## An Appendix to

# A Tale of Tails: <br> An Empirical Analysis of Loss Distribution Models for Estimating Operational Risk Capital 

Kabir Dutta and Jason Perry

The public release of $A$ Tale of Tails generated many emails to the authors with questions about the research results not included in the paper. This appendix contains tables that summarize the unpublished results relevant to those emails, and is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the research.

These tables are similar to tables included in the paper. They differ in the exposure indicators used to scale the data (gross income and total assets) and include some business lines and event types originally excluded. As in the paper, the designs of the tables are such that they anonymize the participant institutions.

The authors produced these results while they were employees of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston.

Table 1: Power Law Capital Estimates at the Business Line Level as a Percentage of Total Assets

| 5\% Threshold | $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ Threshold |
| :---: | :---: |
| Business Line 2: Trading \& Sales |  |
| Panel A: $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Values by Institution |  |
| - | 1.16 |
| - | 0.92 |
| - | 1.75 |


| Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of Assets |  |  |
| 25th | - | 15.75 |
| Med | - | 30.84 |
| 75th | - | 1654.53 |
| Business Line 3: Retail Banking |  |  |
| Panel A: $\xi$ Values by Institution |  |  |
| 0.87 | 0.87 |  |
|  | 1.04 | 0.94 |
|  | 1.18 | 1.14 |
|  | 1.25 | 1.18 |
|  | - | 0.76 |


| Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of Assets |  |  |
| 25th | 3.70 | 1.31 |
| Med | 7.74 | 1.67 |
| 75th | 29.28 | 8.31 |
| Business Line 5: Payment \& Settlement |  |  |
| Panel A: $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Values by Institution |  |  |
|  | - | 0.78 |
|  | - | 0.81 |
|  | - | 0.77 |


| Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of Assets |  |  |
| 25th | - | 0.03 |
| Med | - | 0.03 |
| 75th | - | 0.37 |


| Business Line 6: Agency Services |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Panel A: $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Values by Institution |  |  |
|  | 0.86 | 0.90 |
|  | 1.00 | 1.17 |
|  | 1.02 | 1.02 |
|  | - | 0.80 |
|  | - | 0.85 |
|  | - | 0.93 |
| Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Assets |  |  |
| 25th | 9.84 | 0.30 |
| Med | 15.71 | 3.43 |
| 75th | 21.17 | 13.23 |
| Business Line 9: Other |  |  |
| Panel A: $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Values by Institution |  |  |
|  | - | 0.90 |
|  | - | 1.41 |
|  | - | 1.98 |
| Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Assets |  |  |
| 25th | - | 79.53 |
| Med | - | 158.60 |
| 75th | - | 10484.09 |
| Panel A presents $\xi$ for each business line, computed using the Hill estimator, with 5 and 10 percent of the data in the tail. Panel B presents summary statistics for capital estimates at the $99.9 \%$ level for each institution as a percentage of total assets. These capital estimates were not simulated, but instead calculated using the power law approximation method described in the paper. No goodness-of-fit tests are presented in this table. |  |  |

Table 2: Power Law Capital Estimates at the Event Type Level as a Percentage of Total Assets

| 5\% Threshold | 10\% Threshold |
| :---: | :---: |
| Event Type 2: External Fraud |  |
| Panel A: $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Values by Institution |  |
| 0.71 | 0.76 |
| 0.74 | 0.74 |
| 0.80 | 0.73 |
| 0.95 | 1.00 |


| Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Percentage of Assets |  |

Event Type 3: Employment Practices \& Workplace Safety

| Panel A: $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Values by Institution |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0.73 | 0.80 |
| 0.86 | 0.97 |
| 0.89 | 0.96 |


| Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of Assets |  |

Panel B: Summary Statistics of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Assets

| 25th | 734.25 | 27.11 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Med | 1468.13 | 5305.10 |
| 75th | 6193.56 | 145333968.31 |

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE


Table 3: Standard Errors for g-and-h Parameter Estimates at the Business Line and Event Type Level

|  | g | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Std. error } \\ \text { for } g \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $h / \eta_{0}$ | Std. error for $\mathbf{h} / \boldsymbol{\eta}_{0}$ | $\eta_{1}$ | Std. error for $\eta_{1}$ | $\eta_{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Std. error } \\ \text { for } \eta_{2} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\eta_{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Std. error } \\ \text { for } \eta_{3} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Panel A: Business Line Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 1.6554 | 0.0007 | 0.4107 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.9613 | 0.0004 | 0.2095 | 0.0006 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2.6413 | 0.0009 | 0.2102 | 0.0010 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | 1.5473 | 0.0004 | 0.3250 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.5611 | 0.0005 | 0.5420 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.7750 | 0.0006 | 0.4326 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.7941 | 0.0001 | 0.2663 | 0.0009 | -0.1199 | 0.0004 | 0.0224 | 0.0001 | -0.0010 | 0.0000 |
|  | 1.8615 | 0.0010 | 0.1684 | 0.0007 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.9410 | 0.0010 | -0.0403 | 0.0006 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | 1.8568 | 0.0020 | 0.4831 | 0.0012 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2.0952 | 0.0006 | 0.3298 | 0.0005 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2.2063 | 0.0012 | -0.1076 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | 1.2487 | 0.0004 | 0.2690 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.5550 | 0.0005 | 0.0615 | 0.0005 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.6361 | 0.0006 | -0.0173 | 0.0005 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.6523 | 0.0022 | 0.5079 | 0.0012 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | 1.7197 | 0.0007 | 0.4113 | 0.0005 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.7604 | 0.0009 | 0.0978 | 0.0005 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.7665 | 0.0011 | 0.2331 | 0.0006 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.8576 | 0.0004 | 0.0868 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.8861 | 0.0005 | 0.2663 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | 1.3902 | 0.0011 | 0.1108 | 0.0015 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.7967 | 0.0018 | 0.0331 | 0.0011 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.8526 | 0.0011 | -0.0518 | 0.0006 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.9809 | 0.0014 | 0.0340 | 0.0007 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8 | 1.4874 | 0.0004 | -0.0825 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.5582 | 0.0003 | 0.1530 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.5896 | 0.0011 | -0.0637 | 0.0009 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9 | 1.3932 | 0.0006 | 0.1254 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.4855 | 0.0006 | 0.0480 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2.2056 | 0.0010 | 0.2418 | 0.0010 | - | - | - | - | - | - |


|  | g | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { Std. error } \\ & \text { for } g \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{\eta}_{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Std. error } \\ & \text { for } h / \eta_{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\eta_{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Std. error } \\ \text { for } \eta_{1} \end{gathered}$ | $\eta_{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Std. error } \\ \text { for } \eta_{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\eta_{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Std. error } \\ \text { for } \eta_{3} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Panel B: Event Type Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1.5363 | 0.0010 | 0.3349 | 0.0005 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.8990 | 0.0006 | 0.2250 | 0.0005 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | 1.4264 | 0.0002 | 0.2471 | 0.0003 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.5319 | 0.0009 | 0.1418 | 0.0008 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.5446 | 0.0004 | 0.1341 | 0.0003 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.6084 | 0.0006 | 0.2445 | 0.0007 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.7683 | 0.0003 | -0.1583 | 0.0016 | 0.0192 | 0.0008 | 0.0012 | 0.0001 | -0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 3 | 1.1909 | 0.0004 | 0.1943 | 0.0003 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.4207 | 0.0006 | 0.2031 | 0.0010 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.4672 | 0.0004 | 0.3239 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | 1.5876 | 0.0003 | 0.5658 | 0.0006 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.6956 | 0.0005 | 0.0026 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2.1618 | 0.0005 | 0.2905 | 0.0003 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2.4195 | 0.0017 | 0.2066 | 0.0021 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | 1.9810 | 0.0016 | 0.1702 | 0.0010 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | 0.9910 | 0.0005 | 0.9800 | 0.0004 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 0.9920 | 0.0003 | 0.9909 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 0.9942 | 0.0003 | 0.9933 | 0.0002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 0.9970 | 0.0006 | 0.9910 | 0.0003 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 0.9989 | 0.0003 | 0.9972 | 0.0003 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 0.9992 | 0.0005 | 0.9900 | 0.0003 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1.6600 | 0.0002 | -0.0314 | 0.0017 | 0.1149 | 0.0009 | -0.0068 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 8 | 1.9534 | 0.0014 | 0.4146 | 0.0006 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

This table presents the g and h parameters and the bootstrap standard error estimates for the g -and-h distribution. Panel A shows the enterprise level, Panel B shows the business line Level, and Panel C shows the event type level. Standard errors were estimated using 50,000 samples bootstrapped from the original data for each institution. Some institutions were fitted using only one $h$ parameter. For the other institutions, four h parameters were used and $h\left(Z^{2}\right)=\eta_{0}+\eta_{1} * Z^{2}+\eta_{2} * Z^{4}+\eta_{3} * Z^{6}$.

Table 4: Capital Estimates at the Business Line Level as a Percentage of Total Assets

| $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \hline \text { Reasonable } \\ \text { Results } \end{gathered}$ | Rarely Fit the Data |  |  | Generally Yielded Unreasonable Capital Estimates |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| g-and-h Emp | Exp | Gamma | Weibull | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { EVT } \\ 5 \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { EVT } \\ & \text { 10\% } \end{aligned}$ | GPD | $\begin{gathered} \text { Log- } \\ \text { logistic } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Truncated <br> Lognorma |

Business Line 2: Trading \& Sales
Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models

| \# Modeled | 3 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# that Fit | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| Mean | 0.27 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 12.75 | 2.32 | 225.72 | 2.85 | 5.83 |
| Med | 0.26 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 2.46 | 1.28 | 7.57 | 0.62 | 0.19 |
| SD | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 19.34 | 2.65 | 532.98 | 3.91 | 12.77 |
| 25th | 0.22 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.60 | 0.82 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 0.00 |
| 75th | 0.31 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 18.77 | 3.31 | 22.98 | 6.00 | 0.26 |


| Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 - 1 . 5 \%}$ | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 . 5 - 3 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 - 2 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 5 0 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 0 + \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

Business Line 3: Retail Banking
Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models

| \# Modeled | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# that Fit | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Mean | 0.30 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 41.51 | 4.32 | 1.14 | 0.96 | 1.40 |
| Med | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 13.76 | 0.67 | 0.63 | 0.79 | 0.36 |
| SD | 0.42 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 65.14 | 7.71 | 0.99 | 0.48 | 2.73 |
| 25th | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 2.98 | 0.20 | 0.53 | 0.75 | 0.12 |
| 75th | 0.29 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 52.29 | 4.79 | 1.42 | 0.94 | 0.59 |


| Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 - 1 . 5 \%}$ | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 . 5 - 3 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 - 2 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 5 0 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 0 + \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

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|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Reasonable } \\ \text { Results } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Rarely Fit the Data |  |  | Generally Yielded Unreasonable Capital Estimates |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | g-and-h | Emp | Exp | Gamma | Weibull | $\begin{gathered} \text { EVT } \\ 5 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EVT } \\ & \text { 10\% } \end{aligned}$ | GPD | $\underset{\text { Logistic }}{\text { Log- }}$ | Truncated Lognormal |
| Business Line 4: Commercial Banking |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Modeled | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | - | - | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| \# that Fit | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| Mean | 0.16 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | - | 9.09 | 0.64 | 0.22 |
| Med | 0.20 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | - | 5.50 | 0.73 | 0.11 |
| SD | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | - | 13.54 | 0.54 | 0.29 |
| 25th | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | - | 0.31 | 0.14 | 0.07 |
| 75th | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | - | 6.83 | 0.94 | 0.18 |
| Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0-1.5\% | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 1.5-3\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3-20\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 20-100\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 100-500\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 500+\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Business Line 6: Agency Services
Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models

| \# Modeled | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# that Fit | 5 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Mean | 0.59 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 1.03 | 0.17 | 2.85 | 2.00 | 0.35 |
| Med | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.90 | 0.12 | 2.92 | 1.60 | 0.20 |
| SD | 0.97 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 1.00 | 0.19 | 2.57 | 1.98 | 0.39 |
| 25th | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.44 | 0.05 | 0.52 | 0.28 | 0.04 |
| 75th | 0.48 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 1.50 | 0.24 | 5.06 | 3.55 | 0.67 |


| Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 - 1 . 5 \%}$ | 4 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| $\mathbf{1 . 5 - 3 \%}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{3 - 2 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 5 0 0 \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 0 + \%}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

This table presents a summary of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates for each Basel business line as a percentage of total assets. The capital estimates were simulated from one million trials. Panel A presents the first, second and third quartiles, which were calculated across each model. These statistics include both capital estimates that statistically fit and do not fit. Panel B presents a frequency distribution of banks whose capital estimates fit according to one or more of the following goodness-of-fit tests: Kolmogorov-Smirnoff, Chi-Square, and Anderson-Darling. The fit for the g-and-h distribution was only tested using Q-Q plots. No goodness-of-fit tests were performed for the empirical distribution. By construction, the empirical distribution would fit the data. All empirical estimates are included in these counts. The total number of business lines modeled and the number that fit are also presented in Panel A.

Table 5: Capital Estimates at the Business Line Level as a Percentage of Total Assets (Additional Business Lines Not Originally Included in Paper)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \hline \text { Reason } \\ \text { Resul } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { nable } \\ & \text { alts } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Rarely Fit the Data |  |  | Generally Yielded Unreasonable Capital Estimates |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | g-and-h | Emp | Exp | Gamma | Weibull | $\begin{gathered} \text { EVT } \\ 5 \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EVT } \\ & \text { 10\% } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | GPD | $\begin{gathered} \text { Log- } \\ \text { logistic } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Truncated Lognormal |
| Business Line 5: Payment \& Settlement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Modeled | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| \# that Fit | 4 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 25th | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.00 |
| Med | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 75th | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.16 | 0.22 | 0.04 |

Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency)

| $\mathbf{0 - 5 0 \%}$ | 4 | 5 | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 2 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 - 1 0 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 \%}+$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Business Line 7: Asset Management

| Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# Modeled | 4 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| \# that Fit | 4 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| 25th | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | - | 1.33 | 0.56 |
| Med | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | - | - | 1.65 | 1.08 |
| 75th | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | - | - | 3.62 | 1.49 |

Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency)

| $\mathbf{0 - 5 0 \%}$ | 4 | 7 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 2 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 \%}+$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Business Line 8: Retail Brokerage
Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models

| \# Modeled | 3 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# that Fit | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 25th | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.27 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.18 | 0.00 |
| Med | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.47 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.35 | 0.01 |
| 75th | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.68 | 0.10 | 0.16 | 1.01 | 0.01 |

Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency)

| $\mathbf{0 - 5 0 \%}$ | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 2 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 - 1 0 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 \%}+$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

## Business Line 9: Other

## Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for All Models

| \# Modeled | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# that Fit | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 |
| 25th | 0.01 | 0.04 | - | - | - | 1648.21 | 1.33 | 0.10 | 0.26 | - |
| Med | 0.01 | 0.11 | - | - | - | 3295.69 | 2.19 | 0.56 | 0.70 | - |
| 75th | 0.10 | 1.34 | - | - | - | 67851981.14 | 816.36 | 251.26 | 3.97 | - |

Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Total Assets for Models that Fit (Frequency)

| $\mathbf{0 - 5 0 \%}$ | 3 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 3 | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 2 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 - 1 0 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 \%}+$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - |

This table presents a summary of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates for each Basel business line as a percentage of total assets. The capital estimates were simulated from one million trials. Panel A presents the first, second and third quartiles, which were calculated across each model. These statistics include both capital estimates that statistically fit and do not fit. Panel B presents a frequency distribution of banks whose capital estimates fit according to one or more of the following goodness-offit tests: Kolmogorov-Smirnoff, Chi-Square, and Anderson-Darling. The fit for the g-and-h distribution was only tested using Q-Q plots. No goodness-of-fit tests were performed for the empirical distribution. By construction, the empirical distribution would fit the data. All empirical estimates are included in these counts. The total number of business lines modeled and the number that fit are also presented in Panel A.

Table 6: Capital Estimates at the Business Line Level as a Percentage of BL Gross Income (Additional Business Lines Not Originally Included in Paper)


| Panel B: Capital Estimates as Percentage of Business Line Gross Income for Models that Fit (Frequency) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 - 5 0 \%}$ | 3 | 5 | - | - | - | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 1 | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 2 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 - 1 0 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 \%}+$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Business Line 7: Asset Management
Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Business Line Gross Income for All Models

| \# Modeled | 4 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# that Fit | 4 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 25th | 2.46 | 1.10 | 0.79 | 0.94 | 0.95 | - | - | 178.84 | 145.22 | 6.92 |
| Med | 4.03 | 1.61 | 1.17 | 1.39 | 0.96 | - | - | 275.18 | 156.90 | 11.39 |
| 75th | 6.71 | 3.14 | 1.17 | 1.50 | 1.42 | - | - | 1064.43 | 362.04 | 18.95 |


| Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Business Line Gross Income for Models that Fit (Frequency) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 - 5 0 \%}$ | 4 | 6 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 2 0 0 \%}$ | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | - |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 - 1 0 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 \%}+$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 1 | - |

Business Line 8: Retail Brokerage
Panel A: Summary Stats of Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Business Line Gross Income for All Models

| \# Modeled | 3 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# that Fit | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 25th | 1.15 | 1.54 | 1.17 | 1.24 | 1.13 | 24.83 | 10.51 | 6.80 | 85.09 | 1.96 |
| Med | 1.24 | 1.76 | 1.38 | 1.44 | 1.27 | 36.45 | 15.32 | 15.01 | 130.02 | 2.04 |
| 75th | 2.68 | 1.91 | 1.49 | 1.57 | 1.44 | 48.08 | 20.14 | 22.05 | 159.82 | 2.31 |


| Panel B: Capital Estimates as a Percentage of Business Line Gross Income for Models that Fit (Frequency) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 - 5 0 \%}$ | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| $\mathbf{5 0 - 1 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 - 2 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 - 1 0 0 0 \%}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 0 \%}+$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

This table presents a summary of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates for each Basel business line as a percentage of business line gross income. The capital estimates were simulated from one million trials. Panel A presents the first, second and third quartiles, which were calculated across each model. These statistics include both capital estimates that statistically fit and do not fit. Panel B presents a frequency distribution of banks whose capital estimates fit according to one or more of the following goodness-of-fit tests: Kolmogorov-Smirnoff, Chi-Square, and AndersonDarling. The fit for the g-and-h distribution was only tested using Q-Q plots. No goodness-of-fit tests were performed for the empirical distribution. By construction, the empirical distribution would fit the data. All empirical estimates are included in these counts. The total number of business lines modeled and the number that fit are also presented in Panel A.

Table 7: Capital Estimates at the Event Type Level as a Percentage of Total Assets (Additional Event Type Not Originally Included in Paper)


This table presents a summary of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates for each Basel event type as a percentage of total assets. The capital estimates were simulated from one million trials. Panel A presents the first, second and third quartiles, which were calculated across each model. These statistics include both capital estimates that statistically fit and do not fit. Panel B presents a frequency distribution of banks whose capital estimates fit according to one or more of the following goodness-of-fit tests: Kolmogorov-Smirnoff, Chi-Square, and Anderson-Darling. The fit for the g-and-h distribution was only tested using Q-Q plots. No goodness-of-fit tests were performed for the empirical distribution. By construction, the empirical distribution would fit the data. All empirical estimates are included in these counts. The total number of event types modeled and the number that fit are also presented in Panel A.

Table 8: Summary Statistics for Allocation of g-and-h Capital Estimates at the Business Line Level

|  | BL1 | BL2 | BL3 | BL4 | BL5 | BL6 | BL7 | BL8 | BL9 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | $2.07 \%$ | $12.91 \%$ | $20.88 \%$ | $12.88 \%$ | $2.13 \%$ | $32.98 \%$ | $6.70 \%$ | $1.14 \%$ | $21.22 \%$ |
| SD | $3.01 \%$ | $14.83 \%$ | $26.23 \%$ | $15.55 \%$ | $2.23 \%$ | $38.10 \%$ | $7.01 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ | $29.89 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $0.03 \%$ | $3.23 \%$ | $3.23 \%$ | $0.53 \%$ | $0.20 \%$ | $3.57 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $1.38 \%$ |
| Med | $0.06 \%$ | $10.58 \%$ | $10.04 \%$ | $5.17 \%$ | $0.91 \%$ | $14.79 \%$ | $5.27 \%$ | $1.11 \%$ | $4.54 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $2.19 \%$ | $12.32 \%$ | $23.66 \%$ | $26.00 \%$ | $3.78 \%$ | $65.82 \%$ | $12.87 \%$ | $1.18 \%$ | $33.40 \%$ |

This table gives the allocation of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates across Basel event types (as a percentage of the total capital) for the $g$-and-h distribution. For the $g$-and-h distribution, event types with 100 or more observations were estimated. Some event types were combined in order to estimate using $g$-and-h. In these cases, the total capital for the combined event types was then reallocated among those event types using the empirical model results. For all other event types that could not be estimated due to limited data, estimates from the empirical model were substituted.

Table 9: Summary Statistics for Allocation of g-and-h Capital Estimates at the Event Type Level

|  | ET1 | ET2 | ET3 | ET4 | ET5 | ET6 | ET7 | ET8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | $1.11 \%$ | $1.43 \%$ | $8.72 \%$ | $40.03 \%$ | $9.70 \%$ | $2.91 \%$ | $34.44 \%$ | $3.91 \%$ |
| SD | $1.49 \%$ | $1.45 \%$ | $20.52 \%$ | $44.43 \%$ | $24.35 \%$ | $5.51 \%$ | $40.64 \%$ | $2.58 \%$ |
| 25 | $0.32 \%$ | $0.82 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ | $3.92 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $0.34 \%$ | $4.98 \%$ | $2.64 \%$ |
| Med | $0.62 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ | $0.97 \%$ | $10.14 \%$ | $0.44 \%$ | $0.70 \%$ | $17.94 \%$ | $4.06 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | $1.02 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ | $1.83 \%$ | $85.13 \%$ | $1.18 \%$ | $1.79 \%$ | $58.06 \%$ | $5.25 \%$ |
| The |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

This table gives the allocation of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates across Basel event types (as a percentage of the total capital) for the $g$-and-h distribution. For the g-and-h distribution, event types with 100 or more observations were estimated. Some event types were combined in order to estimate using g-and-h. In these cases, the total capital for the combined event types was then reallocated among those event types using the empirical model results. For all other event types that could not be estimated due to limited data, estimates from the empirical model were substituted.

Table 10: Summary Statistics for Allocation of g-and-h Capital Estimates at the Business Line Level as a Percentage of Total Assets

|  | BL1 | BL2 | BL3 | BL4 | BL5 | BL6 | BL7 | BL8 | BL9 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | $0.01 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $0.19 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.20 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.21 \%$ |
| SD | $0.01 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $0.30 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.28 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.31 \%$ |
| 25 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| Med | $0.00 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.08 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |
| 75 | $0.01 \%$ | $0.12 \%$ | $0.12 \%$ | $0.11 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $0.22 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.29 \%$ |

This table gives the allocation of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates across Basel business lines (as a percentage of total assets) for the g-and-h distribution. For the g -and-h distribution, business lines with 100 or more observations were estimated. Some business lines were combined in order to estimate using g-and-h. In these cases, the total capital for the combined business lines was then reallocated among those business lines using the empirical model results. For all other business lines that could not be estimated due to limited data, estimates from the empirical model were substituted.

Table 11: Summary Statistics for Allocation of g-and-h Capital Estimates at the Event Type Level as a Percentage of Total Assets

|  | ET1 | ET2 | ET3 | ET4 | ET5 | ET6 | ET7 | ET8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $0.30 \%$ | $0.11 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $0.20 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |
| SD | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $0.39 \%$ | $0.27 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ | $0.30 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ |
| Med | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ |
| 75 | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.49 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ |

This table gives the allocation of the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates across Basel event types (as a percentage of total assets) for the g-and-h distribution. For the $g$-and-h distribution, event types with 100 or more observations were estimated. Some event types were combined in order to estimate using $g$-and-h. In these cases, the total capital for the combined event types was then reallocated among those event types using the empirical model results. For all other event types that could not be estimated due to limited data, estimates from the empirical model were substituted.

Table 12: Difference Between Aggregate Capital Estimates (as a Percentage of Enterprise Assets) Under Comonotonic and Independence Structures at the Business Line Level

|  | Emp | EVT <br> $\mathbf{5 \%} \%$ | EVT <br> $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ | Exp | Gamma | g-and-h | GPD | Log- <br> logistic | Weib |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $0.05 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.41 \%$ | $-6.44 \%$ | $-0.59 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| B | $0.05 \%$ | $-324.43 \%$ | $-0.37 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $0.22 \%$ | $0.26 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| C | $0.24 \%$ | $-36.65 \%$ | $-629.08 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $0.25 \%$ | $-80661.37 \%$ | $-29.44 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |
| D | $0.10 \%$ | $-0.10 \%$ | $-0.97 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.49 \%$ | $32.61 \%$ | $-15.15 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| E | $0.07 \%$ | $-7.32 \%$ | $-296.59 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $-120.04 \%$ | $-1.02 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| F | $0.07 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $0.49 \%$ | $-7.19 \%$ | $-1.31 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ |
| G | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $-5.07 \%$ | $-0.56 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| Mean | $0.08 \%$ | $-52.64 \%$ | $-132.43 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.26 \%$ | $-11538.18 \%$ | $-6.83 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ |
| Std Dev | $0.07 \%$ | $120.59 \%$ | $245.27 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.21 \%$ | $30480.50 \%$ | $11.35 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| 25th | $0.05 \%$ | $-21.98 \%$ | $-148.78 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.08 \%$ | $-63.62 \%$ | $-8.23 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| Med | $0.07 \%$ | $-0.10 \%$ | $-0.37 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.25 \%$ | $-6.44 \%$ | $-1.02 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| 75th | $0.09 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.45 \%$ | $-2.43 \%$ | $-0.58 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ |

This table shows the difference between the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates calculated under two dependence assumptions: comonotonicity (simple addition) and independence (zero correlation), summed from the Basel business line level to the enterprise level and given as a percentage of the total assets. The mean, median, standard deviation, and interquartile statistics were calculated across all institutions. If certain business lines were not large enough to estimate under the given distribution, those business lines were left off of these calculations.

Table 13: Difference Between Aggregate Capital Estimates (as a Percentage of Enterprise Assets) Under Comonotonic and Independence Structures at the Event Type Level

|  | Emp | EVT <br> $\mathbf{5 \%} \%$ | EVT <br> $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ | Exp | Gamma | g-and-h | GPD | Log- <br> logistic | Weib |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $0.56 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $-4.56 \%$ | $-0.31 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ |
| B | $0.05 \%$ | $-82.26 \%$ | $-2.40 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $-0.56 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| C | $0.09 \%$ | $1.13 \%$ | $-52.17 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $-18.06 \%$ | $-0.56 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| D | $0.04 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $0.94 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.11 \%$ | $-850.49 \%$ | $-8.60 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| E | $0.03 \%$ | $-0.39 \%$ | $-34.48 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.11 \%$ | $-0.44 \%$ | $0.14 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| F | $0.08 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $-215.42 \%$ | $-6.53 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |
| G | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $-1.36 \%$ | $-0.80 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| Mean | $0.12 \%$ | $-11.64 \%$ | $-12.59 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $-155.84 \%$ | $-2.37 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| Std Dev | $0.20 \%$ | $31.14 \%$ | $21.63 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $316.25 \%$ | $3.61 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| 25th | $0.03 \%$ | $-0.20 \%$ | $-18.44 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $-116.74 \%$ | $-3.66 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| Med | $0.05 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $-4.56 \%$ | $-0.56 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| 75th | $0.08 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.11 \%$ | $-0.96 \%$ | $-0.13 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |

This table shows the difference between the $99.9 \%$ capital estimates calculated under two dependence assumptions: comonotonicity (simple addition) and independence (zero correlation), summed from the Basel event type level to the enterprise level and given as a percentage of the independence estimates. The mean, median, standard deviation, and interquartile statistics were calculated across all institutions. If certain event types were not large enough to estimate under the given distribution, those event types were left off of these calculations.

Table 14: g-and-h Loss Multiplier at the Enterprise Level

|  | Largest <br> Loss | Second <br> Largest | Third <br> Largest | Fourth <br> Largest | Fifth <br> Largest | Median <br> Loss |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 12.8 | 20.5 | 47.4 | 61.5 | 111.7 | $155,510.6$ |
| Std Dev | 12.2 | 15.1 | 30.0 | 32.1 | 76.7 | $204,049.2$ |
| 25th | 2.2 | 9.4 | 24.2 | 46.7 | 66.0 | $31,233.5$ |
| Med | 8.1 | 17.1 | 49.3 | 57.4 | 91.6 | $50,157.5$ |
| 75th | 21.7 | 28.1 | 66.4 | 80.6 | 154.3 | $194,616.3$ |

This table presents sample statistics for the g-and-h distribution loss multipliers, where the loss multiplier is defined as the $99.9 \%$ g-and-h capital estimate divided by the given loss. These statistics are calculated across all institutions for the median and five largest losses.

Table 15: g-and-h Loss Multiplier at the Business Line Level

|  | Largest <br> Loss | Second <br> Largest | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { Third } \\ \text { Largest } \end{gathered}$ | Fourth Largest | Fifth Largest | Median Loss |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business Line 2: Trading \& Sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 24.7 | 57.1 | 102.3 | 141.2 | 244.3 | 97,441.6 |
| Std Dev | 29.4 | 56.9 | 118.9 | 138.8 | 109.7 | 53,720.3 |
| 25th | 7.7 | 25.0 | 34.5 | 61.0 | 181.3 | 78,628.1 |
| Med | 7.9 | 37.3 | 52.0 | 65.1 | 192.4 | 121,336.8 |
| 75th | 33.2 | 79.3 | 145.1 | 183.3 | 281.4 | 128,202.6 |
| Business Line 3: Retail Banking |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 49.8 | 119.3 | 188.4 | 218.2 | 258.4 | 105,407.4 |
| Std Dev | 49.8 | 129.4 | 218.6 | 252.7 | 308.0 | 191,654.6 |
| 25th | 7.7 | 29.4 | 39.3 | 45.6 | 48.8 | 7,405.0 |
| Med | 40.6 | 60.9 | 84.4 | 105.0 | 121.1 | 20,548.4 |
| 75th | 79.4 | 196.3 | 306.0 | 333.8 | 375.9 | 77,960.4 |
| Business Line 4: Commercial Banking |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 67.7 | 321.5 | 355.0 | 419.3 | 715.5 | 67,036.7 |
| Std Dev | 81.5 | 423.9 | 428.2 | 505.8 | 998.7 | 74,976.9 |
| 25th | 21.8 | 80.0 | 113.7 | 134.4 | 142.5 | 26,264.7 |
| Med | 39.2 | 149.0 | 206.8 | 244.9 | 253.5 | 51,453.4 |
| 75th | 99.4 | 476.7 | 522.2 | 617.1 | 1,057.5 | 100,017.1 |
| Business Line 5: Payment \& Settlement |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 153.5 | 185.9 | 276.5 | 316.6 | 343.5 | 7,654.4 |
| Std Dev | 298.4 | 341.7 | 496.2 | 555.3 | 582.9 | 12,488.6 |
| 25th | 3.7 | 11.4 | 23.4 | 28.9 | 32.6 | 906.4 |
| Med | 5.0 | 19.6 | 32.5 | 45.1 | 62.9 | 1,736.1 |
| 75th | 154.8 | 194.1 | 285.5 | 332.8 | 373.8 | 8,484.1 |
| Business Line 6: Agency Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 45.7 | 55.3 | 80.3 | 124.9 | 166.2 | 14,809.1 |
| Std Dev | 27.4 | 30.8 | 50.2 | 68.1 | 84.3 | 13,145.6 |
| 25th | 26.4 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 102.2 | 110.6 | 5,406.2 |
| Med | 34.6 | 45.2 | 81.5 | 121.4 | 216.6 | 10,205.4 |
| 75th | 73.4 | 81.4 | 127.6 | 147.6 | 225.1 | 20,396.3 |


| Business Line 7: Asset Management |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 16.0 | 30.8 | 37.0 | 54.3 | 72.5 | $1,311.6$ |
| Std Dev | 15.0 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 22.1 | 31.8 | 752.0 |
| 25th | 4.6 | 25.7 | 33.5 | 41.9 | 59.5 | 752.9 |
| Med | 15.7 | 28.7 | 37.5 | 58.5 | 81.0 | $1,176.8$ |
| 75th | 27.2 | 33.8 | 41.0 | 70.9 | 94.0 | $1,735.4$ |
| Business Line 8: Retail Brokerage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 14.9 | 19.8 | 25.1 | 39.3 | 45.7 | $3,014.1$ |
| Std Dev | 16.8 | 15.1 | 22.0 | 21.1 | 20.6 | $3,918.8$ |
| 25th | 5.5 | 11.1 | 12.4 | 32.7 | 39.7 | 769.0 |
| Med | 9.1 | 11.5 | 13.9 | 50.5 | 57.6 | $1,254.5$ |
| 75th | 21.5 | 24.4 | 32.2 | 51.5 | 57.6 | $4,379.4$ |
| Bean |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mesiness Line 9: Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Std Dev | 0.4 | 1.9 | 8.1 | 35.6 | 73.8 | $31,501.4$ |
| 25th | 0.2 | 1.3 | 5.8 | 32.3 | 84.6 | $51,313.1$ |
| Med | 0.3 | 1.2 | 5.3 | 18.1 | 26.0 | $1,876.7$ |
| 75th | 0.4 | 1.8 | 8.6 | 29.2 | 43.7 | $2,277.8$ |

This table presents sample statistics for the g-and-h distribution loss multipliers, where the loss multiplier is defined as the $99.9 \% \mathrm{~g}$-and-h capital estimate divided by the given loss. These statistics are calculated across all institutions for the median and five largest losses.

Table 16: g-and-h Loss Multiplier at the Event Type Level

|  | Largest <br> Loss | Second <br> Largest | Third <br> Largest | Fourth <br> Largest | Fifth <br> Largest | Median <br> Loss |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 7.3 | 21.6 | 54.1 | 71.4 | 83.9 | $4,572.6$ |
| Std Dev | 6.9 | 14.1 | 33.9 | 36.5 | 44.7 | $3,106.3$ |
| 25th | 2.2 | 14.0 | 24.5 | 50.4 | 54.5 | $3,110.6$ |
| Med | 4.4 | 18.8 | 50.2 | 56.5 | 73.0 | $3,807.6$ |
| 75th | 13.4 | 24.4 | 78.8 | 103.3 | 119.2 | $6,552.9$ |
| Event Type 3: Employment Practices \& Workplace Safety |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 18.8 | 37.9 | 52.4 | 87.8 | 156.3 | $167,607.7$ |
| Std Dev | 27.0 | 51.4 | 50.9 | 41.7 | 97.2 | $182,269.3$ |
| 25th | 2.8 | 13.7 | 24.3 | 61.4 | 96.0 | $12,761.2$ |
| Med | 4.1 | 18.3 | 24.7 | 85.5 | 148.9 | $118,821.0$ |
| 75th | 18.9 | 20.3 | 67.3 | 101.6 | 153.1 | $274,325.5$ |
| Event Type 4: Clients, Products \& Business Practices |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 10.2 | 18.1 | 35.0 | 53.0 | 126.0 | $206,165.6$ |
| Std Dev | 8.7 | 3.1 | 21.6 | 26.5 | 131.0 | $185,442.2$ |
| 25th | 2.8 | 17.1 | 24.1 | 36.6 | 55.7 | $89,814.2$ |
| Med | 9.6 | 19.2 | 24.5 | 51.1 | 81.1 | $196,573.3$ |
| 75th | 17.0 | 20.1 | 35.4 | 67.4 | 151.3 | $312,924.7$ |


| Event Type 7: Execution, Delivery \& Process Management |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 14.5 | 20.9 | 39.7 | 61.7 | 68.1 | 12,715.2 |
| Std Dev | 7.4 | 7.7 | 21.7 | 34.9 | 39.4 | 4,889.0 |
| 25th | 9.2 | 15.8 | 24.1 | 31.8 | 35.4 | 10,404.0 |
| Med | 12.1 | 18.5 | 38.0 | 74.7 | 80.2 | 13,862.7 |
| 75th | 19.0 | 28.4 | 50.6 | 83.3 | 87.5 | 15,228.2 |

This table presents sample statistics for the $g$-and-h distribution loss multipliers, where the loss multiplier is defined as the $99.9 \% \mathrm{~g}$-and-h capital estimate divided by the given loss. These statistics are calculated across all institutions for the median and five largest losses.

Table 17: Average b Parameter
by Business Line, Event Type and Overall

|  | b |
| :--- | :---: |
| Business Line 2: Trading \& Sales | 0.0043 |
| Business Line 3: Retail Banking | 0.0019 |
| Business Line 4: Commercial Banking | 0.0039 |
| Business Line 5: Payment \& Settlement | 0.0023 |
| Business Line 6: Agency Services | 0.0028 |
| Business Line 7: Asset Management | 0.0044 |
| Business Line 8: Retail Brokerage | 0.0039 |
| Event Type 1: Internal Fraud | 0.0031 |
| Event Type 2: External Fraud | 0.0011 |
| Event Type 3: Employment Practices \& Workplace Safety | 0.0036 |
| Event Type 4: Clients, Products \& Business Practices | 0.0033 |
| Event Type 6: Business Disruption \& System Failures | 0.0031 |
| Event Type 7: Execution, Delivery \& Process Management | 0.0023 |
| Overall | 0.0024 |

