Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010

Industry 4		annual recorda		Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³		Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including							
State and local government ⁶		285.4	5.2	2.5	1.8	0.7	2.7
Private industry ⁶		239.4	5.2	2.6	1.8	0.8	2.6
Goods-producing ⁶		46.8	5.5	2.9	1.9	1.0	2.7
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		2.2	2.4	0.9	0.7	(10)	1.5
Mining ⁷	21	0.6	2.1	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸		 0.6	2.1 2.1	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction		14.0	7.4	3.9	3.1	0.8	3.4
Construction	23	14.0	7.4	3.9	3.1	0.8	3.4
Construction of buildings	236	3.6	9.7	6.0	4.2	1.8	3.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	8.7	6.7	3.5	2.9	0.5	3.3
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	1.6	7.6	4.9	4.1	(10)	2.7
Building equipment contractors	2382	3.4	7.2	3.4	2.6	0.8	3.7
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	1.9	7.0	2.7	1.4	1.3	4.3
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	2.2	2.4	1.2	0.9	(10)	1.2
Manufacturing		30.6	5.0	2.6	1.4	1.1	2.4
Manufacturing	31-33	30.6	5.0	2.6	1.4	1.1	2.4
Food manufacturing	311	4.1	6.9	4.0	2.1	2.0	2.9
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	0.4	5.9	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Wood product manufacturing	321	1.7	7.5	3.8	3.2	(10)	3.6
Paper manufacturing	322	1.1	2.4	(10)	(10)	(10)	1.9
Printing and related support activities	323	1.1	3.6	1.8	(10)	(10)	1.8
							<u> </u>

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 - Continued

Industry ²		2010 Average Total recordable employment ⁴ cases		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³		recordable	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	1.6	8.7	5.8	4.5	1.3	2.9
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	_	2.3	8.1	4.4	1.9	2.5	3.7
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		2.7	7.4	3.4	1.7	1.7	4.0
Computer and electronic product manufacturing		6.7	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing		1.3	3.4	2.0	(¹⁰)	1.2	1.4
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		1.9	3.7	2.0	1.5	(¹⁰)	1.7
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		1.5	6.2	2.1	1.3	() (¹⁰)	4.1
Turniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	1.5	0.2	2.1	1.5	()	4.1
Service-providing		192.6	5.1	2.5	1.7	0.8	2.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		55.5	4.7	2.7	1.8	0.9	2.0
Wholesale trade	42	9.5	6.4	4.2	2.8	1.4	2.1
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	4.2	6.8	4.3	3.7	0.6	2.5
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.8	6.6	4.5	2.3	2.3	2.0
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	0.4	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Retail trade	44-45	37.8	4.4	2.4	1.5	0.8	2.0
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	4.4	5.0	2.2	2.1		2.8
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	0.9	(¹⁰)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	3.3	5.8	4.2	3.2	1.0	1.6
Food and beverage stores	445	9.9	6.5	3.2	1.9	1.3	3.3
Health and personal care stores	446	2.1	2.8	(10)	(10)	(10)	2.1
General merchandise stores	452	2.9	4.5	3.1	1.2	1.9	1.4
Nonstore retailers	454	2.6	5.1	2.6	1.1	1.5	2.5
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	6.3	4.1	2.4	1.7	0.7	1.7
Rail transportation ⁹	482		(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Truck transportation	-	2.3	2.9	1.7	1.7	(10)	1.2
Utilities	22	1.8	4.2	2.1	0.9	1.2	2.1
Information		5.4	2.2	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.8

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 - Continued

Industry ²		2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases		n work, job on		
	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Information	51	5.4	2.2	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.8
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	1.8	1.3	(¹⁰)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Financial activities		12.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4
Finance and insurance	52	9.0	0.8	0.3	0.3		0.5
Credit intermediation and related activities	522 524	4.5 3.6	0.9 1.0	(¹⁰) 0.7	(¹⁰) 0.7	 (¹⁰)	0.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	3.0	1.4	1.2	0.7	(10)	(10)
Professional and business services		22.9	2.8	2.3	2.2	0.2	0.5
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \dots	56	8.6	4.3	3.4	3.0	0.5	0.9
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	7.7	4.6	3.7	3.2	0.5	0.9
Education and health services		55.8	6.9	2.9	1.7	1.1	4.1
Educational services	61	9.2	6.2	1.8	1.2	0.6	4.4
Health care and social assistance	62	46.6	7.1	3.1	1.9	1.2	4.0
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Leisure and hospitality	621 622 623	15.8 12.6 7.0 32.3	5.1 7.7 13.7 7.2	2.0 3.1 7.2 2.6	1.0 1.8 3.8 1.8	1.0 1.3 3.4 0.8	3.1 4.5 6.5 4.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	3.9	9.2	1.7	1.4	(10)	7.6
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	2.7	6.1	1.2		(10)	4.9
Accommodation and food services	72	28.4	6.9	2.7	1.8	0.9	4.2

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²		NAICS code ³ 2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Accommodation	721 722	10.4 18.0	9.4 5.0	4.1 1.7	2.2 1.5	1.9 0.2	5.3 3.3
Other services		8.6	4.3	3.2			1.1
Other services, except public administration	. 81	8.6	4.3	3.2			1.1
Repair and maintenance	. 811 . 813	2.5 3.2	2.1 8.9	(¹⁰) 8.0	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	1.5
State and local government		46.1	5.4	1.9	1.7	0.2	3.5
State government		16.0	3.3	2.0	1.8	0.1	1.3
Service-providing							
Education and health services							
Educational services	. 61	6.4	3.5	1.1	0.9	(10)	2.4
Educational services	. 611 . 6113	6.4 5.3	3.5 3.7	1.1 1.3	0.9 1.1	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	2.4 2.4
Local government		30.1	6.8	1.8	1.7	0.2	5.0
Goods-producing ⁶		0.6	15.8	3.3	3.2	(10)	12.5
Construction		0.6	15.8	3.3	3.2	(10)	12.5
Construction	. 23	0.6	15.8	3.3	3.2	(10)	12.5
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	0.6	15.8	3.3	3.2	(10)	12.5
Service-providing	ŀ	29.6	6.4	1.8	1.6	0.2	4.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		0.7	5.8	3.4	1.9	(10)	2.4

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²		NAICS annual employment (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
9	40.40	0.2	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	0.2	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Utilities	22	0.4	6.6	4.2	(10)	(10)	(¹⁰)
Utilities	221	0.4	6.6	4.2	(10)	(10)	(10)
Education and health services		22.3	6.3	1.3	1.3	(10)	4.9
Educational services	61	22.2	6.3	1.3	1.3	(10)	5.0
Educational services	_	22.2 22.2	6.3 6.3	1.3 1.3	1.3 1.3	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	5.0 5.0
Health care and social assistance	62	0.1	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Public administration			7.1	2.9	2.7	(10)	4.2
Public administration	92		7.1	2.9	2.7	(10)	4.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	1.4	8.5	3.7	3.0	(10)	4.9

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 -- Continued

		2010	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Justice, public order, and safety activities		1.4 1.1 	8.5 8.9 (10)	3.7 3.5 (10)	3.0 2.7 (10)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	4.9 5.3 (10)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.