Choose a healthy lifestyle

- Get at least 30 minutes of moderately intense physical activity, like a brisk walk, most days of the week.
- Eat a variety of fruits and vegetables every day and limit foods high in fat and sugar, including drinks.¹
- If you drink alcohol, have no more than one drink a day if you are a woman or two drinks a day if you are a man.
- Avoid smoking cigarettes or cigars and chewing tobacco.



¹A healthy diet also includes whole grains, fat-free or lowfat milk products, lean meats, fish, beans, eggs and nuts; and is low in saturated fats, trans fats, cholesterol, salt and added sugars.

For more information about diabetes and healthy lifestyles, visit or call:

www.cdc.gov/diabetes 1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636)

www.diabetes.org 1-800-DIABETES (1-800-342-2383)

www.smallstep.gov

Special thanks to the National Council of La Raza's Institute for Hispanic Health.

To record your family history and create a family tree, visit:

http://familyhistory.hhs.gov





Does
Diabetes
Run in Your
Family?



Take Steps
Toward
Better
Health!

Diabetes is

Common, especially among **Hispanics or Latinos**

Diabetes occurs when the level of sugar in your blood remains too high.

Serious

Diabetes is linked to heart disease, kidney problems, stroke, blindness, lower leg amputations, and other health problems.

Controllable

If you have diabetes, ask your doctor about:

- eating healthier and becoming more active,
- controlling the level of sugar and fat in your blood,
- controlling your blood pressure, and
- getting regular exams of your eyes, feet, kidneys, and hemoglobin A1C.

You're more likely to get diabetes if

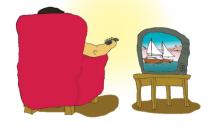
You have family members with diabetes



You have poor eating habits



You are obese or inactive



What you can do

• Know your family history

Find out if you have relatives with diabetes and at what age they found out about their disease.



- Talk with your doctor
 - Tell your doctor about your family history of diabetes.
 - Ask your doctor about your other risk factors for diabetes.
 - Ask your doctor about possible ways to reduce your risk of diabetes.

