Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010

		2010			n days away fron		Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including							
State and local government ⁶		402.3	5.0	2.2	1.6	0.6	2.9
Private industry ⁶		338.4	5.0	2.3	1.7	0.6	2.7
Goods-producing ⁶		49.9	6.2	2.9	2.2	0.7	3.3
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		9.2	4.6	2.6	2.1	0.5	2.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	2.6	6.6	3.2	3.2	(10)	3.4
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	112	1.0	10.3	4.6	4.6	(10)	5.7
Mining ⁷	21	6.6	3.9	2.3	1.7	0.7	1.6
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸	212	4.2	3.5	2.2	1.5	0.7	1.2
Coal mining ⁸	2121	1.0	2.4	1.7	(10)	(10)	(10)
Metal ore mining ⁸	2122	2.1	4.6	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.6
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁸	2123	1.1	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Support activities for mining	213	1.9	4.4	2.6	2.2	(10)	1.8
Support activities for mining	2131	1.9	4.4	2.6	2.2	(10)	1.8
Support activities for mining	21311	1.9	4.4	2.6	2.2	(10)	1.8
Support activities for oil and gas operations	213112	1.2	4.7	3.0	2.7	(10)	1.7
Construction		23.9	6.2	2.4	2.1	0.4	3.7
Construction	23	23.9	6.2	2.4	2.1	0.4	3.7
Construction of buildings	236	6.2	7.3	3.6	3.0	0.6	3.7
Residential building construction	2361	3.9	6.5	3.5	3.1	(10)	3.0
Nonresidential building construction	2362	2.3	8.3	3.8	2.9	0.9	4.5
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	5.1	7.9	2.8	2.4	0.4	5.2
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	2.1	2.7	1.4	0.9	(10)	1.3
Specialty trade contractors	238	12.5	4.6	1.6	1.4	0.2	2.9

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 - Continued

		2010			Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases	
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Building equipment contractors Electrical contractors Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	2382 23821	2.4 5.5 2.3 3.0	2.3 6.5 5.5 7.7	1.3 1.3 1.1 1.5	1.2 1.1 1.0 1.4	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	1.0 5.2 4.5 6.2	
Building finishing contractors		2.2 2.5	1.6 4.7	(¹⁰) 3.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	
Manufacturing		16.8	7.1	3.7	2.5	1.2	3.4	
Manufacturing	31-33	16.8	7.1	3.7	2.5	1.2	3.4	
Food manufacturing . Wood product manufacturing . Sawmills and wood preservation . Sawmills and wood preservation . Sawmills . Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing . Other wood product manufacturing . Millwork . Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing .	321 3211 32111 321113 3212 3219 32191	2.6 2.7 1.2 1.2 1.1 0.9 0.6	10.9 7.4 7.1 7.1 7.3 6.6 9.4 7.1 5.5	4.7 4.5 4.9 4.9 5.0 3.3 6.0 7.1 2.5	2.5 3.3 3.9 3.9 4.0 (¹¹) 5.2 6.1 (¹¹)	2.2 1.3 (10) (10) (10) (10) 1.8 (10) (10)	6.2 2.8 2.3 2.3 2.3 3.2 (10)	
Service-providing		288.5	4.8	2.2	1.6	0.6	2.6	
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		84.8	5.5	2.7	1.9	0.8	2.8	
Wholesale trade	42	15.9	4.3	2.3	1.8	0.5	2.0	
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	4238 4244 425	7.8 2.7 2.3 1.6	4.9 4.0 6.7 2.4	2.7 1.1 3.5 1.4	2.3 0.7 2.7 (10)	0.5 (¹⁰) 0.8 1.4	2.1 2.9 3.2 (10)	
Motor vehicle and parts dealers		7.2 3.9	5.3 5.2	2.2 2.6	1.6 1.9	0.6 0.7	3.1 2.6	

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 - Continued

		2010		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Building material and supplies dealers Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores Food and beverage stores Gasoline stations Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores General merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Transportation and warehousing ⁹ Rail transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Warehousing and storage Utilities Information Publishing industries (except Internet) Newspaper publishers Motion picture and sound recording industries Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009) Financial activities	443 444 4441 4442 445 447 451 452 453 454 48-49 482 484 485 493 22 51 511 5111 512 517	1.9 1.5 5.6 5.0 0.6 9.4 5.3 4.1 11.0 3.3 1.0 10.5 4.5 1.4 3.1 7.3 7.3 7.3 1.9 1.5 0.7 2.8	9.7 1.6 7.4 7.2 9.6 6.5 7.6 6.3 7.1 4.2 (¹⁰) 4.0 3.7 3.5 6.4 (¹⁰) 6.3 2.6 2.6 2.3 2.6 8.8 2.5 1.3	5.9 (10) 3.2 3.2 3.6 3.0 4.5 0.7 4.8 1.4 (10) 2.1 2.4 2.1 3.4 (10) 1.9 0.5 0.5 1.1 1.4 (10) (10) 0.4	(10) 2.8 2.8 (10) 1.8 3.1 0.7 2.5 (10) (10) 1.9 2.3 2.0 3.4 (10) 1.3 0.4 0.4 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.6 (10) (10) 1.2 1.4 (10) 2.3 0.8 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	3.8 1.4 4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 5.6 2.3 2.9 (10) 1.9 1.4 1.4 3.1 (10) 4.5 2.1 2.1 1.3 1.3 8.8 2.0 0.9
Finance and insurance	52 53	15.2 5.9	1.0 2.0	0.3 0.9	0.2 0.7	(¹⁰)	0.8 1.1

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

		2010		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)		4.1 0.2	2.1 (¹⁰)	1.1 (¹⁰)	0.7 (10)	 (¹⁰)	1.0 (10)
Professional and business services		39.1	2.9	1.5	1.0	0.5	1.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	19.0	1.7	0.4	0.2	0.2	1.3
Management of companies and enterprises	55	1.7	9.4	8.7	5.8		(10)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \dots	56	18.4	3.5	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.6
Education and health services		63.7	6.6	3.1	2.3	0.8	3.6
Educational services	61	5.1	4.2	1.6	1.5	(10)	2.7
Health care and social assistance	62	58.6	6.9	3.2	2.3	0.9	3.7
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance Leisure and hospitality	622 623 624	17.1 20.4 11.5 9.7 56.4	3.5 6.9 11.0 7.7	1.6 2.2 6.5 4.6	1.2 1.6 4.1 4.1	0.3 0.6 2.4 0.4	1.9 4.8 4.5 3.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	11.1	5.4	1.6	1.4	(¹⁰)	3.8
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712 713	0.3 9.6	(¹⁰) 6.2	(¹⁰) 1.8	(¹⁰) 1.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰) 4.4
Accommodation and food services	72	45.4	5.4	1.9	1.5	0.5	3.4
Accommodation	7211	10.8 9.8 34.6	5.8 5.5 5.2	2.5 2.5 1.7	1.5 1.4 1.5	1.0 1.1 0.3	3.3 3.0 3.5
Other services		16.1	2.8	1.1	1.0	(10)	1.7

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

		2010			n days away from		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Other services, except public administration	81	16.1	2.8	1.1	1.0	(¹⁰)	1.7
Repair and maintenance	811 813	4.6 8.3	2.7 2.3	0.8 0.4	 0.3	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	2.0 1.9
State and local government		63.9	5.2	1.7	1.4	0.4	3.5
State government		22.4	4.4	1.2	1.0	0.2	3.1
Goods-producing ⁶		2.1	6.7	3.1	2.1	1.0	3.6
Construction		2.1	6.7	3.1	2.1	1.0	3.6
Construction	23	2.1	6.7	3.1	2.1	1.0	3.6
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	2.1	6.7	3.1	2.1	1.0	3.6
Service-providing		20.3	4.1	1.0	0.9	0.1	3.1
Education and health services			5.3	1.4	1.2	0.2	3.9
Educational services	61	8.8	4.6	0.7	0.6	(10)	3.9
Educational services	611 6113	8.8 8.3	4.6 4.3	0.7 0.7	0.6 0.6	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	3.9 3.6
Health care and social assistance	62		13.4	9.5	8.4	(10)	4.0
Public administration			2.5	0.5	0.5	(10)	2.0
Public administration	92		2.5	0.5	0.5	(10)	2.0
Local government		41.5	5.7	2.0	1.5	0.4	3.7
Goods-producing ⁶			(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(¹⁰)

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 - Continued

Industry ²		2010		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Average annual recordable cases 5.7 (10) (10) (10) (10) 26.6 3.8 25.6 3.6 1.0 11.4	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Service-providing			5.7	2.0	1.5	0.4	3.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹							
Utilities	22		(¹⁰)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Utilities				(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)
Education and health services		26.6	3.8	1.1	0.9		2.7
Educational services	61	25.6	3.6	0.9	0.8		2.6
Health care and social assistance	62	1.0	11.4	6.4	5.8		5.0
Hospitals	622	0.4	9.9	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 -- Continued

		2010	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction					
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	nual recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases	
Public administration		13.8	8.9	3.5	2.6	0.9	5.4	
Public administration	92	13.8	8.9	3.5	2.6	0.9	5.4	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.