

Regional Economic Outlook

Alison Felix
Economist
Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

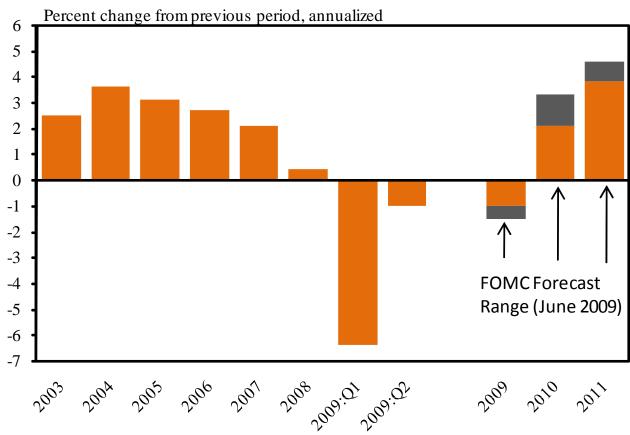
The views expressed are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the positions of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or the Federal Reserve System.

U.S. Economic Overview

- The U.S. economy has contracted sharply since the recession began.
 - Housing markets and construction activity have been very weak.
 - Financial markets and credit conditions have tightened.
 - Manufacturing activity has declined dramatically as export markets weakened and consumers cut back.
 - Labor market conditions have worsened.
- The economy is beginning to show signs of recovery as policies implemented by the Federal Reserve, Treasury, Congress and President start to take hold.

Real GDP has fallen sharply since the recession started in December 2007.

Real Gross Domestic Product

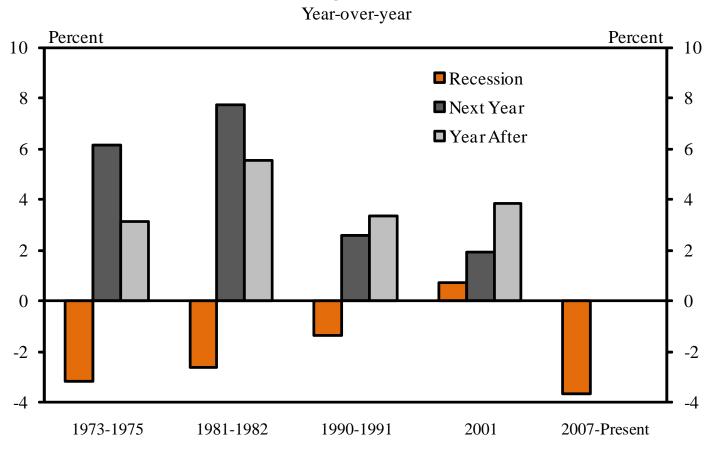


Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis; FOMC

Latest release: 07/31/2009

In the past, the rebound in real GDP has been greater after sharp downturns.

Real GDP During and After Recessions



Source: BEA

Consumption usually makes the largest contribution to GDP in the year following a recession.

Contributions to Real GDP by Component in the Year Following a Recession

Average quarterly rate (at an annualized rate) Percent Percent **1**973-1975 4 **■**1981-1982 **1**990-1991 3 3 **2001** 2 2 0 -1 -1 -2 -2 Consumption Residential Change in **Net Exports** Government **Business Inventories** Investment Investment

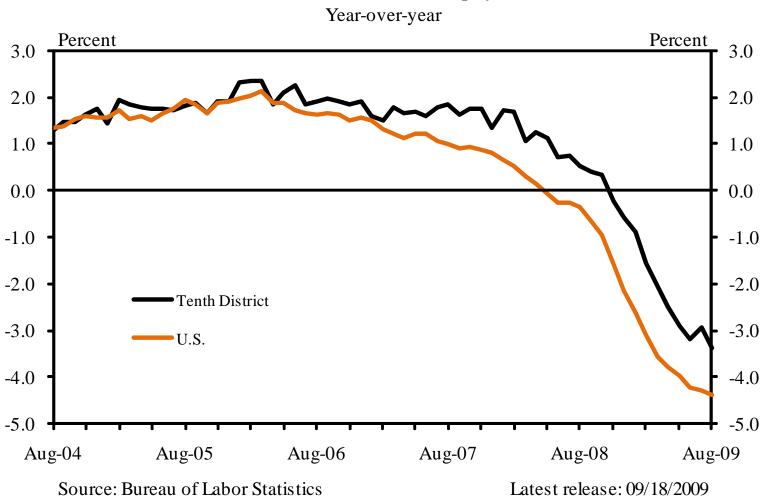
Source: BEA

Regional Overview

- The Tenth District was slow to enter the current recession.
 - The agriculture and energy sectors provided robust support to the region through the third quarter of 2008.
 - Home prices have fallen less than in the nation, and foreclosure rates are much lower than other parts of the country.
- The Tenth District economy is now showing signs of recovery similar to those seen in the national economy.
 - Manufacturing activity is stabilizing.
 - Residential construction activity is starting to increase.
- However, the unemployment rate is likely to remain elevated for some time.

Employment has fallen sharply over the past year.

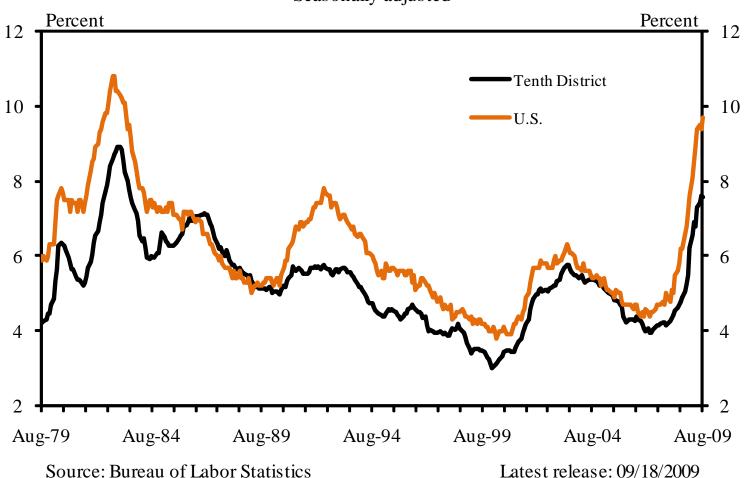
Growth in Total Nonfarm Employment



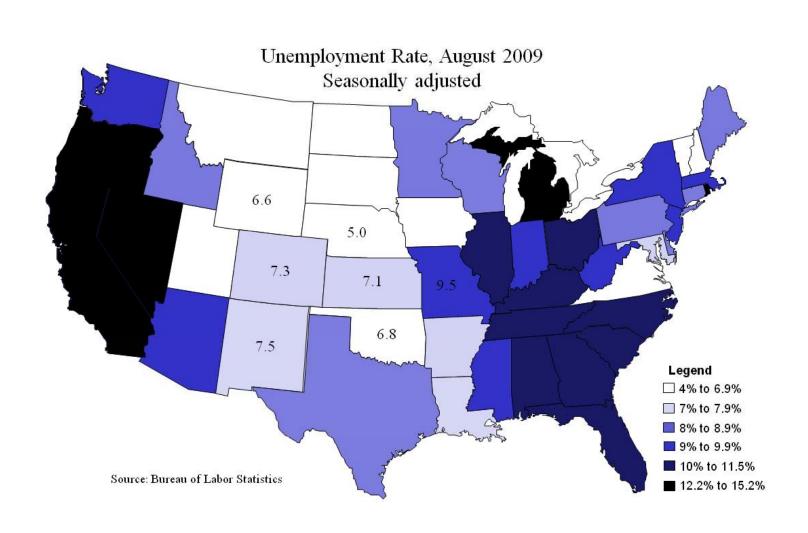
Unemployment rates continue to increase.

Unemployment Rate

Seasonally adjusted

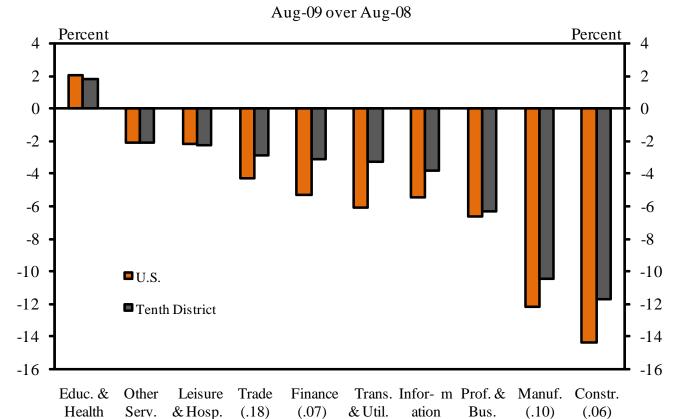


There are large regional variations in unemployment.



The education and health industries are the only industries experiencing job growth.

Private Job Growth by Industry



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics Latest release: 09/18/2009

(.16)

(.05)

(.13)

Note: Number in parentheses is the industry's share of total private jobs in 10J states in Aug-09

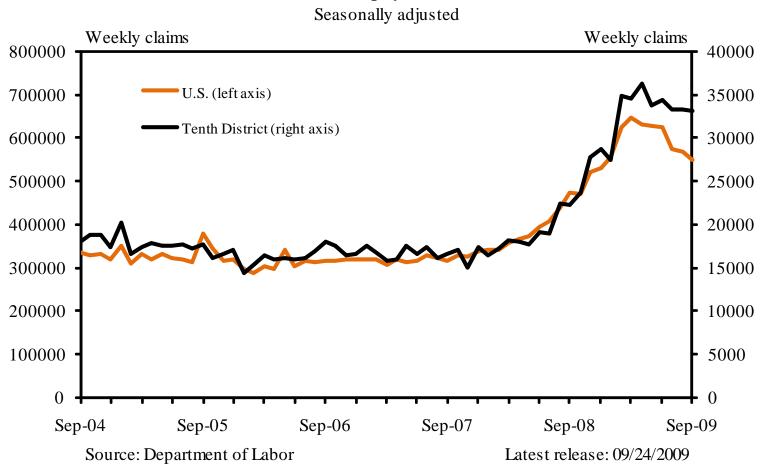
(.05)

(.03)

(.15)

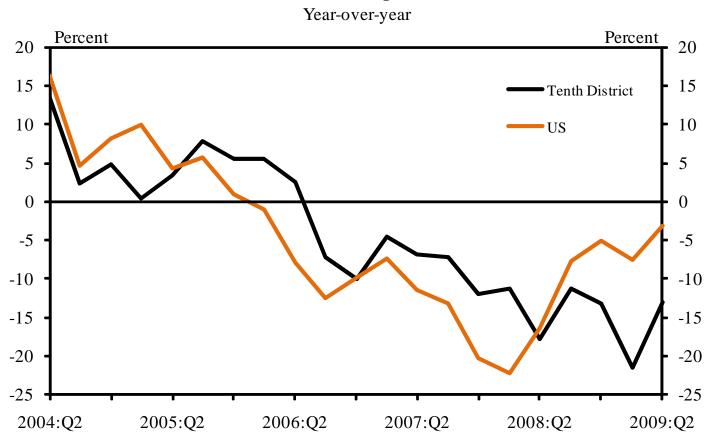
Initial unemployment claims remain elevated.

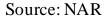
Initial Unemployment Claims



Home sales have fallen sharply since late 2005, but have since increased slightly.

Sales of Existing Homes





The months supply of homes has decreased lately, but remains elevated.

Months Supply of Homes

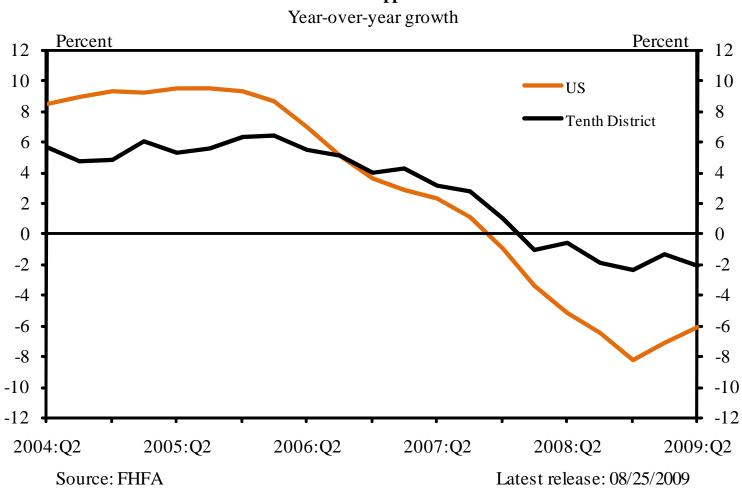
Seasonally adjusted Months Supply Months Supply 12.0 12.0 10.0 10.0 8.0 8.0 6.0 6.0 4.0 4.0 U.S. Tenth District 2.0 2.0 0.0 0.0 Jul-04 Jul-05 Jul-06 Jul-07 Jul-08 Jul-09

Latest release: 09/22/2009

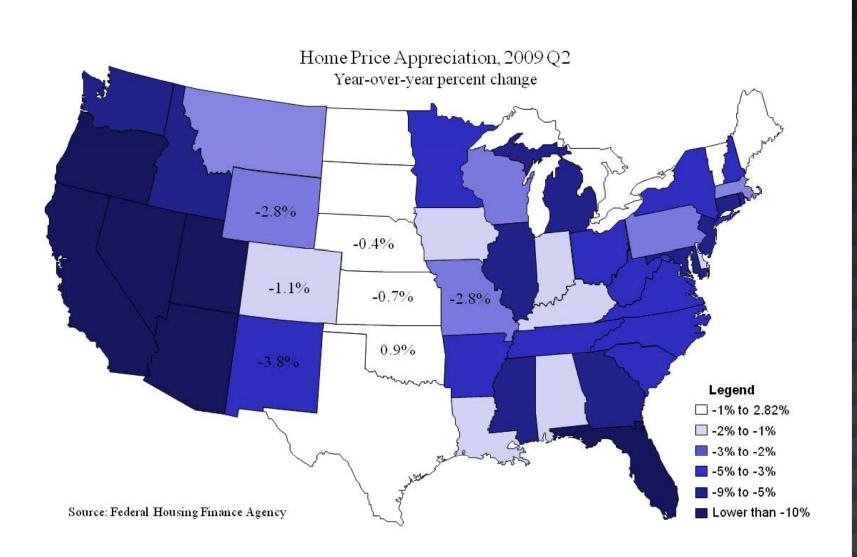
Source: NAR and Local Realtor

Home prices are well below year-ago levels in the U.S.

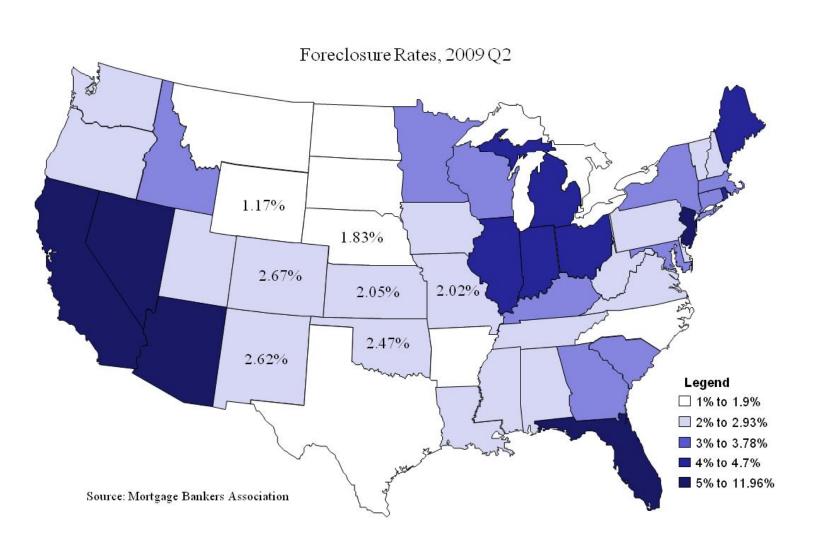
Home Price Appreciation



Home price appreciation has varied widely across the nation.



Foreclosure rates are up across the nation, but regional variation persists.



Residential construction activity has increased slightly over the past few months.

Value of Residential Construction Contracts

Seasonally adjusted Index: Aug-04=100 Index 160 160 Tenth District 140 140 US 120 120 100 100 80 80 60 60 40 40 20 20 Aug-04 Aug-05 Aug-06 Aug-07 Aug-08 Aug-09

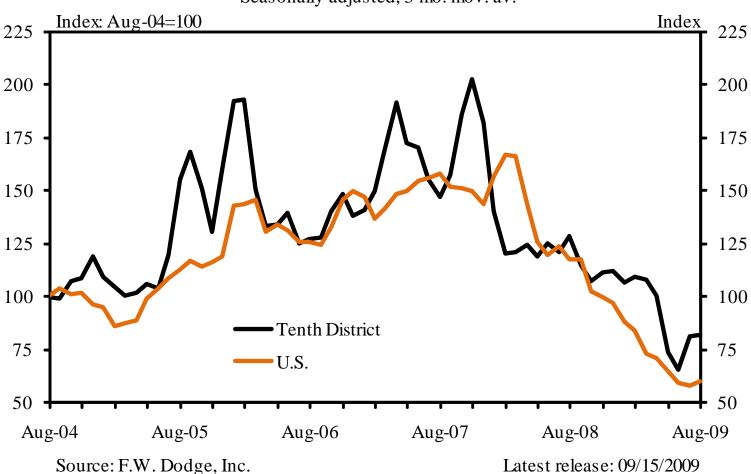
Latest release: 09/15/2009

Source: F.W. Dodge, Inc.

Commercial construction activity remains slow.

Value of Commercial Construction Contracts

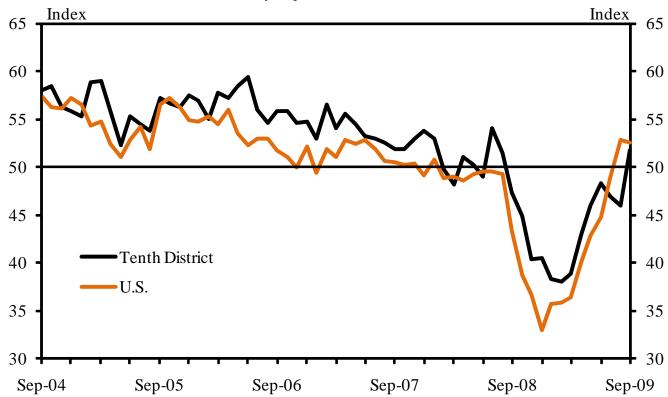
Seasonally adjusted, 3-mo. mov. av.



Recent surveys indicate that manufacturing activity is stabilizing.

Manufacturing Production

Seasonally adjusted; month-over-month



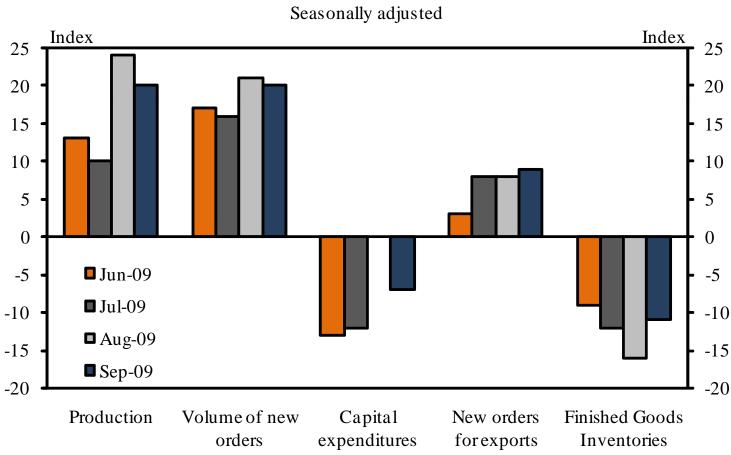
Note: 10J index is computed on ISM basis (50 = zero change)

Sources: ISM, FRBKC Manufacturing Survey

Latest release: 09/23/2009 for the Manufacturing Survey and 09/01/2009 for ISM

Production levels and new orders are expected to increase in the next 6 months.

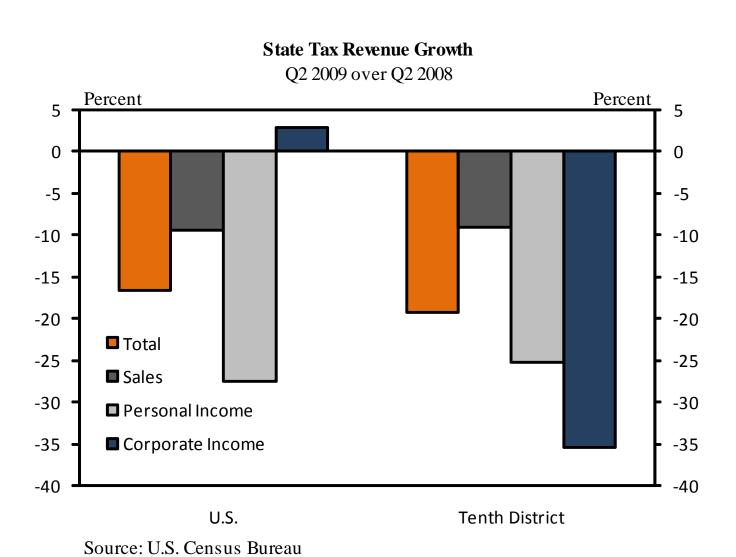
Manufacturing Expectations - Six Months Ahead



Latest release: 09/24/2009

Source: FRBKC Manufacturing Survey

State governments must cut back as tax revenues plummet.



Conclusions

- Most economists expect the U.S. and regional economies to recover gradually over the next couple of years.
- There are several factors that will likely prevent a more robust recovery.
 - Credit conditions remain tighter than pre-recession levels.
 - Consumers seem less willing to spend as they try to rebuild wealth.
 - An excess supply of housing will take time to work off.
 - Unemployment is likely to remain stubbornly high for some time.