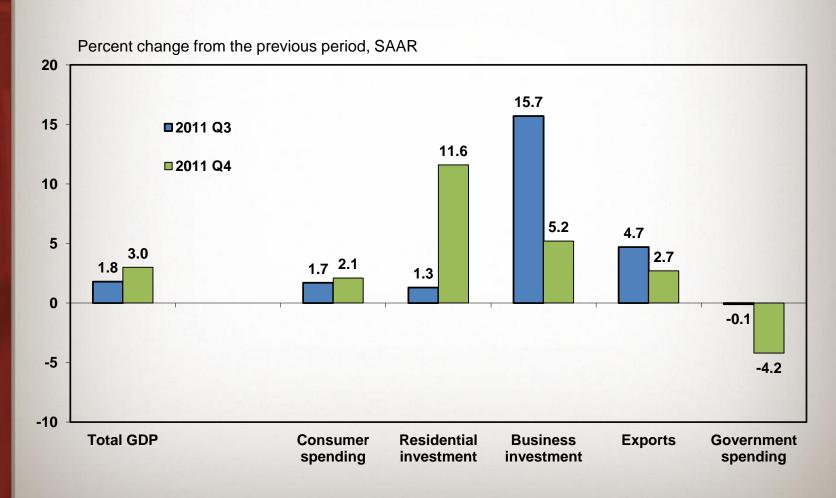
### **Economic Update**

Chad Wilkerson
Vice President and Branch Executive
Oklahoma City Branch



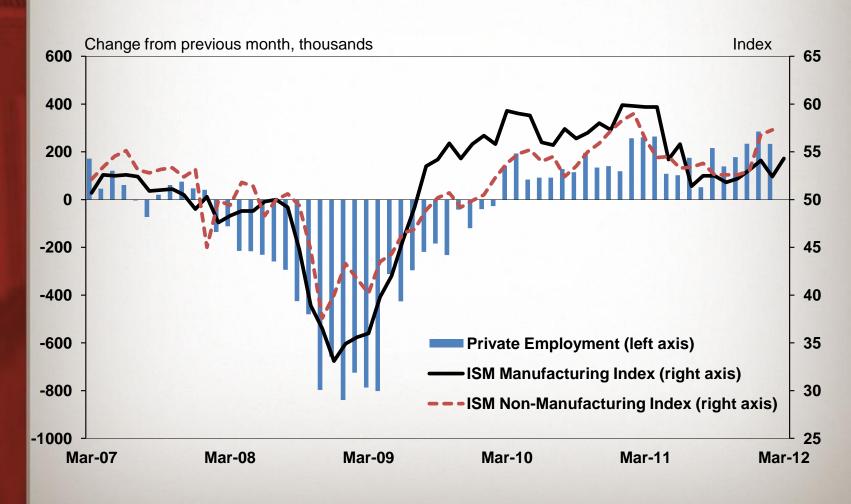
# GDP growth improved in Q4, led by faster growth from consumers and housing

#### **Growth in Components of Real GDP**



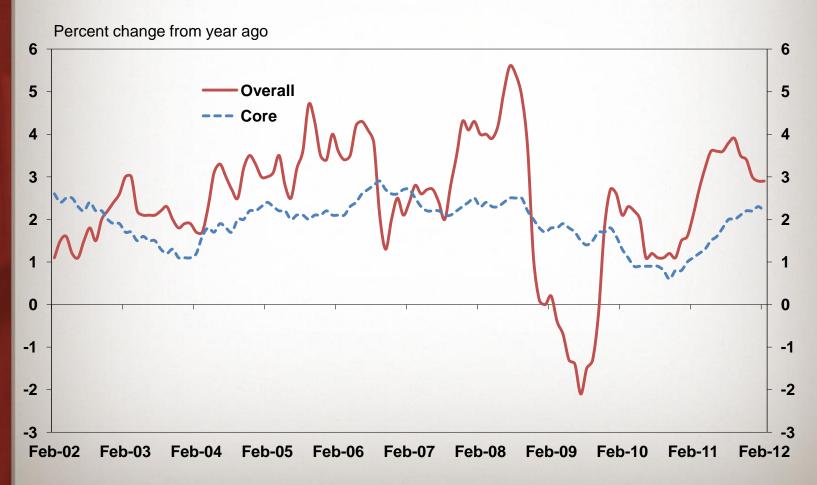
### Early 2012 U.S. data show continued solid rates of growth

#### **U.S. Private Payroll Employment and Business Indexes**



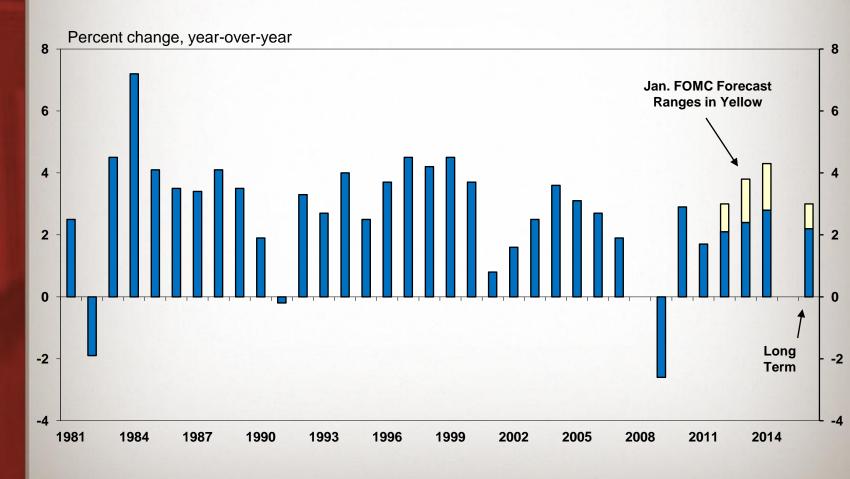
### Both overall and core inflation remain elevated, but have eased slightly

#### **Consumer Price Index**



## In its latest forecasts, the FOMC expected solid GDP growth in 2012

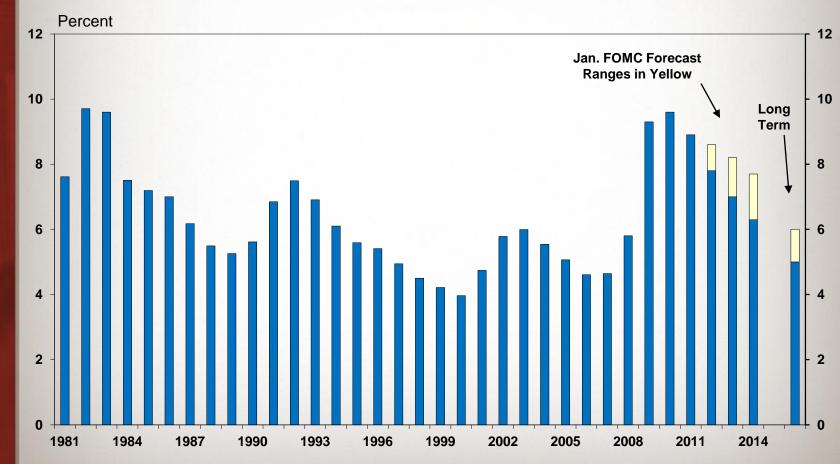
#### **Real Gross Domestic Product**



## But for unemployment to only come down slowly the next few years

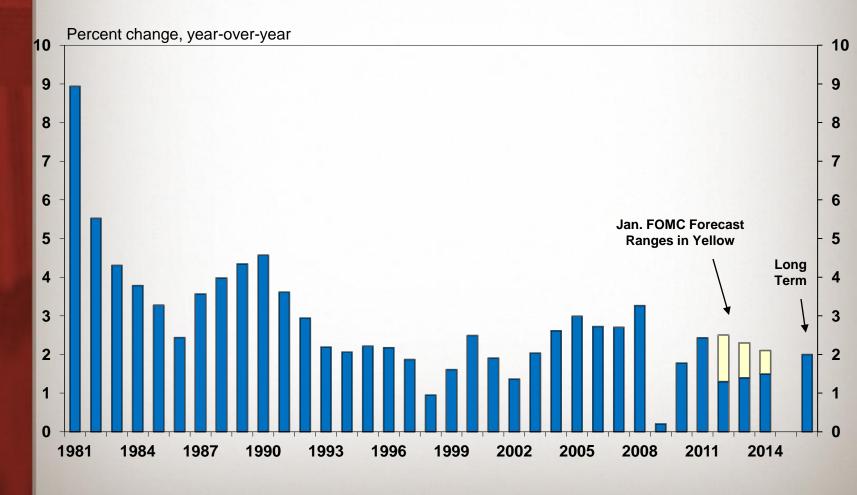
#### **Unemployment Rate**

Seasonally Adjusted



# And for inflation pressures to stabilize after rising with oil and food prices in 2011

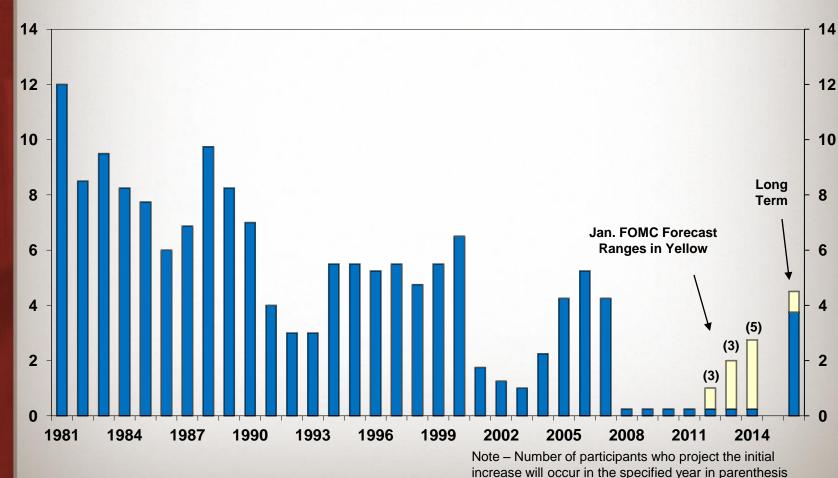
#### **PCE Inflation Index**



### For the first time, the FOMC also released forecasts for interest rates

#### **Federal Funds Rate**

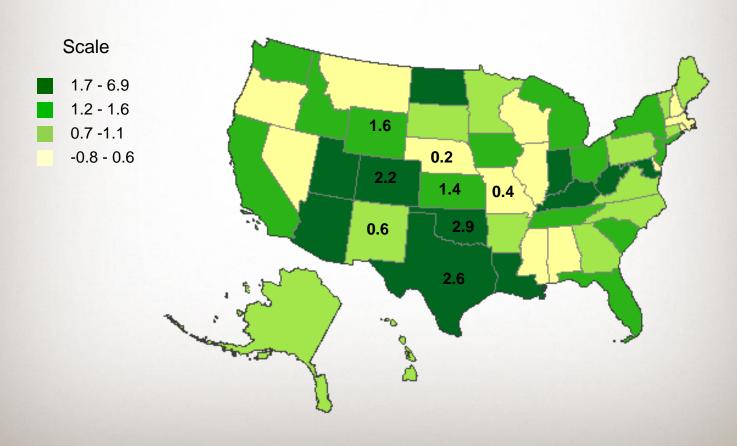
Year-end target



Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, FOMC

### There remains considerable variation in economic strength across the nation

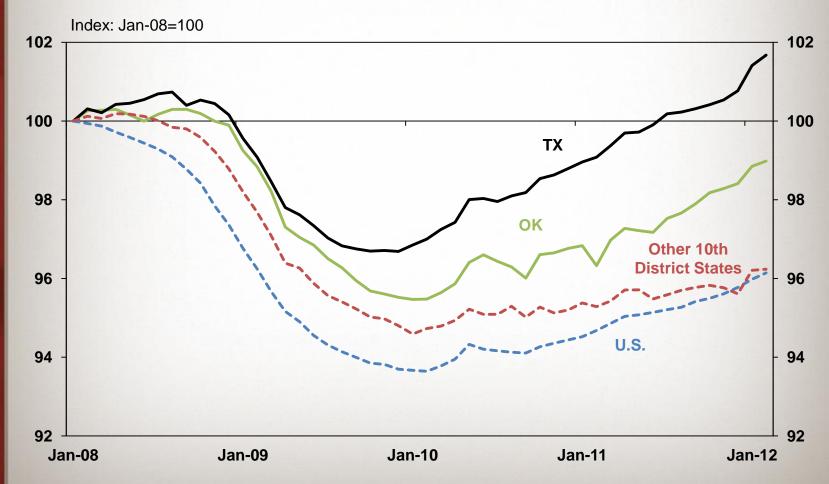
### Employment Growth, Year-over-Year (percent) February 2012



### The level of jobs in OK is nearly back to pre-recession levels, unlike the U.S.

#### **Level of Payroll Employment**

Through February 2012

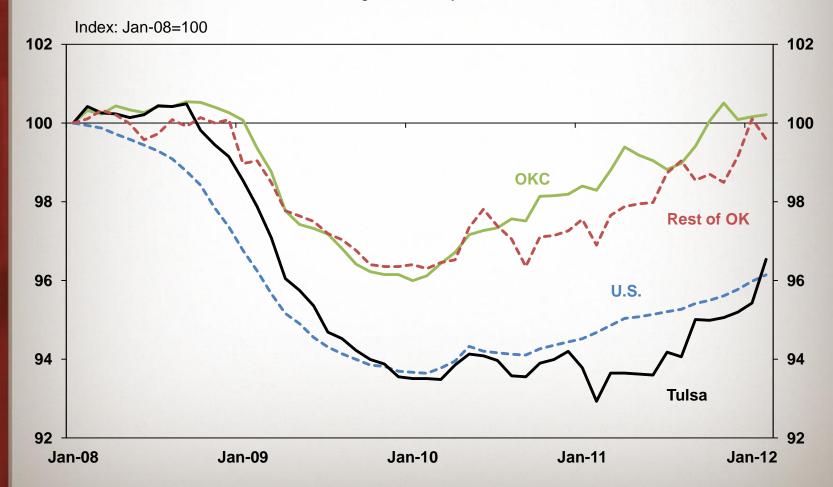


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

## Excluding Tulsa, the state has returned to pre-recession job levels

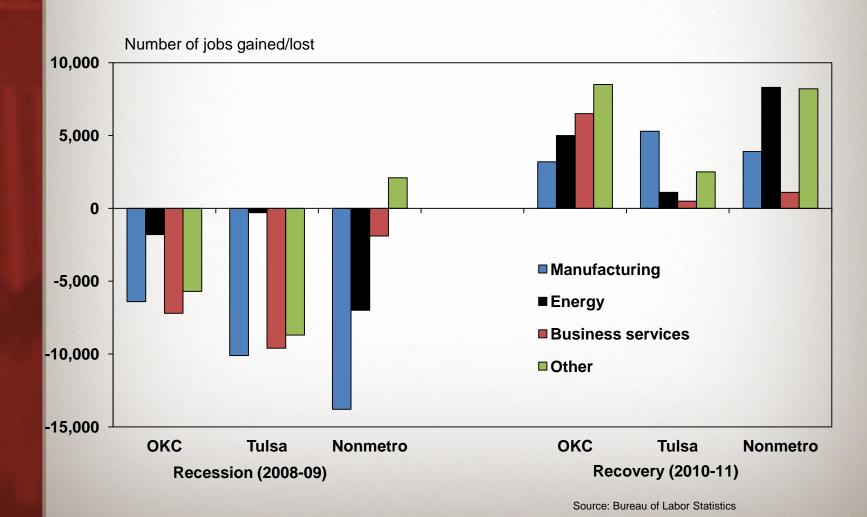
#### **Level of Payroll Employment**

Through February 2012



### Tulsa had much deeper losses during the recession, and has had a slower recovery

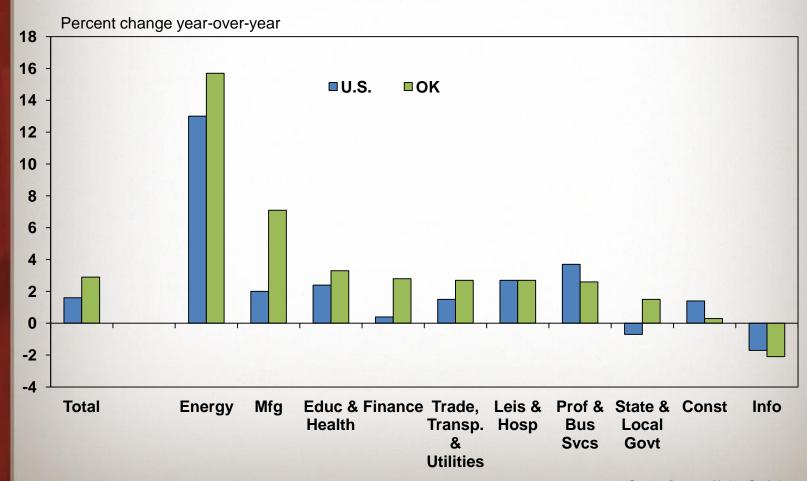
#### Oklahoma Job Growth in Recession and Recovery



### Recent solid growth in Oklahoma has been driven largely by energy and manufacturing

#### **Employment Growth**

February 2012

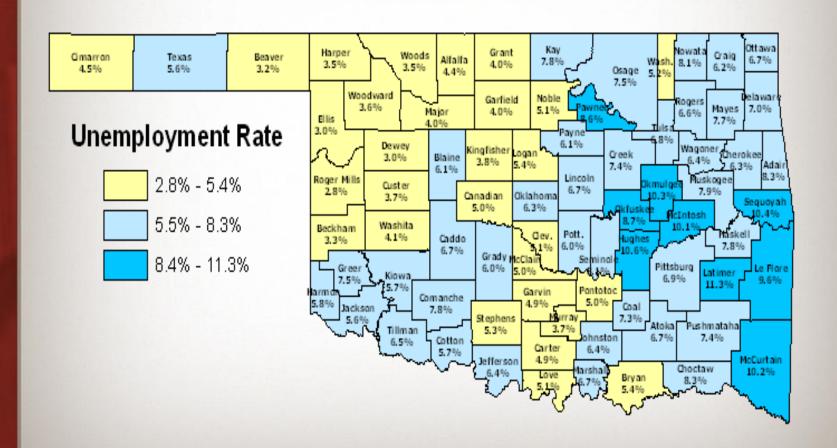


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

### Unemployment in most of Oklahoma is well below the national average

#### **Unemployment Rate by County**

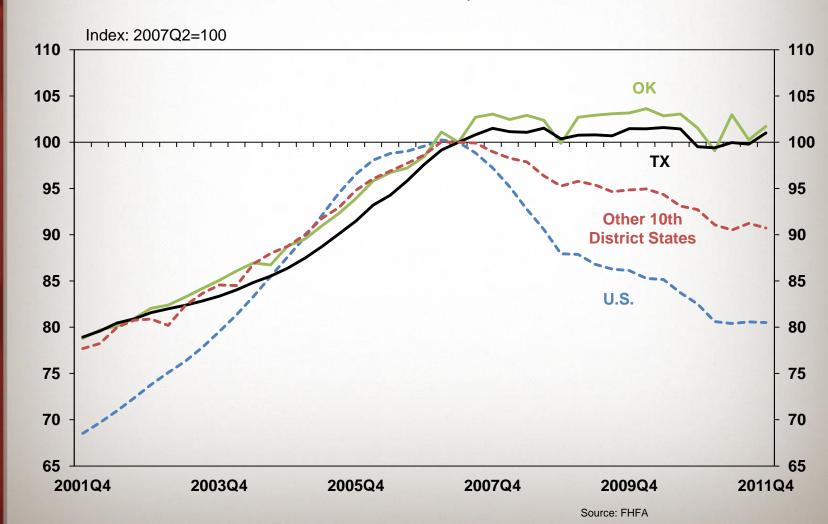
January 2012



### And home prices continue to hold up better, even as national prices fail to find a bottom

#### **Home Price Index**

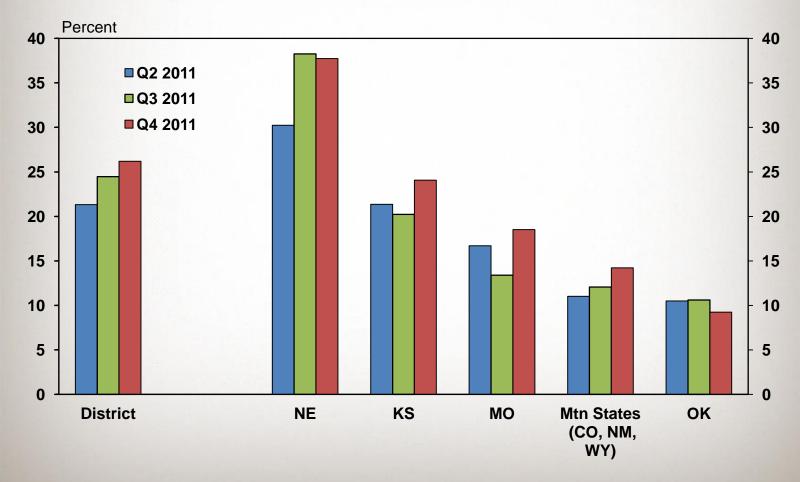
Purchase-Only



### Regional farmland prices continue to surge, but not as much in Oklahoma so far

#### **Tenth District Non-Irrigated Cropland Values**

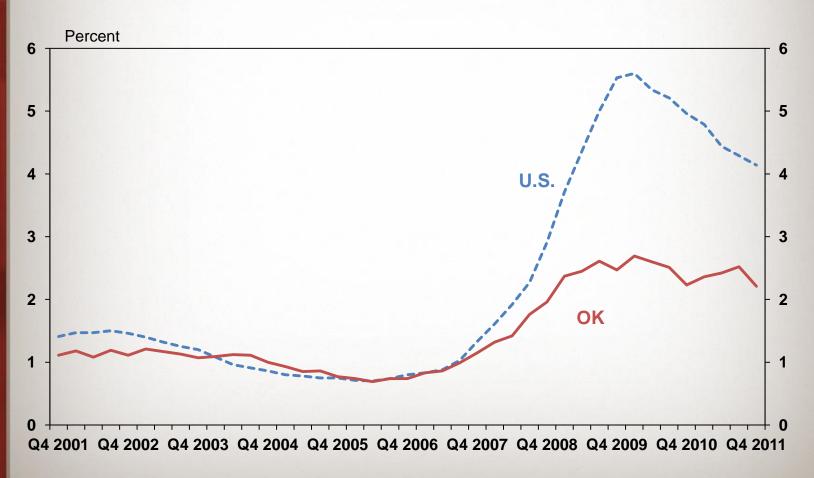
Percent Change, Year-over-year



### Problem loans are still elevated in OK, but much less so than in banks nationally

#### Noncurrent Loans as a Share of Total Loans

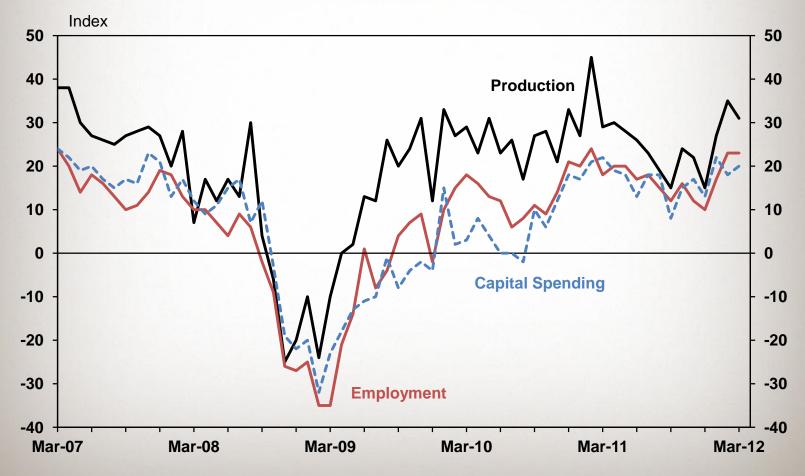
**Commercial Banks** 



## Purchasing managers in the region remain fairly optimistic about 2012 growth

#### **Tenth District Manufacturing Expectations**

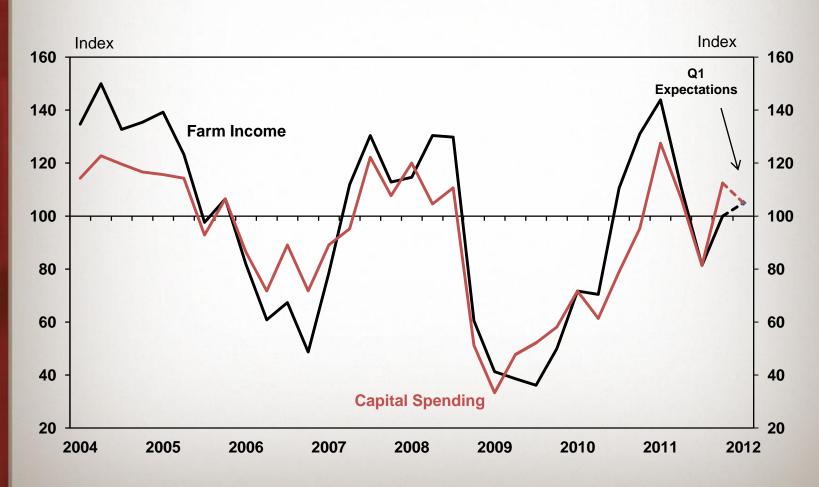
Six-Months Ahead, Seasonally Adjusted



Source: KC, Dallas FRB Manufacturing Surveys

### Agricultural conditions in the state have improved after last year's drought

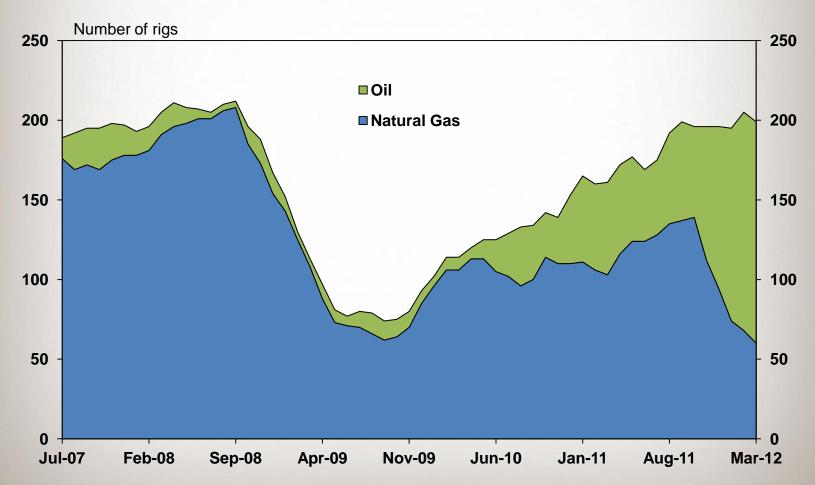
#### **Oklahoma Agricultural Conditions**



Source: KCFRB Ag Credit Survey

### Energy activity remains strong but has leveled with lower natural gas prices

#### **Oklahoma Rig Count**



Source: Baker Hughes

### Conclusions

■ The U.S. economy continues to grow moderately, amid limited inflation, but growth varies widely across states

Growth in Oklahoma remains better than the nation and region, driven largely by energy and manufacturing

### **Questions?**



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