

Kansas Economic Outlook

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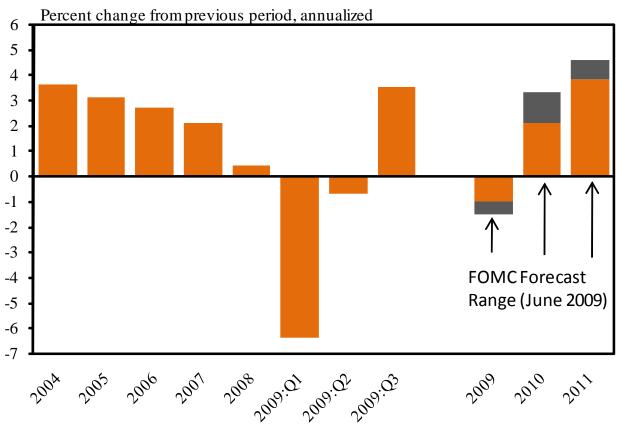
The views expressed are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the positions of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or the Federal Reserve System.

U.S. Economic Overview

- The U.S. economy has contracted sharply since the recession began.
 - Housing markets and construction activity have been very weak.
 - Financial markets and credit conditions have tightened.
 - Manufacturing activity declined dramatically as export markets weakened and consumers cut back.
 - Labor market conditions have worsened.
- The economy is beginning to show signs of recovery as policies implemented by the Federal Reserve, Treasury, Congress and President start to take hold.

Real GDP has fallen sharply since the recession started in December 2007.

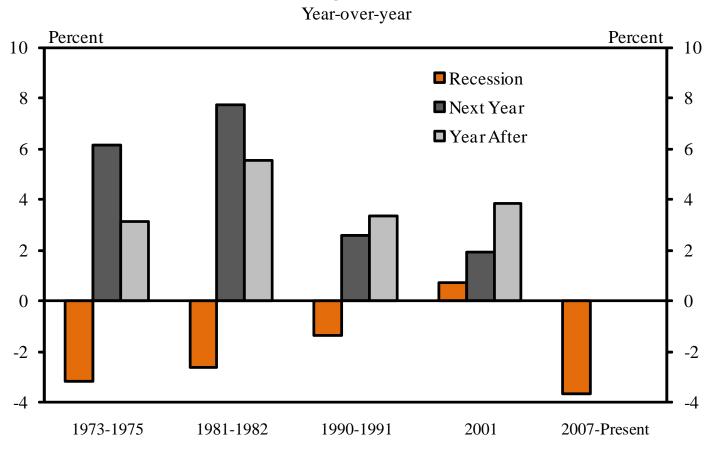
Real Gross Domestic Product



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis; FOMC Latest release: 10/29/2009

In the past, the rebound in real GDP has been greater after sharp downturns.

Real GDP During and After Recessions



Source: BEA

Consumption usually makes the largest contribution to GDP in the year following a recession.

Contributions to Real GDP by Component in the Year Following a Recession

Average quarterly rate (at an annualized rate) Percent Percent **1**973-1975 4 **■**1981-1982 **1**990-1991 3 3 **2001** 2 2 0 -1 -1 -2 -2 Consumption Residential Change in **Net Exports** Government **Business Inventories** Investment Investment

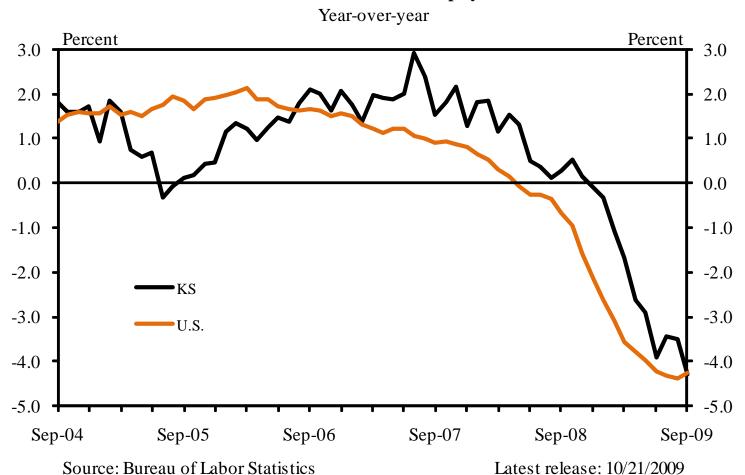
Source: BEA

Kansas Overview

- Kansas was slow to enter the current recession.
 - The aerospace manufacturing, agriculture and energy sectors provided robust support to the region through the third quarter of 2008.
 - Home prices have fallen less than in the nation, and foreclosure rates are much lower than other parts of the country.
- The Kansas economy is now showing signs of recovery similar to those seen in the national economy.
 - Manufacturing activity is stabilizing.
 - Monthly home sales and residential construction activity is increasing.
- However, the unemployment rate is likely to remain elevated for some time.

Employment has fallen sharply over the past year.

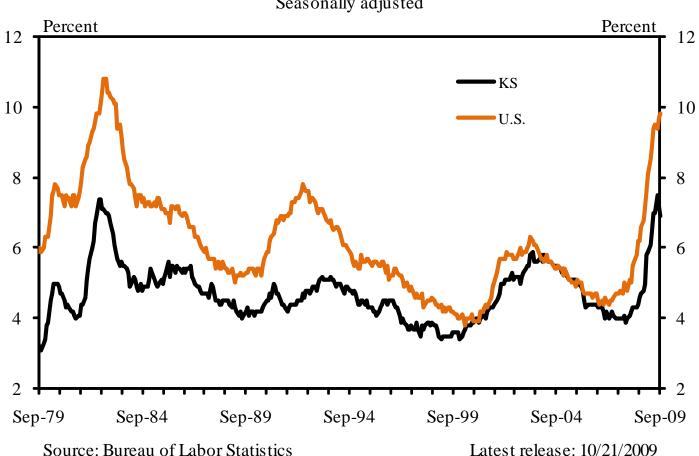
Growth in Total Nonfarm Employment



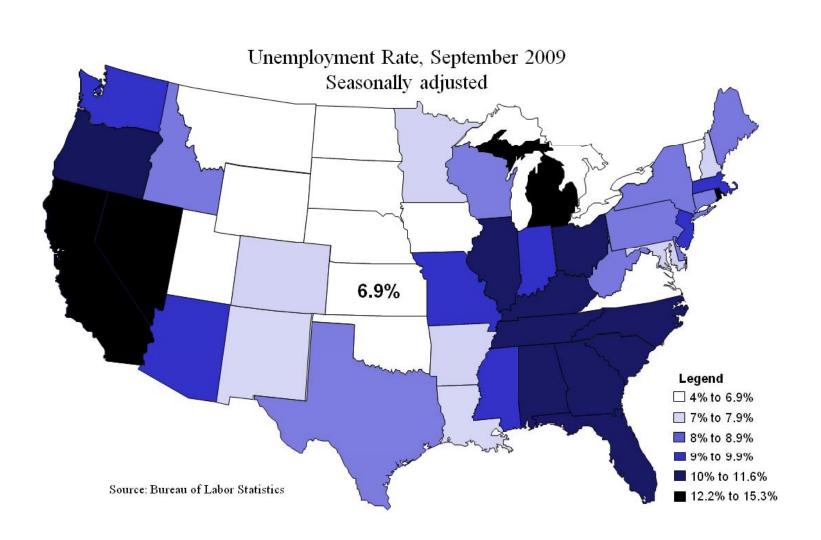
Unemployment rates continue to increase.

Unemployment Rate

Seasonally adjusted

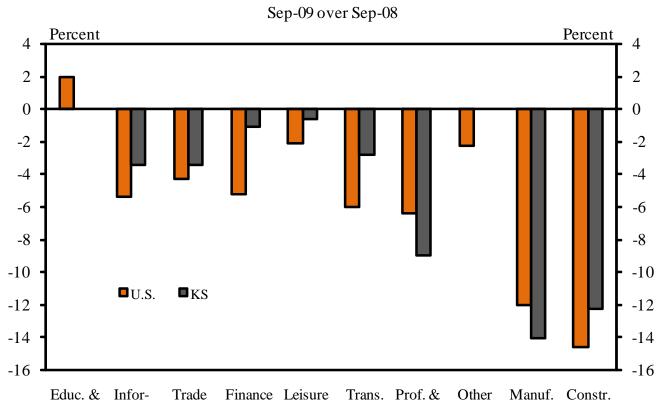


There are large regional variations in unemployment.



The education and health industries are the only industries experiencing job growth.

Private Job Growth by Industry



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics Latest release: 10/21/2009

& Hosp. & Util.

(.11)

Health

(.16)

mation

(.03)

(.19)

(.07)

Note: Number in parentheses is the industry's share of total private jobs in KS in Sep-09

(.05)

Serv.

(.05)

(.15)

(.05)

Bus.

(.13)

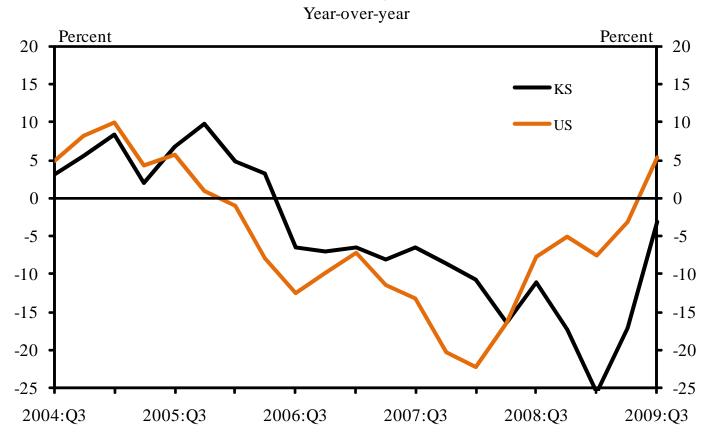
Initial unemployment claims remain elevated.

Initial Unemployment Claims

Seasonally adjusted Weekly claims Weekly claims 800000 8000 U.S. (left axis) 700000 7000 KS (right axis) 6000 600000 500000 5000 400000 4000 300000 3000 200000 2000 100000 1000 Oct-06 Oct-04 Oct-05 Oct-07 Oct-08 Oct-09 Source: Department of Labor Latest release: 11/05/2009

Home sales have fallen sharply since late 2005, but have since increased.

Sales of Existing Homes

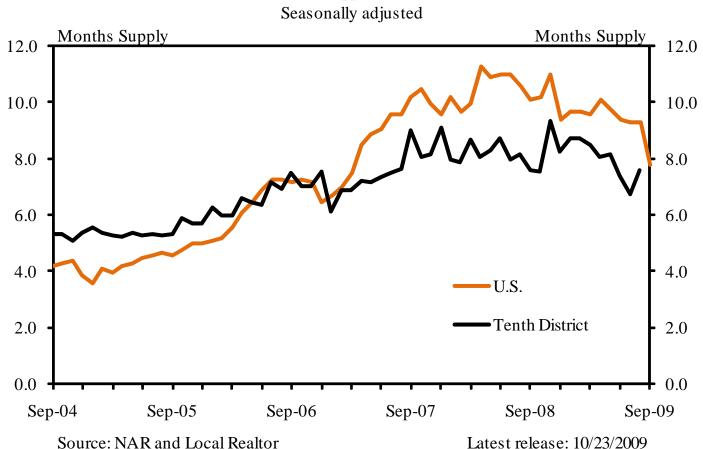


Source: NAR



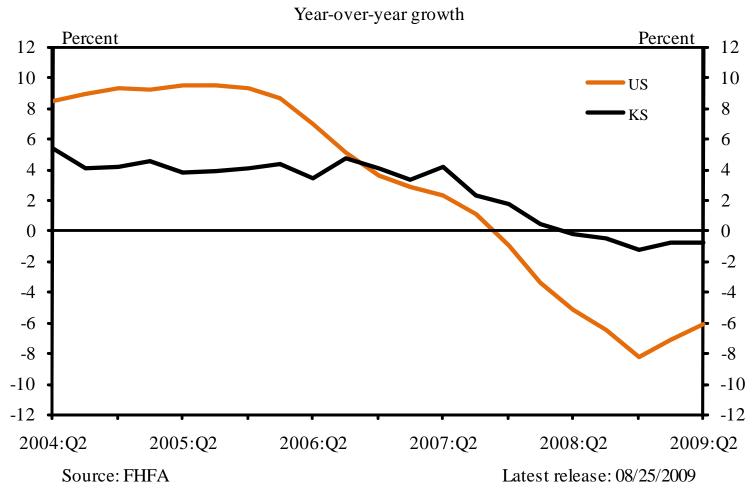
The months supply of homes has decreased lately, but remains elevated.

Months Supply of Homes

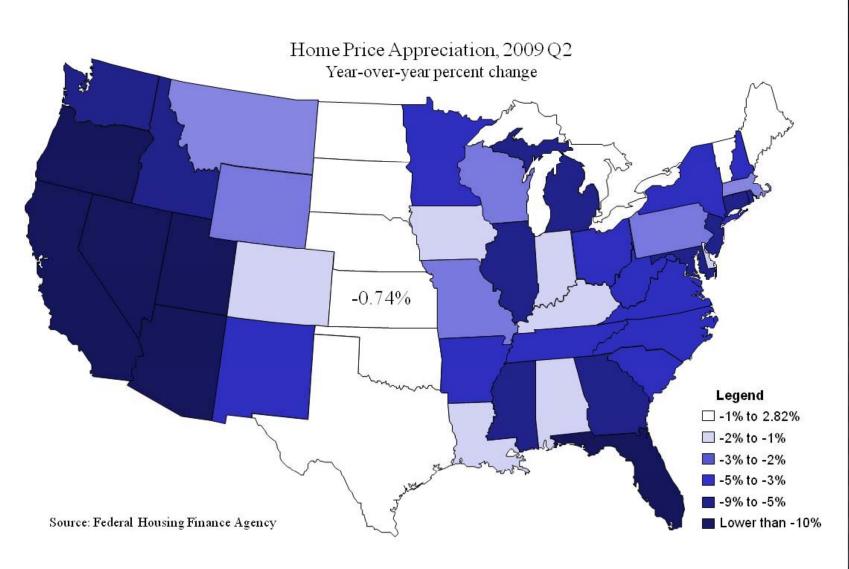


Home prices are well below year-ago levels in the U.S.

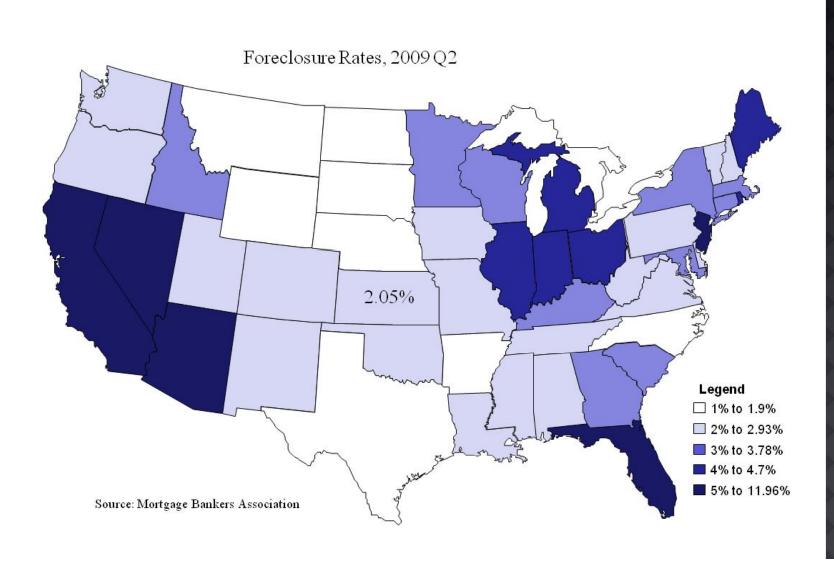
Home Price Appreciation



Home price appreciation has varied widely across the nation.



Foreclosure rates are up across the nation, but regional variation persists.



Residential construction activity has increased slightly over the past few months.

Value of Residential Construction Contracts

Seasonally adjusted Index: Sep-04=100 Index 160 160 140 140 US 120 120 100 100 80 80 60 60 40 40 20 20 Sep-09 Sep-04 Sep-05 Sep-06 Sep-07 Sep-08

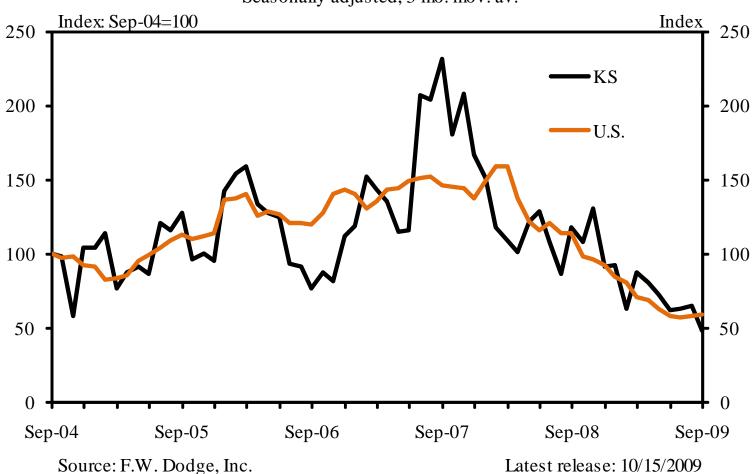
Latest release: 10/15/2009

Source: F.W. Dodge, Inc.

Commercial construction activity remains slow.

Value of Commercial Construction Contracts

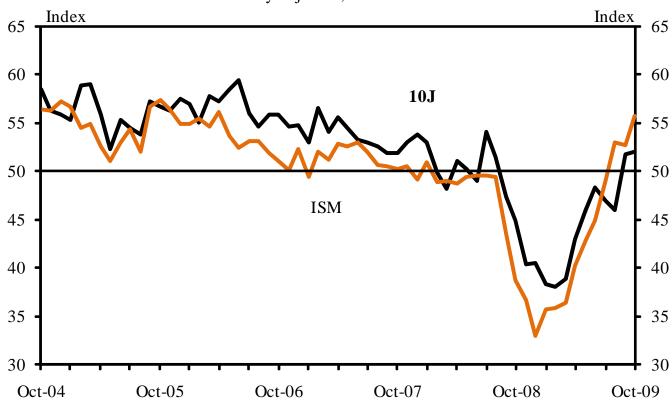
Seasonally adjusted, 3-mo. mov. av.



Recent surveys indicate that manufacturing activity is stabilizing.

Manufacturing Production

Seasonally adjusted; month-over-month



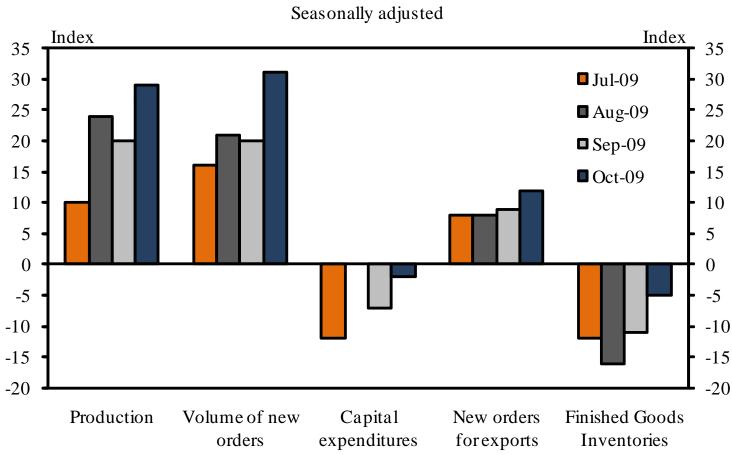
Note: 10J index is computed on ISM basis (50 = zero change)

Sources: ISM, FRBKC Manufacturing Survey

Latest release: 10/29/2009 for the Manufacturing Survey and 11/02/2009 for ISM

Production levels and new orders are expected to increase in the next 6 months.

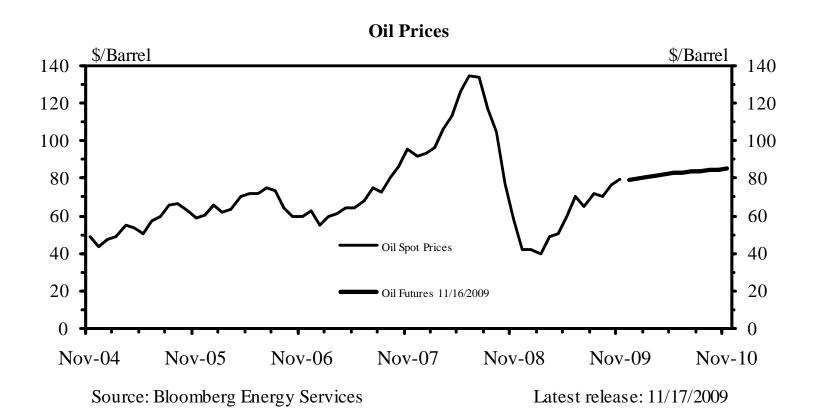
Manufacturing Expectations - Six Months Ahead



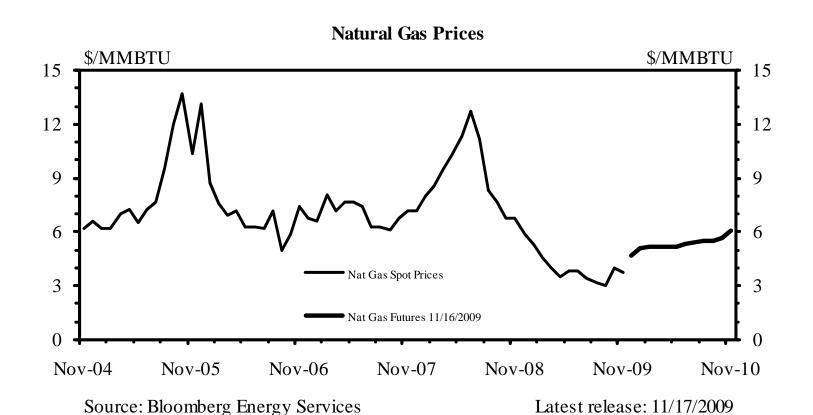
Source: FRBKC Manufacturing Survey

Latest release: 10/29/2009

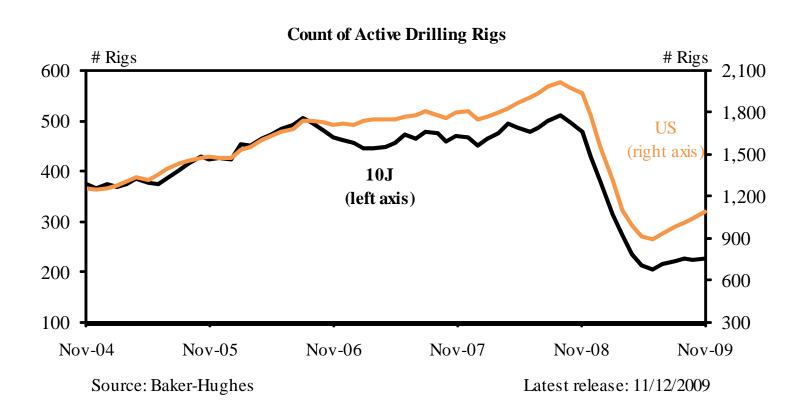
Oil prices have increased over the past nine months.



Natural gas prices increased in October but have since fallen.

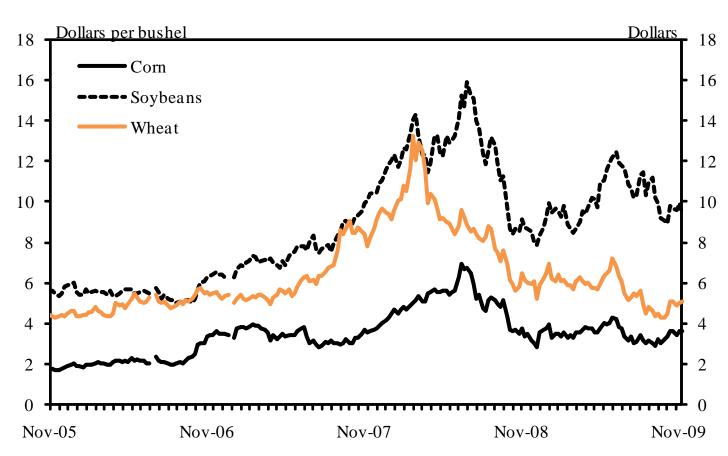


Tenth District drilling activity has edged higher.



Crop prices have started to increase.

Crop Prices

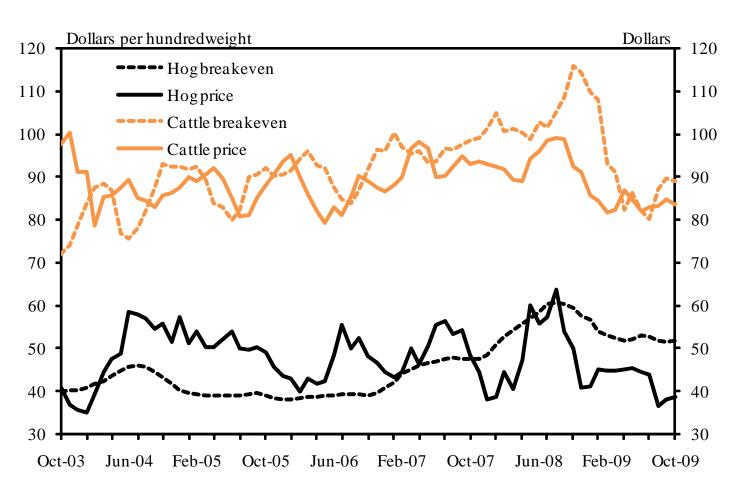


Source: Commodity Research Bureau



Hog and cattle producers continue to struggle.

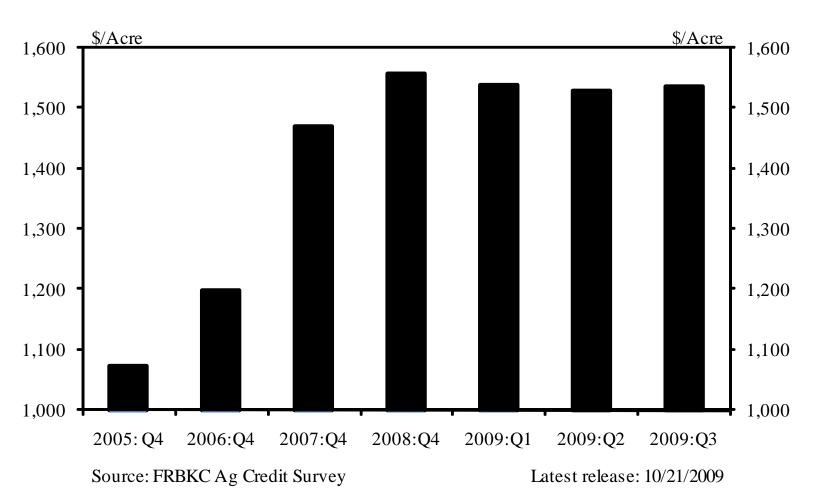
U.S. Livestock Prices and Breakeven Costs



Source: USDA and Iowa State University

Farmland values have stabilized.

Tenth District Average Nonirrigated Cropland Values



Conclusions

- Most economists expect the U.S. and Kansas economies to recover gradually over the next couple of years.
- There are several factors that will likely prevent a more robust recovery.
 - Credit conditions remain tighter than pre-recession levels.
 - Consumers seem less willing to spend as they try to rebuild wealth.
 - An excess supply of housing will take time to work off.
 - Unemployment is likely to remain stubbornly high for some time.