Jason Henderson Vice President and Branch Executive Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City – Omaha Branch www.kansascityfed.org/omaha September 2012

## **Spurring Nebraska's Economy**



The views expressed are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or the Federal Reserve System.

## Nebraska: A Top Ten Economy



### State Personal Income Growth (Percent change 2011:Q1 to 2012:Q1)

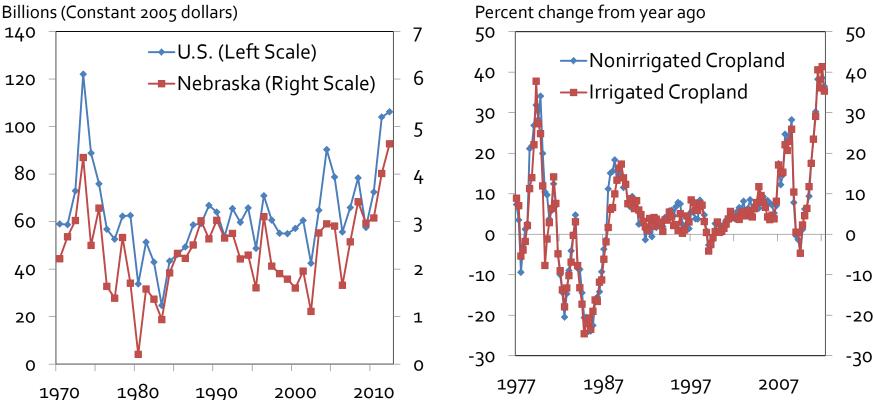
Rank	State	Growth
1	North Dakota	9.83
2	Wyoming	4.99
3	Montana	4.96
4	Oklahoma	4.82
5	South Dakota	4.66
6	Washington	4.48
7	Alaska	4.09
8	Utah	3.92
9	Nebraska	3.91
10	West Virginia	3.89
	United States	2.89

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Second Fastest Income Growth from 2011:Q4 to 2012:Q1 at 7.2%

## Real farm incomes and land value gains are on par with the last farm boom.

#### **U.S. and Nebraska Farm Incomes**



Calculations based on USDA and BEA data

Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City – Omaha Branch Regional, Public, Community Affairs Division Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

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Nebraska Farmland Value Gains

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### Manufacturers tap global markets.



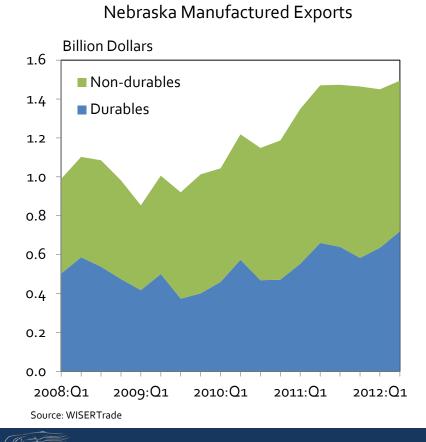
Fueled by durable goods, primarily machinery.

2012 Manufacturing Growth 2012:Q1, annual earnings growth 5.1 percent

July 2012, annual job growth 1.5 percent

Source: BEA and BLS

Nebraska's Manufacturers Tap Global Markets.



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## Real estate and construction markets appear to have hit bottom.



During 2012:Q1, mild winter weather sparked a construction rebound.

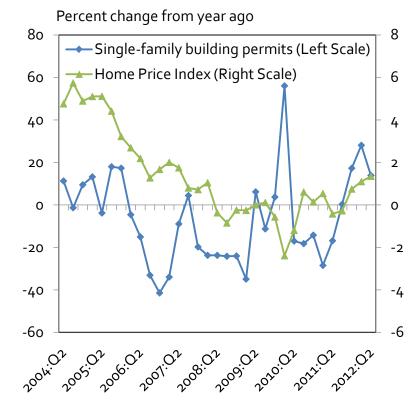
2012 Construction Growth 2012:Q1, annual earnings growth 6.5 percent

2012:Q2, annual job growth 9 percent

Source: BEA and BLS

Note: Industry employment data from BLS based on mining and construction, where construction jobs account for most of the sectors jobs.

#### Nebraska Residential Real Estate



Source: Census Bureau and FHFA

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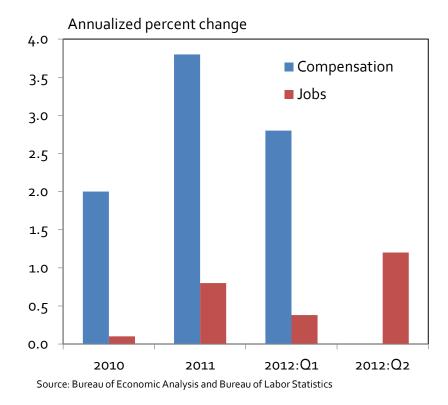
## The service sector forges solid job and income gains.

#### Solid job and income gains in ... •Professional and business services •Leisure and hospitality services •Wholesale trade •Education services •Health services

•Retail trade

#### After a strong 2011, contractions in ... •Information and financial services •Transportation and warehousing

#### Nebraska Private Service-Producing Growth



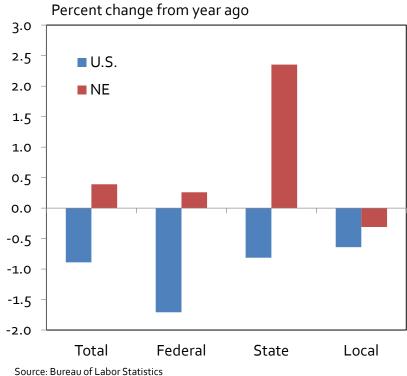
### The largest contrast is state government jobs.



<u>Government:</u> 20% of Nebraska's total compensation

17% of Nebraska's nonfarm jobs.

#### Government Job Growth



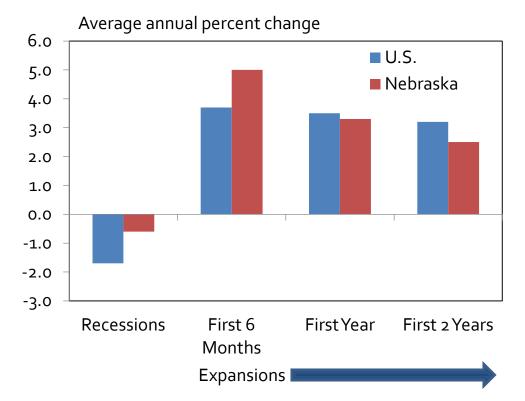
Note: Year-to-Date data through July

## Nebraska's economic performance varies with the business cycle.

U.S. and Nebraska Real Per Capita Income Growth (1949 to 2012)

Since World War II, Nebraska's economy ...

- 1) Holds up better during recessions
- 2) Expands quicker in the recovery
- 3) Lags as the expansion matures



Calculations based on BEA data

### Agriculture responds quicker to economic stimulus.

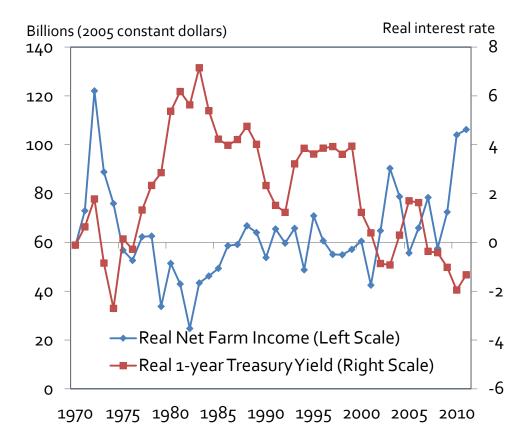
•Commodity prices are not as sticky and monetary policy has quicker impacts. (Source: Saghaian et. al 2002)

•Lower interest rates are correlated with higher farm incomes.

- •Lower interest rates place downward pressure on the dollar.
- •A weaker dollar stimulates exports.
- •Strong exports boost farm incomes. (Source: Chambers and Just, 1982)

•Rising farmland values create a major wealth effect in Nebraska.

#### Real Net Farm Income and Interest Rates



Source: USDA and Federal Reserve

## How Sustainable is the Farm Boom?

### Farm Boom?

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## Farm incomes and land values depend on expectations.



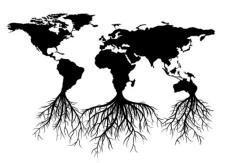
Will world populations and income rise as expected?



Can Agriculture Feed and Fuel the World?



What is the future path of interest rates and cap rates?



Will global farm demand create its own supply?



Are the necessary resources available?

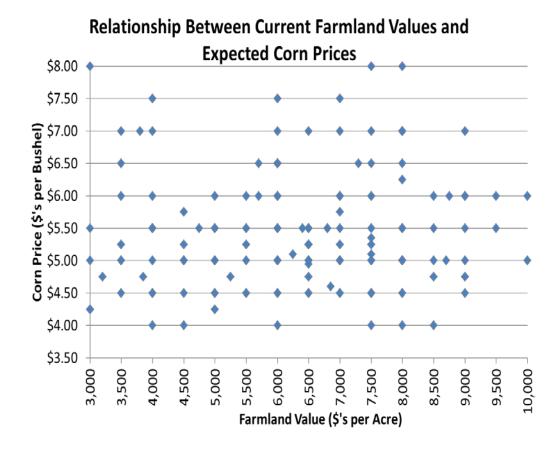


How high will production costs rise?

### Are farmland values consistent with expectations?

#### Definition of a "Bubble"

"If the reason that the price is high today is only because investors believe that the selling price will be high tomorrow – when "fundamental" factors do not seem to justify such a price – then a bubble exists." (Stiglitz)



#### Source: Gloy (2012)

What prices are needed to create a 1980's scenario in agriculture?



A 1980s scenario: a low probability event that has a really bad outcome



A 1980s income shock would require

- Crop revenue to fall by 21.4%
- Value of farm production to fall 15.7%

Prices would need to drop to ...

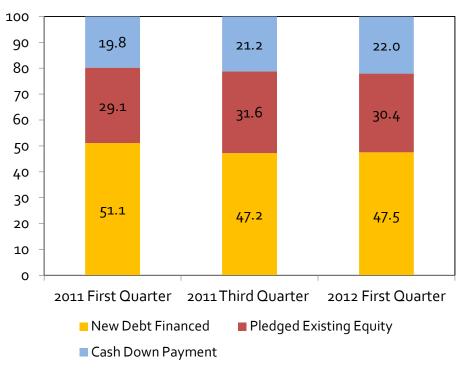
- Corn \$3.49 per bushel
- Wheat \$3.96 per bushel
- Soybeans \$9.00 per bushel

Source: Featherstone (2012)



## How much debt is being used to finance land purchases?

#### Financing Farmland Purchases in the Tenth District



Percent of total financing

•Farm buyers are using more cash to buy farms.

•Farm Credit institutions increased their real estate loans more than commercial banks.

According to USDA, farm real estate debt is expected to rise 3.9% in 2012

Who is adding debt to their farm operations – young & beginning, rapidly expanding operations?
Does agricultural concentration pose different risks than in the 1970s?

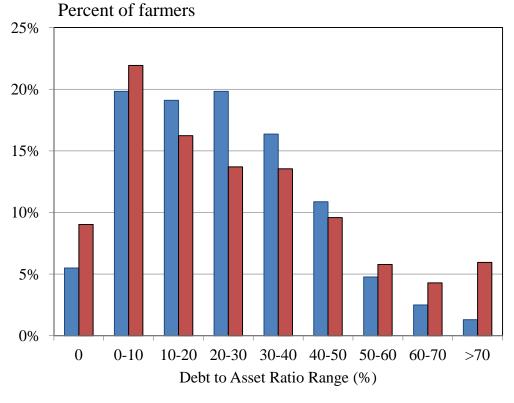
Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

## Farm debt: the risk is in the tails.

• KS Farm Management Farms:

Average Debt-to-Asset Ratio

- **1**979 24.6%
- 2010-26.8%
- Debt-to-Asset Ratio >40%
- 1979 19.4%
- 2010 25.6%
- Debt-to-Asset Ratio >70%
- 1979 1.3%
- **2010 5.9%**



**Kansas Farmer Debt Levels** 

■1979 ■2010

Source: Featherstone (2012)

# Can rural Nebraska build new sources of growth?

## sources of growth?

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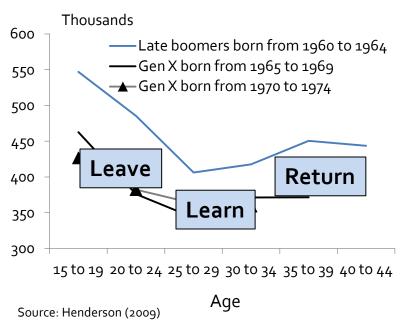


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## Demographics and creating a high-quality workforce is essential.

How do rural communities get their kids to come home?

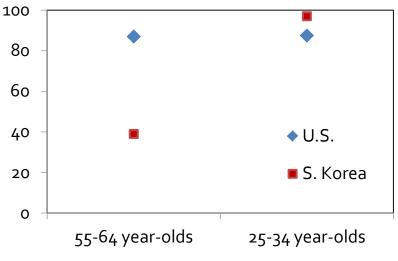
#### Population in Rural Counties of Tenth Federal Reserve District



## How do rural communities build a 21<sup>st</sup> century workforce?

#### Educational Attainment by Age Group Secondary Education

#### Percent of population in 2007



Source: OECD, Brookings Institution

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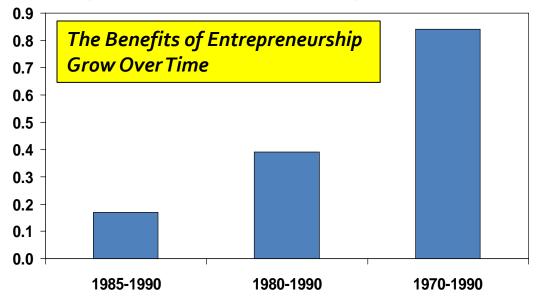
## Entrepreneurs are the driving force behind economic growth.

#### Impacts of Proprietor Growth on Employment Growth

•Communities, states, and nations with more entrepreneurial activity have stronger economic growth.

•The benefits of entrepreneurship grow over time.

•Entrepreneurship is creative destruction – the reallocation of resources to their highest and best use. Marginal impacts on employment growth 1991 to 2001



Calculations based on Henderson and Weiler (2010), "Entrepreneurs and Job Growth: Probing the Boundaries of Time and Space," *Economic Development Quarterly* 

## Ultimately, Community Leadership Shapes Economic Success

CAUTION

Economic development strategies are shifting in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.



Rural Development Strategy Typologies		
<u>Traditional</u>	<u>Nontraditional</u>	
Industrial recruitment	Small Business Entrepreneurship	
Regional Center	Cluster-based	
Bedroom Community	Innovation and Knowledge	
Amenity-based	Creative Class	

Source: Pender, Marre, and Reeder. (2012) "Rural Wealth Creation: Concepts, Strategies, and Measures. Economic Research Service, USDA. http://www.ers.usda.gov/Publications/ERR131/ERR131.pdf

#### **Fundamental Questions**

Who will be the champions for change? Who will facilitate innovation in key institutions? What constituencies will support innovative leaders and institutions?

## Conclusions

- Agriculture, manufacturing, and construction are leading stronger economic gains in Nebraska.
- Historically, as economic recoveries strengthen, Nebraska's economy losses some steam.
- How sustainable is the farm boom?
- If farm fortunes turn, what are the engines of growth?

How will Nebraska attract and retain the people needed to start new businesses, fill new jobs, and create a new vision for the Nebraska economy?

