## The Fed and the Economy in the U.S. and Oklahoma



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## Overview of the Federal Reserve System

- The "Fed" consists of three main entities:
  - Board of Governors: 7 members appointed by U.S. President
  - Federal Reserve Banks: 12 total; semi-independent by design
  - <u>Federal Open Market Committee</u>: 19 members; 12 voting
- As with most central banks, the Fed's primary responsibilities fall within four general areas:
  - <u>Lender of last resort</u> provide liquidity in times of crisis
  - Monetary policy promote full employment and low inflation
  - Bank regulation ensure safety and soundness of banks
  - <u>Financial services</u> bank for banks, bank for federal govt.



## Federal Reserve Districts and Office Locations





## The Oklahoma City Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City

### History, staff, and functions

- Branch office opened in 1920; currently have about 35 staff
- Functions include economic research, bank examinations, public outreach

### 2011 branch board of directors

- Steve Agee (chairman), Dean, Oklahoma City Univ. Business School, OKC
- Jim Dunn, Chairman, Mill Creek Lumber and Supply Co., Tulsa
- Jacque Fiegel, Senior EVP and COO, Coppermark Bank, OKC
- Rose Washington Rentie, Executive Director, TEDC Creative Capital, Tulsa
- Doug Tippens, President and CEO, Bank of Commerce, Yukon
- · K. Vasudevan, Chairman, Service and Technology Corp., Bartlesville

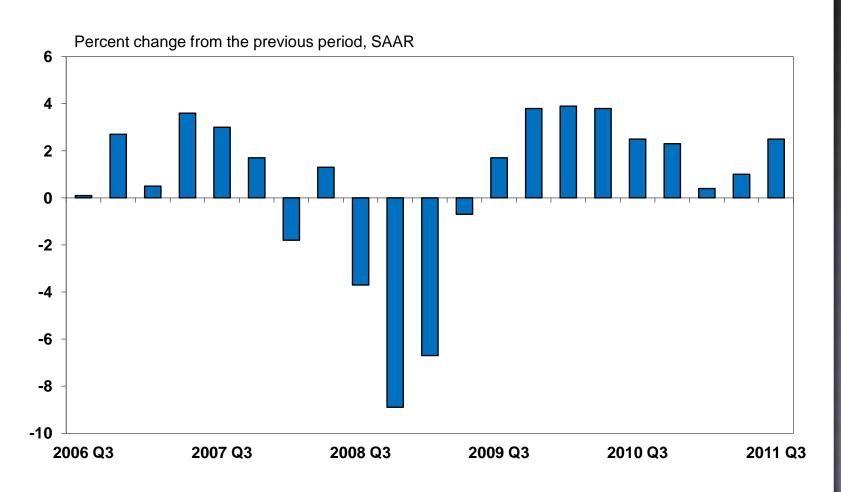


# The U.S. Economy



## Real GDP growth picked up somewhat in Q3, but still remains moderate

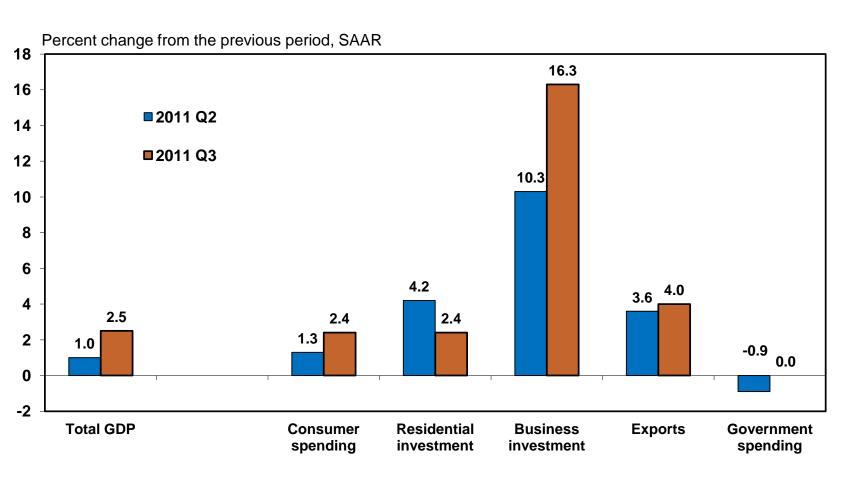
#### **U.S. Real Gross Domestic Product**





## Business investment was strong, exports grew further, and consumers spent more

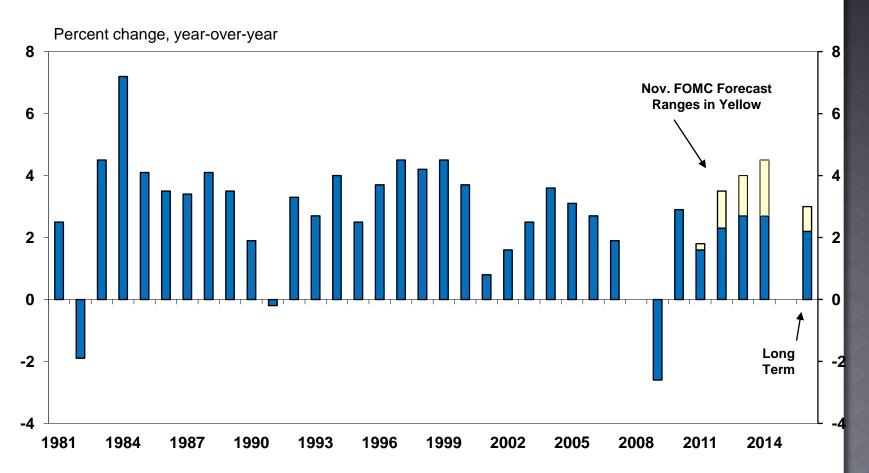
### **Growth in Components of Real GDP**





## Fed policymakers expect continued moderate U.S. GDP recovery

### **Real Gross Domestic Product**

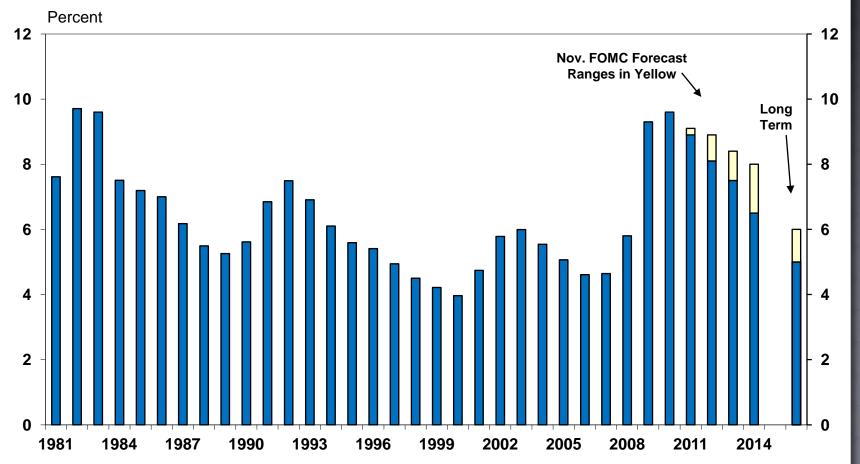




## But for unemployment to only come down slowly the next few years

### **Unemployment Rate**

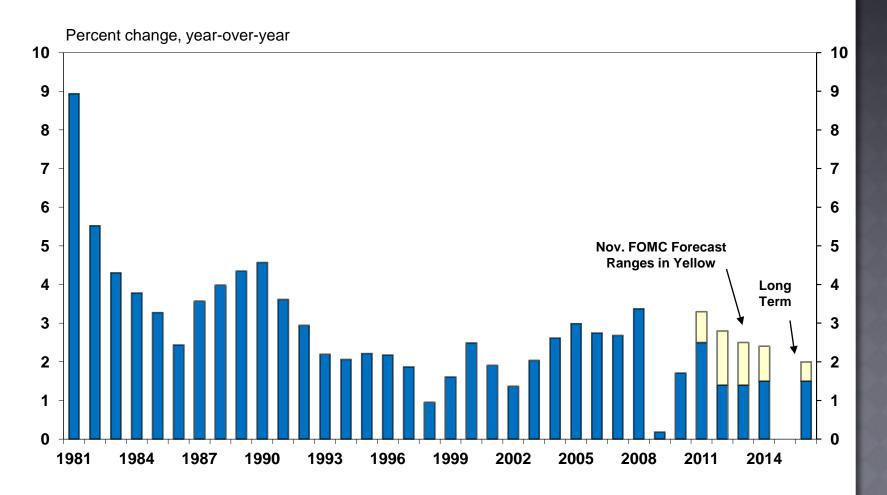
Seasonally Adjusted





## And for inflation pressures to ease slightly after rising with oil and food prices in 2011

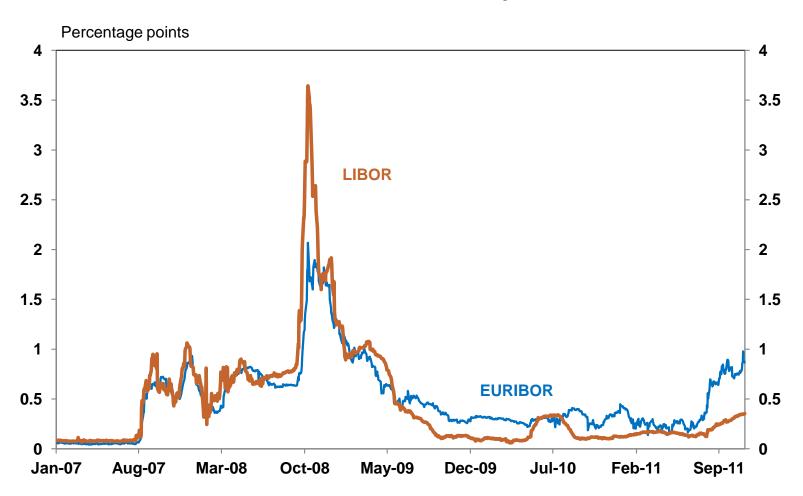
### **PCE Inflation Index**





## Financial stress continues in Europe, posing downside risks for world growth

### **EURIBOR & LIBOR-OIS Spreads**





### November 2, 2011 FOMC Statement

"To support a stronger economic recovery and to help ensure that inflation, over time, is at levels consistent with the dual mandate, the Committee decided today to continue its program to extend the average maturity of its holdings of securities as announced in September...

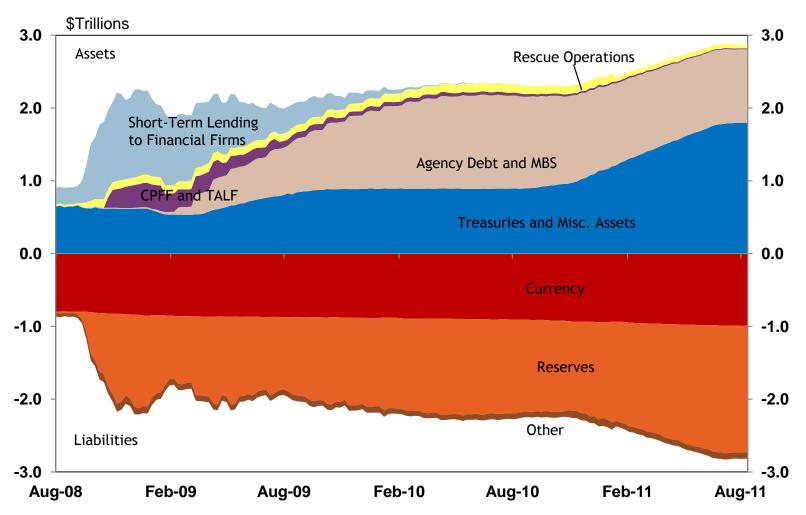
"The Committee is maintaining its existing policies of reinvesting principal payments from its holdings of agency debt and agency mortgage-backed securities in agency mortgage-backed securities and of rolling over maturing Treasury securities at auction... The Committee also decided to keep the target range for the federal funds rate at 0 to 1/4 percent and currently anticipates that economic conditions--including low rates of resource utilization and a subdued outlook for inflation over the medium run--are likely to warrant exceptionally low levels for the federal funds rate at least through mid-2013...

"Voting against the action was Charles L. Evans, who supported additional policy accommodation at this time."



## The Fed continues to use its balance sheet and other tools to maintain accommodation

### **Federal Reserve Balance Sheet**



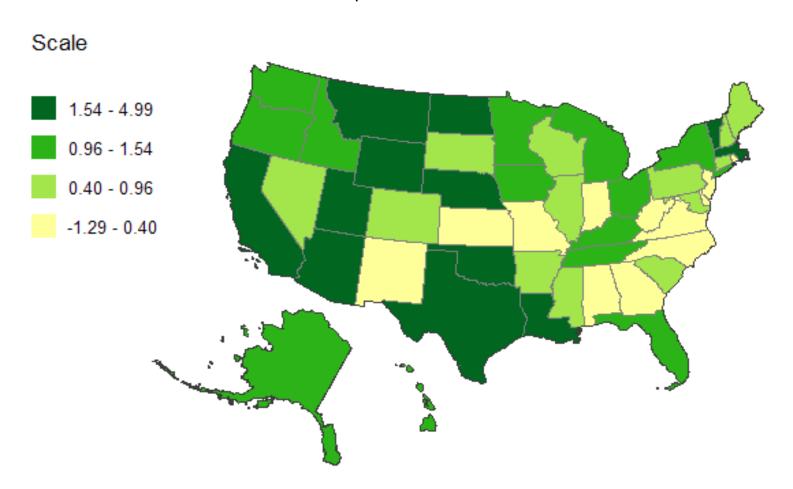


# The Oklahoma Economy



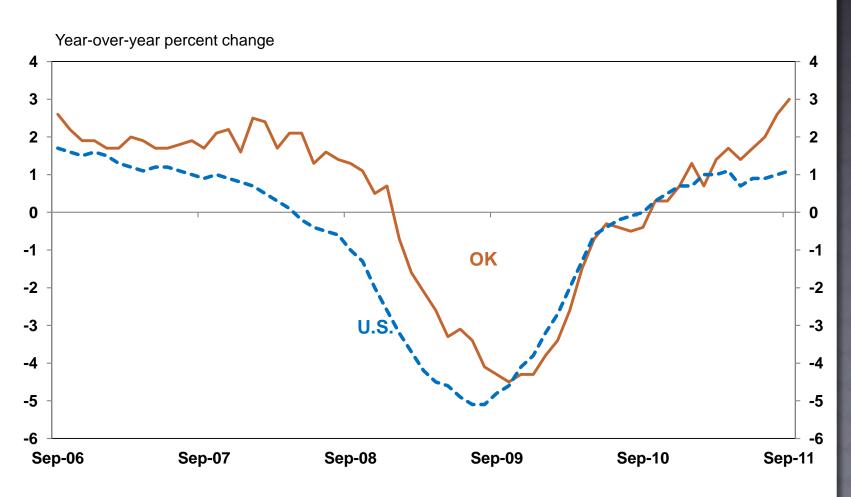
## There is considerable variation in economic strength across the nation

Employment Growth, Year-over-Year (percent)
September 2011



## Oklahoma had a much milder recession, and has recently been adding jobs rapidly

### **Payroll Employment**

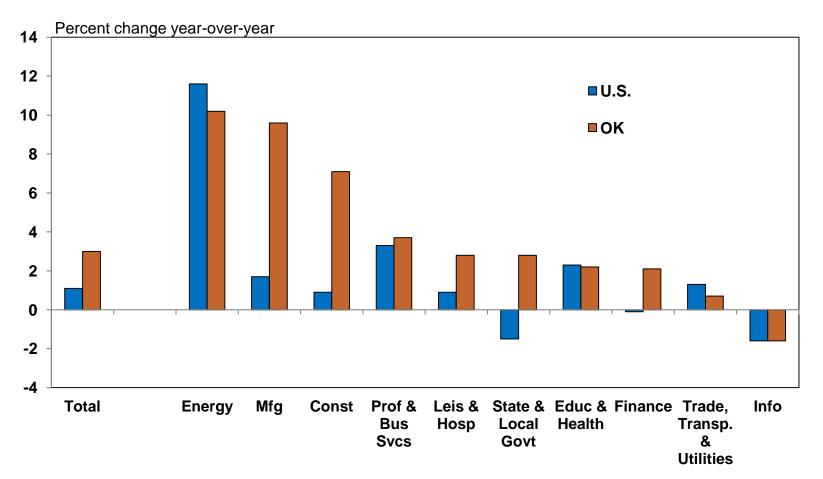




## Most Oklahoma sectors have grown solidly in 2011, led by energy and manufacturing

### **Employment Growth**

September 2011

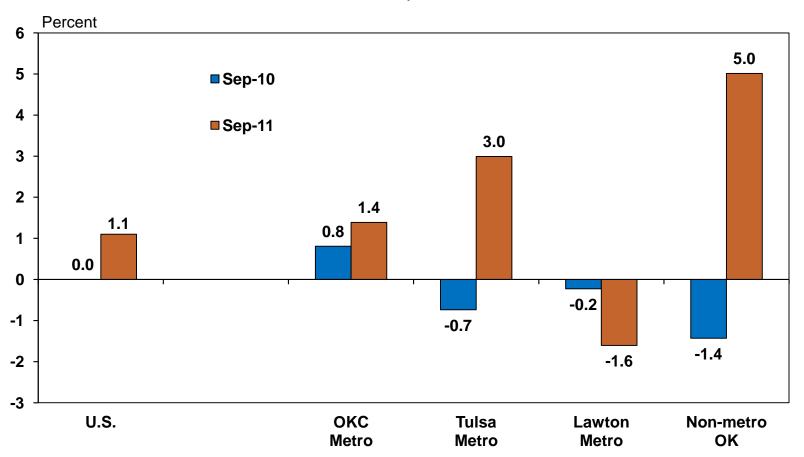




## Recent job growth has been especially strong in Tulsa and in non-metro areas

### **Employment Growth**

Year-over-year

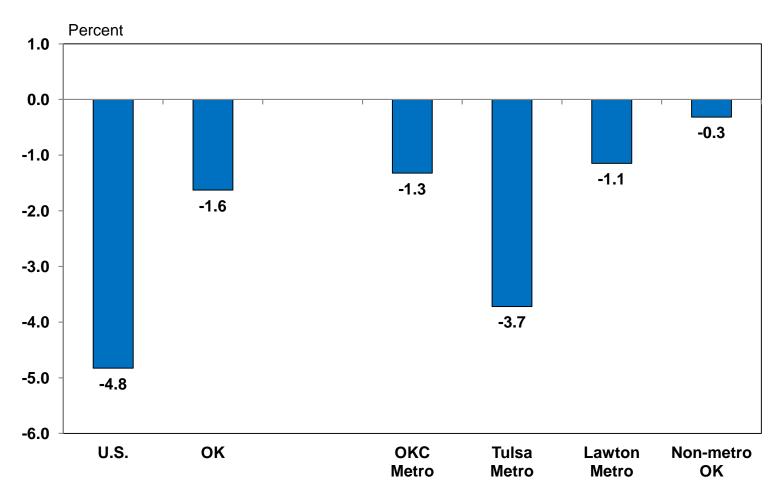




## To varying degrees, employment remains below pre-recession levels across the state

### **Change in Employment Since January 2008**

Seasonally Adjusted

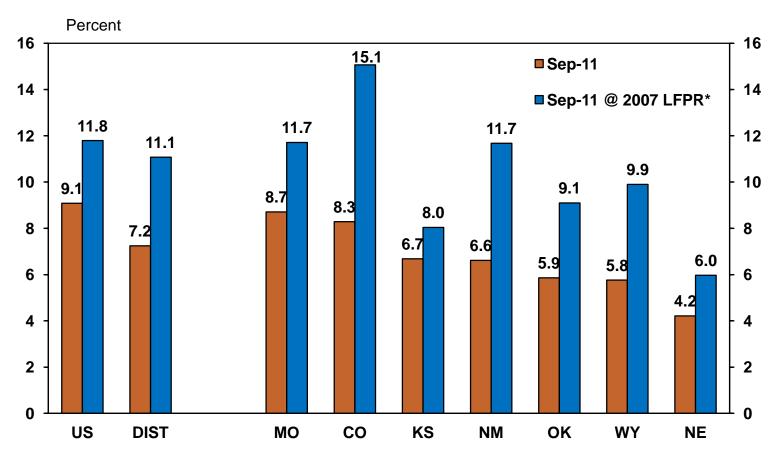


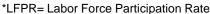


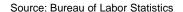
## As such, labor markets may not be overly tight due to labor force dropouts

### **Unemployment Rate by State**

Seasonally Adjusted



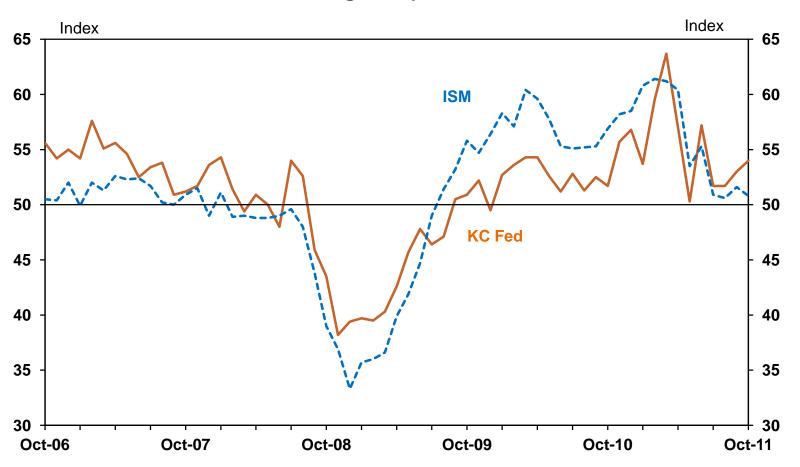






## Regional manufacturing growth has picked up slightly but remains moderate

### **Manufacturing Composite Indexes**

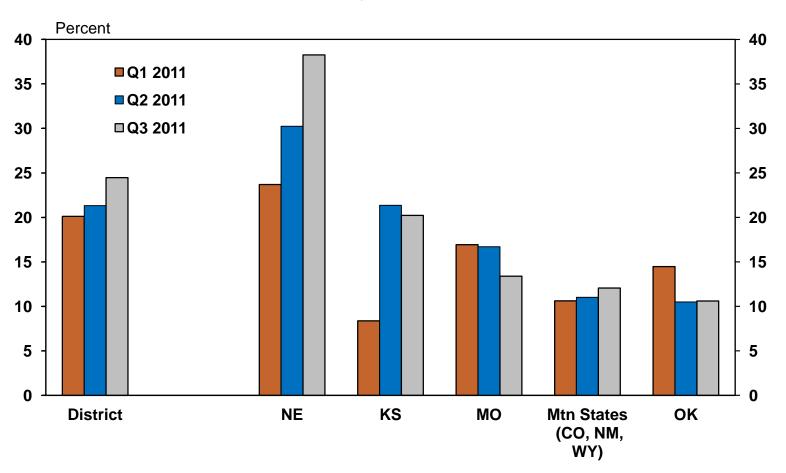




## Surging farmland prices pose a risk in some parts of the region

### **Tenth District Non-Irrigated Cropland Values**

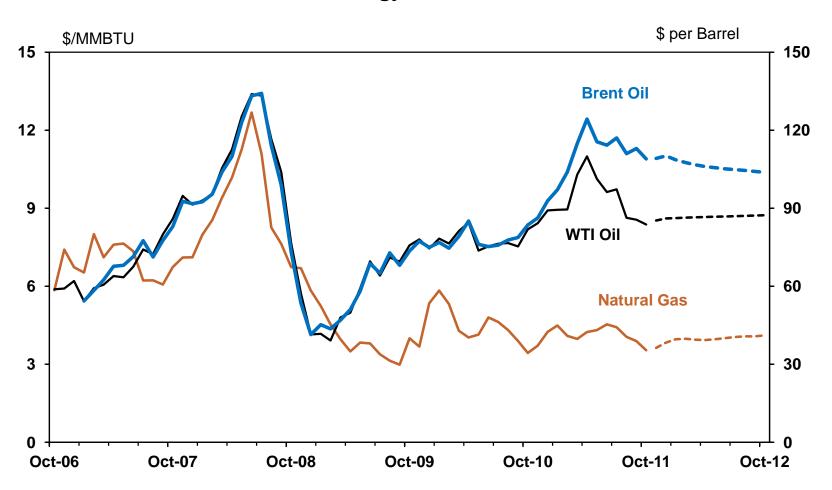
Percent Change, Year-over-year





## As always, energy prices are likely Oklahoma's biggest risk relative to nation

### **Energy Prices**





### **Summary**

■ The U.S. economy is growing moderately but facing headwinds after only modest expansion in the first half of 2011

□ Oklahoma's growth has been more solid in 2011, and fundamentals remain better in the state than the nation

