Range Scrap (Firing Point) Study Waste Profile Notices

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Prepared for

U.S. Army Environmental Center Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland

RANGE SCRAP (FIRING POINT) STUDY WASTE PROFILE NOTICES

U.S. Army Environmental Center Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland

LIST OF WASTE PROFILE NOTICES

Munitions Item	Residue/Scrap Item (Part)
Cartridge, 5.56mm	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
Cartridge, 5.56mm Blank	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
Cartridge, 7.62mm	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
Cartridge, 7.62mm Blank	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
Cartridge, 9mm	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
Cartridge, .22 Caliber	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
CTG, CAL .45 Ball M1911	Cartridge Case, Fired Brass
Cartridge, .50 Caliber	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass/Steel
Cartridge, .50 Caliber Blank, Linked	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
Cartridge, .50 Caliber, Plastic	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Plastic
Expended Cartridge, 10 Gauge	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass and Paper/Plastic
Cartridge, 12 GA Shotgun Buckshot	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass/Steel Base and Paper/Plastic Case
Cartridge, 20mm	Case, Cartridge, Fired
Cartridge, 25mm	Case, Cartridge, Fired
Cartridge, 30mm, TP M788	Case, Cartridge, Fired
Cartridge, 40mm	Expended 40mm Cartridge Cases, Aluminum Alloy/Brass/Nylon
Expended 40mm Practice Cartridge	40 mm Practice Cartridge, Low Velocity
Cartridge, 75mm Blank Saluting Round	Case, Cartridge, Fired
Igniter, Time Blasting M6	Cap, Blasting, Electric M6
Igniter, Time Blasting M60	Igniter, Time Blasting M60 (with cadmium plated pull ring)
Igniter, Time Blasting Fuse M81	Expended, Igniter, Device Plastic
Primer, Percussion, M82	Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass
M11 Nonelectric Blasting Cap W/30 FT Shock Tube	Expended, M11 Blasting Cap, M11 Shock Tube
M12 Non-Electric Blasting Cap with Shock Tube	Expended, M12 Blasting Cap with Shock Tube
Fusee, Warning RR Signal, Red M72	Residue, Fusee Signal RR Red
Grenade Fuze M201A1	Expended Grenade Fuze M201A1, DODAC 1330-6874

LIST OF WASTE PROFILE NOTICES (CONTINUED)

Munitions Item	Residue/Scrap Item (Part)
Firing Device, Demolition Pressure Release, M5	Steel Assembly, Firing Device Demolition M5
Grenade, Hand, Smoke, HC AN-M8	Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, HC AN-M8
Grenade, Hand, Riot, CS M7A3	Expended Grenade, Hand, Riot CS M7A3
Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Yellow M18	Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Yellow M18 Canister without Fuze
Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Green M18	Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Green M18 Canister without Fuze
Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Violet M18	Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Violet M18 Canister without Fuze
Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Red M18	Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Red M18 Canister without Fuze
Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Red M48 w/M227 Fuze	Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Red M48 w/M227 Fuze
Smoke Pot Floating Type HC M4A2	Expended Smoke Pot Floating Type HC M4A2
Smoke Pot Floating Type M8	Expended Smoke Pot, Practice, Floating XM8/M8
Projectile, 155mm Smoke Illumination	Expended Canister, 155mm Smoke HC M1
Signal Kit, Personal Distress, Red XM185	XM20 Projector and Cartridges
White Star Parachute Cartridge, L312/L314/L311	Case, Cartridge, Fired
Expended Simulator Flash Arty M21	Expended M21 Simulator Assembly
Expended Rocket, AT4	AT4 Rocket Launcher

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 5.56MM

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A059	CTG, 5.56MM BALL M855
1305-A062	CTG, 5.56MM BALL M855 LNKD
1305-A063	CTG, 5.56MM TR M856
1305-A064	CTG, 5.56MM BALL TR 4/1 M855, M856
1305-A065	CTG, 5.56MM PLASTIC M862
1305-A068	CTG, 5.56MM TR M196
1305-A071	CTG, 5.56MM BALL M193

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations of barium (8.3 mg/L) were noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual metal constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 5.56mm cartridge cases listed above are classified as a **hazardous waste** (**EPA HW No. D008**) per 40 CFR 261 and contain levels of lead above the Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. The items should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 5.56mm Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data					Regulatory Levels	
Constituents	Commis	Unit of	Dogwl4	Reporting	T CT	UCL	Mean	RCRA	UTS Conc. ^b	
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	•	Mean	Level	Conc.	
TCLP Analysis (including mercury)										
	VB1	mg/L	8.6		ı					
Barium	VB2	mg/L	8.9	1.0	7.5	9.1	8.3	100.0	21	
	VB3	mg/L	7.5					RCRA Level ^a		
	VB1	mg/L	7.2							
Lead	VB2	mg/L	7.6	0.20	6.9	7.5	7.3	5.0	0.75	
	VB3	mg/L	7.0							
				SVOC Analys	sis	!				
No SVOCs dete	cted.				•	•				
			E	Explosives Anal	lysis					
No explosives d	etected.									

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics. ^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile) UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 5.56MM BLANK

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A075 CTG, 5.56mm Blank, M200 1305-A080 CTG, 5.56mm Blank, M200

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. A residual explosive compound, nitroglycerin, was detected in this item at an average concentration of 1093 μ g/kg.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual explosive constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, the expended 5.56mm blank cartridge cases listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 5.56mm Blank M200 Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data					Regulatory Levels		
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
		T	CLP Anal	lysis (excluding	ing mercury)						
	B1	mg/L	4.2								
Barium	B2	mg/L	5.2	1	3.79	5.68	4.7	100.0	NA		
	В3	mg/L	4.8								
	B1	mg/L	4.5								
Lead	B2	mg/L	4.2	1	3.97	4.63	4.3	5.0	NA		
	В3	mg/L	4.2								
			S	SVOC Analysis	3						
	B1	μg/kg	350								
Diphenylamine	B2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	330	66	424	285	NA	NA		
	В3	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>								
			Ex	plosives Analy	sis						
	B1	μg/kg	1700								
Nitroglycerin	B2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	1000	0	2247	1100	NA	NA		
	В3	μg/kg	1100								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 7.62MM

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A130	CTG, 7.62MM NATO BALL M80
1305-A131	CTG, 7.62MM 4 BALL M59/M80/1 TR M62
1305-A136	CTG, 7.62MM NATO SPEC BALL M118
1305-A143	CTG, 7.62MM NATO BALL M80 LNKD
1305-A151	CTG, 7.62MM 4 BALL M80/1 TR M62 OHF
1305-A165	CTG, 7.62MM 4 BALL M80/1 TR M62 LNKD M13
1305-A171	CTG, 7.62MM MATCH M852
1305-AA11	CTG, 7.62MM M118 LRA

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 7.62mm cartridge cases listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 7.62mm Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data				Regulato	ry Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b	
	TCLP Analysis (including mercury)									
	SB1	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
Barium	SB2	mg/L	1.0	1.0	.35	.98	0.67	100.0	NA	
	SB3	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
	SB1	mg/L	1.9			2.1	2.0	5.0		
Lead	SB2	mg/L	2.2	0.20	1.8				NA	
	SB3	mg/L	2.0							
				SVOC Analys	sis	!				
No SVOCs dete	cted.									
			E	Explosives Ana	lysis					
No explosives d	etected.									

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 7.62MM BLANK

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A111 CTG, 7.62MM BLK M82 LNKD M13 1305-A112 CTG, 7.62MM BLK M82 LNKD

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended management and disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 7.62mm blank cartridge cases listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed this item in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 7.62mm Blank Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data				Regulato	ry Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b	
TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)										
	G1	mg/L	1.4							
Barium	G2	mg/L	1.4	1.0	1.2	2.0	1.6	100.0	NA	
	G3	mg/L	2.0							
	G1	mg/L	2.4					5.0		
Lead	G2	mg/L	2.3	0.2	2.2	2.7	2.5	5.0	NA	
	G3	mg/L	2.7					Level ^a		
				SVOC Analysis	8					
No SVOC com	pounds det	ected.								
			E	xplosives Analy	sis					
No explosive c	ompounds	detected.								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile) UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 9MM

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A358 CTG, 9mm PRAC AT-4 M287 1305-A363 CTG, 9mm Ball M882

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead (12.9 mg/L) in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated levels for barium (20 mg/L) and nitroglycerin (800 μ g/kg) were noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of metal and explosive constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 9mm cartridge cases listed above are classified as a **hazardous waste** (**EPA HW No. D008**) per 40 CFR 261 and contain levels of barium and lead above the Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. The items should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and base-specific ISWMP. The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 9mm Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data				Regulatory Levels		
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting				RCRA	UTS	
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b	
			TCLP An	alysis (excludi	ng mercu	ry)				
	E1	mg/L	14							
Barium	E2	mg/L	15	1.0	9.6	30.4	20	100.0	21	
	E3	mg/L	31					RCRA Level ^a		
	E1	mg/L	7.7							
Lead	E2	mg/L	8.0	0.20	3.4	22.4	12.9	5.0	0.75	
	E3	mg/L	23							
				SVOC Analys	sis					
No SVOCs dete	cted									
			E	xplosives Ana	lysis					
	E1	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
Nitroglycerin	E2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	1000	234	1366	800	NA	NA	
	E3	μg/kg	1400							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, .22 CALIBER

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A091	CTG, CAL .22 LR Ball Match Grade
1305-A093	CTG, CAL .22 LR Ball
1305-A106	CTG, CAL .22 LR Ball

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations for barium (74 mg/L) were noted. Analysis for explosive residuals in this item also revealed the presence of pentaerythritol tetranitrate.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual metal and explosive constituents, it is recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended .22 caliber cartridge cased listed above are classified as a **hazardous waste** (**EPA HW No. D008**) per 40 CFR 261 and contain levels of barium and lead above the Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. The items should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for .22 Caliber Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data				Regulatory Levels		
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting				RCRA	UTS	
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b	
	TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)									
	C1	mg/L	76							
Barium	C2	mg/L	70	1.0	67.6	79.73	74	100.0	21	
	C3	mg/L	75							
	C1	mg/L	110							
Lead	C2	mg/L	110	0.20	110	110	110	5.0	0.75	
	C3	mg/L	110							
				SVOC Analysis	S					
No SVOCs dete	cted									
			Ex	xplosives Analy	sis		_			
Pentaerythritol	C1	μg/kg	1400							
tetranitrate	C2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	1000	234	1366	800	NA	NA	
(PETN)	C3	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CTG CAL .45 BALL M1911

I. Part

CTG CASE, FIRED BRASS

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305- A475 CTG, CAL .45 BALL M1911

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead (7.4 mg/L) in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations of barium (12.6 mg/L) were noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of hazardous constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, the .45 caliber ball cartridge case is classified as a **hazardous** waste (EPA HW No. D008) and should be managed in accordance with Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and all applicable state and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for .45 Caliber Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data						Regulatory Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mea	RCR n Levo			
			TCLP Ar	alysis (includi	ng mercu	ry)					
	A475-1	mg/L	12								
Barium	A475-2	mg/L	13	5.0		1.43	12.	6 100	.0 2	1	
	A475-3	mg/L	13						CRA UTS Conc 0.0 21		
	A475-1	mg/L	6.7								
Lead	A475-2	mg/L	7.3	0.5		1.59	7.4	5.0	0.7	75	
	A475-3	mg/L	8.1								
				SVOC Analys	sis						
No SVOCs dete	cted.										
		-	Ex	plosives Analys	sis						
	A475-1	mg/L	0.7								
Nitroglycerin	A475-2	mg/L	0.7	_		0.74	0.79	NA	NA		
	A475-3	mg/L	0.97								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods

EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

CAD 55.1, Explosive compounds for method

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, .50 CALIBER

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass/Steel

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A520	CTG, CAL .50 4 BALL M33/1 TR M17 LNKD M15A2
1305-A540	CTG, CAL .50 4 API M8/1 TR M17 LNKD
1305-A552	CTG, CAL .50 BALL M33
1305-A555	CTG, CAL .50 BALL M33 LNKD
1305-A557	CTG, CAL .50 4 BALL M33/1 TR M17 LNKD M9
1305-A570	CTG, CAL .50 TR M17
1305-A572	CTG, CAL .50 TR M17
1305-A576	CTG, CAL .50 4 API M8/1 API-T M20 LNKD
1305-A585	CTG. CAL .50 API-T M20 LNKD

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. Analysis for explosive residuals in this item indicated the presence of 2,4-Dinitrotoluene at $282 \mu g/kg$.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of explosive constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended .50 caliber cartridge cases listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for .50 Caliber Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data					Regulatory Levels		
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting				RCRA	UTS		
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b		
TCLP Analysis (including mercury)											
	TB1	mg/L	1.8								
Barium	TB2	mg/L	1.8	1.0	1.7	2.2	1.9	100.0	NA		
	TB3	mg/L	2.2								
	TB1	mg/L	1.7								
Lead	TB2	mg/L	1.3	0.20	1.3	1.8	1.6	5.0	NA		
	TB3	mg/L	1.7								
				SVOC Analys	sis	•					
No SVOCs dete	cted										
			E	xplosives Ana	lysis						
2.4.5: ::	TB1	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>								
2,4-Dinitro-toluene	TB2	μg/kg	410	250	124	439	282	2600 ^d	NA		
toruciic	TB3	μg/kg	310								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

^dThis value represents the maximum theoretical leaching limit (20 times the respective TCLP limit) to determine whether TCLP analysis is warranted: $20 \times 0.13 \text{ mg/L} = 2.6 \text{ mg/L} = 2.6 \text{ ppm} = 2600 \text{ µg/kg}$. The concentration of 2,4-Dinitrotoluene in this sample does not warrant a TCLP analysis (i.e., the result does not approach the regulatory level.).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, .50 CALIBER BLANK, LINKED

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A559	CTG CAL .50 BLK M1A1 LNKD
1305-A598	CTG CAL .50 BLK M1A1 LNKD
1305-A599	CTG CAL .50 BLK M1A1 LNKD

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals, semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended .50 caliber blank cartridge cases are classified as a **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Cartridge, .50 Caliber, Blank, Linked

			Analytical Data					Regulatory Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b
			TCLP N	Ietals Analys	is				
	H1	mg/L	4.7						
Barium	H2	mg/L	3.6	1.0	2.6	4.7	3.7	100	NA
	Н3	mg/L	2.8						
	H1	mg/L	2.7						
Lead	H2	mg/L	2.3	0.2	2.1	2.6	2.4	5.0	NA
	Н3	mg/L	2.2						
			SVO	C Analysis					
	H1	μg/kg	450						
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	H2	μg/kg	440	330	440	452	446	$2,600^{c}$	NA
	Н3	μg/kg	450						
	H1	μg/kg	570						
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	H2	μg/kg	560	330	560	572	566	NA	NA
	Н3	μg/kg	570						
Explosives Analysis									
No explosives detec	ted ^d			·					

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cThis value represents the maximum theoretical leaching limit (20 times the respective TCLP limit) to determine whether TCLP analysis is warranted: 20 X 0.13 mg/L = 2.6 mg/L = 2.6 ppm = 2600 µg/kg. The concentration of 2,4-Dinitrotoluene in this sample does not warrant a TCLP analysis (i.e., the result does not approach the regulatory level.). ^dThe PETN results for the 8332 analysis were rejected due to matrix interference. However, PETN is not a suspected contaminant for this item.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, .50 CALIBER, PLASTIC

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Plastic

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A602 CTG CAL .50 M858 TP/M860 TP-T (4 TO 1 MIX)

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals, semivolatile and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, an elevated concentration of barium (12 mg/L) was noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual metal constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended .50 caliber plastic cartridge cases are classified as a **hazardous waste** (**EPA HW No. D008**) per 40 CFR 261 and contain levels of lead above the Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. The items should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for .50 Caliber Plastic Cartridge Case

				Analyt		Regulatory Levels			
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b
			TCLP M	Ietals Analysi	S				
	ZB1	mg/l	12						
Barium	ZB2	mg/l	13	1.0	10.9	13.0	12	100	NA
	ZB3	mg/l	11						
	ZB1	mg/l	9.4						
Lead	ZB2	mg/l	9.8	0.2	9.3	9.8	9.6	5.0	NA
	ZB3	mg/l	9.6						
			SVO	C Analysis					
No SVOCs detected	1.								
			Explos	ives Analysis					
No explosives detec	cted.					•	•		

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards are not applicable to items meeting the definition of debris (solid material exceeding a 60mm particle size) according to 40 CFR 268.3.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR Expended Cartridge, 10 Gauge

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass and Paper/Plastic

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A010

III. Waste Characterization

The residue was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals, semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals in the samples did not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. No detectable levels of semi-volatiles or explosive compounds (nitroglycerin and PETN) were found. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP).

Disposal:

When disposed of, the expended cases are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan.

Residue Analytical Results for Expended Cartridge, 10 Gauge

				Analytical Data Regulate					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b
TCLP Analysis (including mercury)									
	A1	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>						
Lead	A2	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.5	NA	NA	0.34	5.0	0.75
	A3	mg/L	0.52						
				SVOC Analys	sis	!			
No SVOCs dete	No SVOCs detected.								
			E	Explosives Ana	lysis				
No explosives d	etected.								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-DNT)

CAD 55.1, (to also include Nitroglycerin and PETN)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 12 GA SHOTGUN BUCKSHOT

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass/Steel Base and Paper/Plastic Case

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A011	CTG, 12 GA Shotgun Buckshot
1305-A014	CTG, 12 GA Shotgun #9 Buckshot
1305-A017	CTG, 12 GA Shotgun #11

III. Waste Characterization

The residue was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. The explosive residue nitroglycerin is present at an average concentration of 2733 μ g/kg.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual explosive constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, the expended 12 GA shotgun cartridge cases are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 12 ga Shotgun Buckshot Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data					ry Levels
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting				RCRA	UTS
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b
	TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)								
	A1	mg/L	11						
Barium	A2	mg/L	28	1.0	11.6	31.8	21.7	100.0	NA
	A3	mg/L	26						
	A1	mg/L	1.0						
Lead	A2	mg/L	0.63	0.2	0.64	1.1	0.87	5.0	NA
	A3	mg/L	0.97						
			S	VOC Analysis					
	A1	μg/kg	1200						
Diphenylamine	A2	μg/kg	780	330	148	1282	715	NA	NA
	A3	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>						
			Exp	losives Analys	sis				
	A1	μg/kg	2200						
Nitroglycerin	A2	μg/kg	5500	1000	0	5501	2733	NA	NA
	A3	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>						

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 20MM

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A896 CTG, 20MM 4 TP M55A2/1 TP-T M220 LNKD

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 20mm cartridge cases listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed this item in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 20mm Cartridge Case

				Anal	ytical Dat	a		Regulato	ry Levels
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b
			TCLP Ar	nalysis (includi	ng mercu	ry)			
	QB1	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>						
Barium	QB2	mg/L	1.0	1.0	0.35	0.98	0.67	100.0	NA
	QB3	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>						
	QB1	mg/L	0.73						
Lead	QB2	mg/L	0.81	0.20	0.58	0.83	0.71	5.0	NA
	QB3	mg/L	0.58						
				SVOC Analys	sis				
	QB1	μg/kg	650						
Phenol	QB2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	330	22	632	327	NA	NA
	QB3	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>						
Explosives Analysis									
No explosives d	etected.		•						

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 25MM

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-A940 CTG, 25mm 1305-A976 CTG, 25mm TP-T M793

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended management and disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 25mm cartridge cases listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed this item in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 25mm Cartridge Case

				Analytical Data					Regulatory Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b	
TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)										
	P1	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
Barium	P2	mg/L	2.2	1.0	0.5	2.5	1.5	100.0	NA	
	P3	mg/L	1.7							
	P1	mg/L	0.35							
Chromium	P2	mg/L	$<$ RL c	0.20	0.02	0.34	0.18	5.0	NA	
	Р3	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
				SVOC Analysi	S					
No SVOCs det	ected.				•	•		•		
Explosives Analysis										
No explosive c	ompounds o	detected.								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 30MM, TP M788

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1305-B118 CTG, 30 MM, TP, M788

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations of barium (7.8 mg/L) were noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual hazardous constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 30 mm cartridge cases listed above are classified as a **hazardous waste (EPA HW No. D008)** per 40 CFR 261. The items should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Expended 30 MM CTG

				Analy	tical Dat	a		Regulatory Levels		
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b	
	TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)									
	30-A-1	mg/L	9.8							
Barium	30-A-2	mg/L	5.9	5.0		2.64	7.8	100.0	NA	
	30-A-3	mg/L	7.8							
	30-A-1	mg/L	5.2							
Lead	30-A-2	mg/L	4.5	0.5		2.13	5.6	5.0	NA	
	30-A-3	mg/L	7.0							
			SV	VOC Analysis		'				
bis(2-	30-B-1	μg/kg	2400							
Ethylhexyl)	30-B-2	μg/kg	2300	660		1500	2733	NA	NA	
phthalate	30-B-3	μg/kg	3500							
			Exp	losives Analys	sis	1	_			
	30-C-1	μg/kg	32.7							
Nitroglycerin	30-C-2	μg/kg	55.6	0.008		6.7	41.2	NA	NA	
	30-C-3	μg/kg	35.2							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods

EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding

mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including

2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Method 8095, (modified to also include

Nitroglycerin and PETN)

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 40MM

I. Part

Expended 40mm Cartridge Cases, Aluminum Alloy/Brass/Nylon

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

Various 40mm c	artridges	
1310-B504	1310-B519	1310-B571
1310-B505	1310-B535	1310-B584
1310-B506	1310-B536	1310-B592
1310-B508	1310-B542	
1310-B509	1310-B546	

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended management and disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended 40mm cartridge cases listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed this item in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 40mm Cartridge Case

			Analytical Data					Regulatory Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b
TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)									
Barium	I1	mg/L	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.8	1.4	100.0	NA
	I2	mg/L	1.7						
	I3	mg/L	1.5						
Lead	I1	mg/L	0.89	0.2	0.69	1.3	0.86	5.0	NA
	I2	mg/L	0.69						
	I3	mg/L	1.0						
SVOC Analysis									
No SVOCs det	ected.								
Explosives Analysis									
No explosive c	ompounds	detected.					·		

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics. ^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile) UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Method 8332, Nitroglycerin and PETN

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR EXPENDED 40 MM PRACTICE CARTRIDGE

I. Part

40 mm Practice Cartridge, Low Velocity

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1310-01-211-8073 M781

III. Characterization Data

The expended 40 mm practice cartridge was sampled for TCLP metals, explosives, and semi-volatiles. Results indicate that the concentrations of regulated constituents in the waste were below the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with Federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with Army Regulation 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended 40 mm practice rounds are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Expended 40 mm Practice Cartridge

				Analy	Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b	
TCLP Metals Analysis										
	40MM1	mg/L	3.1							
Lead	40MM2	mg/L	3.7	0.50		0.65	3.1	5.0	NA	
	40MM3	mg/L	2.5							
			,	SVOC Analysi	S					
No RCRA-C re	No RCRA-C regulated constituents detected									
Explosives Analysis										
No RCRA-C regulated constituents detected										

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals

EPA SW-846 Method 1311, EPA SW-846 Method 8270, for SVOCs (including 2,4-

Dinitrotoluene and hexachloroethane)

CAD SOP 55.3 (Modified EPA Method 8330) for explosives

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR CARTRIDGE, 75MM BLANK SALUTING ROUND

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, M337A2 75MM Blank Saluting Round

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1315-C025 CASE, CTG, FIRED, COPPER ALLOY

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals, semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended 75mm blank saluting round cartridge cases are classified as a **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Cartridge, 75mm Blank Saluting Round

				Analy		Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b		
			TCLP M	Ietals Analys	is						
	R1	mg/L	0.37								
Chromium	R2	mg/L	0.55	0.20	0.32	0.54	0.43	5.0	NA		
	R3	mg/L	0.38								
	SVOC Analysis										
	R1	μg/kg	450								
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	R2	μg/kg	450	330	450	450	450	$2,600^{c}$	NA		
	R3	μg/kg	450								
	R1	μg/kg	560								
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	R2	μg/kg	560	330	557	569	563	NA	NA		
	R3	μg/kg	570								
Explosives Analysis											
No explosive compo	ounds detec	ted.		-							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Methods 8330 and 8332, explosive compounds for methods

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cThis value represents the maximum theoretical leaching limit (20 times the respective TCLP limit) to determine whether TCLP analysis is warranted: 20 X 0.13 mg/L = 2.6 mg/L = 2.6 ppm = 2600 µg/kg. The concentration of 2,4-Dinitrotoluene in this sample does not warrant a TCLP analysis (i.e., the result does not approach the regulatory level.).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR IGNITER, TIME BLASTING M6

I. Part

Cap, Blasting, Electric M6

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1375-M130 Cap, Blasting, Electric w/Wire (12 FT) M6

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals and semivolatile compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261-24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The recycle value of the M6 electric blasting cap may be limited due to the presence of non-metallic materials and the metallic composition of the item. However, recycling and reclamation should be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended M6 electric blasting caps are classified as a **non-hazardous** waste and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Time Blasting M6 Igniter

				Analy		Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
	TCLP Metals Analysis										
Cadmium -	W1	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.1	0	0.17	0.08	1.0	0.11		
	W2	mg/L	0.11		0				0.11		
Load	W1	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.2	0	1.94	0.55	5.0	0.75		
Lead	W2	mg/L	1.00	0.2	U	1.94	0.33	3.0	0.73		
SVOC Analysis											
No elevated readings noted.											

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury) EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR IGNITER, TIME BLASTING M60

I. Part

Igniter, Time Blasting M60 (with cadmium plated pull ring)

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1375-M766 Igniter, Time Blasting M60 (with cadmium plated pull ring)

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of cadmium (125 mg/L) in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for cadmium of 1.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations for barium (2.33 mg/L), chromium (0.22 mg/L), and lead (0.32 mg/L) were noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The recycle value of the M60 igniter may be limited due to the presence of non-metallic materials and the metallic composition of the item. However, recycling and reclamation should be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended M60 igniters with cadmium plated pull rings are classified as a **hazardous waste (EPA HW No. D006)** and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Time Blasting M60 Igniter

				Analy		Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
			TC	LP Metals Ana	lysis						
	W1	mg/L	2.4								
Barium	W2	mg/L	2.4	1.0	2.12	2.55	2.33	100.0	NA		
	W3	mg/L	2.2								
	W1	mg/L	110								
Cadmium	W2	mg/L	140	0.1	85	165	125	1.0	NA		
	W3	mg/L	120								
	W1	mg/L	0.24								
Chromium	W2	mg/L	0.20	0.2	0.17	0.27	0.22	5.0	NA		
	W3	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>								
	W1	mg/L	0.31								
Lead	W2	mg/L	0.33	0.2	0.29	0.35	0.32	5.0	NA		
	W3	mg/L	0.42								
SVOC Analysis											
No elevated rea	No elevated readings noted.										
			Ex	xplosives Analy	ysis						
No elevated rea	adings note	d.			-		-				

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Methods 8330 and 8332, explosive compounds for methods

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards are not applicable to items meeting the definition of debris (solid material exceeding a 60mm particle size) according to 40 CFR 268.3. ^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR IGNITER, TIME BLASTING FUSE M81

I. Part

Expended, Igniter, Device Plastic

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1375-MN08 IGNITER, TIME BLASTING FUSE M81

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals, semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of cadmium in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for cadmium of 1.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations of barium (1.3 mg/L) and lead (0.5 mg/L) were noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The recycle value of the expended M81 igniters may be limited due to the presence of non-metallic materials and the metallic composition of the item. However, recycling and reclamation should be evaluated based on local factors and conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M81 igniters are classified as a **hazardous waste** (**EPA HW No. D006**) per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for M81 Igniter, Time Blasting Fuse

				Analyt		Regulatory Levels			
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b
			TCLP M	Ietals Analysi	S	1			
	PB1	mg/L	1.8						
Barium	PB2	mg/L	1.3	1.0	0.9	1.8	1.3	100	NA
	PB3	mg/L	1						
	PB1	mg/L	300						
Cadmium	PB2	mg/L	340	0.1	273	339	306	1.0	NA
	PB3	mg/L	280						
	PB1	mg/L	1						
Lead	PB2	mg/L	0.26	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.5	5.0	NA
	PB3	mg/L	0.37						
			SVO	C Analysis		!			
No SVOCs detected				·					
			Explos	ives Analysis					
No explosives detec	ted.								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Methods 8330 and 8332, explosive compounds for methods

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards are not applicable to items meeting the definition of debris (solid material exceeding a 60mm particle size) according to 40 CFR 268.3.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR PRIMER, PERCUSSION, M82

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired, Brass

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1390-N523 PRIMER, PERC, M82

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations for barium (3.8 mg/L) were noted.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual metal constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended M82 cartridge case is classified as a **hazardous waste** (**EPA HW No. D008**) per 40 CFR 261 and contain levels of lead above the Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. The items should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for M82 Percussion Primer Case

				Anal		Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
	TCLP Analysis (including mercury)										
	V1	mg/L	3.7								
Barium	V2	mg/L	3.8	1.0	3.7	3.9	3.8	100.0	21		
	V3	mg/L	3.9								
	V1	mg/L	30								
Lead	V2	mg/L	34	0.20	30.1	34.6	32.3	5.0	0.75		
	V3	mg/L	33								
				SVOC Analys	sis						
No SVOCs dete	cted.										
			E	Explosives Ana	lysis						
No explosives d	etected.								·		

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics. ^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile) UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Methods 8330 and 8332, explosive compounds for methods

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR M11 NONELECTRIC BLASTING CAP W/30 FT SHOCK TUBE

I. Part

Expended, M11 Blasting Cap, M11 Shock Tube

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1375-ML47 M11 NONELECTRIC BLASTING CAP W/30 FT SHOCK TUBE 1375-MN36 M11 NONELECTRIC BLASTING CAP W/30 FT SHOCK TUBE

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals, semivolatile and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals, semivolatiles and explosives in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261-24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The recycle value of the expended M11 non-electric blasting cap and shock tube may be limited due to the presence of non-metallic materials and the metallic composition of the item. However, recycling and reclamation should be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M11 non-electric blasting cap and shock tube are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for M11 Non-Electric Blasting Cap w/30 ft Shock Tube

				Analyt		Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b		
	TCLP Metals Analysis										
	GBHB1	mg/l	2.1								
Lead	GBHB2	mg/l	1	0.2	0.0	3.2	1.55	5.0	NA		
			SVO	C Analysis		1					
	GBHB1	μg/kg	280								
Pyrene	GBHB2	μg/kg	560	330	177	549	363	NA	NA		
	GBHB3	μg/kg	250								
Explosives Analysis											
No explosives dete	cted.						·		·		

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR M12 NON-ELECTRIC BLASTING CAP W/SHOCK TUBE

I. Part

Expended, M12 Blasting Cap, M12 Shock Tube

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1375-MN02 M12 NONELECTRIC BLASTING CAP W/SHOCK TUBE 1375-MN35 M12 NONELECTRIC BLASTING CAP W/SHOCK TUBE

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals, semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The recycle value of the expended M12 non-electric blasting cap and shock tube may be limited due to the presence of non-metallic materials and the metallic composition of the item. However, recycling and reclamation should be evaluated based on local factors and conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M12 non-electric blasting cap and shock tube are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for M12 Non-Electric Blasting Cap w/Shock Tube

				Analy		Regulatory Levels				
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b	
			TCLP N	Metals Analysi	is					
No metals detected.										
			SVC	OC Analysis						
	IJB1	μg/kg	360							
Naphthalene	IJB2	μg/kg	330	330	320	419	370	NA	NA	
	IJB3	μg/kg	420							
	IJB1	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
Pyrene	IJB2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	330	313	333	223	NA	NA	
	IJB3	μg/kg	340							
Explosives Analysis										
No explosives detec	No explosives detected.									

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Methods 8330 and 8332, explosive compounds for methods

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR FUSEE SIGNAL RR RED

I. Part

Residue, Fusee Signal RR Red

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1370-L508 FUSEE, WARNING RR SIGNAL, RED M72

III. Waste Characterization

The fusee residue was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, the residue from the expended RR Red Fusee Signal is classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Fusee Signal RR Cartridge Residue

				Analy		Regulatory Levels				
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b	
TCLP Analysis (including mercury)										
No metals dete	cted			•		• /				
				SVOC Analys	sis					
No SVOCs det	ected			-						
]	Explosives Ana	lysis					
No elevated rea	adings note	d.	•		•	•				

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile) UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods

EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method

CAD 55.1, Explosive compounds for method

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE FUZE M201A1

I. Part

Expended Grenade Fuze M201A1, DODAC 1330-6874

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

Various smoke	hand grenades (fuze only
1330-G900	1330-G950
1330-G930	1330-G955
1330-G940	1330-G963
1330-G945	1330-G982

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261-24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended management and disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended M201A1 grenade fuzes are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and this item should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Grenade Fuze M201A1

				Analy		Regulato	ry Levels		
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b
		TC	LP Analys	sis (excluding	mercury	·)			
	J1	mg/L	19						
Barium	J2	mg/L	6.6	1.0	4.6	18.8	11.7	100.0	NA
	J3	mg/L	9.4						
	J1	mg/L	3.9						
Chromium	J2	mg/L	1.4	0.2	1.1	3.9	2.5	5.0	NA
	J3	mg/L	2.2						
			SV	OC Analysis					
No SVOCs detected					•		•		
			Expl	osives Analys	is				
No explosive compo	ounds detec	ted ^c							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

EPA SW-846 Method 8332, explosive compounds for method (8330 analysis was rejected)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cThe 8330 analysis for this item was rejected during data quality review. The 8332 analysis resulted in no compounds detected, however the presence of 8330 compounds cannot be evaluated.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR FIRING DEVICE DEMOLITION M5

I. Part

Steel Assembly, Firing Device Demolition M5

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1375-M627 FIRING DEVICE, DEMOLITION PRESSURE RELEASE, M5

III. Characterization Data

The expended item was sampled for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of cadmium (7.6 mg/L) in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for cadmium of 1.0 mg/L.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of hazardous constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, the expended Steel Assembly, Firing Device Demolition M5 is classified as a **hazardous waste** (**EPA HW No. D006**) and should be managed in accordance with Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and all applicable state and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Steel Assembly, Firing Device Demolition M5

				Analy	tical Data			Regulatory Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b
			TC	LP Metals Ana	lysis				
	M627-1	mg/L	4.4						
Cadmium	M627-2	mg/L	4.6	0.1		4.4	7.6	1.0	0.11
	M627-3	mg/L	14						
				SVOC Analysi	S				
No elevated rea	adings note	d.							
			Ex	xplosives Analy	ysis				
No elevated rea	adings note	d.							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods

EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

CAD 55.1, Explosive compounds for method

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE, HAND, SMOKE, HC AN-M8

I. Part

Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, HC AN-M8

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1330-G930 Grenade, Hand, Smoke, HC AN-M8

III. Characterization Data

The residue of each sample was analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury) and semivolatile compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261-24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with Federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended HC AN-M8 Smoke Hand Grenades are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Grenade, Hand, Smoke, HC AN-M8

			Analytical Data						Regulatory Levels	
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b	
			TCl	LP Metals Ana	lysis		_			
Barium	L1	mg/l	7.1							
	L2	mg/l	2.7	1.0	2.32	7.15	4.73	100	NA	
	L3	mg/l	4.4							
	L1	mg/l	1.1							
Lead	L2	mg/l	0.68	.20	0.42	1.10	0.76	5	NA	
	L3	mg/l	0.50							
			,	SVOC Analysi	is					
No SVOCs det	ected.									

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE, HAND, RIOT CS M7A3

I. Part

Expended Grenade, Hand, Riot CS M7A3

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1330-G963 Grenade, Hand, Riot, CS M7A3

III. Characterization Data

The residue of each sample was analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury) and semivolatile compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261-24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with Federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended CS M7A3 Riot Hand Grenades are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Grenade, Hand, Riot CS M7A3

				Analy	Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b	
TCLP Metals Analysis										
Barium	Z 1	mg/l	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
	Z2	mg/l	1.6	1.0	0.51	1.75	1.13	100	NA	
	Z3	mg/l	1.3							
			;	SVOC Analysi	İS					
No SVOCs det	ected.									

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

J Data qualifier – the reported value is an estimated value due to quality control review of analytical data

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE, HAND, SMOKE, YELLOW M18

I. Part

Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Yellow M18 Canister without fuze

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1330-G945 GREN Hand Smk YLW M18

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury) and semivolatiles (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M18 yellow smoke canisters are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Yellow M18 Smoke Hand Grenade Canister without Fuze

				Analy	Regulatory Levels						
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting	T 61	TIGE	3.6	RCRA	UTS		
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b		
	TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)										
No metals dete	cted										
SVOC Analysis											
No SVOCs det	ected						•				

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics. ^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile) UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury) EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE, HAND, SMOKE, GREEN M18

I. Part

Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Green M18 Canister without fuze

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1330-G940 GREN Hand Smk GRN M18

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury) and semivolatiles (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M18 green smoke canisters are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Green M18 Smoke Hand Grenade Canister without Fuze

				Analyti	Regulatory Levels					
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting				RCRA	UTS	
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b	
TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)										
	T1	mg/L	2.1							
Barium	T2	mg/L	2.3	1.0	0.5	2.7	1.6	100.0	NA	
	Т3	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
				SVOC Analysis	S	!				
	T1	μg/kg	5900J							
O-Toluidine	T2	μg/kg	3400J	3300	0	6374	3038	NA	NA	
	Т3	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury) EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

J Data qualifier – the reported value is an estimated value due to quality control review of analytical data

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE, HAND, SMOKE, VIOLET M18

I. Part

Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Violet M18 Canister without Fuze

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1330-G955 Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Violet M18

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals and semivolatile compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261-24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M18 Violet Smoke Hand Grenade are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Violet M18 Smoke Hand Grenade Canister without Fuze

				Analy	Regulatory Levels					
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting				RCRA	UTS	
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b	
TCLP Metals Analysis										
	AB1	mg/L	0.49							
Lead	AB2	mg/L	0.3	0.2	0.08	0.51	0.30	5.0	NA	
	AB3	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>							
SVOC Analysis										
No elevated rea	No elevated readings noted.									

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE, HAND, SMOKE, RED M18

I. Part

Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Red M18 Canister without Fuze

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1330-G950 GREN Hand Smk Red M18

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury) and semivolatiles (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M18 red smoke canisters are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Red M18 Smoke Hand Grenade Canister without Fuze

				Analy	Regulatory Levels						
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
	TCLP Analysis (including mercury)										
No metals dete	No metals detected										
	SVOC Analysis										
No SVOCs det	ected		•	_	•		•				

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury) EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR GRENADE, HAND, SMOKE, RED M48 W/M227 FUZE

I. Part

Expended Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Red M48 w/M227 Fuze

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1330-G932 Grenade, Hand, Smoke, Red M48 w/M227 Fuze

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals and semivolatile compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261-24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

This scrap item does not meet the federal requirements for scrap metal. In accordance with federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). This item should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M48 Red Smoke Hand Grenades are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for Red M48 Smoke Hand Grenade w/M227 Fuze

			Analytical Data					Regulatory Levels		
Constituents		Unit of		Reporting				RCRA	UTS	
Detected	Sample	Measure	Result	Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	Level ^a	Conc.b	
TCLP Metals Analysis										
	KM1	mg/L	1.5							
Lead	KM2	mg/L	0.85	0.2	0.87	1.83	1.35	5.0	NA	
	KM3	mg/L	1.7							
				SVOC Analysi	is	!				
	KM1	μg/kg	4900							
Acetophenone	KM2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	3300	1582	7452	4517	NA	NA	
	KM3	μg/kg	7000							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury) EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR SMOKE POT FLOATING TYPE HC M4A2

I. Part

Expended Smoke Pot Floating Type HC M4A2

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1365-K867 Smoke Pot Floating Type HC M4A2

III. Characterization Data

The residue was sampled for TCLP metals (including mercury) and semivolatile compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with Federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M4A2 Floating Type Smoke Pots are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Expended Smoke Pot Floating Type HC M4A2

				Analyt	Regulatory Levels						
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
TCLP Metals Analysis											
	CB1	mg/l	20								
Barium	CB2	mg/l	27	1.0	16.52	26.81	21.67	100	NA		
	CB3	mg/l	18								
	CB1	mg/l	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>								
Lead	CB2	mg/l	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.2	0.04	0.30	0.17	5.0	NA		
	CB3	mg/l	.31								
SVOC Analysis											
No SVOCs detected	No SVOCs detected ^d										

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA~SW-846~Method~8270, list~of~SVOCs~for~method~(including~2,4-Dinitrotoluene~and~200) and the contraction of the contractio

hexachloroethane)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

^dDue to the nature of the sample matrix, a 5 gram extraction (instead of 20 gram) was performed on samples to obtain surrogate recoveries within established limits. Reporting limits for analytes of concern remained below regulatory levels.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR SMOKE POT FLOATING TYPE M8

I. Part

Expended Smoke Pot, Practice, Floating XM8/M8

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1365-01-380-1678 K511

III. Characterization Data

Residues from the expended M8 Smoke Pot were sampled for TCLP metals, explosives, and semi-volatiles. Results indicate that the concentrations of regulated constituents in the waste were below the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with Federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included). Recycling and reclamation may be evaluated based on local factors and should be conducted in accordance with Army Regulation 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, fully expended M8 Floating Type Smoke Pots are classified as a **non-hazardous waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Expended Smoke Pot, Practice, Floating XM8/M8

				Analy	Regulatory Levels						
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
TCLP Metals Analysis											
	M8-1	mg/L	1.8								
Chromium	M8-2	mg/L	2.2	0.50		0.29	2.1	5.0	NA		
	M8-3	mg/L	2.3								
	SVOC Analysis										
No RCRA-C re	gulated cor	nstituents det	tected								
	Explosives Analysis										
No RCRA-C re	gulated cor	nstituents det	tected			•	•				

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene and

hexachloroethane)

CAD SOP 55.3 (Modified EPA Method 8330) for explosives

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR PROJECTILE, 155MM SMOKE ILLUMINATION

I. Part

Expended Canister, 155mm Smoke HC M1

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1320-D445 Canister, 155mm Smoke HC M1

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (excluding mercury) and semivolatiles including hexachloroethane (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The presence of non-metallic materials and the quality of the canister metal composition may exclude this item from the recycling option. In accordance with federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain ≥50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 Federal Register 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included).

Disposal:

Fully expended 155mm smoke canisters listed above are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for 155mm Smoke HC M1 Canister

				Analy	Regulatory Levels						
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. ^b		
TCLP Analysis (excluding mercury)											
No metals detec	cted										
				SVOC Analysi	S						
	DB1	μg/kg	740								
Naphthalene	DB2	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	330	0	718	357	NA	NA		
	DB3	μg/kg	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)

UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (excluding mercury) EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including hexachloroethane)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR KIT FLARE PERSONAL DISTRESS

I. Part XM20 Projector and Cartridges

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1370-L116 SIGNAL KIT, PERSONAL DISTRESS, RED XM185

III. Characterization Data

The expended item was sampled for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosives compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead (9 mg/L) in the TCLP extract exceeded the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L. In addition, elevated concentrations for barium (16 mg/L), and chromium (0.26 mg/L).

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

The XM20 Projector and Cartridges meet the definition of recyclable scrap metal listed in 40 CFR 261; however, the legitimate recycle value of this item may be limited due to the presence of non-metallic materials. Recycling and reclamation should be evaluated based on discussions with scrap metal contractors and should be conducted in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, this item is classified as a **hazardous waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and all applicable state and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results for XM20 Projector and Cartridges

				Analy		Regulatory Levels				
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b	
			TC	LP Metals Ana	lysis		_			
	L116-1	mg/L	15	5.0			16	100.0		
Barium	L116-2	mg/L	18			2.49			5.0	
	L116-3	mg/L	15							
	L116-1	mg/L	0.23	0.1		0.45	0.26	5.0		
Chromium	L116-2	mg/L	0.31						0.6	
	L116-3	mg/L	0.24							
	L116-1	mg/L	9.4			2.11	9	5.0		
Lead	L116-2	mg/L	7.6	0.5					0.75	
	L116-3	mg/L	10							
SVOC Analysis										
No elevated rea	adings note	d.								
			Ex	xplosives Analy	ysis					
No elevated rea	adings note	d.								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods

EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

CAD 55.1, Explosive compounds for method

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR WHITE STAR PARACHUTE CARTRIDGE, L312/L314/L311

I. Part

Case, Cartridge, Fired

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1370-L312, 1370-L311, 1370-L314

III. Characterization Data

This item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals (including mercury), semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentration of lead in the TCLP extract was well below the toxicity threshold limit for lead of 5.0 mg/L.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Recommended disposition for this item is recycling or reclamation in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific solid waste management and disposal procedures incorporated into the Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan (ISWMP). Due to the presence of residual hazardous constituents, it is also recommended that this item be managed and stored in a manner to prevent a loss of materials to the environment (e.g., covered storage). The base ISWMP should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Disposal:

When disposed of, expended signal illumination grenade cartridges listed above are classified as a non- hazardous wastes per 40 CFR 261. The items should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base ISWMP. Base ISWMPs should be developed in consideration of other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

Residue Analytical Results White Star Parachute, L312

		Unit of		Analy	Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Measu re	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b	
TCLP Metals Analysis										
	L312-A-1	mg/L	0.72							
Lead	L312-A-2	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.5		0.94	0.53	5.0	NA	
	L312-A-3	mg/L	0.63							
	_		S	VOC Analysi	S		_			
Bis(2-	L312-C-1	mg/kg	250	82		16	270	NA		
Ethylhexyl)	L312-C-2	mg/kg	210						NA	
phthalate	L312-C-3	mg/kg	350							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods

EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals (including mercury)

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-Dinitrotoluene)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR EXPENDED SIMULATOR FLASH ARTY M21

I. Part

Expended M21 Simulator Assembly

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1370-L602

III. Waste Characterization

The expended item was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals, semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. The explosive residue nitroglycerin is present at an average concentration of 0.33 μ g/g. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

This item does not meet the federal requirements for scrap metal. In accordance with federal regulatory guidance, recyclable scrap metal must contain >50% recyclable metal [OSWER Directive 9441.1990(09a)] in non-dispersible form (61 <u>Federal Register</u> 2362, 25 January 1996; small fines not included).

Disposal:

When disposed of, the expended simulators are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan.

Residue Analytical Results for Expended Simulator Flash Arty M21

				Analy	Regulatory Levels						
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc.b		
TCLP Metals Analysis											
	602-1	mg/L	52								
Barium	602-2	mg/L	72	5.0		5.96	63	100	NA		
	602-3	mg/L	64								
			Ex	xplosives Analy	ysis						
	602-1	μg/g	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.034							
Nitroglycerine	602-2	μg/g	0.96	0.032		NA	0.33	NA	NA		
	602-3	μg/g	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.035							

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including 2,4-DNT) CAD 55.1, (to also include Nitroglycerin and PETN)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.

WASTE PROFILE NOTICE FOR Expended Rocket, AT4

I. Part

AT4 Rocket Launcher, 1315-01-273-9352

II. Applicable Munitions by DODAC

1315-C995

III. Waste Characterization

The residue was sampled and analyzed for TCLP metals, semivolatiles, and explosive compounds (see table below). Results indicate that the concentrations of metals and semivolatiles in the samples do not exceed the toxicity threshold limits established in 40 CFR 261.24. The explosive residue nitroglycerin is present at an average concentration of $0.59\mu g/g$. These results are representative of fully functioned/expended items.

IV. Waste Disposition and Best Management Practices

Recycling (Use/Reuse/Reclamation):

Installations should investigate the feasibility of recycling the expended AT4. However, since the molded plastic is not readily separable from the metal, it is unlikely that either scrap or plastic recyclers will have interest in receiving the item.

Storage:

This item has been assigned a controlled inventory item code of 3 and is therefore subject to the additional security requirements stated in AR 190-11 and AR 385-65 until the item is demilitarized. These regulations describe the proper marking/labeling procedures for the expended item and also establish criteria for the type of building and lock used for accumulation.

Disposal:

When disposed of, the expended cases are classified as **non-hazardous solid waste** per 40 CFR 261 and should be managed in accordance with AR 420-49 and the base-specific Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan.

Residue Analytical Results for Expended AT4 Rocket Launcher

				Analy		Regulatory Levels					
Constituents Detected	Sample	Unit of Measure	Result	Reporting Limit	LCL	UCL	Mean	RCRA Level ^a	UTS Conc. b		
			T	CLP Analysis		•		•			
	A1	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	·							
Chromium	A2	mg/L	0.21	0.100	NA	0.099	0.10	5.0	NA		
	A3	mg/L	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>								
	SVOC Analysis										
	A1	μg/kg	5400								
Phenol	A2	μg/kg	2400	2000	NA	3200	5366	NA	NA		
	A3	μg/kg	8300								
D: (2 (1 H 1)	A1	μg/kg	3800								
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	A2	μg/kg	2100	2000	NA	1020	3167	NA	NA		
	A3	μg/kg	3600								
			Expl	losives Analys	sis	!					
	A1	μg/g	1.4								
Nitroglycerin	A2	μg/g	<rl<sup>c</rl<sup>	0.050	NA	0.773	0.59	NA	NA		
	A3	μg/g	0.35								

^aRCRA Regulatory Level, 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1, Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for Toxicity Characteristics.

LCL Lower Confidence Level (80 percentile)
UCL Upper Confidence Level (80 percentile)

RL Reporting Limit
NA Not Applicable

Analytical Methods EPA SW-846 Method 1311, RCRA TCLP listed metals

EPA SW-846 Method 8270, list of SVOCs for method (including

2,4-DNT)

EPA SW-846 Method 8330, Explosive compounds for method (modified to also include Nitroglycerin and PETN)

^bUTS – Universal Treatment Standards, Non-wastewater Standard, 40 CFR 268.48. These standards must be met for "underlying hazardous constituents" if the residue is classified as a hazardous waste; otherwise, the standards are not applicable (NA).

^cIf the analytical value is below the laboratory reporting limit, an assumed value of ½ the reporting limit was used in determining the mean of the sample set.