The Kansas Economy: Review and Outlook



Alison Felix Economist Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

The views expressed are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the positions of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or the Federal Reserve System.

The Federal Reserve System

D Primary Functions

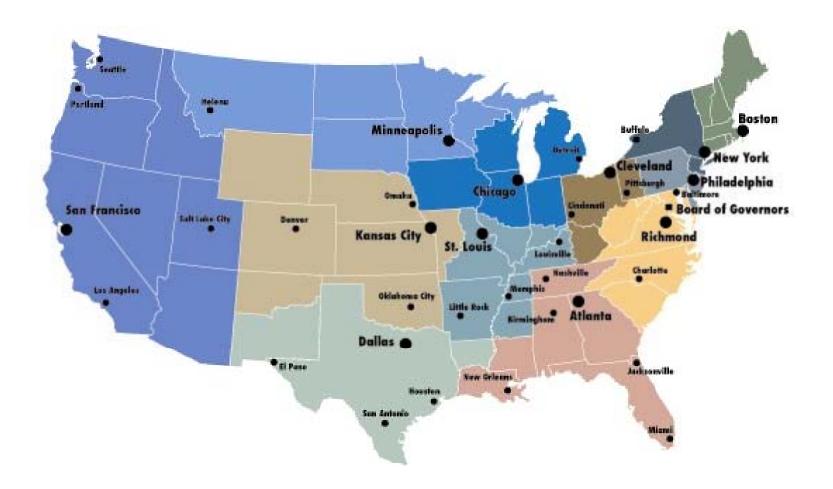
- Monetary Policy
- Payments Services
- Banking Supervision and Regulation

□ Structure

- Board of Governors
 - Consists of seven members who are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate to serve 14-year terms.
- Federal Reserve Banks
 - □ There are 12 Banks, each serving a unique district.
- Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC)
 - Comprised of the 7 members of the Board of Governors and the 12 Reserve Bank presidents (only 5 presidents are voting member on a rotating basis).
 - Charged with conducting monetary policy to promote economic growth and price stability.



The Federal Reserve's Tenth District





U.S. Economic Outlook

	2007	2008: Q1	2008: Q2	2008: Q3*	2008: Q4*	2009*
Real GDP Growth	2.0	0.9	3.3	-0.2 - 1.8	-1.3 - 1.5	0.7 - 2.0
Unemployment Rate	4.6	4.9	5.3	5.7 - 5.9	5.8 - 6.2	5.8 - 6.5
Consumer Price Index	2.9	4.3	5.0	4.1 - 7.6	1.6 - 3.6	2.2 - 3.7
Producer Price Index	3.9	9.2	10.6	4.3 - 13.9	-4.5 - 6.6	n/a

Source: Blue Chip Economic Indicators * Forecasted September 10, 2008

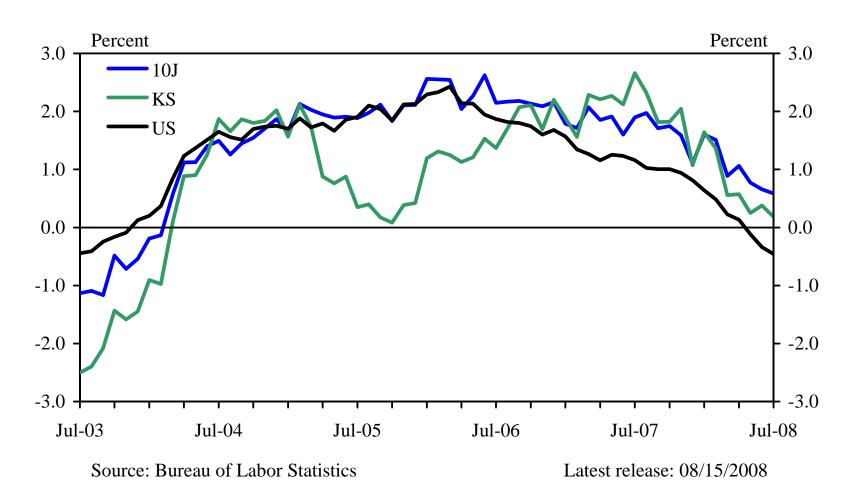


Labor Market



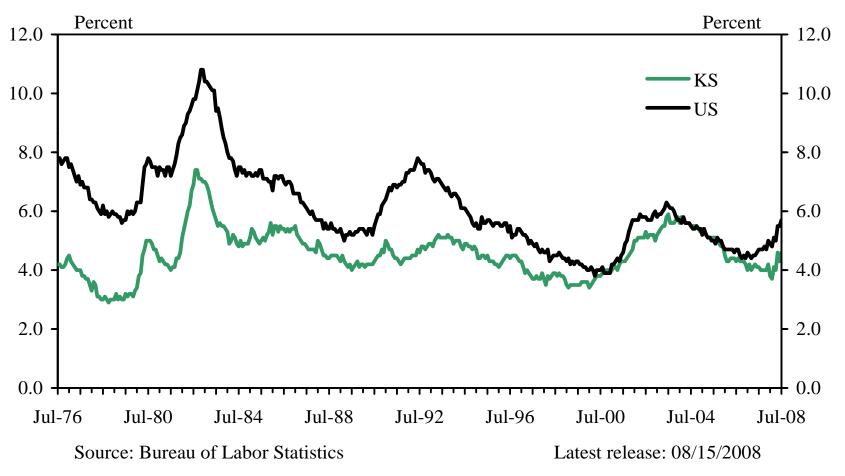
Growth in Private Nonfarm Employment

Year-over-year



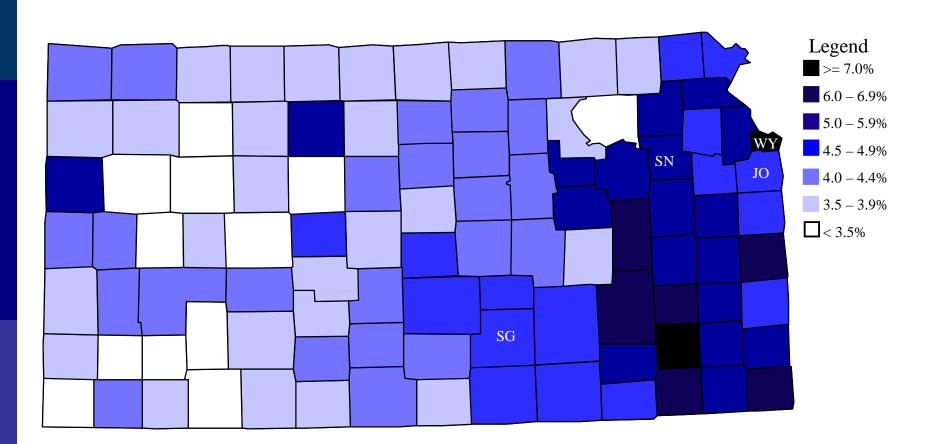


Unemployment Rate





Unemployment Rate by State, July 2008 Not seasonally adjusted

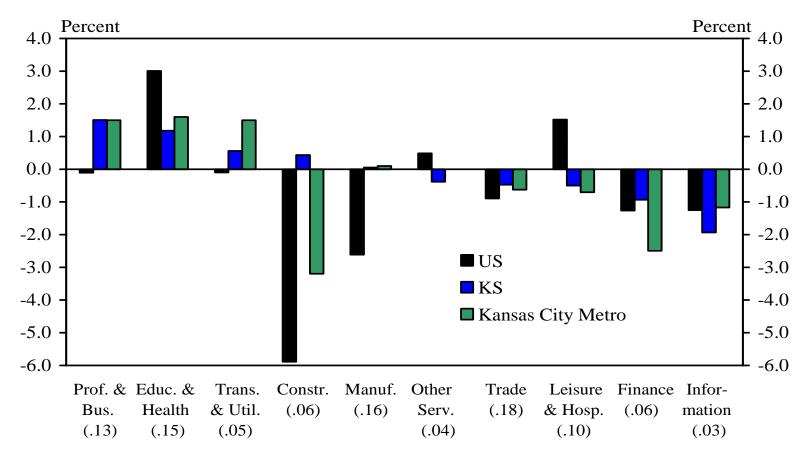


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics Latest Release: 08/27/2008



Private Job Growth by Industry

July 2008 over July 2007



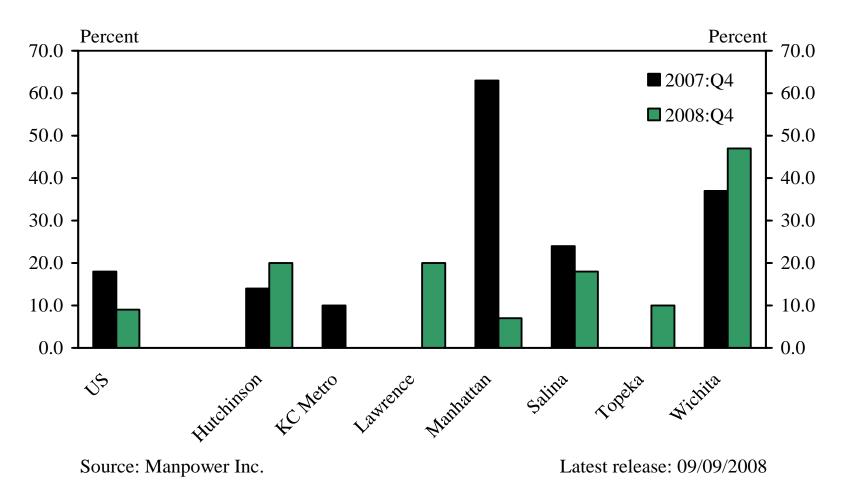
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Latest release: 08/26/2008



Note: Number in parentheses is the industry's share of total private jobs in Kansas in Jul-08

Net Percentage of Firms Expecting to Increase Employment



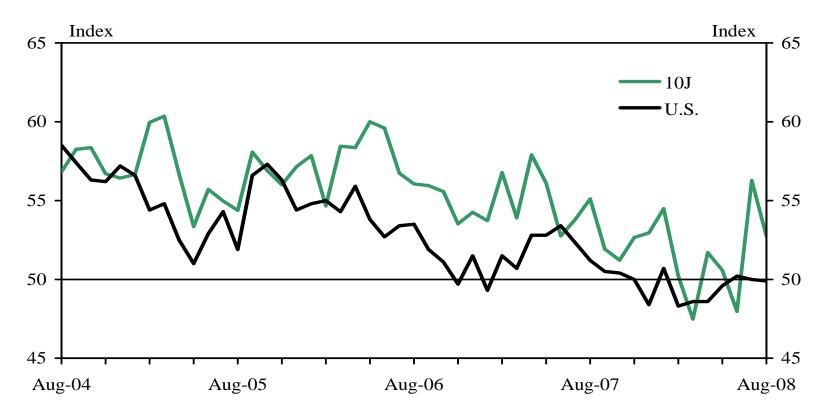


Economic Activity



Manufacturing Activity

Month-over-month PMI indexes (seasonally adjusted)

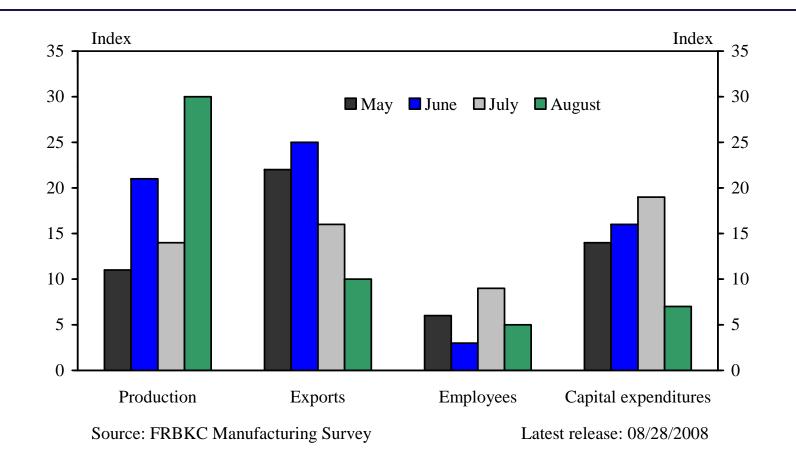


Sources: ISM, FRBKC Manufacturing Survey Latest release: 08/28/2008 for the Manufacturing Survey and 09/02/2008 for ISM Note: 10J index is computed on ISM basis (50 = zero change)



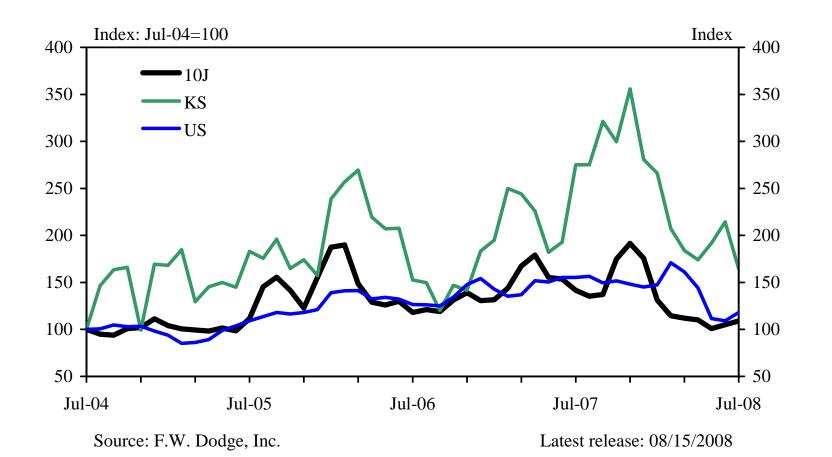
Manufacturing Activity

Six-month-ahead expectation indexes (seasonally adjusted)

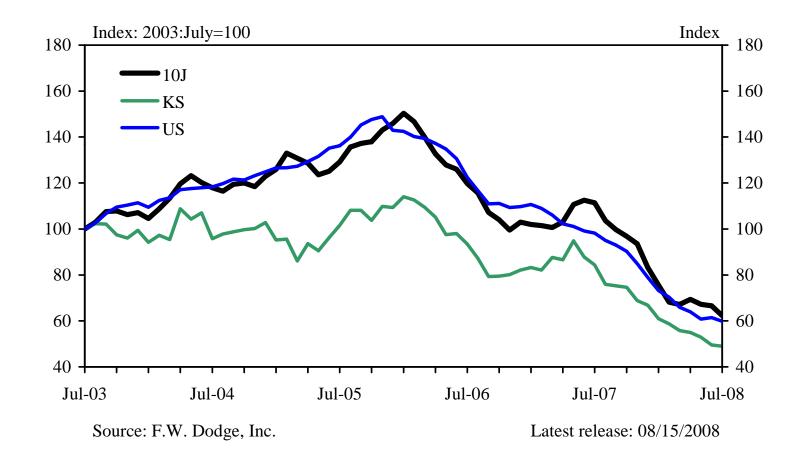




Value of Commercial Construction Contracts

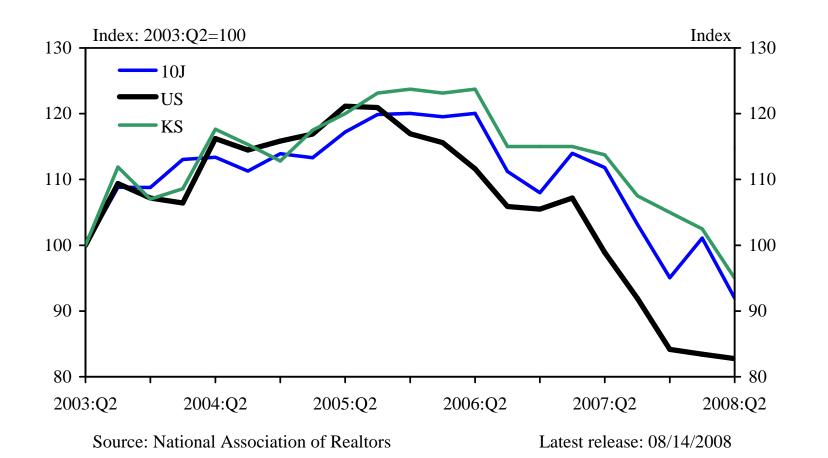


Value of Residential Construction Contracts





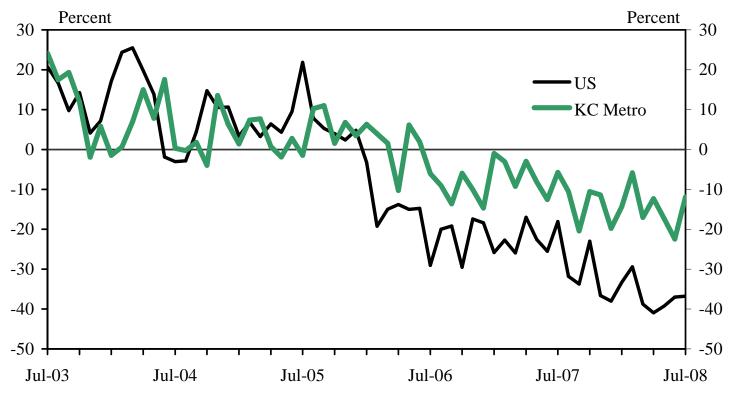
Sales of Existing Homes





Kansas City Home Sales

Year-over-year



Source: National Association of Realtors and Kansas Latest release: 08/14/2008 City Realtors

Note: US data is new home sales; KC is new and existing home sales



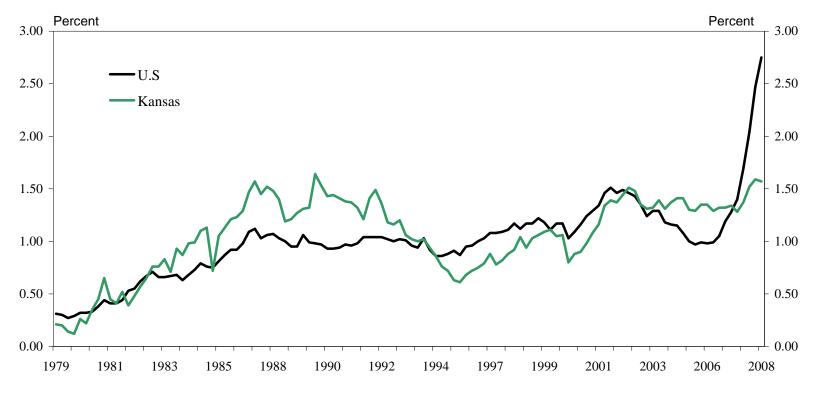
Home Price Appreciation in Kansas

	OFHEO ¹ Q2 2008 over Q2 2007	NAR ² Q2 2008 over Q2 2007
United States	-1.71%	-7.61%
Kansas	1.26%	
Kansas City	0.05%	-3.11%
Lawrence	0.90%	
Topeka	-0.09%	-1.25%
Wichita	2.22%	3.45%

Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight; Repeat sales index (quality-adjusted)
National Association of Realtors; Median sales price (not quality-adjusted)



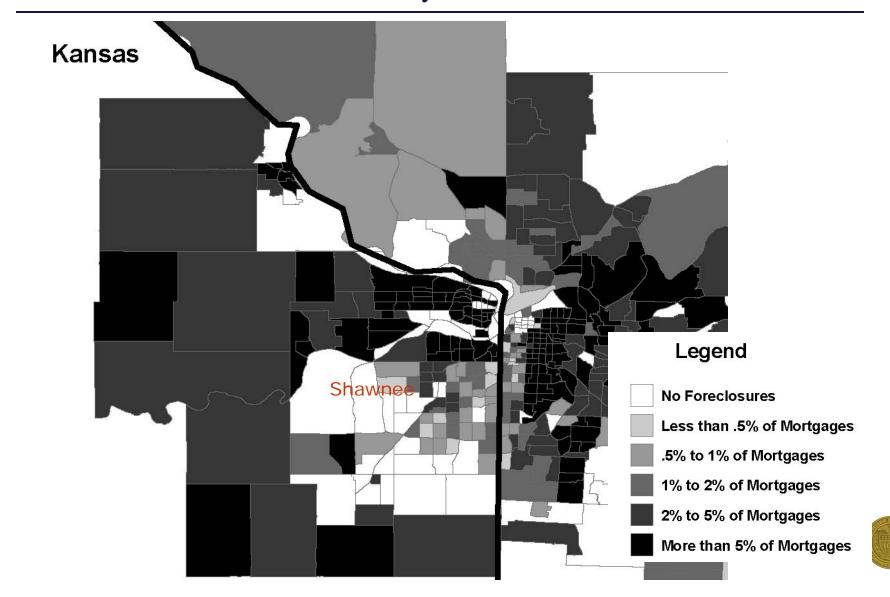
Foreclosure Inventory in Kansas



Source: Mortgage Bankers Association

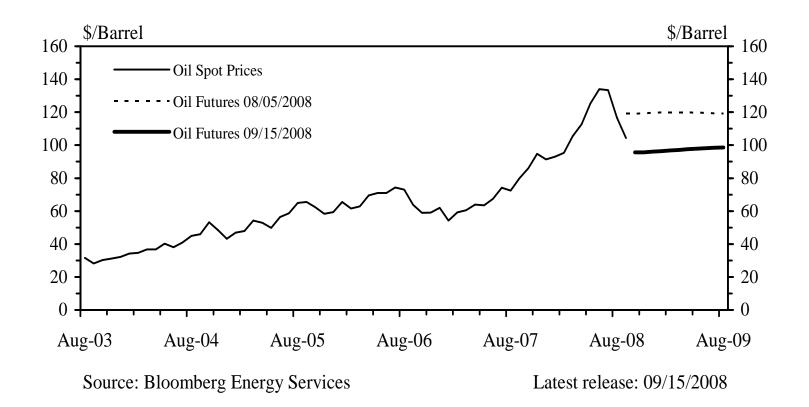


Foreclosure Inventory



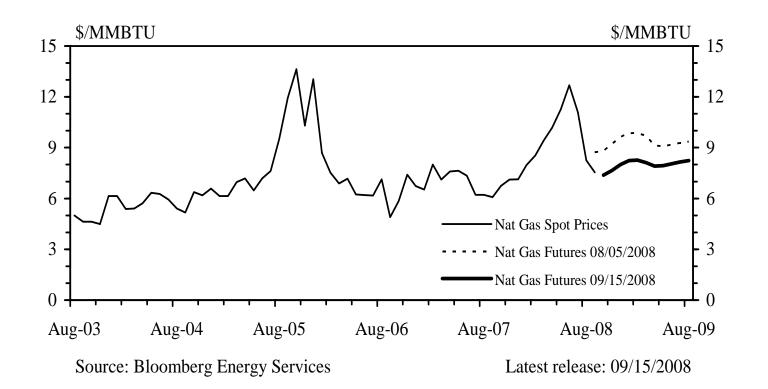


Oil Prices



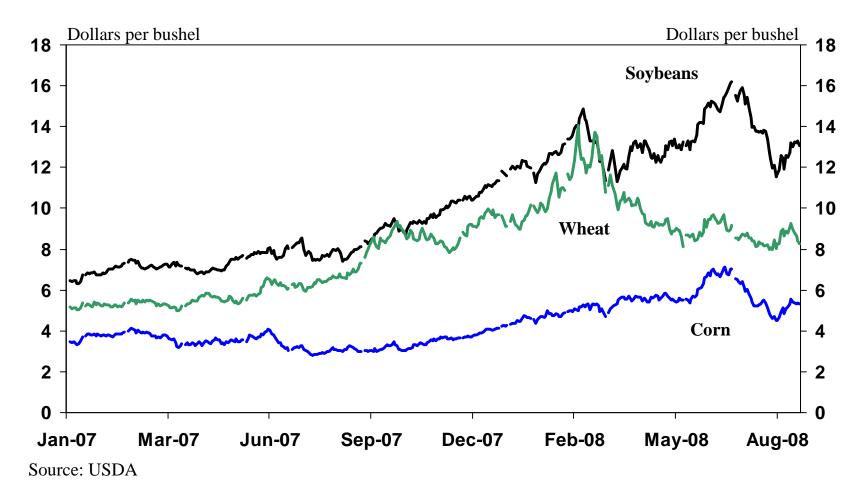


Natural Gas Prices





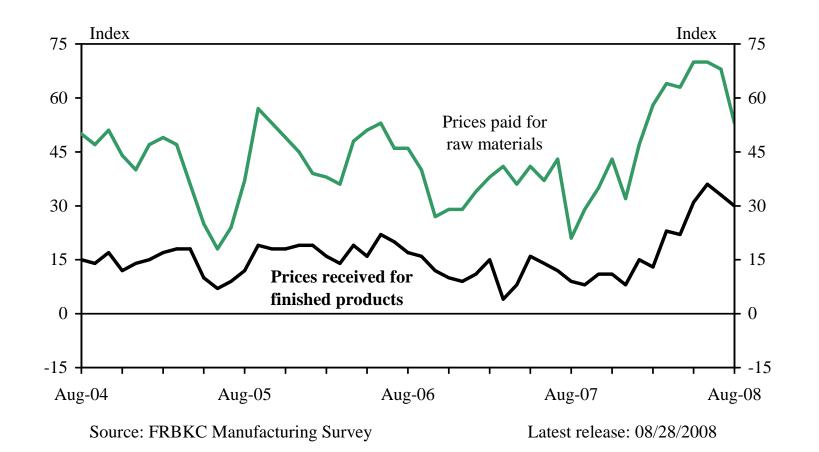
U.S. Crop Prices





Manufacturing Price Pressures

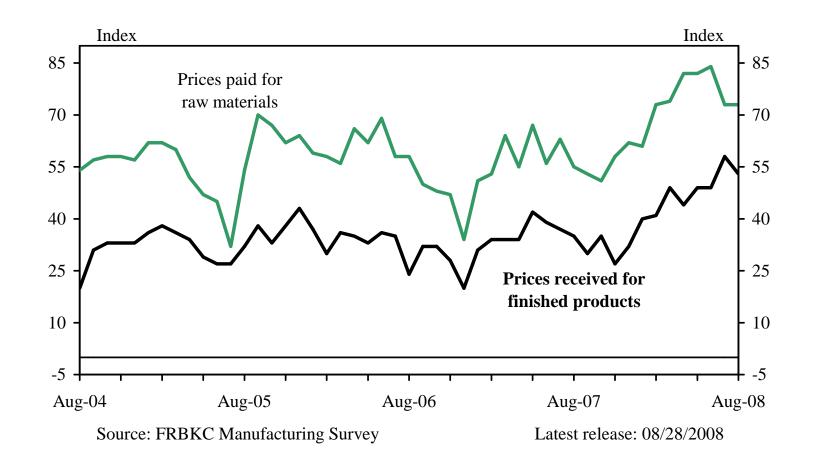
Month-over-month price diffusion index for the Tenth District





Manufacturing Price Pressures

Six-month-ahead price diffusion index for the Tenth District

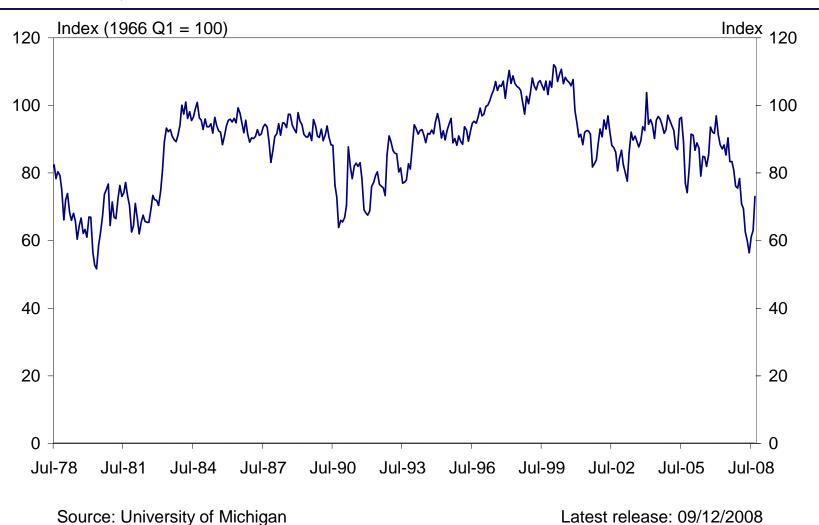




Consumer Confidence and Consumer Spending



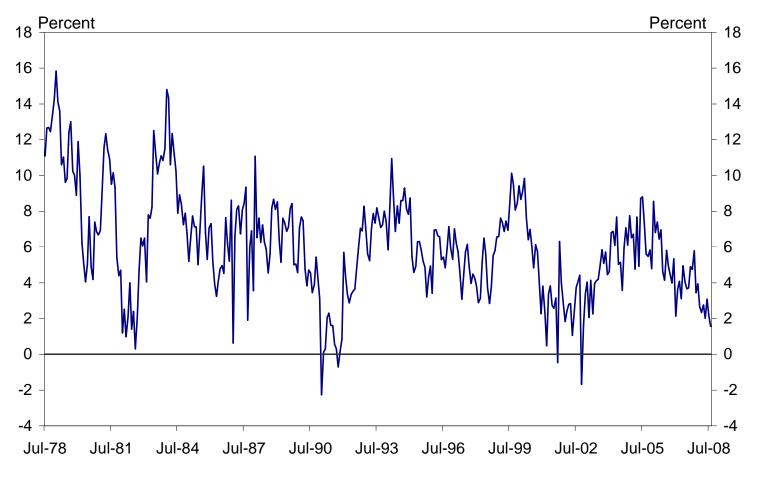
Consumer Confidence





National Retail Sales

Year-over-year, seasonally adjusted

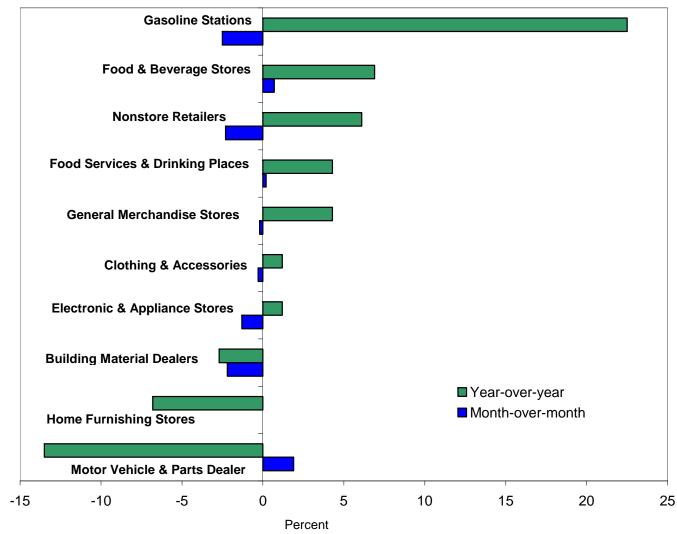


Source: US Census Bureau

Latest release: 09/12/2008



Retail Sales by Component, July 2008







Latest release: 09/12/2008

Conclusions

Unemployment rates have increased but remain at moderate levels by historic standards.

Residential construction activity remains lethargic and the housing sector continues to be a drag on economic growth.

Inflation pressures are elevated, but are expected to lessen as the economy slows and food & energy prices flatten.



Questions?

