# The Fed and the Economy in the U.S. and Oklahoma



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## Federal Reserve Districts and Office Locations





### The U.S. Economy

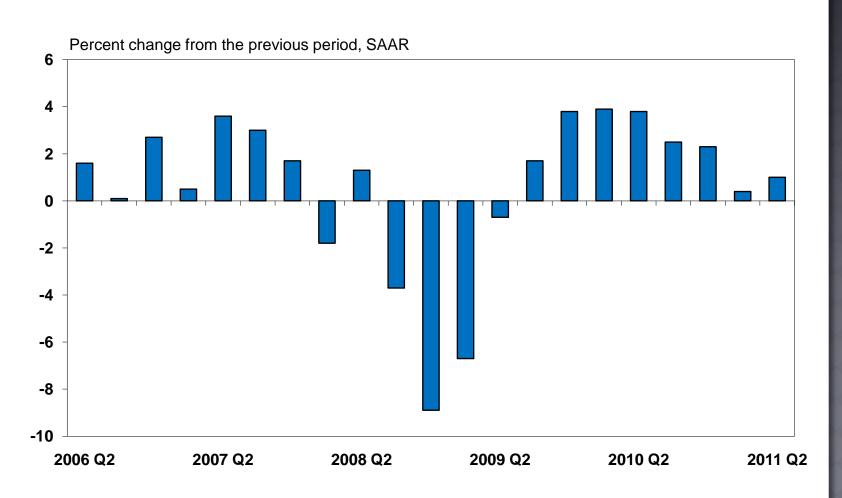
□ Review of 2011 economic data

■ FOMC forecasts and policy



# Real GDP growth has slowed in 2011, following solid growth in 2010

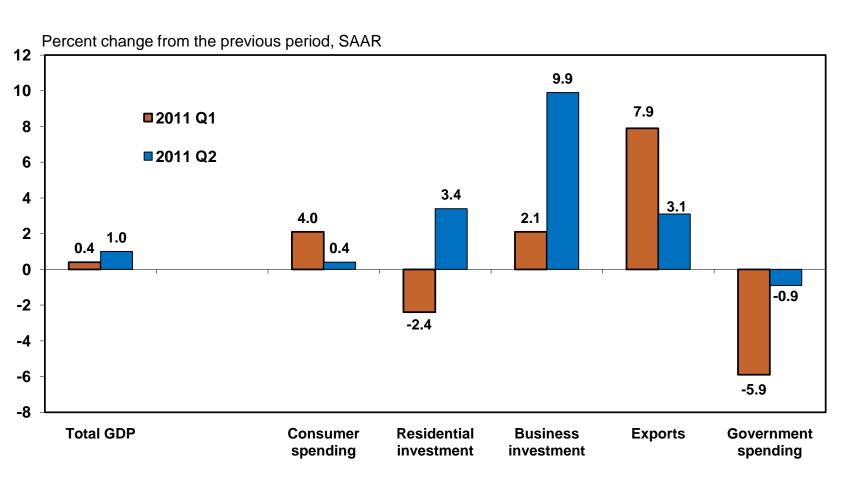
#### **U.S. Real Gross Domestic Product**





# Business investment was big contributor, while consumers and governments dragged

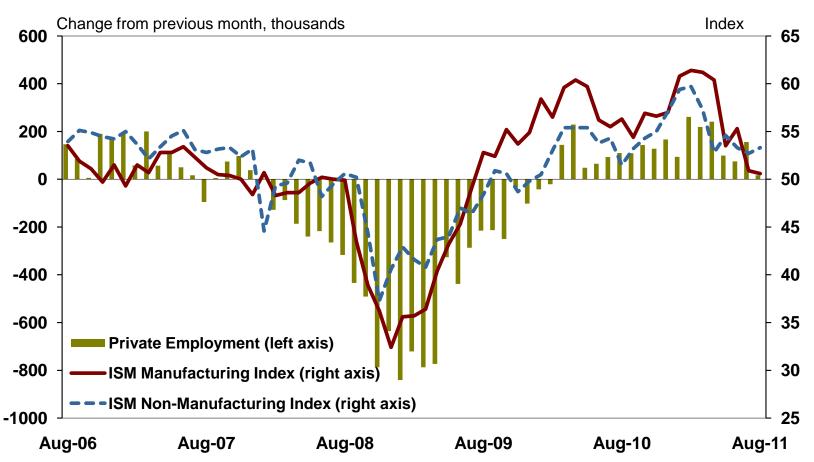
### **Growth in Components of Real GDP**





# Q3 data have been mixed but indicative of modest overall U.S. economic growth

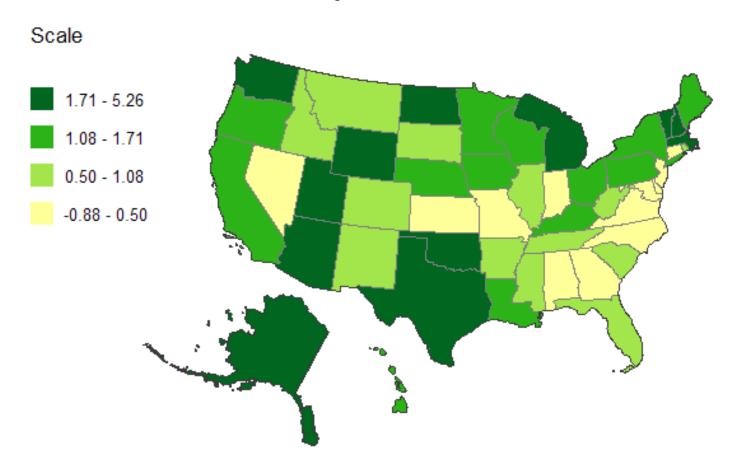
### **U.S. Private Payroll Employment and Business Indexes**





# There is considerable variation in economic strength across the nation

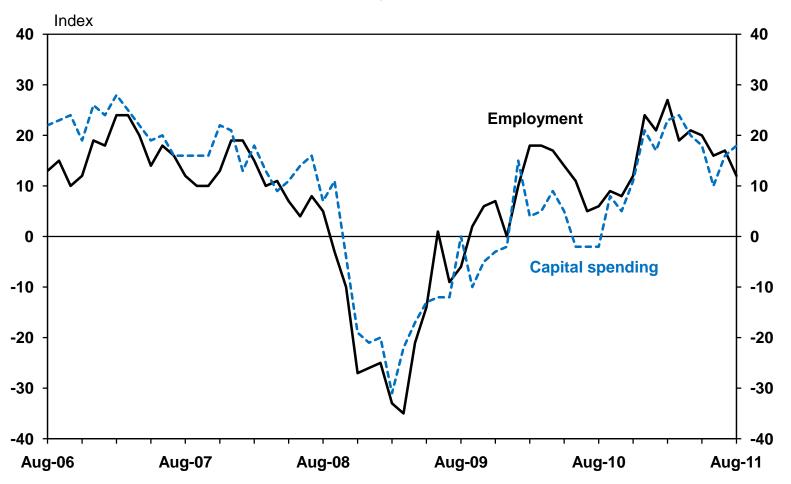
Employment Growth, Year-over-Year (percent)
August 2011



# Firms' hiring and investment plans remained relatively solid through the summer

### **Tenth District Manufacturing Survey Expectations**

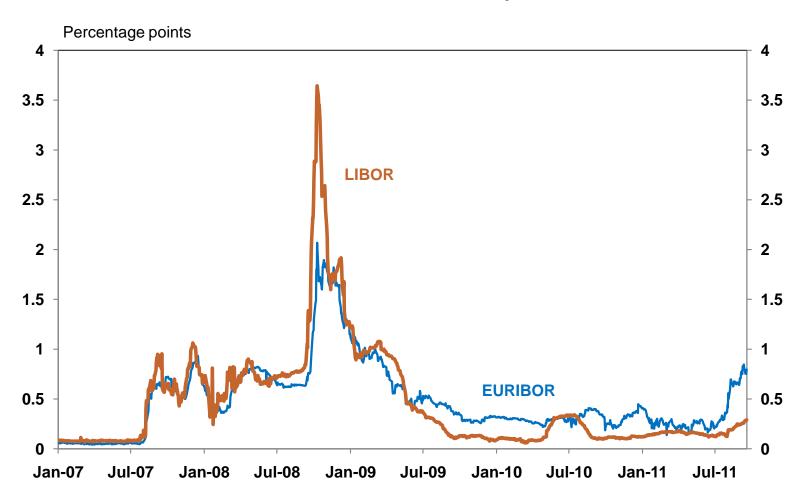
Net Share of Firms Planning to Expand in Next 6 Months





# But financial stress is increasing in Europe, as measured by interbank lending rates

### **EURIBOR & LIBOR-OIS Spreads**

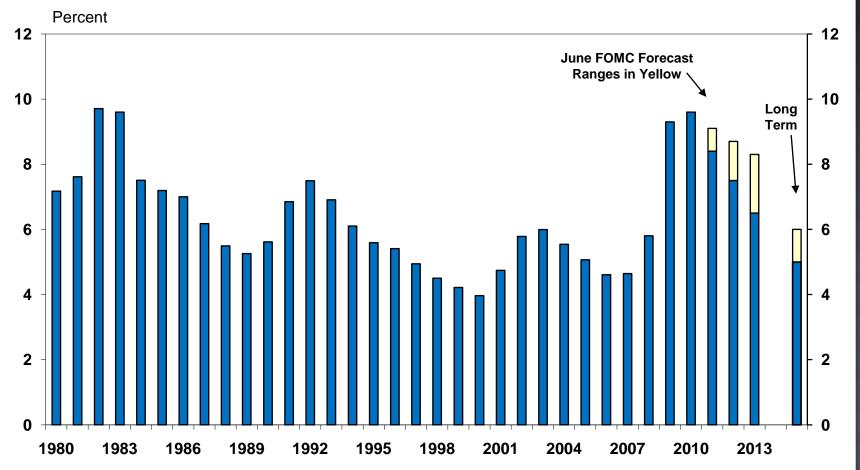




# At its June meeting the FOMC forecast U.S. unemployment to come down only slowly

### **Unemployment Rate**

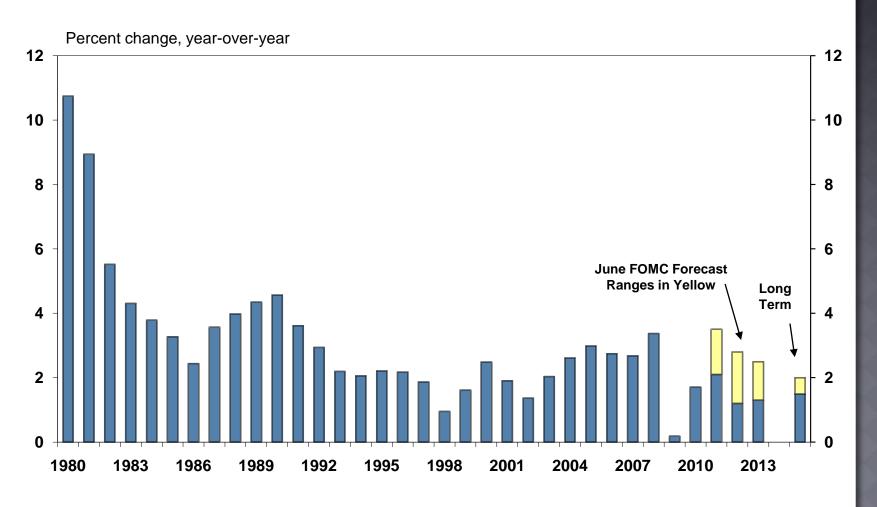
Seasonally Adjusted





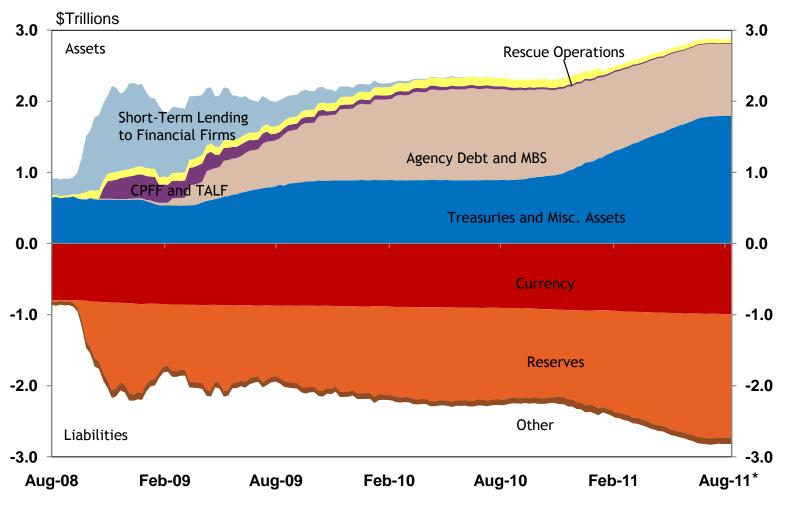
# And for inflation pressures to ease after rising with oil and food prices in 2011

#### **PCE Inflation Index**



## The Fed's balance sheet has tripled in size, and the fed funds rate remains near zero

#### **Federal Reserve Balance Sheet**





### September 21, 2011 FOMC Statement

- "To support a stronger economic recovery and to help ensure that inflation, over time, is at levels consistent with the dual mandate, the Committee decided today to extend the average maturity of its holdings of securities. The Committee intends to purchase, by the end of June 2012, \$400 billion of Treasury securities with remaining maturities of 6 years to 30 years and to sell an equal amount of Treasury securities with remaining maturities of 3 years or less. This program should put downward pressure on longer-term interest rates and help make broader financial conditions more accommodative....
- "To help support conditions in mortgage markets, the Committee will [also] now reinvest principal payments from its holdings of agency debt and agency mortgage-backed securities in agency mortgage-backed securities. In addition, the Committee will maintain its existing policy of rolling over maturing Treasury securities at auction. The Committee also decided to keep the target range for the federal funds rate at 0 to 1/4 percent and currently anticipates that economic conditions--including low rates of resource utilization and a subdued outlook for inflation over the medium run--are likely to warrant exceptionally low levels for the federal funds rate at least through mid-2013...
- "Voting against the action were: Richard W. Fisher [Dallas Fed pres.], Narayana Kocherlakota [Minneapolis Fed pres.], and Charles I. Plosser [Philadelphia Fed pres.], who did not support additional policy accommodations at this time."



### The Oklahoma Economy

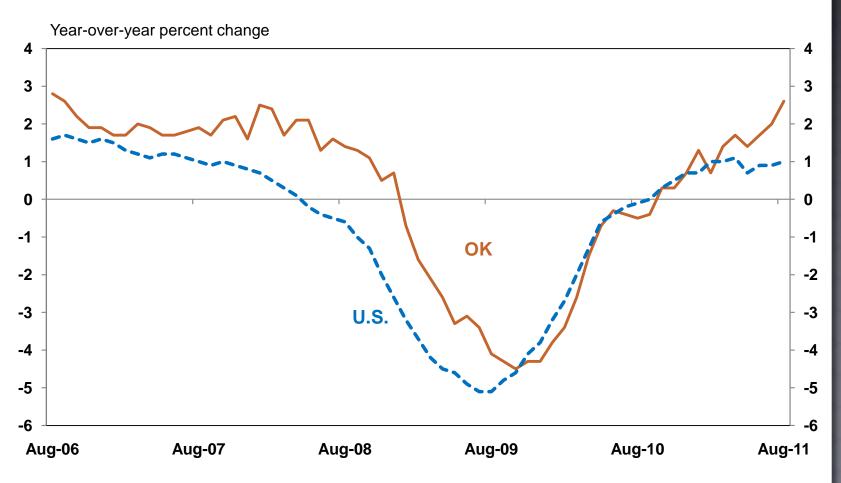
■ Review of recent economic data

Closer look at labor and energy



# Oklahoma had a much milder recession, and has recently been adding jobs rapidly

### **Payroll Employment**

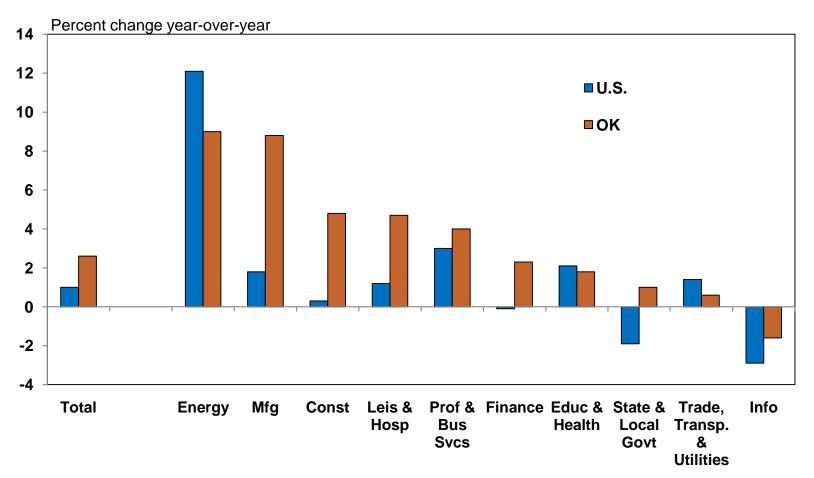




# Most Oklahoma sectors have grown solidly in 2011, led by energy and manufacturing

### **Employment Growth**

August 2011

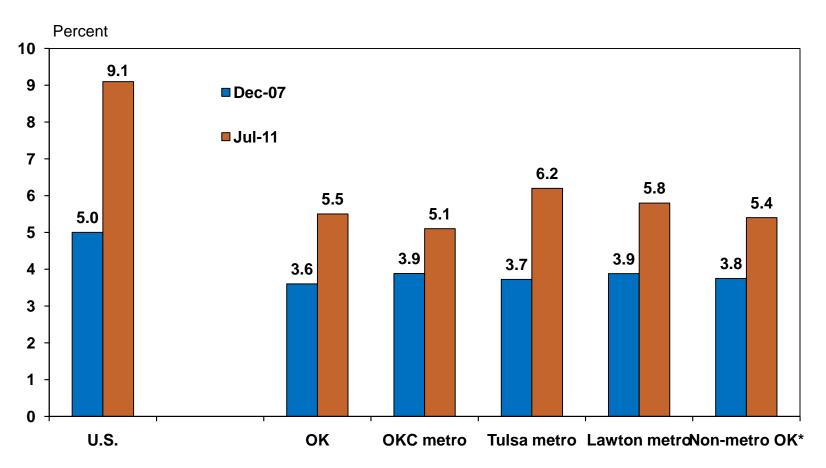




## Unemployment in much of the state is back to what is often considered "full employment"

### **Unemployment Rate**

Seasonally Adjusted\*

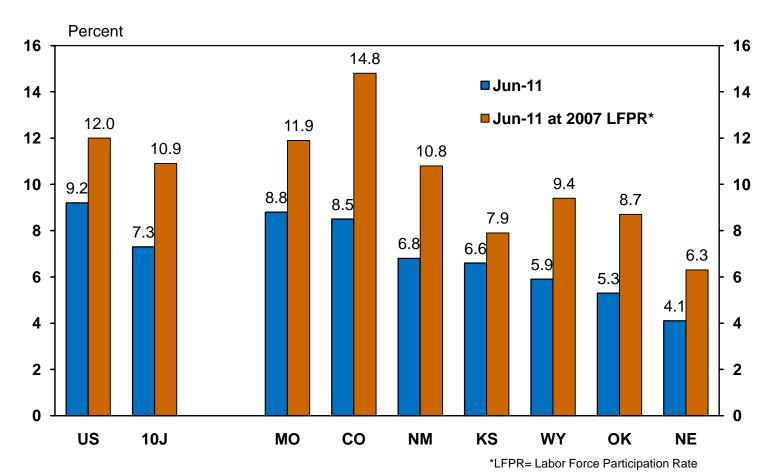




# However, labor markets may not be overly tight due to labor force dropouts

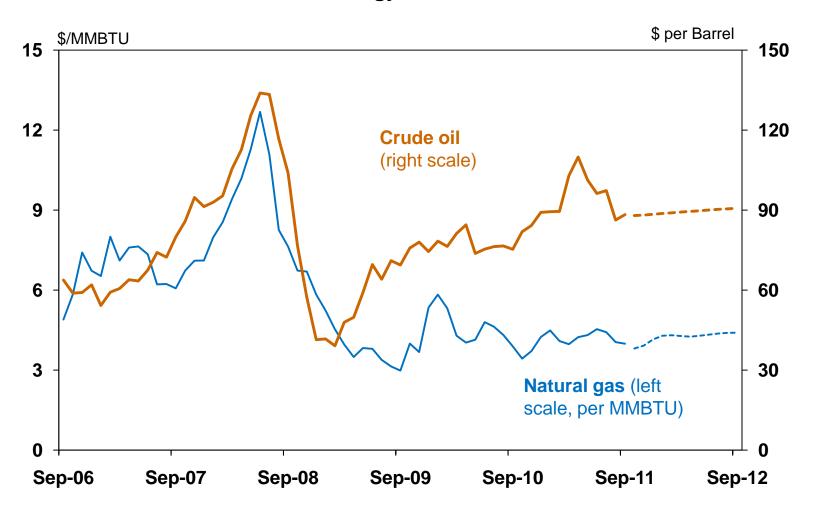
### **Unemployment Rate by State**

Seasonally Adjusted



# As always, energy prices are Oklahoma's biggest risk relative to nation

### **Energy Prices**





### **Summary**

■ The U.S. economy is facing some headwinds following only modest expansion in the first half of 2011

Oklahoma's growth has been more solid, and fundamentals remain better in the state than the nation

