemen and a prosperous people. The Crows have maintained their traditions and language with about 80 percent speaking their Native language.³⁵

The Crows have a general council form of government. All males over 20 and all females over 18 are members of the Tribal Council. In addition to the Council, four officers are elected for two-year terms.³⁶

There are 20 sworn law enforcement officers on the Crow Reservation.³⁷

Crow

As can be seen, the offense rates in 2006 for the Crow had lower property offenses, but higher violent offenses, compared to all other groups.

Comparisons for the Crow

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Montana - 2006	2688	254	2942
Yellowstone County- 06	3909	193	4102
Bighorn County – 2006	1889	442	2331
Crow – 2006	1847	711	2558

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

³³ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/crow.htm>

³⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

³⁵ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/crow.htm>

³⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

³⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 Offenses: – Crow

The most common offenses were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and ‘all other offenses.’

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	0	1	2	3	1	0	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	4	4	6	14	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses		6	4	10	0	0	0	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	2	2	5	0	0	0	1
Aggravated Assault	7	39	32	78	6	1	3	0
Assault		147	104	251	24	0	4	2
Domestic Violence	9	90	113	212	0	0	5	4
Child Abuse	2	9	21	32	0	0	0	1
Elderly Abuse		0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	11	0	11	1	0	2	0
Burglary	0	45	64	109	1	0	2	1
Vandalism		126	124	250	6	0	0	1
Stolen Property		1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	29	38	69	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	21	67	93	181	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting		1	2	3	0	0	0	0
Fraud		0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Arson	8	2	1	11	0	0	0	2
DWI		608	289	897	50	0	2	0
Drug Violations		115	129	244	0	27	6	2
Liquor Laws		517	906	1423	274	0	0	0
Drunkenness		1488	2121	3609	425	0	2	0
Gambling		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct		587	1107	1694	314	0	2	0
Curfew & Loitering		689	593	1282	0	0	0	98
Suspicious Person Report		635	541	1176	32	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons		65	92	157	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide		0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide		0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18		7	15	22	0	0	2	9
ARPA Violations		15	0	15	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses		958	581	1539	90	0	25	12
Total	54	6266	6981	13301	1226	28	59	134

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest of exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 – Crow

It appears that detailed information was not kept (or reported) for alcohol, drugs, clearance, or juvenile involvement.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	33.3%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%
Aggravated Assault	7.7%	1.3%	3.8%	0.0%
Assault	9.6%	0.0%	1.6%	0.8%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%	1.9%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	9.1%	0.0%	18.2%	0.0%
Burglary	0.9%	0.0%	1.8%	0.9%
Vandalism	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.2%
DWI	5.6%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	11.1%	2.5%	0.8%
Liquor Laws	19.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	11.8%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	18.5%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7.6%
Suspicious Person Report	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	40.9%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	5.8%	0.0%	1.6%	0.8%
Total	9.2%	0.2%	0.4%	1.0%

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FLATHEAD-MONTANA

Situated in northwestern Montana, the Flathead Indian Reservation is located south of Kalispell and north of Missoula. Fertile valleys and towering mountain peaks surround the 1.2 million acres of the reservation. The reservation is home to the Confederated Salish and Kootenai tribes. The tribes are a combination of the Salish, the Pend d'Oreilles, and the Kootenai bands that lived in western Montana, northern Idaho, and eastern Washington in the early 1800's.³⁸ There are 7,029 enrolled tribal members. Tribal members are outnumbered by non-Indian people on the reservation by about four-to-one, and the total population (Native American and all other races/ethnicities) on the reservation is 19,014.^{39 40}

The reservation includes the southern half of Flathead Lake, which provides excellent fishing and recreational opportunities. Before the arrival of Europeans, the tribes hunted and gathered plants over an area the size of many eastern states. Twice a year, the tribes made cooperative hunting trips over the Continental Divide to the buffalo herds of the Great Plains.⁴¹

The Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes have a Tribal Council with a tribal chairperson, an executive treasurer, an executive secretary, and an internal auditor. Committees provide direction for the many organizations and programs (i.e., tribal court, law and order, education, health and human services, and natural resources) on the reservation.⁴²

There are 19 sworn law enforcement officers on the Flathead Reservation.⁴³

Flathead

As can be seen, the offense rates in all three areas (Property, Violent, and Index) for Flathead in 2006 were higher, compared to the other groups.

Comparisons for Flathead

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Montana - 2006	2688	254	2942
Flathead County – 2006	3335	429	3764
Lake County – 2006	2626	529	3155
Flathead – 2006	4908	1200	6108

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

³⁸ http://montanakids.com/db_engine/presentations/presentation.asp?pid=170&sub=tribal+histories

³⁹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁴⁰ http://montanakids.com/db_engine/presentations/presentation.asp?pid=170&sub=tribal+histories

⁴¹ <http://www.charkoosta.com/about2.html>

⁴² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁴³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Flathead: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: 'all other offenses,' liquor laws, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	0	0	1	3	4	2	0	2	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	5	0	5	3	13	2	0	7	0
Sex Offenses	33	3	5	17	58	0	0	40	2
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	2	4	6	1	0	2	2
Aggravated Assault	283	14	41	97	435	21	0	308	2
Assault	64	11	177	170	422	89	0	113	5
Domestic Violence	355	12	152	341	860	113	0	372	4
Child Abuse	21	1	12	10	44	2	0	22	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	0	8	2	11	1	1	3	0
Burglary	180	1	53	87	321	7	0	144	4
Vandalism	65	0	98	109	272	16	0	77	3
Stolen Property	78	0	129	55	262	0	0	80	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	29	0	53	49	131	7	0	39	4
Larceny-Theft	308	0	118	45	471	5	0	308	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	31	2	6	13	52	0	0	39	0
Fraud	1	0	8	5	14	0	0	1	0
Arson	1	0	1	5	7	0	0	1	0
DWI	271	10	202	280	763	476	0	327	0
Drug Violations	134	6	101	106	347	27	129	154	4
Liquor Laws	668	40	118	282	1108	741	0	757	138
Drunkenness	0	0	47	109	156	112	0	34	0
Gambling	10	1	3	12	26	0	0	11	0
Disorderly Conduct	305	26	133	249	713	113	2	381	21
Curfew & Loitering	113	1	8	49	171	25	0	126	155
Suspicious Person Report	9	0	207	123	339	9	0	21	1
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	4	0	0	4	8	1	0	4	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	226	8	170	73	477	3	0	253	303
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
All Other Offenses	1130	83	456	796	2466	306	7	1278	381
Total	4325	219	2314	3098	9956	2079	139	4904	1048

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 - Flathead

Alcohol was involved in 20.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 49.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 10.5 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 1.4 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	15.4%	0.0%	53.8%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	69.0%	3.4%
Attempted Forcible Rape	16.7%	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%
Aggravated Assault	4.8%	0.0%	70.8%	0.5%
Assault	21.1%	0.0%	26.8%	1.2%
Domestic Violence	13.1%	0.0%	43.3%	0.5%
Child Abuse	4.5%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	9.1%	9.1%	27.3%	0.0%
Burglary	2.2%	0.0%	44.9%	1.2%
Vandalism	5.9%	0.0%	28.3%	1.1%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	30.5%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	5.3%	0.0%	29.8%	3.1%
Larceny-Theft	1.1%	0.0%	65.4%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%	0.0%
DWI	62.4%	0.0%	42.9%	0.0%
Drug Violations	7.8%	37.2%	44.4%	1.2%
Liquor Laws	66.9%	0.0%	68.3%	12.5%
Drunkenness	71.8%	0.0%	21.8%	0.0%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	42.3%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	15.8%	0.3%	53.4%	2.9%
Curfew & Loitering	14.6%	0.0%	73.7%	90.6%
Suspicious Person Report	2.7%	0.0%	6.2%	0.3%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	12.5%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.6%	0.0%	53.0%	63.5%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	12.4%	0.3%	51.8%	15.5%
Total	20.9%	1.4%	49.3%	10.5%

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FORT BELKNAP-MONTANA

Fort Belknap Indian Reservation is home to the Gros Ventre and the Assiniboine Tribes. The Fort Belknap Indian Reservation is located forty miles south of the Canadian border and twenty miles north of the Missouri River in Montana.⁴⁴ The Fort Belknap Indian Reservation encompasses an area consisting of 675,147 acres, which extends approximately 28 miles east and west and 35 miles north and south. The land is mostly rolling plains. The main industry is agriculture, consisting of small cattle ranches, raising alfalfa hay for feed and larger dry land farms. There are approximately 6,427 enrolled tribal members with about 4,834 living on or near the reservation.⁴⁵

The Assiniboine speak a Siouan dialect, while the Gros Ventre's language belongs to the greater Algonquian linguistic family. The Assiniboine Tribe came from the Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods area near the Canadian border, but moved to the northern plains in the early 1700s. Little is known of the Gros Ventre Tribe, which descended from the Arapaho. In the late 1700s they moved to the northern plains and became an ally with the Blackfeet.⁴⁶

The Community Council is recognized as the governing body on the Fort Belknap Reservation. It is charged with the duty of protecting the health, security, and general welfare of the Fort Belknap Indian Community. The Council consists of the president and the vice president, who are elected to serve a four year term. Eight Council Members, consisting of four Gros Ventres and four Assiniboine members are elected every two years. The president and vice president appoint a secretary/treasurer, who serves for four years.⁴⁷

There are 12 sworn law enforcement officers on the Fort Belknap Reservation.⁴⁸

Fort Belknap

The property offense rate (688) in 2006 for the Fort Belknap was lower than the other groups, but the violent offense rate (615) was higher than all other groups.

Comparisons for Fort Belknap

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Montana - 2006	2688	254	2942
Blaine County – 2006	773	431	1204
Phillips County – 2006	1651	212	1863
Fort Belknap – 2006	688	615	1303

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁴⁴ <http://www.fortbelknapnations-nsn.gov/>

⁴⁵ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁴⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁴⁷ <http://www.fortbelknapnations-nsn.gov/>

⁴⁸ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Fort Belknap: 2004-2006

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and drunkenness.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-06				
Homicide	0	0	2	2	2	0	2	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	3	0	1	4	1	0	4	1
Sex Offenses	5	3	14	22	14	0	18	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	3	0	4	4	0	4	0
Aggravated Assault	19	26	21	66	53	6	66	11
Assault	46	52	63	161	87	13	159	31
Domestic Violence	131	136	126	393	277	16	393	43
Child Abuse	77	41	52	170	106	4	165	12
Elderly Abuse	30	0	0	30	21	2	30	1
Robbery	0	1	1	2	2	0	2	0
Burglary	9	17	10	36	10	0	28	3
Vandalism	48	103	62	213	79	1	165	98
Stolen Property	11	0	12	23	4	1	21	4
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	12	6	20	7	1	20	1
Larceny-Theft	51	50	11	112	35	10	101	18
Embezzlement	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	2	2	5	0	0	5	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	1	1	2	2	0	2	1
DWI	100	97	46	243	232	236	243	18
Drug Violations	31	22	30	83	22	80	85	13
Liquor Laws	186	156	83	425	400	18	425	268
Drunkenness	398	0	344	742	739	8	742	155
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	315	258	213	786	659	14	786	185
Curfew & Loitering	51	62	42	155	104	43	155	151
Suspicious Person Report	3	4	1	8	8	0	7	1
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	9	8	4	21	14	1	21	4
Completed Suicide	3	0	0	3	3	1	2	0
Attempted Suicide	11	0	0	11	11	2	10	0
Runaways < 18	6	29	7	42	32	0	42	42
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1136	539	266	1941	540	58	1677	193
Total	2684	1622	1420	5726	3520	522	5382	1255

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2006 – Fort Belknap

Alcohol was involved in 61.5 percent of all the reported offenses, 94.0 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 21.9 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 9.1 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	25.0%	0.0%	100.0%	25.0%
Sex Offenses	63.6%	0.0%	81.8%	4.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	80.3%	9.1%	100.0%	16.7%
Assault	54.0%	8.1%	98.8%	19.3%
Domestic Violence	70.5%	4.1%	100.0%	10.9%
Child Abuse	62.4%	2.4%	97.1%	7.1%
Elderly Abuse	70.0%	6.7%	100.0%	3.3%
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	27.8%	0.0%	77.8%	8.3%
Vandalism	37.1%	0.5%	77.5%	46.0%
Stolen Property	17.4%	4.3%	91.3%	17.4%
Motor Vehicle Theft	35.0%	5.0%	100.0%	5.0%
Larceny-Theft	31.3%	8.9%	90.2%	16.1%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud				
Arson	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%
DWI	95.5%	97.1%	100.0%	7.4%
Drug Violations	26.5%	96.4%	102.4%	15.7%
Liquor Laws	94.1%	4.2%	100.0%	63.1%
Drunkenness	99.6%	1.1%	100.0%	20.9%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	83.8%	1.8%	100.0%	23.5%
Curfew & Loitering	67.1%	27.7%	100.0%	97.4%
Suspicious Person Report	100.0%	0.0%	87.5%	12.5%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	66.7%	4.8%	100.0%	19.0%
Completed Suicide	100.0%	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	100.0%	18.2%	90.9%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	76.2%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	27.8%	3.0%	86.4%	9.9%
Total	61.5%	9.1%	94.0%	21.9%

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FORT HALL-IDAHO

The Fort Hall Indian Reservation is located in eastern Idaho near Pocatello. The main agriculture activity on the reservation today is the cultivation of wheat and potatoes. A casino, operated by the Shoshone-Bannock tribes, is located along Interstate 15 north of Pocatello.⁴⁹ The Tribal enrollment is 4,844 with 13,947 American Indians living on or near the reservation.⁵⁰

The Shoshone and Bannock were gathered to the Fort Hall Indian Reservation in the 1860s. Their homeland included all of southern Idaho at one time. In pre-contact times, they were not organized as tribes, but lived and worked together in bands or groups of related families based within a defined region. Even today, after more than a century of reservation life, individuals and families track themselves and others by whether they are Shoshone or Bannock or by the band from which they descend. Often assumed to be merely dialects, Shoshone and Bannock are actually two distinct languages. The Bannock speak a dialect of Northern Paiute, similar to the Northern Paiute spoken in Oregon.⁵¹

The Shoshone and Bannock Tribes provide many services to tribal members and non-Indians with revenues from agriculture, business enterprises, tourism, and other sources. The Fort Hall Business Council includes seven members elected by the general membership to two-year terms.⁵²

There are 16 sworn law enforcement officers on the Fort Hall Reservation.⁵³

Fort Hall

The offense rates (Property, Violent, Index) in 2006 for Fort Hall were lower than were the rates for the other comparison groups, except the Violent offenses rate in Bingham County was lower.

Comparisons for Fort Hall

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Idaho – 2006	2419	247	2666
Bingham County – ‘06	1773	180	1953
Bannock County – ‘06	2934	334	3268
Power County – 2006	1559	201	1760
Fort Hall – 2006	953	201	1154

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁴⁹ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fort_Hall_Indian_Reservation

⁵⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁵¹ <http://challenge.isu.edu/multicultural/NativeAm/ShoBan/forthall.htm>

⁵² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁵³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Fort Hall

Alcohol was involved in 12.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 14.6 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 1.9 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.8 percent of all reported offenses. More attention is needed in collecting information for alcohol, drug, offenses cleared and juvenile involvement, since it appears that these rates are much lower than expected.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	12.5%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	40.0%	5.0%	75.0%	5.0%
Sex Offenses	8.2%	0.0%	6.6%	13.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	25.0%	25.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	57.6%	9.4%	68.2%	4.7%
Assault	30.4%	1.2%	17.7%	7.5%
Domestic Violence	23.4%	0.7%	14.7%	0.0%
Child Abuse	9.3%	0.5%	49.0%	3.4%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%	75.0%	25.0%
Burglary	10.3%	2.4%	18.2%	15.8%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	11.7%	27.6%
Stolen Property	1.7%	1.7%	15.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	27.3%	0.0%	34.1%	15.9%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	14.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement	6.3%	12.5%	56.3%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	4.0%	24.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	8.3%	16.7%	8.3%
DWI	64.9%	1.0%	49.9%	1.1%
Drug Violations	0.4%	71.7%	81.4%	7.2%
Liquor Laws	68.5%	0.0%	59.9%	3.5%
Drunkenness	69.5%	0.0%	64.4%	3.2%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	19.3%	0.0%	10.6%	5.2%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	93.8%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.2%	4.8%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	20.9%	2.0%	16.9%	2.7%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	29.1%	65.8%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	3.6%	0.6%
Total	12.1%	0.8%	14.6%	1.9%

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FORT PECK-MONTANA

There are 11,473 enrolled Assiniboine and Sioux Tribal members on the Fort Peck Indian Reservation with about 7,136 American Indians living on or near the reservation and approximately 4,450 tribal members living off the reservation.⁵⁴ The Fort Peck Reservation is in northeastern Montana, forty miles west of the North Dakota border, and fifty miles south of the Canadian border, with the Missouri River defining its southern border. The reservation encompasses over two million acres of land.⁵⁵

There are two distinct tribes on the Fort Peck Reservation: the Lower Assiniboine and the Yanktoni Sioux. The Assiniboine are believed to be an offshoot of the Yanktoni Sioux, while the Sioux are from the middle band of the Sioux or the Nakotas.⁵⁶

The Fort Peck Tribes are governed by an Executive Board consisting of 15 enrolled members, including a chairperson, vice-chairperson, sergeant-at-arms, and 12 voting members.⁵⁷

There are 28 sworn law enforcement officers on the Fort Peck Reservation.⁵⁸

Fort Peck

In 2006 the Property offense rate from Fort Peck was lower than the state of Montana and US, but the Violent offense rate was higher than any other comparative unit.

Comparisons for the Fort Peck

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Montana - 2006	2688	254	2942
Valley County – 2006	1254	136	1390
Roosevelt County – ‘06	449	58	507
Daniels County – 2006	161	107	268
Fort Peck – 2006	2220	1262	3482

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁵⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁵⁵ http://montanakids.com/db_engine/presentations/presentation.asp?pid=173&sub=Tribal+Histories

⁵⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁵⁷ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁵⁸ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Fort Peck: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and liquor laws.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide	7	2	4	13	4	2	13	1
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	24	9	12	45	9	0	44	5
Sex Offenses	19	3	22	44	9	3	43	2
Attempted Forcible Rape		1	6	7	6	0	7	1
Aggravated Assault	24	48	100	172	97	4	156	27
Assault	182	127	150	459	160	4	436	35
Domestic Violence		123	172	295	183	9	290	42
Child Abuse		18	26	44	24	3	40	1
Elderly Abuse		0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	0	3	4	2	1	4	0
Burglary	56	53	94	203	47	4	202	44
Vandalism		192	263	455	149	1	436	111
Stolen Property		9	0	9	1	0	4	0
Motor Vehicle Theft		15	26	41	14	0	41	6
Larceny-Theft	1	71	138	210	59	11	195	45
Embezzlement		0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	0	6	7	1	0	7	1
Fraud	2	1	2	5	0	0	5	0
Arson	1	7	17	25	10	2	24	8
DWI	383	185	243	811	427	0	810	29
Drug Violations	4	13	44	61	22	48	60	15
Liquor Laws	318	331	535	1184	745	1	1065	382
Drunkenness		4	0	4	0	0	6	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	856	614	950	2420	1143	28	2351	421
Curfew & Loitering	113	97	71	281	120	0	281	168
Suspicious Person Report		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	11	7	10	28	9	0	26	2
Completed Suicide		0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide		0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	2	1	2	5	0	0	5	3
ARPA Violations		29	0	29	2	0	25	0
All Other Offenses	3854	671	1149	5674	760	43	5364	360
Total	5859	2631	4047	12537	4003	164	11942	1709

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Fort Peck

Alcohol was involved in 31.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 95.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 13.6 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 1.3 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	30.8%	15.4%	100.0%	7.7%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	20.0%	0.0%	97.8%	11.1%
Sex Offenses	20.5%	6.8%	97.7%	4.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape	85.7%	0.0%	100.0%	14.3%
Aggravated Assault	56.4%	2.3%	90.7%	15.7%
Assault	34.9%	0.9%	95.0%	7.6%
Domestic Violence	62.0%	3.1%	98.3%	14.2%
Child Abuse	54.5%	6.8%	90.9%	2.3%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	50.0%	25.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	23.2%	2.0%	99.5%	21.7%
Vandalism	32.7%	0.2%	95.8%	24.4%
Stolen Property	11.1%	0.0%	44.4%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	34.1%	0.0%	100.0%	14.6%
Larceny-Theft	28.1%	5.2%	92.9%	21.4%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	14.3%	0.0%	100.0%	14.3%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson	40.0%	8.0%	96.0%	32.0%
DWI	52.7%	0.0%	99.9%	3.6%
Drug Violations	36.1%	78.7%	98.4%	24.6%
Liquor Laws	62.9%	0.1%	89.9%	32.3%
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	150.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	47.2%	1.2%	97.1%	17.4%
Curfew & Loitering	42.7%	0.0%	100.0%	59.8%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	32.1%	0.0%	92.9%	7.1%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	60.0%
ARPA Violations	6.9%	0.0%	86.2%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	13.4%	0.8%	94.5%	6.3%
Total	31.9%	1.3%	95.3%	13.6%

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HOH RIVER–WASHINGTON

The Hoh River Reservation consists of 443 acres located 28 miles south of Forks, and 80 miles north of Aberdeen, Washington. The Hoh River Reservation has approximately one mile of beach front running east from the mouth of the Hoh River, and south to Ruby Beach.⁵⁹ The Hoh River Indian Reservation has a tribal enrollment of 167 with 172 American Indians living on or near the Reservation.⁶⁰

The Hoh are considered to be part of the Quileute Tribe, although they are a separate tribal group. Although little ethnographic information was collected, the Hoh are heir to a rich cultural tradition.⁶¹ The livelihood of the Hoh Indians is primarily fishing although a few of the residents make traditional baskets, carve canoes for ocean going or river use, and make other carvings. The local people dip for smelts on the beaches and use smokehouses for preserving food for future use. The tidelands are abundant with razor clams, butter clams, crab and perch.^{62 63}

The Hoh River Indian Reservation was established by an Executive Order of September 11, 1963. The Hoh Tribe has formed a Tribal government under Public Law 89-655, providing for a basic roll of tribal members. The governing body is elected by secret ballot biannually in November.⁶⁴

There are 2 sworn law enforcement officers on the Hoh River Reservation.⁶⁵

Hoh River

The reported Violent crime rate in 2006 for Hoh River were much lower than all groups, but the Property Crime rate was higher than all other groups.

Comparisons for Hoh River

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Grays Harbor County	4070	175	4245
Hoh River - 2006	4651	0	4651

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁵⁹ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Hoh%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁶⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁶¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁶² <http://www2.ihs.gov/PortlandAO/about/hoh.asp>

⁶³ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Hoh%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁶⁴ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Hoh%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁶⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Hoh River: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious persons report, and vandalism.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide		1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	2	1	1	0	4	0	0	2	0
Attempted Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault		3	0	0	3	0	0	2	1
Assault	4	3	1	0	8	0	0	1	0
Domestic Violence	1	1	1	5	8	0	2	7	0
Child Abuse		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	3	1	3	7	14	0	0	1	0
Vandalism		4	15	3	22	0	0	16	24
Stolen Property	2	7	2	2	13	0	0	6	0
Motor Vehicle Theft		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft		0	5	6	11	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI		2	1	0	3	2	0	3	0
Drug Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness		2	1	5	8	2	0	7	0
Gambling		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct		1	7	5	13	1	2	12	0
Curfew & Loitering		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	1	0	25	3	29	0	0	3	0
Prostitution/Vice		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons		1	3	0	4	0	0	3	0
Completed Suicide		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide		0	0		0	0	0	0	
Runaways < 18		0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses		0	50	195	245	0	0	229	0
Total	13	27	116	231	387	6	4	294	25

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 - Hoh River

Alcohol was involved in 1.6 percent of all the reported offenses, 76.0 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 6.5 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 1.0 percent of all reported offenses. More attention is needed in collecting information for involvement of alcohol and drugs.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	33.3%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	25.0%	87.5%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	72.7%	109.1%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	46.2%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	66.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations				
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	25.0%	0.0%	87.5%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	7.7%	15.4%	92.3%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	10.3%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	93.5%	0.0%
Total	1.6%	1.0%	76.0%	6.5%

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JAMESTOWN S'KLALLAM–WASHINGTON

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribal community is located on the northern Olympic Peninsula of Washington State, approximately 70 miles northwest of the city of Seattle. The Peninsula is a distinct and somewhat isolated geographic region, as it is separated from the Seattle urban area by two bodies of water, one of which must be crossed by ferry. Two counties comprise the bulk of the Olympic Peninsula land area, Clallam County and Jefferson County. The Peninsula is bounded by the Pacific Ocean to the west, the Strait of Juan de Fuca to the north, and on the east by Hood Canal. A large part of the two counties is densely timbered wilderness or undeveloped area, and is characterized by rugged mountains, steep slopes and rain forests.⁶⁶

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe has an enrollment of 526 with a service population of 1,192 living on or near the tribal land which covers 1048 acres.^{67 68}

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe has evolved directly from several constituent communities of the S'Klallam Tribe. The S'Klallam Tribe (meaning "strong people"), a Salish cultural and linguistic group were mostly related to the Sook and other Tribes of British Columbia, but also related to most of the tribes of the Puget Sound Area. The S'Klallam Tribe was a clearly defined social and cultural unit, whose component villages were closely linked by inter-marriage and other cooperative social ties.⁶⁹

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe is governed by a five-member Tribal Council elected to two-year terms on a staggered basis. All enrolled Tribal members over the age of 18 years are eligible to vote and run for office. The Tribal constitution was adopted in 1975. Tribal governmental programs receive overall direction from the Tribal Council through the Executive Director.⁷⁰

Jamestown S'Klallam

The reported Property and Violent crime rates in 2007 (the only year of available data) for Jamestown S'Klallam were lower than all groups.

Comparisons for Jamestown S'Klallam

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Clallam County –2006	3549	255	3804
Jefferson County-2006	3727	241	3968
Jamestown – 2007	2537	31	2568

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁶⁶ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/facts/facts_land.htm

⁶⁷ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/facts/facts_land.htm

⁶⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003

⁶⁹ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/history/hist_jst.htm

⁷⁰ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/history/hist_jst.htm

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Offenses – Jamestown S’Klallam: 2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drug violations, aggravated assault, assault, and DWI.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	3	0	0	0	0
Assault	3	3	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2	2	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse						
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	1	1	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	1	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	3	3	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	5	5	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	1	1	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide						
Attempted Suicide						
Runaways < 18	1	1	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	26	26	0	0	0	0
Total	46	46	0	0	0	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2007 - Jamestown S’Klallam

There was no reported information for alcohol, drug, cleared, or juvenile involvement.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct				
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

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KALISPEL INDIAN COMMUNITY – WASHINGTON

The Kalispel Reservation is approximately 4,600 acres on a narrow strip of land situated along the east bank of the Pend O'reille River in extreme northeast Washington. The current Kalispel Reservation is a very small portion of the original land of 4 million acres. The enrolled tribal membership is 364 and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 198.^{71 72}

During the mid to late 19th century, the Kalispel Tribe of Indians preserved its culture and way of life in the midst of increasing numbers of white settlers in the area. Roman Catholic priests began working with the Tribe in 1844. In 1855, the Upper Kalispel Tribe gave up its lands and moved to the Jocko Reservation in Montana at the request of the U.S. Government. The Lower Kalispel Tribe, of which today's Kalispel members are descendants, refused to give up its ancestral lands and continued to work toward an agreement that would allow the Tribe to remain on its homeland. Though Congress did propose a treaty in 1872, the terms were poor, and the Tribe refused to sign it. By 1874 Congress had stopped establishing treaties with Tribes altogether, leaving the Kalispel Tribe with no legal protection.⁷³ Eventually, federal protection was granted creating the modern day Kalispel Indian Reservation.⁷⁴

The tribal government is administered by a seven-member Business Council whose members are elected to one-year terms.⁷⁵

There are 5 sworn law enforcement officers on the Kalispel Reservation.⁷⁶

Kalispel

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for Kalispel were much higher than all other groups.

Comparisons for Kalispel

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Pend Oreille County -06	4089	57	4146
Kalispel – 2006	7576	1515	9091

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁷¹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁷² http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Kalispel%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁷³ <http://www.kalispeltribe.com/default.aspx?page=19>

⁷⁴ <http://www.angelfire.com/id/newpubs/kalispel4.html>

⁷⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁷⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Kalispell: 2005-2007

The most common offenses were: 'all other offenses', drug violations, and suspicious persons report.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	2	0	1	3	1	0	3	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	4	3	1	8	4	0	7	0
Assault	15	7	15	37	15	0	32	0
Domestic Violence	4	3	17	24	21	0	21	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	5	4	3	12	0	0	11	1
Vandalism	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	0
Stolen Property	9	5	2	16	0	0	15	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	3	2	6	0	0	3	0
Larceny-Theft	1	8	15	24	0	0	20	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	1	5	7	0	0	7	0
Fraud	1	3	4	8	0	0	6	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	7	11	5	23	21	1	22	0
Drug Violations	30	33	29	92	6	78	87	2
Liquor Laws	0	0	4	4	3	0	4	0
Drunkenness	6	7	5	18	15	0	14	2
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	6	3	10	7	0	7	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	50	6	0	56	0	0	53	0
Prostitution/Vice	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Weapons	2	0	1	3	0	1	3	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	1	3	2	6	0	0	2	2
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	78	45	62	185	0	0	143	1
Total	219	149	177	545	93	80	462	9

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 – Kalispell

Alcohol was involved in 17.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 84.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 1.7 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 14.7 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	50.0%	0.0%	87.5%	0.0%
Assault	40.5%	0.0%	86.5%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	87.5%	0.0%	87.5%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	91.7%	8.3%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	93.8%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	91.3%	4.3%	95.7%	0.0%
Drug Violations	6.5%	84.8%	94.6%	2.2%
Liquor Laws	75.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	83.3%	0.0%	77.8%	11.1%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	70.0%	0.0%	70.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	94.6%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	33.3%	100.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	77.3%	0.5%
Total	17.1%	14.7%	84.8%	1.7%

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THE KLAMATH TRIBES – OREGON

The Klamath Indians have hunted, fished, and foraged in the area of the Klamath Marsh and upper Williamson River for over a thousand years. In 1864 the Klamath Tribe entered into a treaty with the United States whereby it relinquished its aboriginal claim to some 12 million acres of land in return for a reservation of approximately 800,000 acres in south-central Oregon. This reservation included all of the Klamath Marsh as well as large forested tracts of the Williamson River watershed.⁷⁷

The Klamath Tribes consist of the Klamaths, the Modocs and the Yahooskin. The Klamath Tribes have an enrollment of 3,526 with a service population of 2,672 living on or near the Reservation.^{78 79}

Tribal government starts with the General Council, which meets quarterly, and includes every enrolled member 18 years or older. Ten members make up the Tribal Council and they are elected every four years. These elected positions are Tribal Chairman, Vice Chairman, Secretary, Treasurer, and six Tribal Council members. The Tribal Council attends to the day-to-day business of protecting and enhancing tribal interests.⁸⁰

Klamath Tribes

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for the Klamath Tribes were much lower than all other groups.

Comparisons for the Klamath Tribes

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Oregon - 2006	3672	280	3952
Klamath County – '06	1930	78	2008
Klamath – 2007	0	0	0

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁷⁷ http://users.sisqtel.net/armstrng/Indupper_klamath.htm

⁷⁸ <http://www.klamathtribes.org/history.html>

⁷⁹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁸⁰ <http://www.klamathtribes.org/present.html>

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Offenses – Klamath: 2007

No offenses were reported for 2007. No information was reported for 2004-2006.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		2007				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2007 – Klamath

No alcohol, drug, clearance, or juvenile information was report for 2007.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault				
Assault				
Domestic Violence				
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism				
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI				
Drug Violations				
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct				
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses				
Total				

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LA PUSH ‘QUILEUTE’ – WASHINGTON

Surrounded on three sides by the Olympic National Park, the Quileute Reservation is located on 594 acres along the Pacific and on the south banks of the Quillayute River. The area is rich in outdoor recreational opportunities including ocean and river fishing, hiking, and hunting.⁸¹ The enrolled tribal membership is 658, and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 700.⁸²

La Push, Washington is home to the Quileute Tribe. According to legend, the tribe was created from wolves by a supernatural transformer. The tribe's lineage stretches back thousands of years to the Ice Age, making them possibly the oldest inhabitants of the Pacific Northwest. Tribal members built cedar canoes that ranged in size from two-man to ocean-going freight vessels capable of carrying three tons. They ranked second only to the Makah as whalers, and first among all the tribes as sealers. Special woolly-haired dogs were bred, and their hair spun into prized blankets. According to the stories, the Quileutes only kin, the Chimacum, were separated from them by a great flood that swept them to the Quimper Peninsula on the other side of the North Olympic Peninsula, where they were wiped out by Chief Seattle and the Suquamish Tribe in the 1860s. The Quileute Tribe has recreated its traditional skills and crafts, which are taught at school along with the unique language that is unrelated to any root language in the world, and one of only five in the world without nasal sounds.⁸³

The tribal council includes a chairman, vice-chairman, treasurer, and a secretary. The Council is responsible for the operation of a marina and has formed the Quileute Port Authority.⁸⁴

The Quileute Tribe has 3 sworn law enforcement officers.⁸⁵

La Push Quileute

The Property and Violent offense crime rates in 2006 for the La Push Quileute were higher than any of the comparative groups.

Comparisons for La Push Quileute

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Clallam County – 2006	3549	255	3804
La Push Quileute - 2006	4714	1000	5571

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁸¹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Quileute%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁸² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁸³ <http://www2.ihs.gov/PortlandAO/about/quileute.asp>

⁸⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁸⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – La Push – Quileute: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and drunkenness.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	1
Attempted Forcible Rape			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	12		7	17	36	9	3	20	7
Assault	39	14	3	13	69	19	2	46	16
Domestic Violence	25		20	17	62	17	3	37	3
Child Abuse	2		5	3	10	1	0	3	1
Elderly Abuse	1		0		1	0	0	0	0
Robbery			0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Burglary	37		9	5	51	2	1	5	2
Vandalism	17	6	4	9	36	2	0	19	14
Stolen Property	9	1	1	1	12	0	1	11	4
Motor Vehicle Theft	3		0	1	4	0	0	2	0
Larceny-Theft	30		18	15	63	0	1	8	4
Embezzlement	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	2	0
Arson	1	0	6	0	7	4	0	2	1
DWI	16	5	9	12	42	35	7	40	4
Drug Violations	23	10	12	14	59	6	50	51	16
Liquor Laws	11	15	5	8	39	33	3	27	12
Drunkenness	77	8	11	19	115	94	4	70	22
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	56	41	25	9	131	47	8	58	22
Curfew & Loitering	33	2	3	1	39	2	2	4	37
Suspicious Person Report	43	7	8	5	63	2	0	2	8
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	1	0	0		1	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	8	3	3	5	19	0	0	0	19
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	350	135	92	101	678	56	21	181	91
Total	795	250	244	258	1547	329	106	592	285

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004 - 2007 – La Push – Quileute

Alcohol was involved in 21.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 38.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 18.4 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 6.9 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	25.0%	8.3%	55.6%	19.4%
Assault	27.5%	2.9%	66.7%	23.2%
Domestic Violence	27.4%	4.8%	59.7%	4.8%
Child Abuse	10.0%	0.0%	30.0%	10.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	3.9%	2.0%	9.8%	3.9%
Vandalism	5.6%	0.0%	52.8%	38.9%
Stolen Property	0.0%	8.3%	91.7%	33.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	1.6%	12.7%	6.3%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Arson	57.1%	0.0%	28.6%	14.3%
DWI	83.3%	16.7%	95.2%	9.5%
Drug Violations	10.2%	84.7%	86.4%	27.1%
Liquor Laws	84.6%	7.7%	69.2%	30.8%
Drunkenness	81.7%	3.5%	60.9%	19.1%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	35.9%	6.1%	44.3%	16.8%
Curfew & Loitering	5.1%	5.1%	10.3%	94.9%
Suspicious Person Report	3.2%	0.0%	3.2%	12.7%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	8.3%	3.1%	26.7%	13.4%
Total	21.3%	6.9%	38.3%	18.4%

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LUMMI – WASHINGTON

The Lummi Reservation is seven miles northwest of Bellingham, Washington, in the western portion of Whatcom County about 95 miles north of Seattle. The reservation is a five mile long peninsula which forms Lummi Bay on the west, Bellingham Bay on the east, with a smaller peninsula of Sandy Point, and Portage Island, and the associated tidelands. The Lummi Nation signed the Treaty of Point Elliot in 1855 ceding much of their aboriginal lands in western Washington. In return they received a reservation that originally covered 15,000 acres. Today, approximately 12,000 acres remain under Indian control.⁸⁶ The Tribal enrollment for the Lummi Nation is 4,096 with 4,976 American Indians living on or near the reservation.⁸⁷

The Lummi people traditionally lived near the sea and in mountain areas and returned seasonally to their longhouses located at a number of sites on the present reservation and on the San Juan Islands. Smoke-dried seafood, camas bulbs, sun-dried berries and all species of shellfish, crab, salmon, trout, elk, deer, and other land and sea mammals made up the traditional Lummi diet. The Lummi people continue to speak the traditional Salishan language. Traditionally, they expressed their language and religious traditions through elaborate carvings on totems and with ceremonies.⁸⁸

The governing body of the tribe is the Tribal Business Council, which consists of 11 members elected to three-year terms by the General Council. The General Council is composed of all enrolled adult members of the tribe.⁸⁹

The Lummi Nation has 17 sworn law enforcement officers.⁹⁰

Lummi

The offense rates in 2005 for the Lummi were higher than any of the comparative groups.

Comparisons for Lummi

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Whatcom County – '06	4819	234	5053
Lummi – 2005	8059	1346	9405

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁸⁶ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Lummi%20NationTribal%20Profile.htm

⁸⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁸⁸ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Lummi%20NationTribal%20Profile.htm

⁸⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁹⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Lummi: 2005

The most common offenses were: theft, burglary, and aggravated assault.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		05				
Homicide	1	1				
Manslaughter by Negligence						
Forcible Rape	2	2				
Sex Offenses						
Attempted Forcible Rape						
Aggravated Assault	58	58			41	1
Assault						
Domestic Violence						
Child Abuse						
Elderly Abuse						
Robbery	6	6			2	
Burglary	119	119			18	
Vandalism						
Stolen Property						
Motor Vehicle Theft	24	24			4	
Larceny-Theft	258	258			10	1
Embezzlement						
Forgery/Counterfeiting						
Fraud						
Arson						
DWI						
Drug Violations						
Liquor Laws						
Drunkenness						
Gambling						
Disorderly Conduct						
Curfew & Loitering						
Suspicious Person Report						
Prostitution/Vice						
Weapons						
Completed Suicide						
Attempted Suicide						
Runaways < 18						
ARPA Violations						
All Other Offenses						
Total	468	468			75	2

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Total D & A = alcohol and/or drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005 – Lummi

Limited (or no) information was reported for alcohol, drug, cleared, and juveniles. .

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	70.7%	1.7%
Assault				
Domestic Violence				
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	15.1%	0.0%
Vandalism				
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	3.9%	0.4%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI				
Drug Violations				
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct				
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses				
Total	0.0%	0.0%	16.0%	0.4%

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MAKAH – WASHINGTON

The Makah Indian Reservation is located on the most northwesterly tip of Washington State. The reservation, which consists of 27,200 acres, is isolated from other communities within Clallam County, the Olympic Peninsula and Washington State in general. Clallam County's major commercial center and county seat, Port Angeles, is 75 miles from Neah Bay. Seattle is 150 miles away, and Forks, the closest town is 60 miles away.⁹¹ The enrolled tribal population is 2,493 and the American Indian population on or near the reservation is 1,237.⁹²

The Makah were a maritime people who fished, found shellfish, and hunted whale. The people used cedar for clothing, basketry, and boxes. The Makah Tribe is part of the Nootkan culture group, which includes two other tribes in the group - the Westcoast and Nitinaht Tribes of Western Vancouver Island, British Columbia. The Makah is the only tribe in the US to speak a Wakashan language. The Makah had a highly developed representational art style, a stratified social order, and a specialized labor force. There were five major permanent villages in early times, but one of them (Ozette) was destroyed in a mud slide and its excavation has produced much knowledge about the culture.⁹³

The tribe is governed by a five-person Tribal Council whose members are elected to three year terms by eligible tribal members. A council chairperson is elected by the five members of the tribal council.⁹⁴

There are 7 sworn law enforcement officers on the Makah Reservation.⁹⁵

Makah

The Property offense rate in 2006 for Makah was much lower than all groups, but the Violent offense rate was higher than the comparative groups (US, Washington, and Clallam County).

Comparisons for Makah

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Clallam County– 2006	3549	255	3804
Makah – 2006	1212	1132	2344

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁹¹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Makah%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁹² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁹³ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Makah%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁹⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁹⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Makah: 2005-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and drug violations.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	4	2	7	3	3	5	3
Sex Offenses	3	1	0	4	0	0	2	3
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	2	0	2	1	1	2	1
Aggravated Assault	20	10	0	30	10	3	23	11
Assault	4	8	19	31	3	1	11	0
Domestic Violence	24	17	15	56	12	0	40	1
Child Abuse	4	1	0	5	1	2	2	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	8	6	8	22	1	1	3	4
Vandalism	1	14	7	22	0	0	2	0
Stolen Property	1	5	14	20	0	4	5	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	4	4	0	0	2	0
Larceny-Theft	18	9	0	27	4	0	6	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	10	0	10	0	0	0	0
Fraud	3	1	1	5	0	2	3	0
Arson	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	7	16	29	52	50	2	34	1
Drug Violations	19	22	34	75	12	66	53	7
Liquor Laws	4	12	19	35	33	1	21	2
Drunkenness	14	1	0	15	14	0	15	5
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	21	85	88	194	170	14	152	26
Curfew & Loitering	19	8	5	32	5	1	8	28
Suspicious Person Report	5	2	0	7	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	1	2	5	0	0	2	1
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	4	6	3	13	1	0	3	10
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	105	348	271	724	33	17	257	20
Total	287	589	522	1398	353	118	651	125

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 – Makah

Alcohol was involved in 25.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 46.6 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 8.9 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 8.4 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	42.9%	42.9%	71.4%	42.9%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	75.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%	50.0%
Aggravated Assault	33.3%	10.0%	76.7%	36.7%
Assault	9.7%	3.2%	35.5%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	21.4%	0.0%	71.4%	1.8%
Child Abuse	20.0%	40.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	4.5%	4.5%	13.6%	18.2%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	20.0%	25.0%	10.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	14.8%	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	40.0%	60.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	96.2%	3.8%	65.4%	1.9%
Drug Violations	16.0%	88.0%	70.7%	9.3%
Liquor Laws	94.3%	2.9%	60.0%	5.7%
Drunkenness	93.3%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	87.6%	7.2%	78.4%	13.4%
Curfew & Loitering	15.6%	3.1%	25.0%	87.5%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%	20.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	7.7%	0.0%	23.1%	76.9%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	4.6%	2.3%	35.5%	2.8%
Total	25.3%	8.4%	46.6%	8.9%

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METLAKATLA – ALASKA

Metlakatla has a tribal enrollment of 2,144 with about 1,211 American Indians living on or near the reservation.⁹⁶ The Metlakatla Tribal population varies between the seasons. The area covers 130.2 square miles of land and 83.8 miles of water and is located on the west coast of Annette Island in Alaska about 15 miles south of Ketchikan.⁹⁷

Metlakatla means "saltwater channel passage." The community of Metlakatla was founded in 1887 by a group of Tsimshian Indians from Canada. The Metlakatla Indian Community, located on the Annette Island Reserve, is the only Indian reservation in the State of Alaska. Access to Metlakatla is by air and water. The economic base includes fishing, seafood processing and services. The Metlakatla hatchery is one of the largest Indian hatcheries in the U.S. The tribe was "almost" completely sustainable until the loss of the fish and timber industries. Additional areas of economic development include a bottled water company, tourism, and a potential prison on the other side of the island.⁹⁸

The community is governed by a council of 12 elected members and is under the jurisdiction of the Portland Area Office of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.⁹⁹

The Metlakatla Tribe has 6 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁰⁰

Metlakatla

The property and violent offense rates in 2006 for Metlakatla were much lower than the US and Alaska rates. No offense information was located for boroughs in Alaska.

Comparisons for Metlakatla

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Alaska - 2006	3605	688	4293
Metlakatla - 2006	83	0	83

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁹⁶ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

⁹⁷ <http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/hep/tribaltrans/metlakatla.htm>

⁹⁸ <http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/hep/tribaltrans/metlakatla.htm>

⁹⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁰⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Metlakatla: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: liquor laws, domestic violence, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	6	1	0	0	7	3	0	7	0
Sex Offenses	10	6	3	2	21	4	0	17	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	0	0	5	4	0	5	1
Assault	29	32	33	25	119	56	0	105	4
Domestic Violence	47	46	33	35	161	55	0	149	2
Child Abuse	5	0	2	0	7	1	0	6	0
Elderly Abuse	1	0	0		1	0	0	1	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	3	1	6	11	0	0	11	0
Vandalism	26	19	13	14	72	4	0	68	0
Stolen Property	25	27	0	0	52	1	0	52	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Larceny-Theft	9	2	0	0	11	2	0	11	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	36	26	17	32	111	66	4	103	0
Drug Violations	24	9	17	12	62	19	32	50	0
Liquor Laws	228	164	171	141	704	477	0	646	12
Drunkenness	0	0	0	26	26	15	0	26	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	62	24	32	35	153	79	0	139	5
Curfew & Loitering	23	6	12	4	45	0	0	37	28
Suspicious Person Report	31	20	24	37	112	2	0	92	2
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	2	1	0	5	4	0	4	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0		2	1	0	2	0
Runaways < 18	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	2	1
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	78	32	2	112	2	0	94	0
Total	570	469	392	373	1804	795	36	1629	55

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime No Alcohol, drug, or Juvenile information collected in 2006. Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Metlakatla

Alcohol was involved in 44.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 90.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.0 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	42.9%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	19.0%	0.0%	81.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	80.0%	0.0%	100.0%	20.0%
Assault	47.1%	0.0%	88.2%	3.4%
Domestic Violence	34.2%	0.0%	92.5%	1.2%
Child Abuse	14.3%	0.0%	85.7%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	5.6%	0.0%	94.4%	0.0%
Stolen Property	1.9%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	18.2%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	59.5%	3.6%	92.8%	0.0%
Drug Violations	30.6%	51.6%	80.6%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	67.8%	0.0%	91.8%	1.7%
Drunkenness	57.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	51.6%	0.0%	90.8%	3.3%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	82.2%	62.2%
Suspicious Person Report	1.8%	0.0%	82.1%	1.8%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	80.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	33.3%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.8%	0.0%	83.9%	0.0%
Total	44.1%	2.0%	90.3%	3.0%

No alcohol, drug, or juvenile information collected in 2006.

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NEZ PERCE – IDAHO

The Nez Perce Reservation consists of prairies, rivers and canyons, and is home to 3,300 enrolled Nez Perce Indians.¹⁰¹ The tribe's aboriginal territory included over 13 million acres of the areas now known as northern Idaho, northeastern Oregon and southeastern Washington. Today the Nez Perce own 86,248 acres of land and individual tribal members own an additional 37,950 acres. In 1887 the Dawes Act opened the reservation to homesteading that resulted in non-Indians owning parcels of fee-patented land within the reservation next to Indian trust allotments. The result of the Dawes Act creates a "checkerboard" pattern of land ownership on the reservation and problems over jurisdiction.¹⁰²

The Nez Perce people belong to the Sahaptin linguistic group of Northwest Plateau Region. In 1948, the Nez Perce Tribe became a self-governing body with an approved constitution and by-laws. The Nez Perce Tribal Executive Committee is composed of nine members distributed geographically throughout the reservation.¹⁰³

The Nez Perce Tribal Executive Committee serves as the governing body on the Nez Perce Reservation. The Executive Committee, consisting of nine members elected at large, manages economic development and oversees social service programs, natural resources, and tribal investments.¹⁰⁴

The Nez Perce Tribe has 17 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁰⁵

Nez Perce

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for the Nez Perce were higher than were the rates for the other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Nez Perce

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Idaho – 2006	2419	247	2666
Nez Perce County '06	3633	108	3741
Lewis County – '06	1299	260	1559
Idaho County – '06	1217	261	1478
Nez Perce – 2006	5057	1631	6688

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁰¹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁰² <http://www.uidaho.edu/idahonatives/nez/index.html>

¹⁰³ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Idaho/Nez_Perce.htm

¹⁰⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁰⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Nez Perce: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	3	0	4	3	10	9	1	4	0
Sex Offenses	6	3	13	10	32	8	0	11	4
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	3	1	0	4	3	0	3	0
Aggravated Assault	19	4	24	12	59	34	2	49	3
Assault	48	15	88	103	254	104	3	152	16
Domestic Violence	27	10	98	130	265	97	7	118	3
Child Abuse	25	15	24	14	78	15	1	57	8
Elderly Abuse		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	1	2	5	9	4	0	6	0
Burglary	16	15	26	40	97	10	1	43	24
Vandalism	37	10	76	77	200	20	1	59	40
Stolen Property		1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	3	19	5	30	8	0	6	0
Larceny-Theft	31	0	48	47	126	11	3	46	19
Embezzlement		2	0	2	4	0	0	2	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting		0	1	4	5	0	0	1	0
Fraud	1	2	1	1	5	0	0	2	0
Arson	2	3	0	10	15	0	0	2	0
DWI	10	22	78	94	204	158	3	137	5
Drug Violations	45	27	92	95	259	33	201	200	33
Liquor Laws	92	0	120	134	346	286	7	309	205
Drunkenness	18	13	66	57	154	122	0	79	7
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	6	4	29	30	69	39	0	63	7
Curfew & Loitering	21	0	15	16	52	1	1	39	43
Suspicious Person Report		0	22	12	34	5	0	5	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	5	1	3	4	13	2	0	12	4
Completed Suicide		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	1	0	0		1	1	1	1	0
Runaways < 18	11	0	21	25	57	0	0	30	45
ARPA Violations		0	0	2	2	1	0	2	0
All Other Offenses	104	348	313	264	1029	139	11	688	59
Total	532	502	1184	1196	3414	1110	243	2127	525

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Nez Perce

Alcohol was involved in 32.5 percent of all the reported offenses, 62.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 15.4 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 7.1 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	90.0%	10.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	25.0%	0.0%	34.4%	12.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape	75.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	57.6%	3.4%	83.1%	5.1%
Assault	40.9%	1.2%	59.8%	6.3%
Domestic Violence	36.6%	2.6%	44.5%	1.1%
Child Abuse	19.2%	1.3%	73.1%	10.3%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	44.4%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Burglary	10.3%	1.0%	44.3%	24.7%
Vandalism	10.0%	0.5%	29.5%	20.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	26.7%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	8.7%	2.4%	36.5%	15.1%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	13.3%	0.0%
DWI	77.5%	1.5%	67.2%	2.5%
Drug Violations	12.7%	77.6%	77.2%	12.7%
Liquor Laws	82.7%	2.0%	89.3%	59.2%
Drunkenness	79.2%	0.0%	51.3%	4.5%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	56.5%	0.0%	91.3%	10.1%
Curfew & Loitering	1.9%	1.9%	75.0%	82.7%
Suspicious Person Report	14.7%	0.0%	14.7%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	15.4%	0.0%	92.3%	30.8%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	52.6%	78.9%
ARPA Violations	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	13.5%	1.1%	66.9%	5.7%
Total	32.5%	7.1%	62.3%	15.4%

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NISQUALLY – WASHINGTON

The Nisqually Tribal land is located on the Nisqually River in rural Thurston County, 15 miles east of Olympia, Washington. Tribal land holdings, on and near the Nisqually Reservation, exceed 1,000 acres – all of which have been reacquired in the past 25 years.¹⁰⁶ The enrolled tribal population is 525, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 5,504.¹⁰⁷

The original reservation was established by the Medicine Creek Treaty of December 26, 1854. The reservation consisted of 1,280 acres on Puget Sound. On January 20, 1856 an executive order enlarged it to 4,717 acres on both sides of the Nisqually River. On September 30, 1884 acreage was set aside and divided into 30 family allotments on both sides of the Nisqually River.¹⁰⁸

On September 9, 1946 the Tribe's constitution and bylaws were approved. The constitution was amended in 1994. The governing body of the tribe is the General Council comprised of all enrolled tribal members 18-years-of-age and older. The day-to-day business and economic affairs of the tribe are overseen by a Tribal Council comprised of seven tribal members elected by the tribe's voting membership.¹⁰⁹

The Nisqually Tribe has 9 sworn law enforcement officers.¹¹⁰

Nisqually

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2005 for Nisqually were much lower than all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Nisqually

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Thurston County – '06	3389	258	3647
Nisqually - 2005	73	36	109

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁰⁶ <http://www.spipa.org/nisqually.shtml>

¹⁰⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁰⁸ <http://www.spipa.org/nisqually.shtml>

¹⁰⁹ <http://www.spipa.org/nisqually.shtml>

¹¹⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Nisqually: 2004-2005

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ domestic violence, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			04-05				
Homicide		0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
Sex Offenses	2	0	2	1	0	1	0
Attempted Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	25	2	27	3	4	11	2
Assault	23	3	26	1	1	8	3
Domestic Violence	34	4	38	9	6	14	0
Child Abuse	6	0	6	1	1	4	0
Elderly Abuse		0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery		0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	12	0	12	0	1	1	0
Vandalism	18	2	20	2	1	8	0
Stolen Property	4	3	7	0	1	2	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	7	2	9	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	30	2	32	0	0	2	0
Embezzlement		0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting		1	1	0	0	0	0
Fraud	2	2	4	0	1	1	0
Arson		0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	14	5	19	8	0	13	0
Drug Violations	22	2	24	0	15	11	2
Liquor Laws	3	0	3	2	0	3	2
Drunkenness		0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling		0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Curfew & Loitering		0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report		0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	4	1	5	2	0	0	0
Completed Suicide		0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	4		4	1			
Runaways < 18	4	0	4	0	0	0	1
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	117	10	127	2	0	57	1
Total	333	39	372	33	31	137	11

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2005 – Nisqually

Alcohol was involved in 8.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 36.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 8.3 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	11.1%	14.8%	40.7%	7.4%
Assault	3.8%	3.8%	30.8%	11.5%
Domestic Violence	23.7%	15.8%	36.8%	0.0%
Child Abuse	16.7%	16.7%	66.7%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	8.3%	8.3%	0.0%
Vandalism	10.0%	5.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	14.3%	28.6%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	25.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	42.1%	0.0%	68.4%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	62.5%	45.8%	8.3%
Liquor Laws	66.7%	0.0%	100.0%	66.7%
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.6%	0.0%	44.9%	0.8%
Total	8.9%	8.3%	36.8%	3.0%

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NOOKSACK – WASHINGTON

The Nooksack Indians live on about 2,500 acres of tribal land in the Upper Nooksack River Valley, which is located in the northwestern section of Washington State.¹¹¹

The enrolled tribal population is 1,707 and the Indian population on or near the reservation is 825.¹¹²

Historically, the Nooksack people relied on fishing, hunting, clam digging, root gathering and trading with neighboring village peoples for their subsistence. Wealth and prestige within the Coast Salish system were closely allied with the expansion of a family's network of kinship, trading and ceremonial ties. The Nooksack language was predominant in much of the upper Fraser River Valley in British Columbia. In the spring and summer village groups would split up to fish, hunt, dig clams, gather roots and herbs and to trade with neighboring village peoples.¹¹³

The Nooksack Tribe is represented by an eight-member Tribal Council, which is elected annually as outlined by the tribal constitution. The council is presided over by a chairperson.¹¹⁴

The Nooksack Tribe has 8 sworn law enforcement officers.¹¹⁵

Nooksack

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for the Nooksack were higher than any of the comparative groups.

Comparisons for Nooksack

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Whatcom County – 06	4819	234	5053
Nooksack – 2006	6788	2667	9455

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹¹¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹¹² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹¹³ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Nooksack%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹¹⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹¹⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Nooksack: 2005-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ theft, and vandalism.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Sex Offenses	0	3	3	6	0	0	2	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	14	21	19	54	0	0	31	4
Assault	1	1	2	4	0	0	2	0
Domestic Violence	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	0	1	3	0	0	1	0
Burglary	22	17	12	51	0	0	13	0
Vandalism	21	27	9	57	0	0	18	0
Stolen Property	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	3	1	5	0	0	2	0
Larceny-Theft	39	36	48	123	0	0	56	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	16	8	6	30	0	0	28	0
Drug Violations	13	5	3	21	0	1	12	0
Liquor Laws	0	4	3	7	0	0	2	0
Drunkenness	1	7	34	42	0	0	23	0
Gambling	3	0	1	4	0	0	3	0
Disorderly Conduct	7	3	8	18	0	0	13	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	0	4	6	0	0	2	0
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide		0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	0
All Other Offenses	43	28	65	136	0	0	93	0
Total	187	166	223	576	0	1	305	4

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 – Nooksack

Alcohol information was not reported for any offenses, while 53.0 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 0.7 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.2 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	57.4%	7.4%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	25.5%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	31.6%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	45.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	0.0%	0.0%	93.3%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	4.8%	57.1%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	0.0%	0.0%	28.6%	0.0%
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	54.8%	0.0%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	72.2%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	68.4%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	0.2%	53.0%	0.7%

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NORTHERN CHEYENNE – MONTANA

The Northern Cheyenne Reservation is located in south-central Montana and its western boundaries border the Crow Reservation. The topography of the reservation varies from grass covered low rolling hills to moderately high and steep hills and narrow valleys. Much of the higher elevation is covered by Ponderosa pine timber. The area is very well acclimated to farming and ranching, both of which are important to the economy of the tribe.¹¹⁶ The tribal enrollment is 8,182 and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 5,068.¹¹⁷

The Cheyenne descend from the Algonquian language family. They are believed to have originally lived in the upper Great Lakes region, but later moved to the northern plains into what is now the Dakotas.¹¹⁸

The tribes of the Northern Plains signed treaties with the United States in the 1800's which are the legal documents that established tribal land boundaries and recognized tribal rights.¹¹⁹ The Northern Cheyenne tribal lands were originally reduced to a reservation with defined boundaries by Executive Order of the President of the United States in 1884. The Northern Cheyenne Tribe was organized in 1936 and operates under a constitution consistent with the Indian Reorganization Act and approved by the tribal membership. Today the tribe is a Federally-chartered organization with both governmental and corporate responsibilities. The governing body is a Tribal Council headed by a President, who is elected at large to serve a term of 4 years.¹²⁰

There are 9 sworn law enforcement officers on the Northern Cheyenne Reservation.¹²¹

Northern Cheyenne

As can be seen, the offense rates in 2006 for the Northern Cheyenne were lower for Property offenses, but higher for Violent offenses, when compared to the other groups.

Comparisons for the Northern Cheyenne

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Montana - 2006	2688	254	2942
Rosebud County – '06	1272	278	1550
Bighorn County – '06	1889	442	2331
Northern Cheyenne – '06	1007	1519	2526

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹¹⁶ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/ncheyne.htm>

¹¹⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹¹⁸ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹¹⁹ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/ncheyne.htm>

¹²⁰ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/ncheyne.htm>

¹²¹ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Northern Cheyenne: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: drunkenness, ‘all other offenses,’ and child abuse.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drq	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	1	0	5	1	7	4	0	5	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	2	2	1	1	6	1	0	5	0
Sex Offenses	12	6	6	2	26	8	1	10	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	7	43	33	19	102	32	5	86	20
Assault	85	81	40	87	293	84	0	207	17
Domestic Violence	109	28	83	65	285	124	10	199	8
Child Abuse	259	184	244	181	868	691	25	815	2
Elderly Abuse	6	0	0		6	4	1	5	0
Robbery	3	0	38	3	44	33	2	39	0
Burglary	5	7	20	24	56	12	0	43	10
Vandalism	13	1	41	79	134	25	1	104	12
Stolen Property	0	4	0	5	9	1	0	4	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	5	8	6	21	6	1	14	1
Larceny-Theft		3	23	20	46	4	0	32	1
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	1	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson		1	0	3	4	1	0	3	0
DWI	155	195	183	192	725	726	20	717	29
Drug Violations	86	102	58	54	300	104	299	279	12
Liquor Laws	180	148	198	168	694	687	25	670	5
Drunkenness	2254	2736	2458	2616	10064	10064	84	9688	152
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	183	220	187	113	703	466	14	676	26
Curfew & Loitering	62	5	22	8	97	63	0	94	80
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	10	11	7	4	32	22	9	31	3
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	9	0	0		9	1	0	9	4
Runaways < 18	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	14	14	6	0	14	4
All Other Offenses	1766	1920	600	738	5024	1085	65	4195	149
Total	5213	5702	4258	4403	19576	14254	562	17947	538

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Northern Cheyenne

Alcohol was involved in 72.8 percent of all the reported offenses, 91.7 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 2.7 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.9 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	57.1%	0.0%	71.4%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	16.7%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	30.8%	3.8%	38.5%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	31.4%	4.9%	84.3%	19.6%
Assault	28.7%	0.0%	70.6%	5.8%
Domestic Violence	43.5%	3.5%	69.8%	2.8%
Child Abuse	79.6%	2.9%	93.9%	0.2%
Elderly Abuse	66.7%	16.7%	83.3%	0.0%
Robbery	75.0%	4.5%	88.6%	0.0%
Burglary	21.4%	0.0%	76.8%	17.9%
Vandalism	18.7%	0.7%	77.6%	9.0%
Stolen Property	11.1%	0.0%	44.4%	11.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	28.6%	4.8%	66.7%	4.8%
Larceny-Theft	8.7%	0.0%	69.6%	2.2%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Fraud				
Arson	25.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.1%	2.8%	98.9%	4.0%
Drug Violations	34.7%	99.7%	93.0%	4.0%
Liquor Laws	99.0%	3.6%	96.5%	0.7%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.8%	96.3%	1.5%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	66.3%	2.0%	96.2%	3.7%
Curfew & Loitering	64.9%	0.0%	96.9%	82.5%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	68.8%	28.1%	96.9%	9.4%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	11.1%	0.0%	100.0%	44.4%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations	42.9%	0.0%	100.0%	28.6%
All Other Offenses	21.6%	1.3%	83.5%	3.0%
Total	72.8%	2.9%	91.7%	2.7%

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Offenses – Pacific Northwest Columbia River: 2004

The Pacific Northwest Columbia River is a unit that has BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. It is not associated with any tribe or reservation area. The most common offenses were: drunkenness, drug violations, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		04				
Homicide						
Manslaughter by Negligence						
Forcible Rape						
Sex Offenses						
Attempted Forcible Rape						
Aggravated Assault						
Assault	3	3			1	1
Domestic Violence						
Child Abuse						
Elderly Abuse						
Robbery						
Burglary						
Vandalism						
Stolen Property						
Motor Vehicle Theft						
Larceny-Theft	5	5			4	
Embezzlement						
Forgery/Counterfeiting						
Fraud						
Arson						
DWI						
Drug Violations	35	35			35	34
Liquor Laws						
Drunkenness	59	59			57	50
Gambling						
Disorderly Conduct						
Curfew & Loitering						
Suspicious Person Report						
Prostitution/Vice						
Weapons						
Completed Suicide						
Attempted Suicide						
Runaways < 18	1	1			1	1
ARPA Violations						
All Other Offenses						
Total	103	103			98	86

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004 - Pacific Northwest Columbia River

Alcohol and drug information was not tabulated. Nearly all (95.1%) of the offenses were cleared, and 83.5 percent involved juveniles.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault				
Assault			33.3%	33.3%
Domestic Violence				
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism				
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft			80.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI				
Drug Violations			100.0%	97.1%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness			96.6%	84.7%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct				
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18			100.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses				
Total			95.1%	83.5%

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PORT GAMBLE S'KLALLAM – WASHINGTON

The Port Gamble S'Klallam Reservation is located on the northern tip of the Kitsap Peninsula in Washington State. It is situated on Port Gamble Bay, which remains an important natural resource for Native Americans. The tribal enrollment is 1,059 and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 1,243.^{122 123}

For many years, the S'Klallam people lived between the Pacific Ocean and the inland waters of the Puget Sound. There were many small groups or bands of S'Klallam people who lived in villages near the rivers, ocean, or bays. Because of their geographical location, the S'Klallam people invested a great deal of their time in fishing. Since their territory comprised most of the northern Olympic Peninsula, they had access to a large number of rivers as well as the open waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca. They also made seasonal migrations: north to the San Juan Island area, where they set up temporary fishing camps; and south to Hood Canal, where they shared fishing sites with the Skokomish. Today there are three S'Klallam bands: the Lower Elwha band, the Port Gamble band, and the Jamestown band.¹²⁴

The tribe has an elected council that governs the affairs of its reservation. Also, the tribe is part of the inter-tribal No Point Treaty Council, which represents the three S'Klallam tribes.¹²⁵

There are 5 sworn law enforcement officers on the Port Gamble Reservation.¹²⁶

Port Gamble S'Klallam

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for Port Gamble were higher than any of the comparative groups.

Comparisons for Port Gamble S'Klallam

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Kitsap County – 2006	2709	428	3137
Port Gamble – 2006	5632	884	6516

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹²² <http://www.pgst.nsn.us/>

¹²³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹²⁴ <http://www.ihs.gov/FacilitiesServices/AreaOffices/Portland/portland-tribe-port-gamble-sklallam.asp>

¹²⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹²⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Port Gamble: 2005-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ DWI, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	3	0	0	3	2	0	3	1
Sex Offenses	2	1	1	4	2	0	2	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	14	11	17	42	17	3	17	4
Assault	10	15	16	41	10	8	15	3
Domestic Violence	9	29	40	78	16	4	15	0
Child Abuse	0	6	2	8	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	7	19	5	31	0	4	9	3
Vandalism	2	5	5	12	3	0	1	1
Stolen Property	4	18	1	23	0	0	5	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	5	6	3	14	1	1	6	1
Larceny-Theft	22	45	16	83	6	2	10	12
Embezzlement	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	3	5	9	0	0	2	0
Fraud	3	3	4	10	0	0	3	0
Arson	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	20	40	27	87	42	0	38	7
Drug Violations	14	7	15	36	0	21	14	4
Liquor Laws	18	2	0	20	20	0	2	14
Drunkenness	10	8	3	21	14	0	12	6
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	4	2	7	3	0	3	0
Curfew & Loitering	3	11	0	14	0	0	7	3
Suspicious Person Report	6	3	6	15	4	0	0	3
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	4	7	5	16	0	0	4	4
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	3	207	271	481	0	0	11	0
Total	161	450	447	1058	140	43	179	69

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 – Port Gamble

Alcohol was involved in 13.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 16.9 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 6.5 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 4.1 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	66.7%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Sex Offenses	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	25.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	40.5%	7.1%	40.5%	9.5%
Assault	24.4%	19.5%	36.6%	7.3%
Domestic Violence	20.5%	5.1%	19.2%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	12.9%	29.0%	9.7%
Vandalism	25.0%	0.0%	8.3%	8.3%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	21.7%	8.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	7.1%	7.1%	42.9%	7.1%
Larceny-Theft	7.2%	2.4%	12.0%	14.5%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	30.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	48.3%	0.0%	43.7%	8.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	58.3%	38.9%	11.1%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	10.0%	70.0%
Drunkenness	66.7%	0.0%	57.1%	28.6%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	42.9%	0.0%	42.9%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	21.4%
Suspicious Person Report	26.7%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	25.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%
Total	13.2%	4.1%	16.9%	6.5%

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Offenses – Puget Sound: 2004-2005

Puget Sound Agency is not associated with any tribe per se, but serves as a satellite BIA agency in the Seattle area. The most common offenses were: drunkenness, ‘all other offenses,’ and drug violations.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			04-05				
Homicide		0	0			0	
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0			0	
Forcible Rape		4	4			4	
Sex Offenses		1	1			0	
Attempted Forcible Rape		0	0			0	
Aggravated Assault		1	1			1	
Assault		2	2			2	
Domestic Violence		2	2			2	
Child Abuse		2	2			1	
Elderly Abuse		0	0			0	
Robbery		0	0			0	
Burglary		0	0			0	
Vandalism		1	1			0	
Stolen Property		7	7			2	
Motor Vehicle Theft		0	0			0	
Larceny-Theft	4	0	4			4	
Embezzlement		1	1			1	
Forgery/Counterfeiting		0	0			0	
Fraud		6	6			1	
Arson		1	1			1	
DWI		0	0			0	
Drug Violations	11	1	12		1	12	11
Liquor Laws		0	0			0	
Drunkenness	27	0	27			23	27
Gambling		0	0			0	
Disorderly Conduct	7	0	7			7	7
Curfew & Loitering		0	0			0	
Suspicious Person Report		0	0			0	
Prostitution/Vice		0	0			0	
Weapons		0	0			0	
Completed Suicide		0	0			0	
Attempted Suicide		0	0			0	
Runaways < 18		0	0			0	
ARPA Violations		0	0			0	
All Other Offenses		23	23			23	
Total	49	52	101		1	84	45

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2005 – Puget Sound

Alcohol information was not collected or tabulated, and only one form contained drug information. A majority (83.2%) of the offenses was cleared, and 44.6 percent involved juveniles.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	28.6%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
DWI				
Drug Violations	0.0%	8.3%	100.0%	91.7%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	85.2%	100.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	1.0%	83.2%	44.6%

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PUYALLUP – WASHINGTON

The Puyallup Tribal Reservation covers a few square miles within the city limits of Tacoma, Washington, and is located on Commencement Bay in the lower Puget Sound, 36 miles south of Seattle, 28 miles north of Olympia, and 18 miles from Seattle Tacoma International Airport.¹²⁷ The Puyallup Tribe has an enrollment of 3,224, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 22,995.¹²⁸

The Puyallup Tribe is part of the Puget Sound Salish Indian culture which flourished in the Pacific Northwest. They spoke the Puyallup Nisqually language. Salmon was the main food and important in their ceremonies. The Western Red Cedar was used abundantly for clothing, basketry, and lodging. They were fishermen, gatherers, and hunters. The Puyallup Tribe established relations with the United States government on December 16, 1854, and soon thereafter signed the Treaty of Medicine Creek. Article 10 of the Treaty provides for a physician to look after the healthcare of the Puyallup Tribe. The Puyallup Tribe believes medical care was guaranteed by the treaty, which ceded vast tracts of tribal land and resources.¹²⁹

Today, the Puyallup Tribe is governed by a seven member Tribal Council elected by the tribal members, who also act as the Board of Directors for Puyallup Tribal Health Authority.¹³⁰

The Puyallup Tribe has 23 sworn law enforcement officers.¹³¹

Puyallup

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for Puyallup were lower than any of the comparative groups.

Comparisons for Puyallup

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Pierce County – 2006	5117	551	5668
Puyallup – 2006	1188	99	1287

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹²⁷ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Puyallup%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹²⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹²⁹ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Puyallup%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹³⁰ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Puyallup%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹³¹ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Puyallup: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ motor vehicle theft, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape		1	1	3	5	1	0	4	0
Sex Offenses	5	3	4	1	13	0	0	3	3
Attempted Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	10	13	7	10	40	15	3	20	3
Assault	109	99	45	53	306	50	8	178	25
Domestic Violence		63	18	43	124	39	7	108	3
Child Abuse		6	0	3	9	0	0	9	0
Elderly Abuse		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	3	8	5	7	23	1	0	12	0
Burglary	31	17	36	18	102	2	1	20	2
Vandalism	49	122	117	96	384	3	2	117	4
Stolen Property	4	11	7	23	45	0	1	36	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	91	126	63	221	501	1	0	211	2
Larceny-Theft	103	176	59	98	436	3	2	129	4
Embezzlement		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	66	115	80	127	388	2	4	100	0
Fraud	20	13	24	17	74	0	2	29	0
Arson	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0
DWI	63	99	28	22	212	146	6	209	2
Drug Violations	26	100	45	62	233	10	207	202	29
Liquor Laws	20	2	5	4	31	9	2	29	6
Drunkenness	1	0	5	2	8	3	1	8	1
Gambling		1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	13	7	5	12	37	7	0	29	4
Curfew & Loitering	13	0	0	0	13	0	0	10	0
Suspicious Person Report	25	26	27	16	94	2	0	46	0
Prostitution/Vice	1	1	2	1	5	0	0	5	0
Weapons	12	19	41	16	88	6	3	55	7
Completed Suicide		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide		0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	18	6	12	15	51	0	0	21	32
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	2697	1126	513	938	5274	88	86	2249	196
Total	3382	2160	1150	1809	8501	388	335	3841	324

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Puyallup

Alcohol was involved in 4.6 percent of all the reported offenses, 45.2 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.8 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.9 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	20.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	23.1%	23.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	37.5%	7.5%	50.0%	7.5%
Assault	16.3%	2.6%	58.2%	8.2%
Domestic Violence	31.5%	5.6%	87.1%	2.4%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	4.3%	0.0%	52.2%	0.0%
Burglary	2.0%	1.0%	19.6%	2.0%
Vandalism	0.8%	0.5%	30.5%	1.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	2.2%	80.0%	2.2%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.2%	0.0%	42.1%	0.4%
Larceny-Theft	0.7%	0.5%	29.6%	0.9%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.5%	1.0%	25.8%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	2.7%	39.2%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
DWI	68.9%	2.8%	98.6%	0.9%
Drug Violations	4.3%	88.8%	86.7%	12.4%
Liquor Laws	29.0%	6.5%	93.5%	19.4%
Drunkenness	37.5%	12.5%	100.0%	12.5%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	18.9%	0.0%	78.4%	10.8%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	76.9%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	2.1%	0.0%	48.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	6.8%	3.4%	62.5%	8.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	41.2%	62.7%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.7%	1.6%	42.6%	3.7%
Total	4.6%	3.9%	45.2%	3.8%

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Offense – Olympic Peninsula: 2006-2007

The Olympic Peninsula unit has BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. It is not associated with any tribe or reservation area.

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ theft, child abuse, and burglary.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			06-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	1	5	6	0	0	6	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	2	0	2	0	0	2	0
Domestic Violence	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Child Abuse	1	8	9	0	0	9	0
Elderly Abuse	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	8	9	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	4	1	5	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	2	8	10	0	0	1	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	0	3	3	0	0	3	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	3	0	3	0	0	3	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	3	1	4	0	0	4	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	21	68	89	0	0	89	0
Total	41	104	145	0	0	122	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2006-2007 – Olympic Peninsula

Alcohol, drugs, and juveniles were not involved in reported offenses. Most (84.1%) of the offenses were cleared.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault				
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI				
Drug Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	0.0%	84.1%	0.0%

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QUINALT – WASHINGTON

The Quinault Reservation of 189,621 acres is located in northwestern Grays Harbor County and southwest Jefferson County, 45 miles north of Hoquiam, Washington.¹³² The Quinault Indian Nation has an enrollment of 2,454, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 3,203.¹³³

Linguistically, these groups belong to three language families: Chimakuan (*Quileute, Hoh*), Chinookan (*Chinook groups*), and Salishan (*Chehalis, Cowlitz, Queets, and Quinault*). Like many Northwest Coast natives, the Quinault relied on fishing from local rivers and the Pacific Ocean for food and built plank houses (longhouses) to protect themselves from the harsh, wet winters. Salmon and steelhead fishing was the major economic activity of the Quinault people. In addition, the rich supply of timber played an important part in their lifestyle. In modern times, the Quinault Tribe members are a mixture of separate indigenous peoples including, the Quinault, Hoh, Chehalis, Chinook, Cowlitz, Queets, and Quileute peoples. Today, the Quinault Indian Nation operates a casino and seaside resort at Ocean Shores, Washington, and a high-quality seafood packing business at Taholah.¹³⁴

The tribe is governed by a Tribal Council made up of all voting members of the nation. A business committee comprised of a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and seven council members, oversee the operation of the tribe's businesses and programs.¹³⁵

There are 9 sworn law enforcement officers on the Quinault Reservation.¹³⁶

Quinault

The Property offense rate in 2006 for the Quinault was lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups, while the Violent offense rate was higher than all the comparative groups.

Comparisons for the Quinault

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Grays Harbor County-06	4070	175	4245
Jefferson County - '06	3727	241	3968
Quinault -2006	1280	1623	2904

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹³² http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Quinault%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹³³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹³⁴ [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quinault_\(tribe\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quinault_(tribe))

¹³⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹³⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Quinault: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	5	2	0	7	3	0	3	1
Sex Offenses	8	13	4	25	7	2	15	3
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	9	49	1	59	32	8	53	6
Assault	50	58	23	131	39	19	71	29
Domestic Violence	55	58	40	153	54	6	98	11
Child Abuse	18	16	1	35	13	4	15	1
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Burglary	17	21	14	52	0	1	20	7
Vandalism	53	51	28	132	15	6	39	5
Stolen Property	5	44	24	73	15	13	43	10
Motor Vehicle Theft	11	11	7	29	3	2	12	2
Larceny-Theft	70	8	0	78	0	0	8	15
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Fraud	5	1	2	8	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	41	27	30	98	64	16	76	3
Drug Violations	30	84	25	139	49	101	87	24
Liquor Laws	13	82	55	150	106	20	119	29
Drunkenness	17	68	15	100	82	14	92	17
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	21	23	12	56	23	2	30	14
Curfew & Loitering	18	10	11	39	16	2	30	32
Suspicious Person Report	43	132	123	298	9	9	111	6
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	14	4	24	8	4	17	5
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	5	2	0	7	0	0	4	4
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	2220	2652	2108	6980	134	78	2141	117
Total	2722	3429	2527	8678	673	307	3085	341

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004- 2007 – Quinault

Alcohol was involved in 7.8 percent of all the reported offenses, 35.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.9 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.5 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	42.9%	0.0%	42.9%	14.3%
Sex Offenses	28.0%	8.0%	60.0%	12.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	54.2%	13.6%	89.8%	10.2%
Assault	29.8%	14.5%	54.2%	22.1%
Domestic Violence	35.3%	3.9%	64.1%	7.2%
Child Abuse	37.1%	11.4%	42.9%	2.9%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	1.9%	38.5%	13.5%
Vandalism	11.4%	4.5%	29.5%	3.8%
Stolen Property	20.5%	17.8%	58.9%	13.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	10.3%	6.9%	41.4%	6.9%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	10.3%	19.2%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	65.3%	16.3%	77.6%	3.1%
Drug Violations	35.3%	72.7%	62.6%	17.3%
Liquor Laws	70.7%	13.3%	79.3%	19.3%
Drunkenness	82.0%	14.0%	92.0%	17.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	41.1%	3.6%	53.6%	25.0%
Curfew & Loitering	41.0%	5.1%	76.9%	82.1%
Suspicious Person Report	3.0%	3.0%	37.2%	2.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	33.3%	16.7%	70.8%	20.8%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	57.1%	57.1%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.9%	1.1%	30.7%	1.7%
Total	7.8%	3.5%	35.5%	3.9%

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ROCKY BOY (CHIPPEWA CREE) - MONTANA

The Rocky Boy Reservation is located in north-central Montana. The Reservation includes areas in Choteau, Hill, and Liberty counties. It encompasses 203,015 acres and is occupied by members of the Chippewa-Cree Indian Tribes.¹³⁷ The Chippewa Cree Tribe has an enrollment of 5,505, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 4,372.¹³⁸

The ethnic origin of the residents of the Rocky Boy Reservation is complex, with the reservation becoming home to a diverse group of Cree, Chippewa, Metis, and Assiniboine peoples. The Cree represent one of the largest Native American groups in North America. While primarily residing in Canada today, a group of Cree settled in northern Montana after the Riel Rebellion in 1885. Led by Little Bear, these Cree eventually became associated with a band of landless Chippewa under the leadership of Stone Child or Rocky Boy. Because of the Rocky Boy Reservation's ethnic diversity there remains a rich variety of cultural practices on the reservation. Cree, an Algonquian language, is still spoken, and some tribal members participate in the Sun Dance and sweat lodge ceremonies. Additionally, many members are active in the Native American Church.¹³⁹

The Tribal government operates under a constitution consistent with the Indian Reorganization Act of 1934 and approved by the Tribal membership. The administration of tribal government is conducted by the Chippewa Cree Business Committee. The Business Committee consists of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary/Treasurer, and six additional Council members which are elected by the tribal membership. The Tribal Council Chairman is the administrative head of the Tribe and serves a two year term. All of the Tribal Council members are elected at large.¹⁴⁰

There are 7 sworn law enforcement officers on the Rocky Boy Reservation.¹⁴¹

Rocky Boy - Chippewa Cree

In 2006 Rocky Boy reported lower Property offense rates than the other comparison groups, but had a higher Violent offense rate than any of the comparative units.

Comparisons for Rocky Boy - Chippewa Cree

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Montana - 2006	2688	254	2942
Hill County – 2006	4252	502	4754
Chouteau County – 2006	1190	160	1350
Rocky Boy – 2006	724	1014	1738

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹³⁷ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/chippewa.htm>

¹³⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹³⁹ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/chippewa.htm>

¹⁴⁰ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/chippewa.htm>

¹⁴¹ Personal communication with Rocky Boy Police Department, June 2007.

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Offenses – Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree -2006-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drunkenness, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			06-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	9	10	4	3	10	0
Sex Offenses	3	4	7	3	3	6	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	2	3	5	4	0	5	1
Aggravated Assault	34	51	85	50	8	83	12
Assault	6	16	22	12	0	21	3
Domestic Violence	39	51	90	76	11	90	7
Child Abuse	27	52	79	32	5	79	5
Elderly Abuse	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	5	5	1	0	5	1
Burglary	8	10	18	4	0	18	6
Vandalism	24	19	43	8	0	43	22
Stolen Property	29	35	64	5	3	64	24
Motor Vehicle Theft	5	2	7	2	0	7	1
Larceny-Theft	8	3	11	1	1	11	7
Embezzlement	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3	3	6	0	0	6	0
Fraud	2	4	6	0	0	6	1
Arson	4	4	8	1	0	8	1
DWI	157	240	397	382	0	397	23
Drug Violations	62	111	173	2	173	164	33
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	417	579	996	996	0	996	343
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	220	318	538	538	0	538	150
Curfew & Loitering	14	4	18	0	0	18	18
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	3	3	6	2	0	6	1
Completed Suicide	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	678	867	1545	502	13	1545	465
Total	1747	2394	4141	2625	220	4128	1125

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Rocky Boy: Chippewa Cree

Alcohol was involved in 63.4 percent of all the reported offenses, and 99.7 percent were cleared, and 27.2 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 5.5 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	40.0%	30.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	42.9%	42.9%	85.7%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	80.0%	0.0%	100.0%	20.0%
Aggravated Assault	58.8%	9.4%	97.6%	14.1%
Assault	54.5%	0.0%	95.5%	13.6%
Domestic Violence	84.4%	12.2%	100.0%	7.8%
Child Abuse	40.5%	6.3%	100.0%	6.3%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	20.0%	0.0%	100.0%	20.0%
Burglary	22.2%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Vandalism	18.6%	0.0%	100.0%	51.2%
Stolen Property	7.8%	4.7%	100.0%	37.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	28.6%	0.0%	100.0%	14.3%
Larceny-Theft	9.1%	9.1%	100.0%	63.6%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	16.7%
Arson	12.5%	0.0%	100.0%	12.5%
DWI	96.2%	0.0%	100.0%	5.8%
Drug Violations	1.2%	100.0%	94.8%	19.1%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	34.4%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	27.9%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	16.7%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	32.5%	0.8%	100.0%	30.1%
Total	63.4%	5.3%	99.7%	27.2%

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SAUK SUIATTLE – WASHINGTON

The reservation consists of two parcels in Skagit and Snohomish Counties in the State of Washington with a total of 23 acres.¹⁴² The Sauk-Suiattle Tribe has an enrollment of 163, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 156.¹⁴³

The Sauk-Suiattle Indian Tribe is a Puget Sound Salish speaking group. Historically, the tribal members lived along the Sauk and Suiattle rivers, tributaries of the Skagit River. The tribe fished for salmon, a staple in their diet, in the Sauk, Suiattle, and Cascade Rivers by using gaff hooks, spears, and net and fish weirs. The tribe also hunted game and gathered wild berries and roots. Like many of the coastal tribes the Sauk-Suiattle built permanent winter homes from split red cedar planks.¹⁴⁴

The tribe elects a seven member Tribal Council to staggered three-year terms. The Sauk-Suiattle Tribe has a constitution, by-laws, election ordinances, and law and order codes.¹⁴⁵ The Sauk Suiattle Indian Tribe's enrollment requirement is one quarter Indian blood and proof of being descendants from ancestral Native Americans, as recorded in the 1942 United States Census.¹⁴⁶

The Sauk-Suiattle Tribe has 5 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁴⁷

Sauk Suiattle

The Property offense rate in 2005 and 2007 for the Sauk Suiattle was lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups, but the Violent offense rates for 2005 and 2007 were higher than all the comparative groups.

Comparisons for the Suiattle

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington – 2006	4480	346	4826
Skagit County – 2006	5974	229	6203
Snohomish County-06	4092	228	4320
Sauk Suiattle -2005	1282	1923	3205
Sauk Suiattle -2007	1923	641	2564

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁴² <http://www.northregionems.com/native/Sauk-Suiattle%20Tribe.htm>

¹⁴³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁴⁴ <http://www.northregionems.com/native/Sauk-Suiattle%20Tribe.htm>

¹⁴⁵ <http://www.northregionems.com/native/Sauk-Suiattle%20Tribe.htm>

¹⁴⁶ <http://www.sauk-suiattle.com/>

¹⁴⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Sauk Suiattle: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ aggravated assault, and runaways.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	9	2	1	12	0	1	5	2
Assault	0	1	3	4	0	0	1	1
Domestic Violence	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	2	1	3	0	0	1	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	3	2	5	0	0	1	1
Stolen Property	0	0	3	3	0	0	1	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0
Drug Violations	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	1
Liquor Laws	0	0	4	4	2	0	4	4
Drunkenness	0	1	2	3	2	0	1	1
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	1
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0			0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	0	5	4	9	0	0	2	7
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	69	4	73	0	0	1	1
Total	12	87	34	133	5	2	22	21

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Sauk Suiattle

Alcohol was involved in 3.8 percent of all the reported offenses, 16.5 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 15.8 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.8 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	8.3%	41.7%	16.7%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	25.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	66.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
Liquor Laws	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Drunkenness	66.7%	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	22.2%	77.8%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	1.4%
Total	3.8%	1.5%	16.5%	15.8%

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SILETZ – OREGON

The Confederated Tribes of Siletz is a federally recognized confederation of 27 bands originally ranging from Northern California to Southern Washington. The tribes occupy and manage a 3,666 acre reservation located in Lincoln County, Oregon.¹⁴⁸ The town of Siletz is located along State Highway 229, and serves as the tribal headquarters.¹⁴⁹ The Confederated Tribes of Siletz have an enrollment of 4,034, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 5,860.¹⁵⁰

Termination (federal non-recognition) was imposed upon the Siletz by the United States Government in 1955. Achievement of self governance through congressional legislation occurred in 1992. This allowed the Confederated Tribes to compact directly with the United States Government, giving them control and accountability over tribal programs and funding. In November 1977, the Confederated Tribes of Siletz was the second tribe in the United States and the first in Oregon to be restored to federal recognition. Today, the tribes manage their own resources including timber, water, and fish.¹⁵¹ The confederated tribes are governed by a nine-member popularly elected Tribal Council, a General Council, and an 8-member Tribal Court.¹⁵²

The Confederated Tribes of Siletz have a contract with the Toledo City Police Department for law enforcement services.¹⁵³

Siletz

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2005 and 2007 for Siletz were lower than the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for the Siletz

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Oregon - 2006	3672	280	3952
Lincoln County– 2006	5508	514	6022
Siletz -2005	461	68	529
Siletz – 2007	1024	17	1041

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁴⁸ http://www.stbcorp.net/home.cfm?dir_cat=35718

¹⁴⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁵⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁵¹ http://www.stbcorp.net/home.cfm?dir_cat=35718

¹⁵² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁵³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Siletz: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ assault, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	2	3	2	7	0	0	4	3
Attempted Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault		2	1	3	1	0	3	0
Assault	16	13	33	62	3	3	39	11
Domestic Violence	6	7	0	13	0	0	10	1
Child Abuse	1	3	1	5	0	0	3	1
Elderly Abuse		0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery		1	0	1	0	1	1	0
Burglary	11	15	16	42	1	5	15	4
Vandalism		0	27	27	0	0	3	0
Stolen Property	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	7	2	11	20	0	2	9	1
Larceny-Theft	3	9	33	45	0	4	14	0
Embezzlement		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
Fraud	3	0	7	10	0	0	0	1
Arson	2	1	0	3	0	0	1	0
DWI	2	20	7	29	24	0	27	0
Drug Violations	8	20	8	36	0	28	30	6
Liquor Laws	1	4	4	9	1	0	9	4
Drunkenness		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	0	5	6	0	0	5	0
Curfew & Loitering		0	2	2	0	0	2	0
Suspicious Person Report	5	1	0	6	1	0	0	1
Prostitution/Vice		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	5	3	0	8	1	0	7	1
Completed Suicide		0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0		2	0	0	0	1
Runaways < 18	9	14	11	34	0	0	27	33
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	146	121	147	414	18	31	263	31
Total	236	240	315	791	50	74	475	99

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Siletz

Alcohol was involved in 6.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 60.1 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 12.5 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 9.4 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	57.1%	42.9%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	4.8%	4.8%	62.9%	17.7%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	76.9%	7.7%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	20.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	2.4%	11.9%	35.7%	9.5%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	10.0%	45.0%	5.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	8.9%	31.1%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
DWI	82.8%	0.0%	93.1%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	77.8%	83.3%	16.7%
Liquor Laws	11.1%	0.0%	100.0%	44.4%
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	12.5%	0.0%	87.5%	12.5%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	79.4%	97.1%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	4.3%	7.5%	63.5%	7.5%
Total	6.3%	9.4%	60.1%	12.5%

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SKOKOMISH – WASHINGTON

The enrolled population of the Skokomish is 705, and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 1,393.¹⁵⁴ The reservation is located southwest of Hood Canal on both sides of US 101 north of Shelton in Mason County, Washington.¹⁵⁵

What is now known as the Skokomish Tribe was primarily composed of Twana Indians, a Salishan people whose aboriginal territory encompassed the Hood Canal drainage basin in western Washington State. The tribe's first recorded direct contact with European culture came in 1792 and resulted in a devastating smallpox epidemic that took the lives of many. There were nine Twana communities, the largest being known as the Skokomish, or "big river people." The Twana subsisted on hunting, fishing and gathering activities, practicing a nomadic life-style during warmer weather and resettling at permanent sites during the winter. Twana descendants live on the Skokomish Reservation, and all have become known as the Skokomish Tribe.¹⁵⁶

The tribe is governed by a Tribal Council, composed of seven members who serve four-year terms, and oversee the operation of the tribe's businesses and programs.¹⁵⁷

The Skokomish Tribe has 13 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁵⁸

Skokomish

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for the Skokomish were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for the Skokomish

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington – 2006	4480	346	4826
Mason County – 2006	5367	299	5666
Skokomish – 2006	5671	2441	8112

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁵⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁵⁵ <http://www.skokomish.org/frame.htm>

¹⁵⁶ <http://www.skokomish.org/frame.htm>

¹⁵⁷ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁵⁸ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Skokomish: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	9	0	1	10	2	2	2	2
Sex Offenses	4	3	2	9	1	1	4	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	11	31	19	61	18	9	27	6
Assault	42	4	10	56	13	14	27	7
Domestic Violence	60	26	26	112	32	17	59	14
Child Abuse	12	4	2	18	4	4	5	4
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	3	0	3	0	1	3	0
Burglary	16	21	24	61	6	4	11	4
Vandalism	14	12	32	58	10	5	22	5
Stolen Property	7	6	6	19	0	1	6	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	7	22	24	53	1	2	10	2
Larceny-Theft	63	34	50	147	10	13	37	9
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	2	2	10	14	0	0	9	0
Fraud	6	2	5	13	1	1	1	0
Arson	8	2	1	11	0	0	3	0
DWI	27	18	31	76	53	28	45	4
Drug Violations	62	14	59	135	34	79	82	10
Liquor Laws	18	4	12	34	29	11	25	20
Drunkenness	0	20	26	46	32	3	30	8
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	54	19	27	100	21	11	46	15
Curfew & Loitering	9	15	21	45	8	3	35	26
Suspicious Person Report	202	15	66	283	28	23	86	21
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	10	1	3	14	0	1	6	0
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	1	0		1	0	0	1	1
Runaways < 18	9	7	9	25	1	1	8	17
ARPA Violations	0	3	0	3	0	0	1	0
All Other Offenses	239	253	327	819	62	43	482	45
Total	894	542	793	2229	366	277	1073	222

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Skokomish

Alcohol was involved in 16.4 percent of all the reported offenses, 48.1 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 10.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 12.4 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Sex Offenses	11.1%	11.1%	44.4%	11.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	29.5%	14.8%	44.3%	9.8%
Assault	23.2%	25.0%	48.2%	12.5%
Domestic Violence	28.6%	15.2%	52.7%	12.5%
Child Abuse	22.2%	22.2%	27.8%	22.2%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	33.3%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	9.8%	6.6%	18.0%	6.6%
Vandalism	17.2%	8.6%	37.9%	8.6%
Stolen Property	0.0%	5.3%	31.6%	5.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1.9%	3.8%	18.9%	3.8%
Larceny-Theft	6.8%	8.8%	25.2%	6.1%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	64.3%	0.0%
Fraud	7.7%	7.7%	7.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	27.3%	0.0%
DWI	69.7%	36.8%	59.2%	5.3%
Drug Violations	25.2%	58.5%	60.7%	7.4%
Liquor Laws	85.3%	32.4%	73.5%	58.8%
Drunkenness	69.6%	6.5%	65.2%	17.4%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	21.0%	11.0%	46.0%	15.0%
Curfew & Loitering	17.8%	6.7%	77.8%	57.8%
Suspicious Person Report	9.9%	8.1%	30.4%	7.4%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	7.1%	42.9%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Runaways < 18	4.0%	4.0%	32.0%	68.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	7.6%	5.3%	58.9%	5.5%
Total	16.4%	12.4%	48.1%	10.0%

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SPOKANE – WASHINGTON

The Spokane Reservation is located on the north bank of the Spokane River northwest of Spokane, Washington. The west end of the reservation is directly across the Columbia River from the southeast corner of the Colville Reservation. The Spokane Tribe's Reservation consists of 154,000 acres of which 90% is held in trust by the federal government.¹⁵⁹ The Spokane Tribe has an enrollment of 2,305, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 2,246.¹⁶⁰

The Spokane Tribe's ancestors were the Spokan, a plateau people that shared numerous cultural traits with their neighbors. The original Spokane's language is a part of the Salish language family, and they are often categorized as a Salishan tribe. For unrecorded millennia, the Spokane tribe lived in the area around the Spokane River, leading a seasonal way of life consisting of fishing, hunting, and gathering endeavors. The Spokane people shared their territory and language with several other Tribes, including the Colville, Flathead, and Kalispel Tribes.¹⁶¹

The tribe is governed by a five-person tribal council elected to varying terms (one-, two-, or three-year) of service. The Spokane Business Council oversees the operation of the tribe's businesses and programs.¹⁶²

The Spokane Tribe has 8 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁶³

Spokane

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for the Spokane were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for the Spokane

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington – 2006	4480	346	4826
Stevens County– 2006	2594	136	2730
Skokane -2006	5699	1291	6990

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁵⁹ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1570.html>

¹⁶⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2001.

¹⁶¹ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1570.html>

¹⁶² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁶³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses Combined: Spokane: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, and vandalism.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	2	1	4	0	7	2	1	6	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	1	1	3	1	0	3	0
Sex Offenses	3	1	1	3	8	0	1	3	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	3	0	1	0	4	1	0	2	0
Aggravated Assault	13	20	24	36	93	32	5	51	10
Assault	51	28	36	32	147	56	2	80	14
Domestic Violence	1	23	47	28	99	38	2	58	1
Child Abuse	37	0	14	3	54	34	3	48	2
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	4	2	0	0	6	2	0	6	2
Burglary	42	17	36	19	114	5	0	28	2
Vandalism	29	45	59	31	164	6	0	41	14
Stolen Property	4	2	4	3	13	1	0	10	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	15	15	8	39	4	1	14	3
Larceny-Theft	16	44	71	18	149	10	1	26	5
Embezzlement	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	4	1	3	2	10	1	0	6	0
Fraud	1	0	5	0	6	0	0	5	0
Arson	6	18	6	3	33	0	0	9	1
DWI	19	13	26	22	80	33	13	50	6
Drug Violations	29	21	19	13	82	0	66	60	11
Liquor Laws	0	78	108	194	380	223	30	141	130
Drunkenness	90	34	29	7	160	144	0	143	59
Gambling	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	11	15	34	36	96	55	5	56	9
Curfew & Loitering	0	6	22	0	28	14	1	19	25
Suspicious Person Report	0	5	14	5	24	2	0	7	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	4	5	9	0	0	5	2
Completed Suicide	2	0	0		2	2	0	2	1
Attempted Suicide	8	0	5		13	4	2	11	1
Runaways < 18	7	14	13	5	39	1	0	17	36
ARPA Violations	6	3	6	2	17	0	0	8	0
All Other Offenses	156	187	326	484	1153	65	24	442	35
Total	546	594	933	965	3038	736	157	1357	371

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Spokane

Alcohol was involved in 24.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 44.7 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 12.2 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 5.2 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	28.6%	14.3%	85.7%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	12.5%	37.5%	12.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape	25.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	34.4%	5.4%	54.8%	10.8%
Assault	38.1%	1.4%	54.4%	9.5%
Domestic Violence	38.4%	2.0%	58.6%	1.0%
Child Abuse	63.0%	5.6%	88.9%	3.7%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Burglary	4.4%	0.0%	24.6%	1.8%
Vandalism	3.7%	0.0%	25.0%	8.5%
Stolen Property	7.7%	0.0%	76.9%	7.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	10.3%	2.6%	35.9%	7.7%
Larceny-Theft	6.7%	0.7%	17.4%	3.4%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	10.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	27.3%	3.0%
DWI	41.3%	16.3%	62.5%	7.5%
Drug Violations	0.0%	80.5%	73.2%	13.4%
Liquor Laws	58.7%	7.9%	37.1%	34.2%
Drunkenness	90.0%	0.0%	89.4%	36.9%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	57.3%	5.2%	58.3%	9.4%
Curfew & Loitering	50.0%	3.6%	67.9%	89.3%
Suspicious Person Report	8.3%	0.0%	29.2%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	55.6%	22.2%
Completed Suicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%
Attempted Suicide	30.8%	15.4%	84.6%	7.7%
Runaways < 18	2.6%	0.0%	43.6%	92.3%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	47.1%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	5.6%	2.1%	38.3%	3.0%
Total	24.2%	5.2%	44.7%	12.2%

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STILLAGUAMISH – WASHINGTON

The Stillaguamish Reservation is located in northern Snohomish County near Arlington, Washington, between the Cascade Mountains and the Puget Sound. Tribal facilities are located primarily on a 40-acre site with housing and tribal offices. Altogether, the reservation consists of 76 acres.¹⁶⁴ The Stillaguamish Tribe has an enrollment of 182, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is the same number (182).¹⁶⁵

The Stillaguamish Tribe comprises descendants of the Stoluckwamish (river people) River Tribe. Given the mild climate, the men and children needed clothing only in the winter. The women wore garments fashioned from cedar bark. They harvested salmon and other seafood, gathered berries and roots, and hunted goats in the Cascades. The tribe petitioned the Secretary of the Interior to acknowledge them for recognition as an Indian Tribe in 1974. On October 27, 1976, they achieved federal recognition and treaty rights, and were made eligible for federal services.¹⁶⁶

The Stillaguamish Tribe has 7 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁶⁷

Stillaguamish

The property and violent offense rates in 2007 for the Stillaguamish were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for the Stillaguamish

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Snohomish County-06	4092	228	4320
Stillaguamish – 2007	14286	549	14835

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁶⁴ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1574.html>

¹⁶⁵ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2001.

¹⁶⁶ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1574.html>

¹⁶⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Stillaguamish: 2004 and 2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ theft, and suspicious persons report.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			04&07				
Homicide		0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	3	6	9	0	3	9	0
Attempted Forcible Rape		0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	7	0	7	2	0	7	0
Assault	5	4	9	5	2	9	0
Domestic Violence	6	3	9	2	1	9	0
Child Abuse	2	2	4	0	1	4	0
Elderly Abuse							
Robbery		1	1	0	0	1	0
Burglary	3	5	8	0	0	3	0
Vandalism	10	6	16	1	1	12	0
Stolen Property	10	8	18	0	1	16	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	6	1	7	0	0	7	0
Larceny-Theft	17	20	37	0	2	35	0
Embezzlement	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	19	3	22	0	2	14	0
Fraud	8	16	24	0	0	18	0
Arson		0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	5	7	12	12	0	12	0
Drug Violations	21	11	32	0	32	29	0
Liquor Laws	6	0	6	6	0	6	4
Drunkenness	6	7	13	13	0	13	0
Gambling		4	4	0	0	4	0
Disorderly Conduct	12	4	16	8	6	16	0
Curfew & Loitering	2	0	2	0	0	2	0
Suspicious Person Report	31	4	35	0	1	34	6
Prostitution/Vice	4	0	4	0	4	4	0
Weapons		5	5	0	0	5	0
Completed Suicide							
Attempted Suicide	1		1				
Runaways < 18		0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	28	62	90	10	15	78	5
Total	213	179	392	59	71	348	15

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Total D & A = alcohol and/or drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004 – Stillaguamish

Alcohol was involved in 15.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 88.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.8 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 18.1 percent of all reported offenses. This is one of the highest reported drug involvement rates in the District.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	33.3%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	28.6%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	55.6%	22.2%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	22.2%	11.1%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	25.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
Vandalism	6.3%	6.3%	75.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	5.6%	88.9%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	5.4%	94.6%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	9.1%	63.6%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	90.6%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	66.7%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	50.0%	37.5%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	2.9%	97.1%	17.1%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	11.1%	16.7%	86.7%	5.6%
Total	15.1%	18.1%	88.8%	3.8%

SUQUAMISH – WASHINGTON

The Port Madison Indian Reservation is located on the Kitsap Peninsula in Washington State. Situated on the waterfront across the Puget Sound from Seattle, the reservation is home to the Suquamish people. The reservation is in the heart of a rural residential area. It is one of the few Indian reservations in the country with two geographic sections separated by a land mass. The northeastern part of the reservation is anchored by the rural waterfront village of Indianola, while the southwestern portion is centered around the historic waterfront village of Suquamish. The reservation consists of over 7,486 acres that contain tribal trust lands, individually and collectively owned trust lands, historic allotments held in trust, and fee lands owned by Indians and non-Indians.¹⁶⁸ The Suquamish Tribe has an enrollment of 863, but the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is much higher at 3,783.¹⁶⁹

The Puget Sound area was inhabited by indigenous Native Americans of several tribes, bands and clans before Anglo-Europeans arrived. The Suquamish Nation existed for thousands of years before a county government was formed in the area (1857) or Washington became a state (1889). Currently, the sovereign nation still exists with its seat of government at the Suquamish Tribal Center near the rural waterfront village of Suquamish.¹⁷⁰

The tribal government operates under a constitution and bylaws adopted in 1965. The Suquamish General Council meets twice a year and is composed of all enrolled tribal members. An elected seven-member Tribal Council conducts tribal affairs with each member serving a three-year term.¹⁷¹

There are 12 sworn law enforcement officers on the Port Madison Reservation.¹⁷²

Suquamish

The Violent offense rates in 2005 and 2007 for the Suquamish varied greatly, and the Property offense rate in 2007 was higher than every group but the Washington rate.

Comparisons for the Suquamish

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington – 2006	4480	346	4826
Kitsap County – 2006	2709	428	5137
Suquamish – 2005	2987	1137	4124
Suquamish – 2007	4414	27	4441

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁶⁸ <http://www.suquamish.nsn.us/>

¹⁶⁹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁷⁰ <http://www.suquamish.nsn.us/>

¹⁷¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁷² U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Suquamish: 2005 and 2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ domestic violence, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			05&07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	5	4	9	0	0	0	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	42	0	42	6	0	0	3
Assault	0	54	54	0	0	12	0
Domestic Violence	143	48	191	27	0	7	9
Child Abuse	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0		0				0
Robbery	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Burglary	38	51	89	0	0	2	0
Vandalism	4	0	4	3	0	0	0
Stolen Property	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	21	26	47	1	0	1	0
Larceny-Theft	51	87	138	0	0	1	1
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3	2	5	0	0	0	0
Fraud	8	10	18	0	0	0	0
Arson	3	3	6	0	0	0	0
DWI	63	31	94	76	3	8	0
Drug Violations	39	6	45	0	44	5	0
Liquor Laws	55	23	78	71	0	0	60
Drunkness	18	2	20	20	0	0	8
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	3	3	1	0	0	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	20	46	66	0	0	1	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	3	2	5	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0		0				0
Attempted Suicide	0		0				0
Runaways < 18	15	5	20	0	0	0	20
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	113	409	522	4	0	69	11
Total	647	814	1461	209	47	106	113

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005 and 2007 – Suquamish

Alcohol was involved in 14.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 7.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 7.7 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.2 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	14.1%	0.0%	3.7%	4.7%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%
Vandalism	75.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	2.1%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	80.9%	3.2%	8.5%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	97.8%	11.1%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	91.0%	0.0%	0.0%	76.9%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.8%	0.0%	13.2%	2.1%
Total	14.3%	3.2%	7.3%	7.7%

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TULALIP – WASHINGTON

The Tulalip Tribe is a federally-recognized Indian Tribe located on the Tulalip Reservation in the mid-Puget Sound area bordered on the east by Interstate 5 and the city of Marysville, Washington. The south boundary is the Snohomish River. The Fire Trail Road (146th) is the north boundary, and the west boundary is the waters of Puget Sound. The Tulalip Reservation exterior boundaries enclose a land-base of 22,000 acres, over 50% is in federal trust status.¹⁷³ The Tulalip Tribes have an enrollment of 3,604 with the American Indian population living on or near the reservation the same at 3,604.¹⁷⁴

The reservation is rich in natural resources including marine waters, tidelands, fresh water creeks and lakes, wetlands, forests and developable land. The Tulalip Reservation was reserved for the use and benefit of Indian tribes and bands signatory to the Treaty of Point Elliott of January 22, 1855. Its boundaries were established by the 1855 Treaty and by Executive Order signed by Ulysses S. Grant on December 23, 1873. It was established to provide a permanent home for the Snohomish, Snoqualmie, Skagit, Suiattle, Samish and Stillaguamish Tribes and allied bands living in the region.¹⁷⁵

The tribe is organized under the provisions of the Indian Reorganization Act of 1934 and the constitution was approved by the Secretary of the Interior on May 13, 1936. The Tribal Council is the governing body.¹⁷⁶

The Tulalip Tribe has 25 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁷⁷

Tulalip

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2005 for Tulalip were higher than the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Tulalip

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Snohomish County-06	4092	228	4320
Tulalip -2005	6937	1554	8491

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁷³ <http://www.tulaliptribes-nsn.gov/>

¹⁷⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁷⁵ <http://www.tulaliptribes-nsn.gov/>

¹⁷⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁷⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Tulalip: 2004-2005

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drug violations, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			04-05				
Homicide		1	1	0	1	1	
Manslaughter by Negligence		0	0	0	0	0	
Forcible Rape	3	4	7	2	0	5	
Sex Offenses	9	12	21	4	0	13	
Attempted Forcible Rape	3	0	3	0	0	3	
Aggravated Assault	32	43	75	18	8	47	
Assault	68	154	222	49	40	148	
Domestic Violence	85	84	169	41	9	128	
Child Abuse	28	14	42	0	0	23	
Elderly Abuse		0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	14	8	22	0	5	17	
Burglary	39	36	75	0	7	24	
Vandalism	59	0	59	0	0	24	
Stolen Property	121	185	306	2	80	199	
Motor Vehicle Theft	108	105	213	0	16	88	
Larceny-Theft	102	105	207	0	60	150	
Embezzlement	1	0	1	0	0	1	
Forgery/Counterfeiting	23	65	88	0	17	30	
Fraud	5	17	22	0	9	13	
Arson	3	4	7	2	0	2	
DWI	82	139	221	139	0	221	
Drug Violations	289	425	714	0	425	503	
Liquor Laws	77	89	166	89	0	162	
Drunkenness	2	0	2	0	0	2	
Gambling		0	0	0	0	0	
Disorderly Conduct	153	297	450	116	111	290	
Curfew & Loitering	4	29	33	9	0	24	29
Suspicious Person Report		319	319	17	0	197	
Prostitution/Vice	2	8	10	2	6	10	
Weapons	22	29	51	2	17	45	
Completed Suicide	4	0	4	0	0	4	
Attempted Suicide	19	0	19	0	0	16	
Runaways < 18	25	90	115	0	21	93	90
ARPA Violations		0	0	0	0	0	
All Other Offenses	1740	2801	4541	97	121	2791	
Total	3122	5063	8185	589	953	5274	119

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2005 – Tulalip

Alcohol was involved in 7.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 64.4 percent were cleared, and 1.5 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 11.6 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	28.6%	0.0%	71.4%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	19.0%	0.0%	61.9%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	24.0%	10.7%	62.7%	0.0%
Assault	22.1%	18.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	24.3%	5.3%	75.7%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	54.8%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	22.7%	77.3%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	9.3%	32.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	40.7%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.7%	26.1%	65.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	7.5%	41.3%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	29.0%	72.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	19.3%	34.1%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	40.9%	59.1%	0.0%
Arson	28.6%	0.0%	28.6%	0.0%
DWI	62.9%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	59.5%	70.4%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	53.6%	0.0%	97.6%	0.0%
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	25.8%	24.7%	64.4%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	27.3%	0.0%	72.7%	87.9%
Suspicious Person Report	5.3%	0.0%	61.8%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	20.0%	60.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	3.9%	33.3%	88.2%	0.0%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	84.2%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	18.3%	80.9%	78.3%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	2.1%	2.7%	61.5%	0.0%
Total	7.2%	11.6%	64.4%	1.5%

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UMATILLA – OREGON

The Cayuse, Umatilla and Walla Walla people make up the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation. The Confederated Tribes have an enrollment of 2,452, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 2,622.¹⁷⁸

The homeland of the tribes is the area now known as northeastern Oregon and southeastern Washington. The three bands were brought together on the Umatilla Indian Reservation by a treaty with the United States Government in 1855. A single tribal government was adopted in 1949 when the tribe adopted a constitution and by-laws.¹⁷⁹

Tribal affairs are governed by an elected body called the Board of Trustees. Members of the Board are elected by the General Council, which consists of all tribal members age 18 and older.¹⁸⁰

The Confederated Tribes on the Umatilla Reservation have 15 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁸¹

Umatilla

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for the Umatilla were higher than the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Umatilla

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Oregon - 2006	3672	280	3952
Umatilla County – '06	4636	299	4935
Umatilla -2006	6560	686	7246

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁷⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁷⁹ <http://www.umatilla.nsn.us/>

¹⁸⁰ <http://www.umatilla.nsn.us/info.html>

¹⁸¹ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Umitilla: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ theft, and vandalism.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-07				
Homicide	1	1	0	2	4	3	2	4	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	2	5	2	1	10	3	0	8	1
Sex Offenses	6	4	5	3	18	3	1	11	5
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
Aggravated Assault	50	4	16	3	73	34	1	60	9
Assault	0	25	24	10	59	26	1	56	7
Domestic Violence	19	44	28	13	104	64	5	96	4
Child Abuse	2	2	1	0	5	0	1	4	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Burglary	23	18	56	11	108	7	1	81	4
Vandalism	76	66	77	36	255	18	2	202	16
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	10	15	19	4	48	4	0	43	3
Larceny-Theft	73	94	96	44	307	3	4	204	4
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	6	17	20	7	50	0	3	36	0
Fraud	2	7	1	2	12	0	1	6	0
Arson	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	51	31	34	11	127	117	14	126	3
Drug Violations	54	47	51	16	168	18	163	166	12
Liquor Laws	22	43	39	23	127	126	6	126	80
Drunkenness	9	3	2	0	14	14	0	14	3
Gambling	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	23	20	27	12	82	64	7	81	9
Curfew & Loitering	8	0	0	2	10	2	1	10	10
Suspicious Person Report	58	0	6	0	64	0	0	64	4
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	6	32	1	45	2	2	33	2
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	18	25	30	15	88	3	0	83	86
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	252	439	412	156	1259	111	36	1165	24
Total	774	917	980	372	3043	623	251	2682	287

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Umitilla

Alcohol was involved in 20.5 percent of all the reported offenses, 88.1 percent were cleared, and 9.4 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 8.2 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	75.0%	50.0%	100.0%	25.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	30.0%	0.0%	80.0%	10.0%
Sex Offenses	16.7%	5.6%	61.1%	27.8%
Attempted Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	46.6%	1.4%	82.2%	12.3%
Assault	44.1%	1.7%	94.9%	11.9%
Domestic Violence	61.5%	4.8%	92.3%	3.8%
Child Abuse	0.0%	20.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Burglary	6.5%	0.9%	75.0%	3.7%
Vandalism	7.1%	0.8%	79.2%	6.3%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft	8.3%	0.0%	89.6%	6.3%
Larceny-Theft	1.0%	1.3%	66.4%	1.3%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	6.0%	72.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	8.3%	50.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	92.1%	11.0%	99.2%	2.4%
Drug Violations	10.7%	97.0%	98.8%	7.1%
Liquor Laws	99.2%	4.7%	99.2%	63.0%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	21.4%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	78.0%	8.5%	98.8%	11.0%
Curfew & Loitering	20.0%	10.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	6.3%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	4.4%	4.4%	73.3%	4.4%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	3.4%	0.0%	94.3%	97.7%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	8.8%	2.9%	92.5%	1.9%
Total	20.5%	8.2%	88.1%	9.4%

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UPPER SKAGIT – WASHINGTON

The 84-acre Upper Skagit Reservation lies in the uplands of the Skagit River Valley, east of Sedro-Woolley in Skagit County, Washington. Another 15 acres of undeveloped commercial land is located along Interstate 5 near Alger.¹⁸² The enrolled tribal population is 755 and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 304.¹⁸³

The Upper Skagit people are descendants of Native people that inhabited 10 villages on the Upper Skagit and Sauk rivers in western Washington.

The Upper Skagit Tribe is governed by a seven member Tribal Council elected in accordance with the Tribal Constitution and by-laws approved by the Secretary of the Interior in 1974. Council members serve for three-year terms.¹⁸⁴

The Upper Skagit Tribe has 4 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁸⁵

Upper Skagit

The Property offense rates in 2005 and 2007 for Upper Skagit were lower than the rates for all other comparison groups, but the Violent offense rates in 2007 were higher than the comparison groups.

Comparisons for Upper Skagit

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Skagit County – 2006	5974	229	6203
Upper Skagit - 2005	3289	0	3289
Upper Skagit – 2007	2632	986	3618

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁸² http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Upper%20Skagit%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁸³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁸⁴ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Upper%20Skagit%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁸⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Upper Skagit

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	13	20	2	35	8	1	33	0
Domestic Violence	18	14	4	36	16	2	32	0
Child Abuse	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Elderly Abuse	0	1	0	1			1	
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	12	9	0	21	0	0	21	0
Vandalism	7	3	1	11	2	1	10	0
Stolen Property	7	15	3	25	0	0	22	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	1	2	4	0	0	2	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	2	0	1	3	0	0	2	0
Arson	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
DWI	1	6	2	9	7	0	7	0
Drug Violations	10	6	2	18	0	16	16	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	5	19	2	26	24	0	24	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	32	19	0	51	32	0	51	0
Curfew & Loitering	1	4	0	5	0	0	5	4
Suspicious Person Report	8	8	0	16	0	0	16	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0			0	
Attempted Suicide	3	0	0	3		3	3	
Runaways < 18	1	0	2	3	0	0	1	1
ARPA Violations	3	0	0	3	3	0	3	0
All Other Offenses	198	121	9	328	0	0	121	0
Total	326	247	30	603	92	23	375	5

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Upper Skagit

Alcohol was involved in 15.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 62.2 percent were cleared, and 0.8 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.8 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault				
Assault	22.9%	2.9%	94.3%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	44.4%	5.6%	88.9%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	18.2%	9.1%	90.9%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	88.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
DWI	77.8%	0.0%	77.8%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	88.9%	88.9%	0.0%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	92.3%	0.0%	92.3%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	62.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	80.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%
ARPA Violations	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	36.9%	0.0%
Total	15.3%	3.8%	62.2%	0.8%

CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF WARM SPRINGS-OREGON

The Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation are comprised of numerous band of three different tribes: the Sahaptin-speaking Warm Springs Tribe, the Upper Chinook-speaking Wascos, and the Northern Paiute. Reservation lands extend from the summit of Oregon's Cascade Mountains and snowcapped Mt. Jefferson at 10,497 feet, east to the Deschutes River's elevation at 1,000 feet, with the Metolius River and Lake Billy Chinook forming the southern boundary.¹⁸⁶

The Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs has an enrollment of 4,248 with a service population of 3,355 living on or near the Reservation which consists of 643,570 acres.¹⁸⁷
¹⁸⁸

The Wasco bands on the Columbia River were the eastern-most group of Chinook-speaking Indians. Although they were principally fishermen, their frequent contact with other Indians throughout the region provided for abundant trade. The Warm Springs bands who lived along the Columbia's tributaries spoke Sahaptin. Unlike the Wascoes, the Warm Springs bands moved between winter and summer villages, and depended more on game, roots and berries. The Paiutes lived in southeastern Oregon and spoke a Shoshonean dialect. The lifestyle of the Paiutes was considerably different from that of the Wasco and Warm Springs bands. Their high-plains existence required that they migrate further and more frequently for game, and fish was not an important part of their diet. The Paiute language was foreign to the Wasco and Warm Springs bands, and commerce among them was infrequent.¹⁸⁹

Warm Springs

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for Warm Springs were much higher than the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for the Warm Springs

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Oregon - 2006	3672	280	3952
Wasco County - 2006	3515	100	3615
Jefferson County-2006	2560	313	2873
Warm Springs -2007	10164	5037	15201

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁸⁶ http://www.warmsprings.com/warmsprings/Recreation_Tourism/Location/

¹⁸⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003

¹⁸⁸ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁸⁹ http://www.warmsprings.com/Warmsprings/Tribal_Community/History_Culture/Chronology/

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Offenses – Warm Springs: 2007

The most common offenses were: drunkenness, ‘all other offenses,’ and drug violations.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2007	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
Homicide	1	1	0	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2	2	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	4	1	0	3	2
Sex Offenses	14	0	0	5	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	2	0	1	2	0
Aggravated Assault	164	68	10	143	13
Assault	49	13	2	38	7
Domestic Violence	98	48	3	94	2
Child Abuse	149	36	17	125	7
Elderly Abuse					
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	98	5	1	30	7
Vandalism	161	15	4	67	11
Stolen Property	2	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	37	6	3	21	4
Larceny-Theft	194	3	3	50	6
Embezzlement	4	0	0	2	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	9	0	0	2	0
Fraud	12	0	0	3	0
Arson	12	0	0	5	0
DWI	211	211	28	211	9
Drug Violations	221	83	217	216	21
Liquor Laws	142	142	12	142	16
Drunkenness	943	943	39	943	69
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	24	20	1	24	4
Curfew & Loitering	34	26	4	34	34
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	2	0	0	0	0
Weapons	57	32	15	52	7
Completed Suicide				0	
Attempted Suicide					
Runaways < 18	91	2	1	68	87
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	853	424	74	653	73
Total	3590	2081	435	2937	380

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2007 – Warm Springs

Alcohol was involved in 58.0 percent of all the reported offenses, 81.8 percent were cleared, and 10.6 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 12.1 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	25.0%	0.0%	75.0%	50.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	35.7%	7.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	41.5%	6.1%	87.2%	7.9%
Assault	26.5%	4.1%	77.6%	14.3%
Domestic Violence	49.0%	3.1%	95.9%	2.0%
Child Abuse	24.2%	11.4%	83.9%	4.7%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	5.1%	1.0%	30.6%	7.1%
Vandalism	9.3%	2.5%	41.6%	6.8%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	16.2%	8.1%	56.8%	10.8%
Larceny-Theft	1.5%	1.5%	25.8%	3.1%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	41.7%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	13.3%	100.0%	4.3%
Drug Violations	37.6%	98.2%	97.7%	9.5%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	8.5%	100.0%	11.3%
Drunkenness	100.0%	4.1%	100.0%	7.3%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	83.3%	4.2%	100.0%	16.7%
Curfew & Loitering	76.5%	11.8%	100.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	56.1%	26.3%	91.2%	12.3%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaways < 18	2.2%	1.1%	74.7%	95.6%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	49.7%	8.7%	76.6%	8.6%
Total	58.0%	12.1%	81.8%	10.6%

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WIND RIVER – WYOMING

Located between the scenic Wind River Range and Owl Creek Mountains, the 2.2 million acre reserve is shared by 3,557 Eastern Shoshone and 7,670 Northern Arapaho.¹⁹⁰ The number of American Indians residing on or near the reservation is 11,227.¹⁹¹ The reservation encompasses the city of Riverton, Wyoming. The reservation is also bordered by the cities of Lander to the south and Thermopolis to the northeast. The Burlington Northern Railroad runs along the reservation's eastern boundary.

The reservation is jointly owned with each tribe holding 50% interest in the land, water and other natural resources. Each tribe is committed to the welfare of their members. Job creation and economic development are a high priority for each tribe. Joint meetings are held with regard to jointly owned resources for the economic benefit of each tribe.¹⁹²

Both the Shoshone and Arapaho have their own distinct General Councils that meet three times per year, and are comprised of all members 18 years of age and older. Both tribes are governed by Business Councils consisting of six members who are elected to two-year terms.¹⁹³

There are 12 sworn law enforcement officers on the Wind River Reservation.¹⁹⁴

Wind River

The Property offense rates in 2006 for Wind River were much lower than the other groups, while the Violent offense rate was the highest of the comparison groups.

Comparisons for Wind River

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2006	3335	474	3809
Wyoming - 2006	2981	240	3221
Fremont County -2006	2152	171	2323
Hot Springs County-06	3204	109	3313
Wind River – 2006	285	632	917

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁹⁰ http://www.northernarapaho.com/powerpoint/index_files/frame.htm#slide0001.htm

¹⁹¹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁹² http://www.northernarapaho.com/powerpoint/index_files/frame.htm#slide0001.htm

¹⁹³ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁹⁴ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Wind River: 2005-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drunkenness, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-07				
Homicide	2	5	5	12	11	0	10	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	4	6	9	19	19	0	19	0
Sex Offenses	9	0	0	9	9	0	9	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	4	6	2	12	10	0	10	1
Aggravated Assault	81	56	64	201	183	2	176	1
Assault	189	252	211	652	634	0	636	0
Domestic Violence	100	152	72	324	315	0	324	0
Child Abuse	289	56	38	383	360	0	383	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	4	0	6	6	0	6	0
Burglary	9	2	17	28	15	0	17	0
Vandalism	277	33	147	457	290	0	330	0
Stolen Property	111	0	0	111	43	0	97	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	20	28	11	59	33	0	44	0
Larceny-Theft	15	1	47	63	37	0	42	0
Embezzlement	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	3	3	0	0	3	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
DWI	224	294	219	737	737	0	737	0
Drug Violations	99	200	187	486	92	382	486	12
Liquor Laws	195	232	145	572	572	0	572	0
Drunkenness	635	980	964	2579	2536	0	2553	308
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	816	459	309	1584	1580	0	1584	0
Curfew & Loitering	15	23	4	42	16	0	40	39
Suspicious Person Report	0	110	0	110	56	0	78	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	19	17	42	34	0	34	0
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	21	0		21	0	0	0	0
Runaways < 18	78	46	53	177	78	0	170	177
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1565	3351	2010	6926	4122	0	5674	0
Total	4767	6317	4535	15619	11788	384	14035	538

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2007 – Wind River

Alcohol was involved in 75.5 percent of all the reported offenses, 89.9 percent were cleared, and 3.4 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.5 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	91.7%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	83.3%	0.0%	83.3%	8.3%
Aggravated Assault	91.0%	1.0%	87.6%	0.5%
Assault	97.2%	0.0%	97.5%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	97.2%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	94.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	53.6%	0.0%	60.7%	0.0%
Vandalism	63.5%	0.0%	72.2%	0.0%
Stolen Property	38.7%	0.0%	87.4%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	55.9%	0.0%	74.6%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	58.7%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud				
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	18.9%	78.6%	100.0%	2.5%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	98.3%	0.0%	99.0%	11.9%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	99.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	38.1%	0.0%	95.2%	92.9%
Suspicious Person Report	50.9%	0.0%	70.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	81.0%	0.0%	81.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	44.1%	0.0%	96.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	59.5%	0.0%	81.9%	0.0%
Total	75.5%	2.5%	89.9%	3.4%

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YAKAMA – WASHINGTON

The Yakama Indian Reservation is comprised of 1,371,918 acres covering 1,573 square miles in the south-central Washington counties of Klickitat and Yakima.¹⁹⁵ The enrolled tribal population is 9,687 and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 16,317.¹⁹⁶ The Yakama Nation is a federation of formerly autonomous tribes, bands and villages in the south-central region of what is now Washington State.¹⁹⁷

The members of the Yakama Nation have historically depended on the Columbia River and salmon for their sustenance. Although the Yakamas ceded 10,828,800 acres of ancestral homeland to the U.S. government, they reserved their right to hunt, fish, access and use traditional cultural sites, gather traditional foods and medicines, pasture stock and have sufficient quantity and quality of water in all of their "usual and accustomed places" within this ceded area. Traditional routes for subsistence were, and continue to be on the Columbia River, starting above Priest Rapids to the traditional fishing site on Celilo Falls, and extending west on the lower Columbia River beyond the Klickitat River tributary.¹⁹⁸

The Yakama Reservation and its members are governed by the Yakama Nation Tribal Council. Each tribe and band elects representatives to the council. Self-government was re-established in 1935. All enrolled Yakamas become voting members of the General Council on their eighteenth birthday.¹⁹⁹

There are 31 sworn law enforcement officers on the Yakama Reservation.²⁰⁰

Yakama

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for Yakama were lower than all other comparison groups with the exception of Klickitat County.

Comparisons for Yakama

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington – 2006	4480	346	4826
Yakama County – ‘06	6510	326	6836
Klickitat County – ‘06	1955	106	2061
Yakama – 2006	2537	31	2568

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁹⁵ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Yakama%20Nation%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁹⁶ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2003.

¹⁹⁷ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁹⁸ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Yakama%20Nation%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁹⁹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Yakama%20Nation%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

²⁰⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offense – Yakama: 2004-2007

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ assault, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-07				
Homicide	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	2	1	4	1	0	3	0
Sex Offenses	15	11	14	40	10	1	14	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	2	7	2	1	2	0
Assault	279	274	216	769	391	19	436	33
Domestic Violence	195	157	163	515	279	11	249	8
Child Abuse	51	39	39	129	58	11	60	4
Elderly Abuse	2	0		2	0	0	0	0
Robbery		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	201	114	114	429	28	2	54	17
Vandalism	13	6	9	28	0	0	7	1
Stolen Property	1	8	8	17	0	0	12	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	123	103	92	318	7	1	159	0
Larceny-Theft	259	195	195	649	32	5	107	15
Embezzlement	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	7	4	11	22	1	0	9	0
Fraud	8	2	7	17	0	0	7	0
Arson	7	2	3	12	0	0	3	0
DWI	74	40	67	181	181	0	181	0
Drug Violations	9	47	28	84	8	80	75	10
Liquor Laws	216	194	176	586	568	0	550	162
Drunkenness	197	35	20	252	250	3	249	4
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	33	53	45	131	83	3	100	3
Curfew & Loitering	22	5	2	29	9	0	29	29
Suspicious Person Report	40	71	89	200	4	1	178	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	8	6	14	2	1	11	1
Completed Suicide	1	0		1	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	13	3		16	7	1	2	0
Runaways < 18	169	145	128	442	7	2	164	442
ARPA Violations	3	1	0	4	0	0	1	0
All Other Offenses	1370	1462	1073	3905	1090	74	2284	255
Total	3313	2985	2510	8808	3019	216	4948	984

For 2007 only one month of information was available.

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2007 – Yakama

Alcohol was involved in 34.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 56.2 percent were cleared, and 11.2 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.5 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	25.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	25.0%	2.5%	35.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	28.6%	14.3%	28.6%	0.0%
Assault	50.8%	2.5%	56.7%	4.3%
Domestic Violence	54.2%	2.1%	48.3%	1.6%
Child Abuse	45.0%	8.5%	46.5%	3.1%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery				
Burglary	6.5%	0.5%	12.6%	4.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	3.6%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	70.6%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	2.2%	0.3%	50.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	4.9%	0.8%	16.5%	2.3%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	4.5%	0.0%	40.9%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	41.2%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	9.5%	95.2%	89.3%	11.9%
Liquor Laws	96.9%	0.0%	93.9%	27.6%
Drunkenness	99.2%	1.2%	98.8%	1.6%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	63.4%	2.3%	76.3%	2.3%
Curfew & Loitering	31.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report	2.0%	0.5%	89.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	14.3%	7.1%	78.6%	7.1%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	43.8%	6.3%	12.5%	0.0%
Runaways < 18	1.6%	0.5%	37.1%	100.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	27.9%	1.9%	58.5%	6.5%
Total	34.3%	2.5%	56.2%	11.2%