Colorado in the Recession and Recovery



FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY
DENVER BRANCH

Colorado Real Estate and Economic Summit

Mark C. Snead

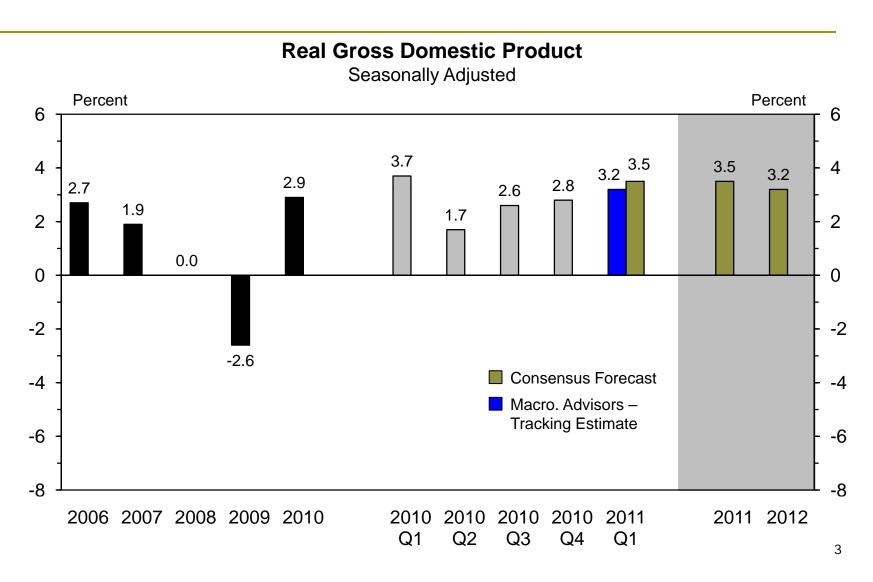
Vice President and Branch Executive
Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City - Denver Branch

We only need a <u>few</u> things for recovery...

- 1. Solid economic growth
- 2. Private sector job gains
- 3. Normal income growth
- 4. Normal consumer spending
- 5. Reduction in household debt
- 6. Increase in the savings rate
- 7. An end to the real estate debacle

GDP growth is accelerating once again

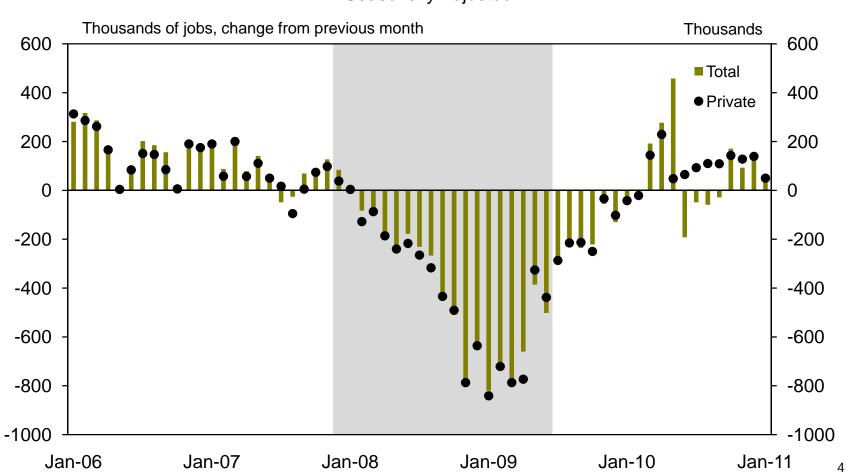
tracking estimates suggest 3.0-3.5% growth currently



Consistent private sector job gains since Jan 2010

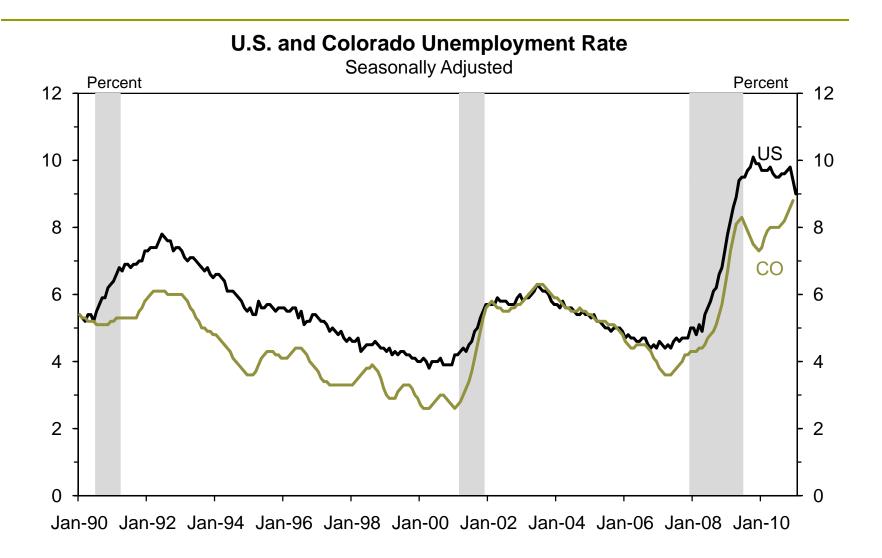


Seasonally Adjusted



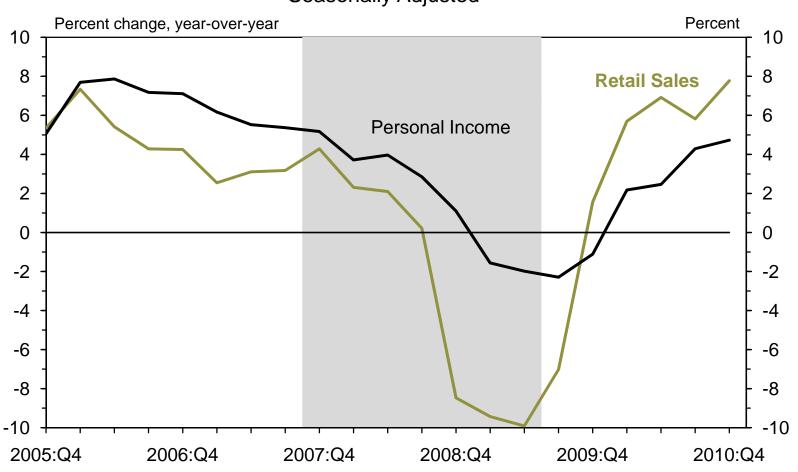
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. jobless rate should fall about 1% per year normal 5-6% rate reached in 2014/15



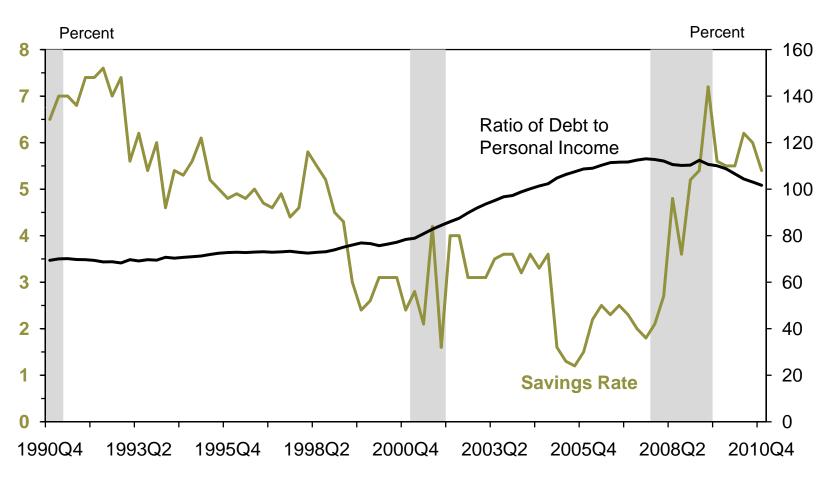
Income and spending gains stronger than expected

Growth in U.S. Retail Sales and Personal Income Seasonally Adjusted



Households are reducing debt and saving more

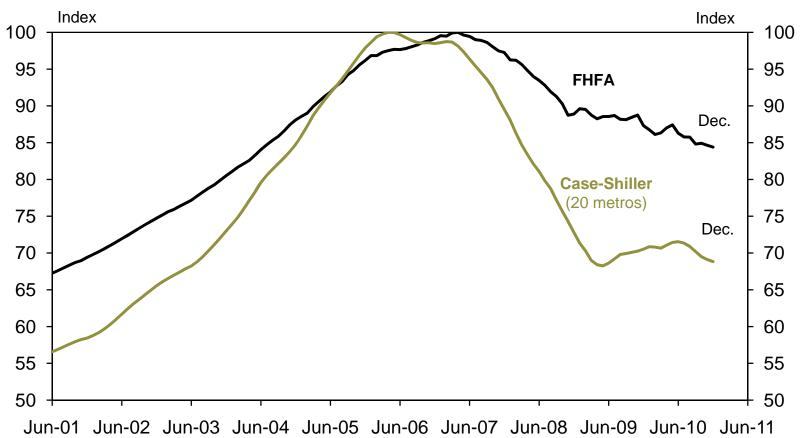
U.S. Personal Savings Rate and Debt-to-Personal Income Ratio



No clear bottom in U.S. housing prices

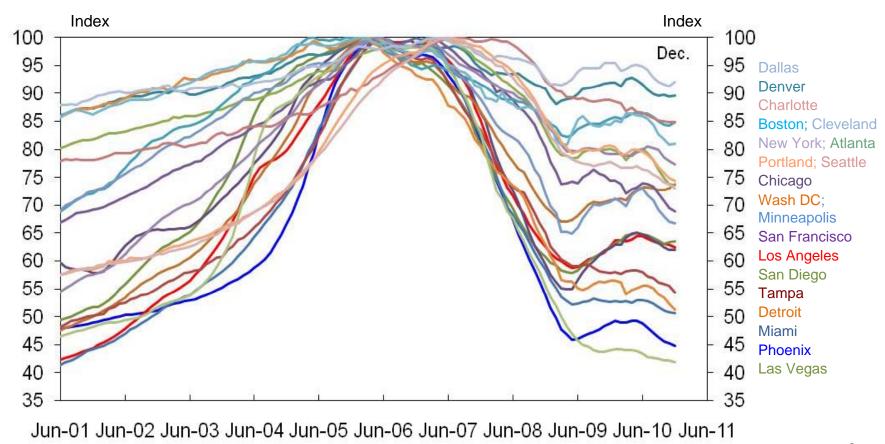
but long-run (20-year) gains remain near inflation

U.S. Single-Family House Price Level



Size of price run-up related to size of correction

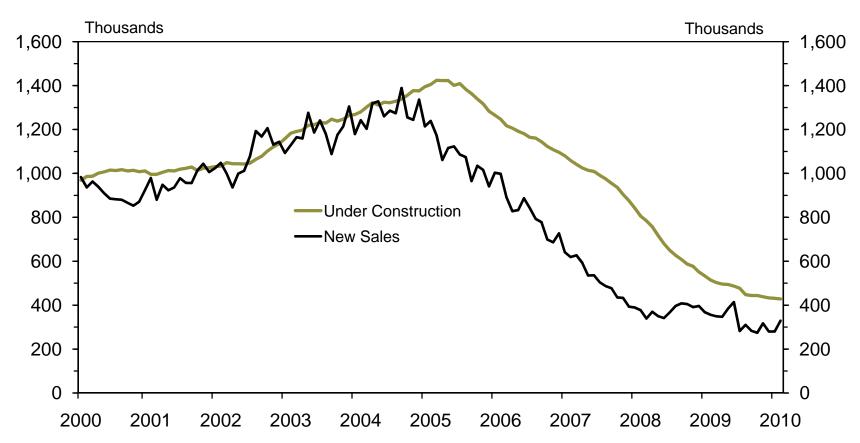
Case-Shiller Home Price Indices for 20 Metro Areas



Gap remains between construction and sales

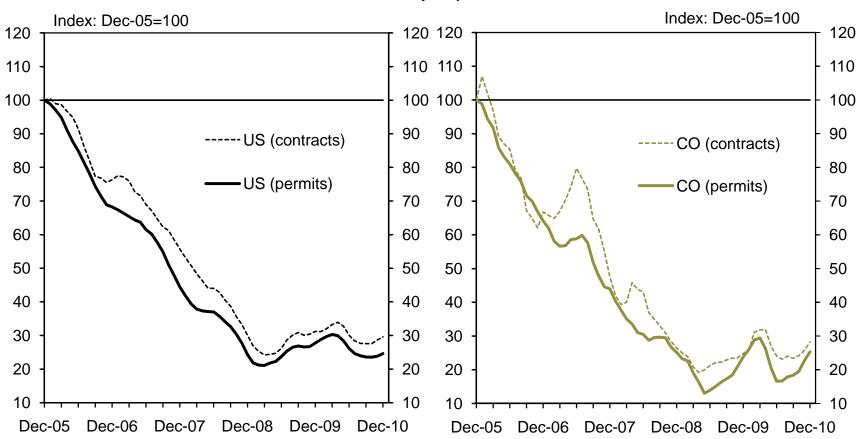
has narrowed since late 2005

New Residential Construction for Sale



CO new home construction tracking the U.S.

Value of Residential Construction Contracts; Single-Family Housing Permits

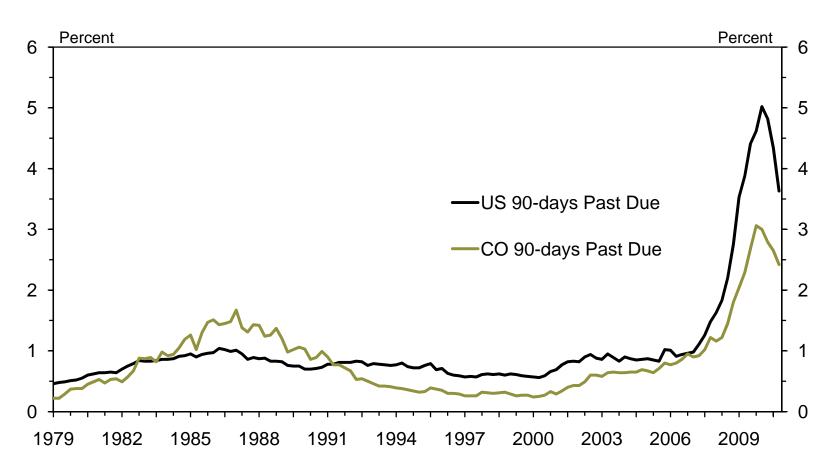


Critical peak in past due rates

shadow inventory remains a concern

Mortgage Delinquency Rates

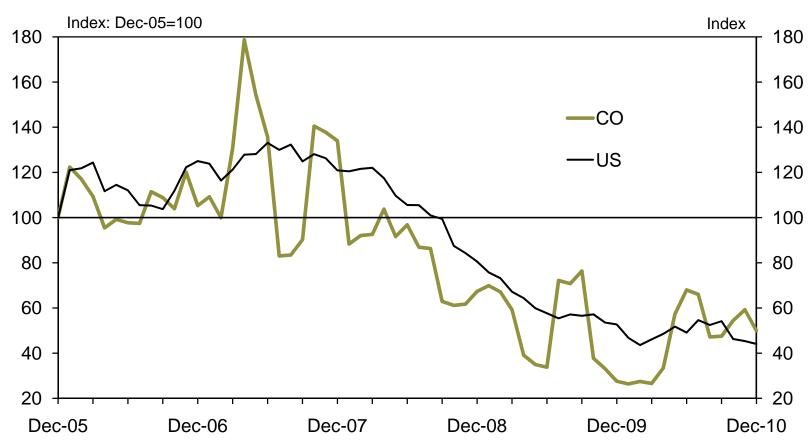
U.S. and Colorado



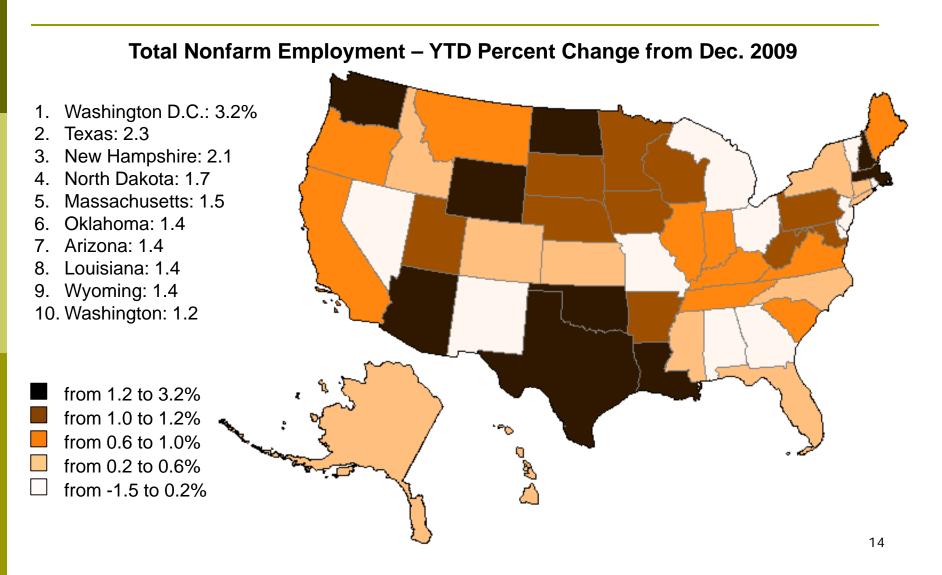
Is the bottom at hand in commercial construction? Or just noise?

Value of Commercial Construction Contracts

Seasonally Adjusted, 3-mo. moving average

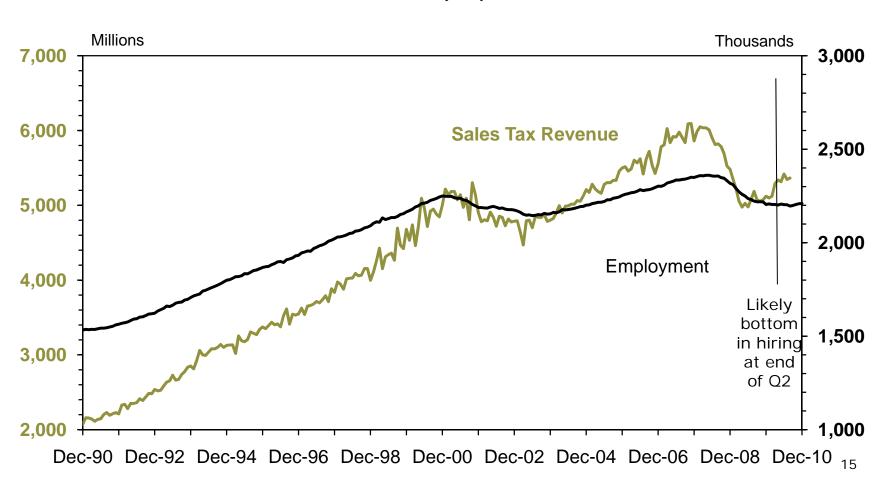


Most states now adding jobs; weakness remains in several Mtn. states; AZ/CA/FL adding jobs



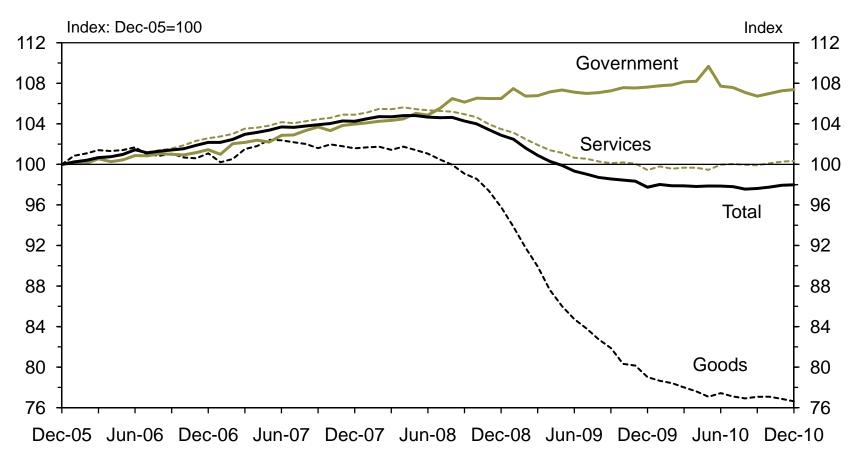
Sales tax revenue and upcoming revisions to job data confirm end of recession in CO

Colorado Nonfarm Employment and Sales Tax Revenue Seasonally Adjusted



Some rebound in Govt. hiring; revisions will boost goods-producing jobs

Colorado Employment

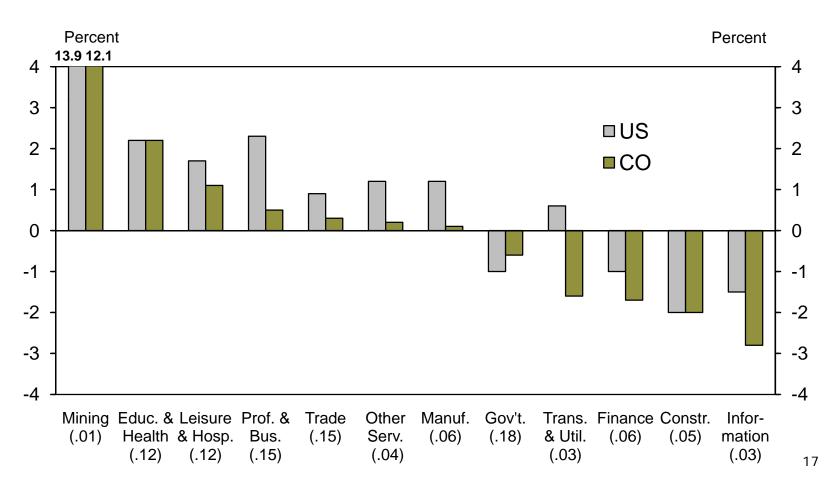


Colorado hiring now looks very national-like

Govt./Finance/Construction/Information acting as a drag

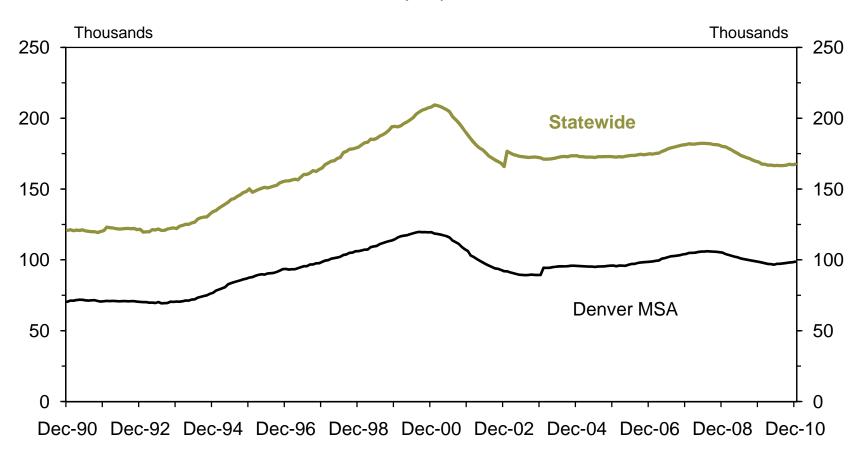
Nonfarm Employment Growth by Industry

Dec-10 over Dec-09

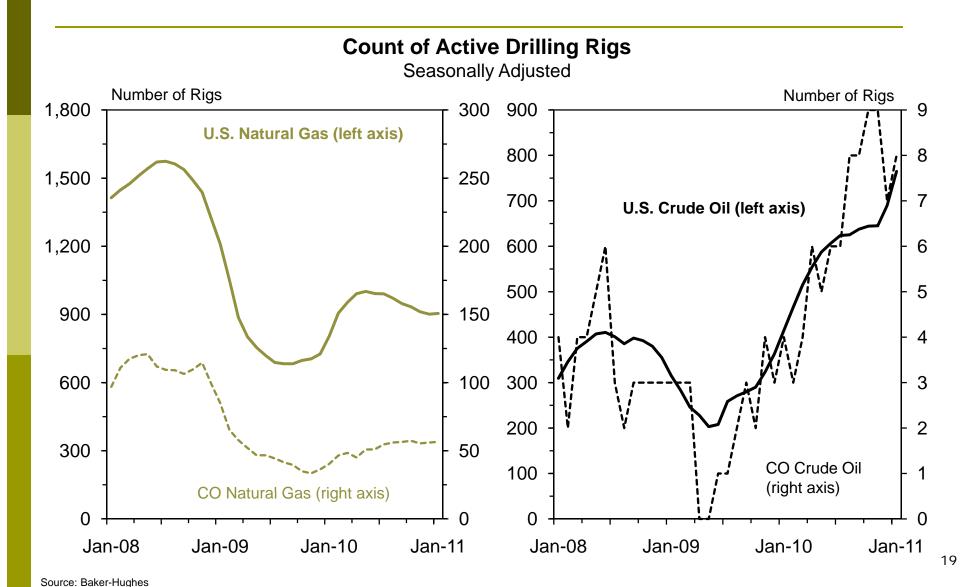


Some evidence of a bottom in Tech hiring

Colorado High-Tech Employment

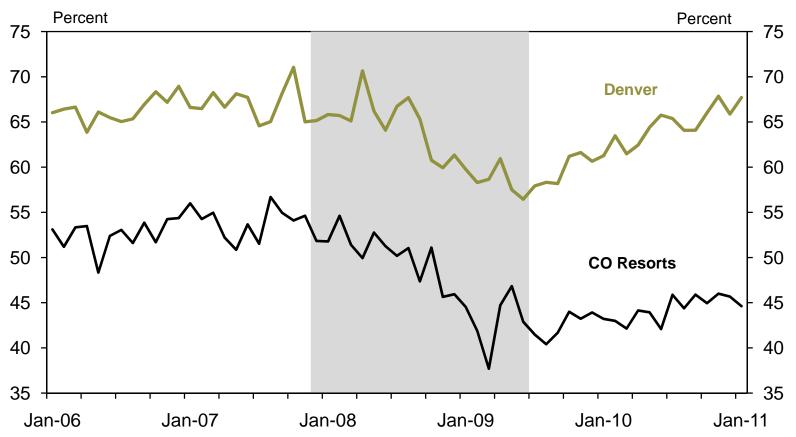


Shift in exploration toward crude accelerates in U.S. and CO



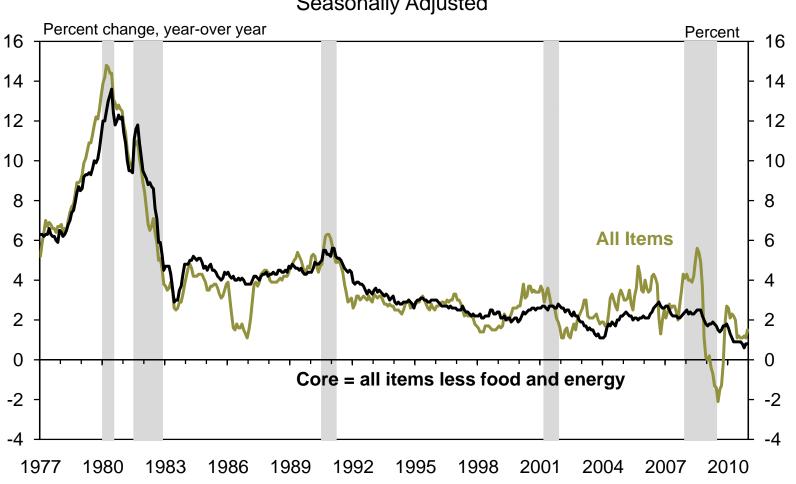
Tourism and resort activity strengthening

Hotel Occupancy Rates



Commodity price pressure ≠ inflation

Consumer Price Index: All Items and All Items less food and energy Seasonally Adjusted



Risks to the recovery?

- Rising interest rates (mortgage rates)
- Rising energy/commodity prices
- Federal/state/local budget overhang
- Another down leg in real estate
- Household de-leveraging takes longer than expected
- Short expansion

What makes the recovery sustainable?

- Federal Reserve stimulus current (and future?)
- Fiscal stimulus tax package, ARRA wanes after 2011
- Strong financial position of corporate sector
- Resumption in household debt growth
- Growing replacement needs households/firms
- <u>Virtuous cycle</u> capitalism, invisible hand

Colorado in the Recession and Recovery

mark.snead@kc.frb.org

Presentation will be available at:

http://www.kansascityfed.org/Denver