U.S. & Oklahoma Economic Outlook



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Purposes and Structure of the Federal Reserve System

Overall purposes of the Fed are to promote:

- National financial stability
- Maximum sustainable economic growth
- Low and stable inflation

Mission areas:

- Monetary policy most visible role to the public, usually
- Bank regulation including lender of last resort
- Payments systems cash, checks, electronic payments

Monetary policy is set by the 12-member FOMC:

- The Federal Open Market Committee meets every 6 weeks
- Voting members consist of:
 - the 7 Governors in Washington;
 - the New York Fed President;
 - 4 of the 11 other Fed presidents on a rotating basis

Federal Reserve Districts and Office Locations



The Kansas City and Oklahoma City Offices

Headquarters in Kansas City

- Nearly 1,000 staff involved in all mission areas
- New building officially opened in June

Oklahoma City branch office

- <u>Staff and functions</u> about 35 staff involved in economic research, bank examinations, and public and community affairs
- <u>Branch board of directors</u> 7 members from around the state; provide anecdotal information in advance of each FOMC meeting

Oklahoma City branch board of directors

- Chairman Richard Ratcliffe, Chairman, Ratcliffe's Textbooks, Weatherford
- Steve Agee, President, Agee Energy, and Professor, OCU, Oklahoma City
- Terry Almon, President, Oklahoma Community Capital Corp., Broken Arrow
- Jim Dunn, Chairman, Mill Creek Lumber & Supply Co., Tulsa
- Barry Golsen, President, LSB Industries, Oklahoma City
- Fred Ramos, President, RGF, Inc., Oklahoma City

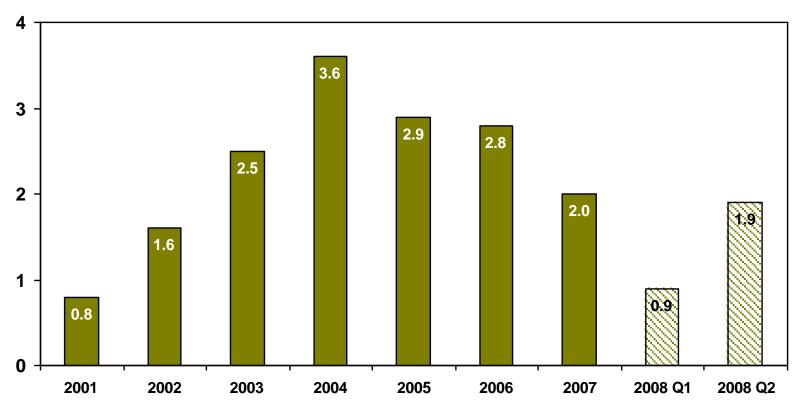
The U.S. Economic Outlook

- U.S. economic growth is below average
- Inflation pressures have risen
- □ Forecasts generally call for sluggish growth and continued high inflation in the second half of 2008

GDP growth was moderate in the first half of 2008

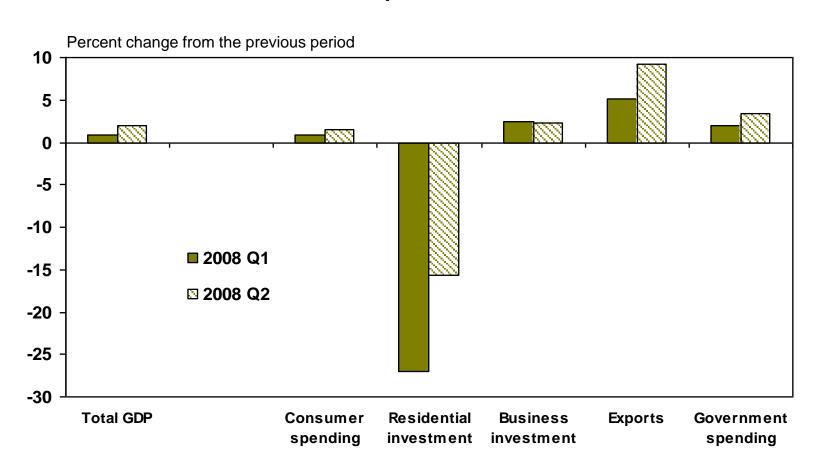
Gross Domestic Product

Percent change from the previous period, annualized



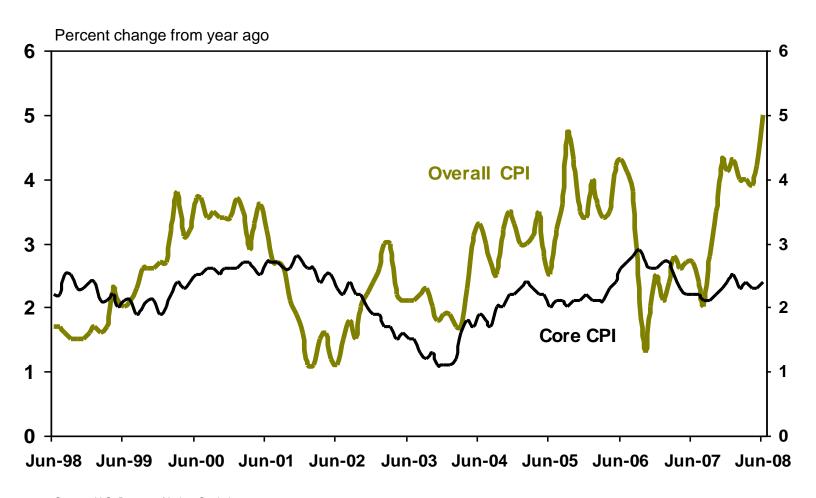
Stimulus checks and exports provided a boost in Q2

Growth in Components of GDP



Inflation has risen again in recent months

Consumer Price Index

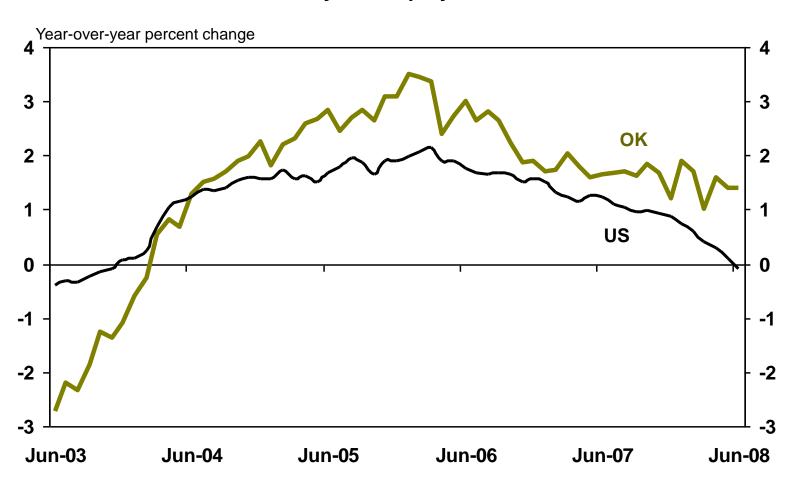


The Oklahoma Economic Outlook

- Oklahoma economic growth remains solid
- Housing is in better shape than the nation
- Energy and agriculture should continue to help promote moderate overall growth in the state

Oklahoma job growth continues to be considerably stronger than in the nation

Nonfarm Payroll Employment Growth

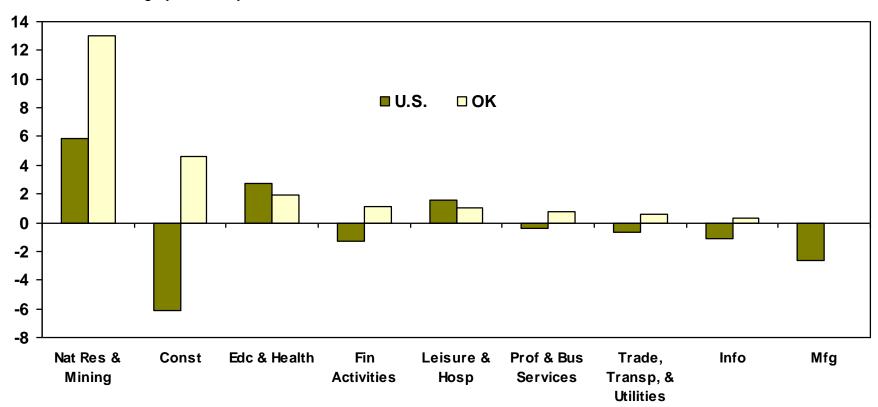


Strength in regional job growth is driven by energy, but also some other sectors

Employment Growth by Industry

June 2008

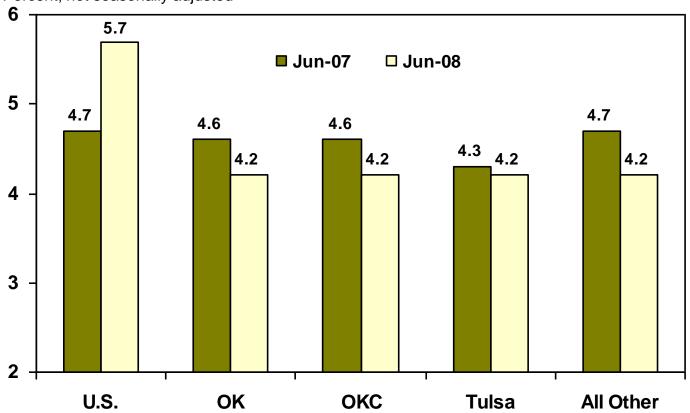
Percent change year over year



Unemployment rates are down across the state since last year, unlike in the nation

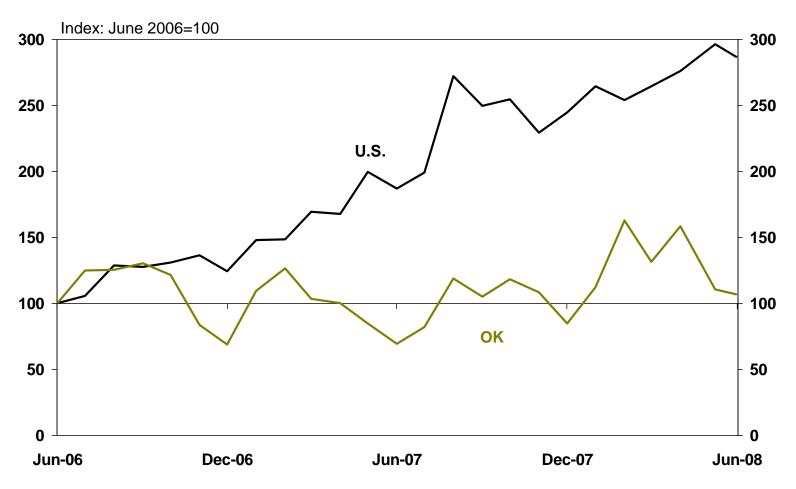
Unemployment Rates

Percent, not seasonally adjusted



Total foreclosure rates have remained relatively stable in Oklahoma, as opposed to the nation

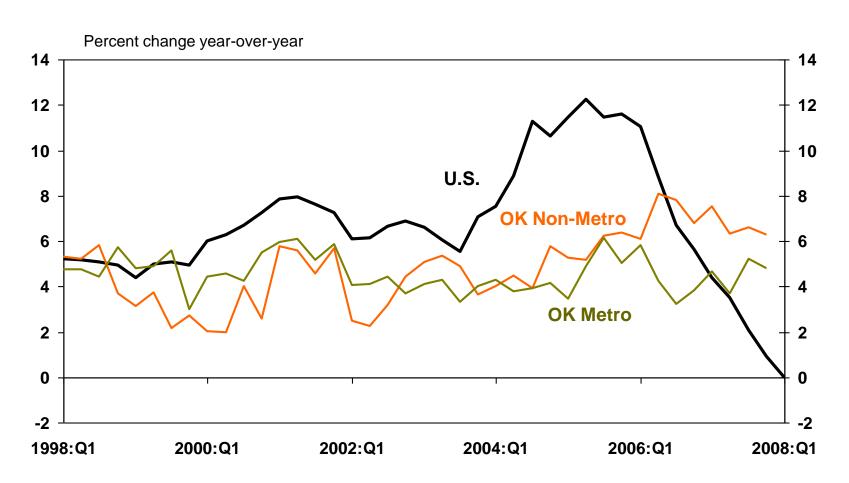
Foreclosures in the U.S. vs. Oklahoma



Source: RealtyTrac

U.S. home prices are now falling, while Oklahoma prices are holding on

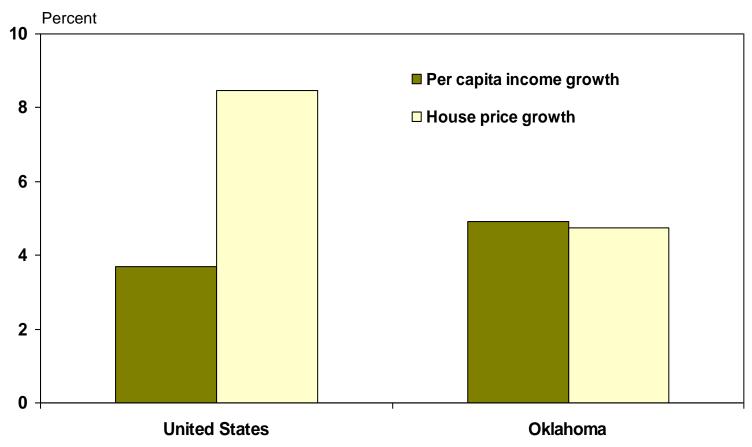
Quality-Adjusted Home Price Growth



House price fundamentals were more in line in Oklahoma from 2000 to 2005

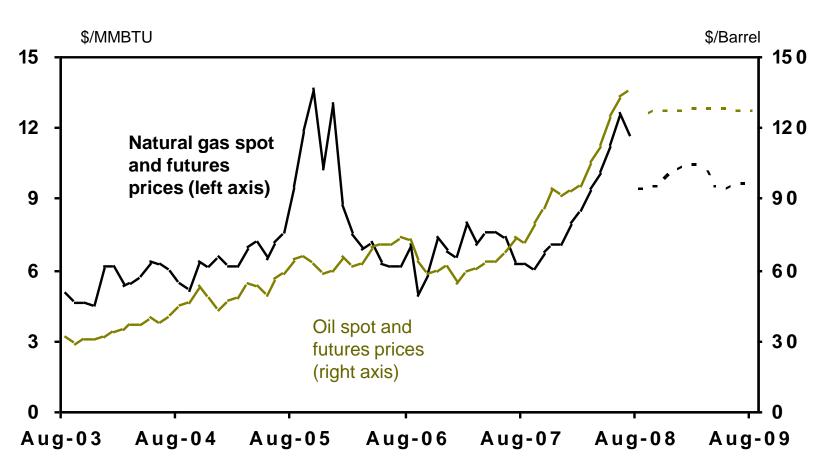
Annual Growth in Per Capita Incomes and Home Prices

2000 - 2005



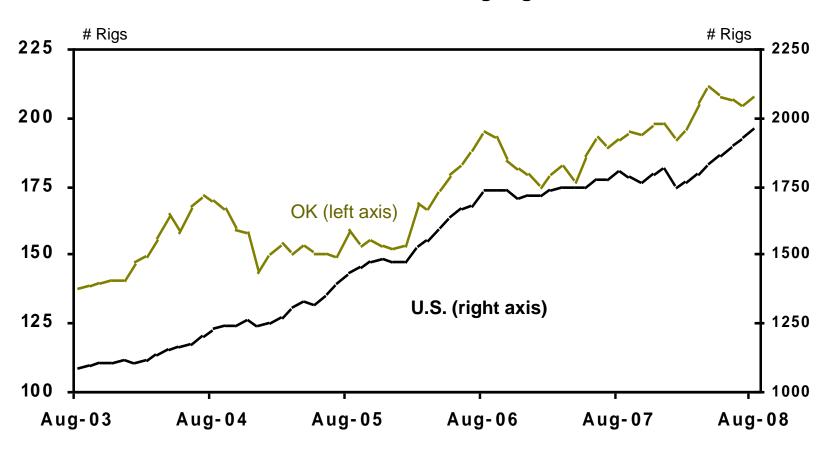
Oil and gas futures prices have dropped slightly, but still remain very solid

Oil and Natural Gas Prices



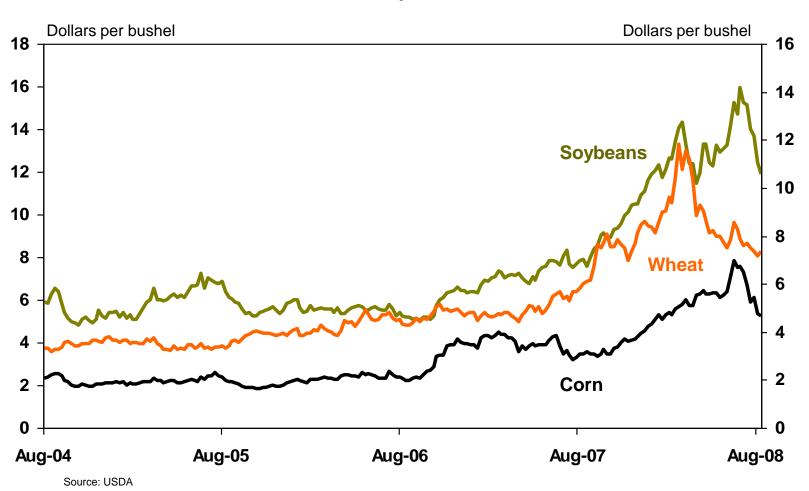
State drilling activity continues to increase

Count of Active Drilling Rigs



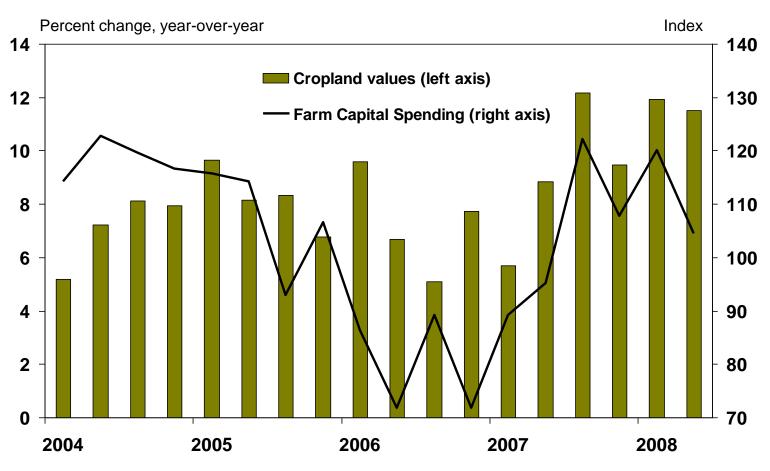
Crop prices have also eased recently, but still remain quite high

U.S. Crop Prices



Oklahoma farmland values and farm capital spending are rising

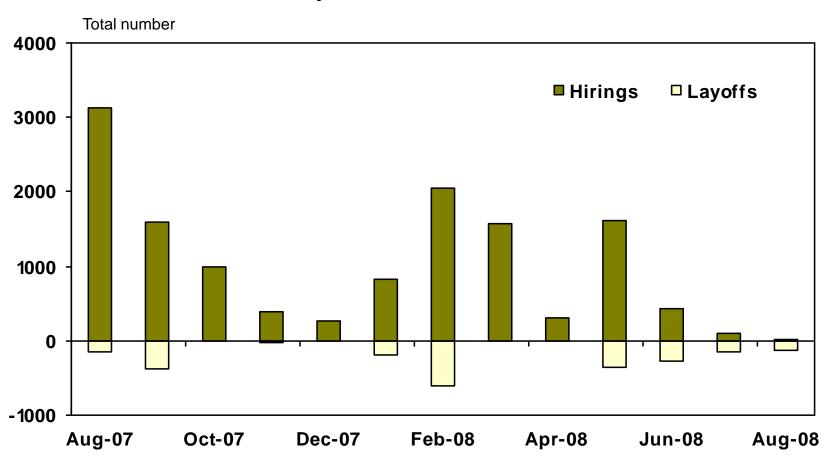
Oklahoma Agricultural Indicators



Source: FRBKC Agricultural Credit Survey

Hiring announcements in Oklahoma have slowed, but layoffs remain minimal

Oklahoma Hiring and Layoff Announcements



The 2009 job growth forecast for Oklahoma is generally positive

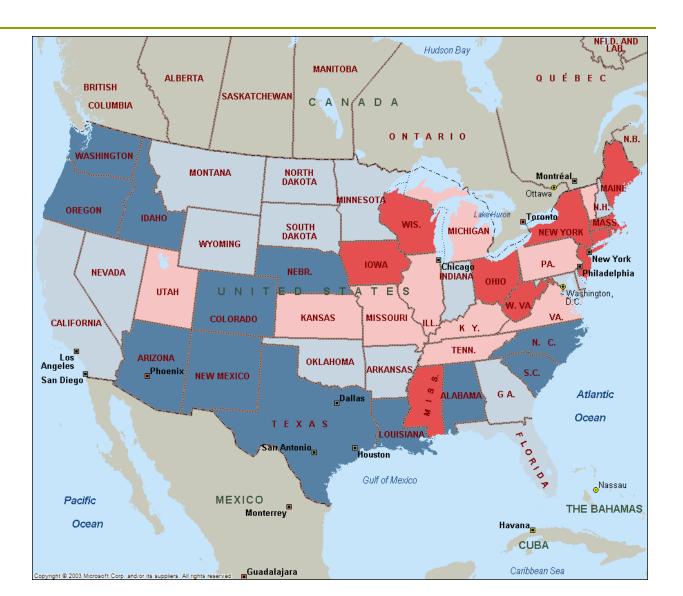
Job Growth (as of Jun-08)

1.1 to 2.2%

0.8 to 1.0%

0.2 to 0.7%

-0.3 to 0.1%



Source: Economy.com

Questions?