### U.S. and Oklahoma Economic Outlook



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#### Purposes and Structure of the Federal Reserve System

#### • Overall purposes of the Fed are to promote:

- Maximum sustainable economic growth
- Low and stable inflation
- National financial stability

#### Mission areas:

- Monetary policy most visible role to the public, usually
- Bank regulation including lender of last resort
- <u>Payments systems</u> cash, checks, electronic payments

#### • Monetary policy is set by the 12-member FOMC:

- The Federal Open Market Committee meets every 6 weeks
- Voting members consist of:
  - the 7 Governors in Washington;
  - the New York Fed President;
  - 4 of the 11 other Fed presidents on a rotating basis

### Federal Reserve Districts and Office Locations



### The Kansas City and Oklahoma City Offices

#### Headquarters in Kansas City

- Nearly 1,000 staff involved in all mission areas
- New building officially opened in June 2008

#### Oklahoma City branch office

• <u>Staff and functions</u> – 35 staff involved in economic research, bank examinations, and public and community affairs

• <u>Branch board of directors</u> – 7 members from around the state; provide anecdotal information in advance of each FOMC meeting

#### Oklahoma City branch board of directors

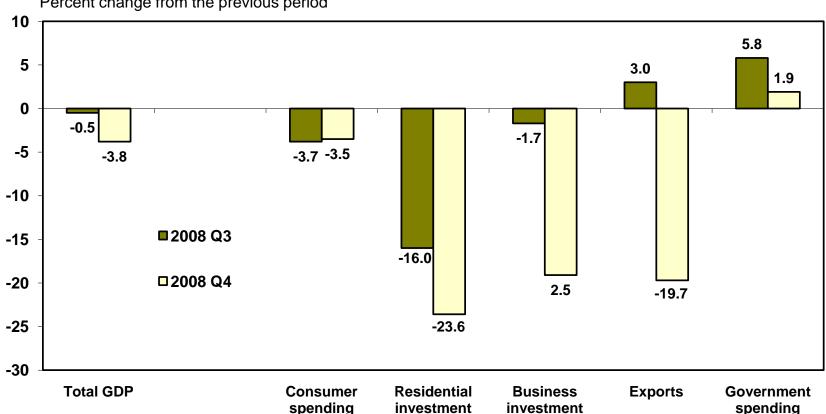
- Chairman Steve Agee, President, Agee Energy, and Professor, OCU, Oklahoma City
- Terry Almon, President, Oklahoma Community Capital Corp., Broken Arrow
- Bill Anoatubby, Governor, Chickasaw Nation, Ada
- Jim Dunn, Chairman, Mill Creek Lumber & Supply Co., Tulsa
- Fred Ramos, COO, Latino Community Development Agency, Oklahoma City
- Doug Tippens, President and CEO, Canadian State Bank, Yukon
- K. Vasudevan, Chairman, Service and Technology Corp., Bartlesville

### The U.S. and Oklahoma Economies

- The U.S. economy is weakening, but credit markets and inflation are improving
- □ Oklahoma is stronger but also weakening
- Forecasts call for weakness throughout 2009, but many efforts are in place to boost growth

#### In the fourth quarter of last year, only government added to U.S. growth

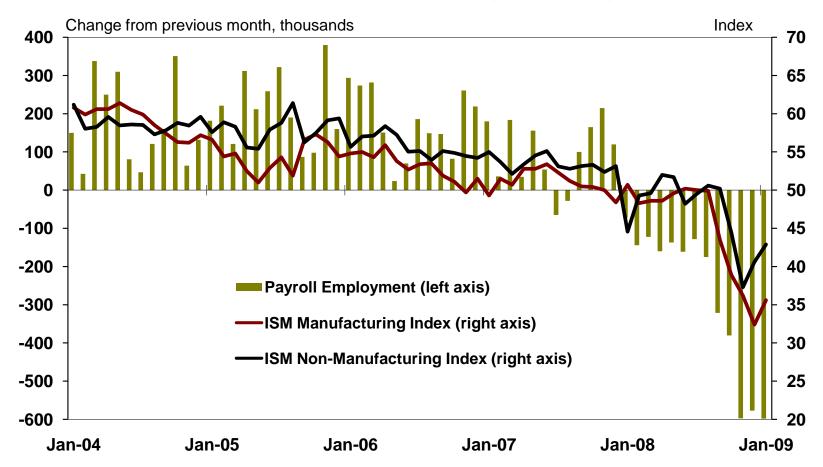
#### Growth in Components of GDP



Percent change from the previous period

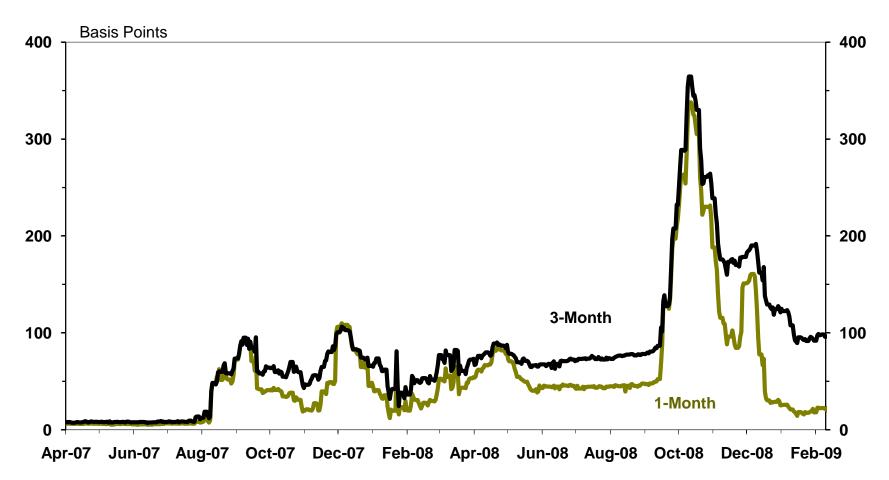
# And weak U.S. business activity has continued on into 2009

#### **National Business Indexes and Payroll Employment**



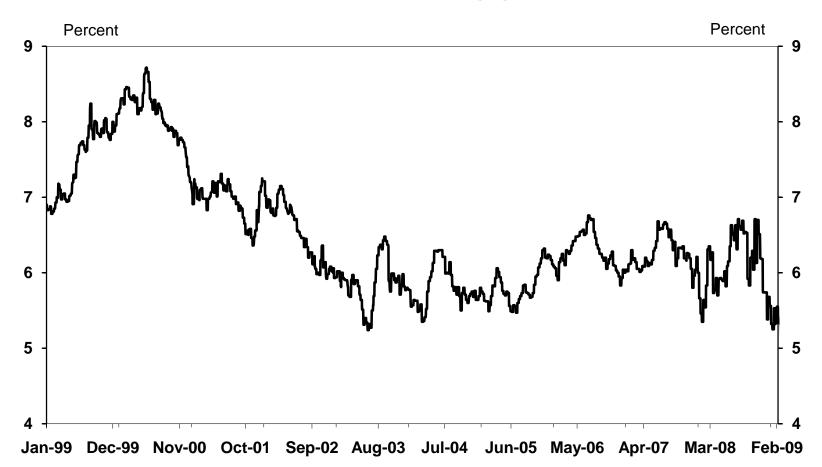
# Short-term credit conditions have improved after worsening in September

LIBOR-OIS Spread

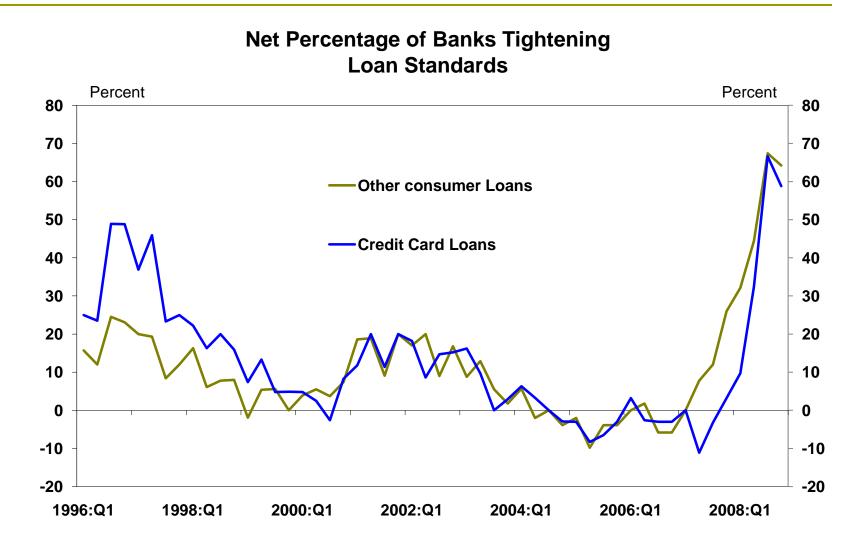


# Mortgage rates have declined, but lending standards on mortgages continue to tighten

**30 Year Fixed Rate Mortgage Rate** 

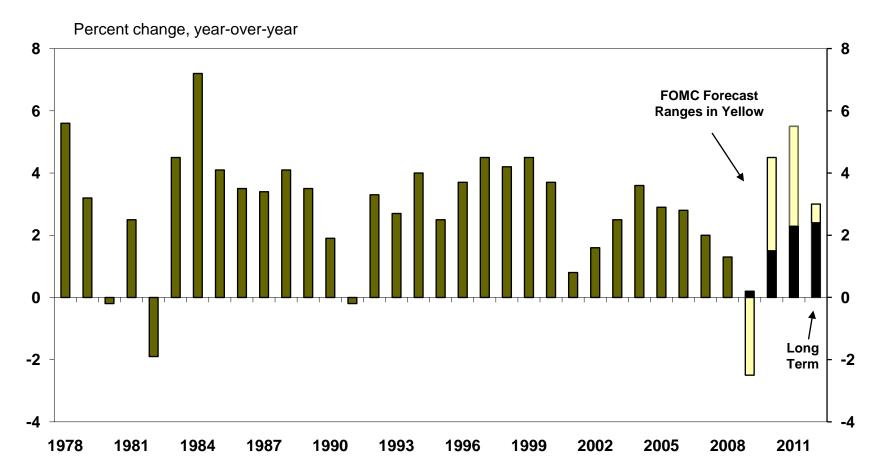


## Bank lending standards on consumer loans also continue to tighten



# Policy-makers are increasingly pessimistic about the near-term economic outlook

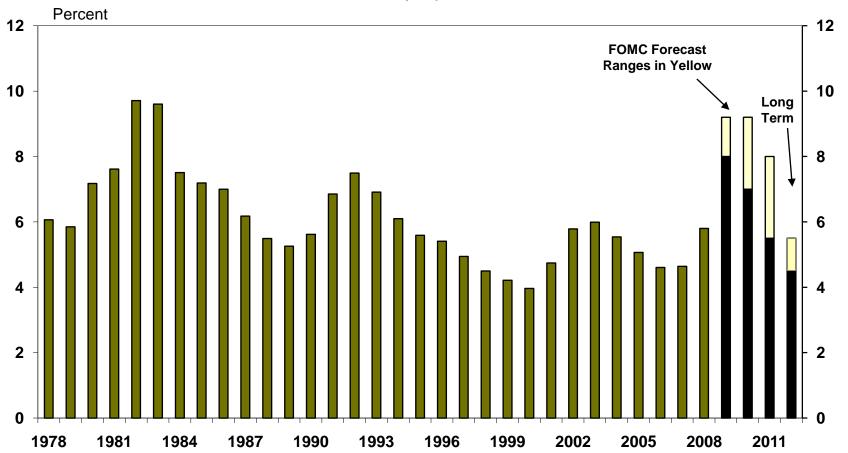
**Gross Domestic Product** 



# And U.S. unemployment is expected to rise further

**Unemployment Rate** 

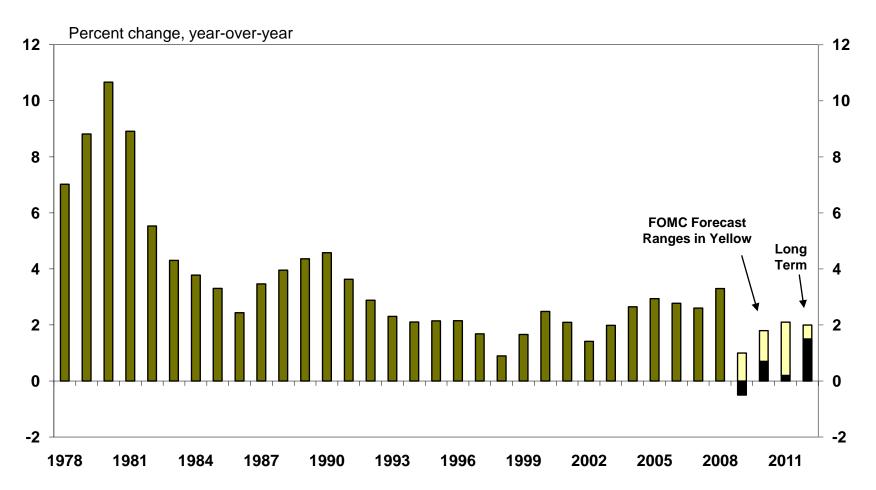
Seasonally Adjusted



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

# Meanwhile, inflation is expected to moderate after rising in 2008

**PCE Inflation Index** 



#### Unemployment remains relatively low in Oklahoma

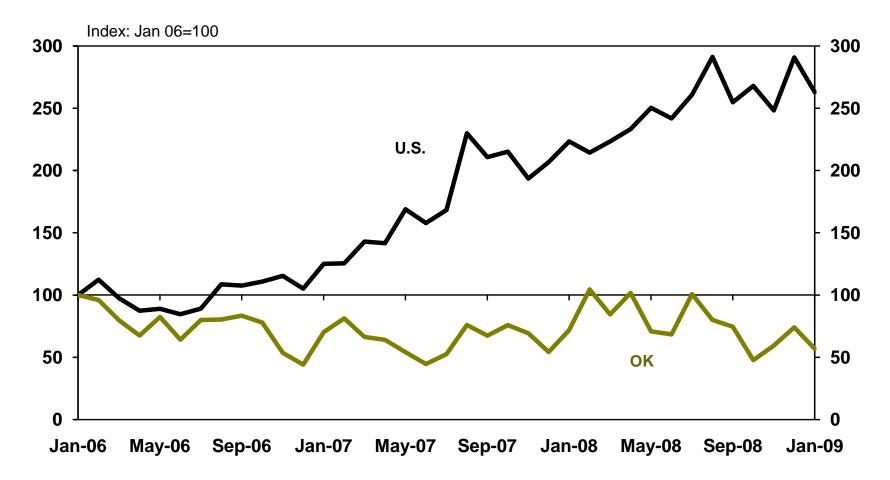


**Unemployment Rate, December 2008** 

Rate

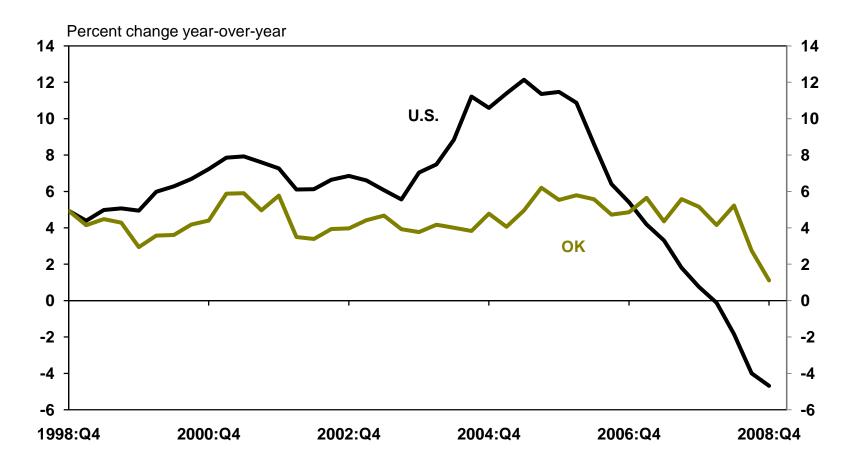
### And so far, foreclosures have remained in check in Oklahoma

Total Foreclosures, U.S. vs. Oklahoma

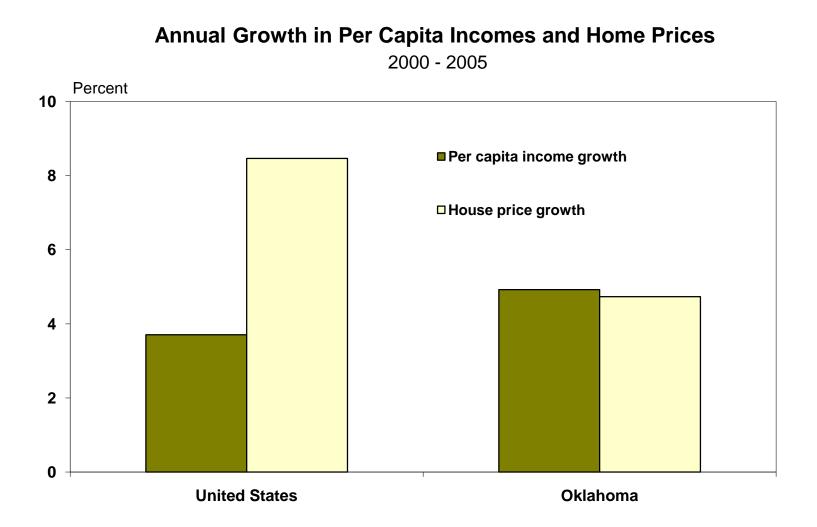


# Oklahoma home prices continued to grow through Q4 2008, even as U.S. prices fell

**Quality-Adjusted Home Price Growth** 

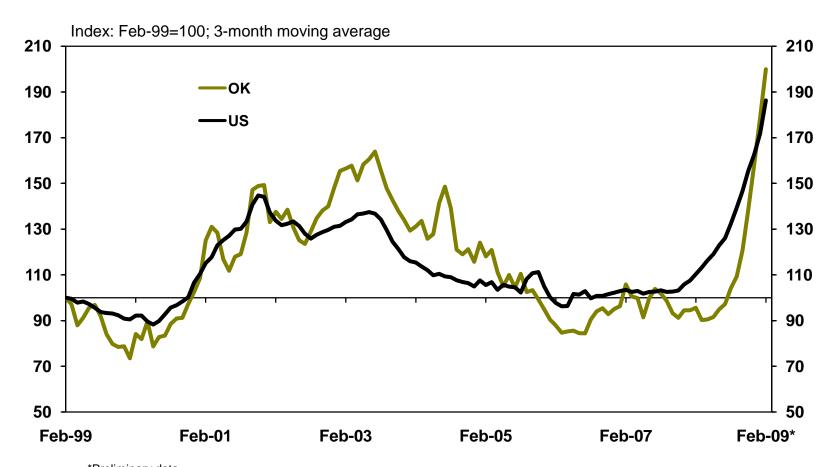


# House price fundamentals were more in line in Oklahoma from 2000 to 2005



# But unemployment claims are now rising rapidly, changing the picture for the state

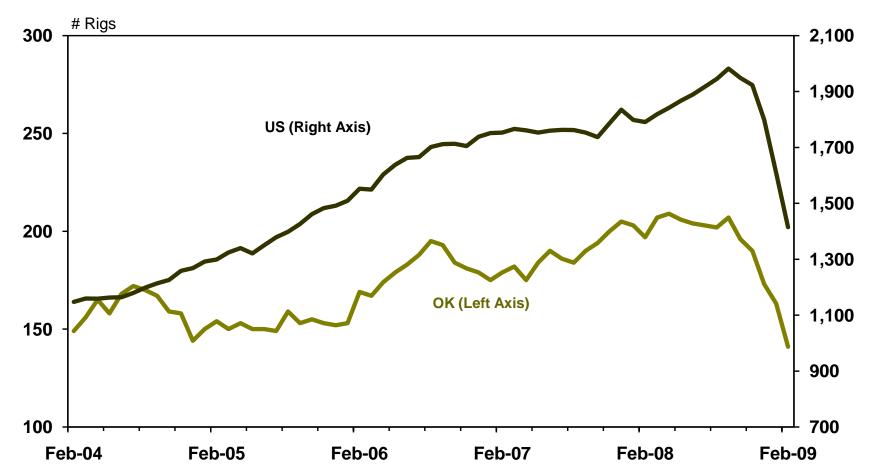
#### **Weekly Unemployment Insurance Claims**



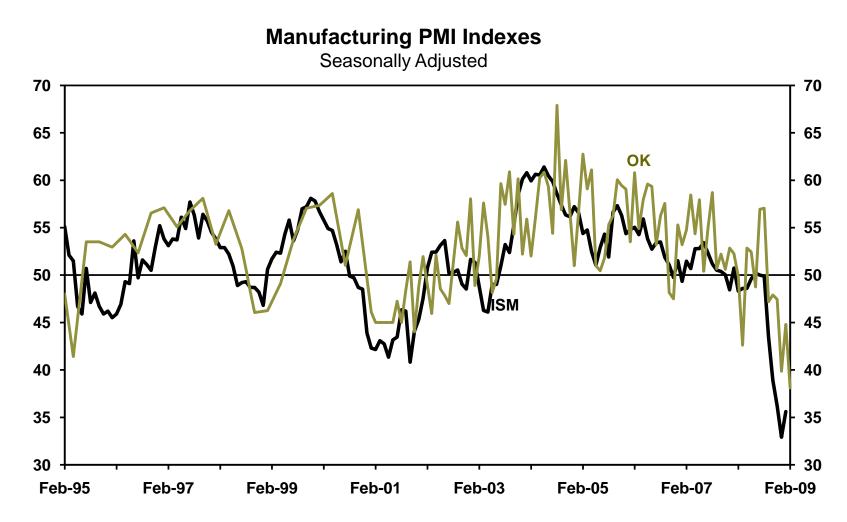
\*Preliminary data Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

## And the rig count has fallen sharply in recent months and is expected to fall further

**Count of Active Drilling Rigs** 



### Manufacturing activity in the state has also fallen sharply in recent months

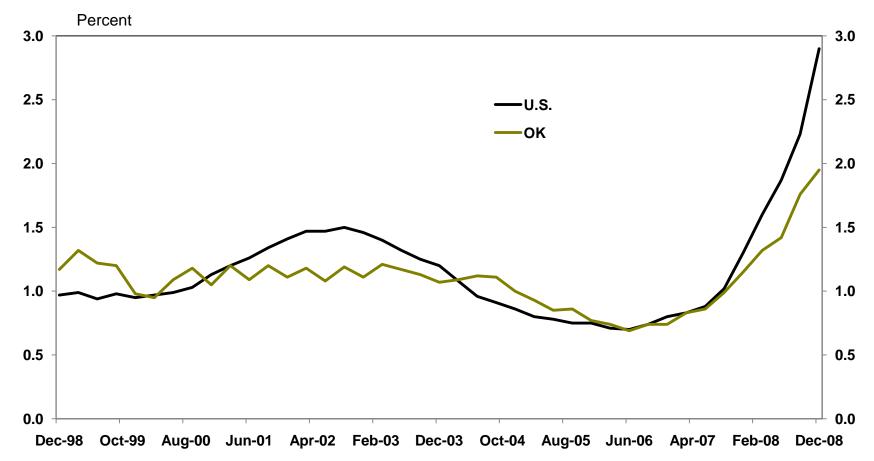


Note: OK index is computed on ISM basis (50 = zero change) Source: ISM, FRBKC Manufacturing Survey

## Delinquent loans have risen considerably in both Oklahoma and the nation

#### Noncurrent Loans and Leases as a Share of Total Leases





### Summary

**u** U.S. economic conditions have deteriorated

Oklahoma conditions remain better, but some recent high-frequency data have been worse

Efforts to boost U.S. growth in 2009 should benefit Oklahoma as well